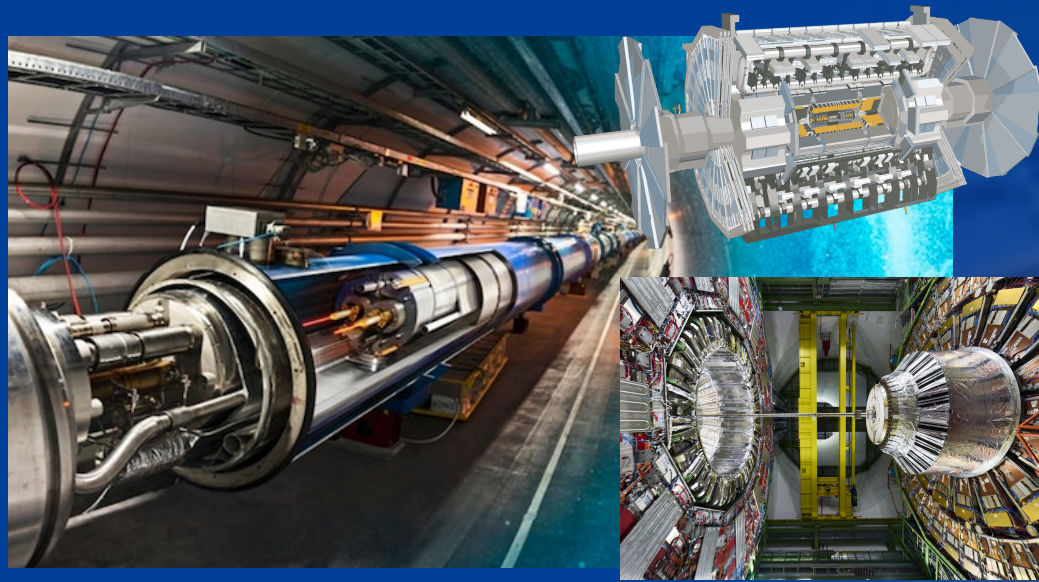




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New physics searches at the LHC



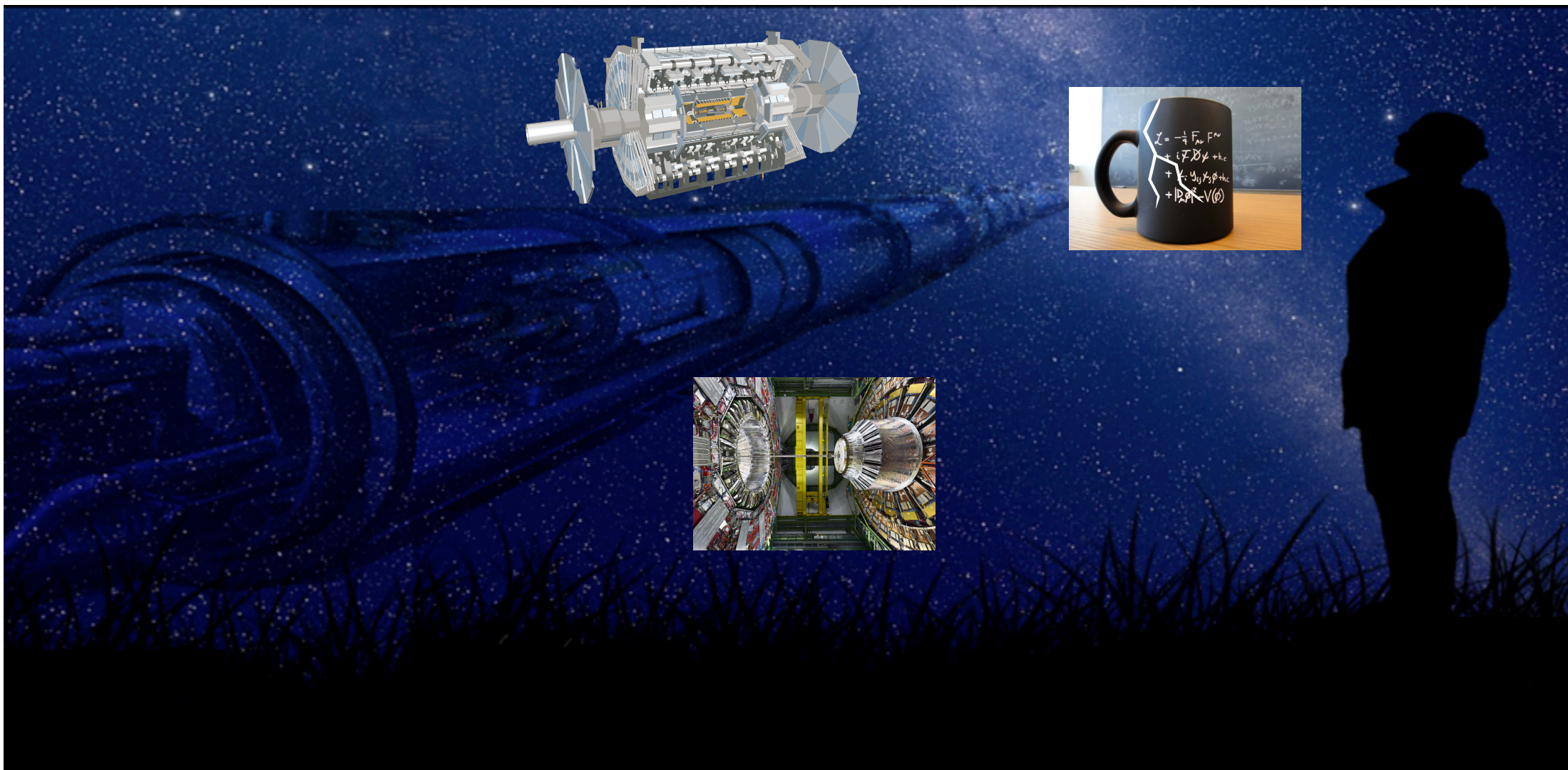
李数

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20/01/2024

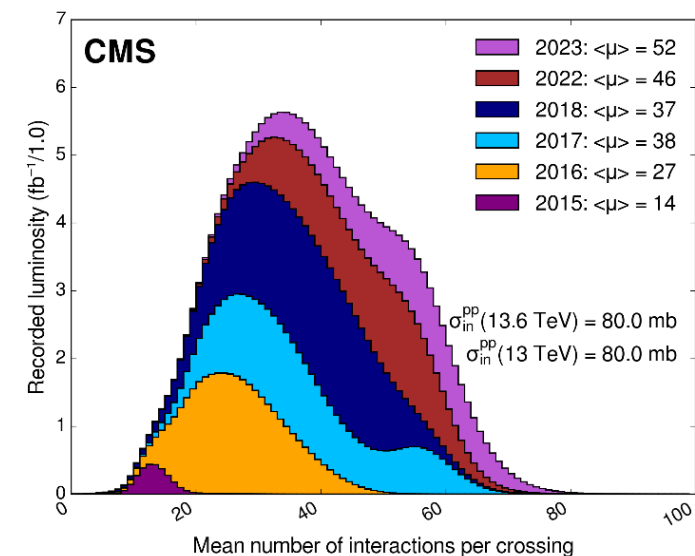
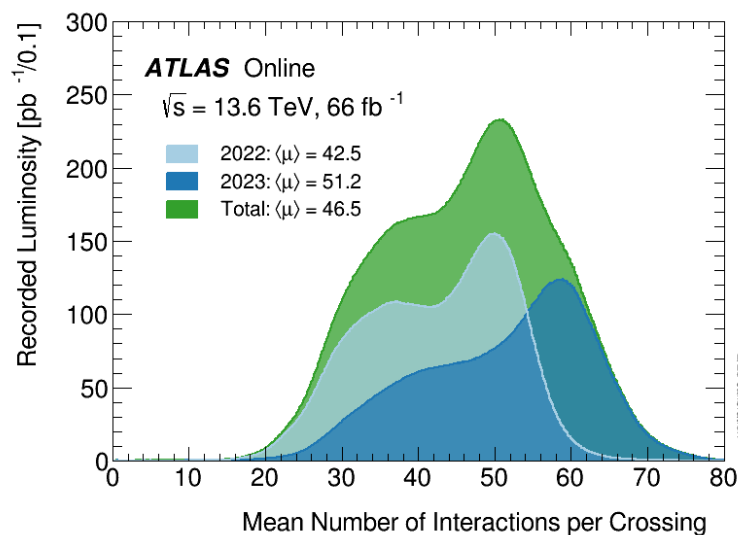
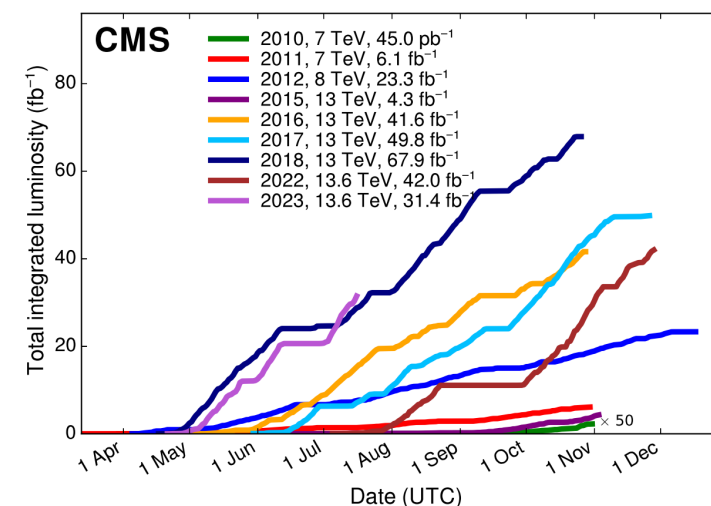
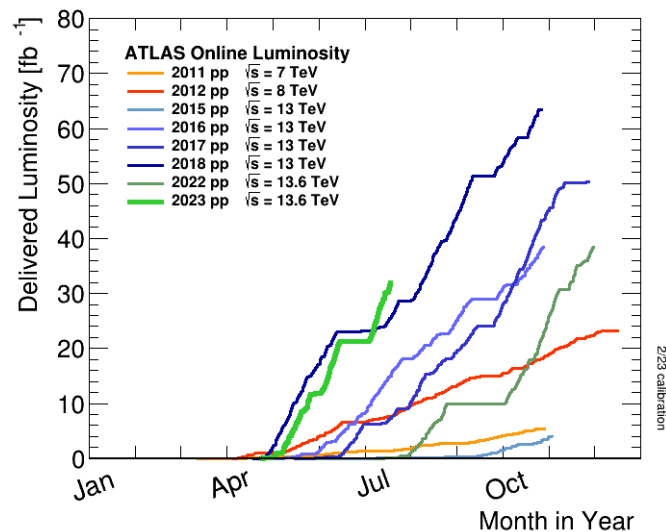
27th Mini-workshop on the frontier of LHC @ SYSU, Zhuhai

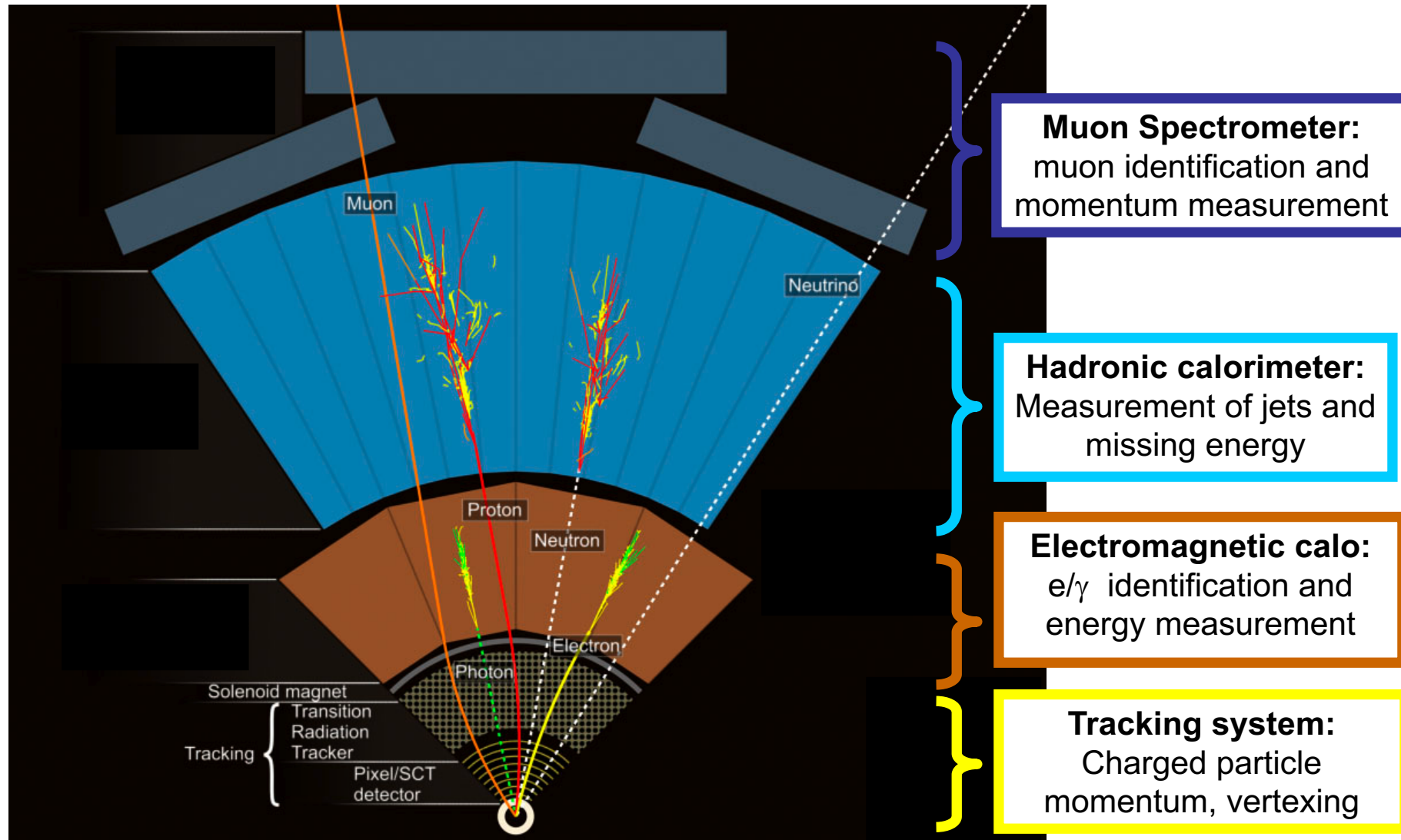
LHC primary goals: looking into the “unknowns”



ATLAS and CMS Data Taking

- Run2 legacy @ 13 TeV:
ATLAS and CMS recorded $\sim 140\text{fb}^{-1}$ independent dataset of pp collisions
- RUN3 DATA taking status
 - $\sim 70\text{fb}^{-1}$ is already delivered @ 13.6 TeV during the RUN3
 - $>60\text{fb}^{-1}$ is recorded by both ATLAS and CMS
 - data-taking efficiency $>90\%$ “good for physics”
 - number of pp interactions per beam crossing (Pile-Up): $\langle\mu\rangle > 50$ for 2023
- $>250\text{fb}^{-1}$ expected @ 13.6 TeV
- $\sim 450\text{fb}^{-1}$ in total for RUN1/2/3

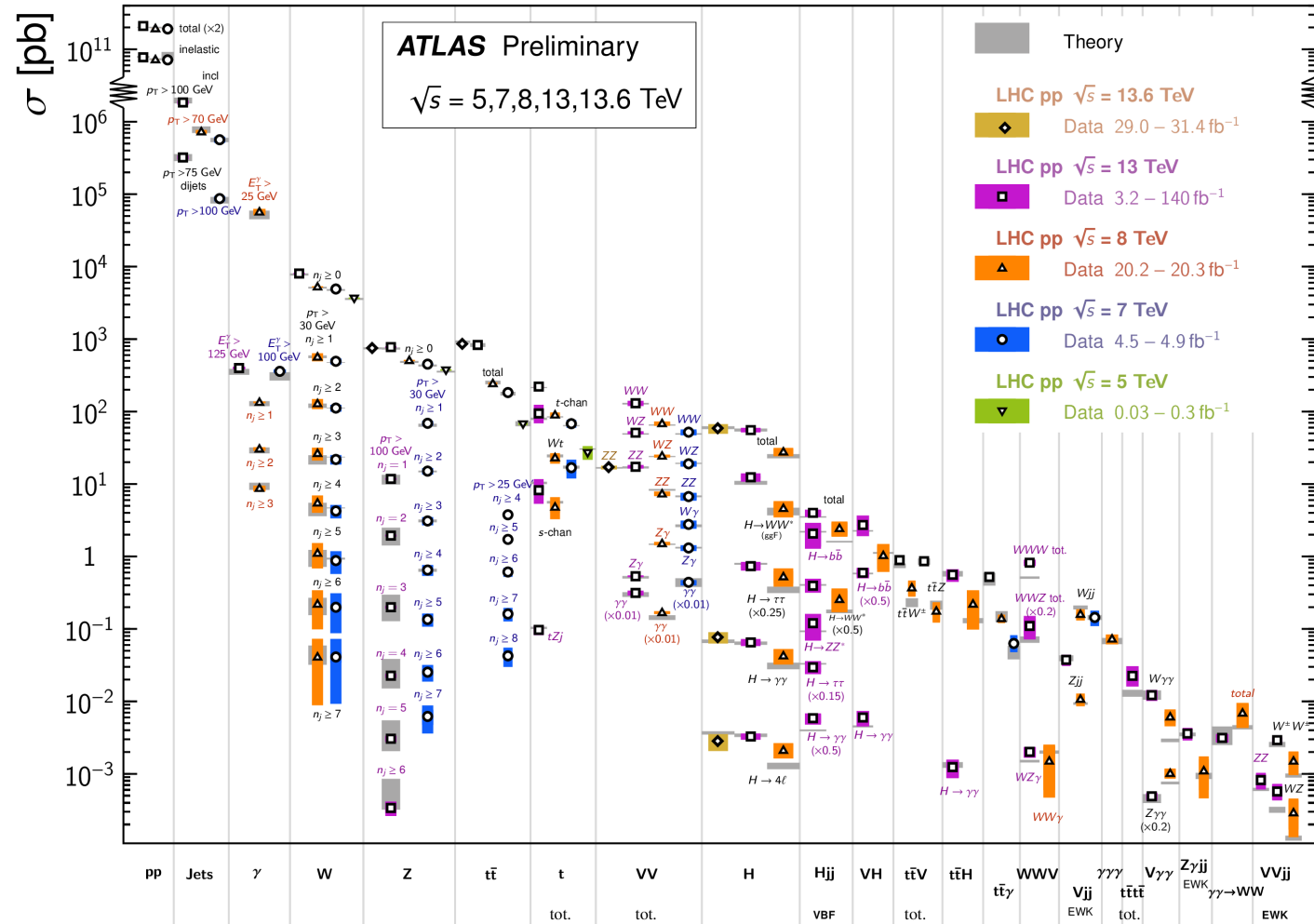




Standard Model measured with unprecedented precision

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: October 2023



<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-039/>

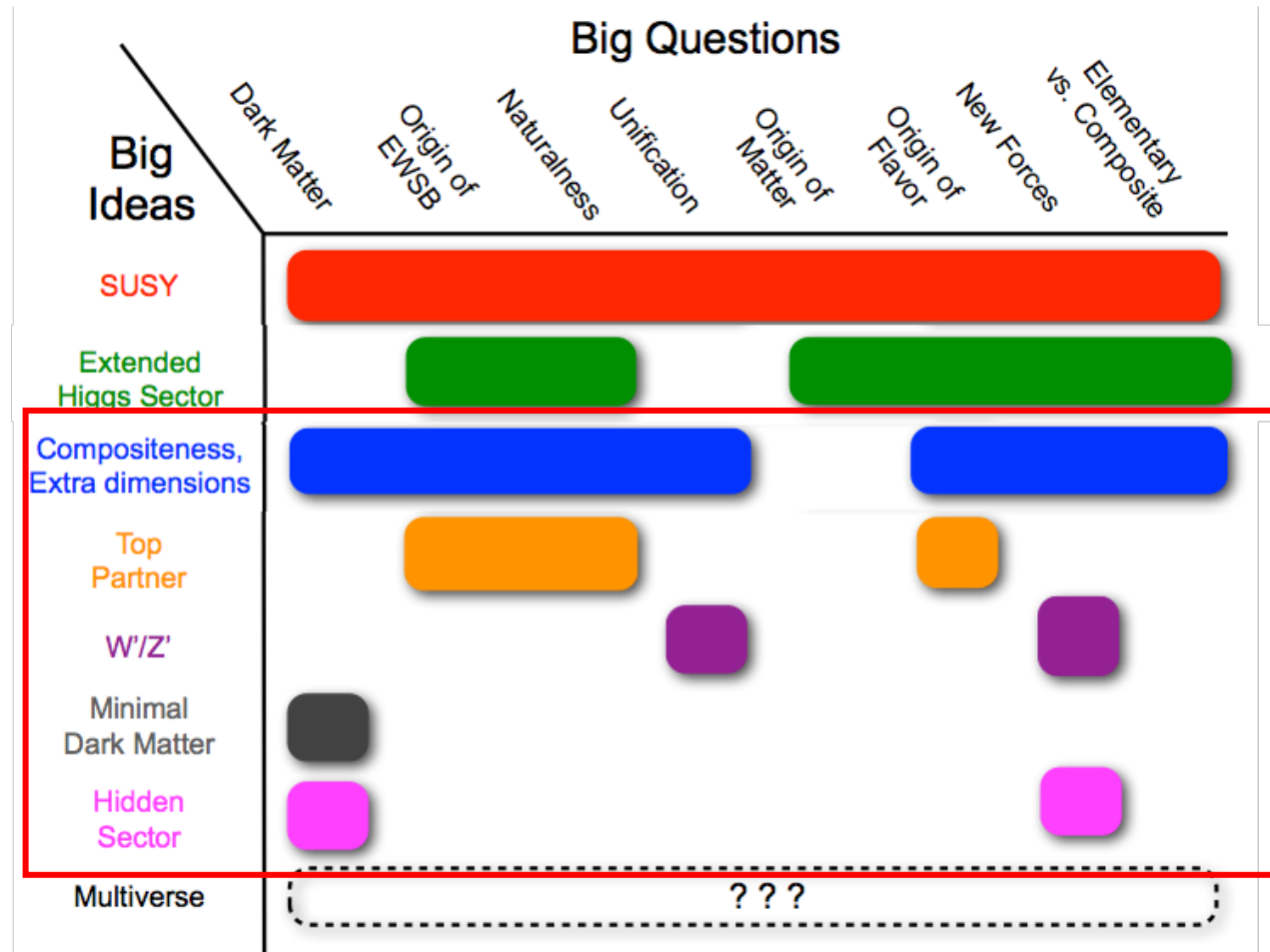
BSM searches targeting big questions

“Exotic” basically cover the searches of any BSM new physics signatures at ATLAS, except: SUSY

Big questions request a better and bigger ideas, as well as broader analysis topics at the TeV scale hadron colliders to explore the new phenomena of the “unknowns”

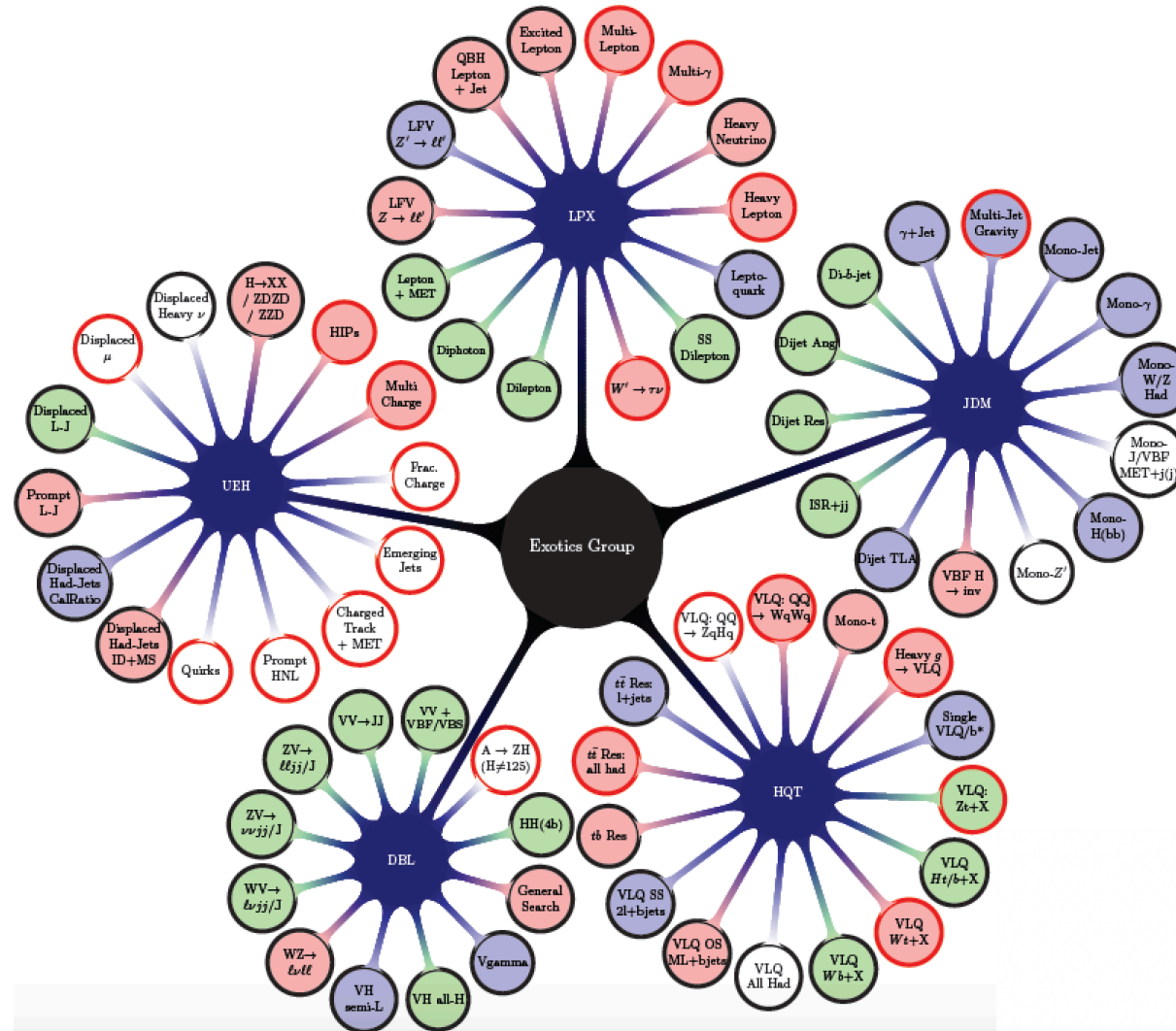
- ✓ Model guidance
- ✓ Signature driven
- ✓ Benchmark model interpretation

arXiv:1311.0299



BSM search program at LHC (ATLAS) in a nutshell

- Apology for not covering everything, only selected and recent topics are presented from ATLAS+CMS
- Separate talks for indirect search w/ SM precision measurements and dedicated searches with flavor physics and SUSY, and for LHCb/ALICE/...





