CEPC Software and Computing

Weidong Li

representing the CEPC software and computing team

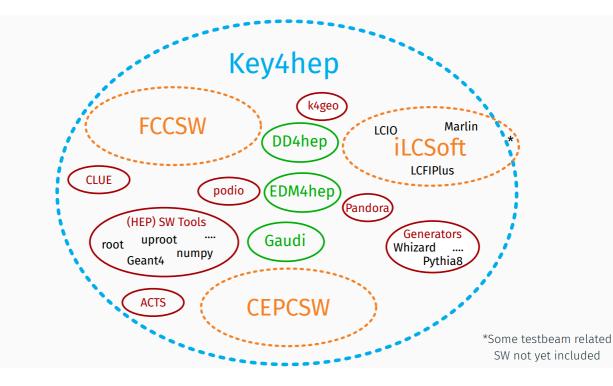
9th CEPC-SppC IAC meeting IHEP, 31 October 2023

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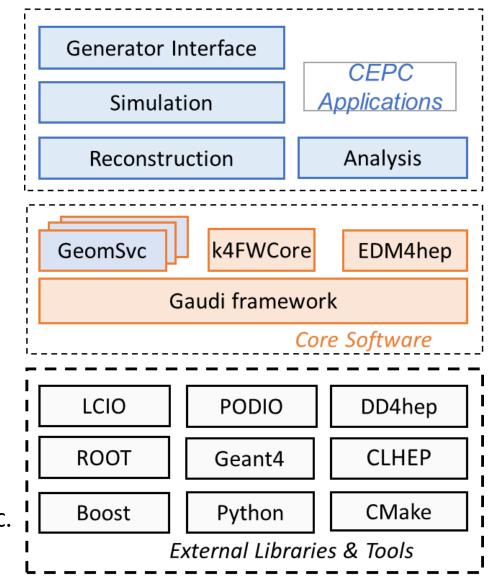
Key4hep

- The consensus among CEPC, CLIC, FCC, ILC and other future experiments was reached at the Bologna workshop in 2019
 - Develop a Common Turnkey Software Stack, Key4hep, for future collider experiments
 - Maximize the sharing of software components among different experiments
- The development of CEPCSW is based on Key4hep and most of our efforts are put on CEPC experiment specific software and workflows



Structure of CEPCSW

- CEPCSW is organized as a multi-layer structure
 - Applications: simulation, reconstruction and analysis
 - Core software
 - External libraries
- The key components of core software include:
 - Gaudi/Gaudi: defines interfaces to all software components
 - Edm4hep: generic event data model
 - k4FWCore: management of event data objects
 - DD4hep: detector geometry description
 - CEPC-specific components : GeomSvc, simulation framework, analysis framework, beam background mixing, fast simulation, machine learning interface, etc.



Packages of CEPCSW

- Detector Options
 - CDR (baseline design)
 - The 4th concept
- MC Generators
 - Multiple formats supported: HepMC, HepEvt, StdHep, LCIO
 - GuineaPig++ for MDI
 - Particle Gun
- Simulation
 - G4 simulation framework
 - Fast simulation algoritrhms e.g.ML-based dE/dx simulation
 - Digitization algorithms for silicon, CALO, drift chamber

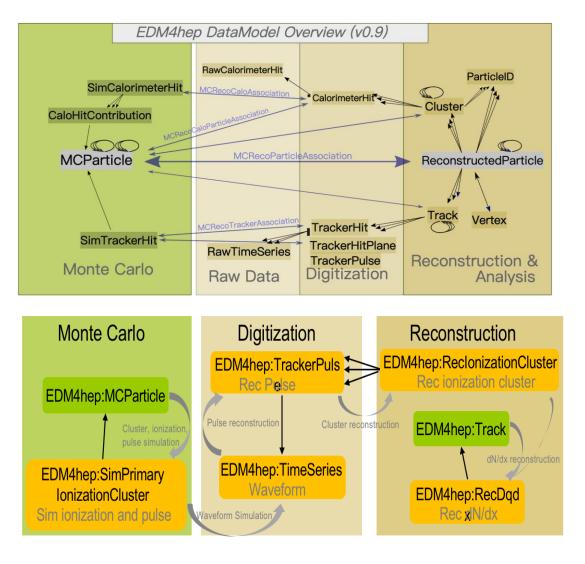
- Reconstruction
 - Marlin based tracking algorithms for silicon detector
 - Tracking algorithm for drift chamber
 - Pandora-based PFA
 - Arbor-based PFA
- Analysis tools
 - RDataFrame-based analysis framework
- Examples and docs
 - Menu for EDM4hep, Identifier, etc.

