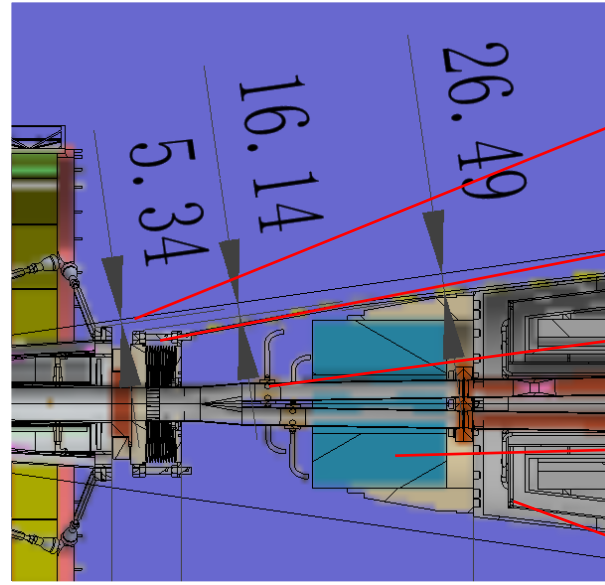
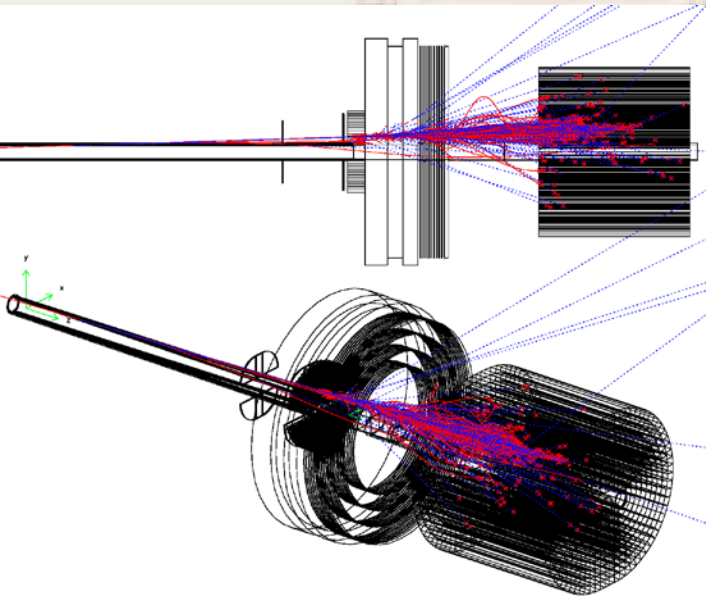


LumiCal, electron tagging for two-photon heavy flavor production

Suen Hou 侯書雲
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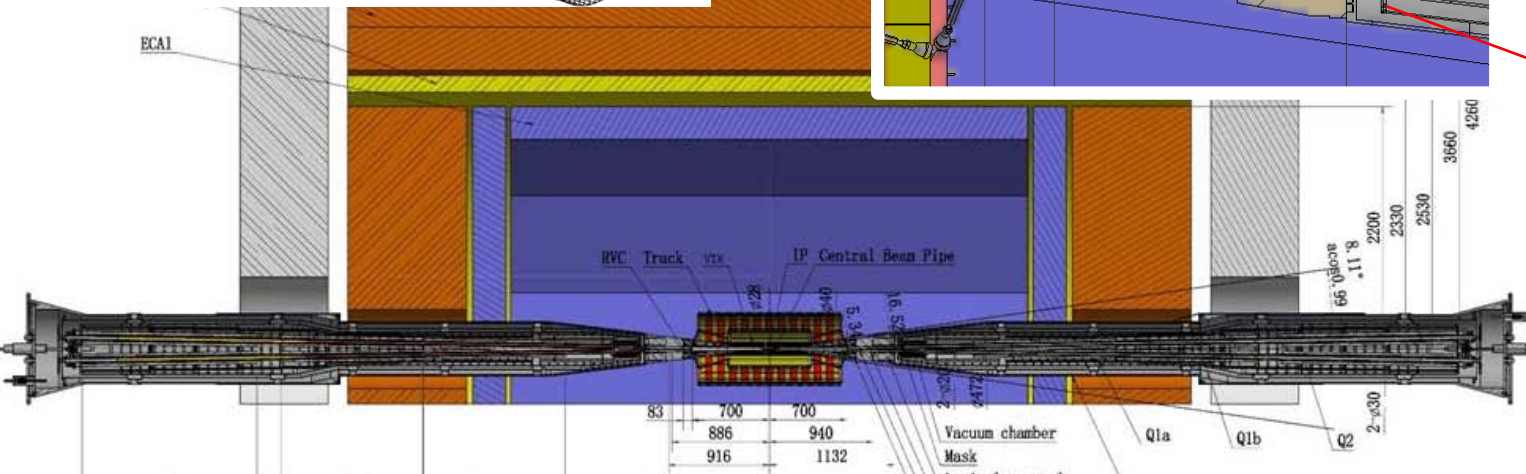
IP chamber flange

RVC

BPM & cable

Lumical & support

Cryostat



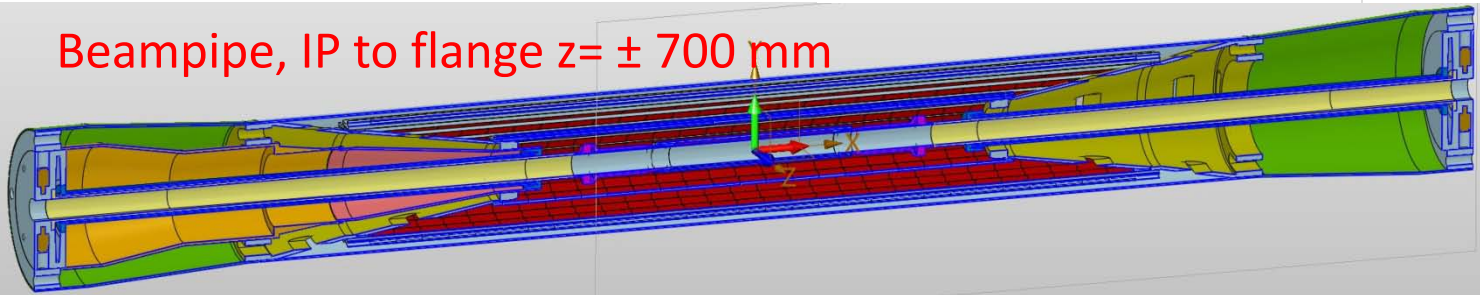
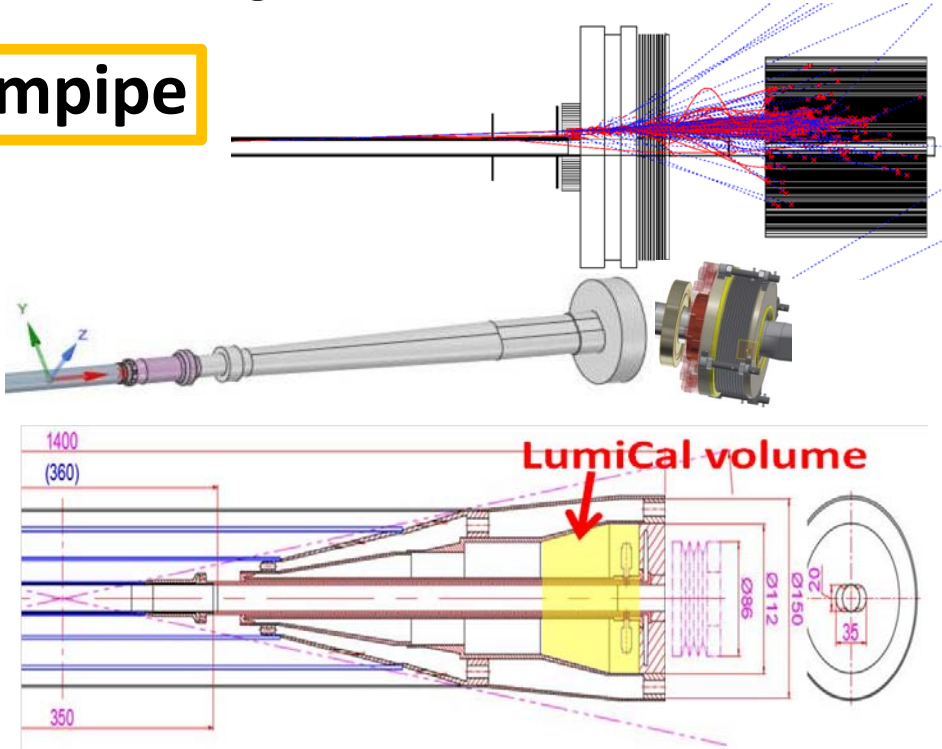
LumiCal: Luminosity 10^{-4} precision

- 2×10^{36} luminosity at Z-pole, goal is for 10^{-4} systematics
- \varnothing 20 mm racetrack beampipe beam crossing at 33 mRad

\varnothing 20 mm racetrack beampipe

- Bhabha fiducial acceptance
large X-section with lower θ_{min}
- Electro IP tracking
minimal beam-pipe thickness
1.5 mm Be window
- error on-mean on fiducial edge for Bhabha event counting

