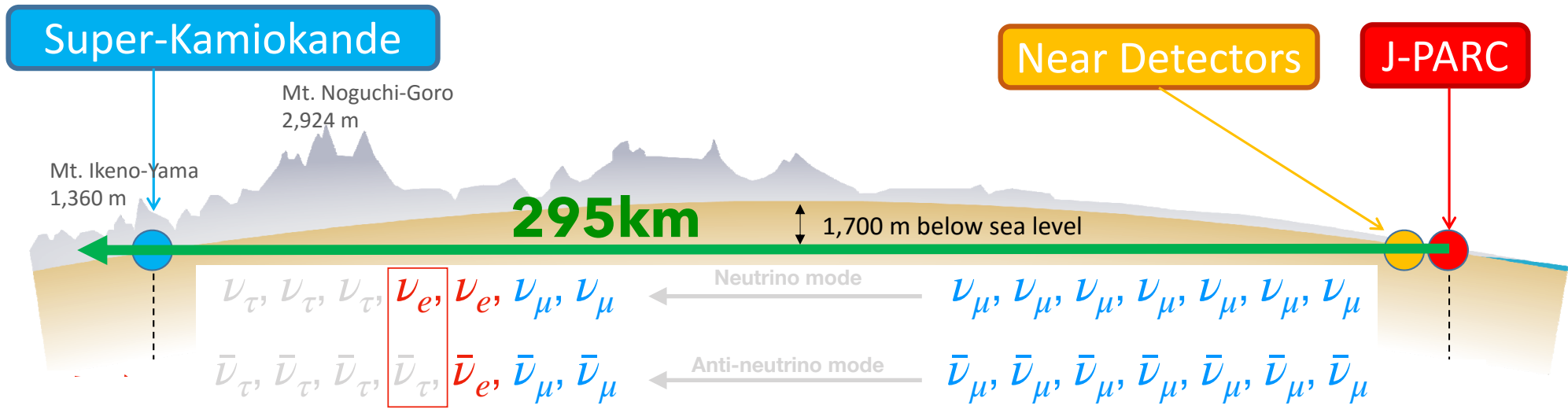


T2K

2024/2/19, NPB2024

Ken Sakashita (KEK/J-PARC) for T2K collaboration

T2K experiment



~570 members, 78 institutes,
14 countries(incl. CERN)

Open questions about neutrino oscillation

- **CP violation ?**

$\delta_{CP} \neq 0$ and π ?

Matter-antimatter
asymmetry

- **What is the neutrino mass ordering ?**

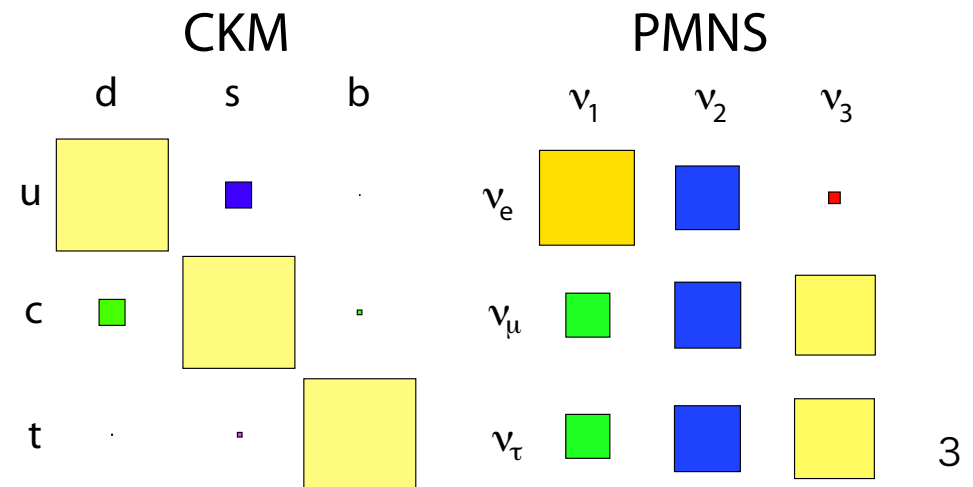
$m_2 < m_3$ or $m_2 > m_3$?

impacts to $0\nu\beta\beta$
→ origin of ν mass

- **$\theta_{23} = \pi/4$?**

or $\theta_{23} > \pi/4$ or $\theta_{23} < \pi/4$?
(octant)

Flavor symmetry
model

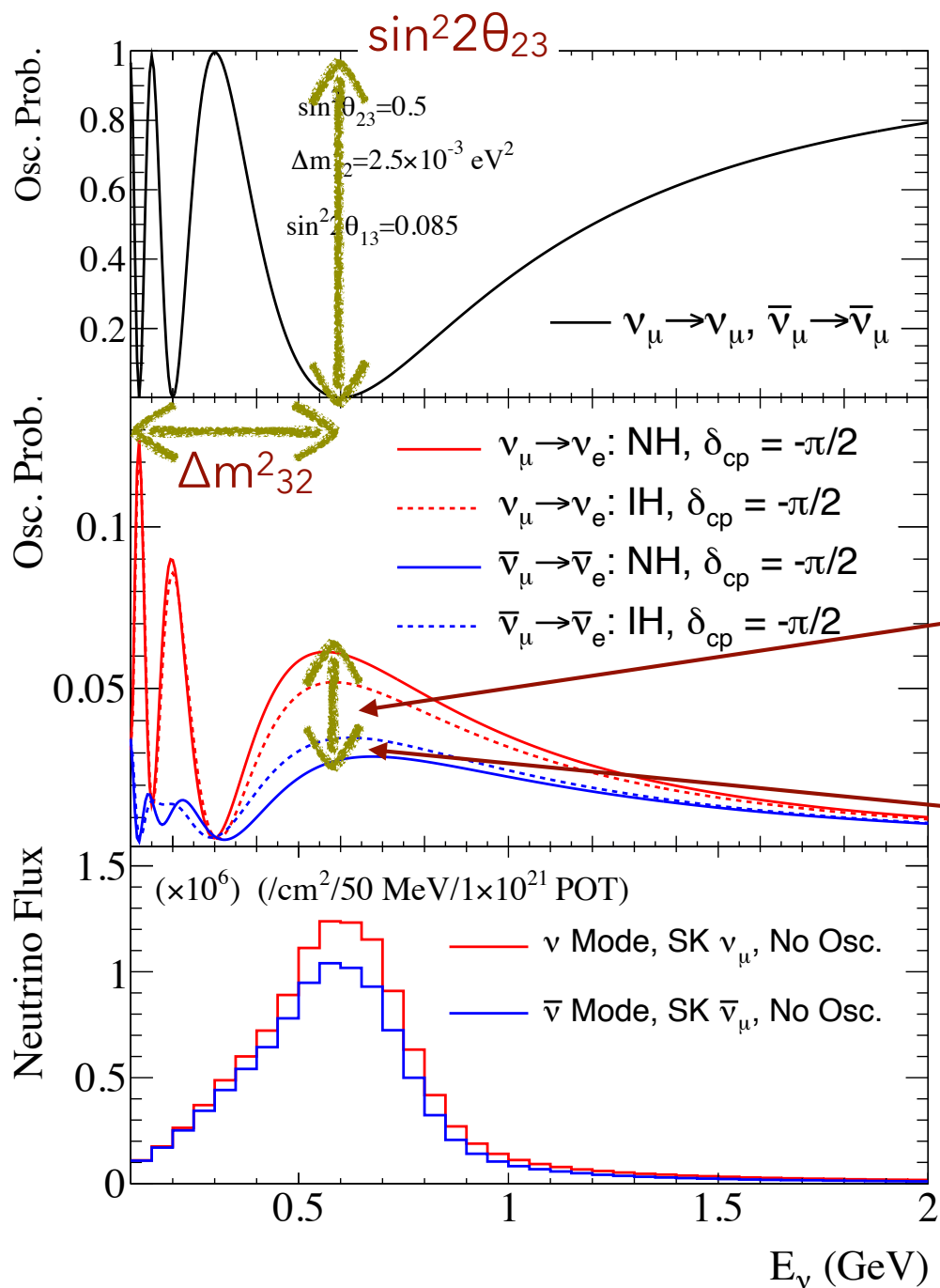


Area $\sim U^2$
S.Stone, PoS(ICHEP2012)933

Contents

- Introduction
- Latest oscillation analysis results [improvements]
- Joint oscillation analysis [diff. L & E]
- T2K enters a new phase
- Summary

What can we know neutrino oscillation from T2K ?



precise measurement of $\sin^2 2\theta_{23}, \Delta m^2_{32}$

of ν_e vs # of $\bar{\nu}_e$

$\sim \pm 30\%$ (large CPV effect)