PART 01

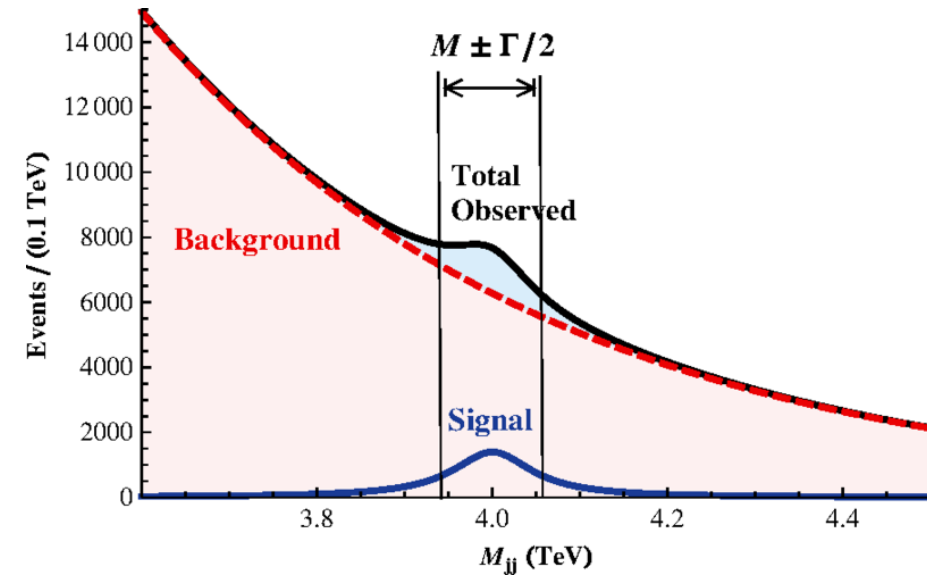
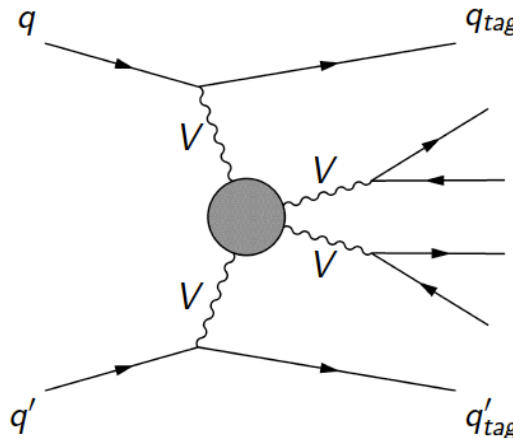
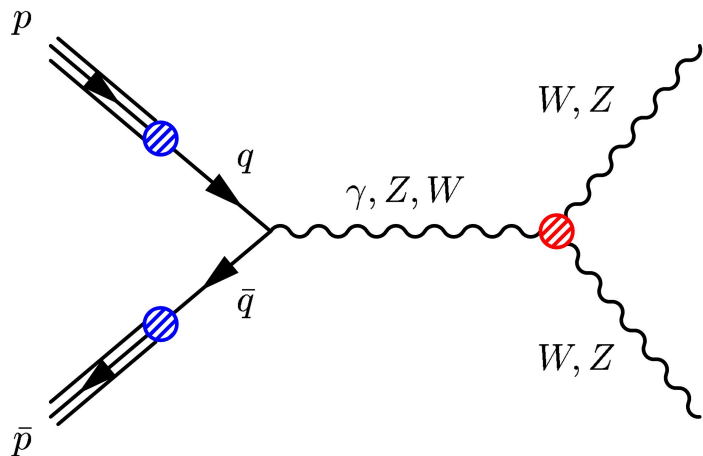
Resonance searches

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Why resonance searches

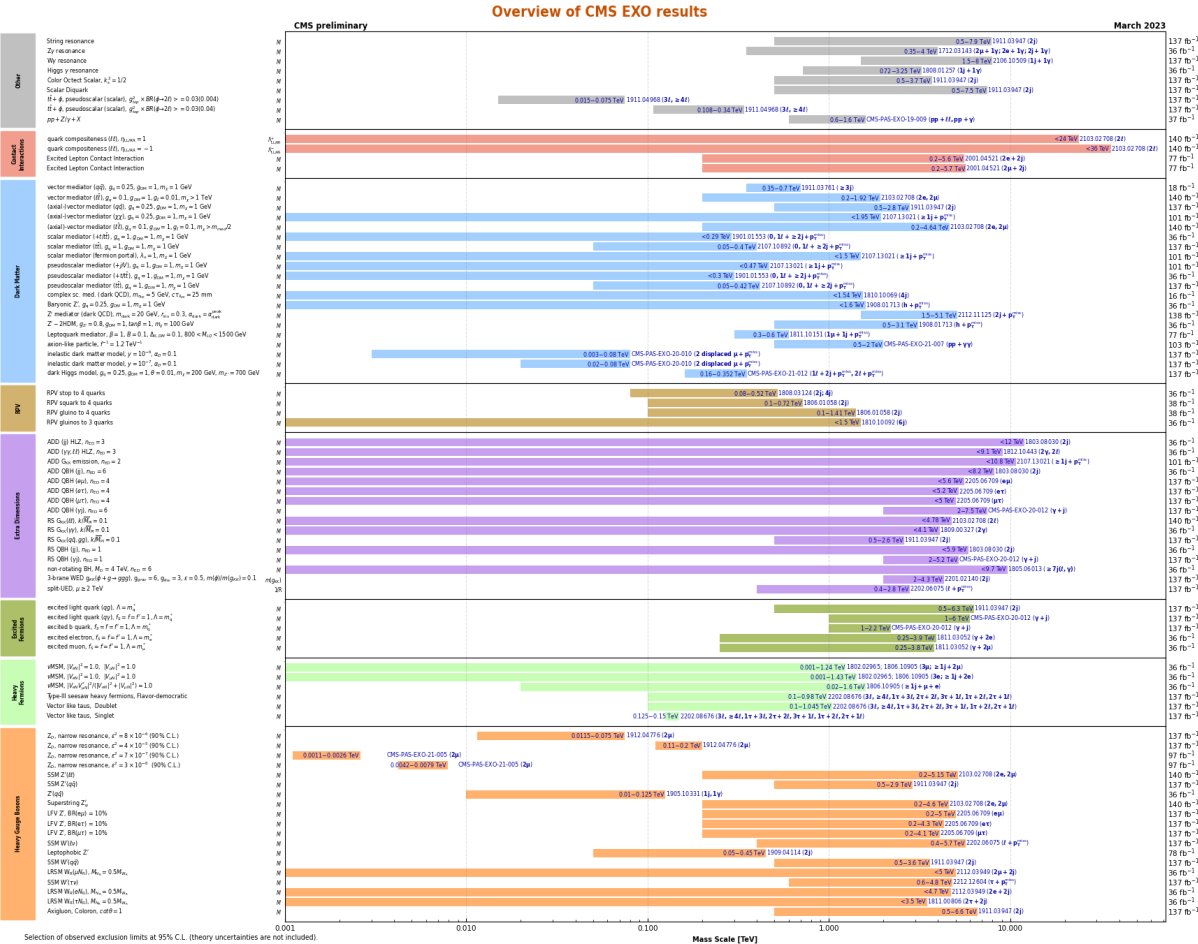
Two general ways:

- Direct search of new particles
- New interactions of known particles of SM
 - anomalous coupling
 - Effective field theory approach
 - Non-resonant interpretations



Heavy Resonance signatures

- Motivated by extended gauge models, extra dimensions, extra Higgs-like scalars, technicolor, ...
- dileptons, dijets, diphotons, ttbar, $W/Z \rightarrow \text{lep/jets}$



ATLAS Heavy Particle Searches* - 95% CL Upper Exclusion Limits

Status: March 2023

ATLAS Preliminary
 $\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.6 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

Model	ℓ, γ	Jets [†]	E_{miss}^T	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Limit	Reference	
Extra dimen.	ADD $G_{KK} + g/g$	$0, e, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	$1 - 4j$	Yes	139	M_0 11.2 TeV M_2 8.6 TeV M_4 8.4 TeV M_6 9.55 TeV	$n = 2$ $n = 3$ HLZ NLO $n = 6$ $n = 6, M_0 = 3 \text{ TeV, rot BH}$ $k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 0.1$ $k/M_{Pl} = 1.0$ $\Gamma/m = 15\%$ Tier (1,1), $\mathcal{B}(A^{(1)} \rightarrow tt) = 1$
	ADD non-resonant $\gamma\gamma$	$2, \gamma$	-	-	36.7		2102.10874 1707.04147 1910.08447
	ADD BH	-	$\geq 2j$	-	139		1512.02586
	RS1 $G_{KK} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$2, \gamma$	-	-	139		2102.13405
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WW/ZZ$	multi-channel	-	-	36.1		1808.02380
	Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow tt$	$1, e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1J/2j$	Yes	36.1	2.3 TeV	1804.10823
	2UED / RPP	$1, e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3j$	Yes	36.1	3.8 TeV	1803.09678
Gauge bosons	Z' mass	$2, e, \mu$	-	-	139	5.1 TeV	1903.06248
	Z' mass	$2, \tau$	-	-	36.1	2.42 TeV	1709.07242
	Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow bb$	-	$2b$	-	36.1	2.1 TeV	1805.92999
	Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow tt$	$0, e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 2J$	Yes	139	4.1 TeV	2005.05138
	$SSM W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$1, e, \mu$	-	Yes	139	6.0 TeV	1906.05609
	$SSM W' \rightarrow \tau\nu$	$1, \tau$	-	Yes	139	5.0 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2021-025
	$SSM W' \rightarrow tb$	-	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1J$	-	139	4.4 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2021-043
	HVT $W' \rightarrow WZ$ model B	$0, 2, e, \mu$	$2j / 1J$	Yes	139	4.3 TeV	2004.14636
	HVT $W' \rightarrow WZ$ model C	$3, e, \mu$	$2j / 1J$ (VBF)	Yes	139	4.4 TeV	2207.03925
	HVT $Z' \rightarrow WW$ model B	$1, e, \mu$	$2j / 1J$	Yes	139	3.9 TeV	2004.14636
	LRSM $W_R \rightarrow \mu N_R$	$2, \mu$	$1J$	-	80	5.0 TeV	1904.12679
CI	$CI q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$	-	$2j$	-	37.0	21.8 TeV η_{LL}	1703.09127
	$CI \ell\bar{\ell}q\bar{q}$	$2, e, \mu$	-	-	139	35.8 TeV η_{LL}	2006.12946
	$CI e\bar{e}b\bar{b}$	$2, e$	$1b$	-	139	1.8 TeV	2105.13847
	$CI \mu\bar{\mu}b\bar{b}$	$2, \mu$	$1b$	-	139	2.0 TeV	2105.13847
	$CI t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$	$\geq 1, e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1j$	Yes	36.1	2.57 TeV	1811.02305
DM	Axial-vector med. (Dirac DM)	$0, e, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	$1 - 4j$	Yes	139	376 GeV	$g_s = 0.25, g_1 = 1, m(\chi) = 10 \text{ GeV}$ $g_4 = 1, g_5 = 1, m(\chi) = 1 \text{ GeV}$
	Pseudo-scalar med. (Dirac DM)	$0, e, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	$2b$	Yes	139	3.0 TeV	$\tan\beta = 1, g_2 = 0.8, m(\chi) = 100 \text{ GeV}$
	Vector med. Z' -2HDM (Dirac DM)	multi-channel	-	-	139	800 GeV	$\tan\beta = 1, g_1 = 1, m(\chi) = 10 \text{ GeV}$
	Pseudo-scalar med. 2HDM+X	multi-channel	-	-	139		ATLAS-CONF-2021-036
LQ	Scalar LQ 1 st gen	$2, e$	$\geq 2j$	Yes	139	1.8 TeV	$\beta = 1$
	Scalar LQ 2 nd gen	$2, \mu$	$\geq 2j$	Yes	139	1.7 TeV	$\beta = 1$
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	$0, e, \mu$	$\geq 2j, \geq 2b$	Yes	139	1.49 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_1^+ \rightarrow b\tau) = 1$
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	$0, e, \mu$	$\geq 1, \tau, \geq 1b$	Yes	139	1.24 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_2^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu) = 1$
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	$\geq 2, e, \mu, \tau$	$\geq 1, \tau, \geq 1b, \geq 1b$	Yes	139	1.43 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu) = 1$
	Scalar LQ 3 rd gen	$0, e, \mu, \tau$	$\geq 1, \tau, \geq 1b, \geq 1b$	Yes	139	1.26 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^+ \rightarrow b\nu) = 1$
	Vector LQ mix gen	multi-channel	$\geq 1, \tau, \geq 1b$	Yes	139	2.0 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_1 \rightarrow b\tau) = 1, Y-M \text{ coupl.}$
	Vector LQ 3 rd gen	$2, e, \mu, \tau$	$\geq 1b$	Yes	139	1.96 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_2^+ \rightarrow b\tau) = 1, Y-M \text{ coupl.}$
Vector-like fermions	$VLQ TT \rightarrow Zt + X$	$2e/2\mu/2e, \mu$	$\geq 1b, \geq 1j$	-	139	1.46 TeV	SU(2) doublet
	$VLQ BB \rightarrow Wt/Zb + X$	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	1.34 TeV	SU(2) doublet
	$VLQ T_{5/3} T_{5/3} T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt + X$	$2(SS)/\geq 3, e, \mu$	$\geq 1b, \geq 1j$	Yes	36.1	1.64 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt) = 1, c(T_{5/3} Wt) = 1$
	$VLQ T \rightarrow Ht/Zt$	$1, e, \mu$	$\geq 1b, \geq 3j$	Yes	139	1.8 TeV	T mass
	$VLQ Y \rightarrow Wb$	$1, e, \mu$	$\geq 1b, \geq 1j$	Yes	36.1	1.85 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(Y \rightarrow Wb) = 1, c_b(Wb) = 1$
	$VLQ B \rightarrow Ht/Hb$	$0, e, \mu$	$\geq 2b, \geq 1j, \geq 1J$	Yes	139	2.0 TeV	SU(2) doublet, $\kappa_B = 0.3$
	$VLL \tau \rightarrow Z\tau/H\tau$	multi-channel	$\geq 1j$	Yes	139	898 GeV	SU(2) doublet
Exotic ferm.	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow qg$	-	$2j$	-	36.7	q[*] mass	only u^* and d^* , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$
	Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow q\gamma$	$1, \gamma$	$1j$	-	139	q[*] mass	1910.08447
	Excited quark $b^* \rightarrow bg$	$1, b, 1j$	-	-	139	3.2 TeV	1910.08447
	Excited lepton τ^*	$2, \tau$	$\geq 2j$	-	139	4.6 TeV	2303.08444
Other	Type III Seesaw	$2, 3, 4, e, \mu$	$\geq 2j$	Yes	139	910 GeV	$m(W_2) = 4.1 \text{ TeV, } g_L = g_R$
	LRSM Majorana ν	$2, 3, 4, e, \mu$ (SS)	$2j$	Yes	36.1	3.2 TeV	1809.11105
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} W^{\pm}$	$2, 3, 4, e, \mu$ (SS)	various	Yes	139	350 GeV	DY^{\pm} production
	Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2, 3, 4, e, \mu$ (SS)	-	-	139	1.08 TeV	DY^{\pm} production
	Multi-charged particles	-	-	-	139	1.59 TeV	DY^{\pm} production, $ g = 5e$
	Magnetic monopoles	-	-	-	34.4	2.37 TeV	DY^{\pm} production, $ g = 1g_D, \text{ spin } 1/2$

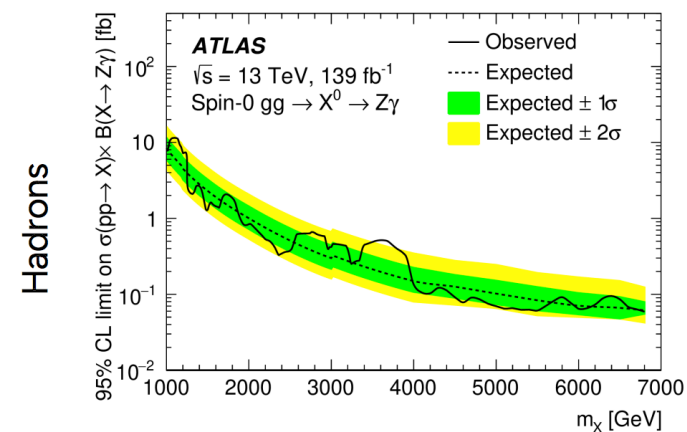
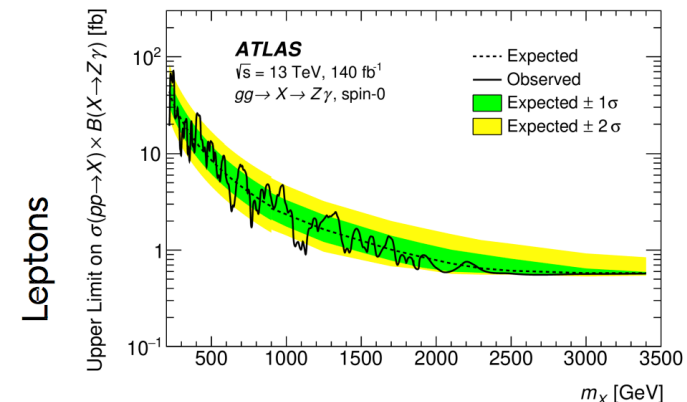
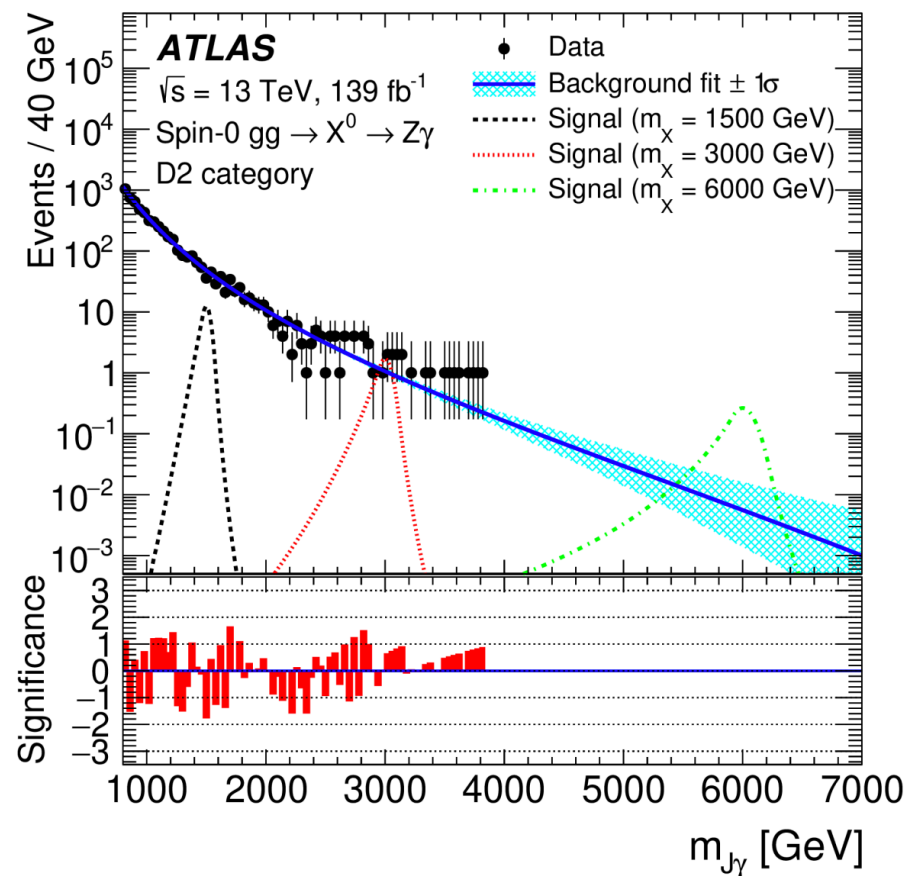
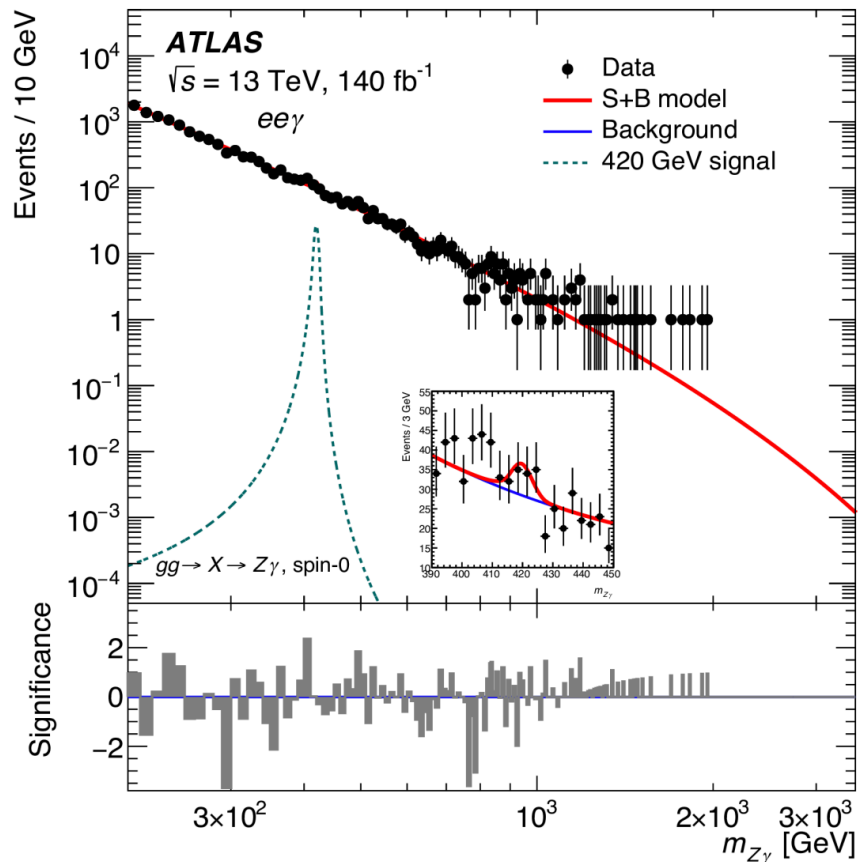
*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

† Small-radius (large-radius) jets are denoted by the letter j (J).