$\langle \delta\theta_{min} \rangle \rightarrow 10^{-4}$



MDI configurations: LumiCal

CEPC Accelerator parameters to LumiCal Bhabha detection

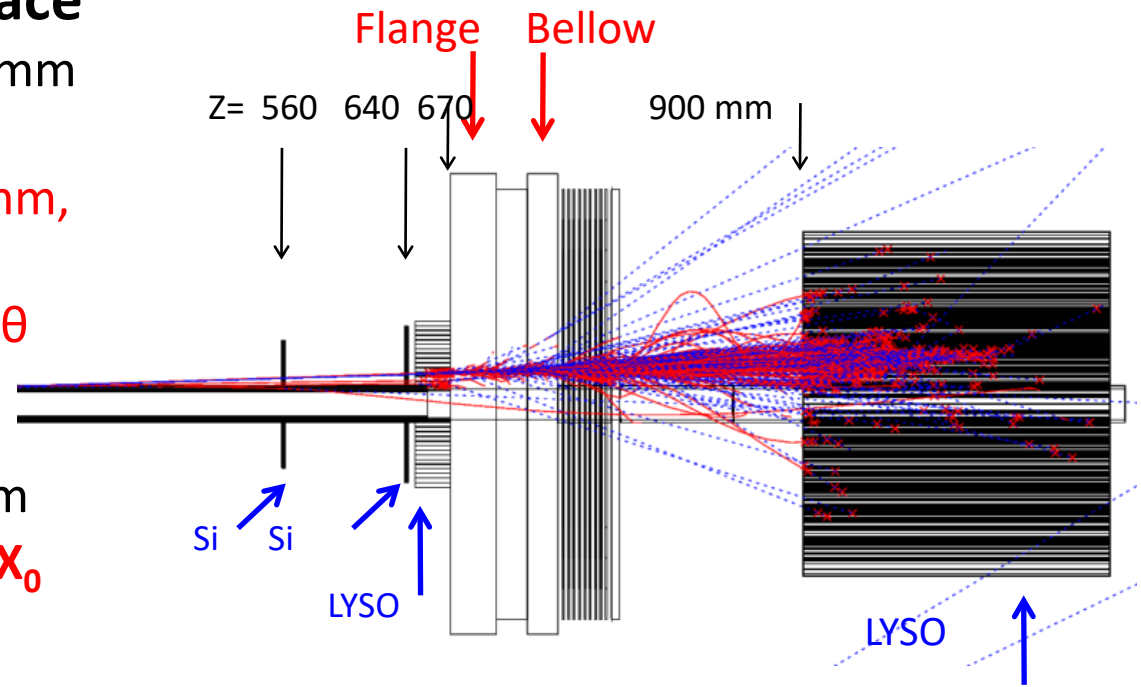
- beam-crossing: **33 mRad**
- IP beam bunch @ Z-pole: $\sigma_x \sigma_y \sigma_z = 6 \mu\text{m}, 35 \text{ nm}, 9 \text{ mm}$
- Bunch crossing: **23 ns**
- Luminosity: $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$: **2×10^{36}**

Beam-pipe materials & Space

- **Before Flange:** $z = 560 \sim 700 \text{ mm}$
 $r = 10 \text{ mm}$, thickness = **1 mm**
@20 mRad traversing = **50 mm**,
= **$0.14 X_0$ (Be), $0.56 X_0$ (Al)**
- **Two Si-wafers** for e^\pm impact θ
- **$2X_0$ LYSO = 23 mm**

Behind bellow: 900~1100 mm

- **Flange+Bellow :** **$\sim 60 \text{ mm}$, $6 X_0$**
- **$17 X_0$ LYSO 200 mm**
for e^\pm shower



Luminosity by Bhabha elastic scattering

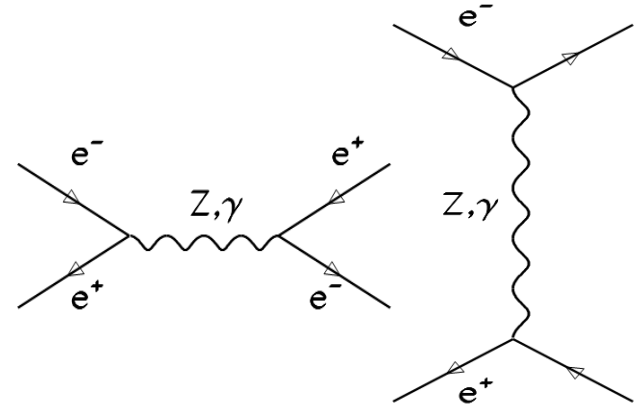
- **Physics events, e.g. Z-pole,**

$$N = \sigma \cdot \int L \quad L: \text{Luminosity of } e^+e^- \text{ collisions}$$

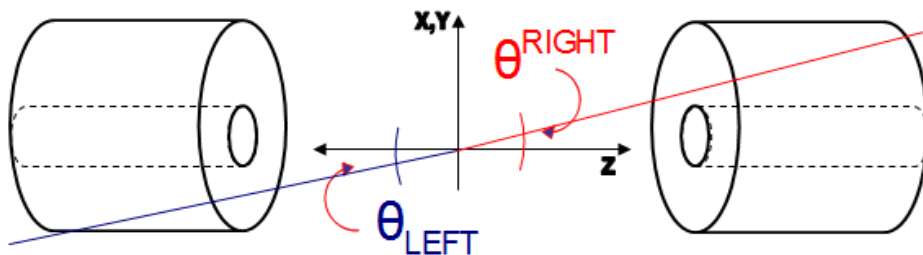
- **Luminosity by counting Bhabha events**

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\gamma) \quad \text{QED theo. precision} < 0.1\%$$

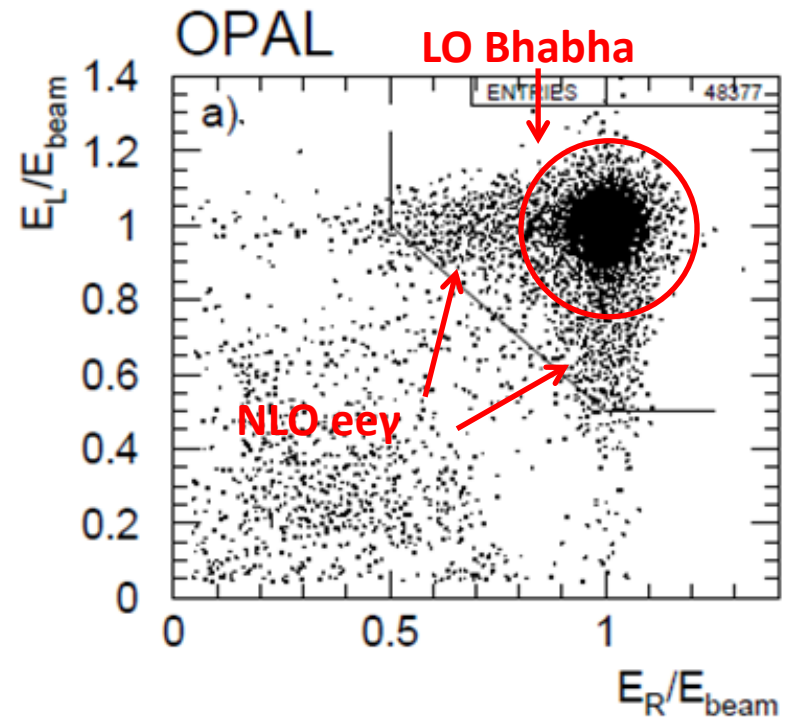
1. **a pair of electrons, $E(e^\pm) = E_{\text{beam}}$ back-to-back**
2. **precision ϑ of $e, e(\gamma)$**
3. **within fiducial region**



$$\sigma = \frac{16\pi\alpha^2}{s} \left(\frac{1}{\theta_{\min}^2} - \frac{1}{\theta_{\max}^2} \right)$$



$$\Delta\theta \equiv \theta_{\text{RIGHT}} - \theta_{\text{LEFT}}$$



Bhabha luminosity precision

Luminosity= counting Bhabha events

In a *fiducial ϑ region*

systematic error :

$$\delta L/L \sim 2 \delta\vartheta/\vartheta_{\min}$$

Require $\delta L/L = 10^{-3}$

at $z = \pm 1$ m, $\theta_{\min} = 20$ mRad

→ $\delta\vartheta = 10 \mu\text{Rad}$ or $dr = 10 \mu\text{m}$

Error due to offset on Z

→ 0.5 mm on Z or $dr = \delta z \times \vartheta = 10 \mu\text{m}$

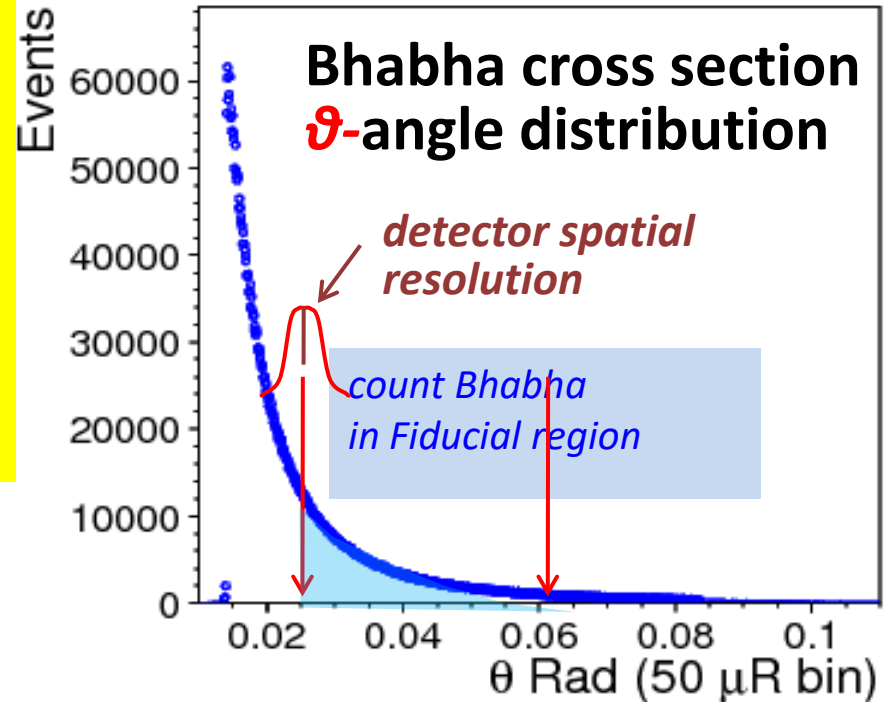
Luminosity systematics due to

events counted in/miss fiducial region

→ *spatial resolution = offset/error on the mean of θ_{\min}*

$$\sigma = \frac{16\pi\alpha^2}{s} \left(\frac{1}{\theta_{\min}^2} - \frac{1}{\theta_{\max}^2} \right)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \frac{N_{\text{acc}}}{\sigma^{\text{vis}}}$$