δ_{CP}

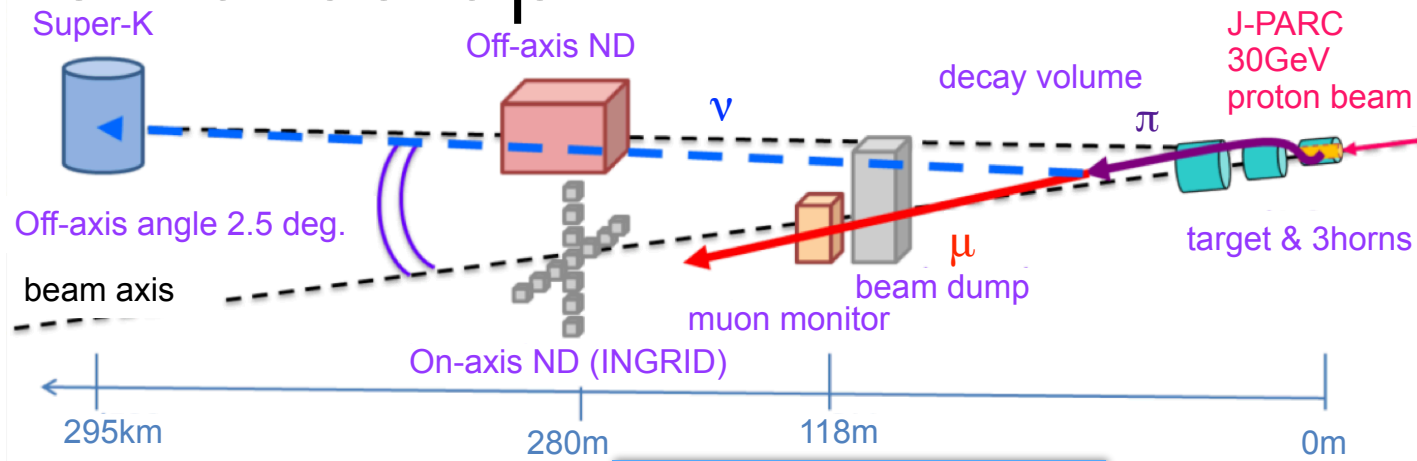
small matter effect $\text{sign}(\Delta m^2_{32})$

$L = 295 \text{ km}$

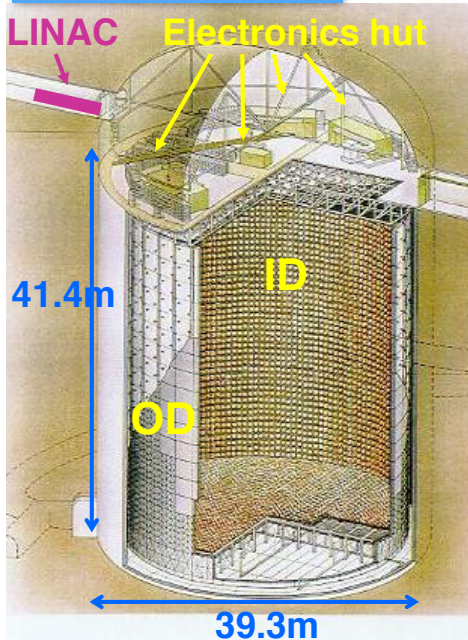
$\langle E_\nu \rangle \sim 0.6 \text{ GeV}$

Unique aspects of the T2K

Experimental setup

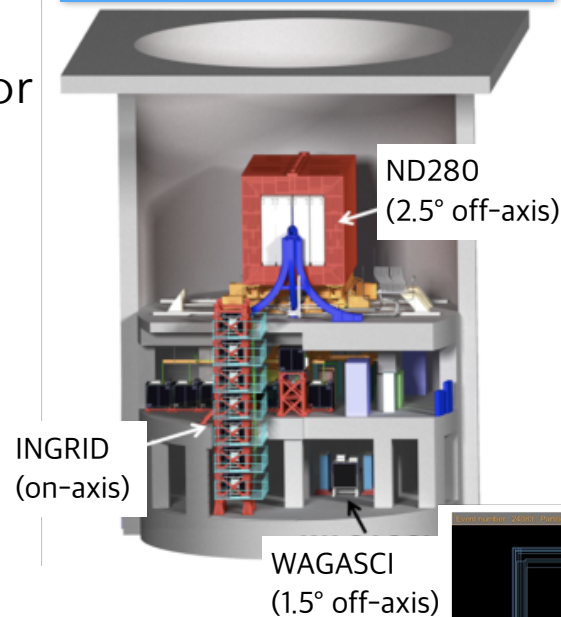


Far detector (FD)

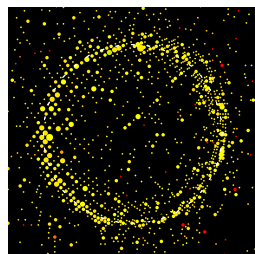


- 50kton water Cherenkov detector
- 4π acceptance
- **Recently, 0.03% Gd loaded**
→ enable use of neutron tagging

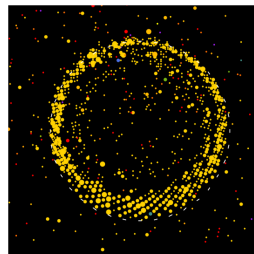
Near detector (ND)



- ND280 det. in 0.2T UA1 magnet
- **Various ν -N interaction measurements**
- **ND280 upgrade is in progress**

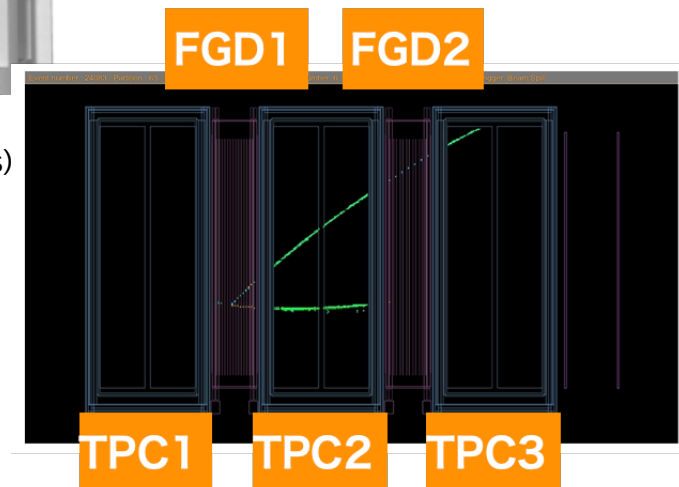


ν_e -like



ν_μ -like

- Good e-like/ μ -like separation (less than 1% mis-PID@1GeV, single ring)



Latest oscillation analysis results

data before 2020 + analysis improvements
(shown at Neutrino2022)

What are the improvements ?

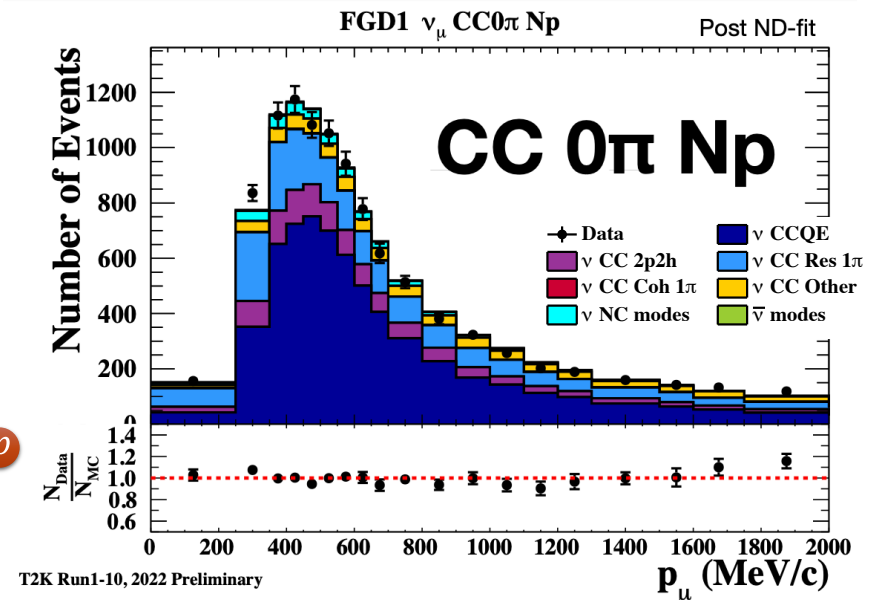
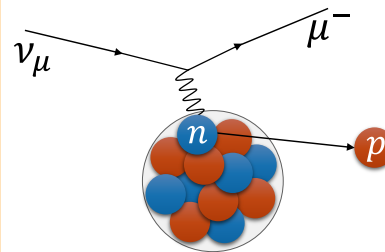
$$N_{FD}(E_{rec}) = \sum_{E_t} \Phi_{FD}(E_t) P_{osc}(E_t) \sigma(E_t) \epsilon_{FD}(E_t, E_{rec})$$

E_t : true ν energy,
 ϵ : efficiency

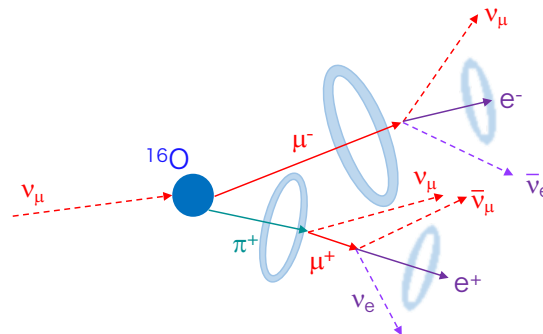
↑ constraint using Near Detector (ND) data

New modeling of flux based on horn water, NA61/SHINE 2010 replica target data

New ND samples (18→22): Separated events by π, ρ, γ multiplicity to **constrain ν -N int. model**