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/SummaryPlotsEXO13TeV>
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>

X → Zγ searches (Example)

- Survey high mass signatures with $X \rightarrow Z\gamma$ via both leptonic decays and hadron decays
- Examine Spin-0/2 hypothesis, and both gg and qq-initiate production modes
- Accomplish full exclusion limits from 100GeV ~ 7 TeV, narrow width approximation

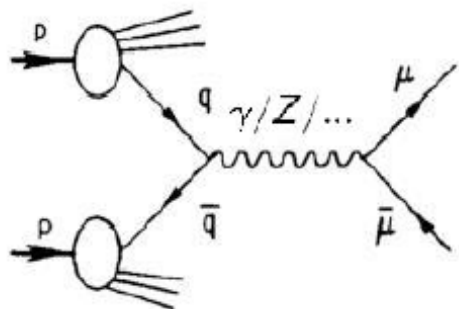


Heavy resonance search to probe BSM heavy boson signatures

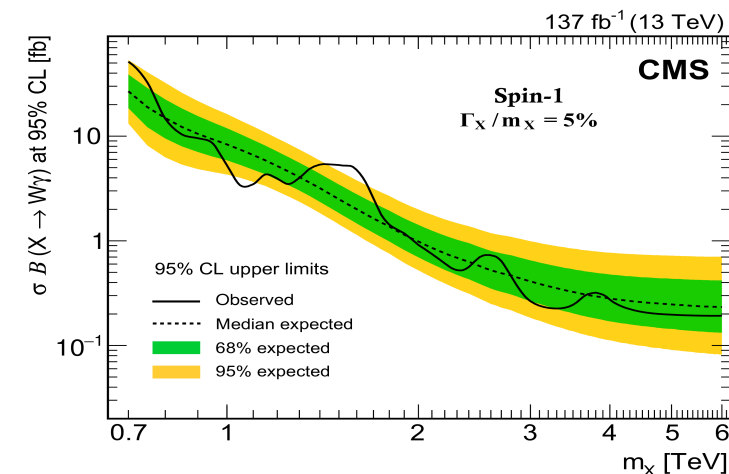
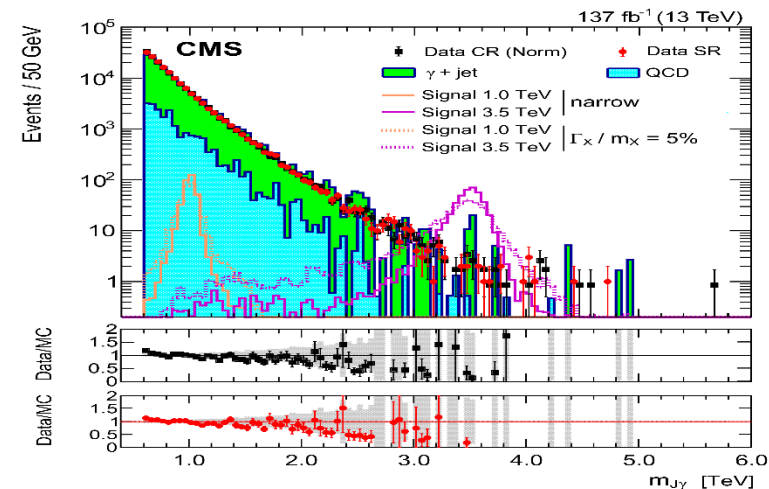
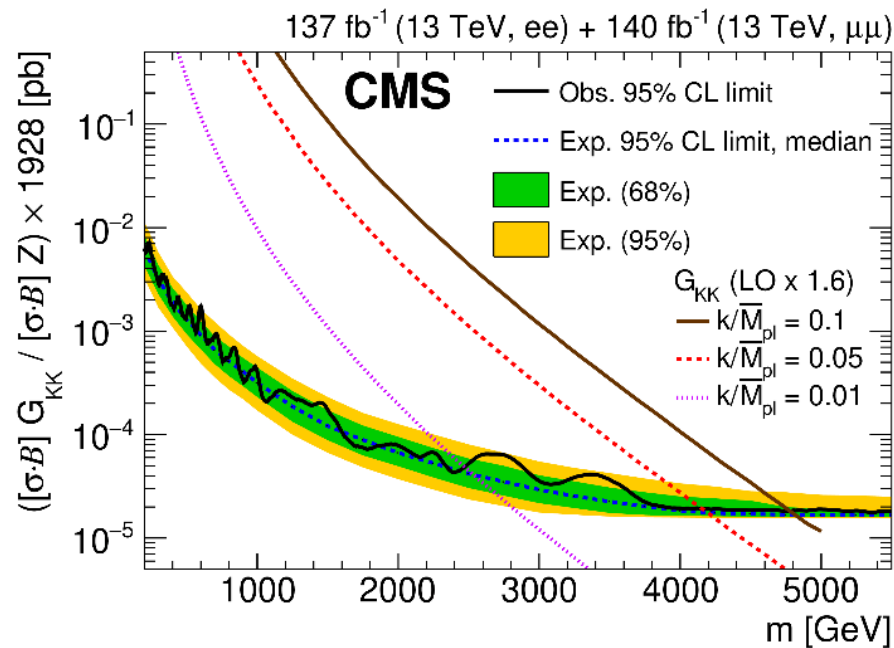
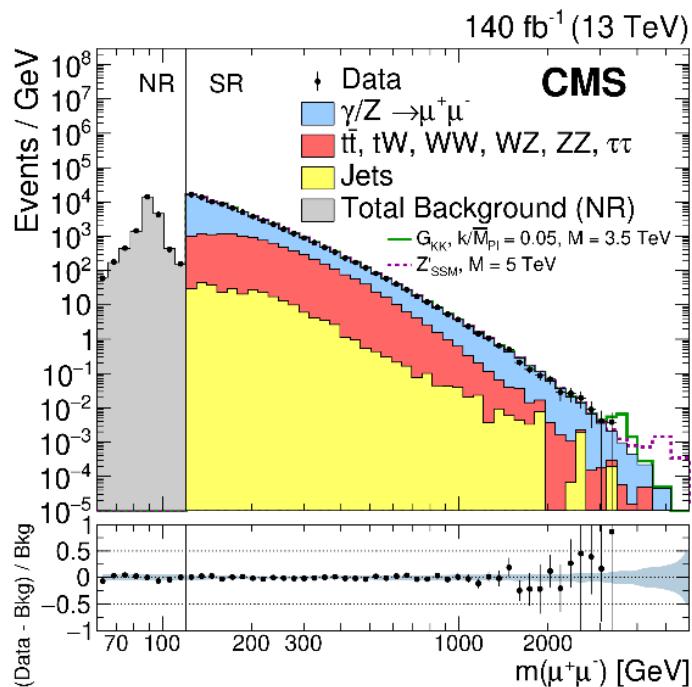
JHEP 07 (2021) 208
PLB 826 (2022) 136888



BSM new Physics contributions to SM processes via $Z'/Z_{KK}/G_{KK}$ hypothesis

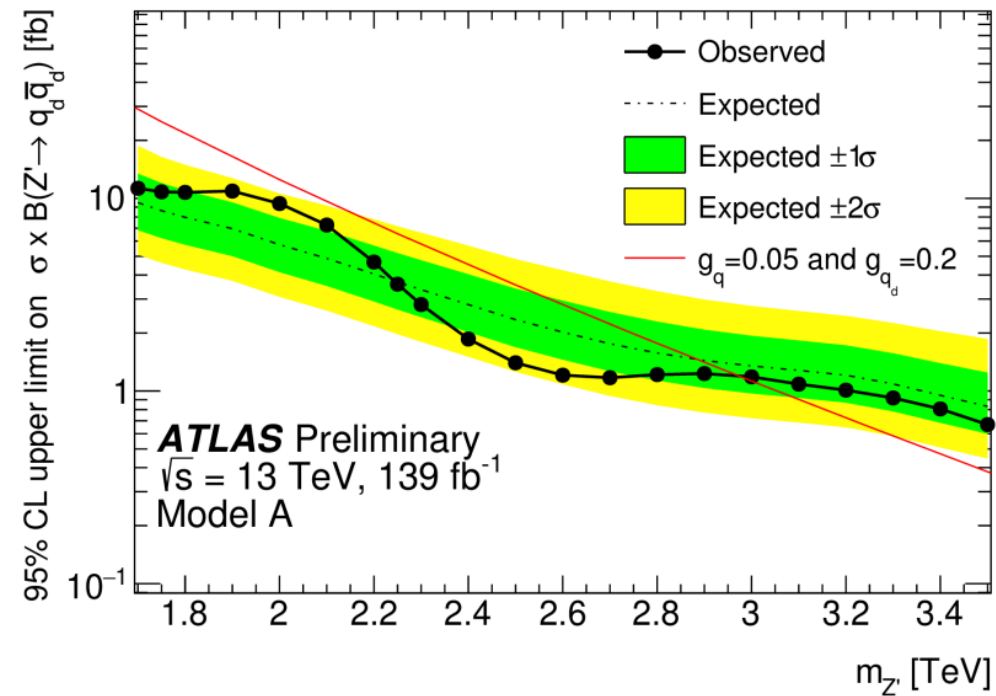
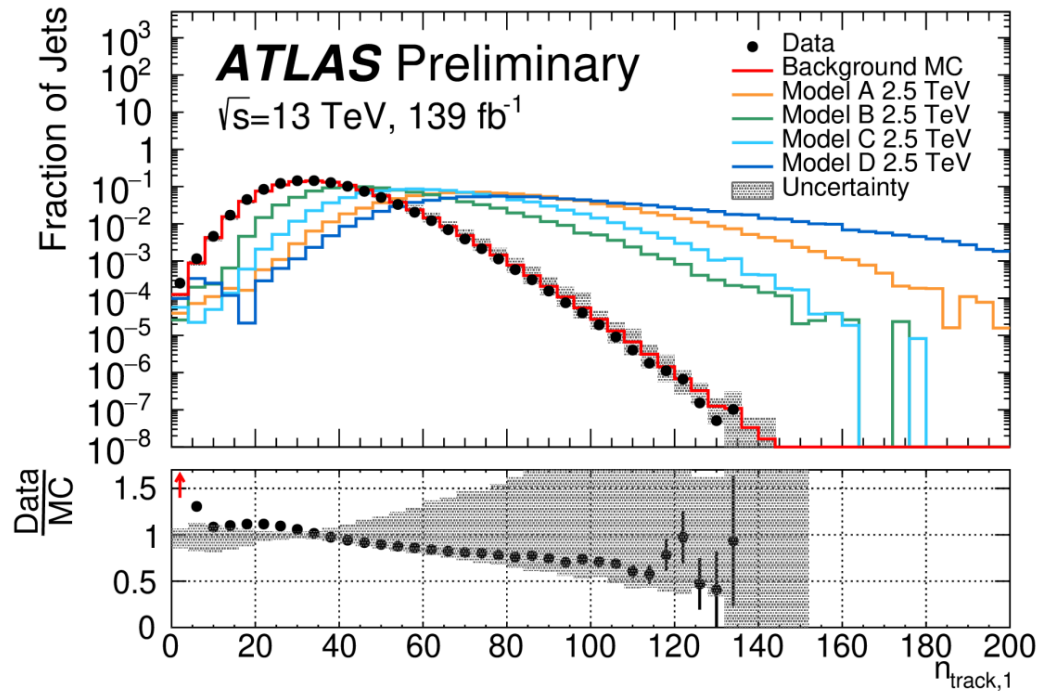


$X \rightarrow W\gamma$ heavy resonance searches with Heavy Vector Triplet model



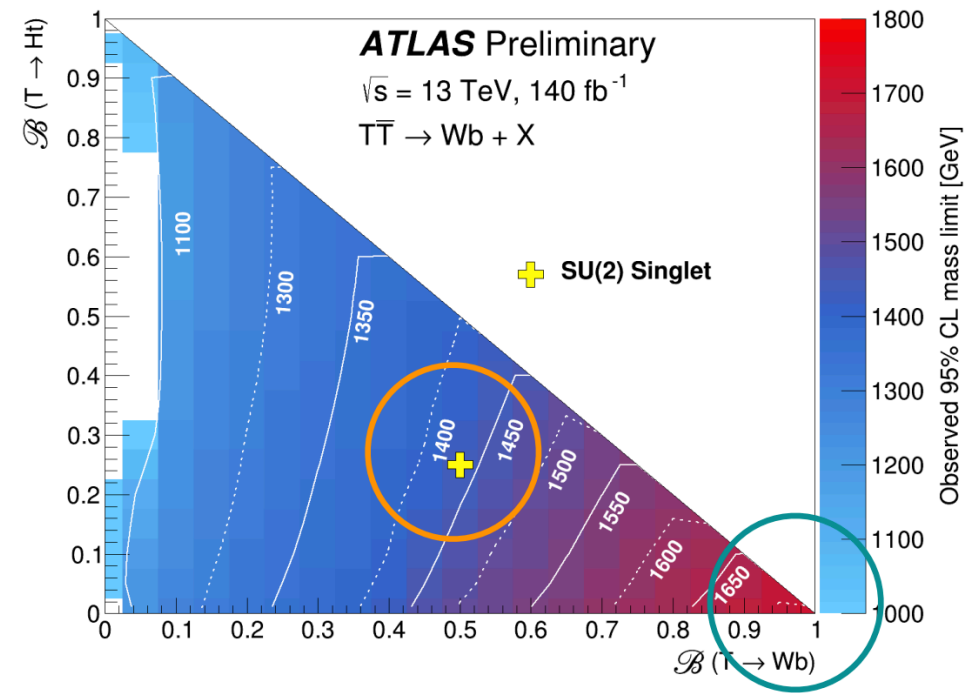
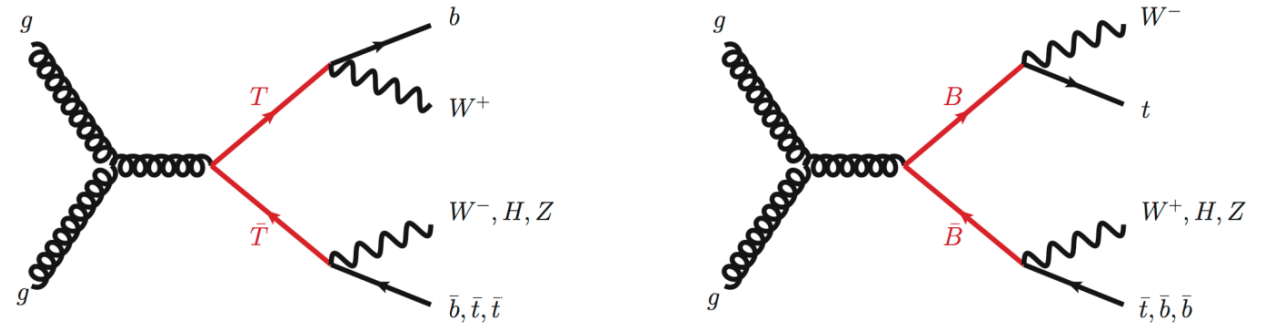
- Dark QCD sector hadronizing to dark hadrons (DM candidates) decaying into semi-visible jets, emerging jets,...
 - $Z' \rightarrow q_d q_d^-$
 - Wider jets due to SM and Dark hadronic components
 - Jets with higher particle multiplicity

- Bump hunt in the invariant mass spectrum of the two large-R jet system
- Analysis probes $1.3 \text{ TeV} < m_{JJ} < 4.8 \text{ TeV}$



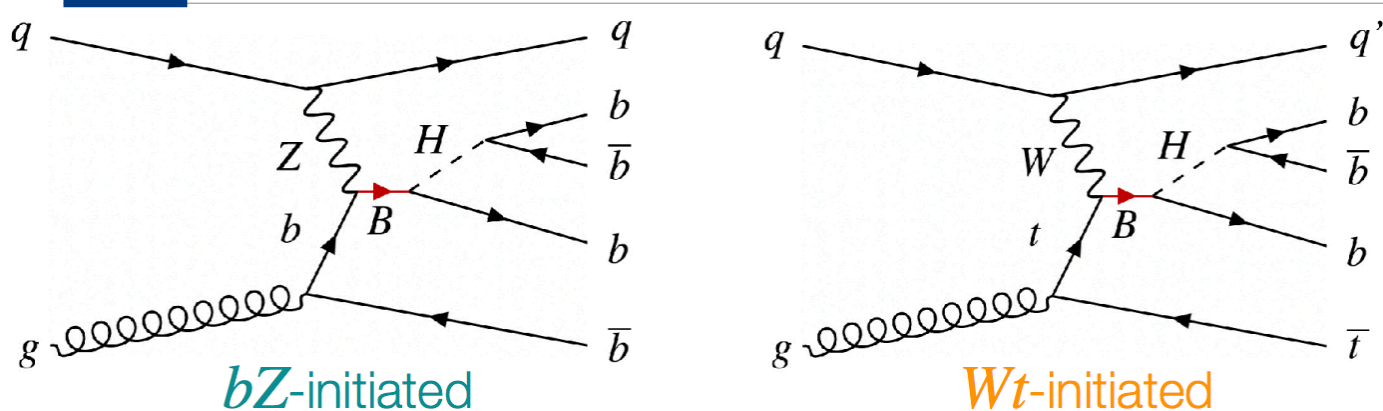
Vector Like Quarks

- Postulated as isospin singlets, doublets or triplets ($T^{2/3}$, $B^{-1/3}$, $\chi^{5/3}$, $\gamma^{-4/3}$)
 - **Pair production** by strong interaction dominates for $< 1\text{TeV}$
 - **Single production** via EWK vertices, significant at high mass, scales with couplings to SM and multiplet model
- VLQs assumed to decay to 3rd generation SM quarks via charged and neutral currents but BR not fixed by theory regulated by parameters dependent on multiplet model
- All possible VLQ decays searched in many final states

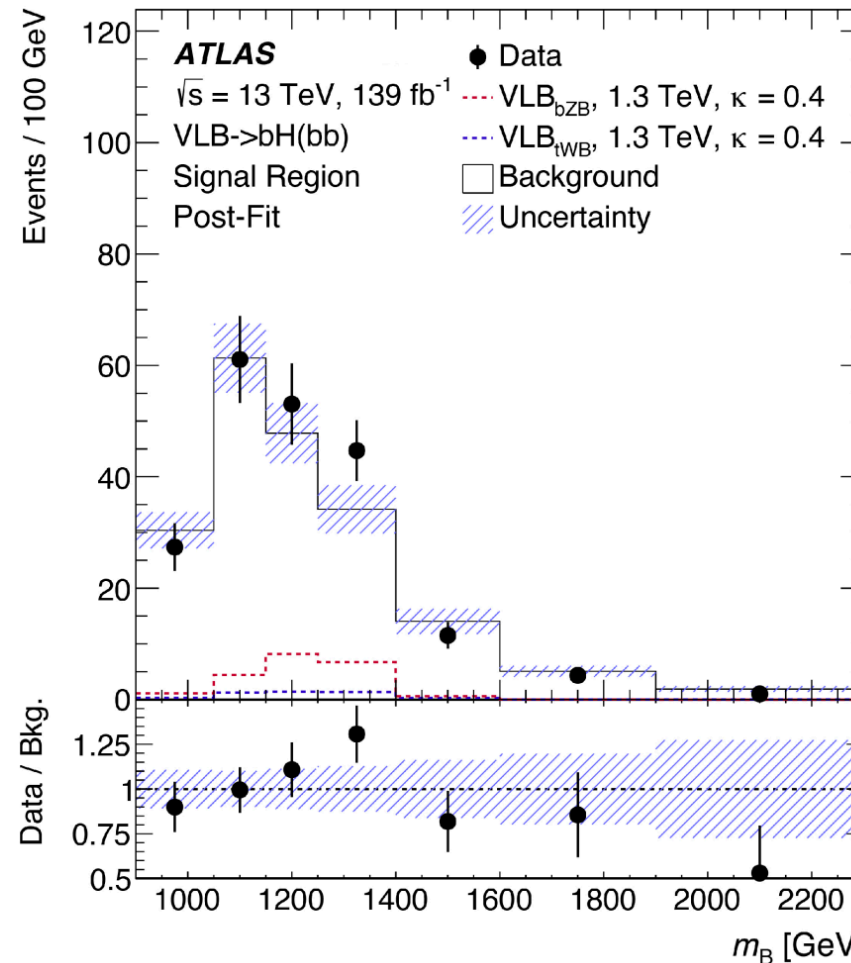
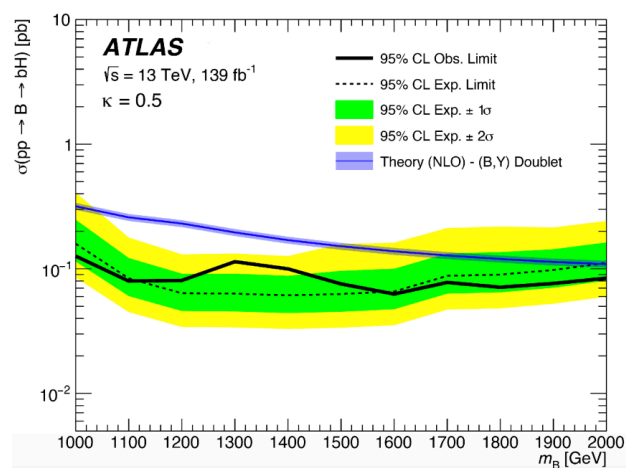
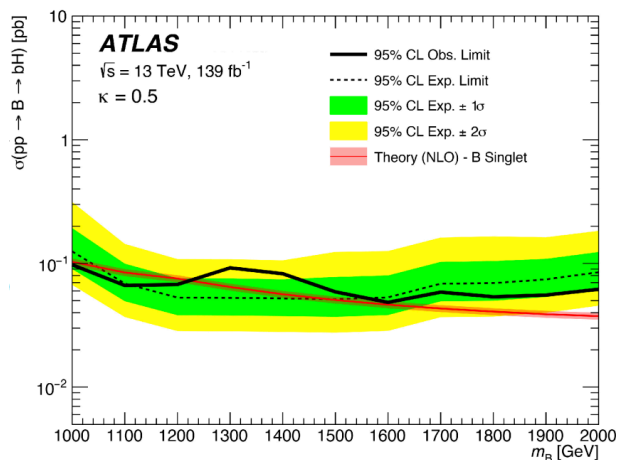


Vector-like $B \rightarrow bH(bb^-)$

[arxiv:2308.02595](https://arxiv.org/abs/2308.02595)

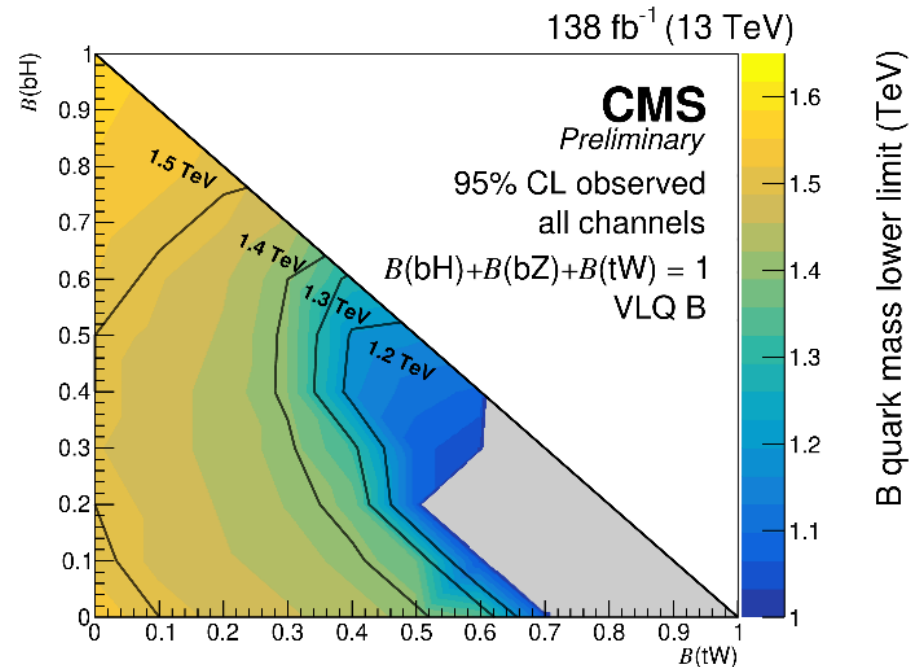
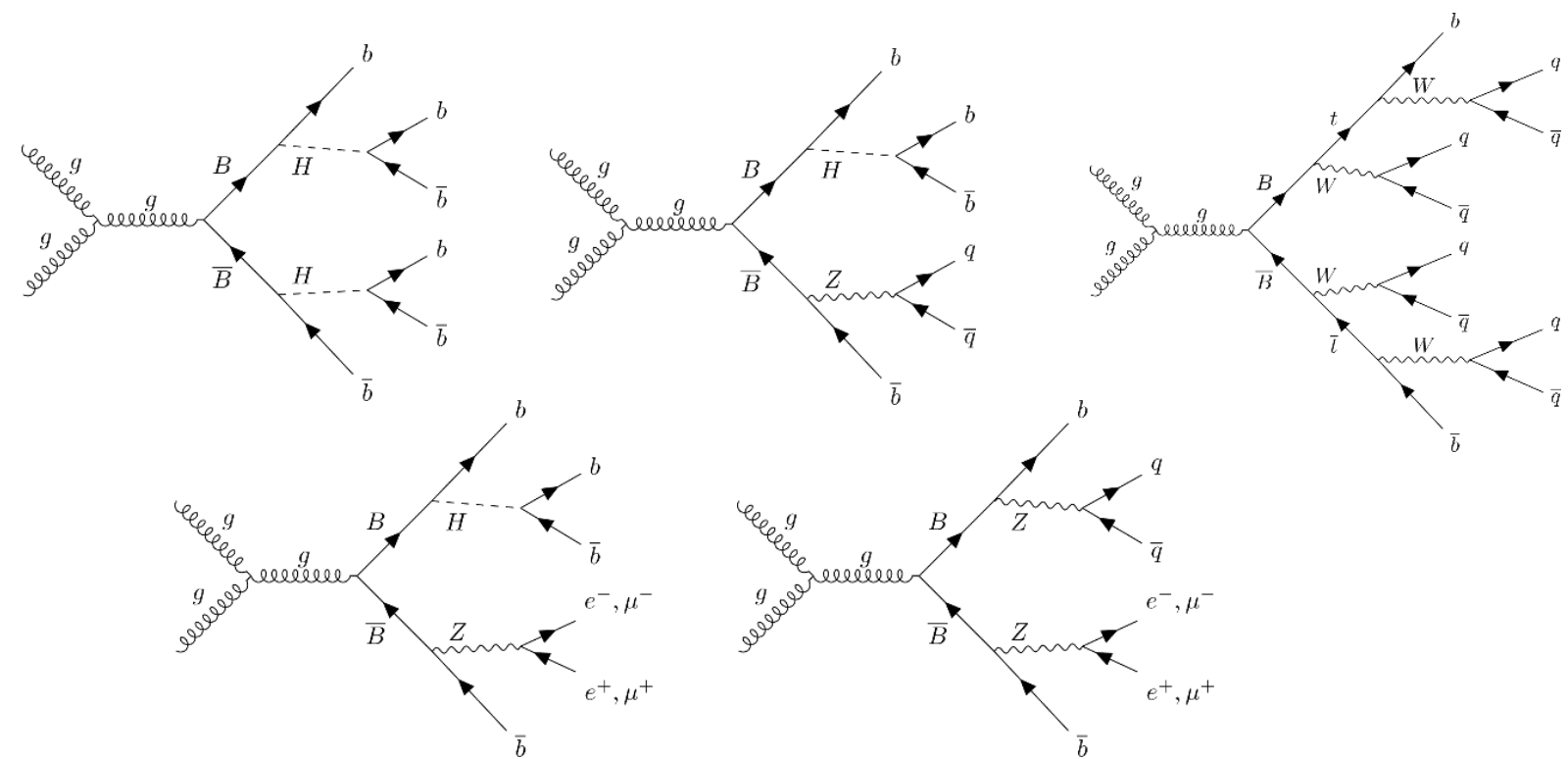


bZ-initiated: dominant for singlet model initiated diagram
 Wt-initiated: forbidden for (B, Y) doublet ($\xi_W=0$)



