



Contribution ID: 133

Type: 2.Parallel session talk

## $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)0} X, B^- \rightarrow K^{(*)-} X, \bar{B}_s^0 \rightarrow \eta(\eta', \phi) X$ decays from the molecular picture of $X(3872)$

Thursday, 26 September 2024 09:25 (20 minutes)

We study the decays  $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 X, B^- \rightarrow K^- X, \bar{B}_s^0 \rightarrow \eta(\eta') X, \bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} X, B^- \rightarrow K^{*-} X, \bar{B}_s^0 \rightarrow \phi X$ , with  $X \equiv X(3872)$ , from the perspective of the  $X(3872)$  being a molecular state made from the interaction of the  $D^{*+} D^-, D^{*0} \bar{D}^0$  and *c.c.* components. We consider both the external and internal emission decay mechanisms and find an explanation for the  $\bar{K}^0 X$  and  $K^- X$  production rates, based on the mass difference of the charged and neutral  $D^* \bar{D}$  components. We also find that the internal and external emission mechanisms add constructively in the  $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 X, B^- \rightarrow K^- X$  reactions, while they add destructively in the case of  $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} X, B^- \rightarrow K^{*-} X$  reactions. This feature explains the decay widths of the present measurements and allows us to make predictions for the unmeasured modes of  $\bar{B}_s^0 \rightarrow \eta(\eta') X(3872)$  and  $B^- \rightarrow K^{*-} X(3872)$ . The future measurement of these decay modes will help us get a better perspective on the nature of the  $X(3872)$  and the mechanisms present in production reactions of that state.

**Primary author:** Prof. LIANG, Wei-Hong (Guangxi Normal University)

**Presenter:** Prof. LIANG, Wei-Hong (Guangxi Normal University)

**Session Classification:** Parallel 2: Hadrons and related high-energy physics

**Track Classification:** Hadrons and related high-energy physics