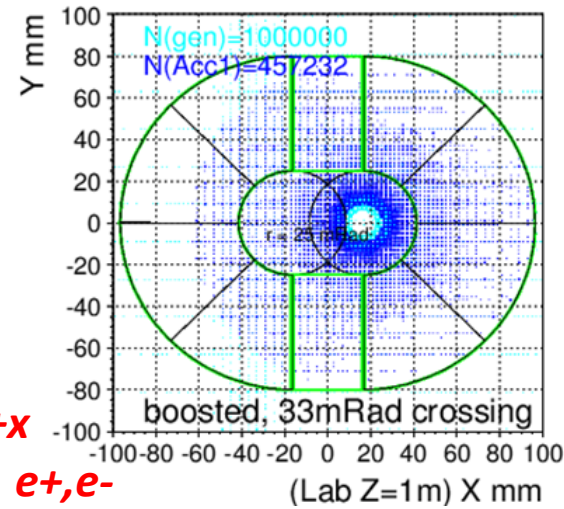


BHLUMI + beam-crossing

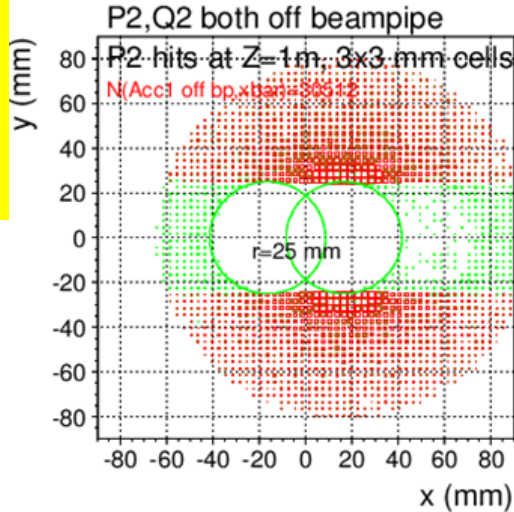
- BHLUMI** QED 0.06% precision (PLB 450, 262)
CMS $m_z = 92.3$ GeV, fiducial region: $\text{Th1} < \theta < \text{Th2}, s' > 0.5s$
- CEPC boost** : e^+e^- beam crossing, **33 mRad**
- X-section** : count events in fiducial region, w.r.t. QED calculation

X-sec. Lab frame acceptance @ $z=1\text{m}$
 $r > 25\text{ mm}, |y| > 25\text{ mm}$

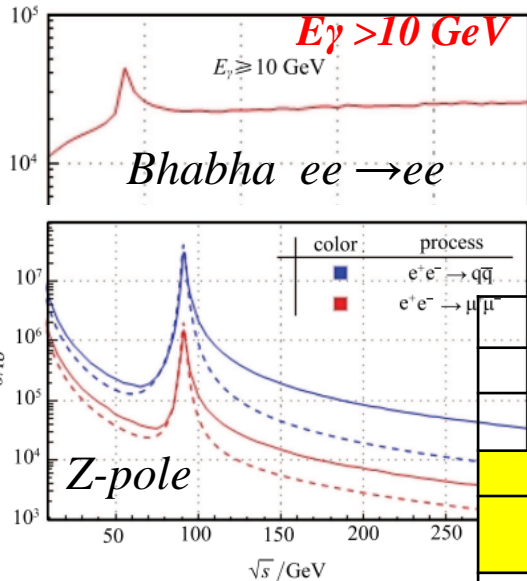
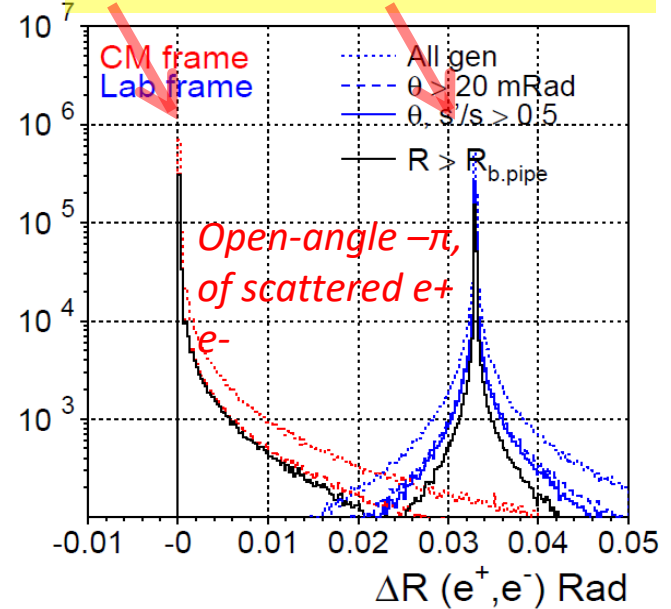
c.f. $\sigma(Z \rightarrow qq) = 41\text{ nb}$



Boost to +x
scattered e^+, e^-
symm. to outgoing pipe



Multi. Scatt., rad. Bhabha,
→ wider back-back



| LAB both e^+, e^- detected | |
|------------------------------|---|
| $\theta > 15\text{ mRad}$ | $\theta > 15\text{ mRad} \ \& \ y > 15\text{ mm}$ |
| 257.8 | 245.9 |
| $\theta > 25\text{ mRad}$ | $\theta > 25\text{ mRad} \ \& \ y > 25\text{ mm}$ |
| 85.4 nb | 78.0 nb |
| $\theta > 30\text{ mRad}$ | $\theta > 30\text{ mRad} \ \& \ y > 30\text{ mm}$ |
| 54.9 | 49.1 |