Reconstructed with large radius
 H(bb)-jets plus b-jets

VLQ $\rightarrow b + H/Z, t + W$



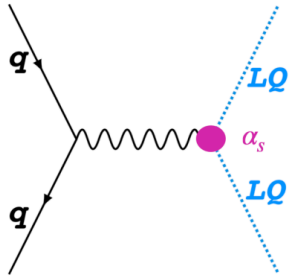
- Search for a pair of bottom-type vector-like quarks: VLQ $\rightarrow b + H/Z, t + W$
- both fully hadronic final states and those containing a lepton pair from a Z boson decay
- hadronic decays can be resolved as two distinct jets or merged into a single jet

Leptoquark searches

[arxiv:2306.17642](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.17642)

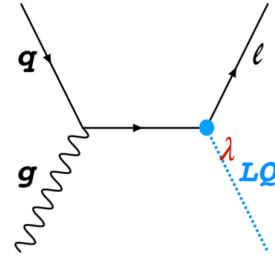


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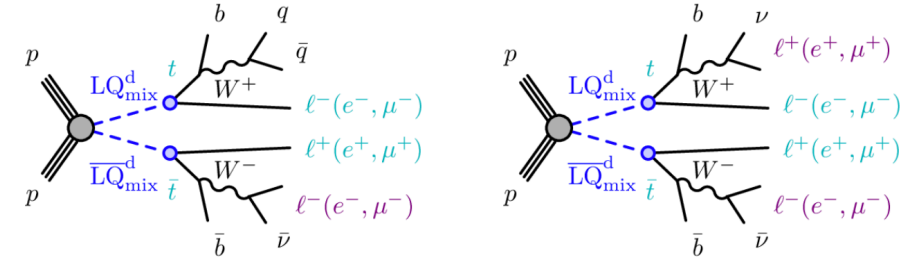
Pair Production

Governed by QCD
 σ depends on m_{LQ}

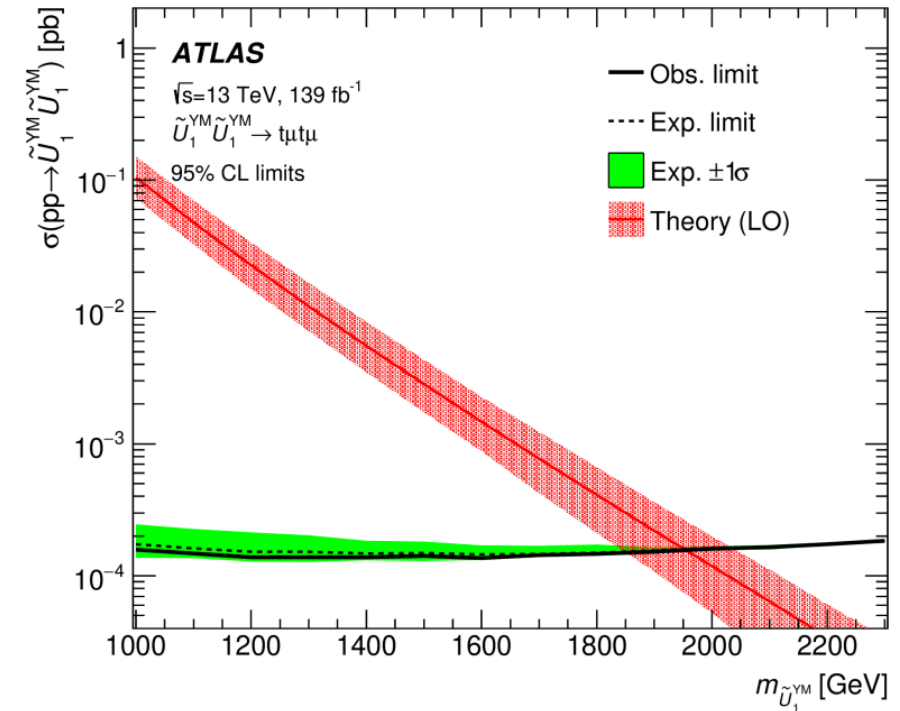


Single production

σ proportional to λ^2

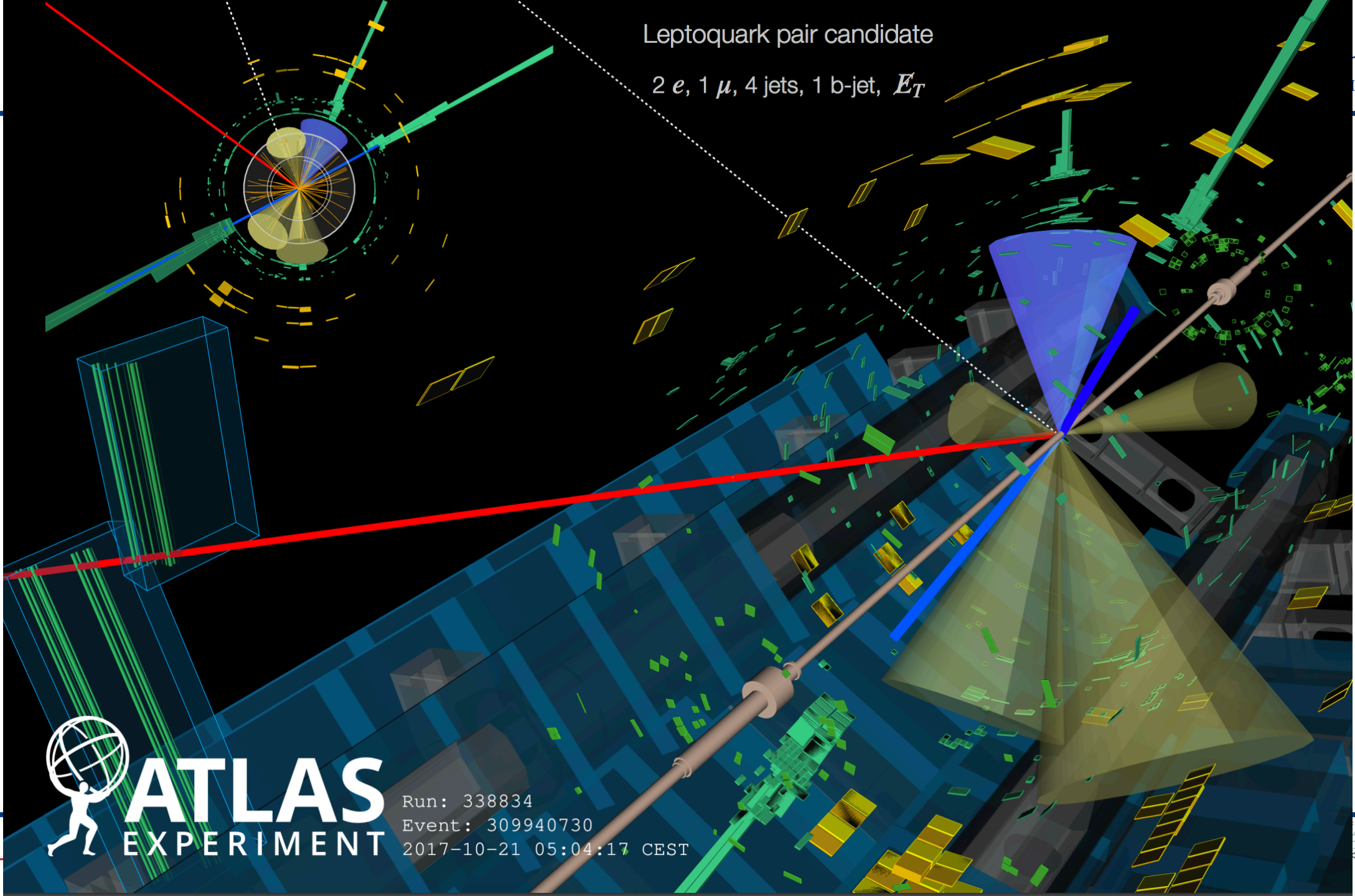


- Color-triplet scalar or vector bosons with lepton and baryon number
- Couple SM quarks and leptons directly through Yukawa λ interaction and can mediate lepton-flavor violation
- Can explain B-anomalies and anomalous muon dipole moment $g_{\mu-2}$, present in GUTs
- Rich phenomenology and many searches depending on decay diversities
- Broad program of searches for pair production, single production starting to be searched too



Leptoquark pair candidate

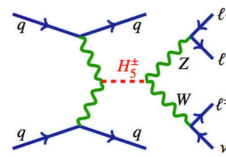
$2 e, 1 \mu, 4 \text{ jets}, 1 \text{ b-jet}, E_T$



ATLAS
EXPERIMENT

Run: 338834
Event: 309940730
2017-10-21 05:04:17 CEST

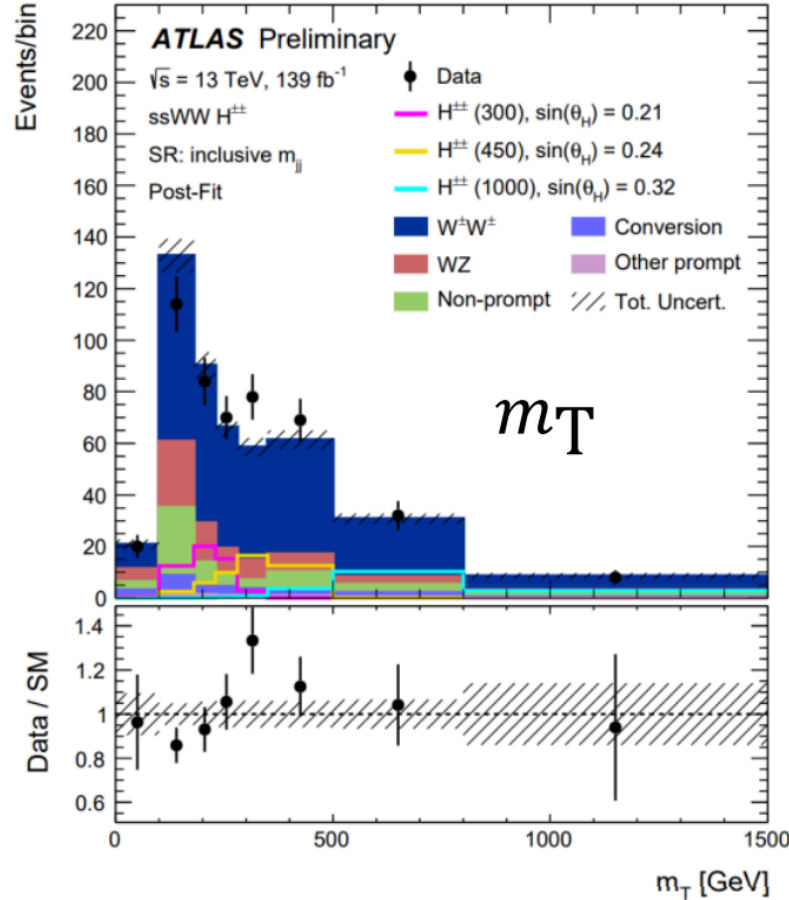
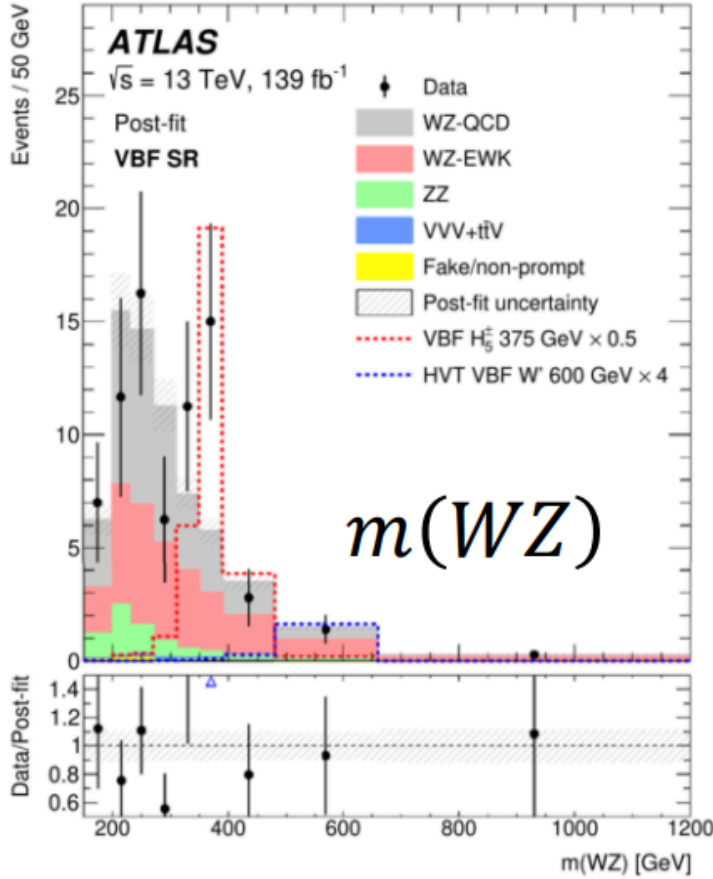
(Doubley-)charged Higgs searches



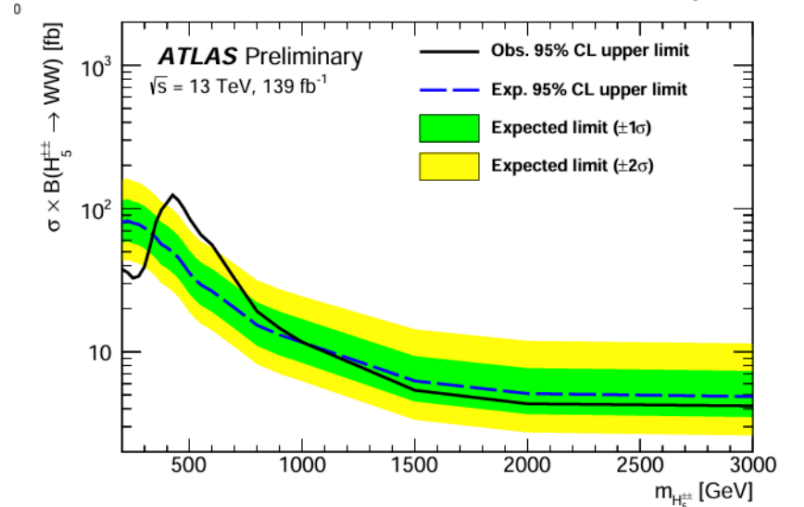
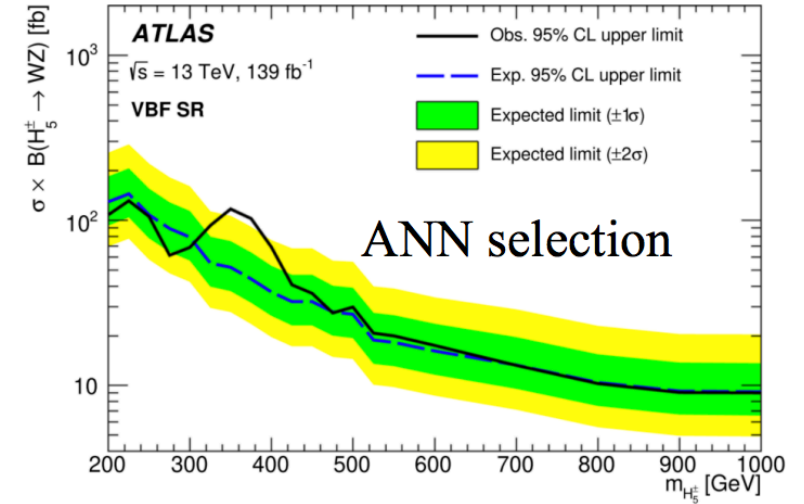
Motivated by Georgi-Machacek model (Fermiophobic Higgs fiveplet)

$$H^+ \rightarrow WZ$$

$$H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm}W^{\pm}$$



2.8σ local signif. @ 375 GeV



3.2σ local signif. @ 450 GeV

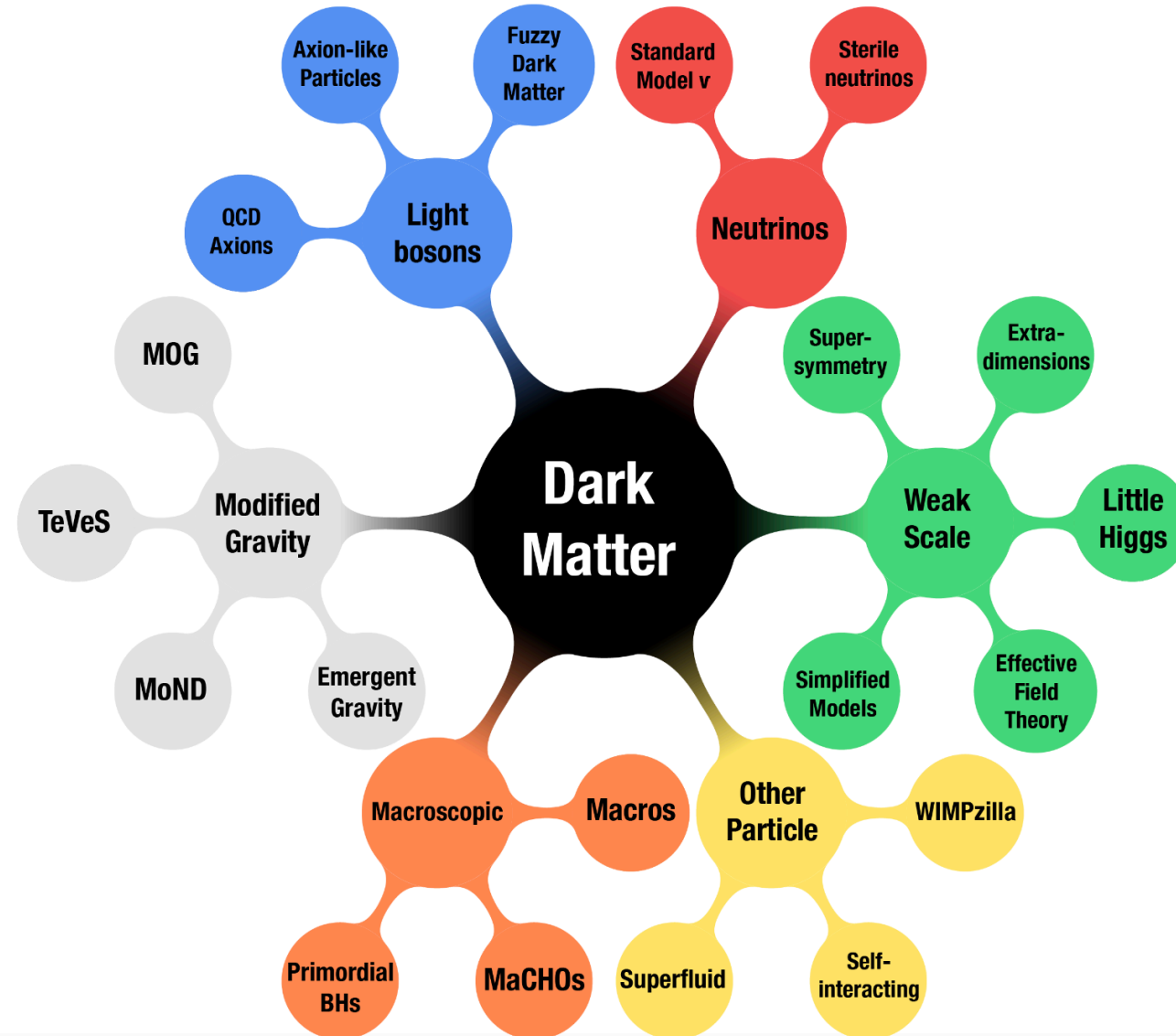


PART 02

Dark Matter Searches

TSUNG-DAO LEE INSTITUTE

● Frontiers that DM can reach out



Dark Matter Models for LHC

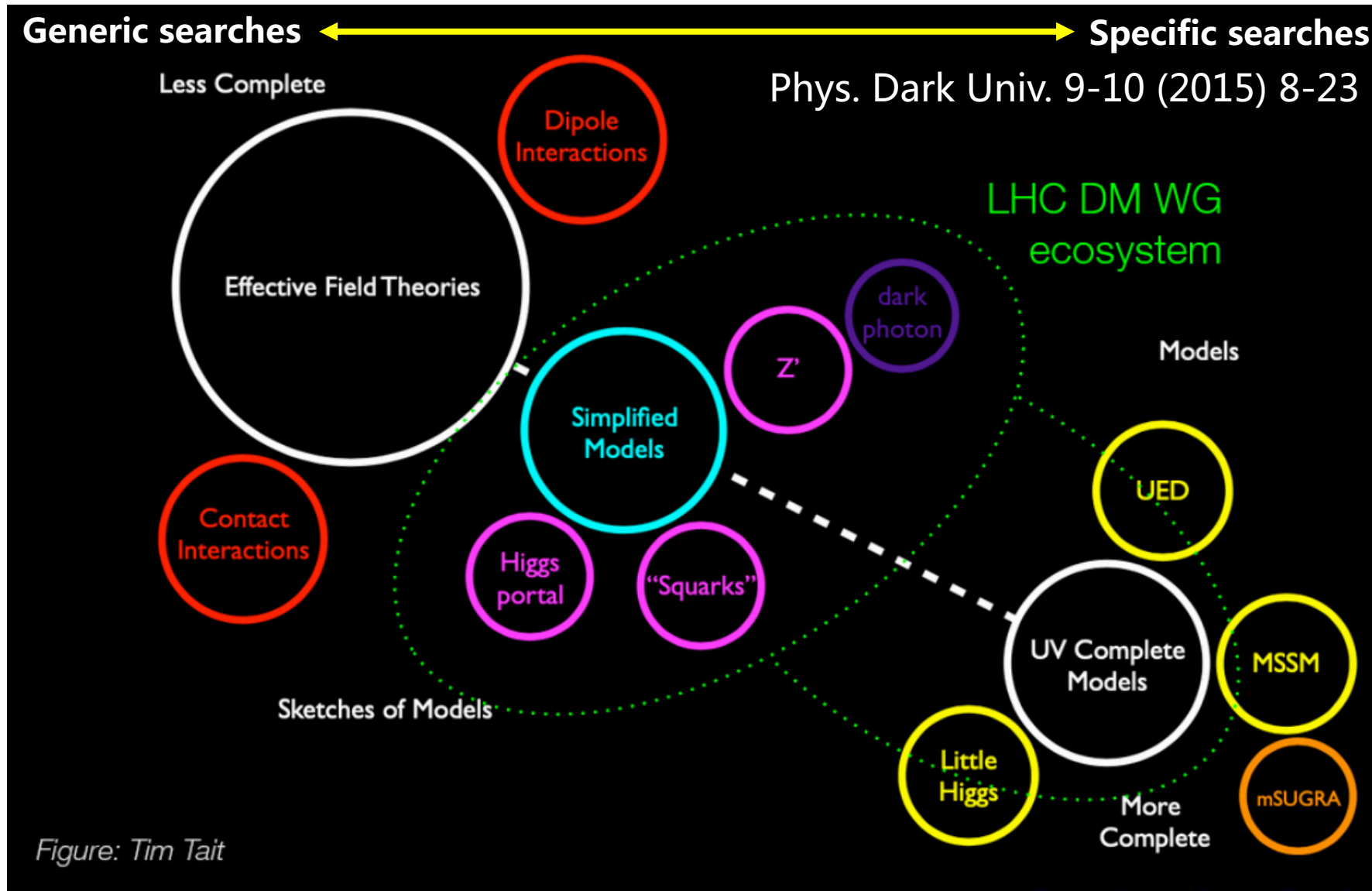
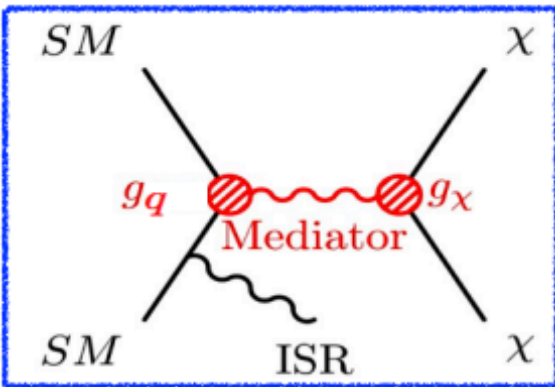


Figure: Tim Tait

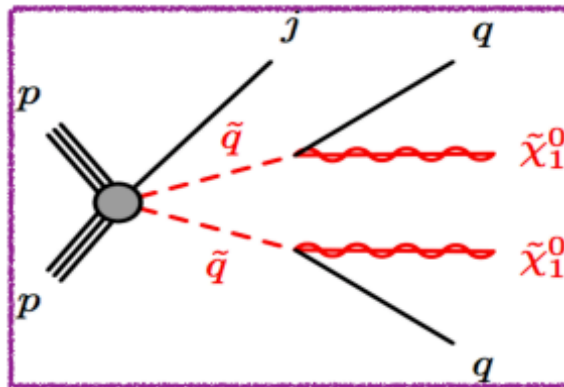
Dark Matter Search programs at LHC

Simplified models



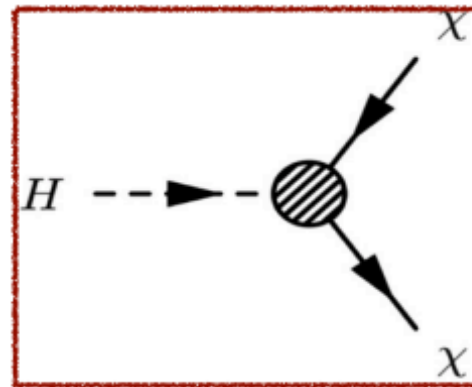
- SM-DM boson mediator:
- Spin-0: Scalar (S) or pseudo-scalar (a)
 - Spin-1: Vector (V/Z') or axial-vector (A)
 - Minimal set of parameters: $M_\chi, M_{mediator}, g_\chi, g_q, g_\ell$