https://github.com/cepc/CEPCSW

~ 50 packages in total

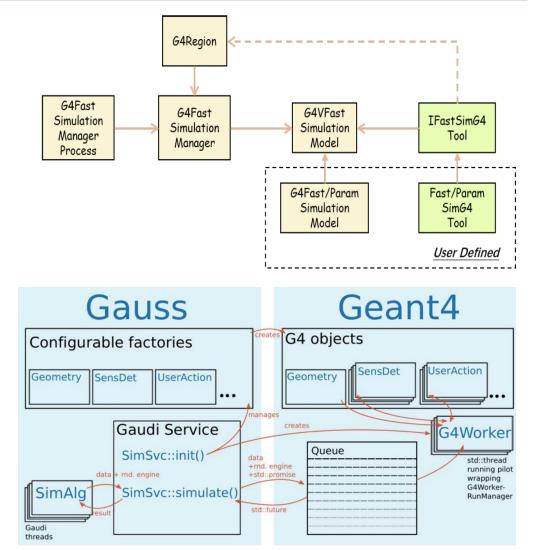
Progress in Event Data Model

- EDM4hep is the common event data model (EDM) being developed for the future experiments
 - describing event objects created at different data processing stages and also reflecting the relationship between them.
- Extension of the Edm4hep was completed and released
 - By using the upstream mechanism of PODIO, a common EDM was implemented for both TPC and drift chamber



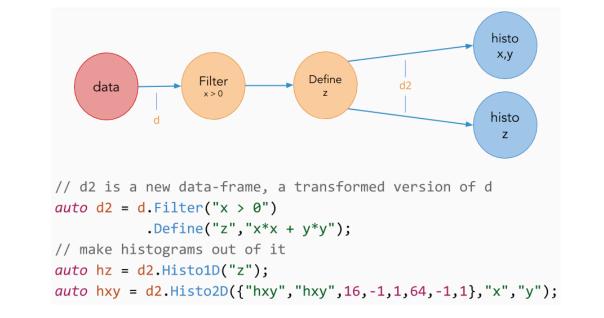
Progress in Simulation Framework

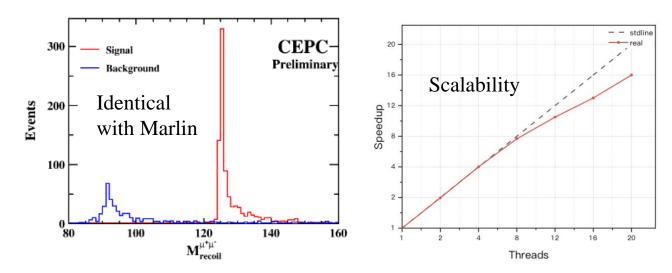
- The simulation framework was developed and currently the simulation chain is complete
- Gaussino, a general simulation framework originally developed by LHCb, is being added into Key4hep as k4Gaussino
- In collaboration with CERN, we are developing simulation prototype for silicon vertex detector using Gaussino as the underlying framework
 - Step 1: Using the original version having the dependency on the LHCb software (Done)
 - Step 2: Creating the modified version in which the LHCb dependency is removed (Done)
 - Step 3: Directly using k4Gaussino (Not started)



Progress in RDataFrame-based Analysis Framework

- RDataFrame is a powerful tool for data analysis
 - Program language: Python and C++
 - Declarative programming and parallel processing
 - Used by many experiments such as FCC-ee
- New developments since last meeting
 - Several algorithms were ported from Marlin
 JetClustering, KinematicFit,
 - More are being implemented
 - VertexFit, JetTagging, PID etc.
 - Performance test with two analysis channels
 - e+e- -> Z(mumu)H
 - e+e- ->H(2jet) mumu