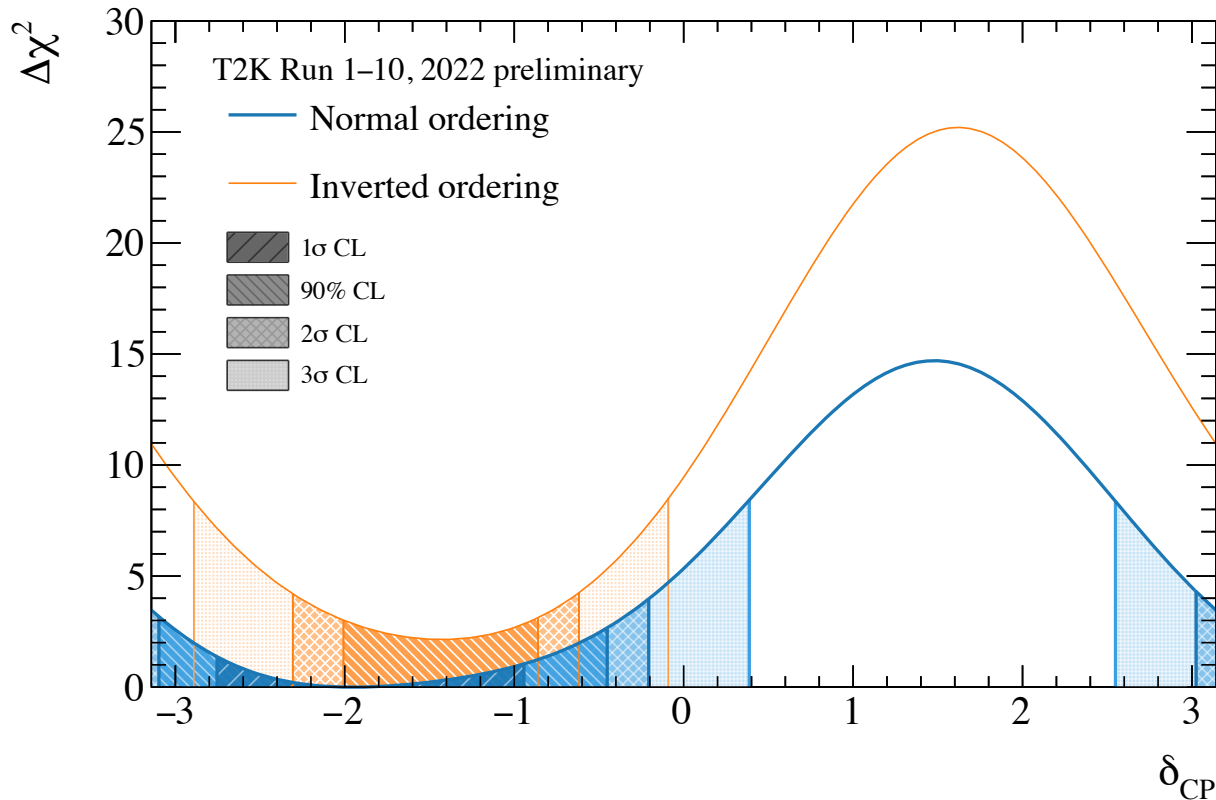


New FD samples (5→6 samples): Added multi-ring muon-like events



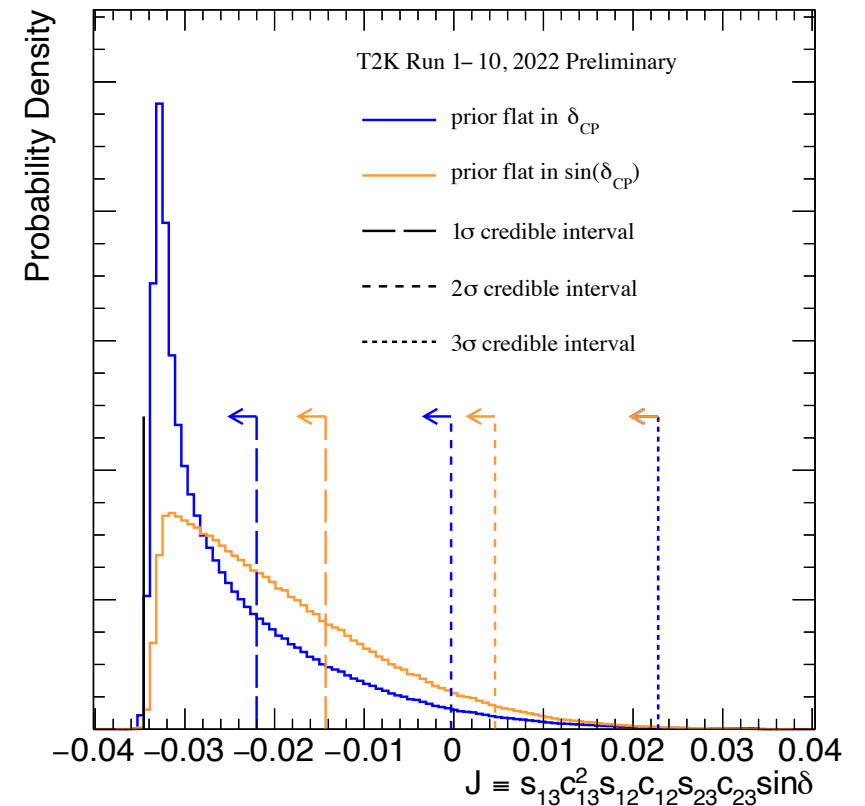
Further improvements (more additional event samples etc..) are under preparation

Results on neutrino CP violation



Jarlskog invariant

$$J_{CP} = \sin\theta_{13} \cos^2\theta_{13} \sin\theta_{12} \cos\theta_{12} \sin\theta_{23} \cos\theta_{23} \sin\delta_{CP}$$



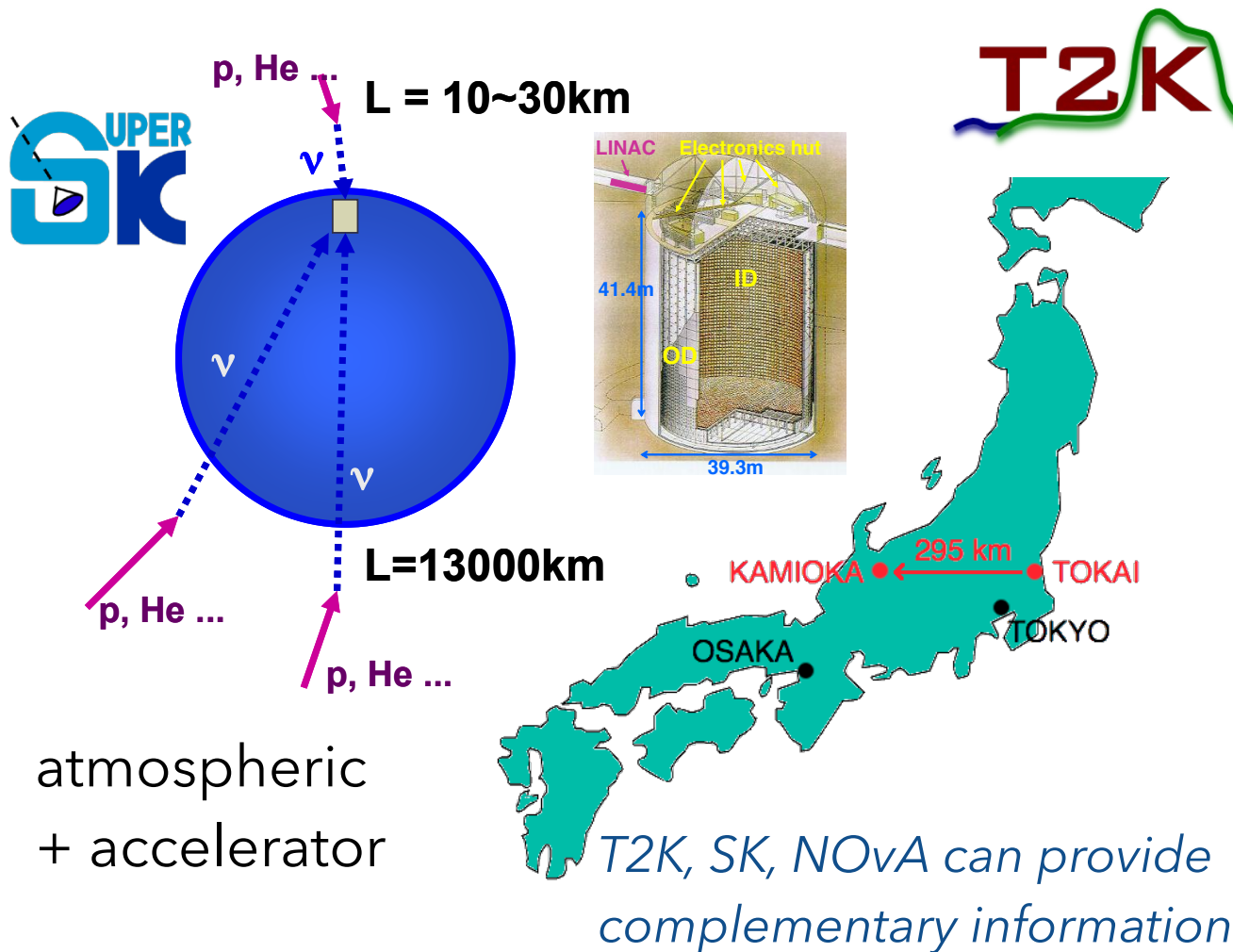
Large region of δ_{CP} excluded at 3 σ .
 CP conservation is excluded at 90% C.L.