Chinese Phys. C 40 033001

Tracking of IP position

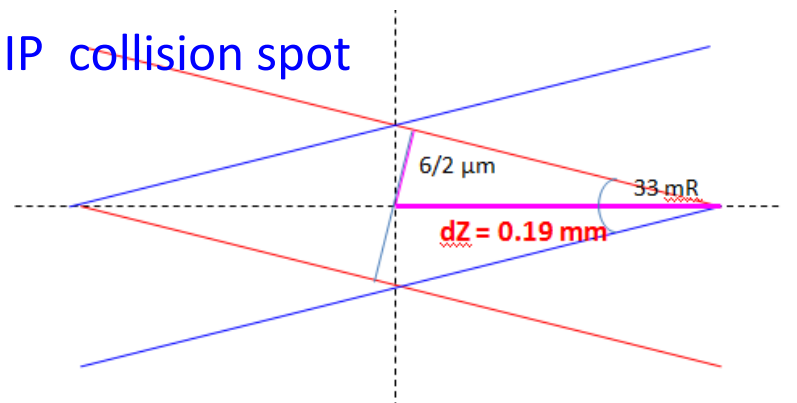
- Deviation to electron θ by IP spread

beam bunch $\sigma_x = 6 \mu\text{m}$ $\sigma_z = 9 \text{mm}$

crossing @ 33 mRad

- Beam crossing spot: $\sigma_z = 0.38 \text{mm}$

IP collision spot

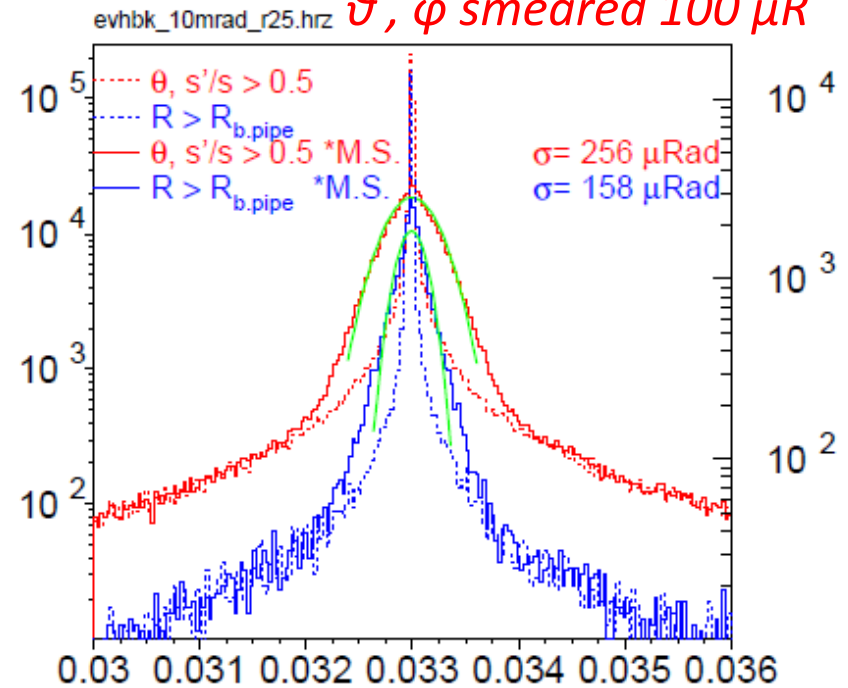


e^- e^+



e^+, e^- back-back angle

compare scattered e^+, e^-
 ϑ, φ smeared 100 μR

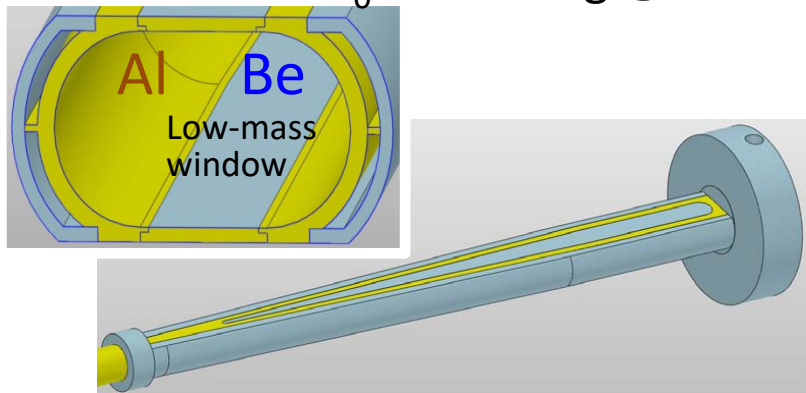


Si position detector

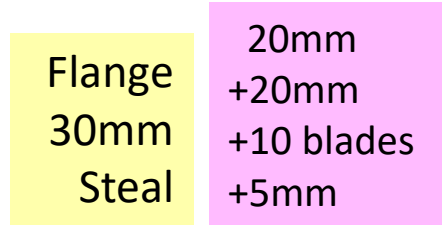
LYSO

Reduce mult. scatt. & preshower

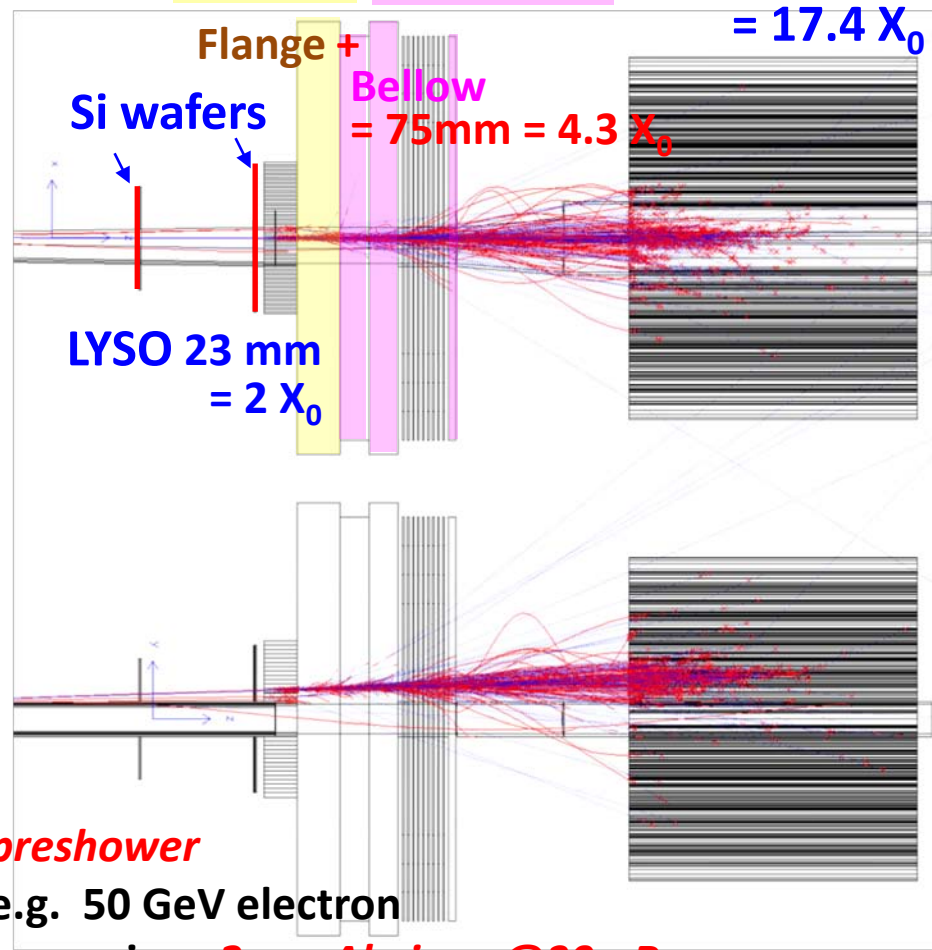
1 mm Be thin pipe window
 33mm = $0.09X_0$ traversing @ 30mR



Fe $1X_0=17.6\text{mm}$

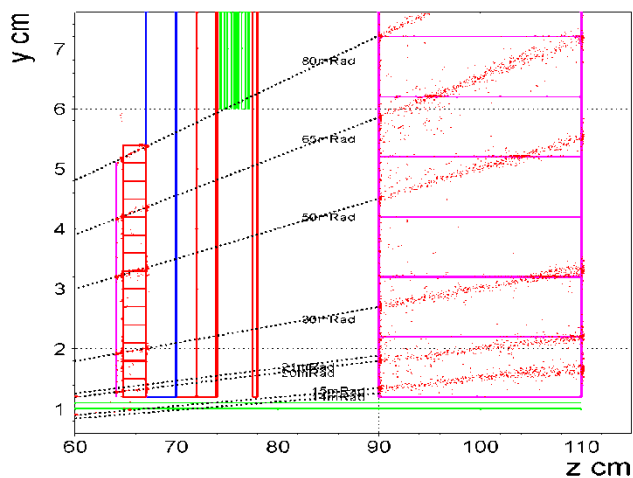


LYSO
 200 mm
 = $17.4 X_0$



o Mult. Scatt. traversing 1 mm Be pipe symmetric, Gaussian

RMS = 60 μRad @ 30 mRad



preshower
 e.g. 50 GeV electron
 traversing **2mm Al pipe @30mR**
 = **67mm thick @30mR = $0.75 X_0$**

10^{-4} systematics, multiple scattering

1. BHLUMI smear θ' , ϕ' of scattered e^+ , e^-

Multi. Scatt. 100 μ Rad $\theta' = \theta \times \text{Gauss}(100 \mu\text{R})$, $\phi' = \phi \times \text{Gauss}(100 \mu\text{R})$

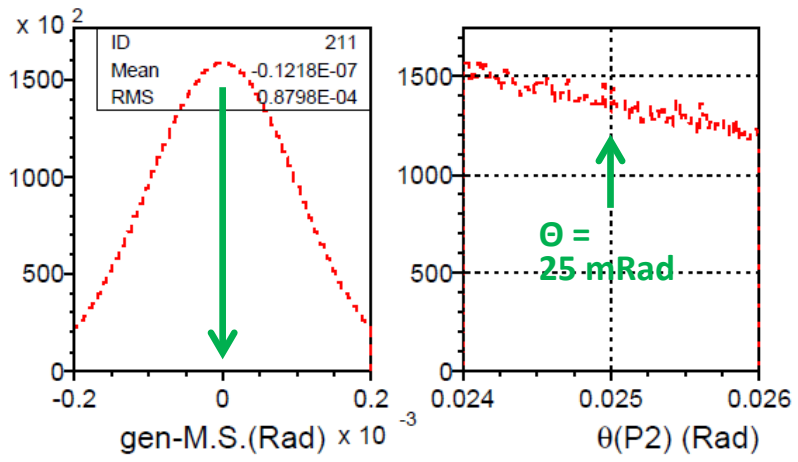
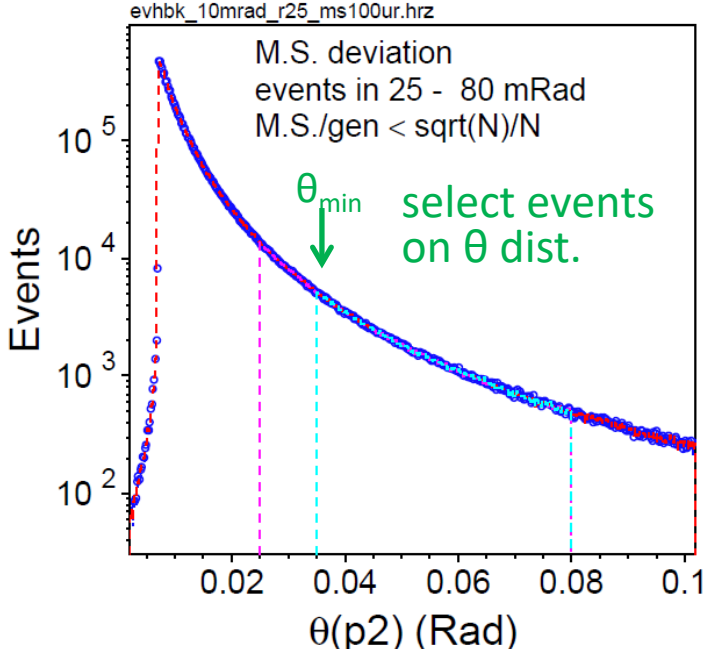
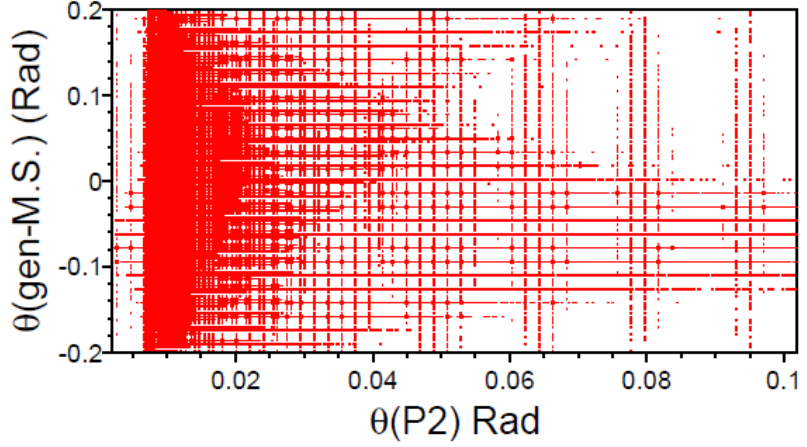
2. $\delta N/N$ systematics:

δN = count event deviation due to M.S.

M.S is Gaussian, Symmetric

at $\theta_{\min} = 25 \text{ mRad}$, slope of Bhabha in neighboring 100 μ Rad bins to 25mR

