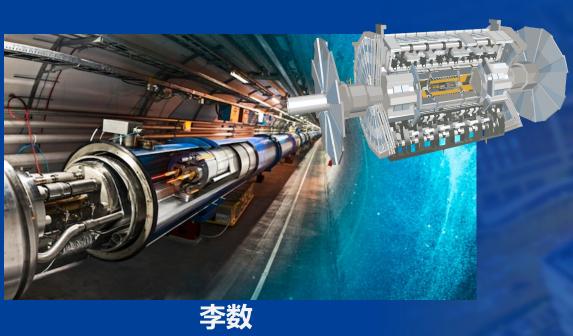






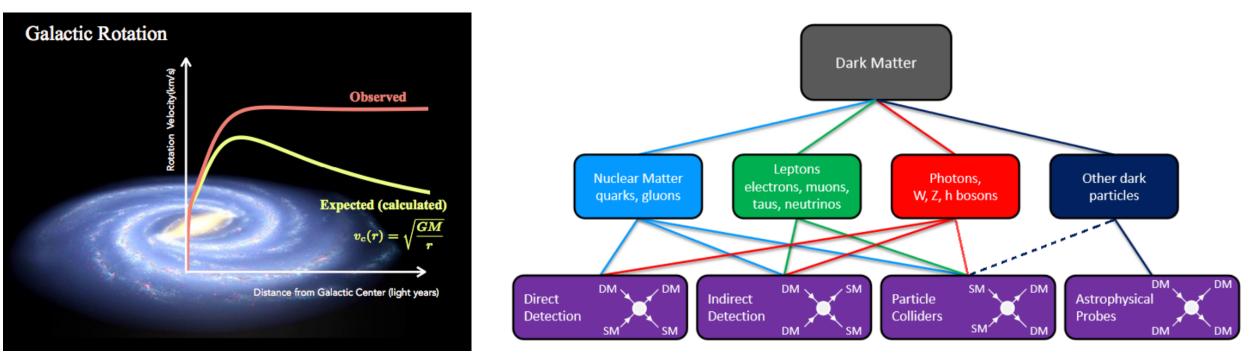
Recent Dark Matter combination summary from ATLAS



<u>shuli@sjtu.edu.cn</u> 31/12/2023 紫金山暗物质研讨会 2023 @ NNU

Dark Matter Evidence and Theory Context in a nutshell

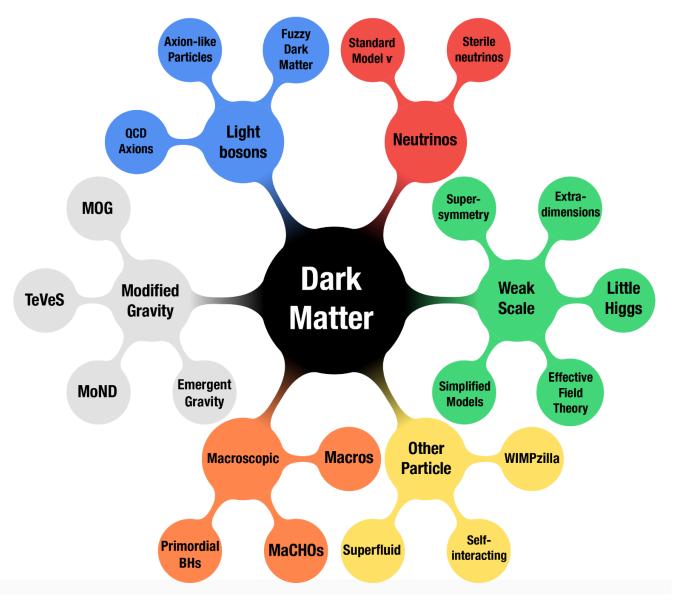




- DM evidence from astronomical observations and gravitational effects:
 - Galactic rotation curves, Gravitational lensing, Cosmic Microwave Background anisotropies, ...
- Characteristics: Non-baryonic, massive, electrically neutral, gravitational, stable → WIMP context
- BSM models predict weakly interacting massive particle (WIMP) -> Dark Matter Candidate. In SUSY
 models, the lightest SUSY particle LSP is a candidate for dark matter. Being LSP stable in most Models.
- Any WIMP DM produced at collider experiments will interact weakly and pass invisibly through detectors. Inferred through 'Missing E_T' when event does not balance in plane transverse to beam.
 Particle and Nuclear Physics Division 粒子与核物理研究部

Frontiers that DM can reach out

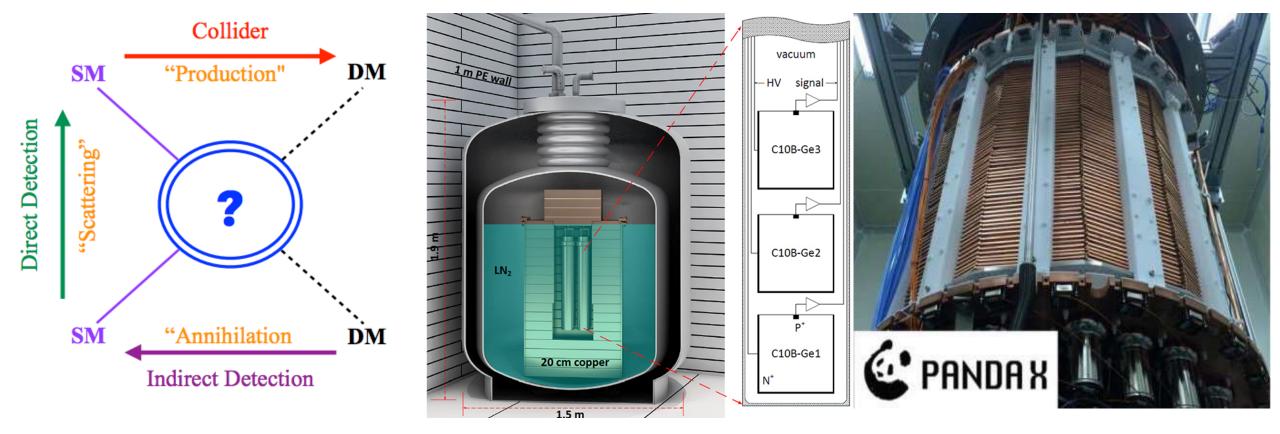




Dark Matter Direct Detections



- Direct Detection (DD): nuclear recoils from DM-nuclei scattering (CDEX, PandaX, LZ, XENONnT, ...)
- Indirect Detection (ID): products from DM annihilation (DAMPE, HESS, IceCube, ..)
- Colliders: DM production in high-energy collisions, focusing on the productions of a SM particle(s) (X) with large missing E_T



Dark Matter Indirect Detections



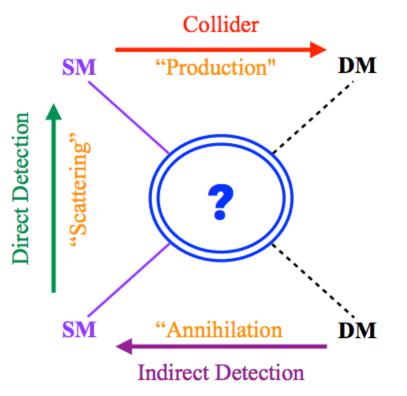
- Direct Detection (DD): nuclear recoils from DM-nuclei scattering (CDEX, PandaX, LZ, XENONnT, ...)
- Indirect Detection (ID): products from DM annihilation (DAMPE, HESS, IceCube, ..)
- Colliders: DM production in high-energy collisions, focusing on the productions of a SM particle(s) (X) with large missing E_T

