

Contribution ID: 143 Type: 2.Parallel session talk

## Relativistic three-body scattering and the $D^0D^{*+}-D^+D^{*0}$ system

Wednesday, 25 September 2024 11:25 (20 minutes)

Scattering amplitudes involving three-particle scattering processes are investigated within the isobar approximation which respects constraints from two- and three-body unitarity. The particular system considered is the  $D^0D^{*+}-D^+D^{*0}$ , where the  $D^{*+-c}(D^{*0})$  enters as a p-wave  $D^+\pi^0$  or  $D^0\pi^{+-c}(D^0\pi^0)$  or  $D^+\pi^-$ ) resonance. The interaction potentials in the coupled-channel  $D^0D^{*+}-D^+D^{*0}$  system contain the  $\sigma,\rho,\omega$  and  $\pi$ -exchange. The analytic continuation of the amplitudes across the three-body unitary cuts is investigated to search for poles on the unphysical Riemann sheets. Associated with an unstable particle  $D^{*+-c}(D^{*0})$  is a complex two-body unitarity cut, through which one can further analytically continue into another unphysical Riemann sheet. Dynamical singularities emerged from the  $\pi$ -exchange potential are stressed. The pole generated from the  $D^0D^{*+}-D^+D^{*0}$  interaction and its line shape in  $D^0D^0\pi^+$  break-up production are in agreement with double-charmed tetraquark  $T_{cc}^+$  observed by the LHCb Collaboration.

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**Session Classification:** Parallel 2: Hadrons and related high-energy physics

Track Classification: Hadrons and related high-energy physics