Weak preference of normal ordering

T2K data prefers largest
 (negative) CP violation.

Joint oscillation analysis

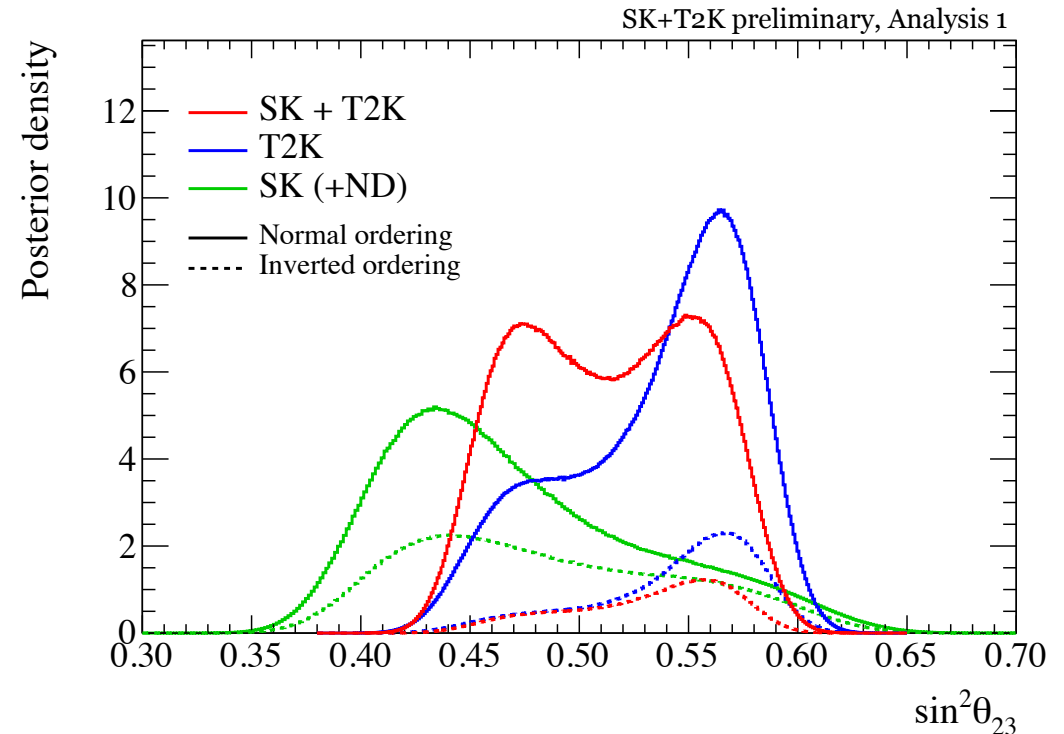
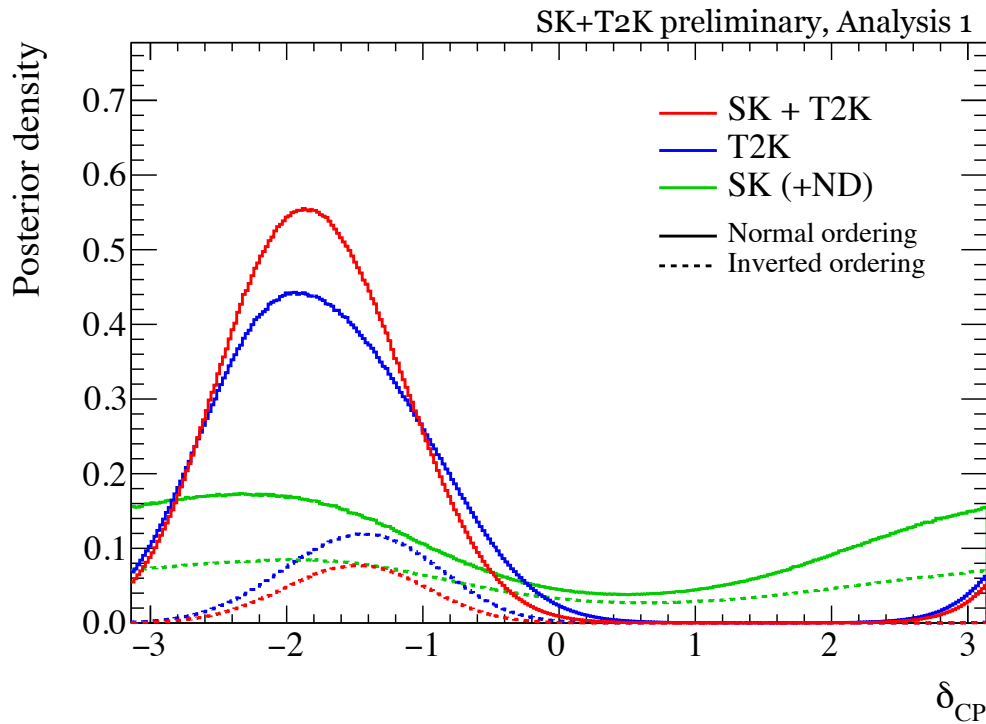
- Different energies, baselines can resolve the degeneracies between mass ordering and δ_{CP} and/or θ_{23} octant and δ_{CP}
- It is important to study possible correlations in the systematics errors between the experiments



Slide from A. Himmel, Neutrino 2020

	T2K	NOvA
Baseline	295km	810km
Peak neutrino energy	0.6 GeV	2 GeV
CP effect	32%	22%
Matter effect	9%	29%

SK+T2K combined results

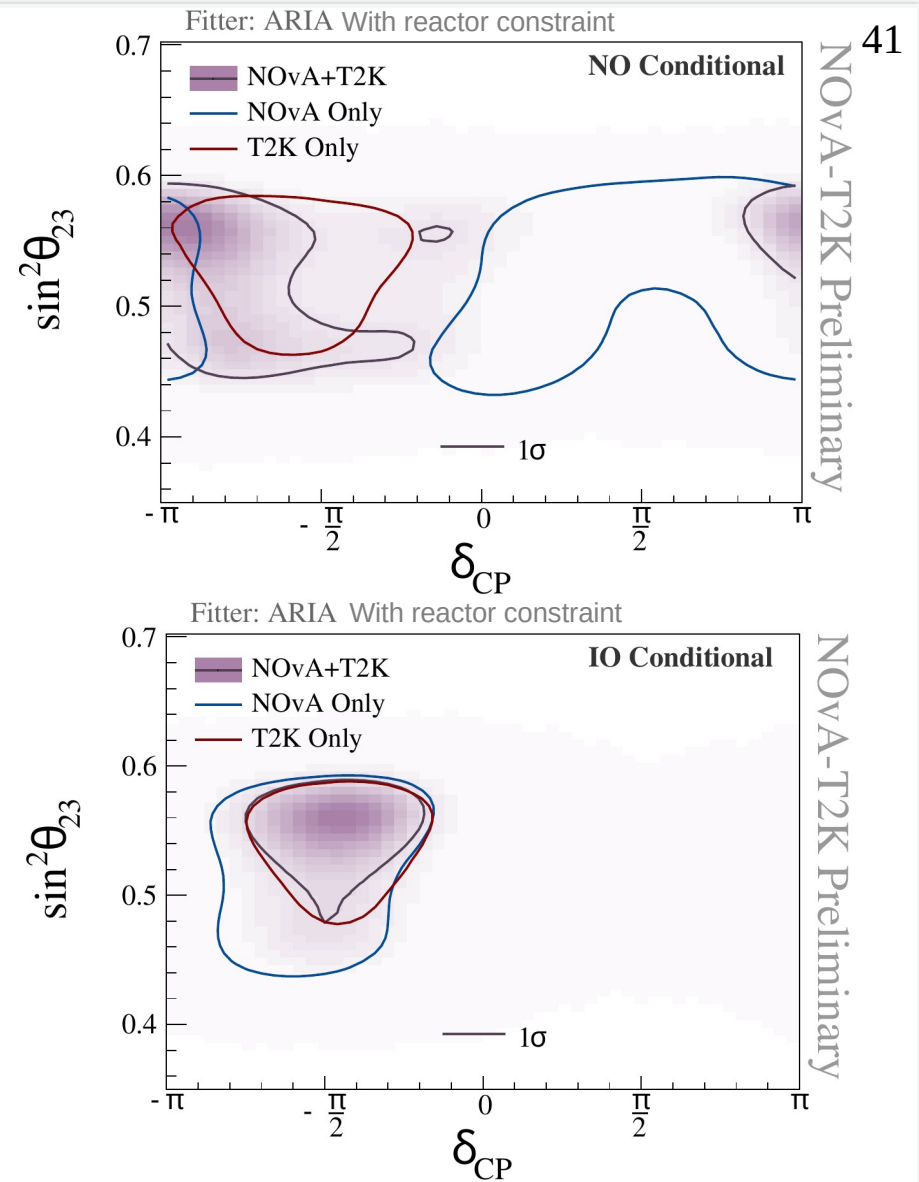


- CP conservation ($\delta_{CP}=0, \pi$) is excluded around 2σ . SK provides additional rejection of $\delta_{CP}=0$
- Weak preference for normal ordering with 90% posterior probability
- Joint fit has no strong octant preference