SUSY



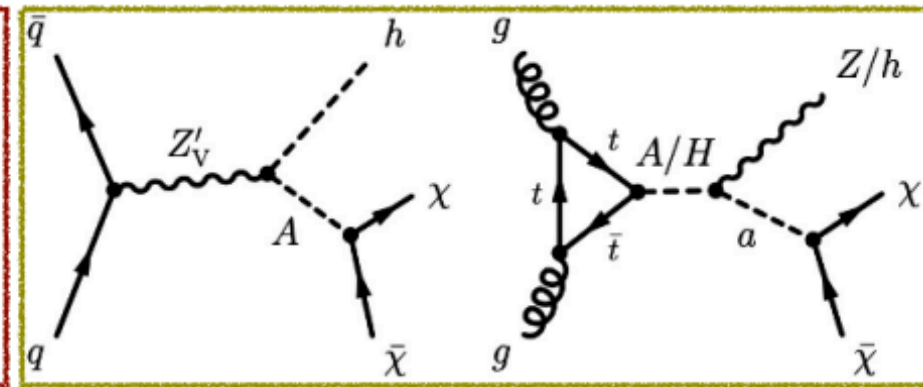
- Provides good candidate for DM
- R-parity conservation
- Lightest supersymmetric Particle (LSP)
- Model-dependent limit on DM candidate

Higgs portal



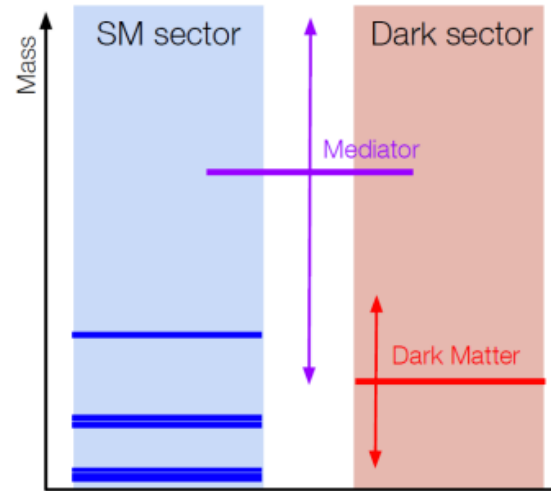
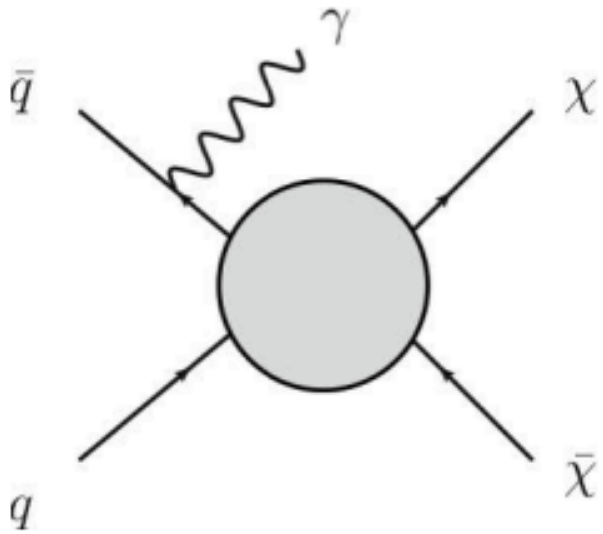
- Higgs boson mediates DM-SM interaction: $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$
- Parameters: m_χ, χ spin

Extended Higgs sector

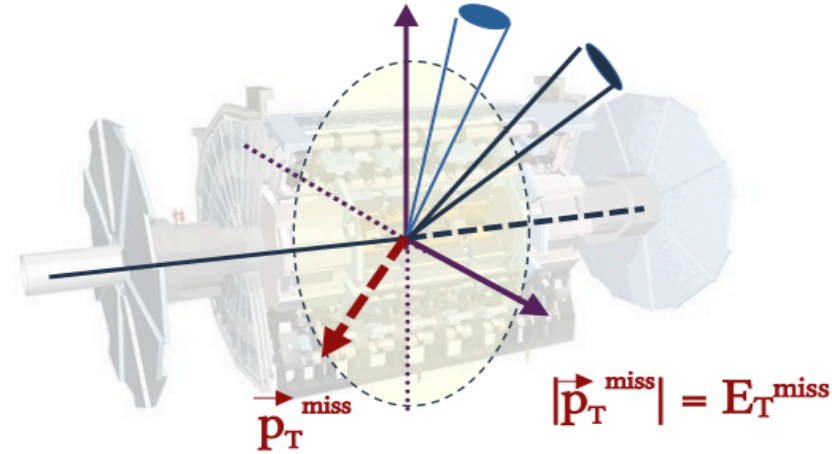


- More complete models (more free parameters and better sensitivity) involving several Higgs-like (or scalar) bosons: 2HDMa, Dark Higgs, ..

S-channel Mediator Simplified Models



DM produced together with a visible object
e.g. γ , jet, Z-boson, W-boson, Higgs-boson



Escape
Detection

Missing transverse momentum inferred from momentum conservation

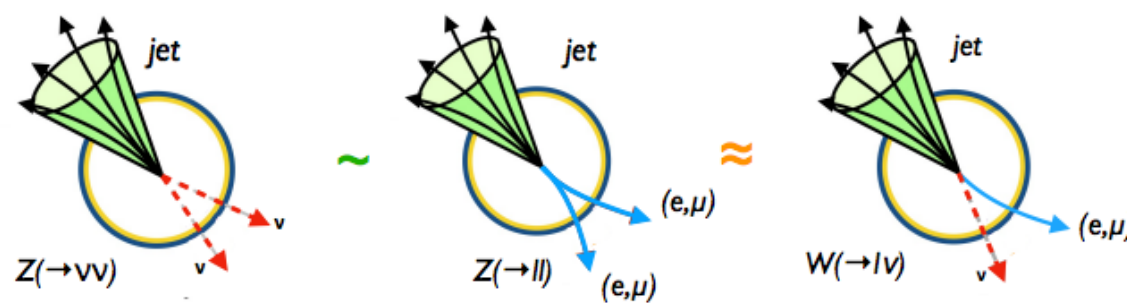
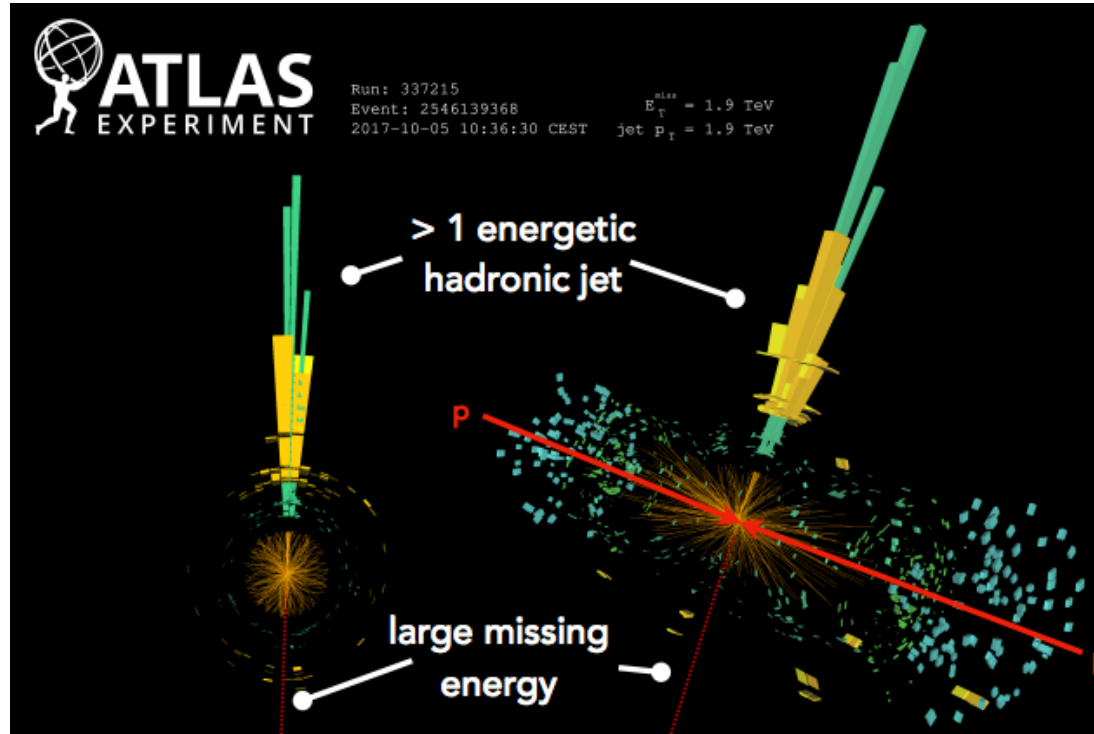
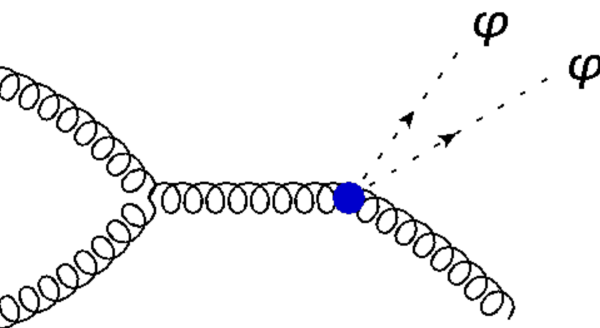
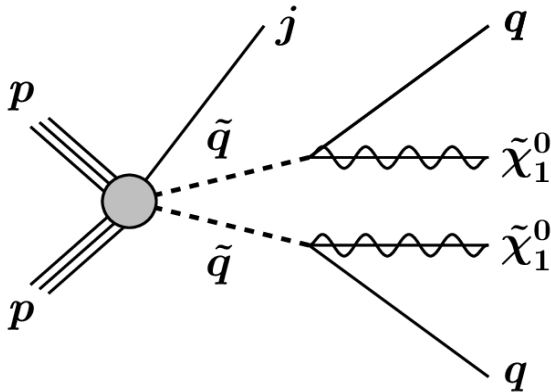
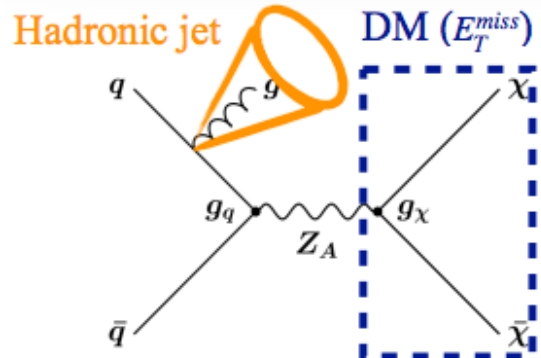
Simplified model:

- Starting point to build complete theories
- Colliders can search for the mediator directly
- Benchmark model @ Run II

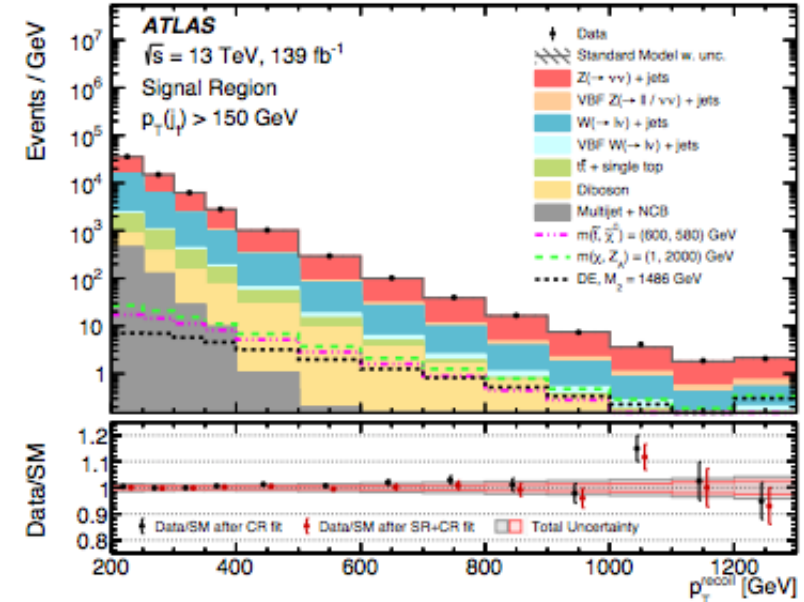
Two complementary approaches:

- Look for DM - mono-X signature
- Look for mediator - resonance search

● Mono-Jet search (Jet + E_T^{miss})



Main backgrounds

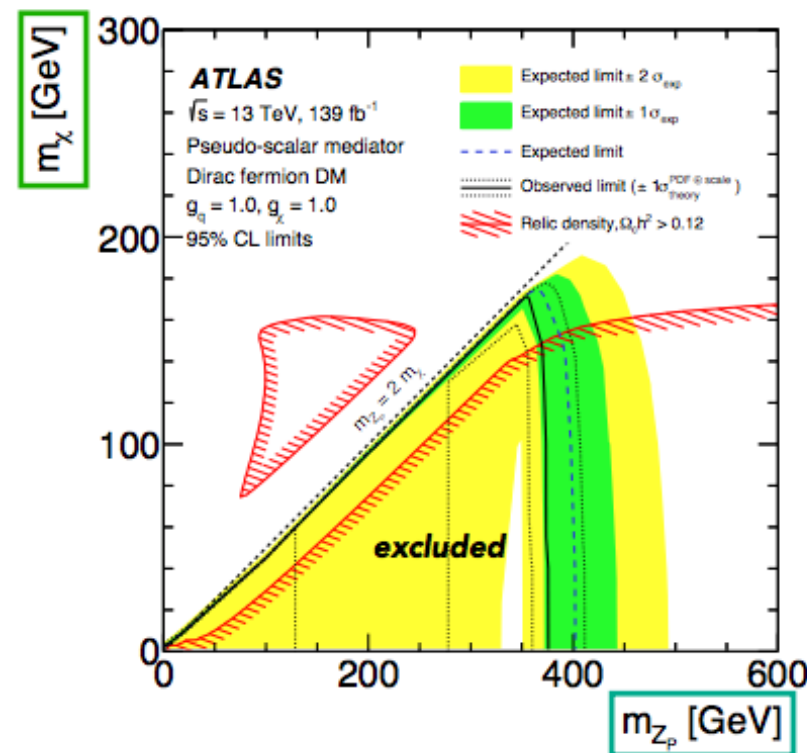
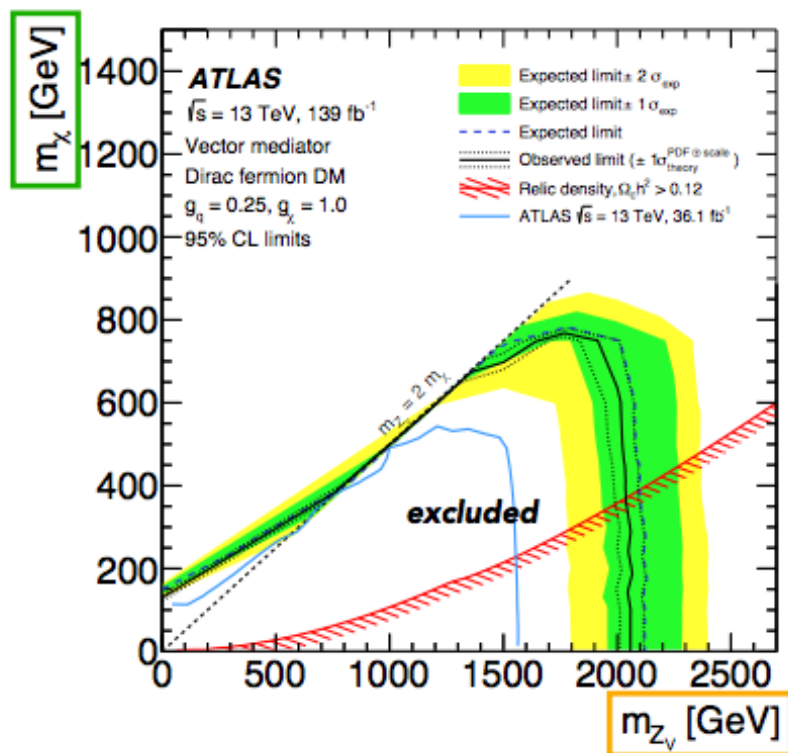
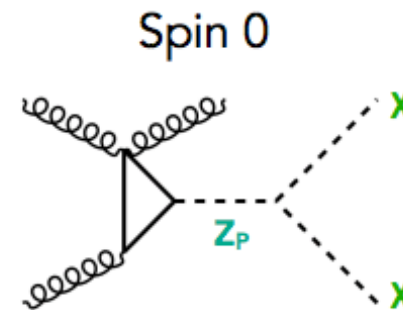
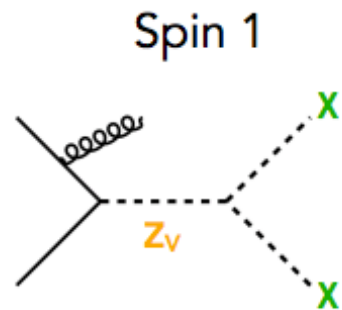


Signal region

Diverse Interpretations

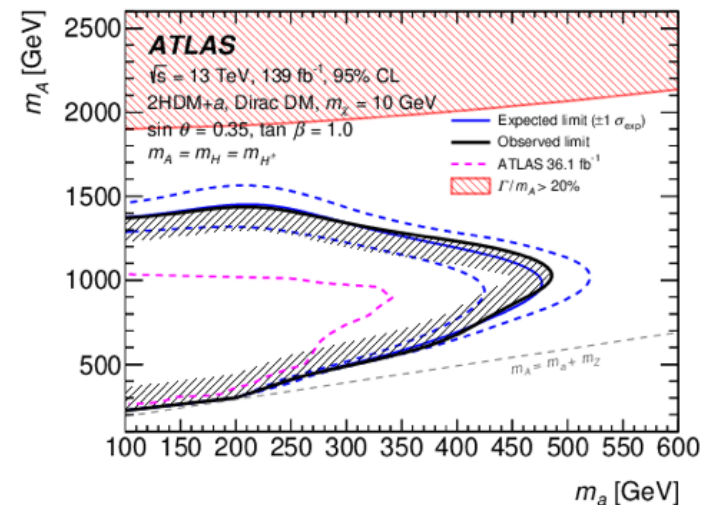
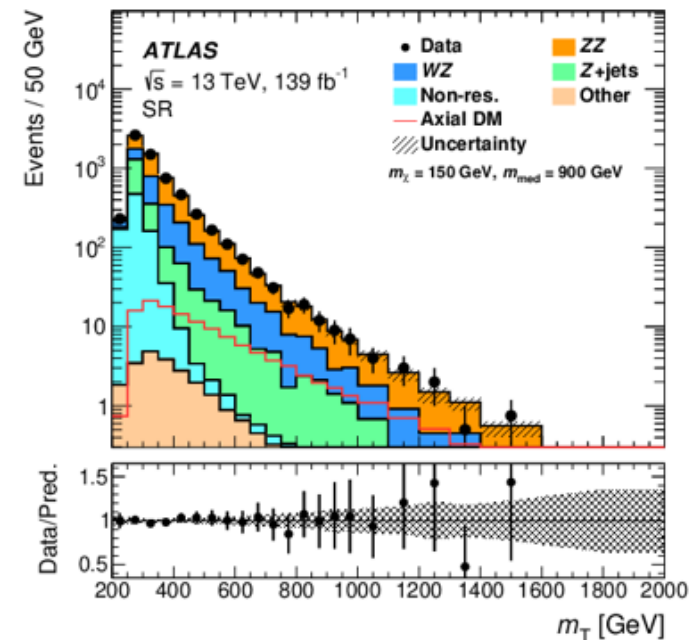
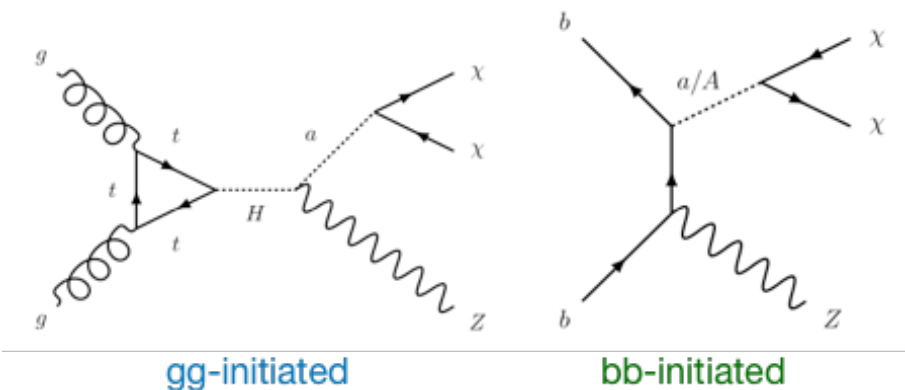
- Simplified Models:
 - Fix coupling; Fix ratio
- T-channel models
- Generic sensitivity
 - SUSY, leptoquarks, extra dimensions, ...

● Mono-Jet search (Jet + E_T^{miss})

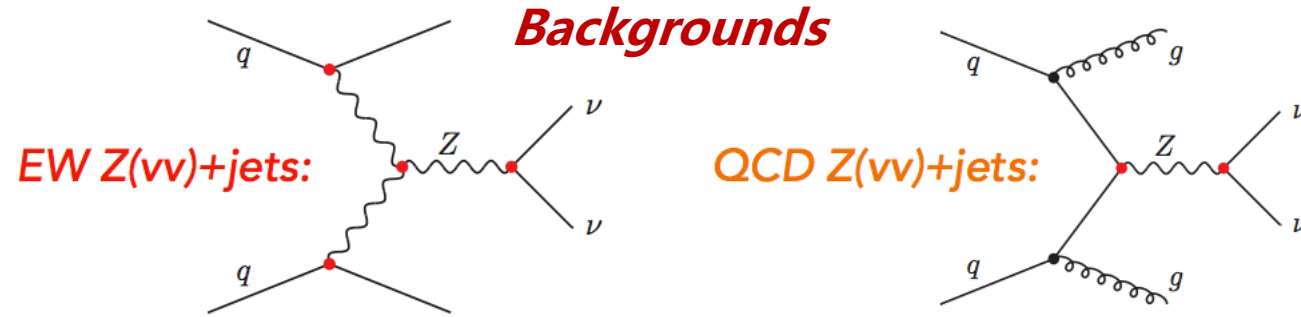
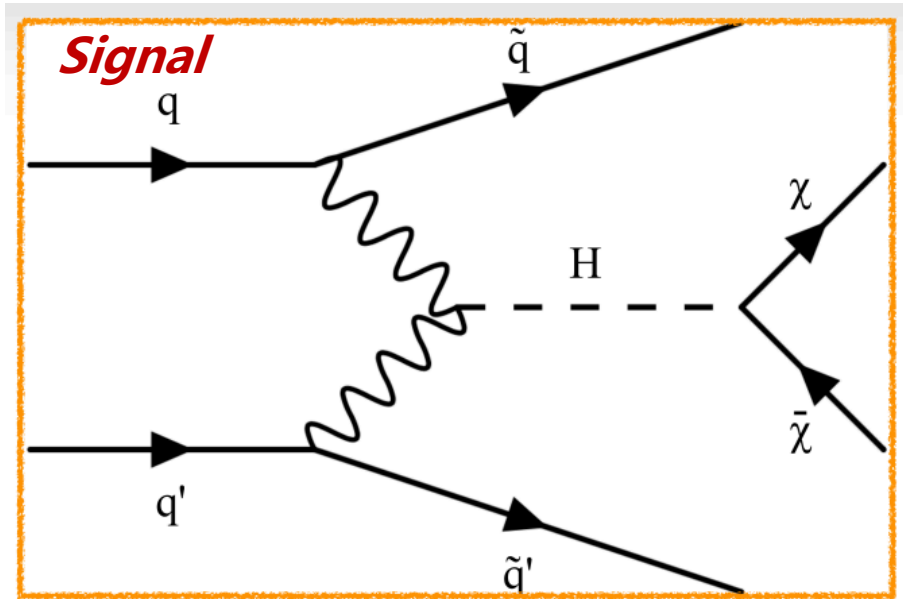


● $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(\text{ll})$ signature

- **Signal region:**
 - Z boson recoiling against large $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 90$ GeV
 - Presence of a pair of high- p_T , same flavour, oppositely charged leptons with angular separation < 1.8
- Dominant bkgd ZZ , WZ and non-resonant bkgd estimated using **4l, 3l, and $e\mu$ Control Regions.**
- Fit to data is performed on m_T^{lep} (in SR and $e\mu$ CR) + E_T^{miss} (in 4l and 3l CRs).