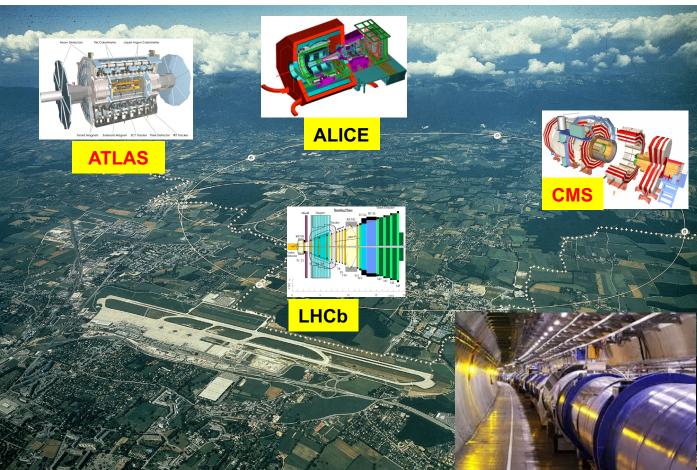


Dark Matter Collider productions



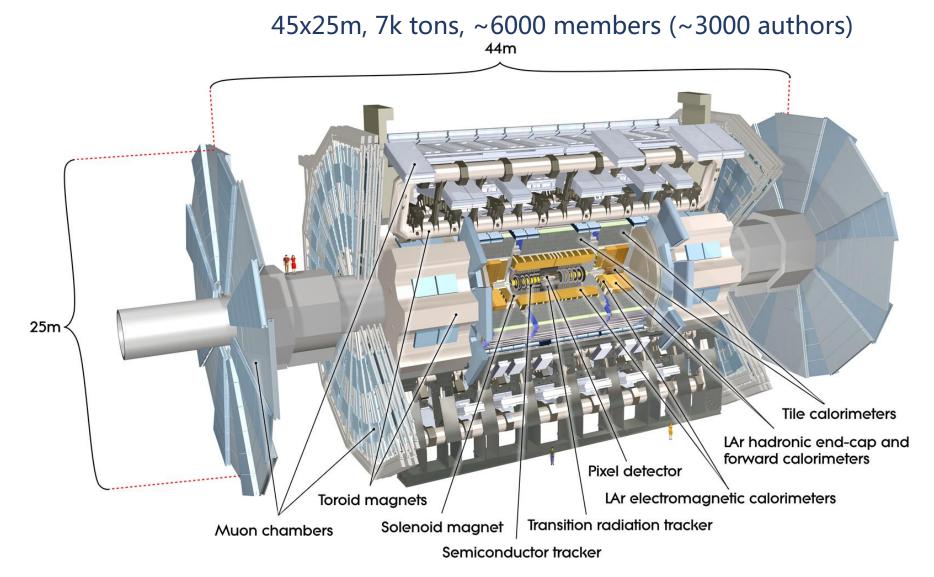
- Direct Detection (DD): nuclear recoils from DM-nuclei scattering (CDEX, PandaX, LZ, XENONnT, ...)
- Indirect Detection (ID): products from DM annihilation (DAMPE, HESS, IceCube, ..)
- Colliders: DM production in high-energy collisions, focusing on the productions of a SM particle(s) (X) with large missing E_T





The ATLAS Experiment

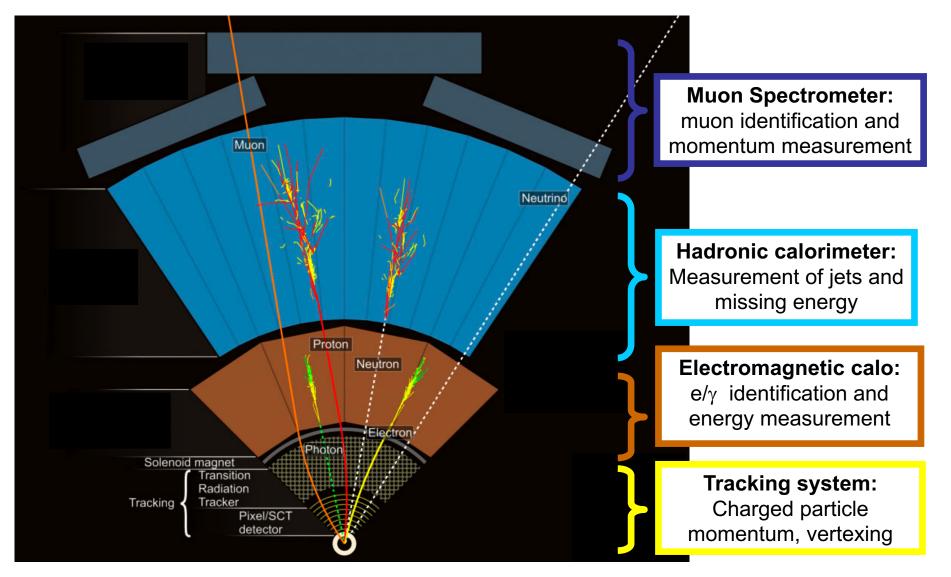






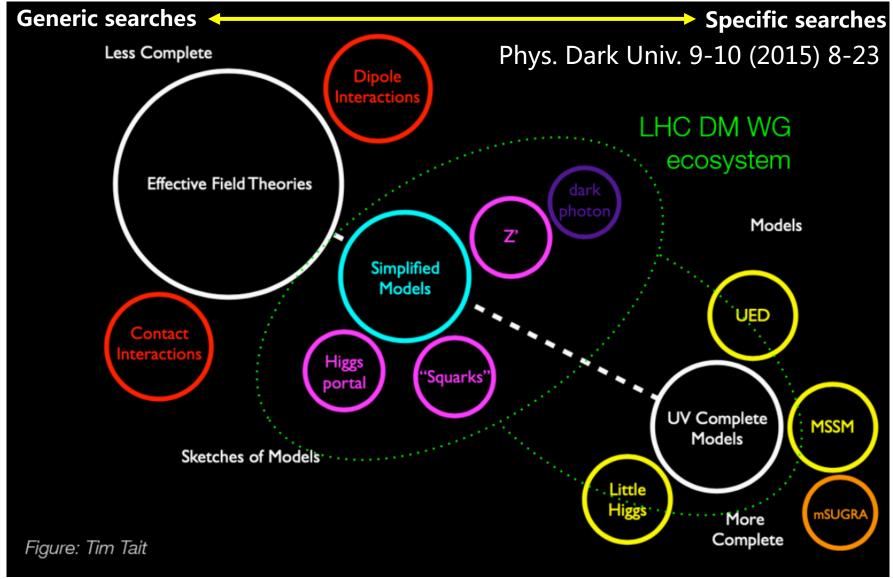
ATLAS Detector System





Dark Matter Models for LHC

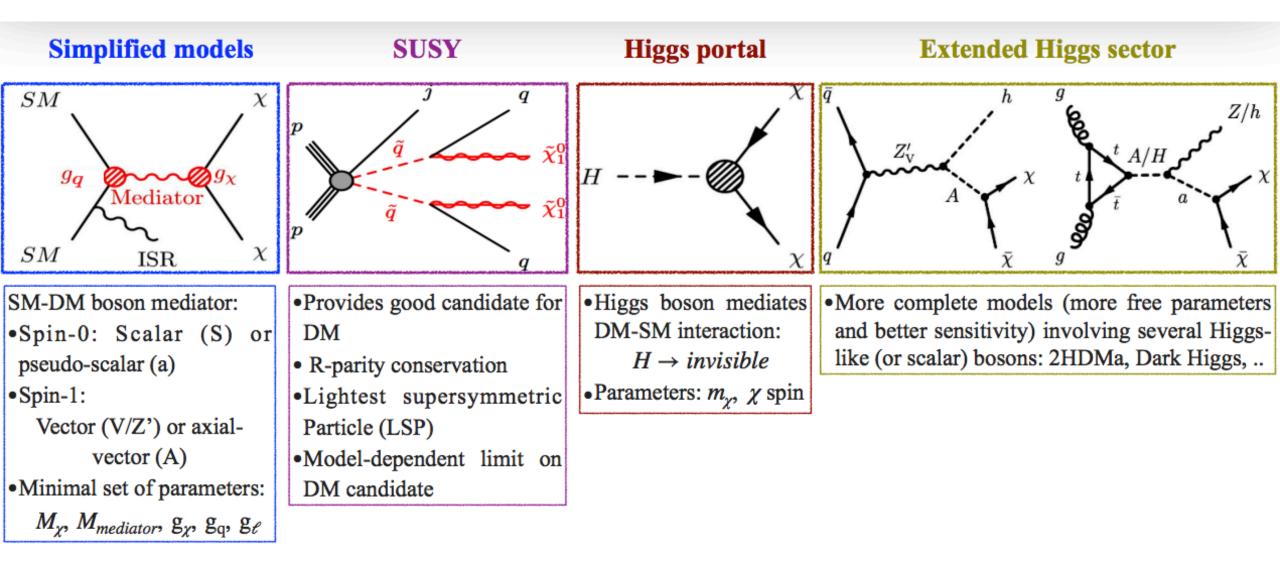






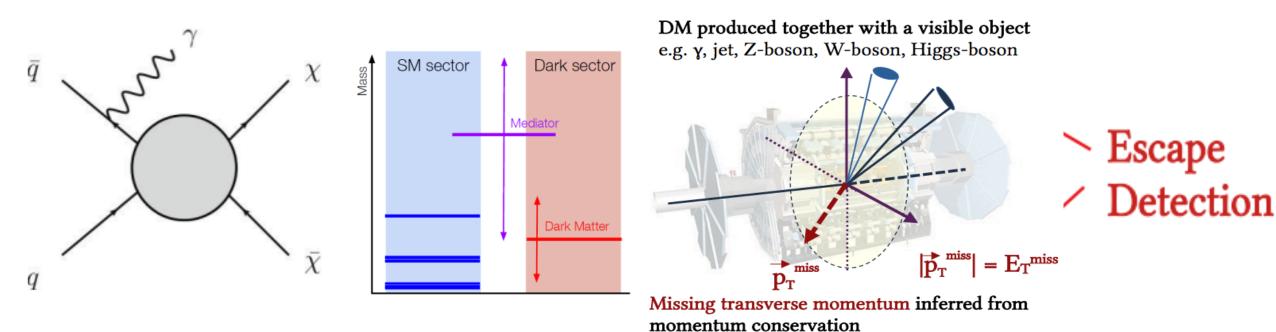
Dark Matter Search programs at LHC





S-channel Mediator Simplified Models





Simplified model:

- Starting point to build complete theories
- Colliders can search for the mediator directly
- Benchmark model @ Run II

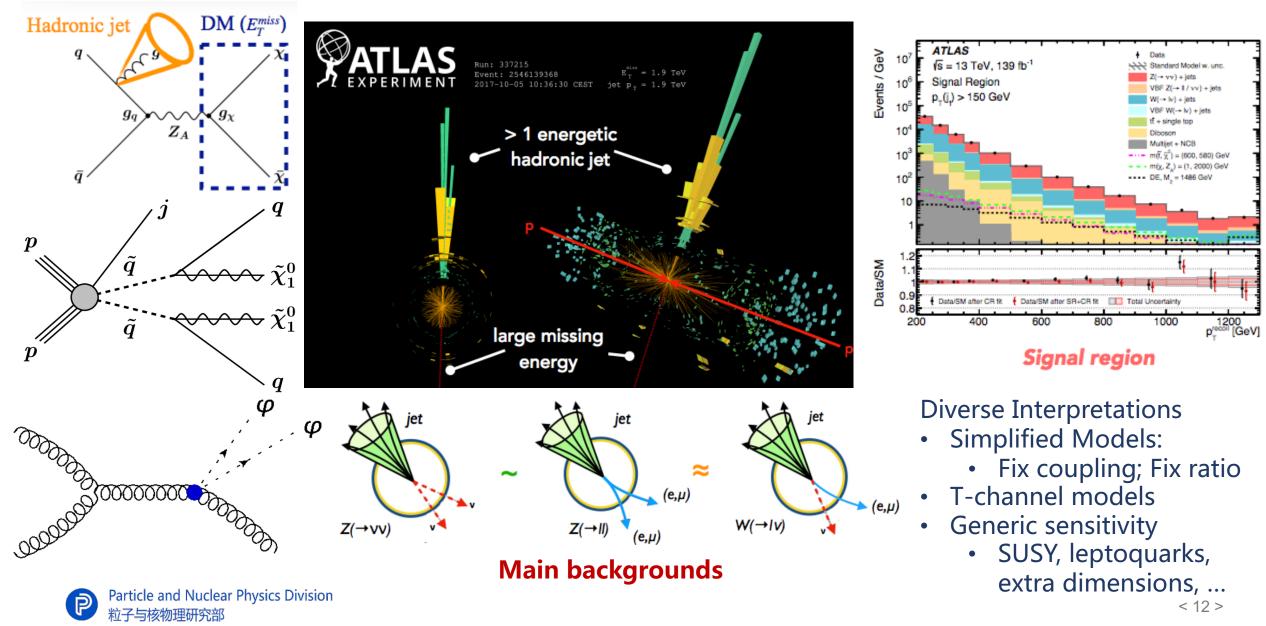
Two complementary approaches:

- Look for DM mono-X signature
- Look for mediator resonance search



Mono-Jet search (Jet + E_T^{miss})



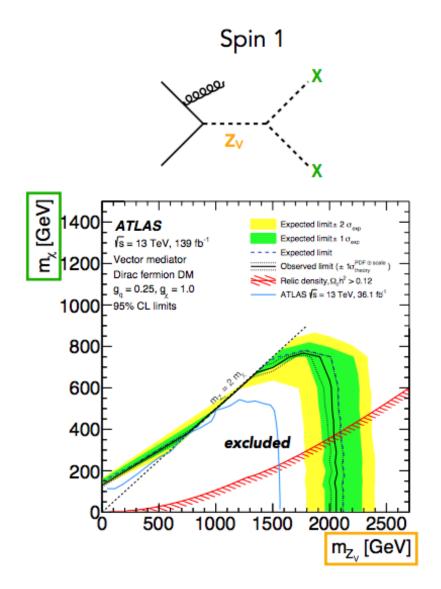


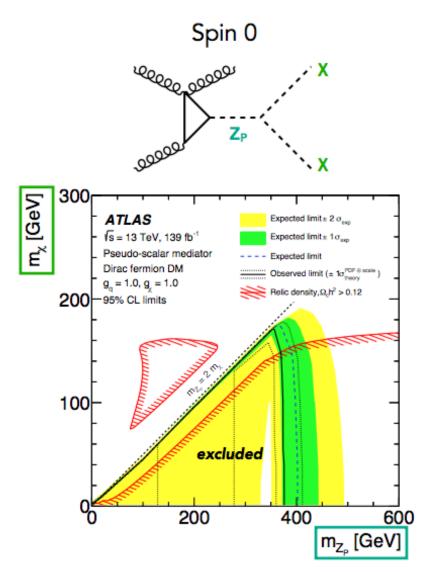
Phys. Rev. D 103 (2021) 112006

Phys. Rev. D 103 (2021) 112006

Mono-Jet search (Jet + E_T^{miss})

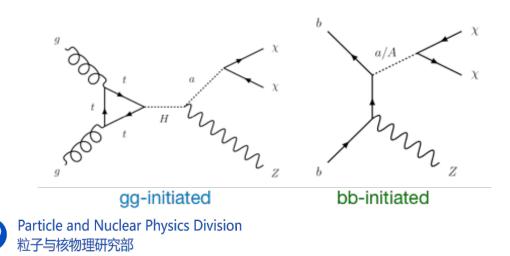


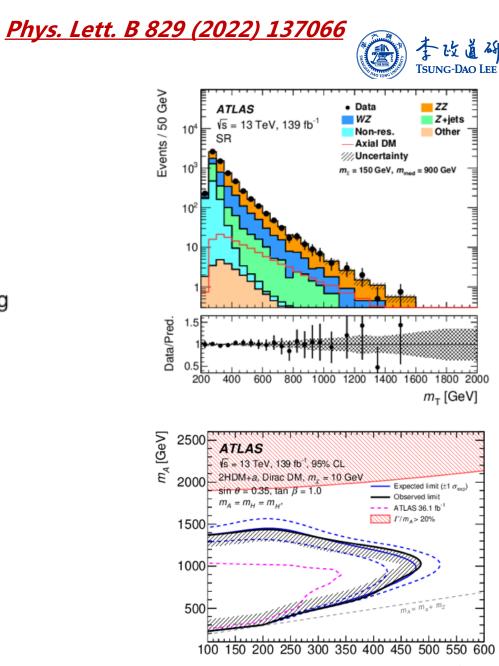




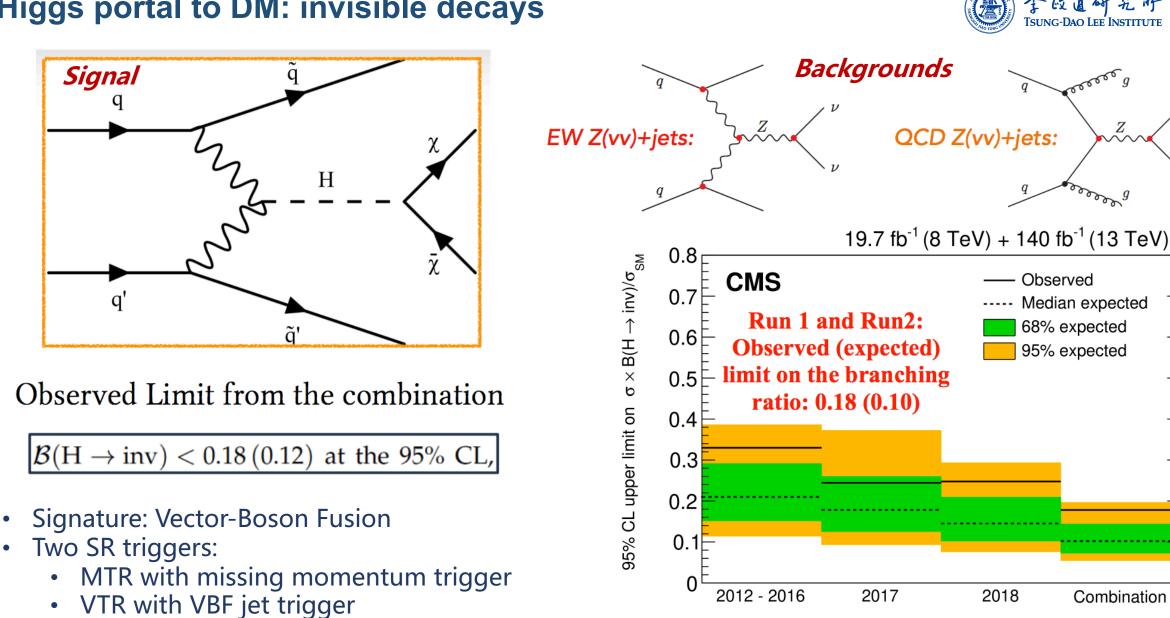
• E_T^{miss}+Z(II) signature

- Signal region:
 - Z boson recoiling against large $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ > 90 GeV
 - Presence of a pair of high-p_T, same flavour, oppositely charged leptons with angular separation < 1.8
- Dominant bkgs ZZ, WZ and non-resonant bkgs estimated using
 4I, 3I, and eµ Control Regions.
- Fit to data is performed on $m_{\rm T}^{\rm lep}$ (in SR and $e\mu$ CR) + $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ (in 4I and 3I CRs).





