



Contribution ID: 106

Type: 1.Plenary

## Production of baryon clusters of $B=+-1$ to $+-4$ in relativistic heavy-ion collisions

Relativistic heavy-ion collisions provide unprecedented environment for creating complex few-body nuclei, hypernuclei and their antimatter partners. In addition, baryon transport over several unit of rapidity in heavy-ion collisions provides a unique opportunity to distinguish whether the baryon number is traced by the proposed Y-shaped gluon junction ( $B=1$ ) or is carried by the valence quarks. In this talk, I will present the latest study of baryon transport, the discovery of new antimatter hypernuclei ( $B=-4$ ), nuclear cluster ( $B=2,3$ ) as a probe dynamics of the system, and improved measurements of lifetime and binding energy of hypernuclei ( $B=3,4$ ).

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**Session Classification:** Plenary

**Track Classification:** Strange and exotic matter, including hypernuclear physics