● Higgs portal to DM: invisible decays

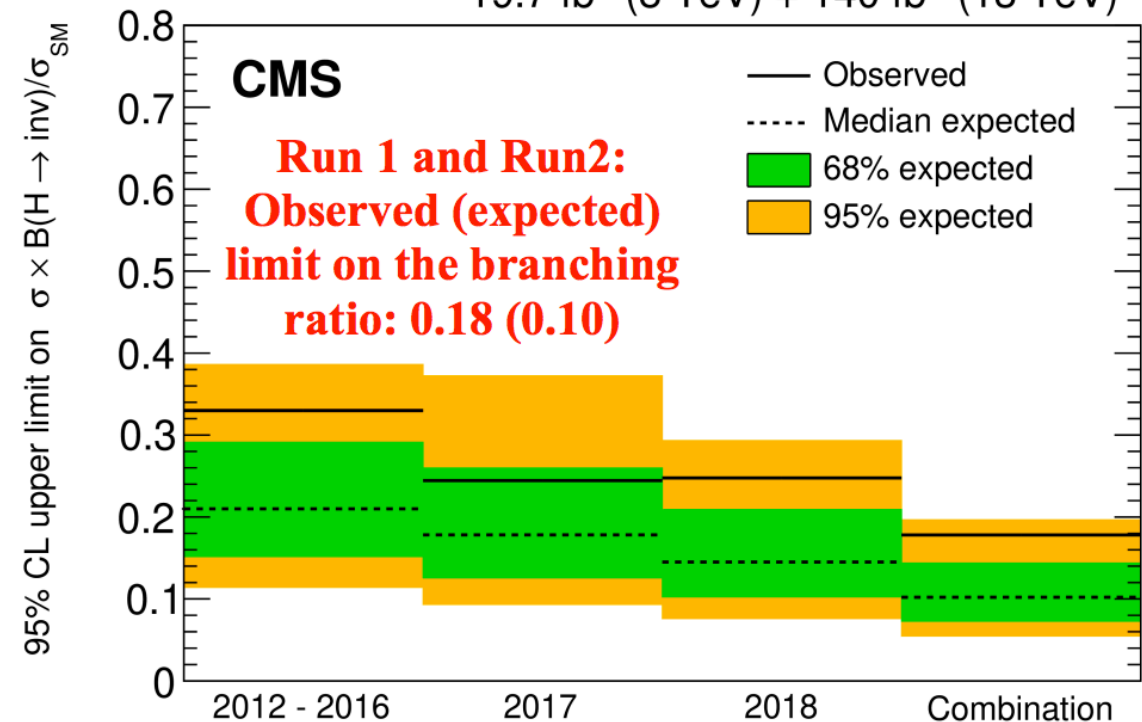


Observed Limit from the combination

$$\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.18 \text{ (0.12) at the 95\% CL,}$$

- Signature: Vector-Boson Fusion
- Two SR triggers:
 - MTR with missing momentum trigger
 - VTR with VBF jet trigger

19.7 fb⁻¹ (8 TeV) + 140 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

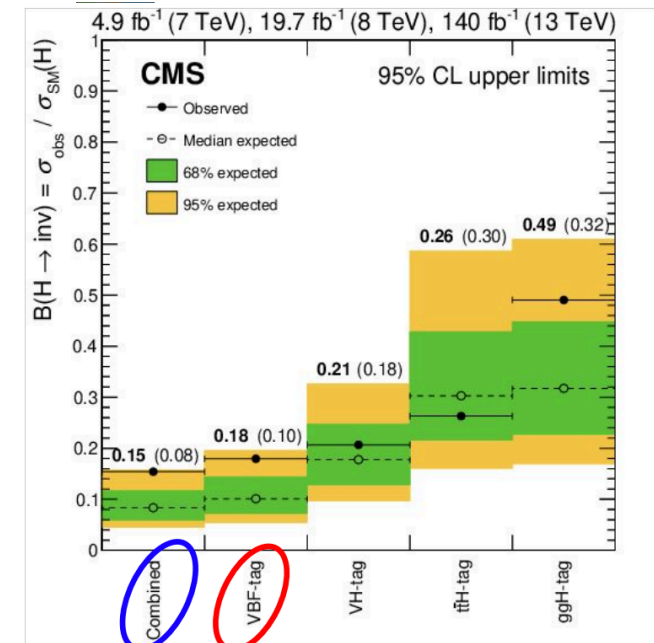
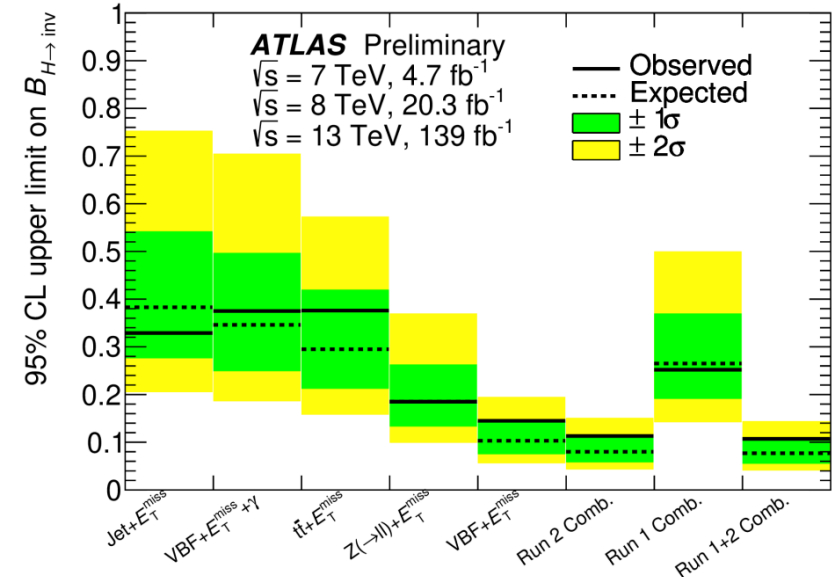
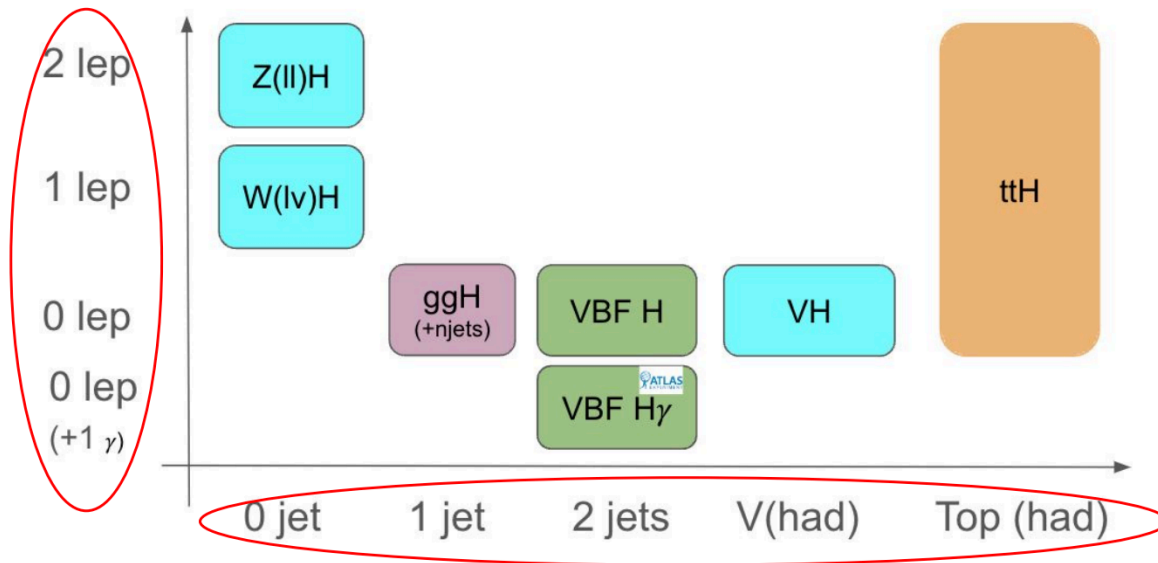




Higgs portal to DM: invisible decays

Analysis	Best fit $\mathcal{B}_{H \rightarrow \text{inv}}$	Observed 95% U.L.	Expected 95% U.L.
Run 2 Comb.	0.04 ± 0.04	0.113	$0.080^{+0.031}_{-0.022}$
Run 1 Comb.	$-0.02^{+0.14}_{-0.13}$	0.252	$0.265^{+0.105}_{-0.074}$
Run 1+2 Comb.	0.04 ± 0.04	0.107	$0.077^{+0.030}_{-0.022}$

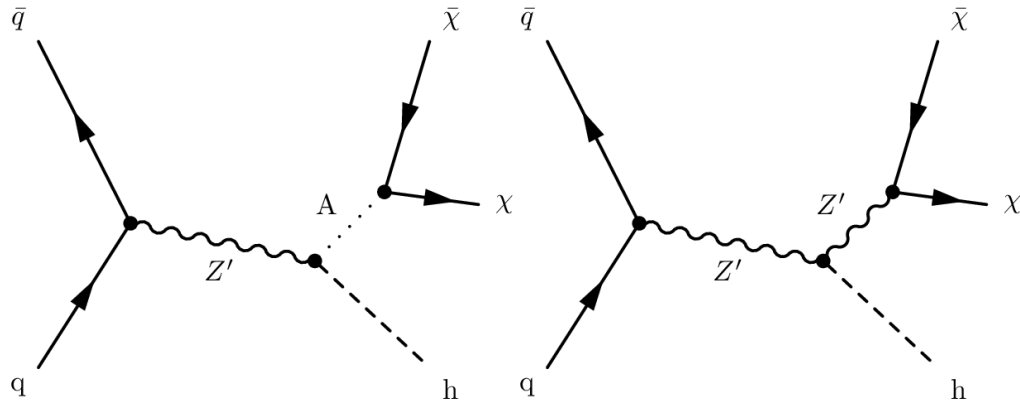
- Z to W ratio predictions @NLO QCD, NLO EW - [arXiv:2204.07652](https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.07652) - used to constrain Z+j with W+j
- Probing BR(H → Inv) at 10% level



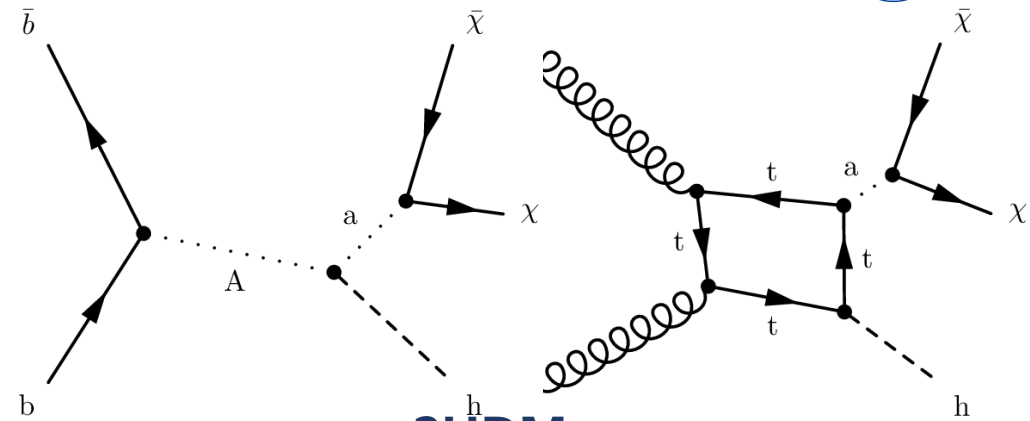
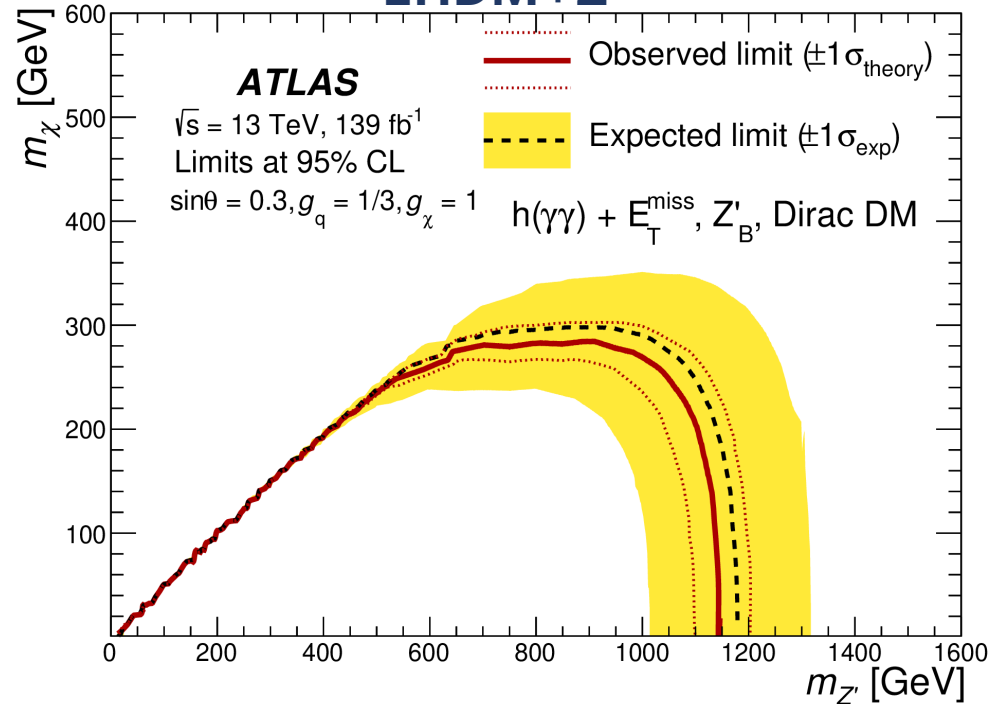
- ATLAS $\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ 95% limit : 10.7% (7.7%)
- CMS $\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ 95% limit : 15% (8%)

Higgs portal to DM: Mono-H($\gamma\gamma$)

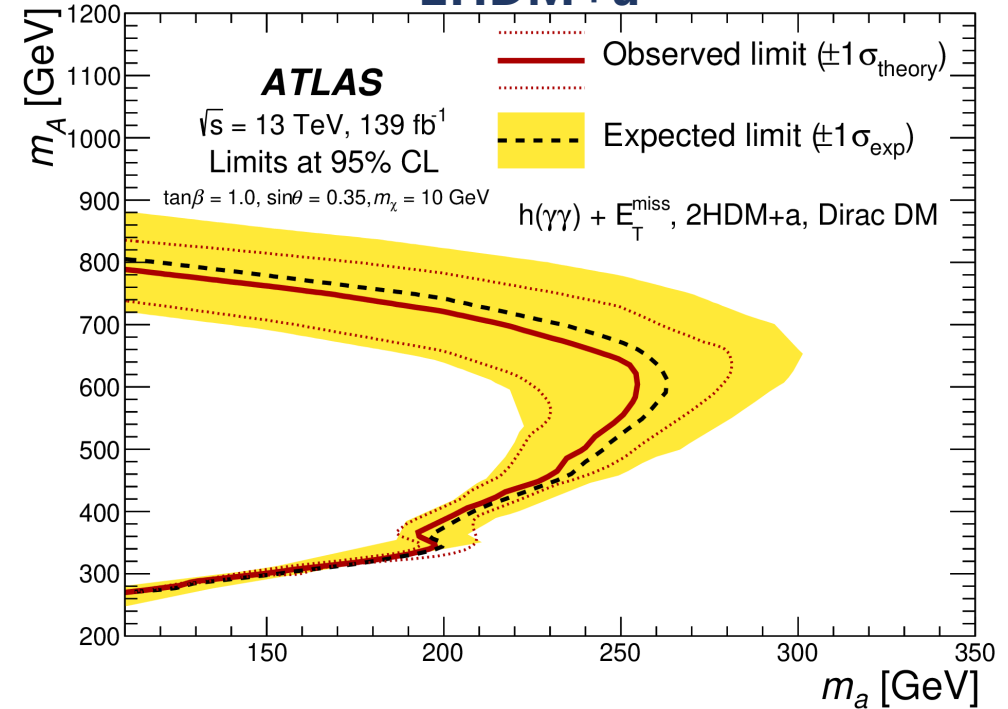
JHEP 10 (2021) 13



2HDM+Z'

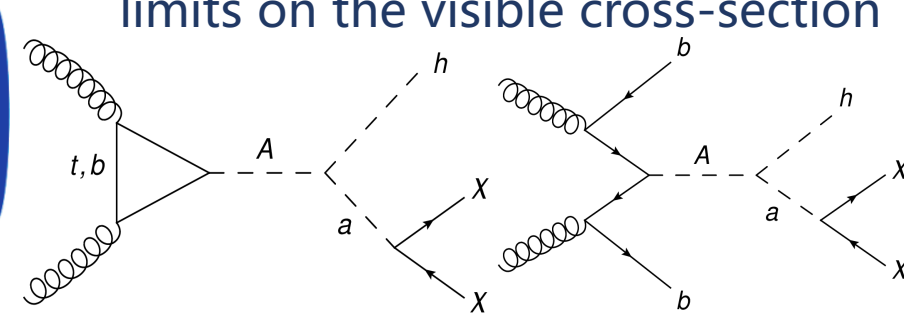


2HDM+a



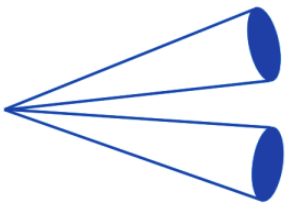
Higgs portal to DM: Mono-H(bb)

- Interpreted with 2HDM+Z' , 2HDM+a in both ggF and bbH.
- Also Model-independent upper limits on the visible cross-section



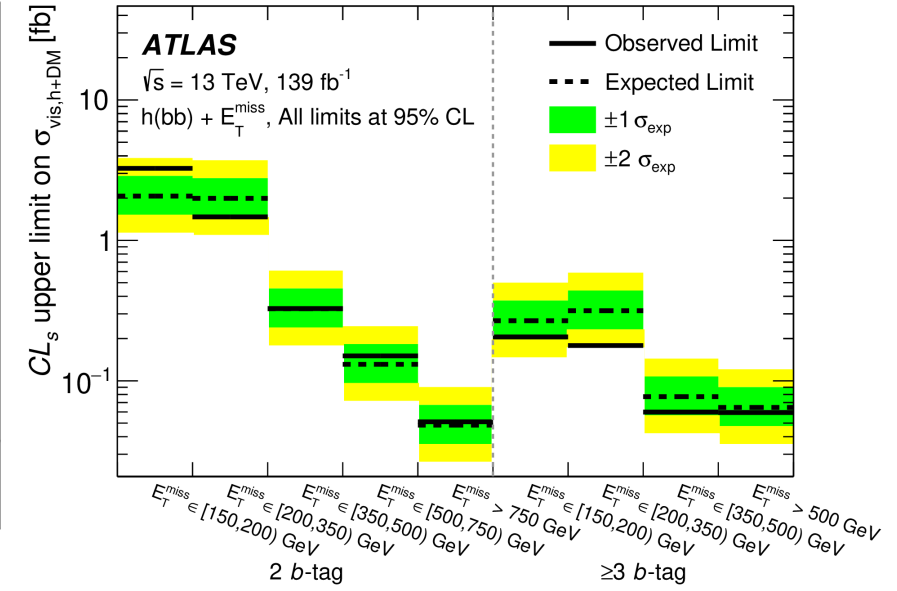
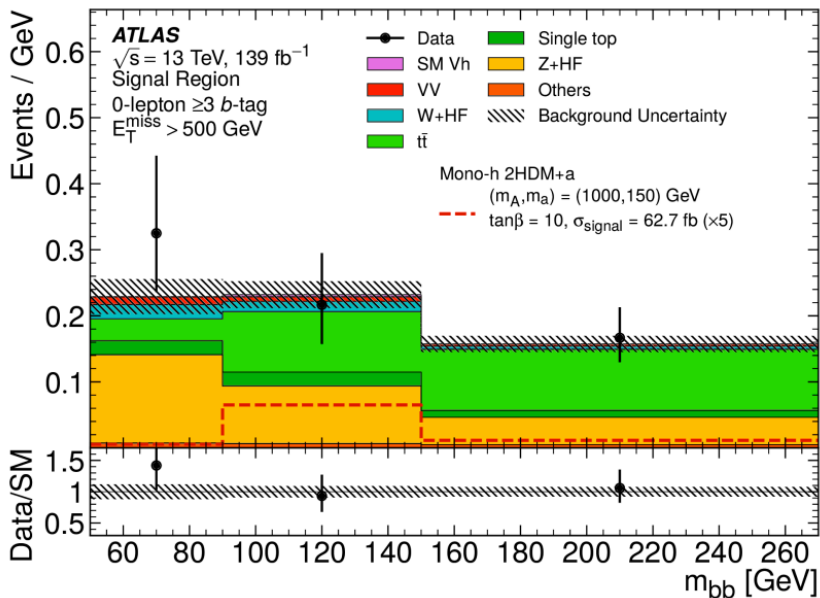
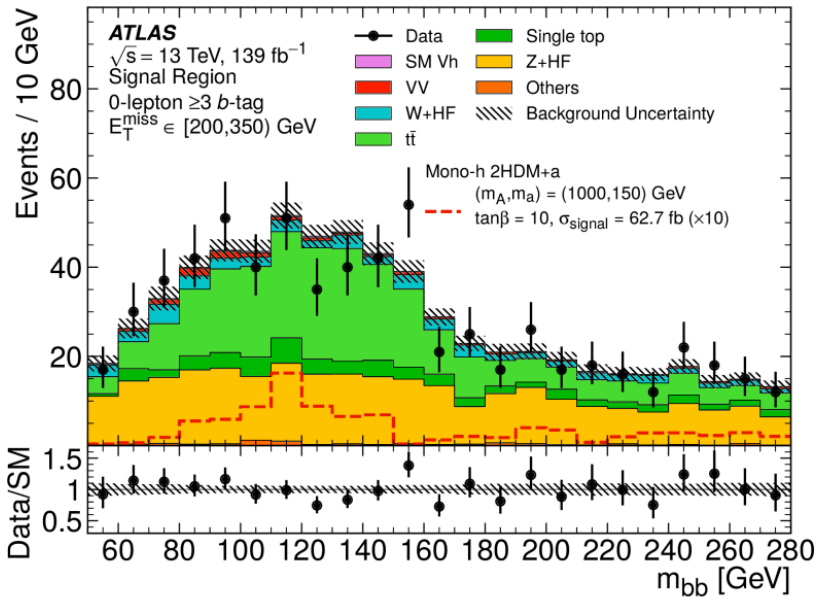
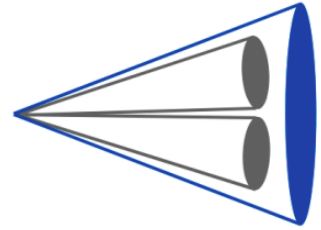
Resolved topology

$150 < E_T^{miss} < 500 \text{ GeV}$
 $50 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 280 \text{ GeV}$
 At least 2 small-R jets

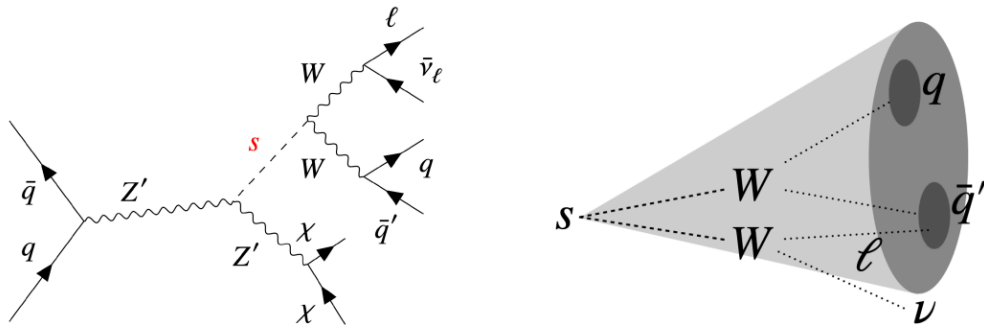


Merged topology

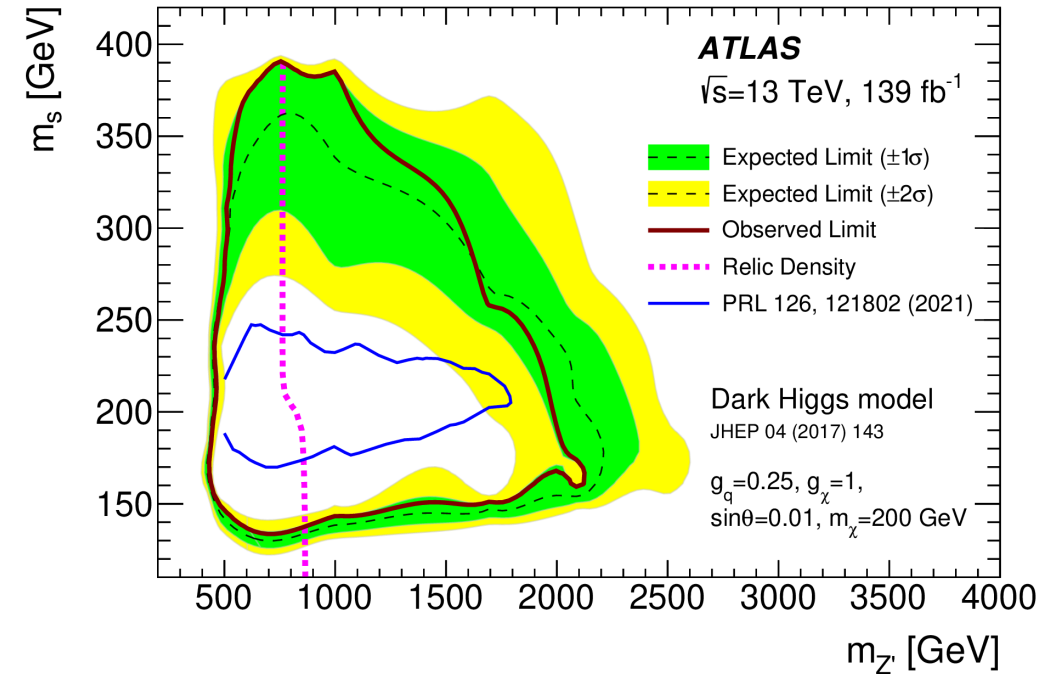
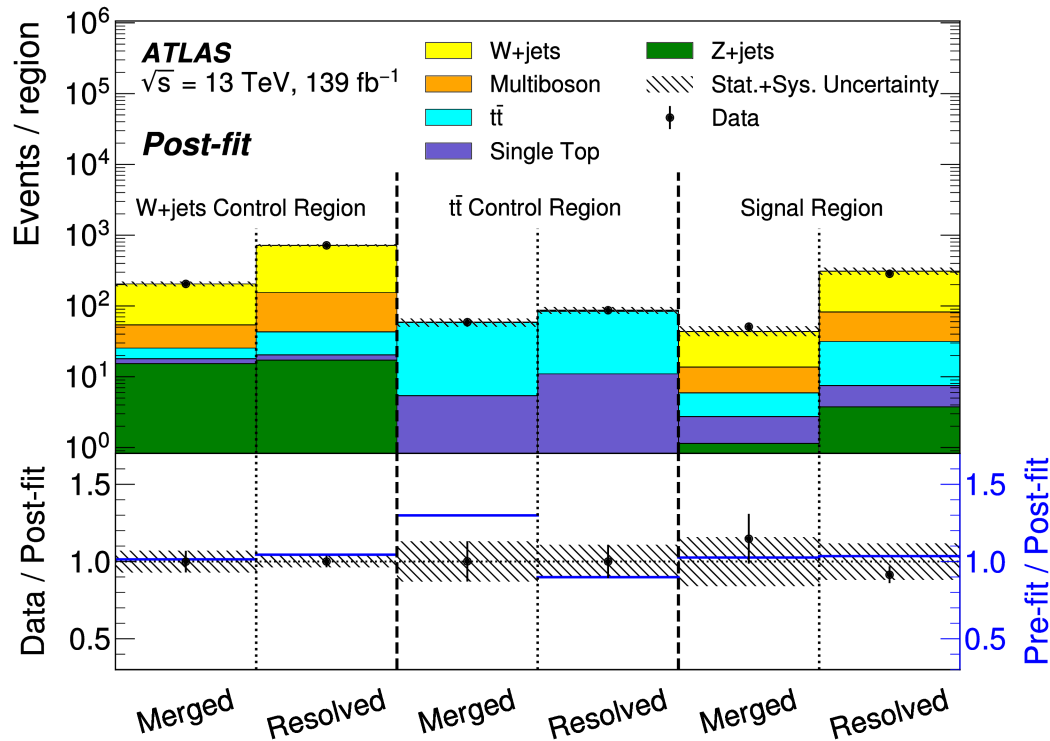
$E_T^{miss} > 500 \text{ GeV}$
 $50 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 270 \text{ GeV}$
 At least 1 large-R jet



Dark Higgs Search: $s \rightarrow WW$ semileptonic



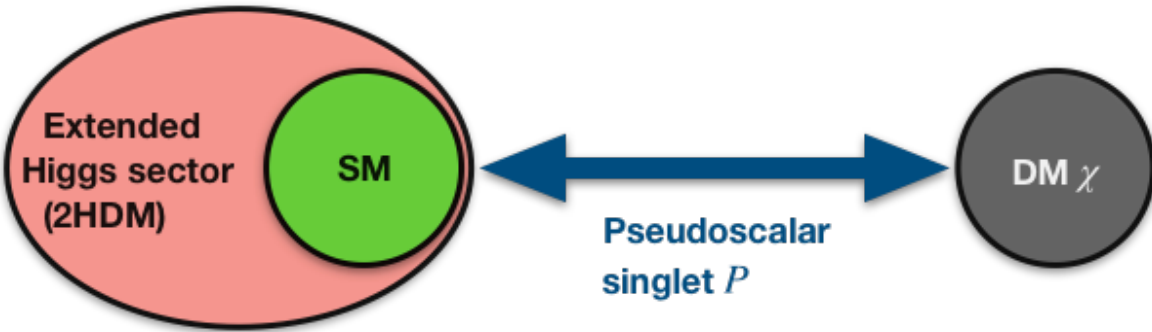
- Two mediator model: Z' + Dark Higgs
- Utilize both resolved calorimeter-measured jet pair or merged from track-assisted reclustered jets
- Scenarios with dark Higgs boson masses ranging between 140 and 390 GeV are excluded.