NOvA+T2K combined results

Comparison with NOvA-only & T2K-only fits

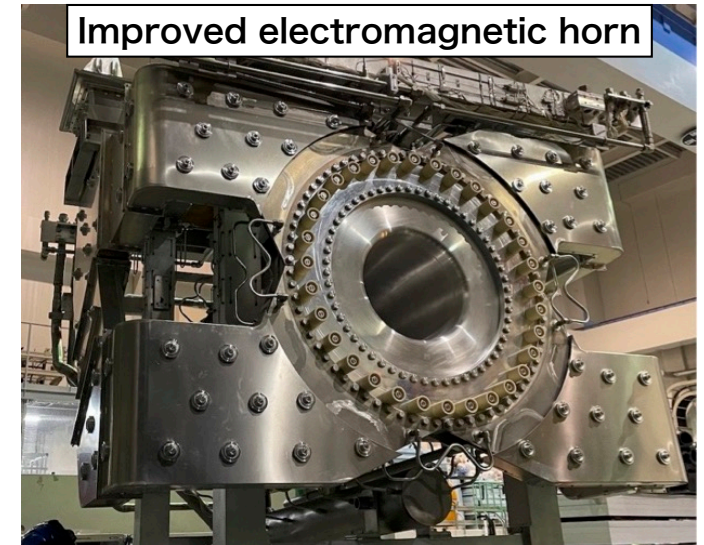
- The joint analysis **relieves differences in the Normal Ordering** where the individual experiments prefer slight different parameter regions.
- **Joint-fit gains sensitivity in the Inverted Ordering** where there was significant overlap in the posterior probability for the individual experiments.



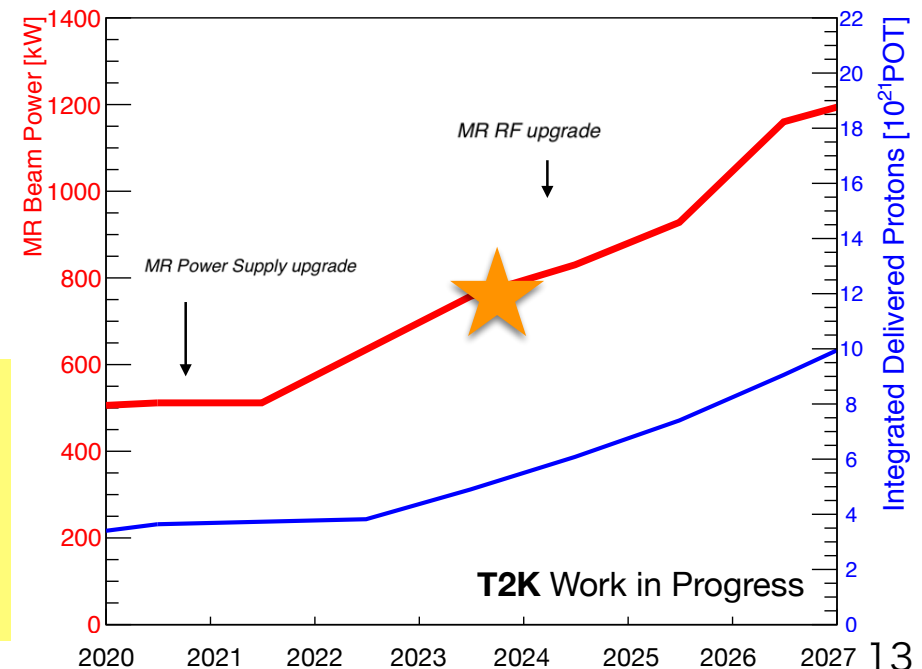
T2K enters a new phase

J-PARC accelerator/beamline upgrade

- ❖ Magnet power supply of accelerator was upgraded for faster cycle (2.48s → 1.36s)
- ❖ New electromagnetic horn with improved cooling capacity was installed. Horn power supply was also upgraded.
- ❖ Successfully achieved 710kW stable operation with 320kA of horn current
- ❖ Also, 760kW continuous operation for 40mins on 2023/Dec/25



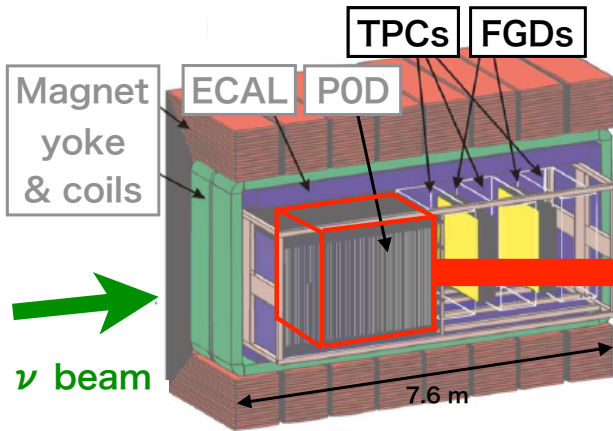
T2K Projected POT (Protons-On-Target)



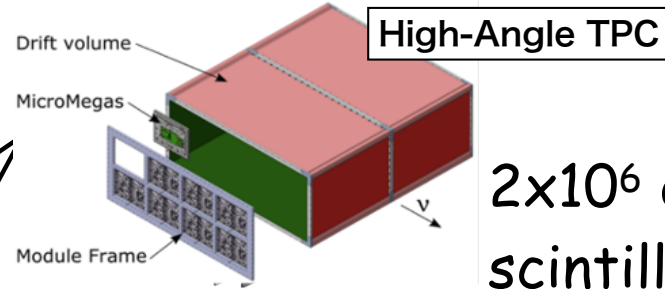
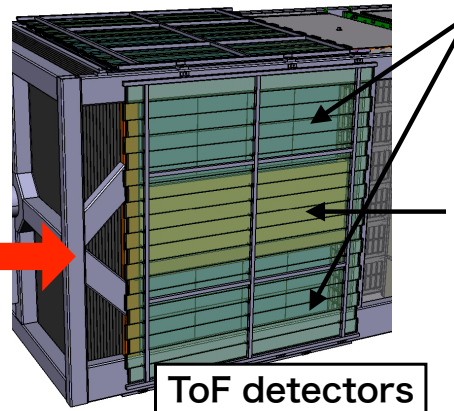
x ~1.5 more neutrinos/second compared to before the upgrade !!
(beam power & horn)
Still in progress toward 1.3MW

T2K ND280 upgrade

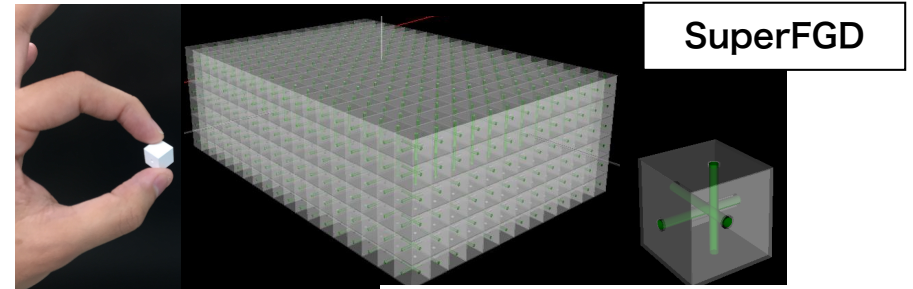
Current ND280



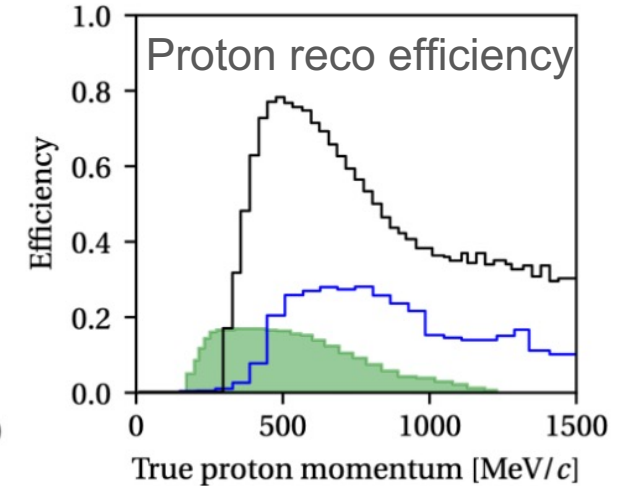
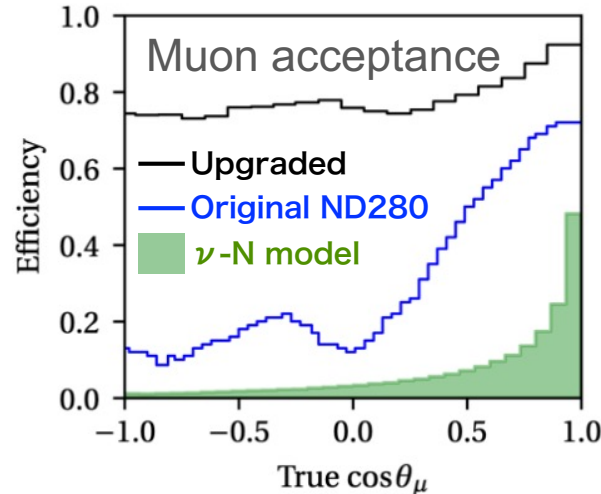
Upgraded ND280