$\delta N(@25\text{mR})/N(25-80 \text{ mR}) < 10^{-4}$



10^{-4} is determined by survey of the mean position

Electron/gamma, Physics application

50 GeV electron @ $\theta = 32$ mRad, $\phi=90^\circ$

- o 1mm Be beam pipe
- o 2X0 LYSO + 4.3X0 Flange,Bellow + 17X0 LYSO

Shower deposition

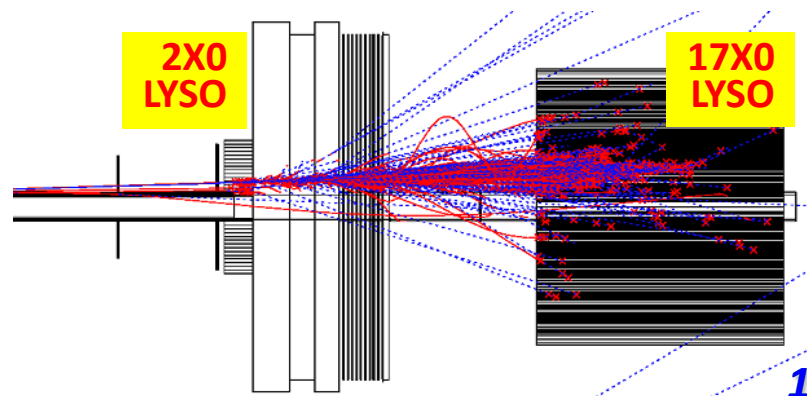
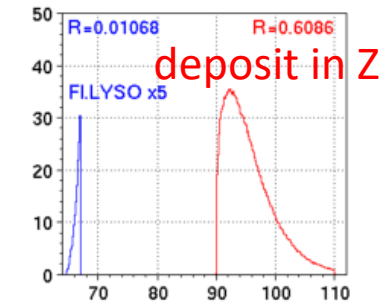
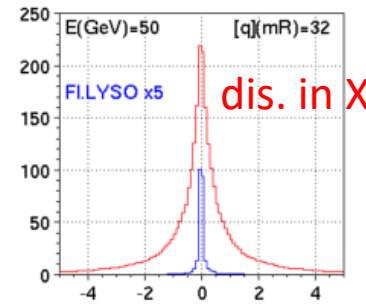
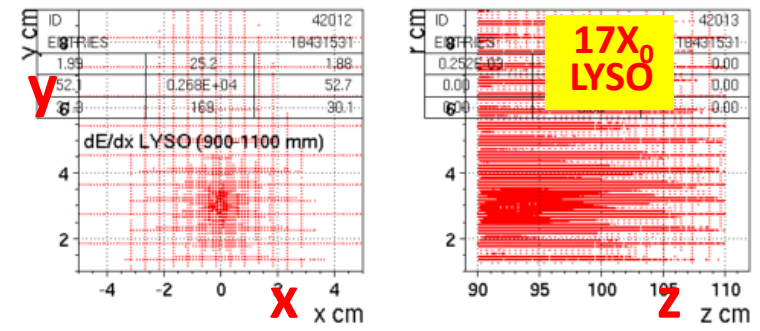
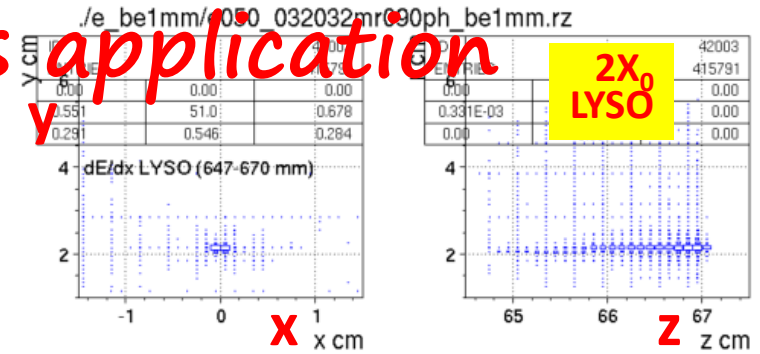
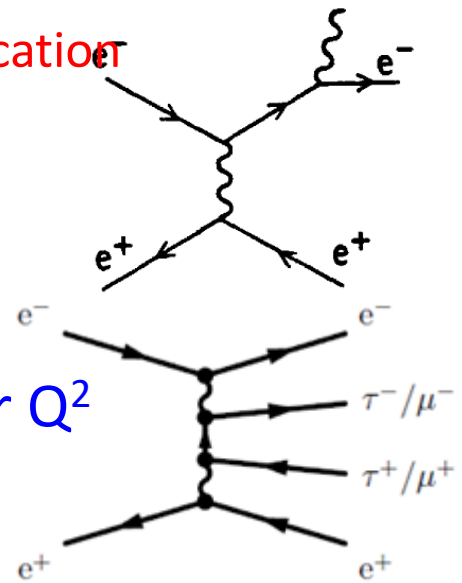
- o in front LYSO: 1.0 %
- o in back LYSO: 61 %

Pre-shower design before flange

- o **two Si wafers:** electron tracking
5 μ m resolution
- o 2X0 LYSO: e/γ identification

Physics purpose

- o Radiative Bhabha, $e+\gamma$ versus QED
- o two-photon, electron tagging for Q^2



LumiCal summary

Investigated for luminosity to 10^{-4} systematics

- LumiCal construction survey to $< 1 \mu\text{m}$
- monitoring on beam, IP, detector z deviations
- challenge for $\delta N/N < 10^{-4}$ counting Bhabha in fiducial θ_{min}

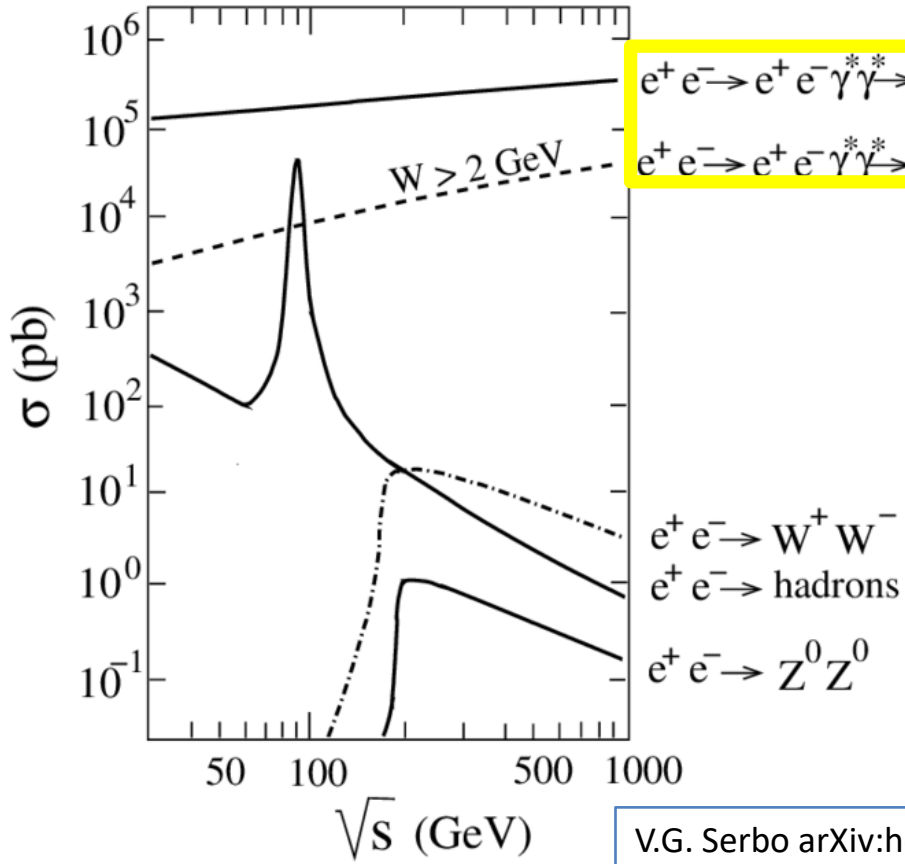
two-photon physics at e^+e^- collider

two-photon topics:

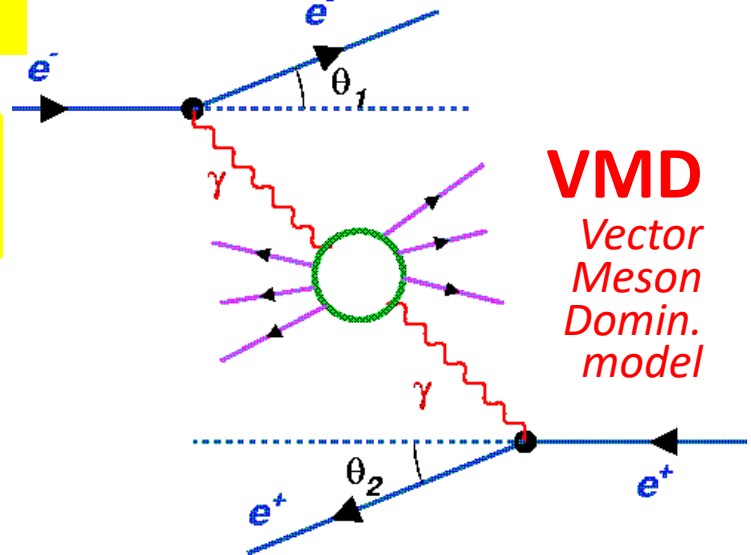
electron-tagging by forward detector

- Resonances : $\pi^0, \eta, \eta', f_2, a_2, \eta, \eta_c, \chi_c$
- Lepton pairs: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu, \tau\tau$
- Vector boson pairs $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi\pi, \rho\rho, KK, pp$

*Cross section very large
detection
limited by low $W_{\gamma\gamma}$*



$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma^*\gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma^*\gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^-\text{hadrons}$



QCD topics:

- Photon structure $F_2(x, Q^2)$
- Jet production $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