2HDM+a context

- One of the popular ATLAS DM benchmark context
 - Searches interpreted in Two-Higgs-Doublet Model plus a pseudo-scalar mediator (2HDM+a):
 - Minimal, UV-complete extension.
 - EWK Symmetry Breaking:
 - 5 Higgs: h, H, H^\pm, A
 - 1 light pseudo-scalar: a



2HDM+a fully defined by 14 parameters

$v, M_h, M_A, M_H, M_{H^\pm}, M_a, m_\chi$
 $\cos(\beta - \alpha), \tan \beta, \sin \theta,$
 $y_\chi, \lambda_3, \lambda_{P1}, \lambda_{P2}$

EWK, flavour constraints and to simplify parameter space

5 unconstrained parameters

$m_A = m_H = m_{H^\pm}$
 m_a
 m_χ
 $\sin \theta$
 $\tan \beta$

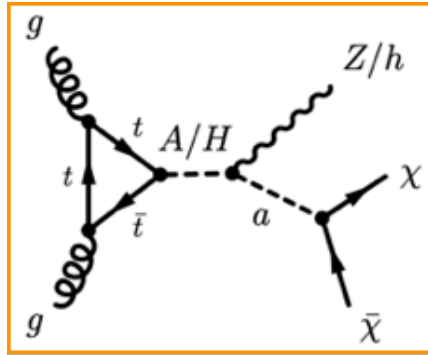
masses of heavy Higgs
 mass of pseudo-scalar mediator
 DM mass
 mixing angle between CP-odd states a and A
 ratio of 2 Higgs doublet VEVs

LHC Dark Matter Working Group
[Phys. Dark Univ. 27 \(2020\) 100351](#)
 Bauer, Haisch, Kahlhoefer
[JHEP05\(2017\) 138](#)

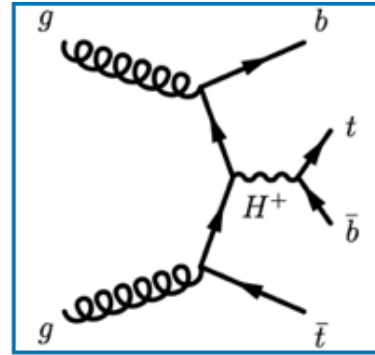
* h : SM-like CP-even Higgs with mass of 125 GeV

2HDM+a Experimental Signatures at ATLAS

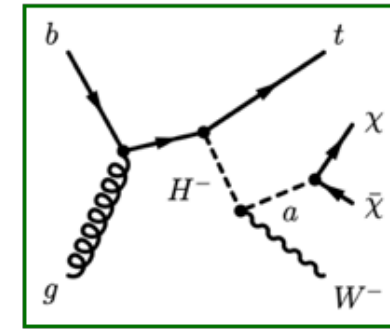
- 2HDM+a has rich phenomenology predicting wide range of signatures with both visible and invisible decays
 - resonantly production of $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z/h$
 - additional (pseudo-)scalar bosons, e.g. $tbH^\pm(tb)$
 - new signatures, e.g. $E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$



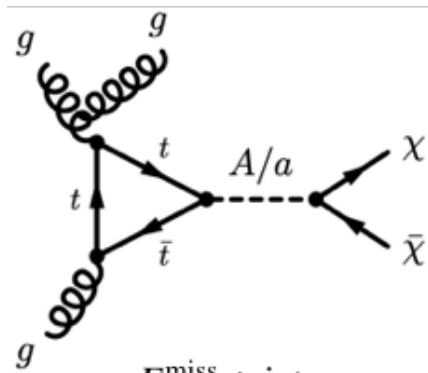
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z/h$



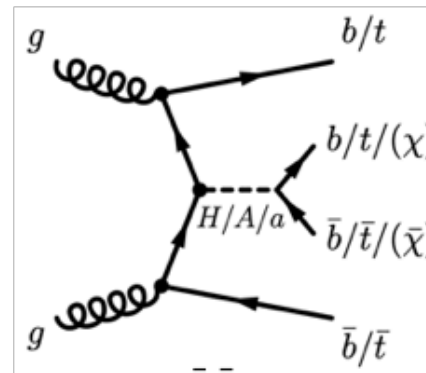
$tbH^\pm(tb)$



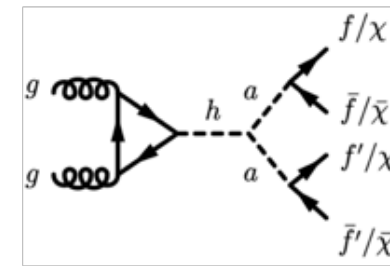
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$



$E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$



$t\bar{t}\bar{t}$

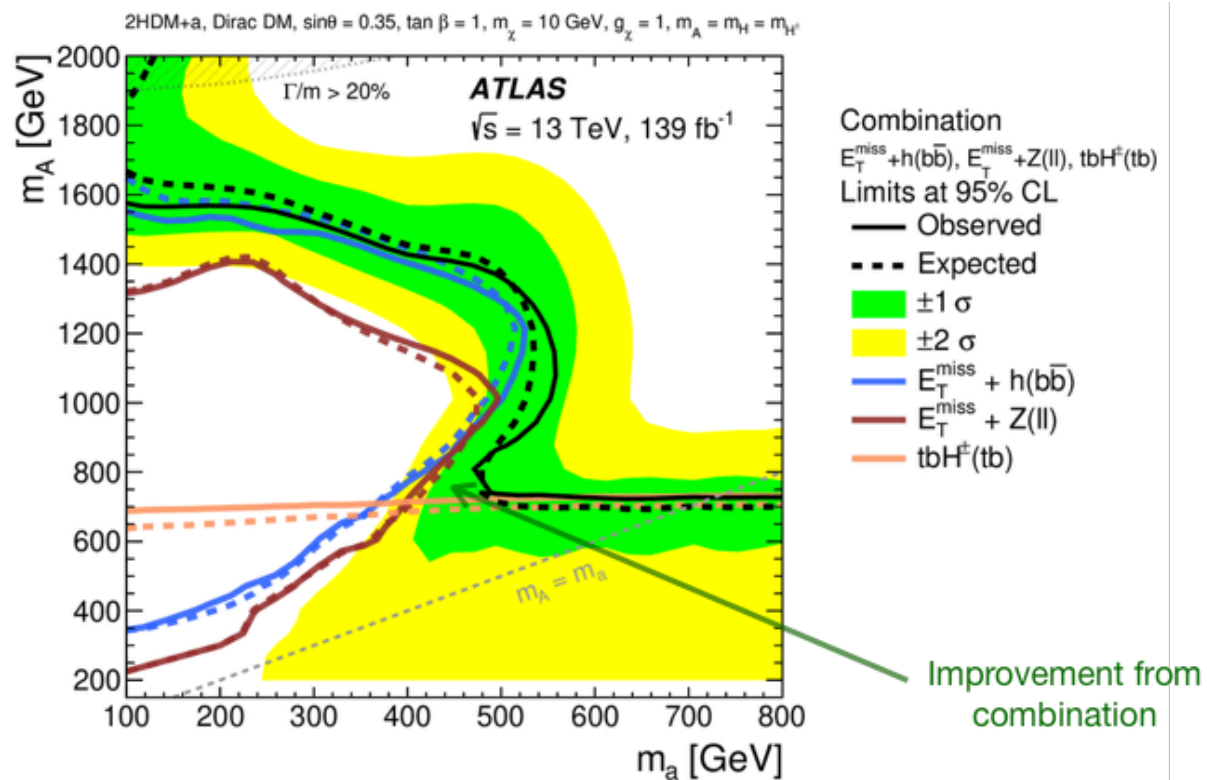


$h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4f/h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$



Statistical Combination

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(bb)$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(\ell\ell)$ and $tbH^\pm(tb)$: Most constraining signatures of 2HDM+a.
 - $tbH^\pm(tb)$ gives significant complementarity to sensitivities of $E_T^{\text{miss}} + X$
 - stat. combination of 3 channels to maximize 2HDM+a constraints in parameter space.
- Combined exclusion limits obtained from **profile likelihood ratio** corresponding to **3-channel-combined likelihood**.
- Decorrelate over-constrained/pulled uncertainties to avoid any phase-space-specific biases across channels.



Summary of constraints on 2HDM+a

- constraints on 2HDM+a interpreted in 6 benchmark scenarios.
 - highlight diverse phenomenology of 2HDM+a.
 - study the interplay and complementarities between different signatures.

Scenario	Fixed parameter values				Varied parameters
	$\sin \theta$	m_A [GeV]	m_a [GeV]	$\tan \beta$	
1	a	0.35	–	–	(m_a, m_A)
	b	0.70	–	–	
2	a	0.35	–	250	$(m_A, \tan \beta)$
	b	0.70	–	250	
3	a	0.35	600	–	$(m_a, \tan \beta)$
	b	0.70	600	–	
4	a	–	600	200	$\sin \theta$
	b	–	1000	350	
5		0.35	1000	400	m_χ
6		0.35	1200	–	(m_a, m_χ)

shows interplay due to mass hierarchies

motivated by similar scans done for general 2HDMs

illustration a - A mixing parameter effect

connection with cosmological constraints and direct/indirect searches

showed for the 1st time

m_χ set to 10 GeV in all scenarios, except 5 and 6

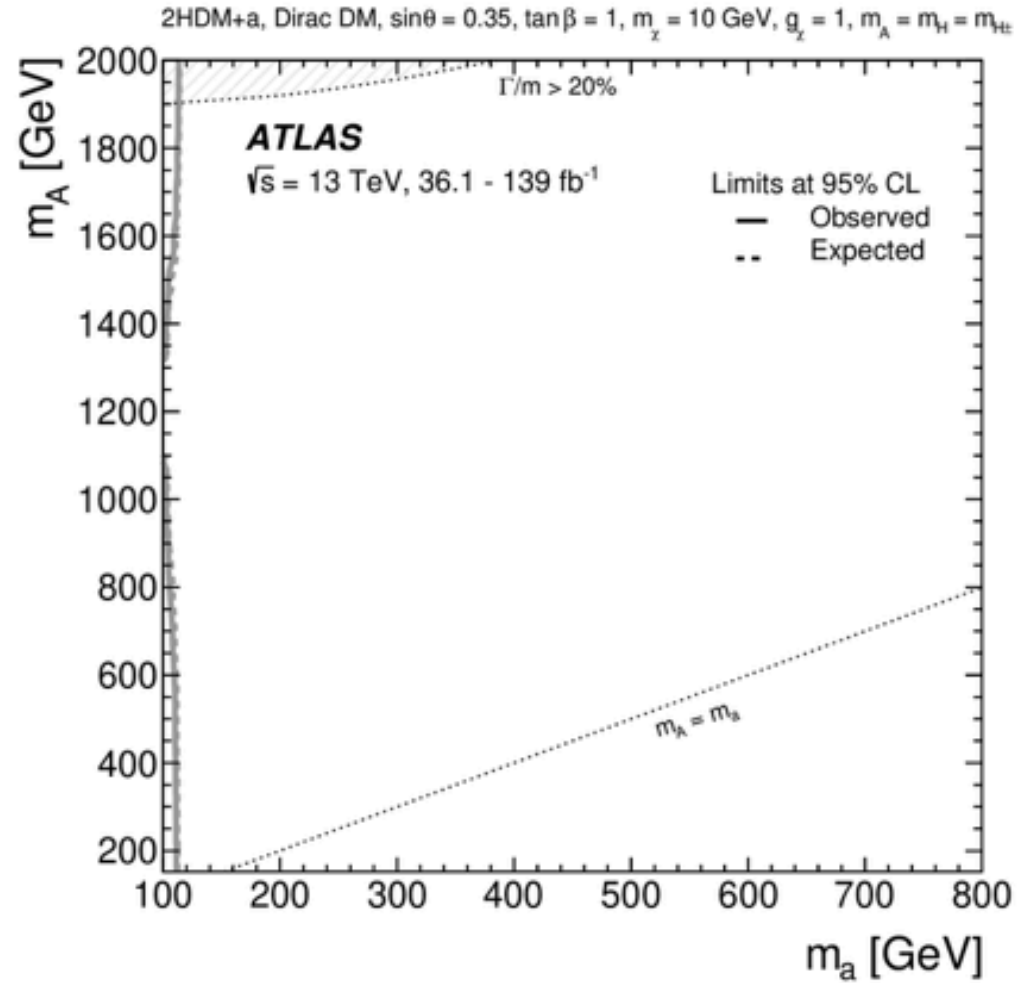
Summary of constraints on 2HDM+a

Variety of searches interpreted in the context of different 2HDM+a benchmark scenarios

Analysis/Scenario	1a	1b	2a	2b	3a	3b	4a	4b	5	6
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(\ell\ell)$ [74]	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(b\bar{b})$ [75]	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(\gamma\gamma)$ [84]	x	x			x	x	x	x		
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(\tau\tau)$ [78]	x			x						
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$ [77]	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + j$ [45]	x	x			x	x	x	x		
$h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$ [86]	x	x			x					x
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(q\bar{q})$ [127]	x						x	x		
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + b\bar{b}$ [128]							x	x		
$E_T^{\text{miss}} + t\bar{t}$ [128,129]							x	x		
$t\bar{t}\bar{t}\bar{t}$ [85]	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
$tbH^\pm(tb)$ [76]	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
$h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow f\bar{f}f'f'$ [79,80,81,82,83]										x

Scenario 1a: $\sin\theta=0.35$, $m_A - m_a$ plane

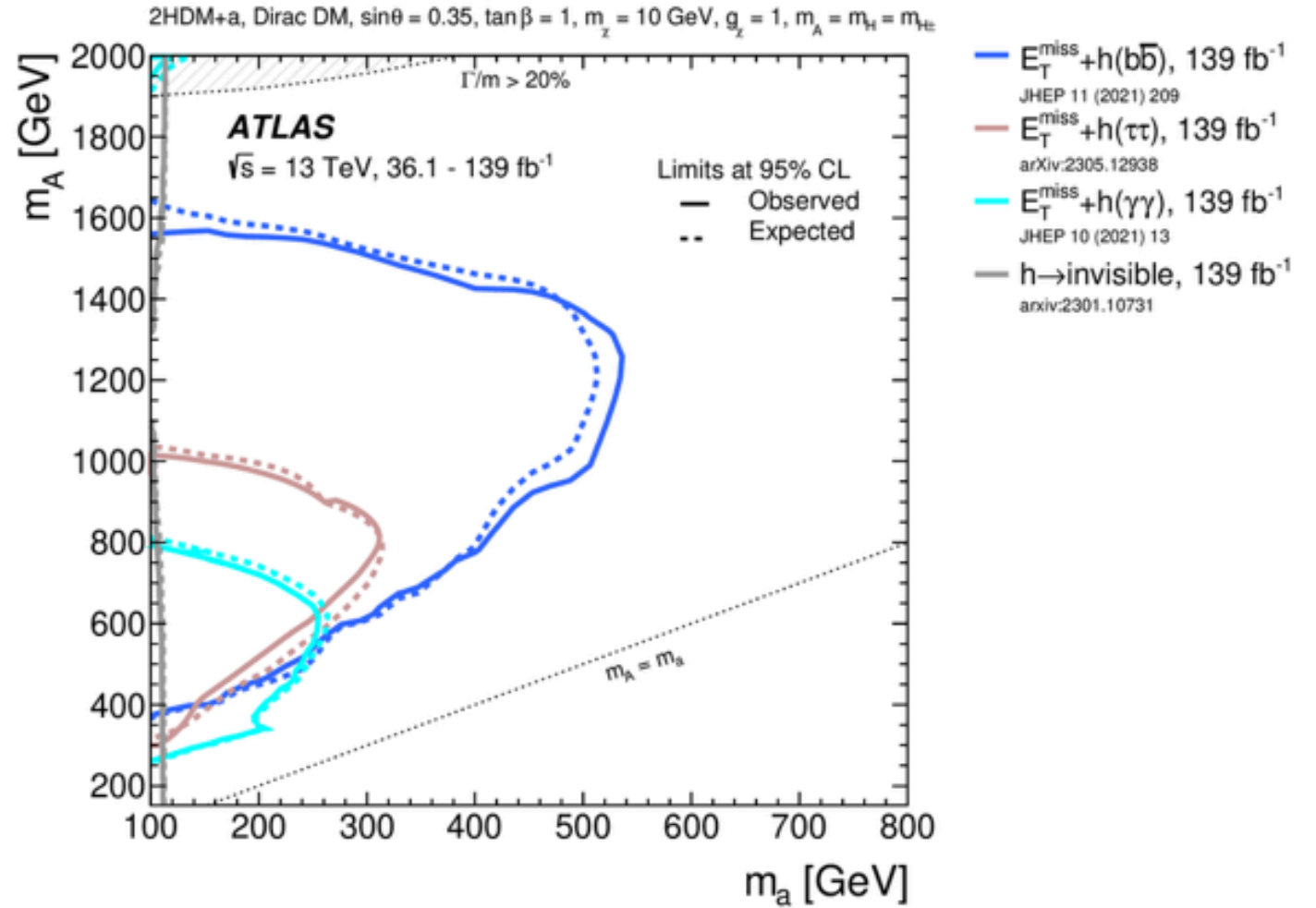
- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .



— $h \rightarrow$ invisible, 139 fb⁻¹
arxiv:2301.10731

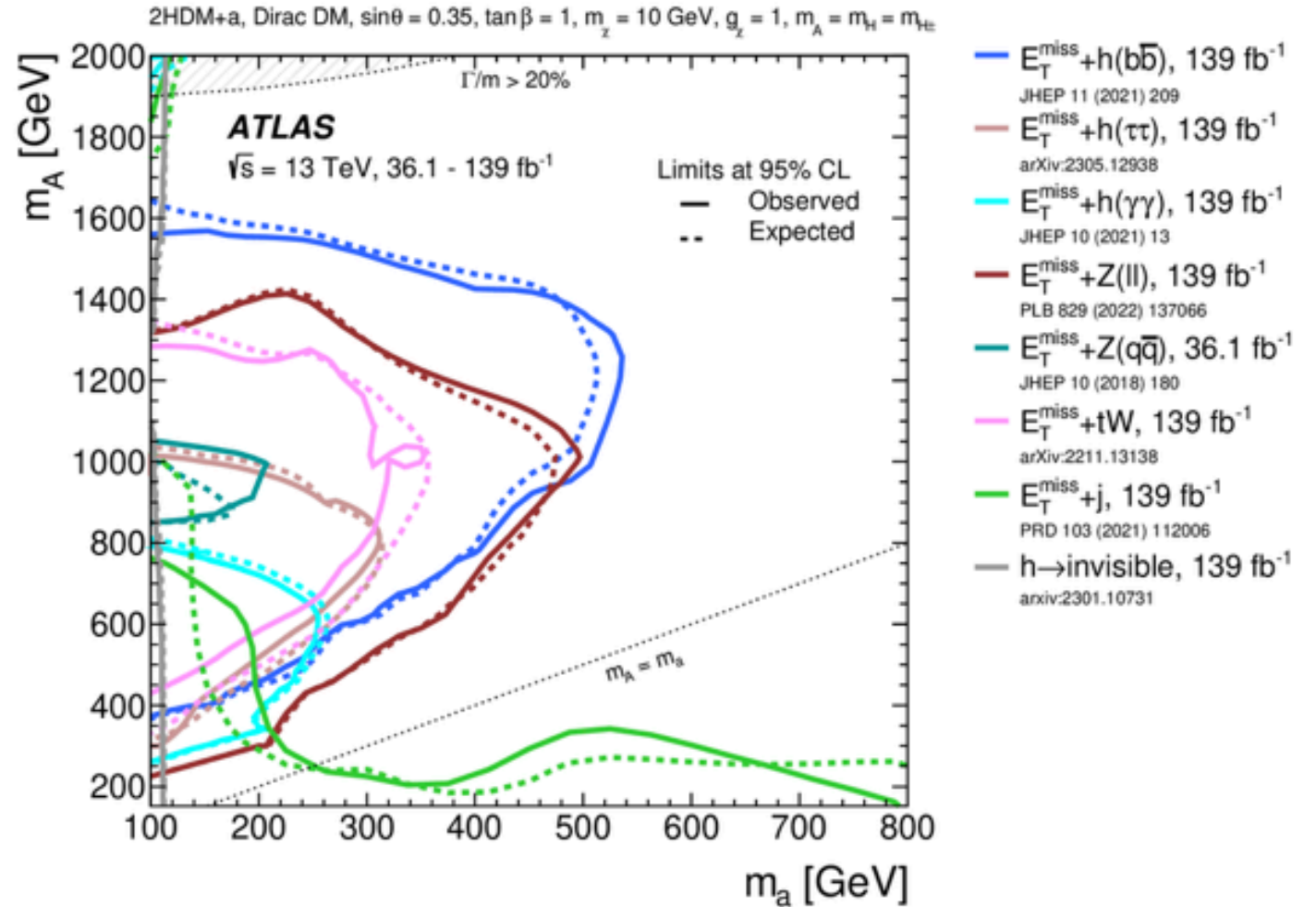
Scenario 1a: $\sin\theta=0.35$, $m_A - m_a$ plane

- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$ signatures: similar $m_A - m_a$ dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.