2×10^6 of 1 cm^3 scintillator cubes

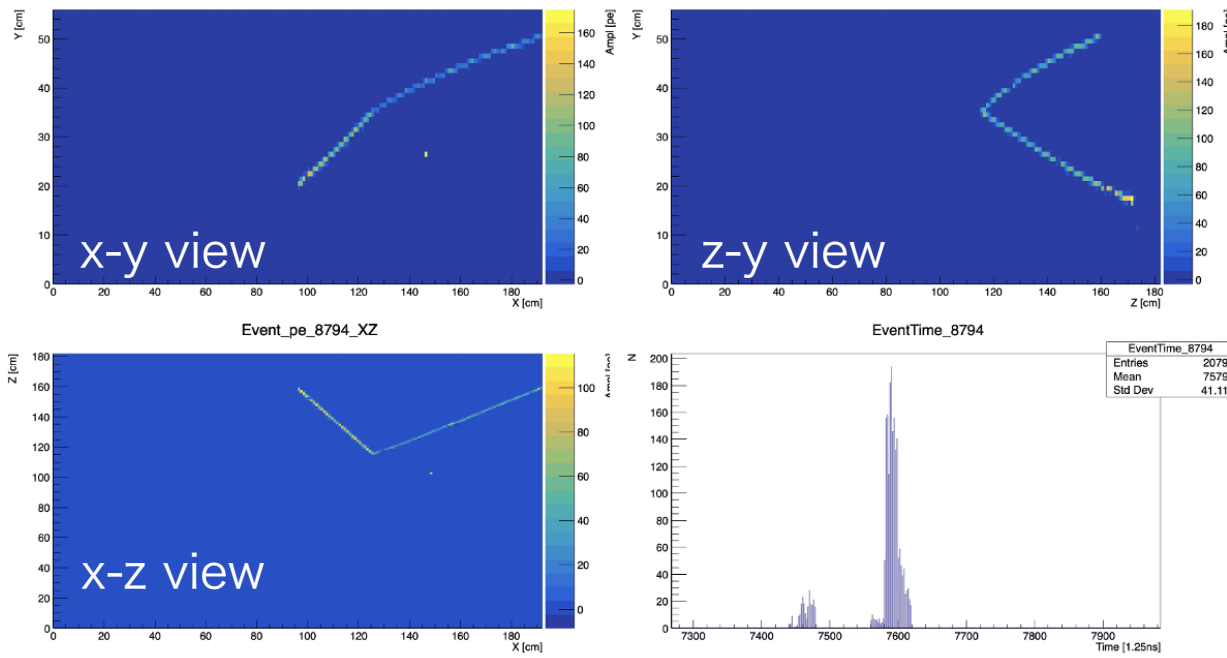


New capability to deeply understand neutrino interactions



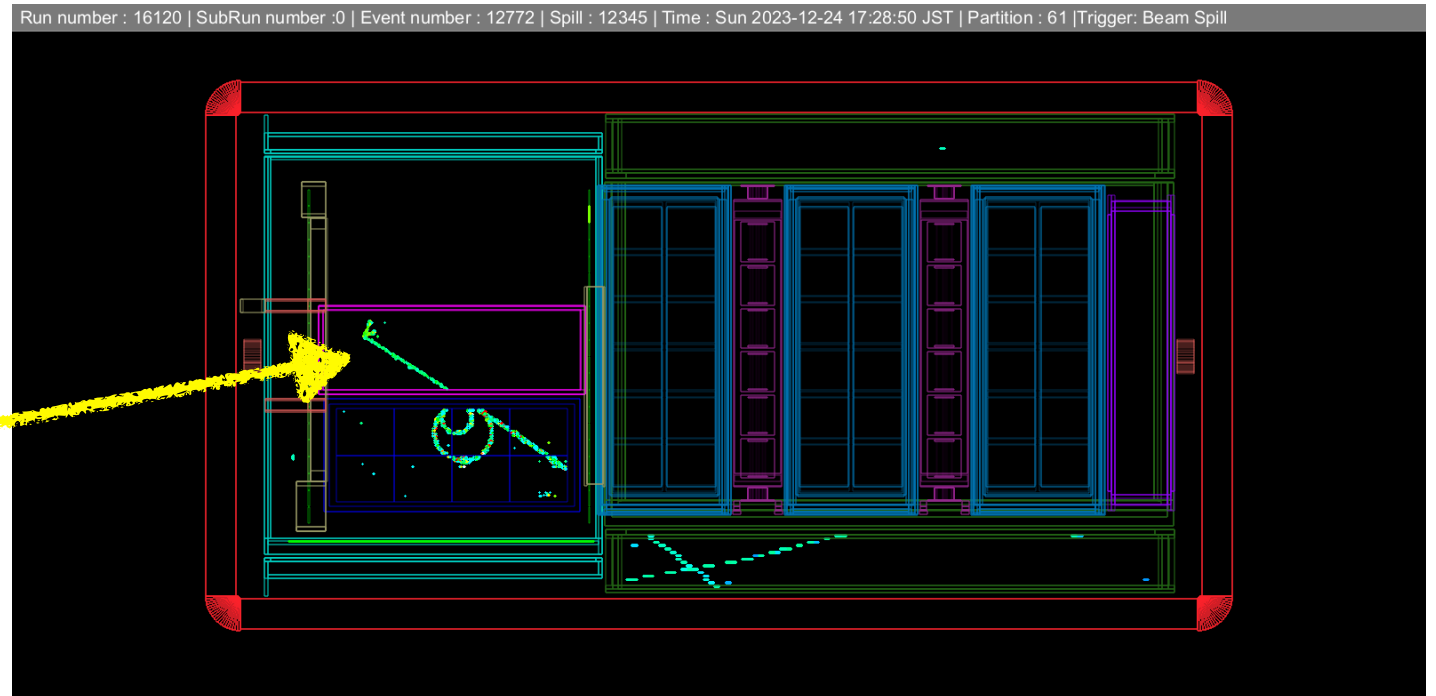
- New detectors (SuperFGD, High-Angle TPC, TOF) are partially installed into UA1-magnet

An event display of SFGD (3 directions)

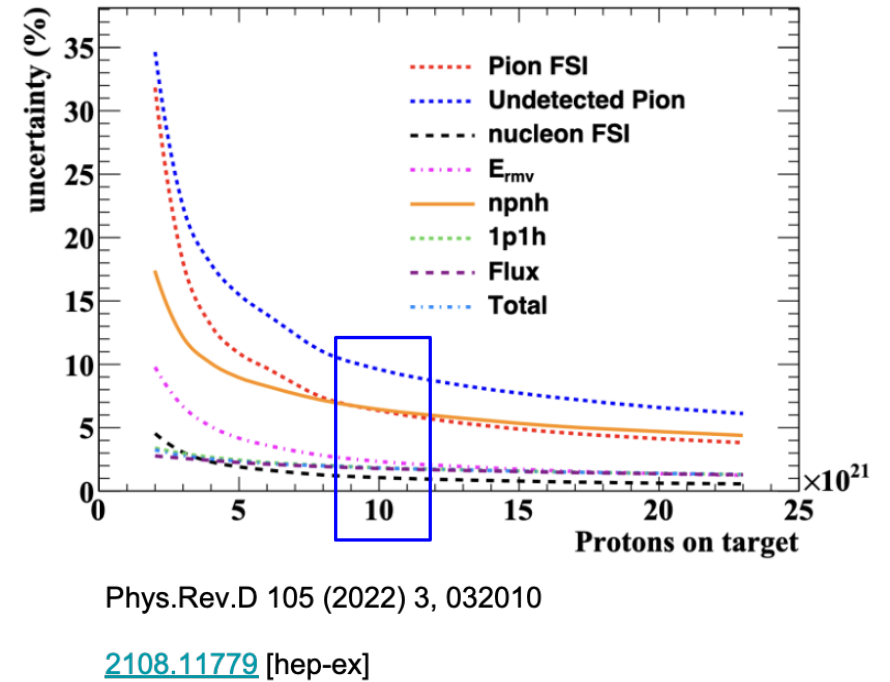
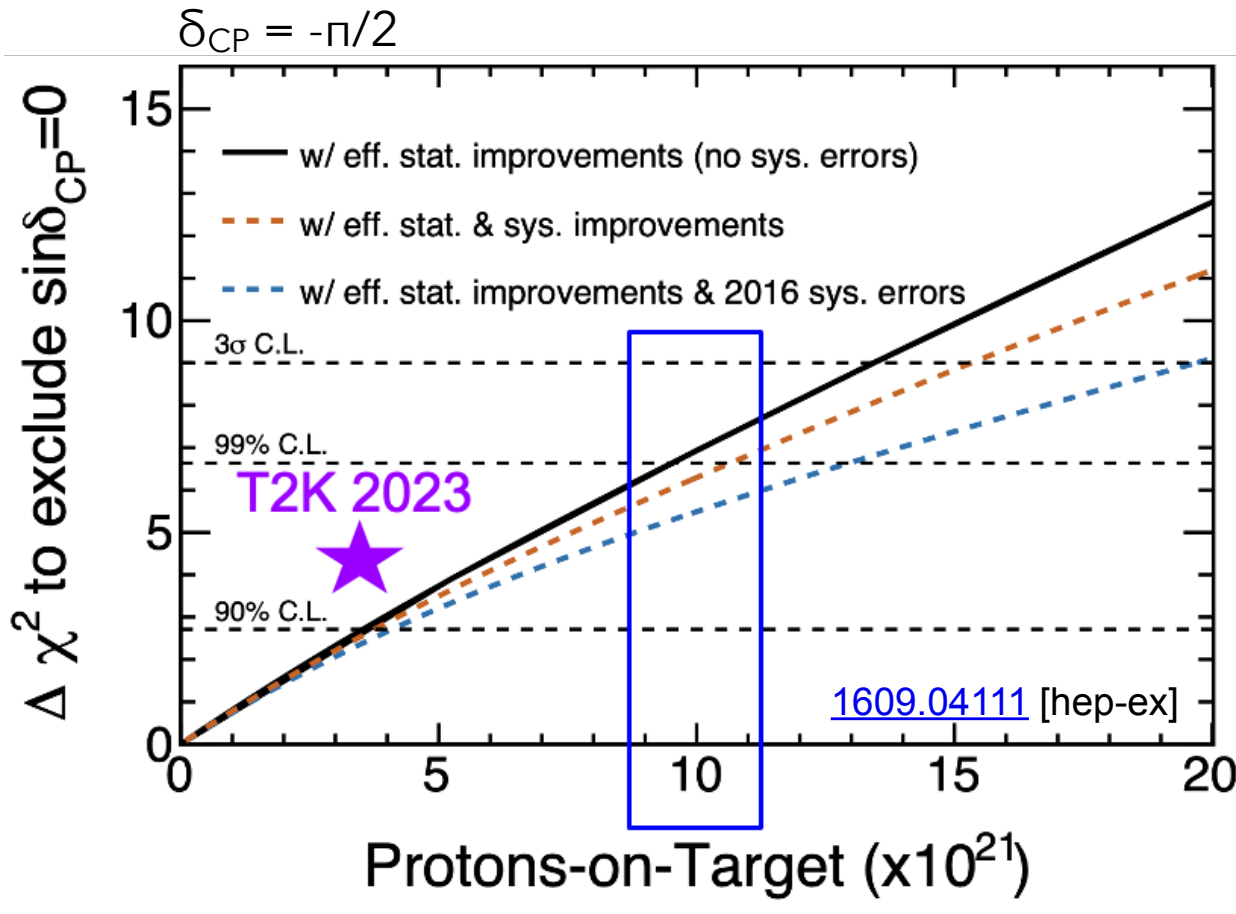