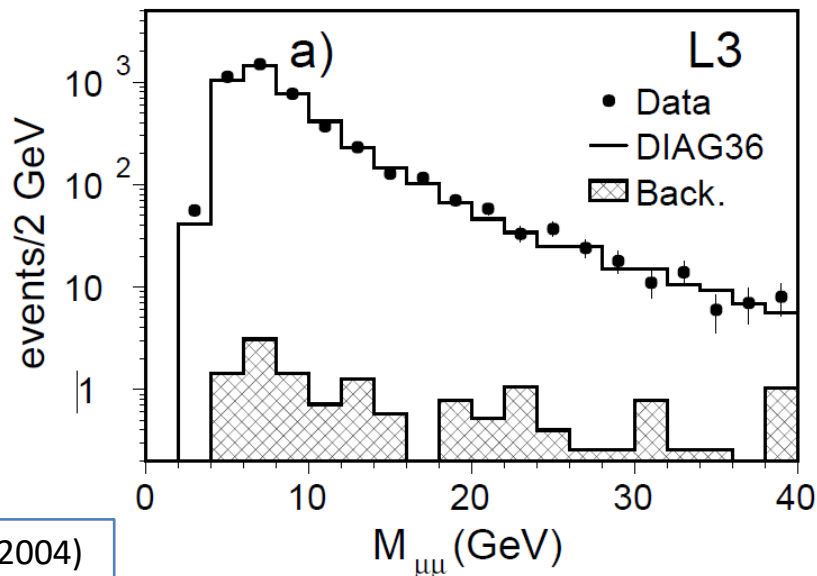
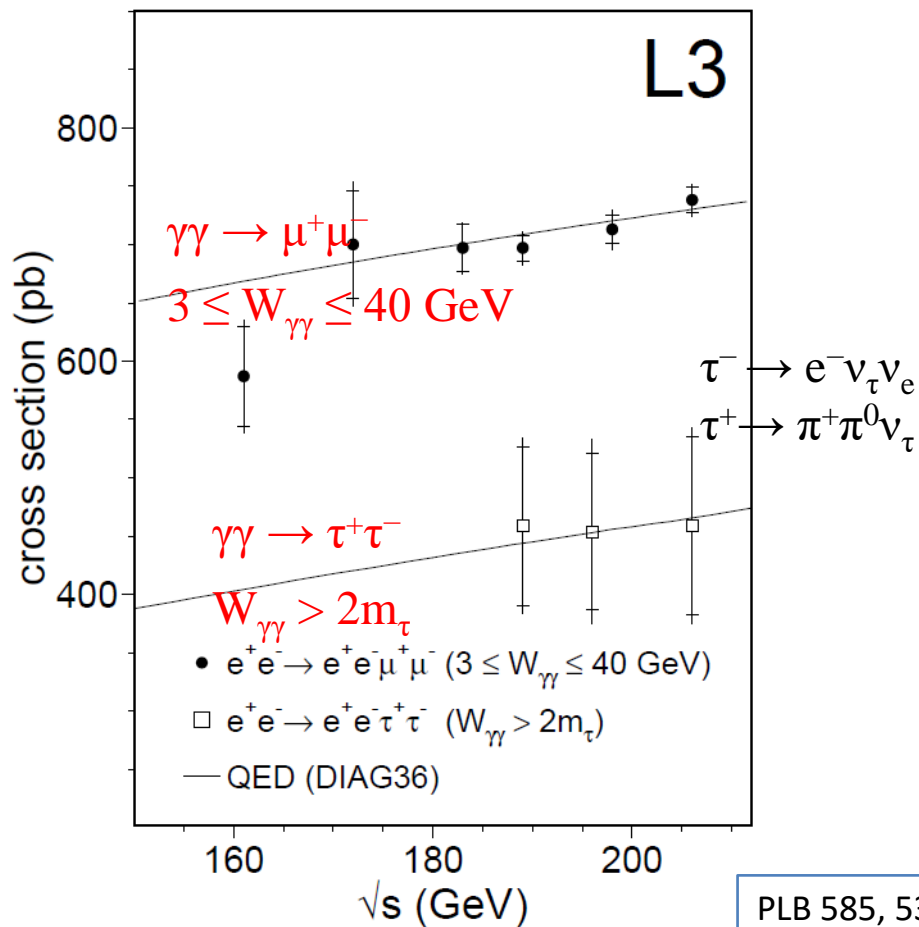
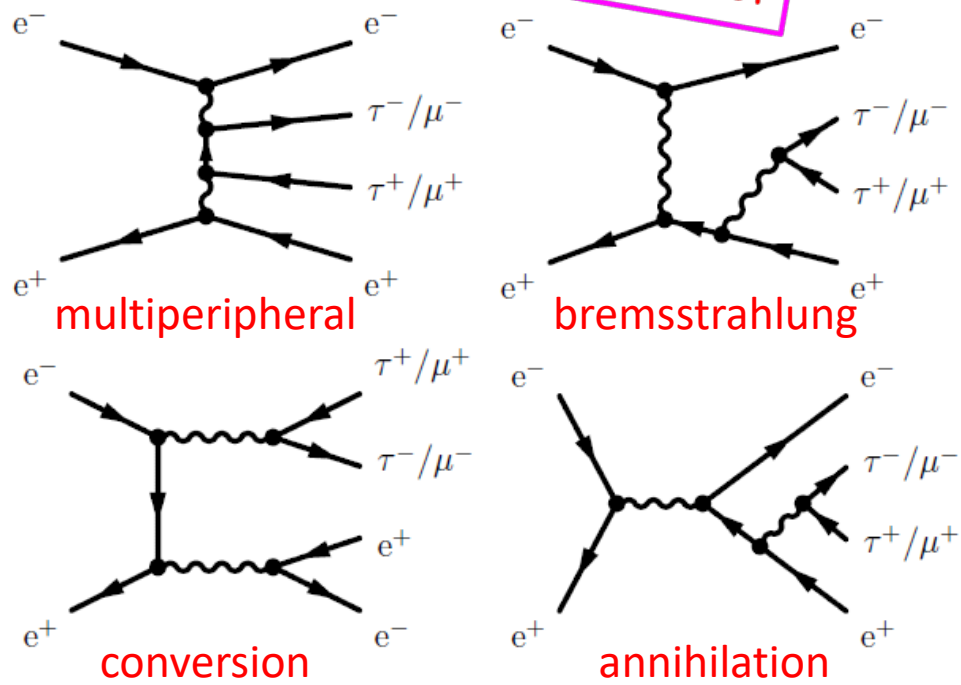
two-photon $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow l^+ l^-$ Classical $\gamma\gamma$ channel

QED process, well calculated

$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-l^+l^-$, DIAG36

L3 measurement (2003)

Un-tagged events



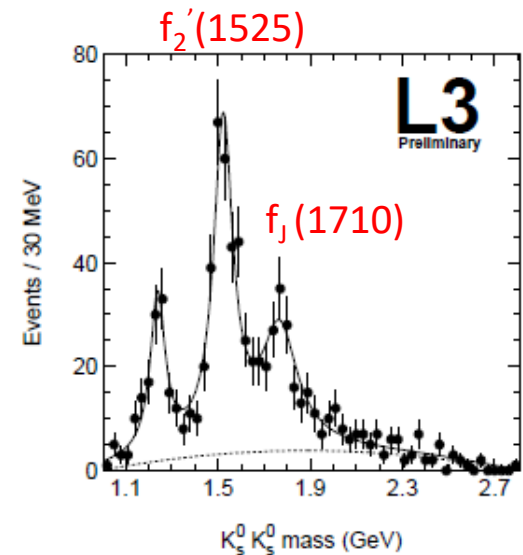
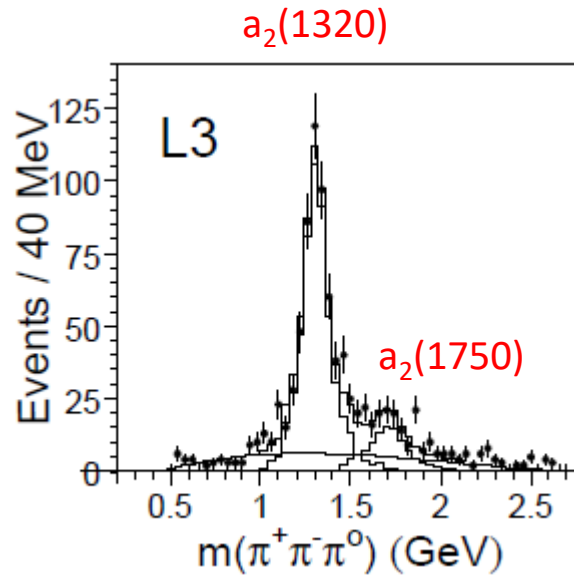
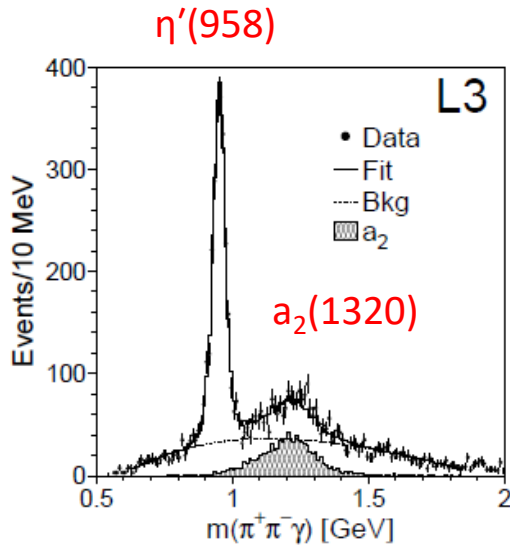
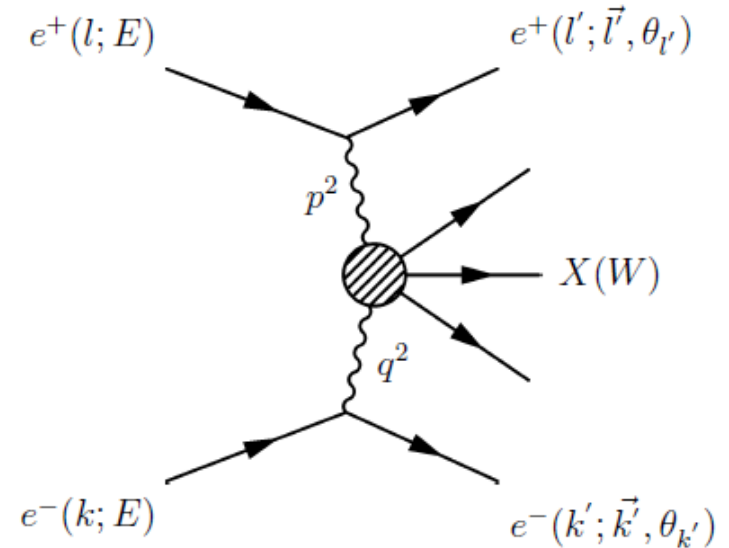
two-photon Resonances

Vector Meson Dominance (VMD)

$\gamma\gamma$ resonance: C-even, $J \neq 1$

spin-parity analysis

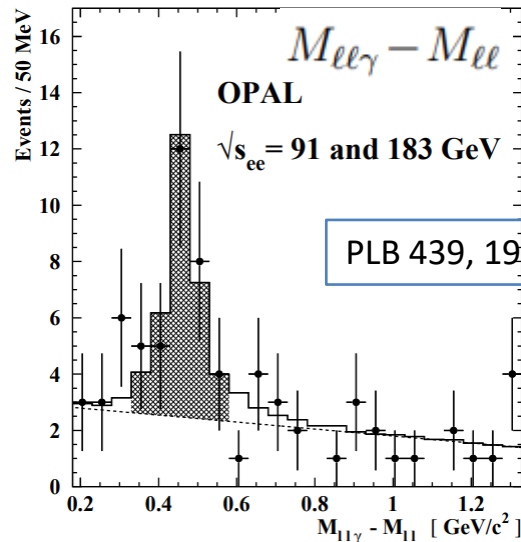
$$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow R) = 8\pi(2J + 1) \frac{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}(R)\Gamma(R)}{(W_{\gamma\gamma}^2 - m_R^2)^2 + m_R^2\Gamma^2(R)}$$