*m*_a[GeV] < 14 >



Higgs portal to DM: invisible decays

< 15 >

Combination

Z

⁶هوو

Observed

68% expected

95% expected

Particle and Nuclear Physics Division 物理研究剖

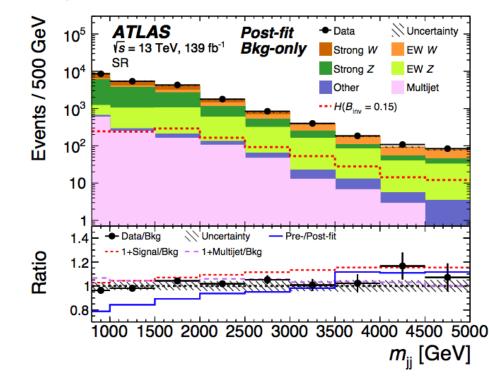
Phys. Rev. D 105 (2022) 092007 李政道研究所

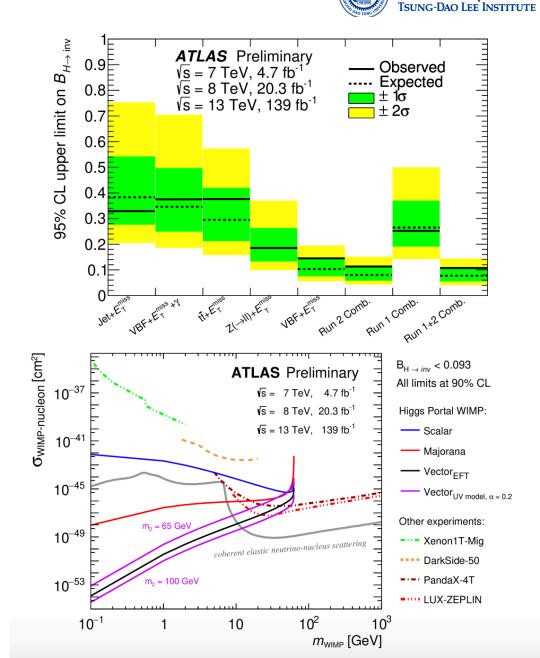


Higgs portal to DM: invisible decays

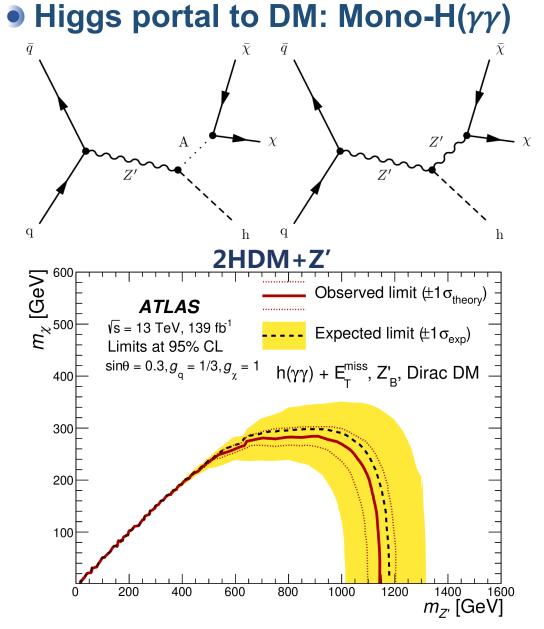
Analysis	Best fit $\mathcal{B}_{H \to \text{inv}}$	Observed 95% U.L.	Expected 95% U.L.
Run 2 Comb.	0.04 ± 0.04	0.113	$0.080\substack{+0.031\\-0.022}$
Run 1 Comb.	$-0.02\substack{+0.14\\-0.13}$	0.252	$0.265_{-0.074}^{+0.105}$
Run 1+2 Comb.	0.04 ± 0.04	0.107	$0.077^{+0.030}_{-0.022}$

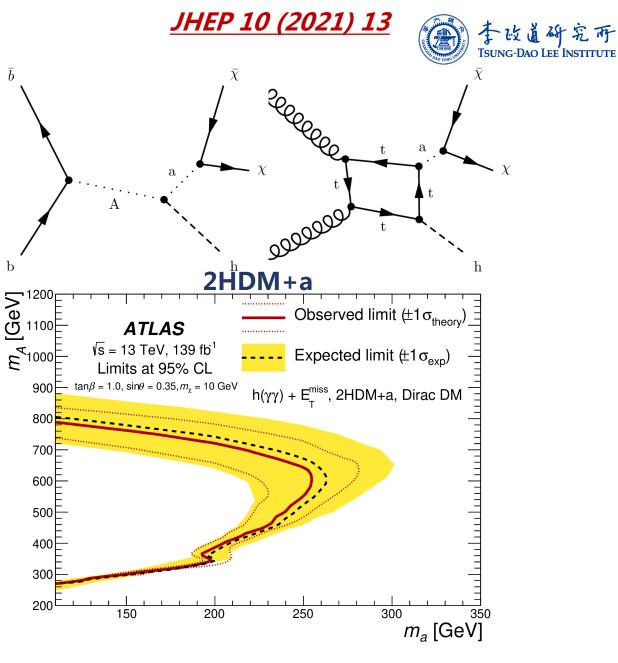
- Z to W ratio predictions @NLO QCD, NLO EW arXiv:2204.07652 - used to constrain Zjets with Wjets
- Probing BR($H \rightarrow Inv$) at 10% level





李政道研究所



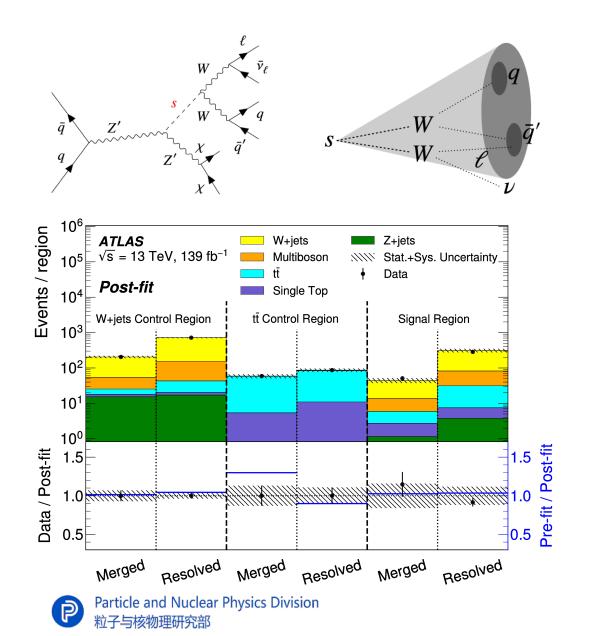


JHEP 11 (2021) 209 李旼道研究厅 TSUNG-DAO LEE INSTITUTE Higgs portal to DM: Mono-H(bb) Interpreted with 2HDM+Z', 2HDM+a in both ggF and bbH. Also Model-independent upper limits on the visible cross-section **Resolved** topology Merged topology $150 < E_T^{miss} < 500 \, \text{GeV}$ $E_T^{miss} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $50 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 280 \text{ GeV}$ $50 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 270 \text{ GeV}$ Α t,b At least 2 small-R jets At least 1 large-R jet 2000 а GeV $\sigma_{vis,h+DM} \, [fb]$ ATLAS ≥ 20 0.6 Single top ATLAS $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, 139 fb⁻⁻ Single top ATLAS $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. 139 fb⁻¹ Observed Limit Z+HF Z+HF 우 80 Signal Region **Signal Region** Others $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ --- Expected Limit Events 0.5 0.4 Others 0-lepton \geq 3 *b*-tag 0-lepton ≥3 b-tag Background Uncertainty E^{miss} ∈ [200,350) GeV Background Uncertainty h(bb) + E_{τ}^{miss} , All limits at 95% CL Events / E^{miss} > 500 GeV $\pm 1 \sigma_{exp}$ ±2 σ_{exp} Mono-h 2HDM+a CL_s upper limit on Mono-h 2HDM+a (m_A,m_a) = (1000,150) GeV $(m_A, m_a) = (1000, 150) \text{ GeV}$ $\tan\beta = 10, \sigma_{signal} = 62.7 \text{ fb} (\times 10)$ $\tan\beta = 10$, $\sigma_{signal} = 62.7$ fb (×5) 0.3 40 0.2 20 0.1 10 Data/SM 1 2.0 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 260 280 0.5 $\begin{array}{c} E_{T}^{m_{B_{S}}} & E_{T}^{m_{B_{S}}}$ ^{° _ 500} Gev 60 60 160 180 80 100 120 140 200 220 240 260 m_{bb} [GeV] m_{bb} [GeV] 2 b-tag ≥3 *b*-tag



● Dark Higgs Search: s→WW semileptonic

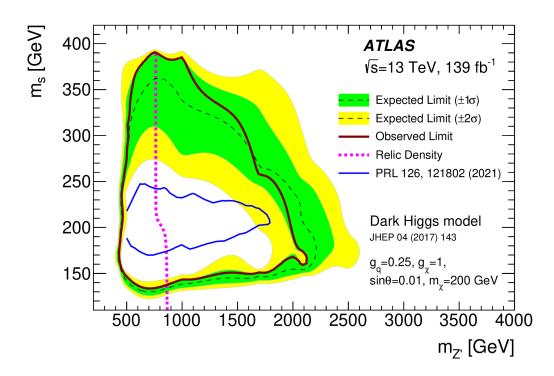




• Two mediator model: Z' + Dark Higgs

JHEP 07 (2023) 116

- Utilize both resolved calorimeter-measured jet pair or merged from track-assisted reclustered jets
- Scenarios with dark Higgs boson masses ranging between 140 and 390 GeV are excluded.