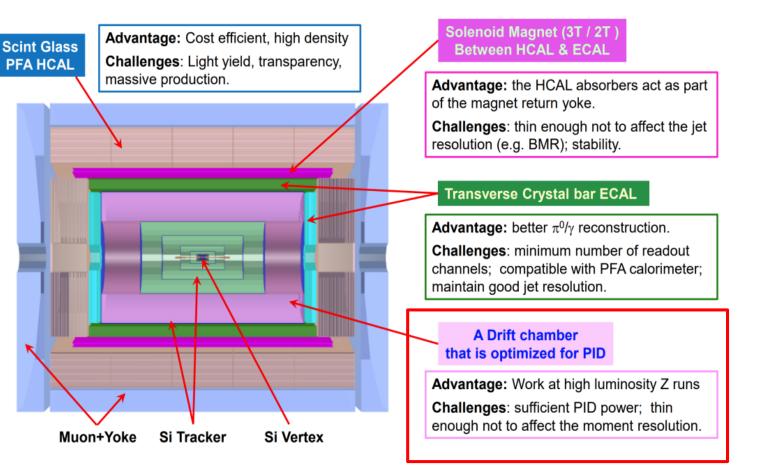




Detector Software Development

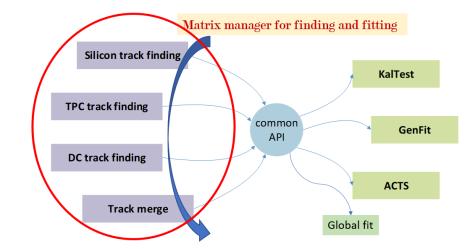
The 4th conceptual detector

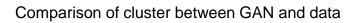
- Silicon Tracker
- Drift Chamber
- Transverse Crystal-bar ECAL
- Scintillator Glass HCAL
- Both detector design and physics potential studies need simulation and reconstruction software
- In the past year, software development was mainly focused on the first three subdetectors

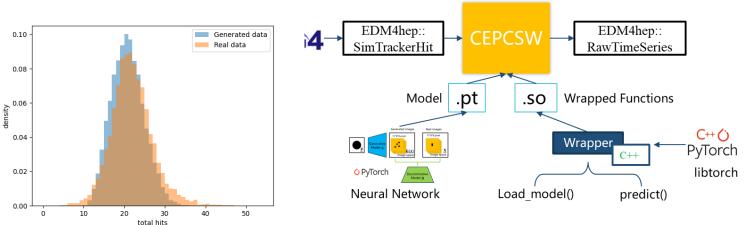


Progress in Silicon Tracker Software (1)

- A common API for different track fitting algorithms was developed
- Performance validation completed with
 - single particles
 - $H \rightarrow \mu \mu$
 - $\tau \rightarrow 3 \text{prong}$
 - bbH
- For the silicon vertex detector, machine leaning based digitization algorithm was developed
 - Hit clusters are generated by a GAN model
 - Training dataset: testbeam data collected at DESY with TaichuPix-3





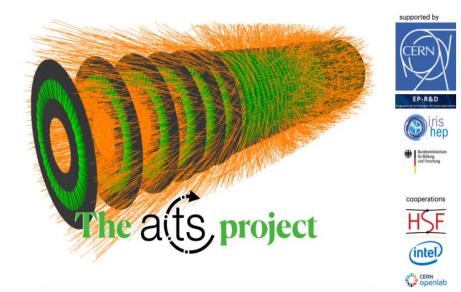


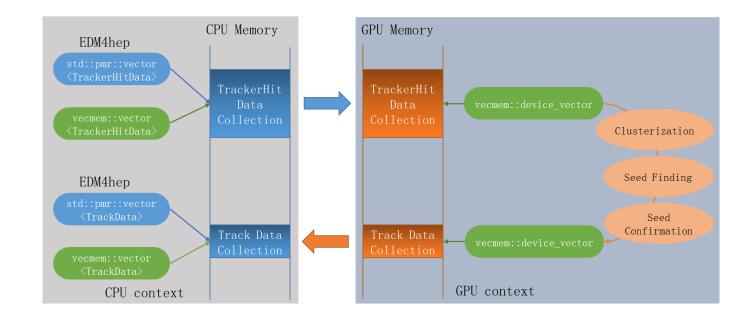
Progress in Silicon Tracker Software (2)