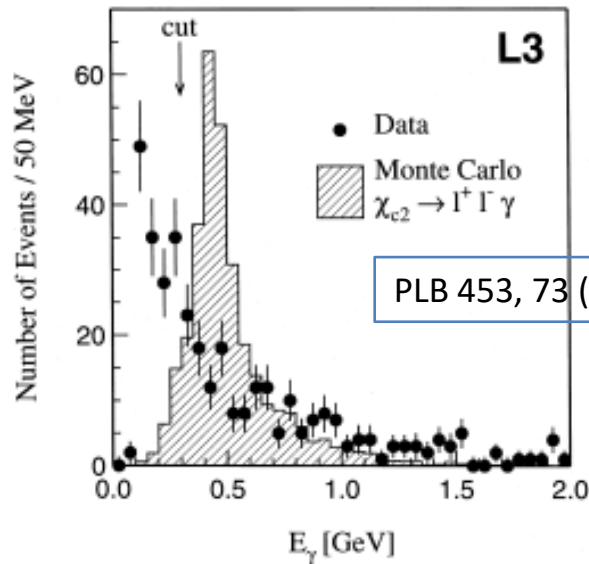
$\gamma\gamma$ Charm resonances η_c, χ_{c2}

χ_{c2} (3555)

$$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma$$



PLB 439, 197 (1998)

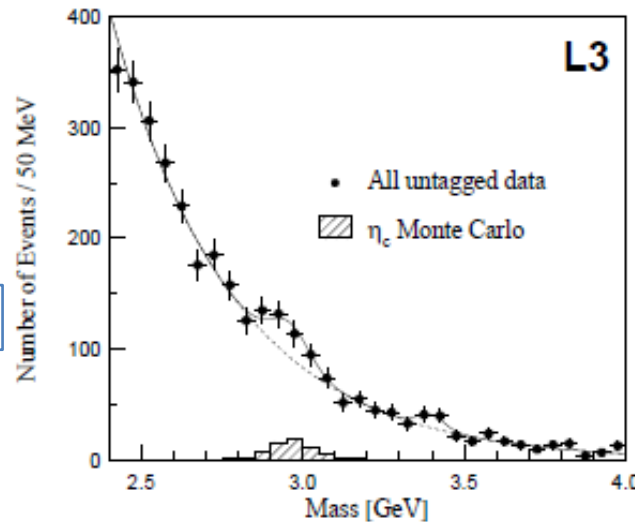


PLB 453, 73 (1999)

η_c (2980) L3

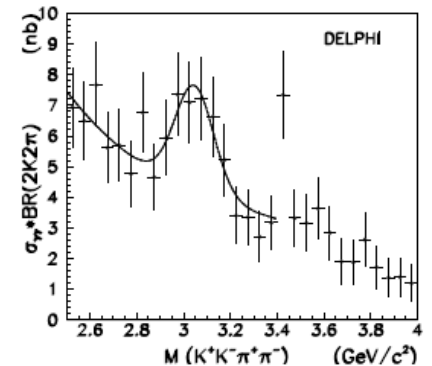
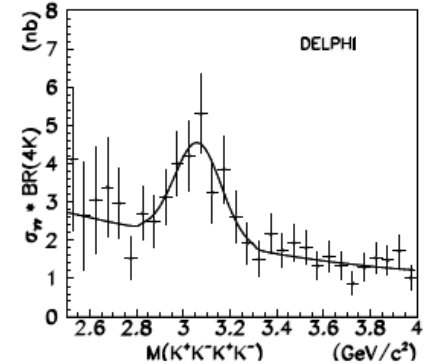
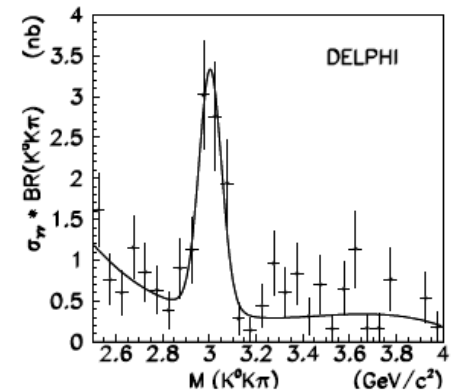
Decay mode

- $\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow K_s^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta(\gamma\gamma)$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^-$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'(\pi^+ \pi^- \eta)$
- $\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'(\rho\gamma)$



PLB 31 461 155 (1999)

η_c (2980) DELPHI



EPJC 31 481 (2003)

photon structure, single-tag $F_2^{\gamma}(x, Q^2)$

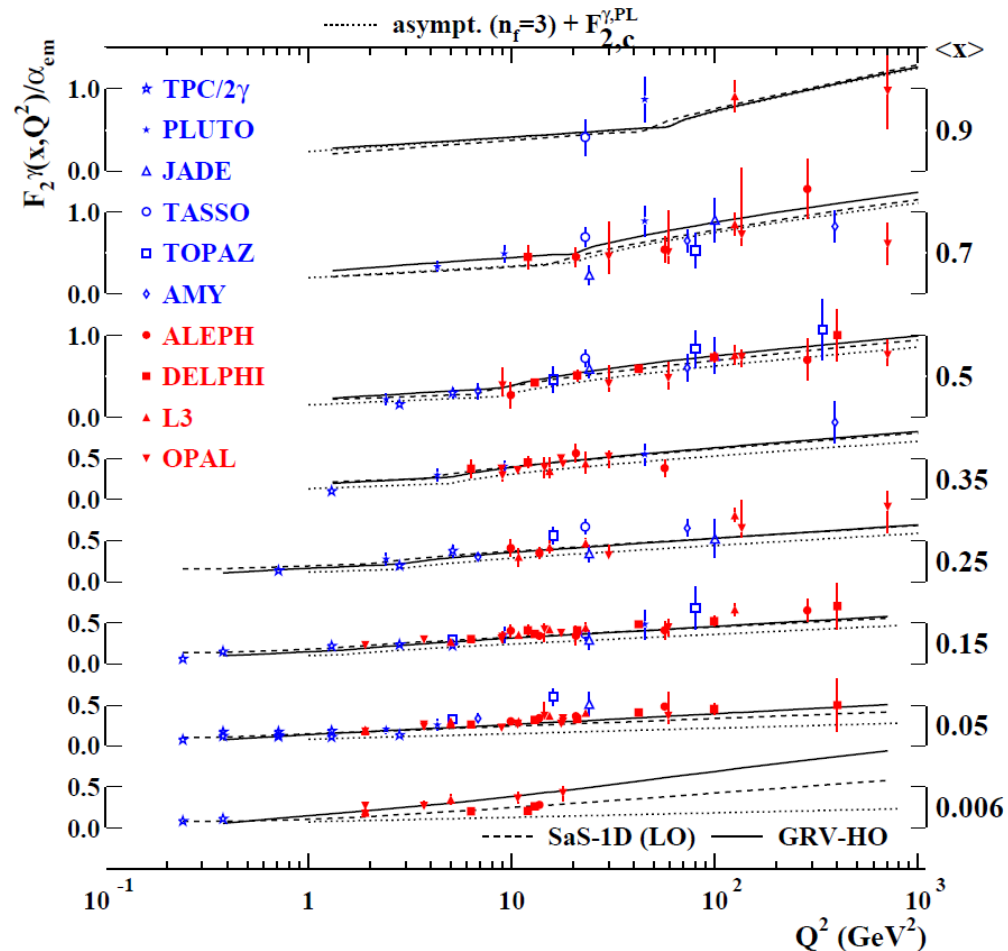
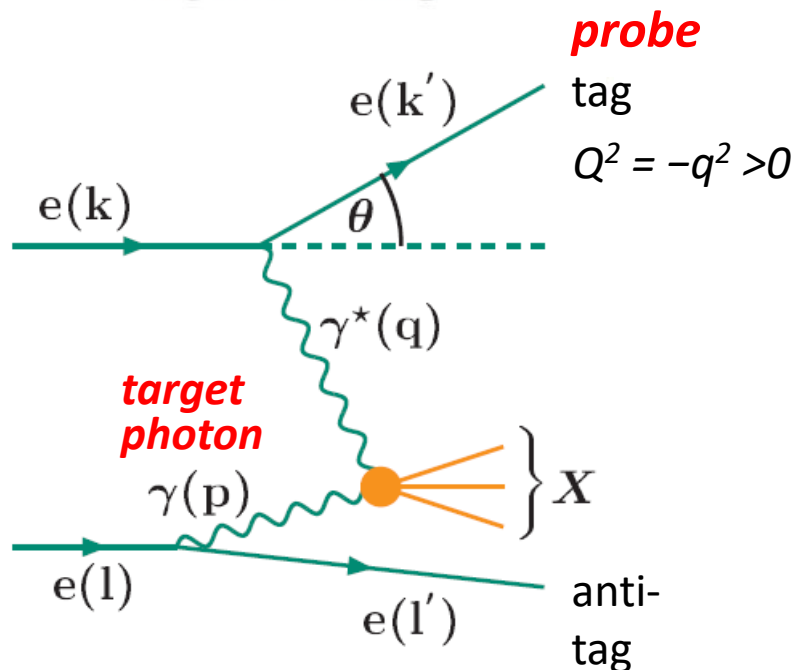
Deep inelastic $e\gamma$ scattering $e^+e^- \rightarrow (e^+e^-\gamma\gamma) \rightarrow e^+e^-X$

$$\frac{d\sigma(e\gamma \rightarrow eX)}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} \cdot [\{1 + (1-y)^2\}F_2^{\gamma}(x, Q^2) - y^2F_L^{\gamma}(x, Q^2)]$$

$$Q_i^2 = 4E_b E_i' \sin^2(\theta_i/2),$$

$$y_{ei} = 1 - \frac{E_i'}{E_b} \cos^2(\theta_i/2),$$

$$x_i = \frac{Q_i^2}{Q_1^2 + W^2 + Q_2^2},$$



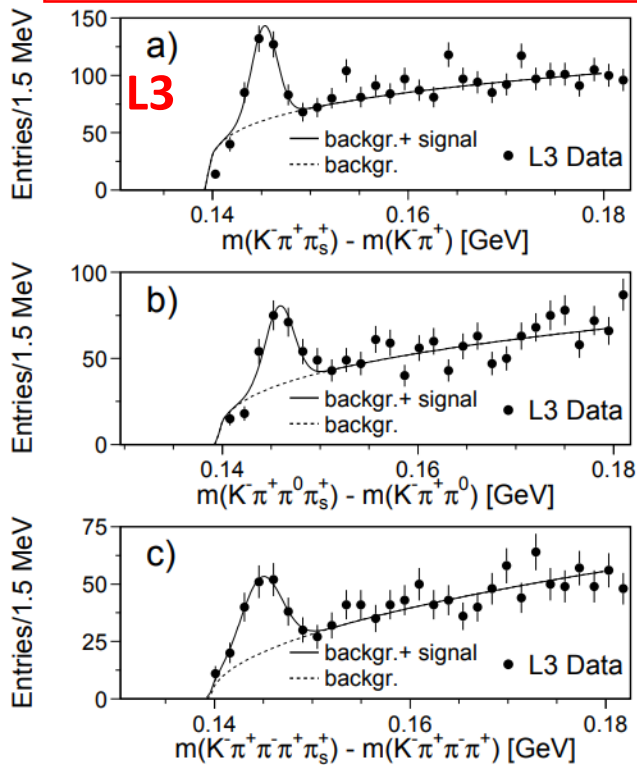
$\gamma\gamma$ open-Charm $D^{*\pm}$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-D^{*\pm}X$$