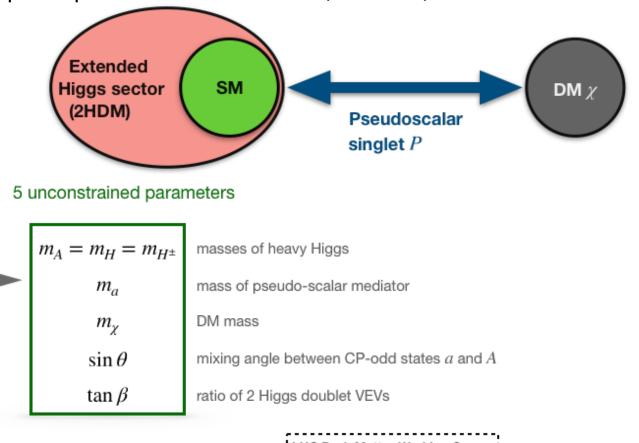


2HDM+a context

<u>arXiv:2306.00641</u> (Science Bulletin Accepted)

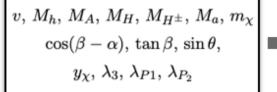


- One of the popular ATLAS DM benchmark context
 - Searches interpreted in Two-Higgs-Doublet Model plus a pseudo-scalar mediator (2HDM+a):
 - Minimal, UV-complete extension.
 - EWK Symmetry Breaking:
 - 5 Higgs: h, H, H[±], A
 - 1 light pseudo-scalar: a



LHC Dark Matter Working Group Phys. Dark Univ. 27 (2020) 100351						
Bauer, Haisch, Kahlhoefer						
JHEP05(2017) 138						

2HDM+a fully defined by 14 parameters



EWK, flavour constraints and to simplify parameter space



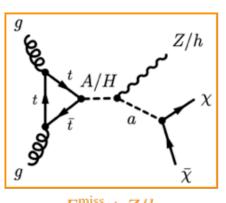
• 2HDM+a Experimental Signatures at ATLAS (Science Bulletin Accepted)



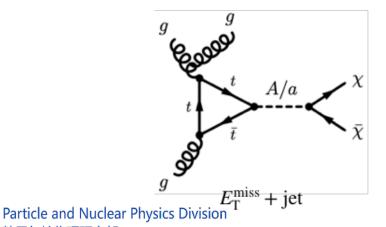
- 2HDM+a has rich phenomenology predicting wide range of signatures with both visible and invisible decays
 - resonantly production of $E_T^{miss} + Z/h$
 - additional (pseudo-)scalar bosons, e.g. tbH[±](tb)
 - new signatures, e.g. E_T^{miss} +tW

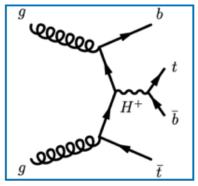
P

物堆研究剖

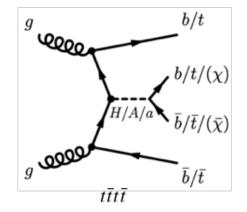


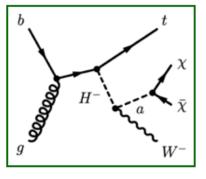






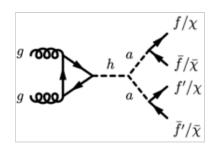
 $tbH^{\pm}(tb)$





arXiv:2306.00641

 $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + tW$



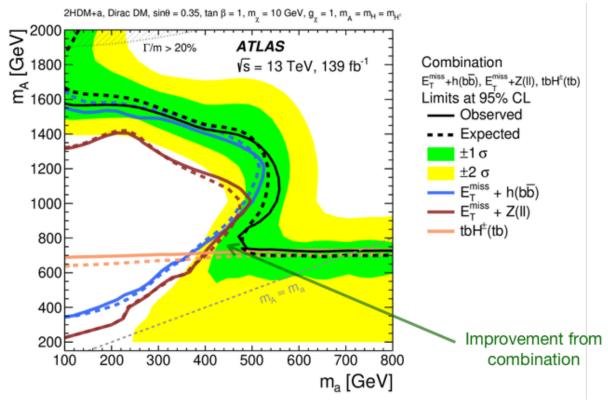
 $h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4f/h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$

Statistical Combination

<u>arXiv:2306.00641</u> <u>(Science Bulletin Accepted)</u>



- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + h(bb)$, $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + Z(ll)$ and $tbH^{\pm}(tb)$: Most constraining signatures of 2HDM+a.
 - $tbH^{\pm}(tb)$ gives significant complementarity to sensitivities of $E_{T}^{miss} + X$
 - stat. combination of 3 channels to maximize 2HDM+a constraints in parameter space.
- Combined exclusion limits obtained from profile likelihood ratio corresponding to 3-channel-combined likelihood.
- Decorrelate over-constrained/pulled uncertainties to avoid any phase-space-specific biases across channels.

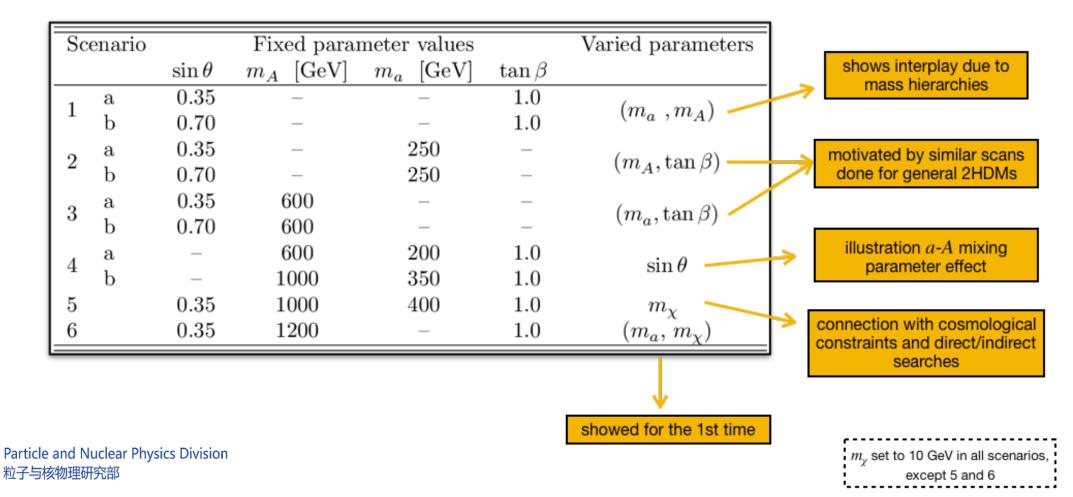


Summary of constraints on 2HDM+a

P



- constraints on 2HDM+a interpreted in 6 benchmark scenarios.
 - highlight diverse phenomenology of 2HDM+a.
 - study the interplay and complementarities between different signatures.