- TRACCC: one of ACTS R&D projects
 - Full chain demonstrator for track reconstruction on CPU/GPU

https://github.com/acts-project/traccc

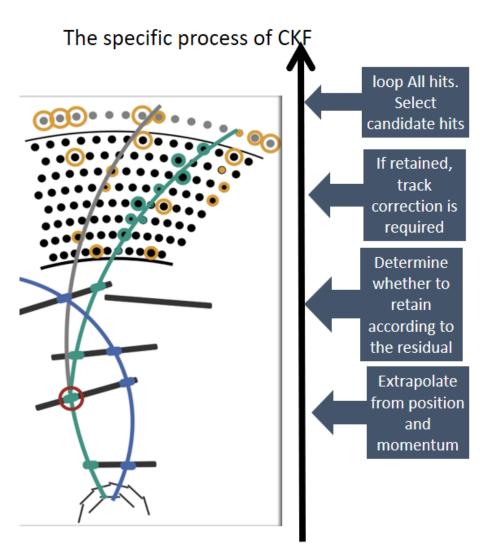
- Developing CEPC seeding algorithm based on TRACCC
- Building a bridge between EDM4hep and TRACCC
 - Common memory for both EDM4hep and TRACCC
 - No data conversion is needed between them





Progress in Drift Chamber Software (1)

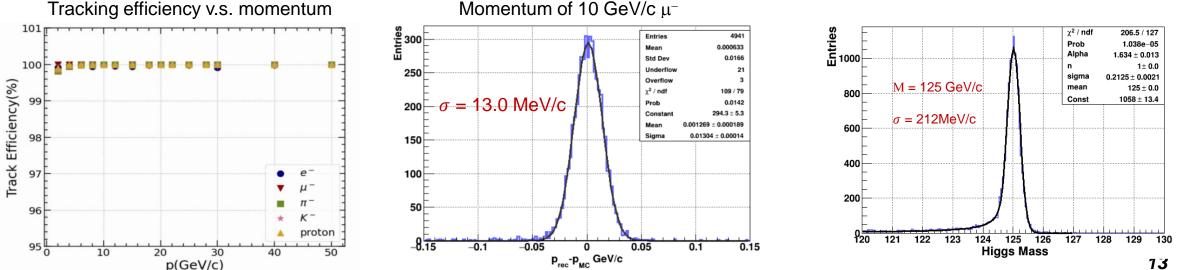
- Track finding algorithm
 - Track segments reconstructed in the silicon detector, called seeds, are extrapolated to the DC (Drift Chamber) and then all the DC hits belonging to the track will be collected
- Track fitting algorithm
 - Adopt experiment-independent track fitting toolkit Genfit which is also being used by many other experiments like BelleII, PANDA, COMET etc.
- Completed work includes
 - Porting the BelleII code to the CEPCSW
 - Implementation of geometry and magnetic field
 - Optimization of hit selection criteria
 - Performance validation with simulated data



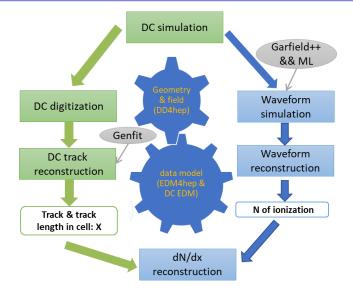
Progress in Drift Chamber Software (2)

- Tracking Efficiency = N_1/N_2 •
 - N_1 is the number of tracks satisfying:
 - $chi^2 < 400$
 - $N_{DC hits on track} > 6$
 - N_2 is the numbre of track seeds reconstructed in silicon vertex detector
- The efficiency is close to 99% (inelastic scattering is * turn off)

- Momentum resolution of 13.0 MeV/c is consistent * with the spatial resolution, 110 μ m, in the simulation
- Impact parameter \diamond
 - $\sigma_{d0} = 3.4 \, \mu m \text{ with } p_T = 10 \, GeV/c$
 - Consistent with analytics calculation
- Physics event reconstruction of $H \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