Commissioning with neutrino beam has been started !

An event display of upgraded ND280



Prospects



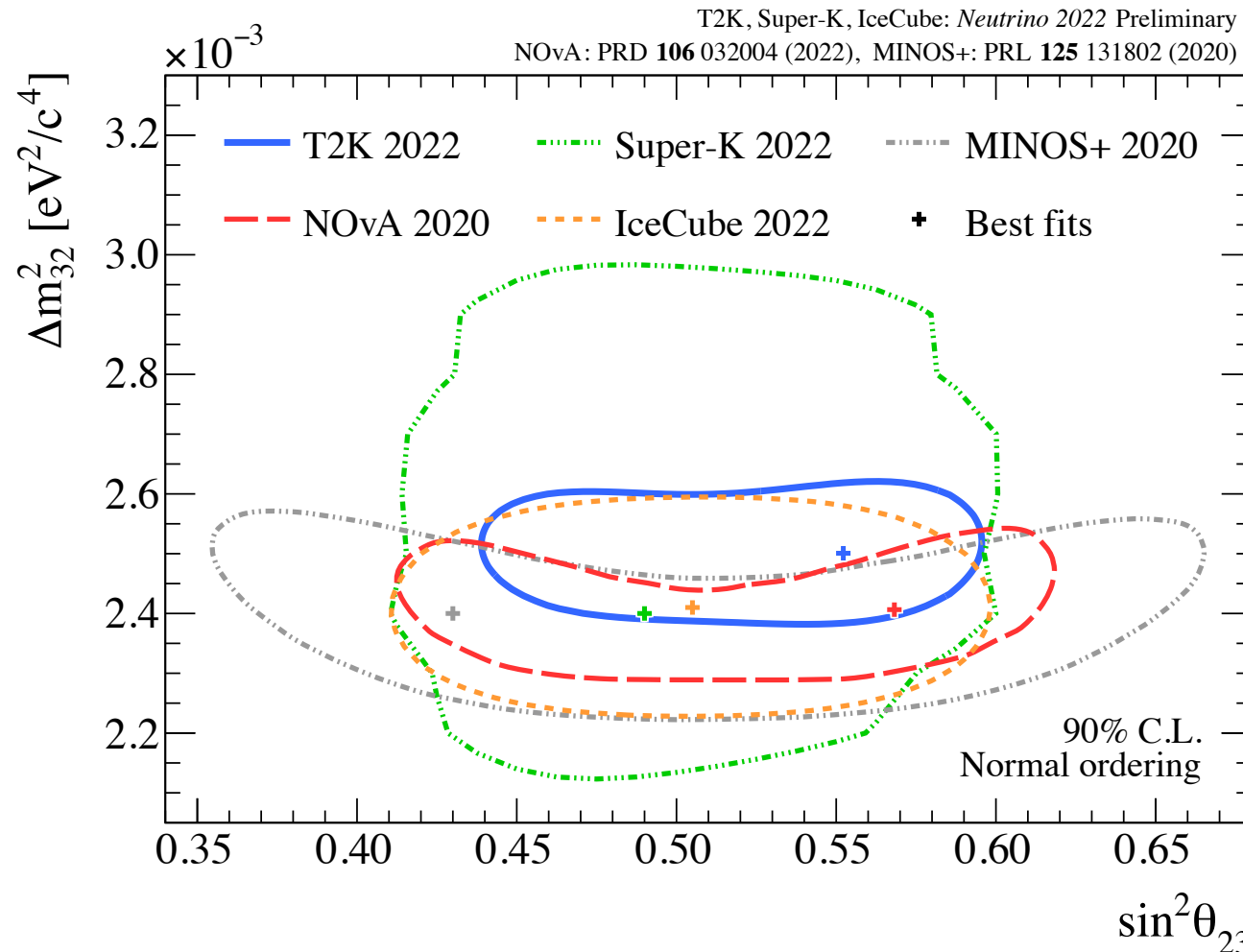
- With 10×10^{21} POT, T2K will have world leading CPV sensitivity
- It is crucial to reduce systematic errors, and this will be achieved with the upgraded ND280 data

Summary

- Conservation of CP symmetry excluded at 90% C.L. (latest T2K results with several improvements)
- New results from two joint analyses : SK+T2K and NOvA+T2K
- T2K enters a new phase with significantly improved sensitivity for neutrino oscillation
 - Started data taking with upgraded accelerator neutrino beam and new detectors
 - Stay tuned for exciting results in future !

backup

Δm_{32}^2 and θ_{23}



- World-leading measurement of atmospheric parameters ($|\Delta m_{32}^2|$ precision is $\sim 3\%$ level)
- Still compatible with both θ_{23} octants

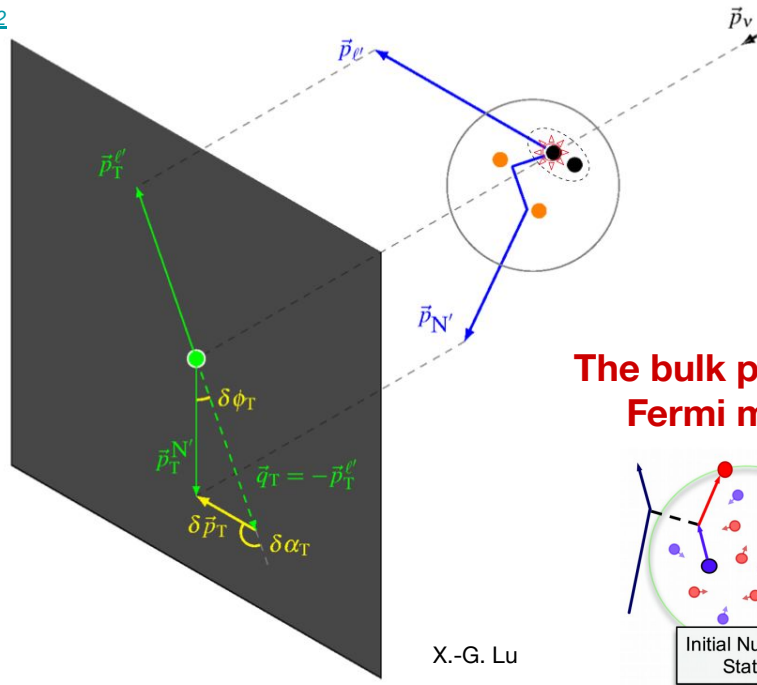
New observables: transverse kinematic imbalance

For more details, see:

* [Phys Rev C 94, 015503](#)

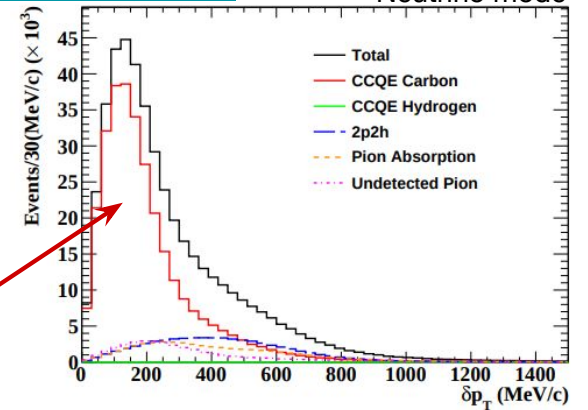
* [Talk by X.-G. Lu at NEUTRINO2022](#)