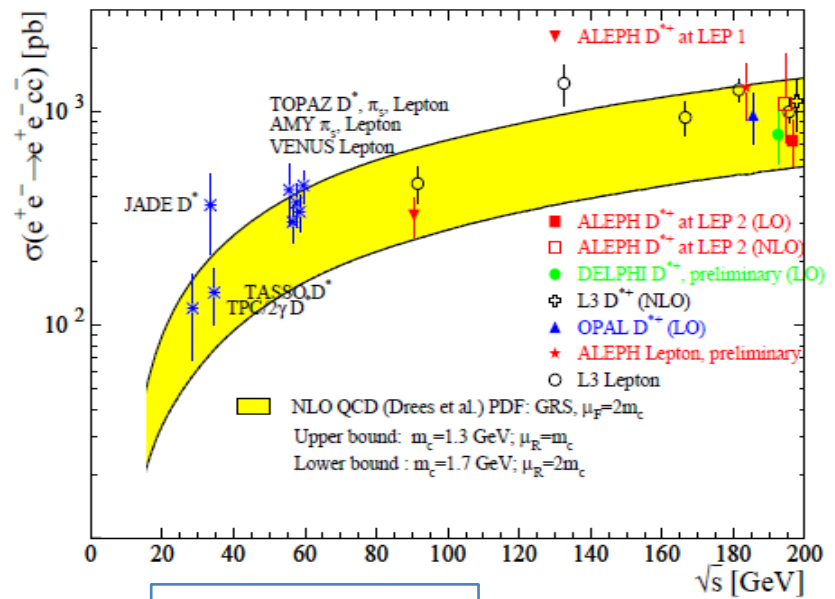
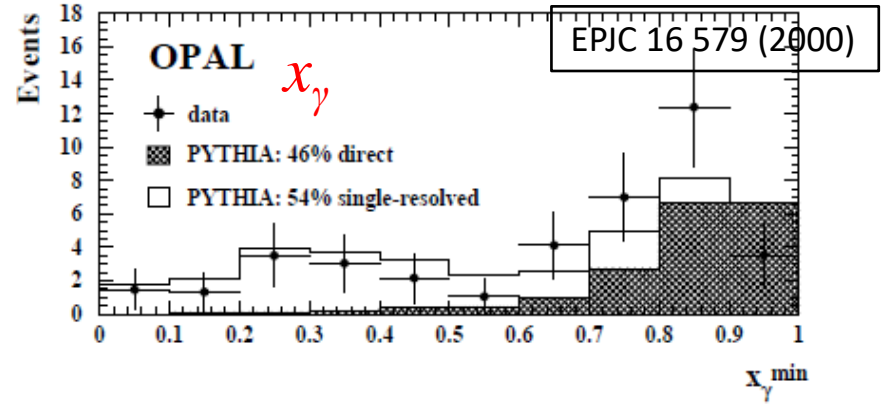
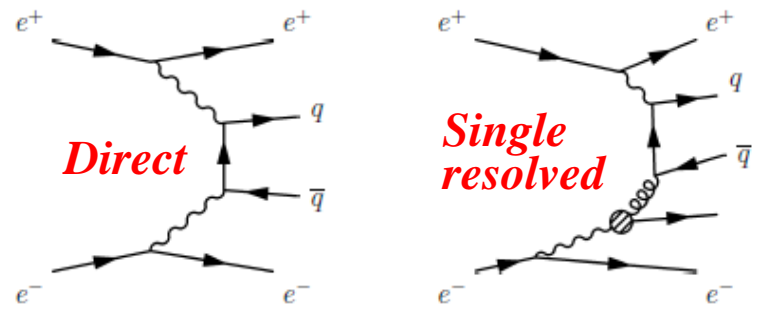
$$D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0\pi_S^+$$

$$x_\gamma^\pm = \frac{\Sigma_{\text{jets}}(E \pm p_z)}{\Sigma_{\text{hadrons}}(E \pm p_z)} \quad x_\gamma \sim 1 \quad \text{for Direct proc.}$$

$$\Delta M = M(D^0\pi_S^+) - M(D^0)$$



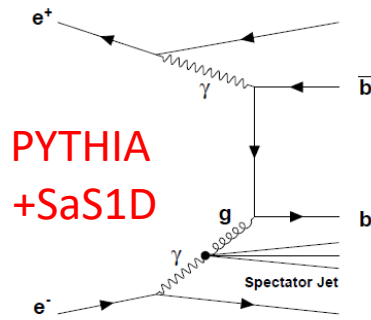
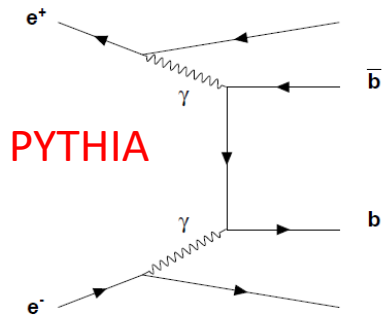
PLB 535:59 (2002)



EPJC 28 (2003) 437

$\gamma\gamma$ open-beauty production

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-b\bar{b}X$$

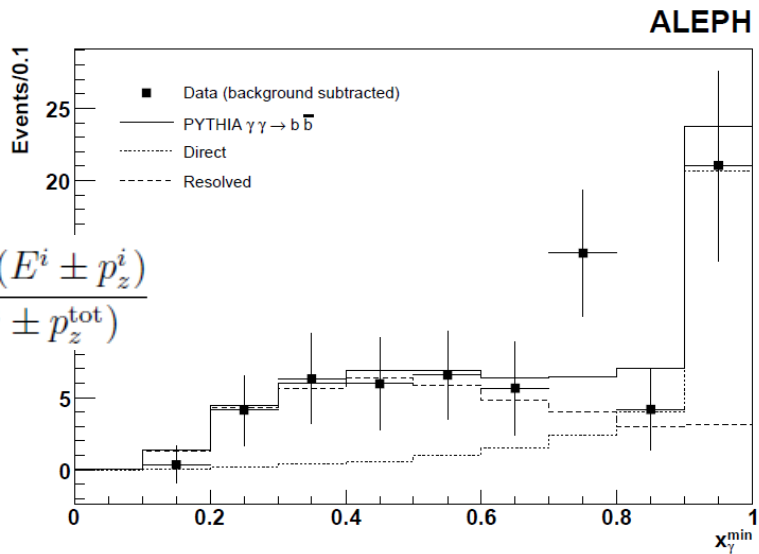


ALEPH

- two-photon hadronic
- b-tagging by long-lifetime

JHEP 09 (2007) 102

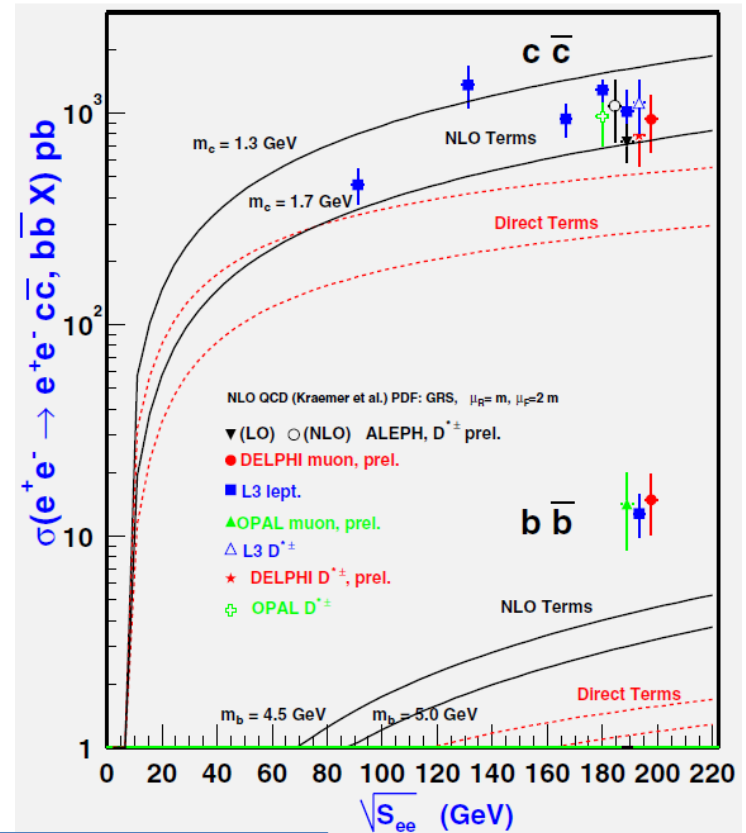
$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-b\bar{b}X) = (5.4 \pm 0.8_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.8_{\text{syst}}) \text{ pb}$$



$$x_\gamma^\pm = \frac{\sum_{i=1,2} (E^i \pm p_z^i)}{(E^{\text{tot}} \pm p_z^{\text{tot}})}$$

DELPHI, L3

- anti-tagged hadronic
- b-jet semi-leptonic: e, mu



PLB 619 71 (2005)

DELPHI 2003 CONF-A325, EPJC 33 s482 (2004)

Summary on two-photon

- two-photon final states
 - detected by central tracker, Ecal, with small $E_{\gamma\gamma} < \sqrt{s}$
 - scattered electrons
 - tagged by LumiCal
 - Requires two-photon trigger:
 - multiple low energy tracks + Ecal clusters*
- *CEPC statistics will clarify two-photon c, b production*
- *higher two-photon Q^2 to photon structure*