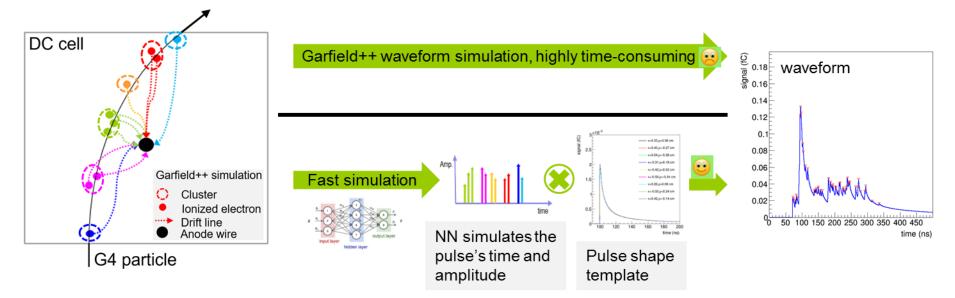


Plan for Drift Chamber Software



Drift chamber simulation and reconstruction flow

- Use neural network to simulate the time and amplitude of the pulse of an ionized electron
- Add waveform reconstruction algorithm into the CEPCSW
- Develop dN/dx reconstruction algorithm
- Improve tracking performance by using multiple time information obtained from the waveform



Progress in Crystal-bar ECAL Software (1)

300

200

100 Z 0

-100

-200

200

100

y ⁰

-100

-200

clustering

recognition -30d

- Software developers worked closely with the detector group
- A prototype of reconstruction algorithm was developed, which mainly consists of 4 functional modules

2050

2000 1950

1900

-300.800

Clustering

2 0

-200

-300 300

200

100

y⁰

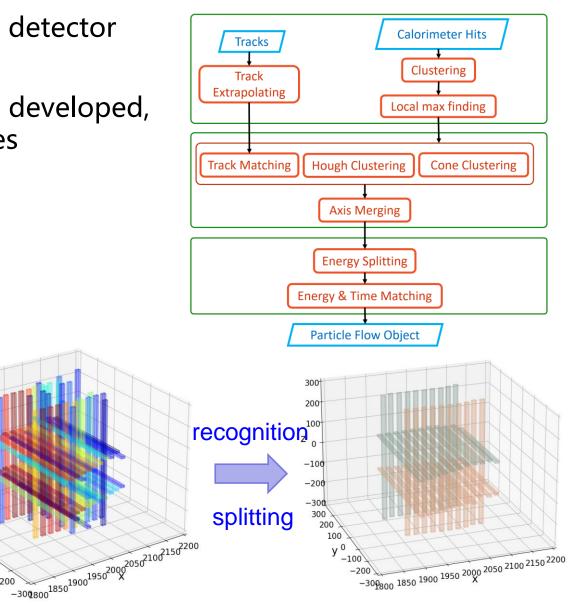
-100

-200

2 photons, $E_{\gamma} = 5$ GeV

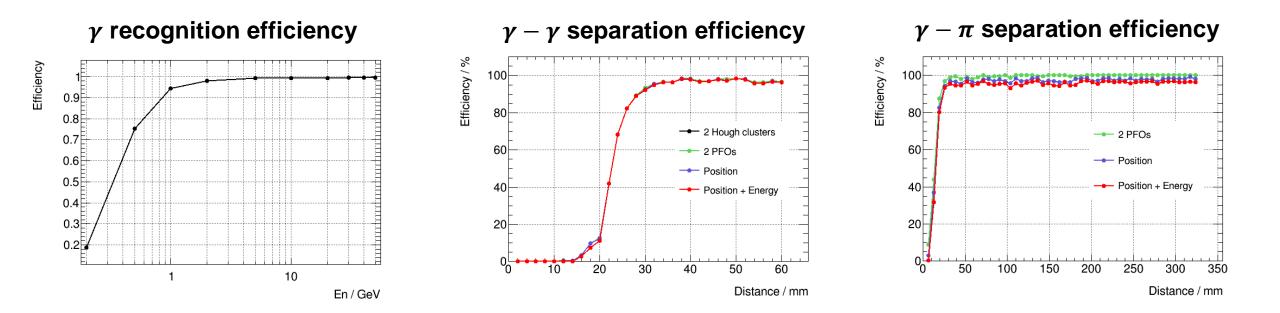
Distance = $15 \times 15^{\circ\circ}$ cm.