Nucleon bound within nuclear target

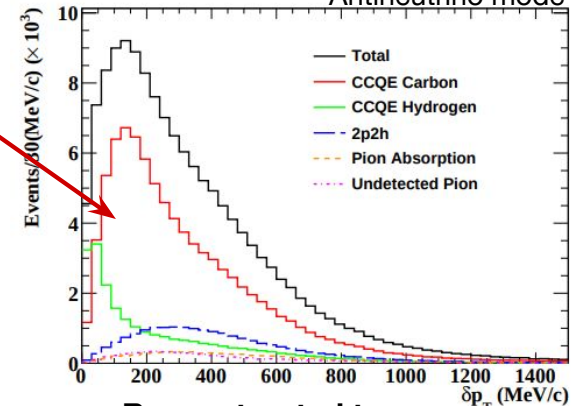


[Phys. Rev. D 105,032010](#)

Neutrino mode

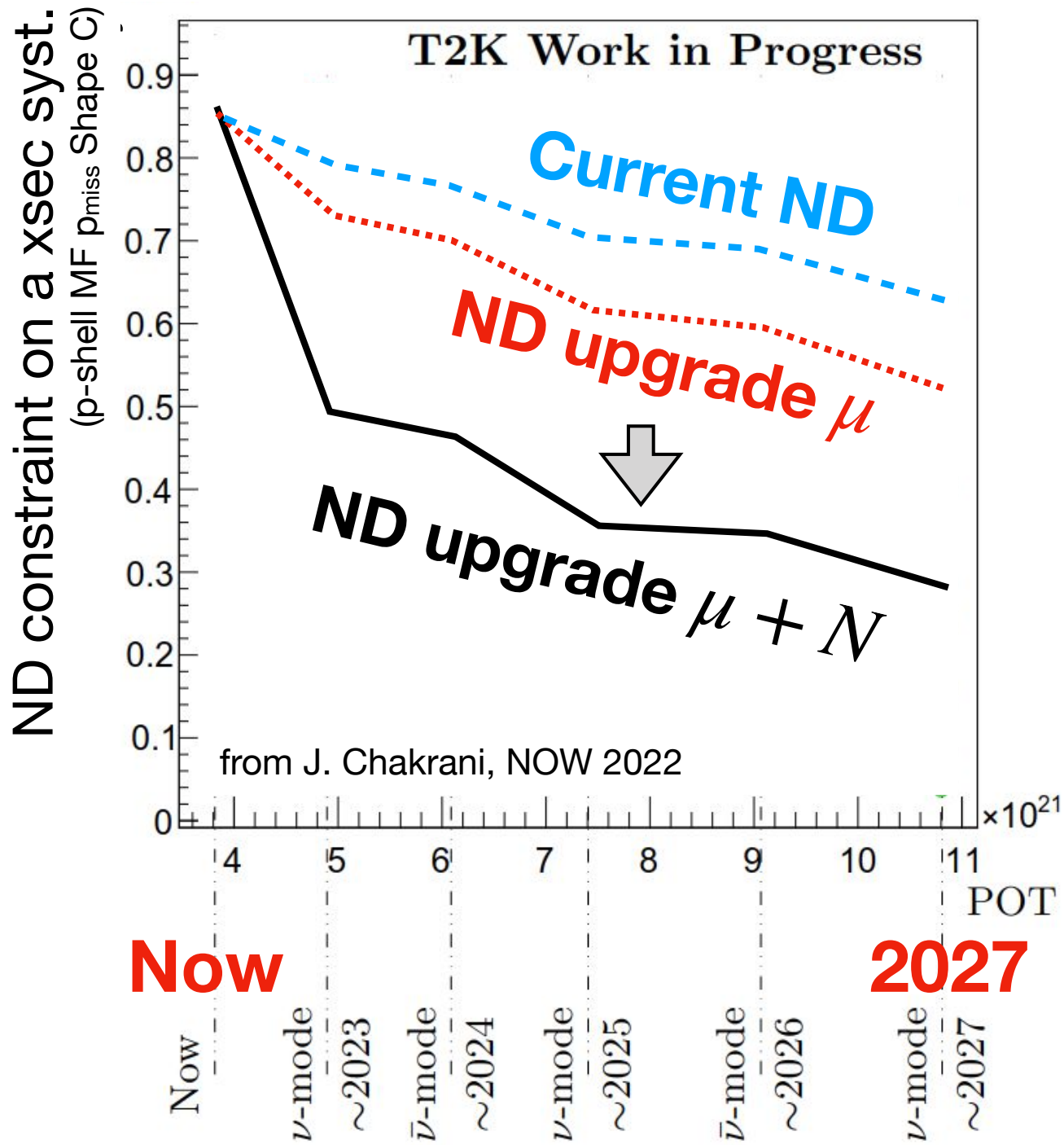


Antineutrino mode



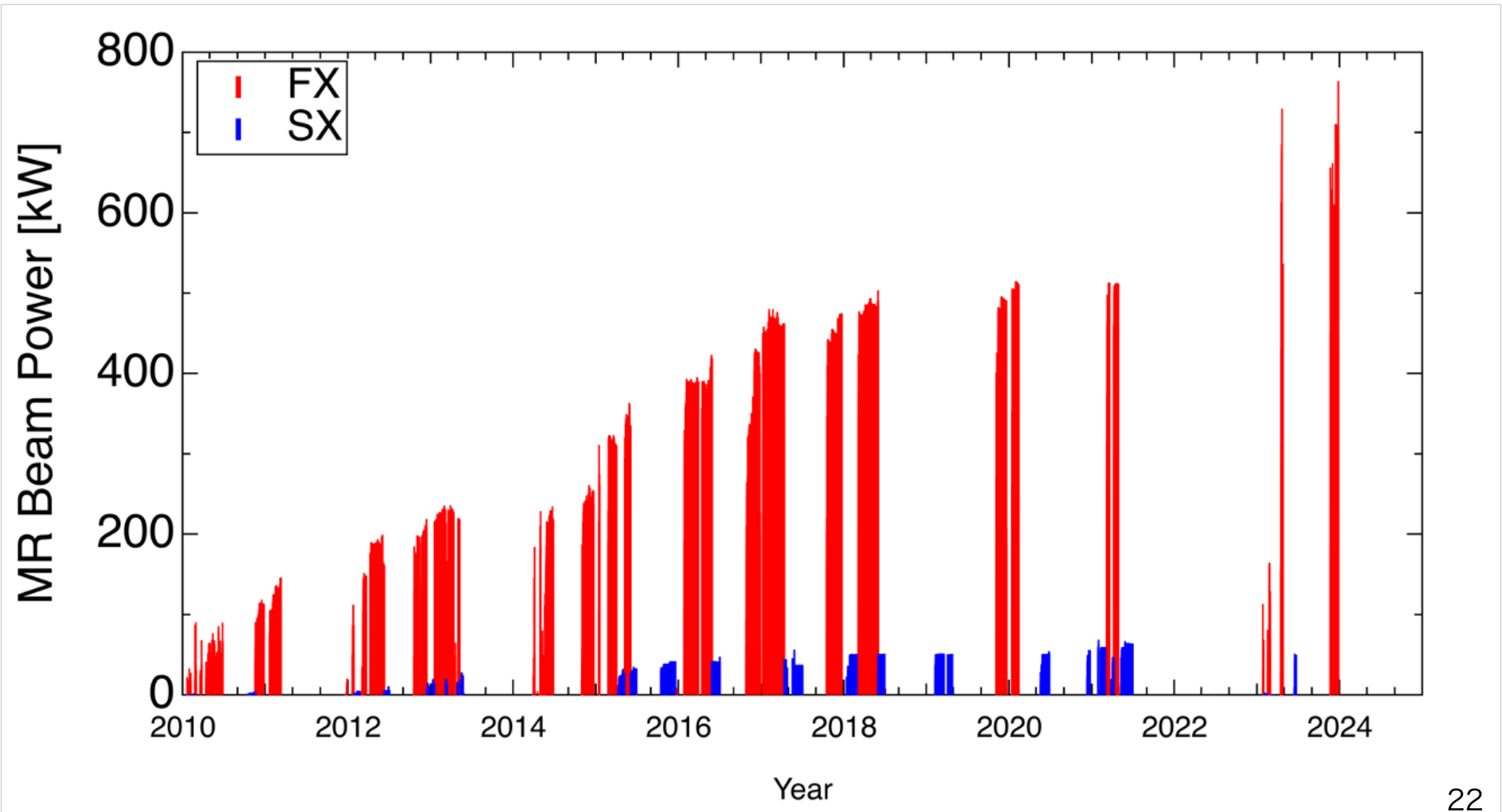
Reconstructed transverse momentum imbalance δp_T

- Need the reconstruction of both muons and nucleons
- Probe nuclear effects (Fermi motion, FSI, ...)



MR Beam Operation

- Hardware upgrade was completed for the 1.36 s operation by JFY2022.
- Beam tuning and FX operation were performed in April, Nov. and Dec. of 2023
- Beam power was gradually increased with beam tunings.
- Beam of 760 kW was successfully delivered on Dec. 25, 2023.



J-PARC neutrino beamline