< 23 >

Summary of constraints on 2HDM+a

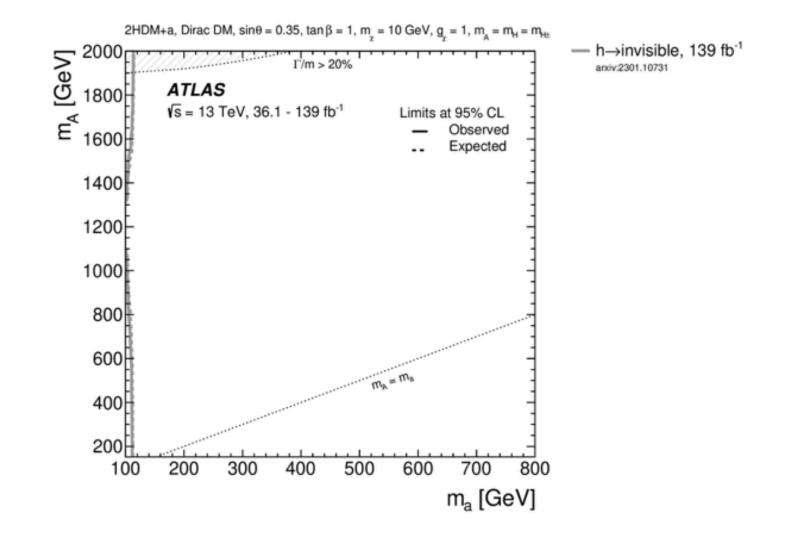


	Δ									Δ
Analysis/Scenario	1a	1b	2a	2b	3a	3b	4a	4b	5	6
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + Z(\ell\ell)$ [74]	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + h(b\bar{b})$ [75]	x	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + h(\gamma\gamma)$ [84]	x	x			х	х	х	x		
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + h(\tau\tau)$ [78]	х			х						
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + tW$ [77]	x	x	х	x	х	х	х	x		
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + j \ [45]$	х	x			х	х	х	х		
$h \rightarrow \text{invisible} [86]$	х	х			х					х
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + Z(q\bar{q}) \ [127]$	х						х	x		
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}} + b\bar{b} \ [128]$							х	x		
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + t\bar{t}$ [128,129]							х	x		
$t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ [85]	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
$tbH^{\pm}(tb)$ [76]	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	\setminus
$h \to aa \to f\bar{f}f'\bar{f}'$ [79,80,81,82,83]										x
	\forall									\forall

Variety of searches interpreted in the context of different 2HDM+a benchmark scenarios



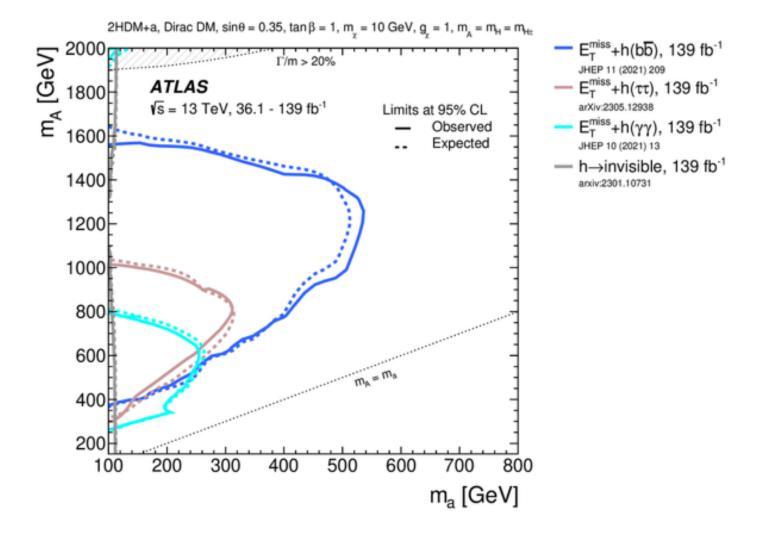
• $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .







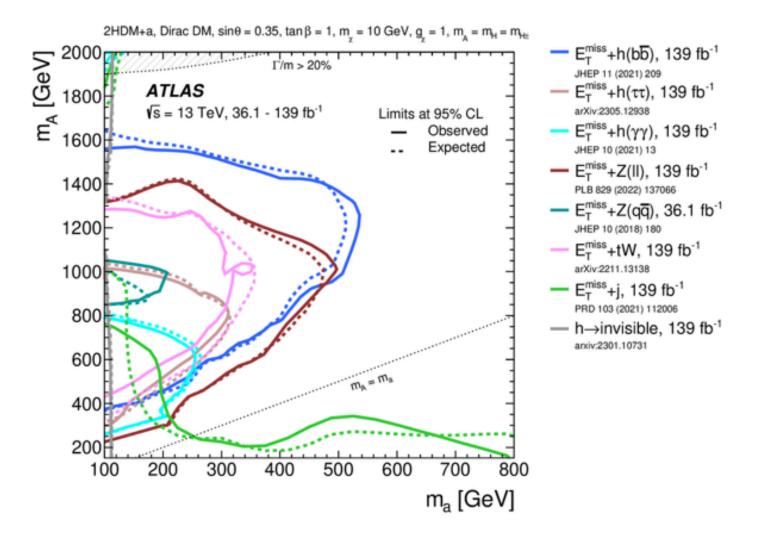
- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + h$ signatures: similar m_A - m_a dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.







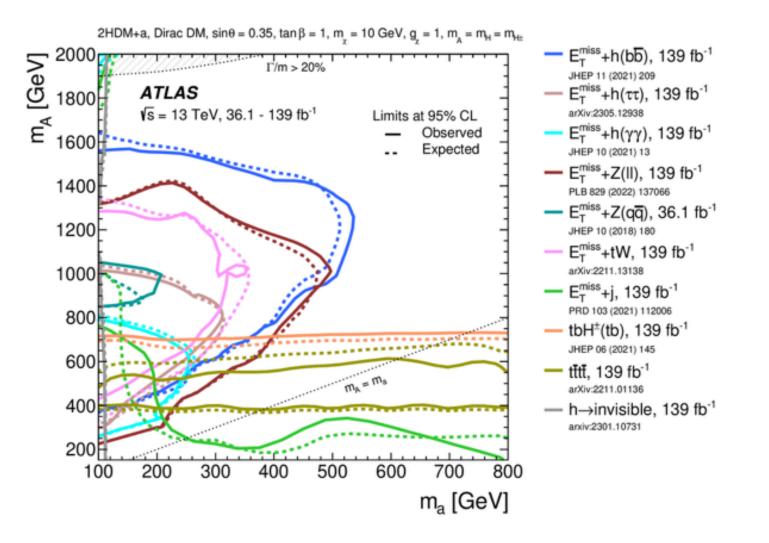
- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + h$ signatures: similar m_A - m_a dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + tW$ similar to $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + Z(ll)$ but with smaller excl. region.
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + jet sensitivity notably different from those of $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + Z and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + h.







- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + h$ signatures: similar m_A - m_a dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + tW$ similar to $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + Z(ll)$ but with smaller excl. region.
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + jet sensitivity notably different from those of $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + Z and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + h.
- Complementary constraints from searches not targeting DM.





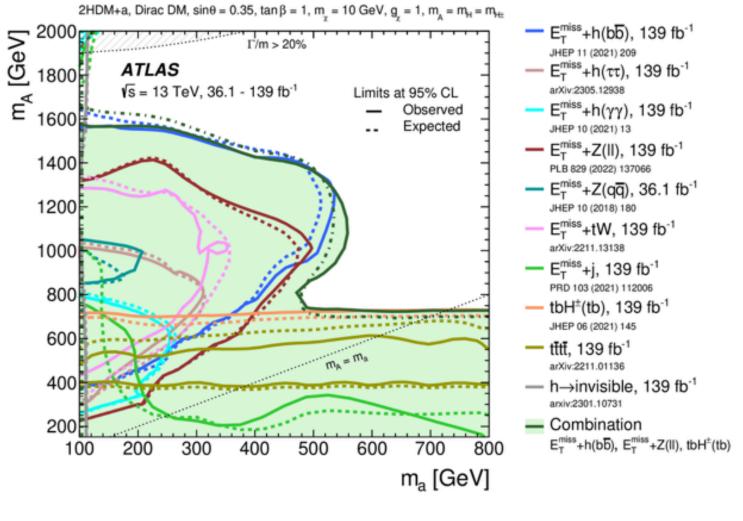
• Sensitivity of 2HDM+a driven by the combination.

- Complementary constraints from searches not targeting DM.
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + jet sensitivity notably different from those of $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + Z and $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ + h.
- smaller excl. region.

• $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + tW$ similar to $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + Z(ll)$ but with

- constraints from $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + h$ signatures: similar m_A - m_a dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.
- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .





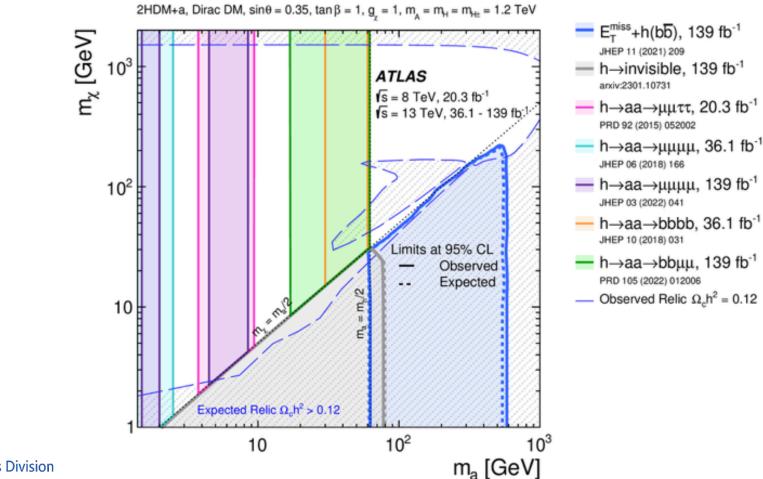


• Scenario 6: $m_a - m_{\gamma}$ plane

- New interpretation in $m_a m_{\gamma}$ plane: ٠
- Searches for SM Higgs decaying to 4 fermions via constrain previously unprobed region of ٠ 2HDM+a.

arXiv:2306.00641

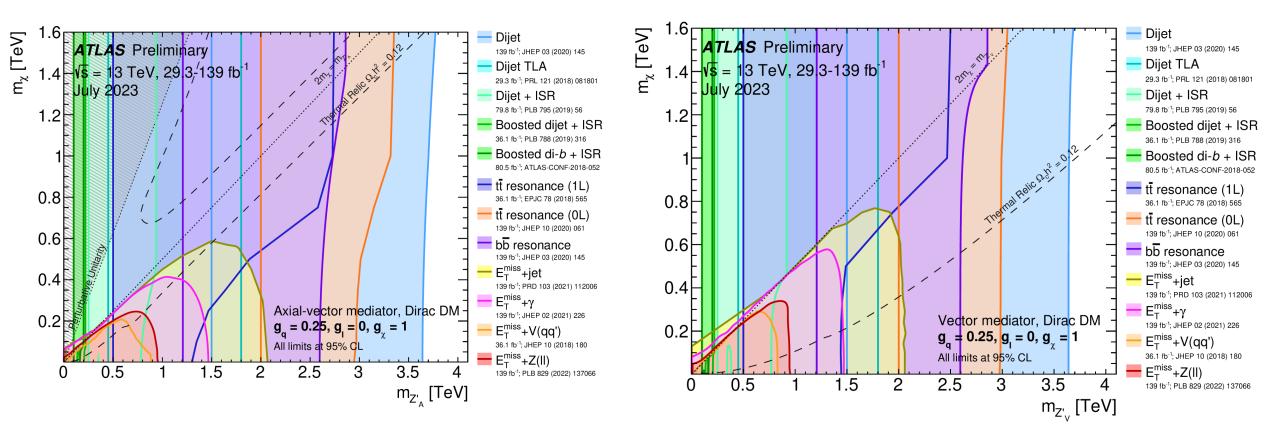
Complementarity to $h \rightarrow inv$. and $E_T^{miss} + h(bb)$ searches. ٠





Auxiliary: (Axial-)Vector Mediator summary



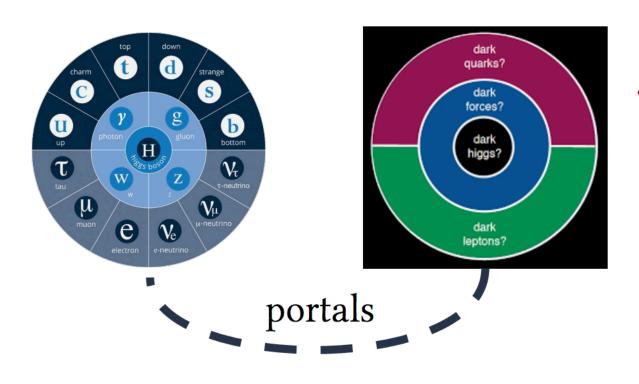


https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-018/



● Dark Higgs → more Dark Portals connecting hidden sectors





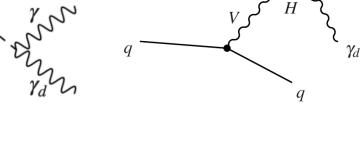
Dark Photon BSM extensions:

 \bar{q}

- U(1) extension of the SM
- Hidden gauge boson A' → kinetic mixing (ε) with the SM photon
- the magnitude of ε affects production rate and lifetime

- Vector portal dark photons
- Scalar portals dark Higgs
- Neutrino portal
- Axion portal