- shower recognition
- splitting of overlap showers
- ambiguity removal



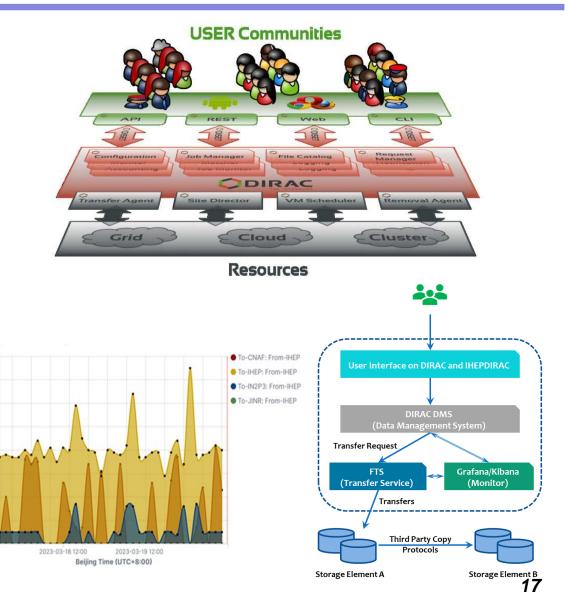
Progress in Crystal-bar ECAL Software (2)

- Reconstruction performance
 - Photon recognition efficiency is ~100% for photons with E > 1 GeV,
 - Separation efficiency is ~95% for $\gamma \gamma$ and $\gamma \pi$ when distance > 30 mm
- The algorithm is still being optimized for better performance



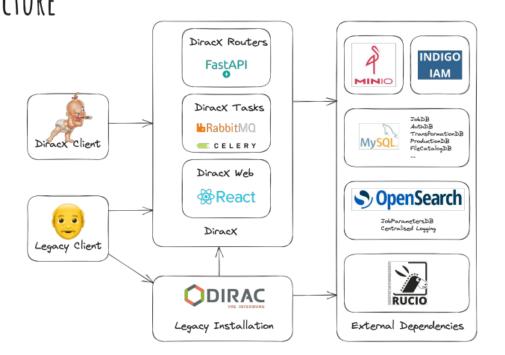
Progress in CEPC Computing Platform

- CEPC has established a distributed computing platform for detector R&D
 - DIRAC as middleware , also using VOMS, FTS, CVMFS, StoRM, EOS, WLCG middleware
 - IHEPDIRAC contains tools developed for CEPC applications
- There are about 4,600 CPU cores in this platform
 - IHEP holds 2,000 dedicated cores including 640 cores shared with ILC
 - Other sites contribute the rest 2600 cores
- The prototypes for workload management and data management were developed
- Regular TPC test system was established and monitoring was implemented with ElasticResearch+Kibana/Grafana



Plan for CEPC Computing Platform

- Complete the implementation of token- AR(HITE(TURE based authorization and authentication infrastructure
- Migration to DiracX, which is the next incarnation of Dirac re-implemented with emerging IT technologies
- Evaluate the "Data Lake" model with Rucio and XCache for smart data access and management



Integration with HPC resource and adding support for machine learning activities

International Collaboration

- IHEP and SDU are non-EU members of Key4hep project (AIDAinnova WP12)
 - Bi-weekly Key4hep/Edm4hep meetings and WP12 monthly meeting
- Collaboration with IDEA detector group in R&D of drift chamber
 - Weekly discussion on cluster counting method
 - Further collaboration on tracking is being discussed
- Collaboration with the ACTS group established this year
 - Adding precise simulation of drift chamber into the Open Data Detector
 - Implementation of tracking in drift chamber with ACTS
- IHEP is an official member of the DIRAC consortium
 - Weekly DIRAC development meeting and DIRAC workshop

Summary

- The CEPCSW is being developed based on Key4hep
- Significant progress has been made since the last IAC meeting
 - Core software: event data model, simulation framework and RDataFrame-based analysis framework
 - Detector software: silicon tracker software, drift chamber software and crystal-bar ECAL software
 - CEPC distributed computing platform
- International collaboration and cooperation are being promoted with HEP R&D teams