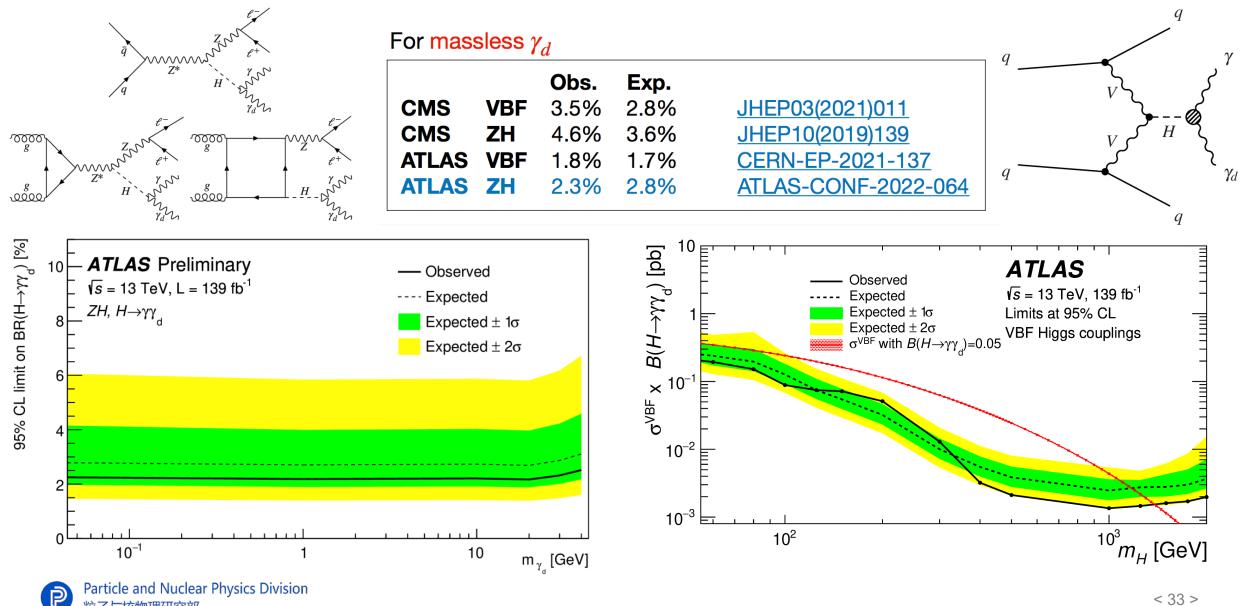




Dark Photon searches: ZH and VBF

粒子与核物理研究部



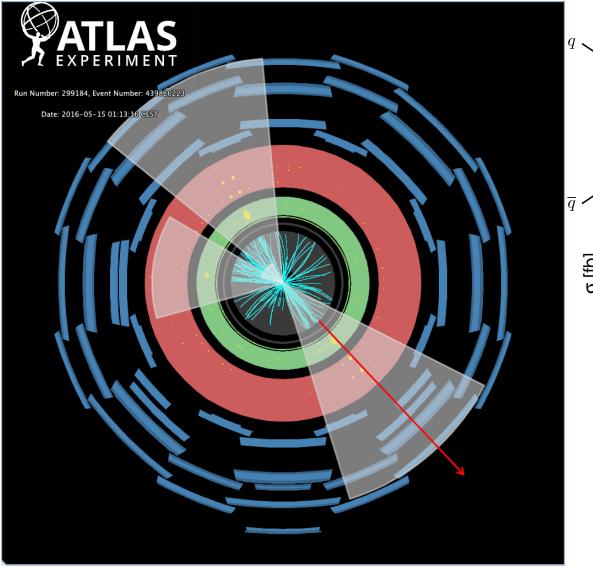


< 33 >

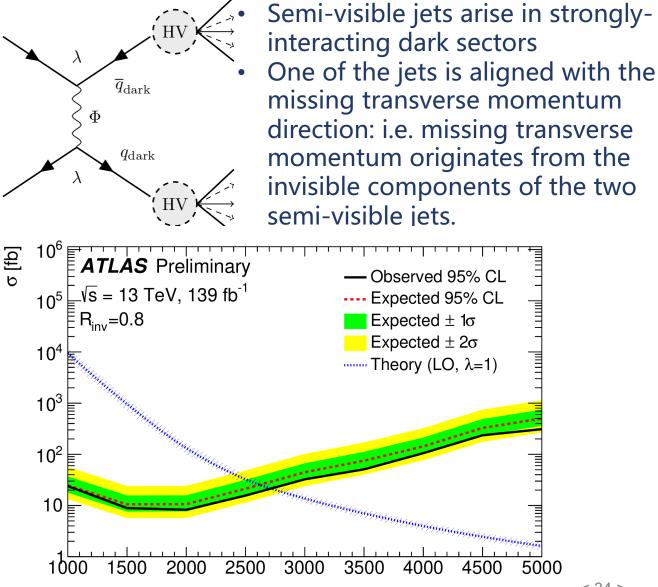
ATLAS-CONF-2022-038

Unconventional searches with semi-visible jets

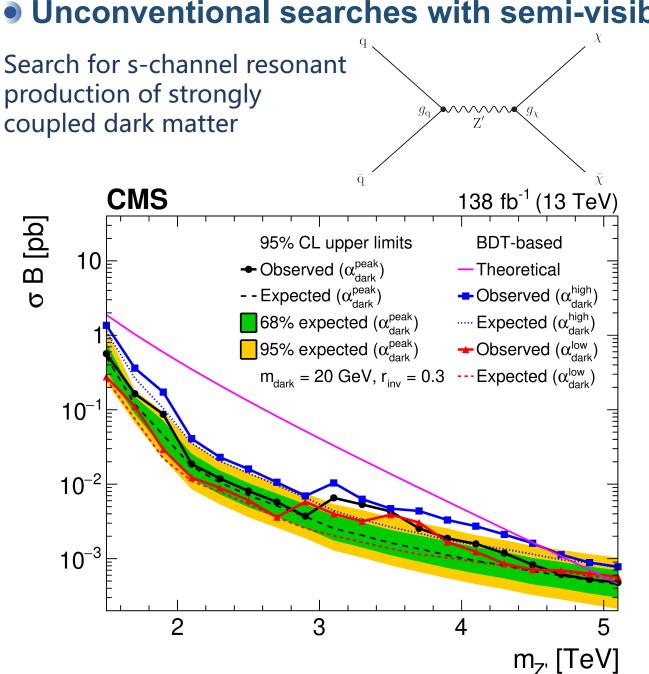


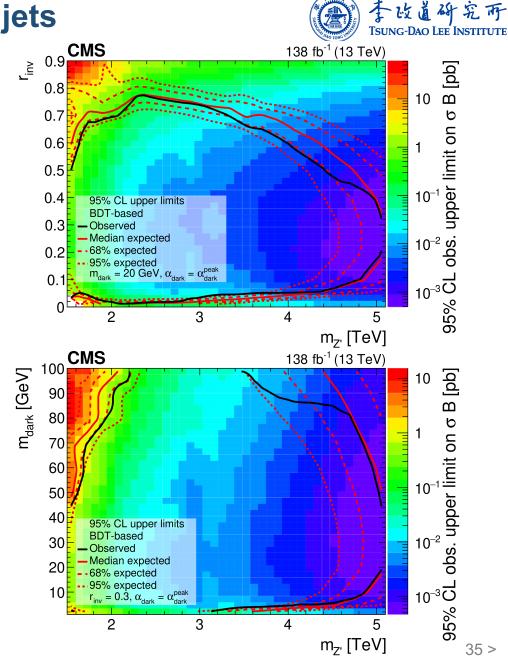


Particle and Nuclear Physics Division



< 34 > M₀ [GeV]

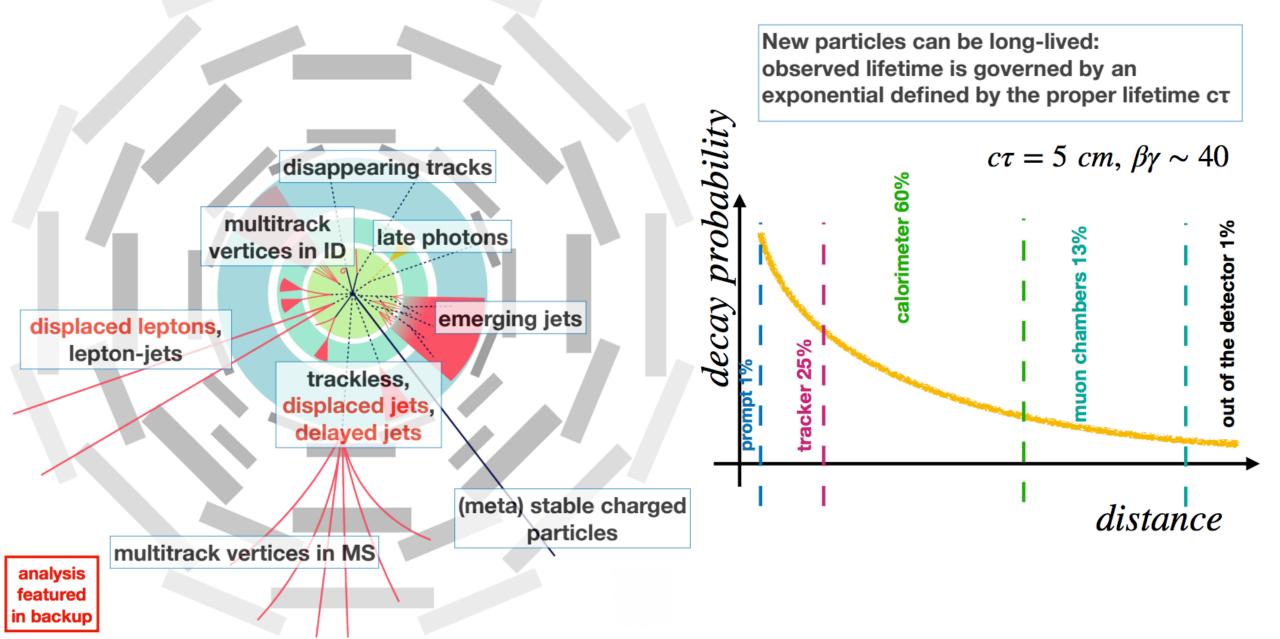




JHEP 06 (2022) 156

Unconventional searches with semi-visible jets

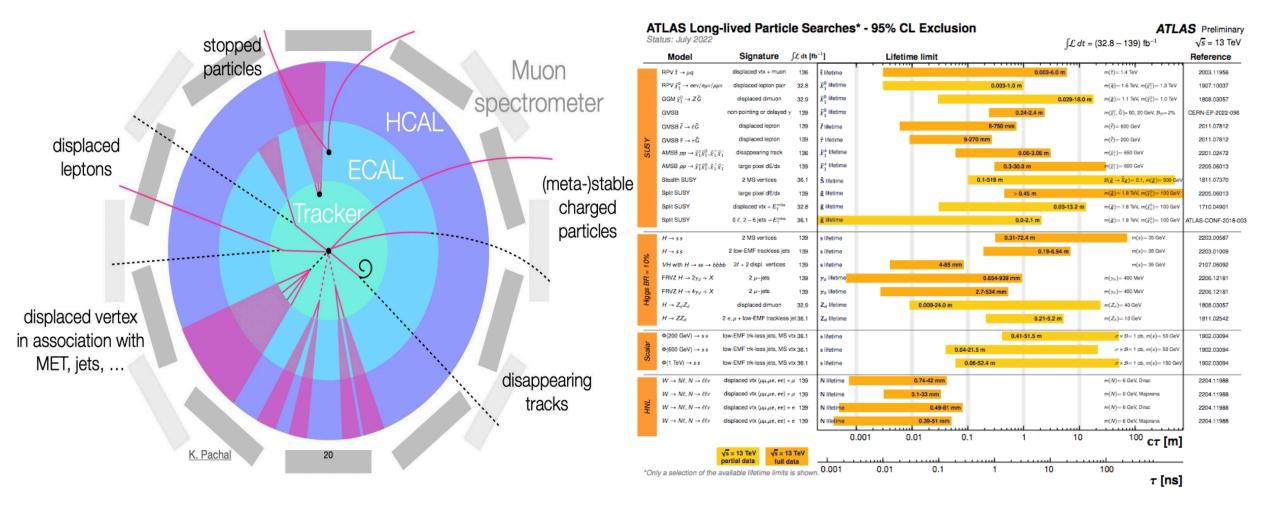
Unconventional signatures



More unconventional searches



- LLP, displaced vertices, displaced leptons and jets, disappearing tracks, stopped particles
- Connecting more general untouched dark sector signatures, enlightening DM new prospects



Summary



- $b\bar{b}$ +DM $t/\bar{t}+DM$ $t\bar{t}$ +DM \mathbf{ZH} (mono-Z) heavy resonance VBF Higgs Invisible visible jets ggH (mono-jet Dark Matter mono-je and ATLAS $VV \rightarrow 4$ Dark Higgs mono-Z $WW \rightarrow$ $2l2\nu$ mono Dark Photo mono- $ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ Higgs $H \rightarrow \gamma_D \gamma$ $H \rightarrow \gamma_D \gamma$ Dark matter searches at CMS and ATLAS (VBF) (ZH)D Perez Adan - 2022
- LHC continues to deliver highly valuable physical results while Run-3 is started with new results in the pipeline
- Dark Matter mystery remains puzzling while collider searches provide sensitivity complementarity with noncollider DM searches
- Many hypotheses, diverse processes and signatures are broadly surveyed and searched for but by far no hints of Dark Matter
- Need to further diversify the data mining aspects in the collisions covering more unconventional signatures and untouched stones