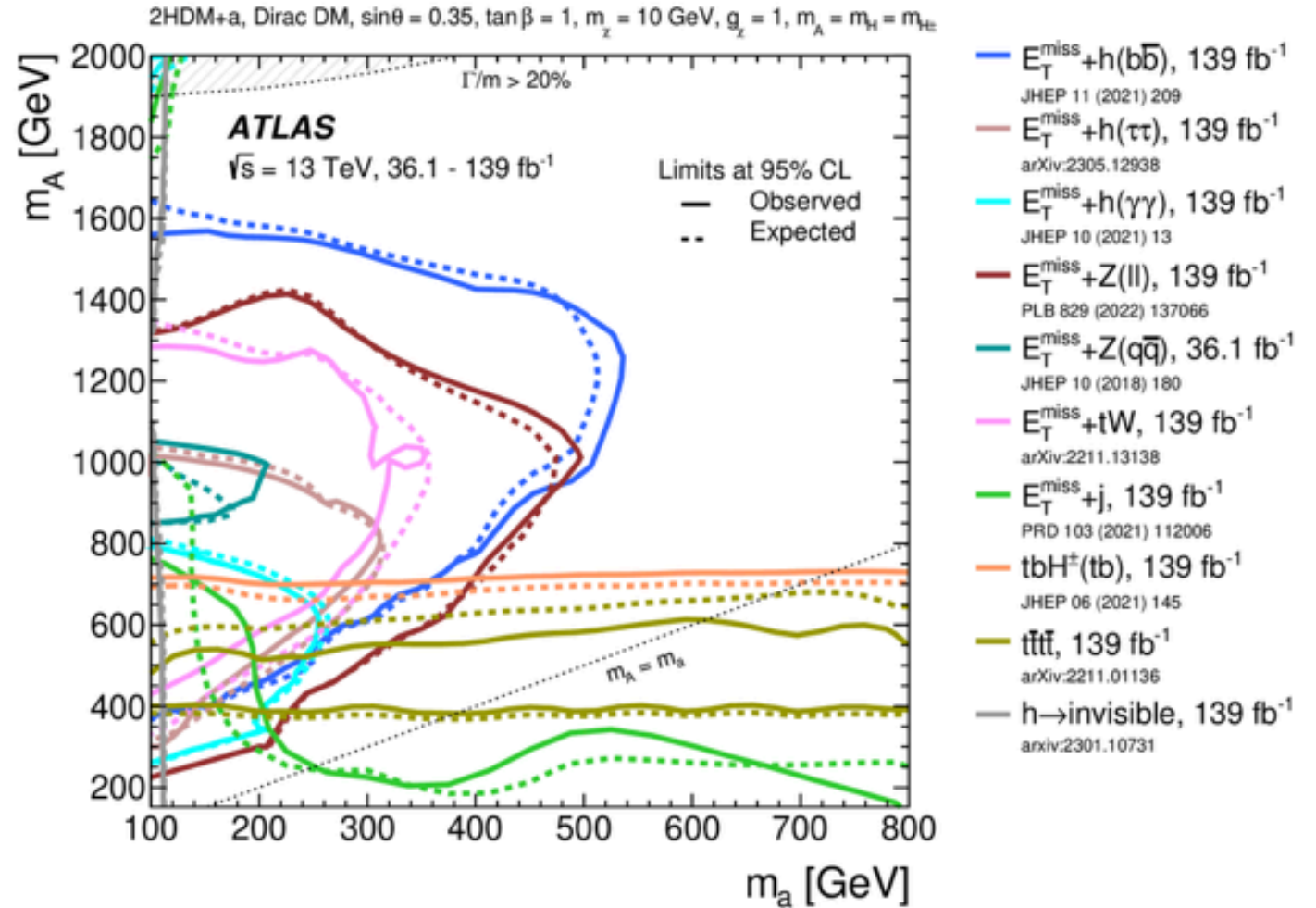
Scenario 1a: $\sin\theta=0.35$, $m_A - m_a$ plane

- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$ signatures: similar $m_A - m_a$ dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$ similar to $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(l\bar{l})$ but with smaller excl. region.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$ sensitivity notably different from those of $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z$ and $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$.



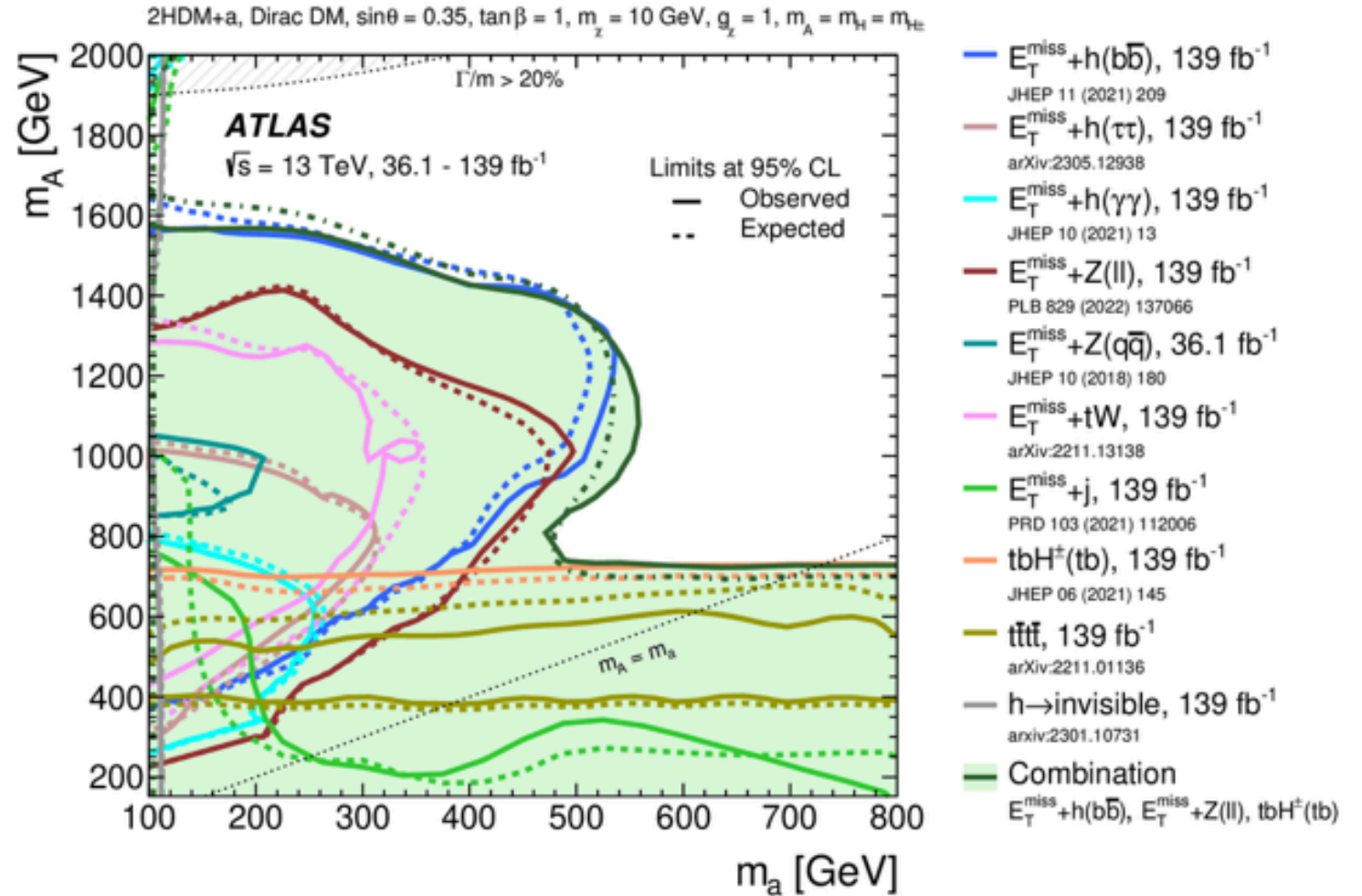
Scenario 1a: $\sin\theta=0.35$, $m_A - m_a$ plane

- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$ signatures: similar $m_A - m_a$ dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$ similar to $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(l\bar{l})$ but with smaller excl. region.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$ sensitivity notably different from those of $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z$ and $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$.
- Complementary constraints from searches not targeting DM.



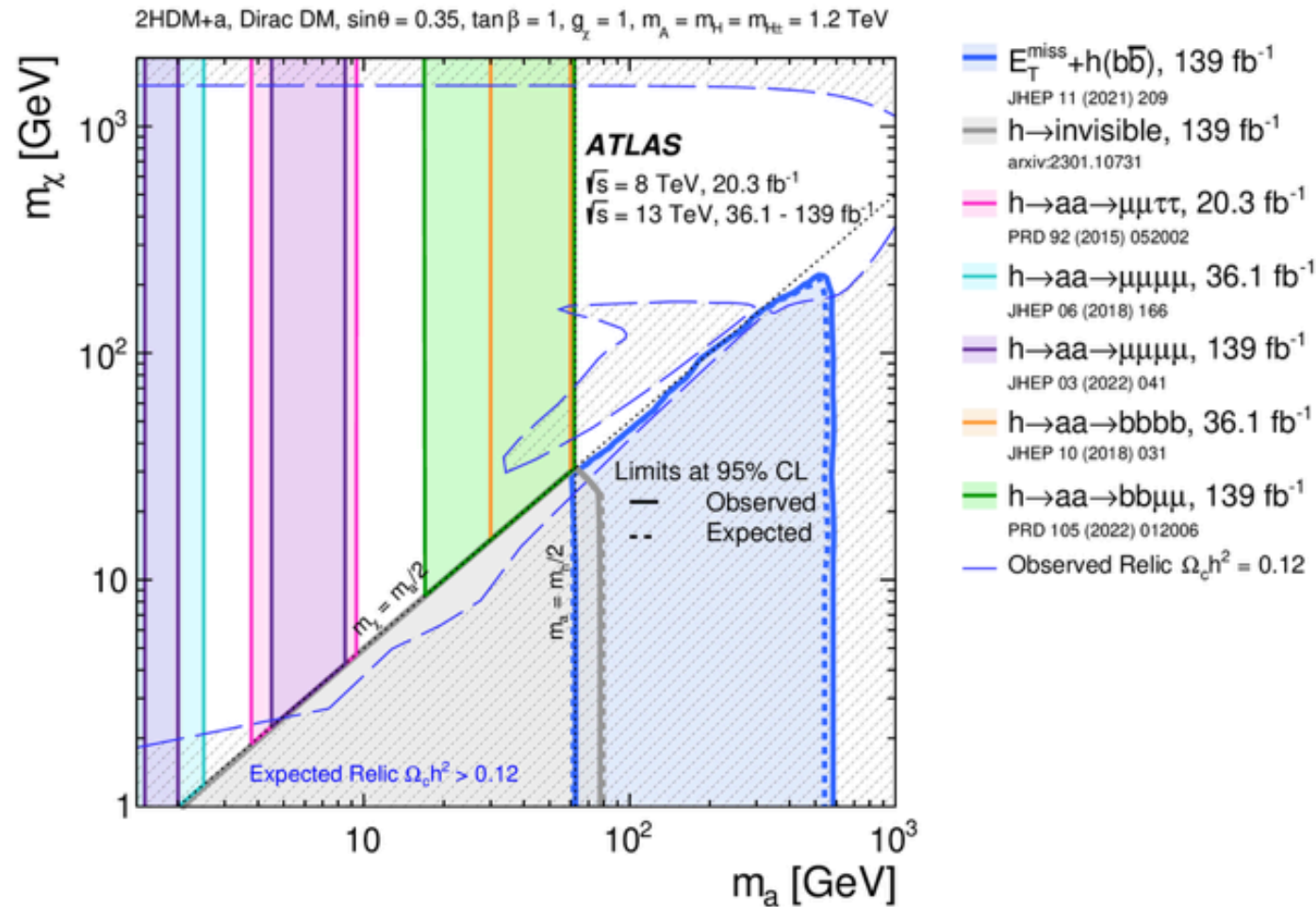
Scenario 1a: $\sin\theta=0.35$, $m_A - m_a$ plane

- $h \rightarrow$ invisible constrains very low m_a .
- constraints from $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$ signatures: similar $m_A - m_a$ dependence, with $h \rightarrow bb$ most sensitive.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + tW$ similar to $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z(l\bar{l})$ but with smaller excl. region.
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$ sensitivity notably different from those of $E_T^{\text{miss}} + Z$ and $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h$.
- Complementary constraints from searches not targeting DM.
- Sensitivity of 2HDM+a driven by the combination.

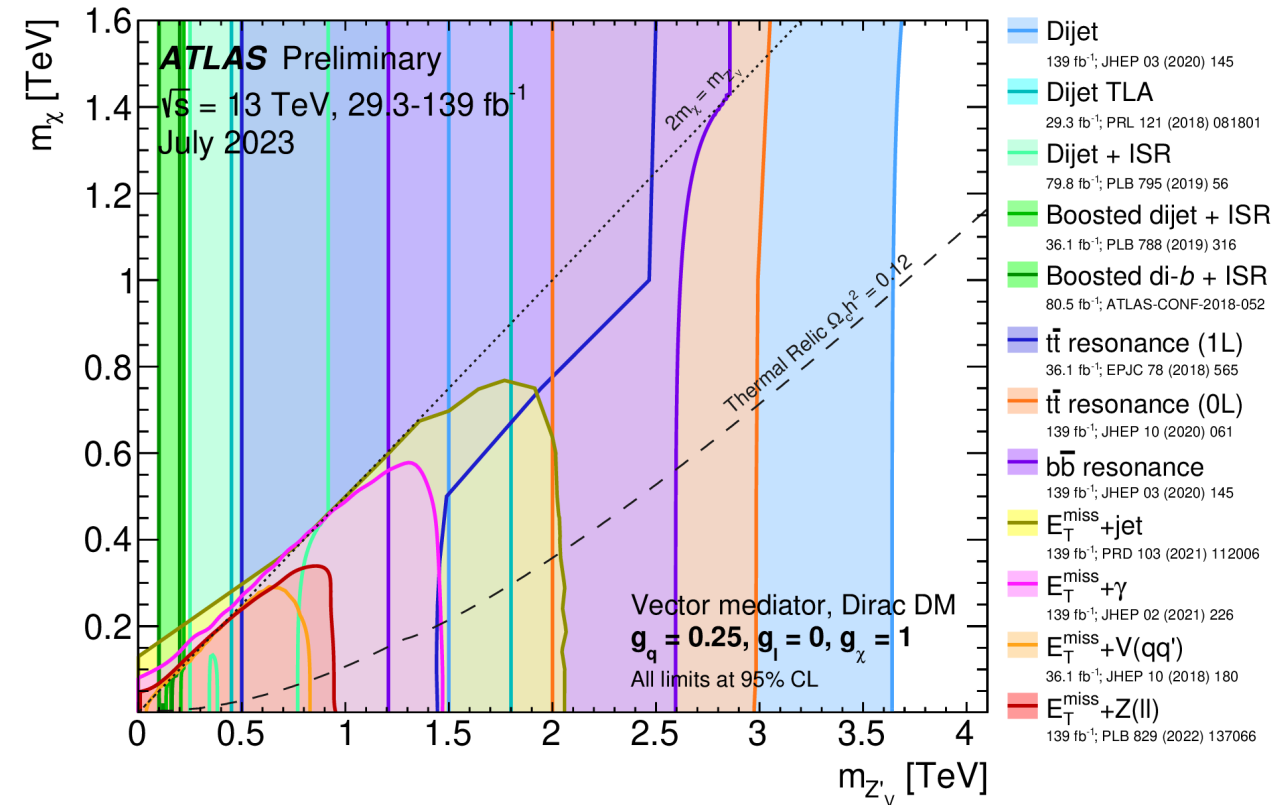
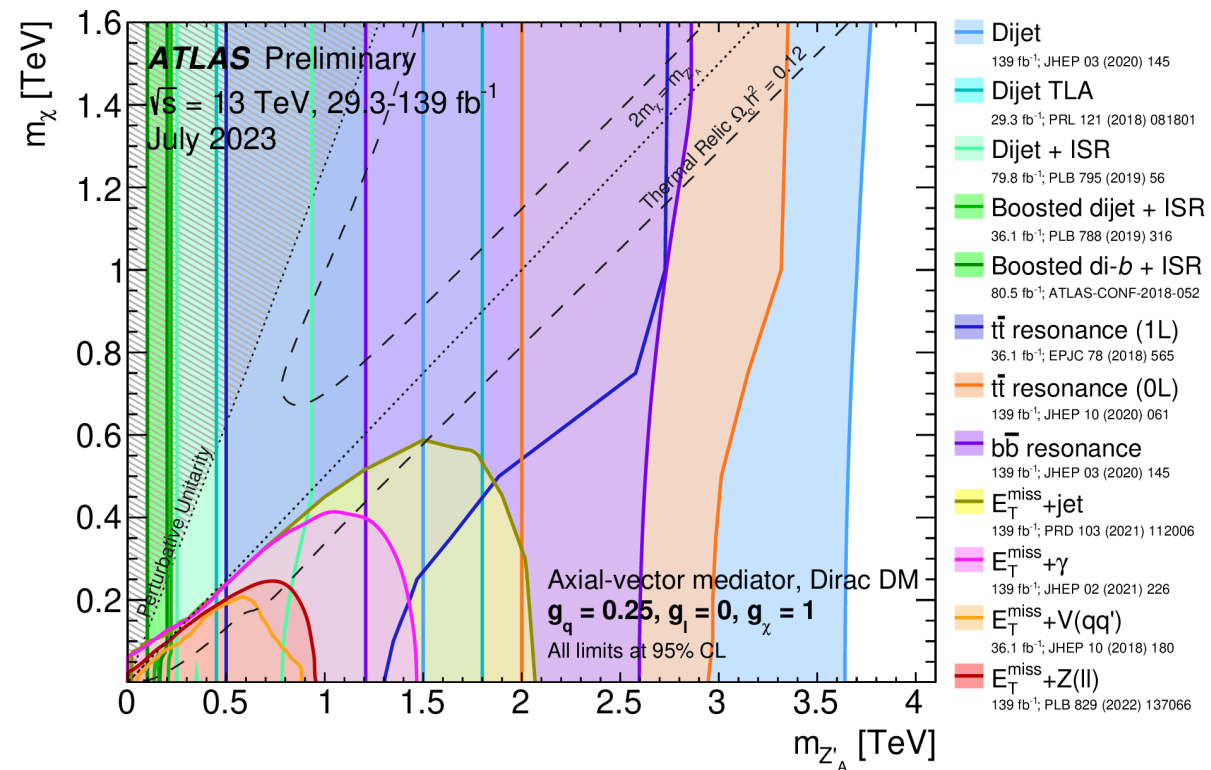


Scenario 6: $m_a - m_\chi$ plane

- New interpretation in $m_a - m_\chi$ plane:
- Searches for SM Higgs decaying to 4 fermions via constrain previously unprobed region of 2HDM+a.
- Complementarity to $h \rightarrow \text{inv.}$ and $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(bb)$ searches.

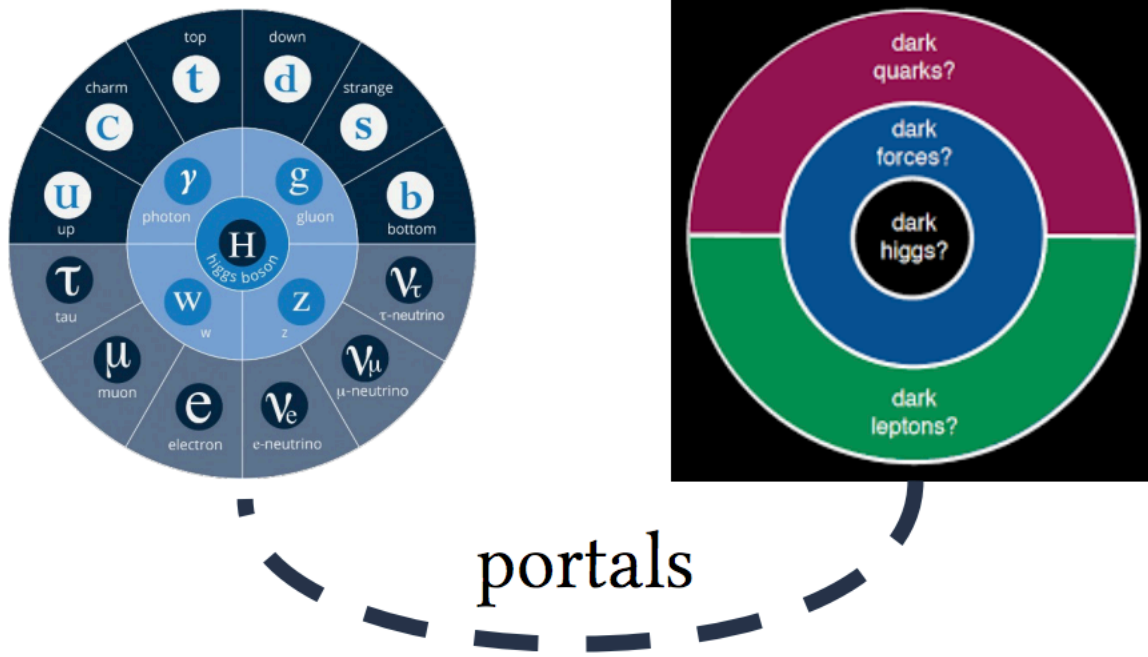


Auxiliary: (Axial-)Vector Mediator summary



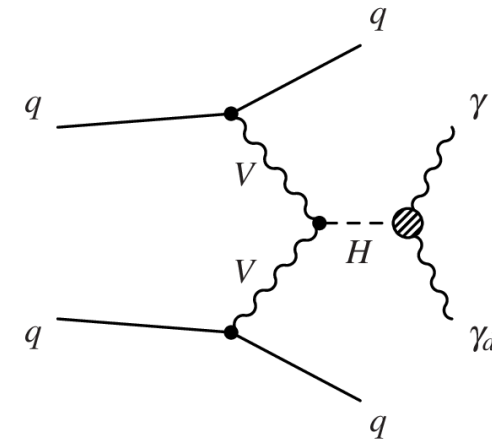
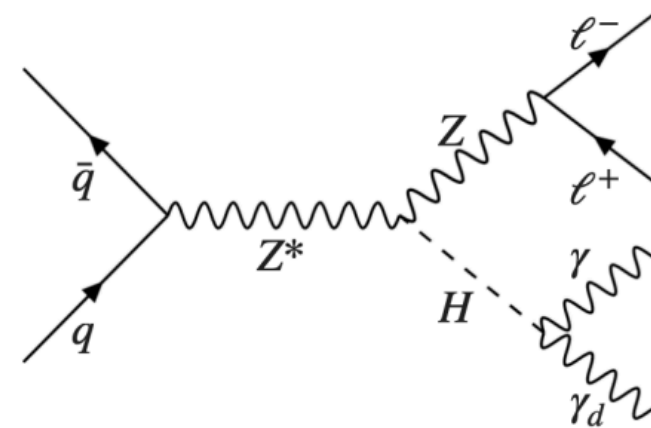
<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-018/>

Dark Higgs → more Dark Portals connecting hidden sectors

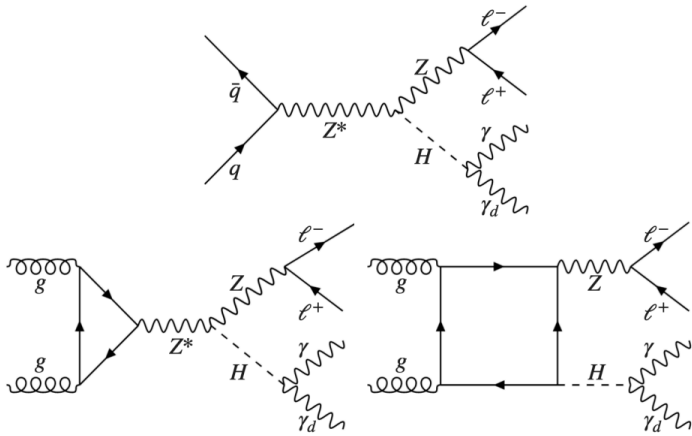


- **Dark Photon BSM extensions:**
 - U(1) extension of the SM
 - Hidden gauge boson A' → kinetic mixing (ϵ) with the SM photon
 - the magnitude of ϵ affects production rate and lifetime

- **Vector portal – dark photons**
- Scalar portals - dark Higgs
- Neutrino portal
- Axion portal

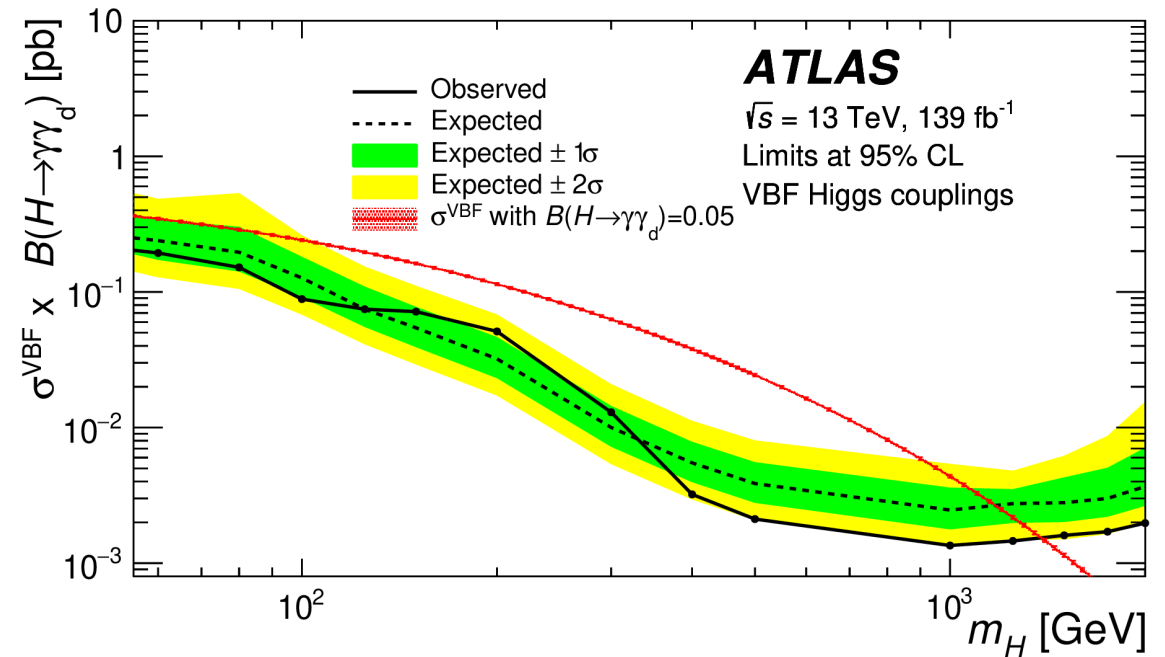
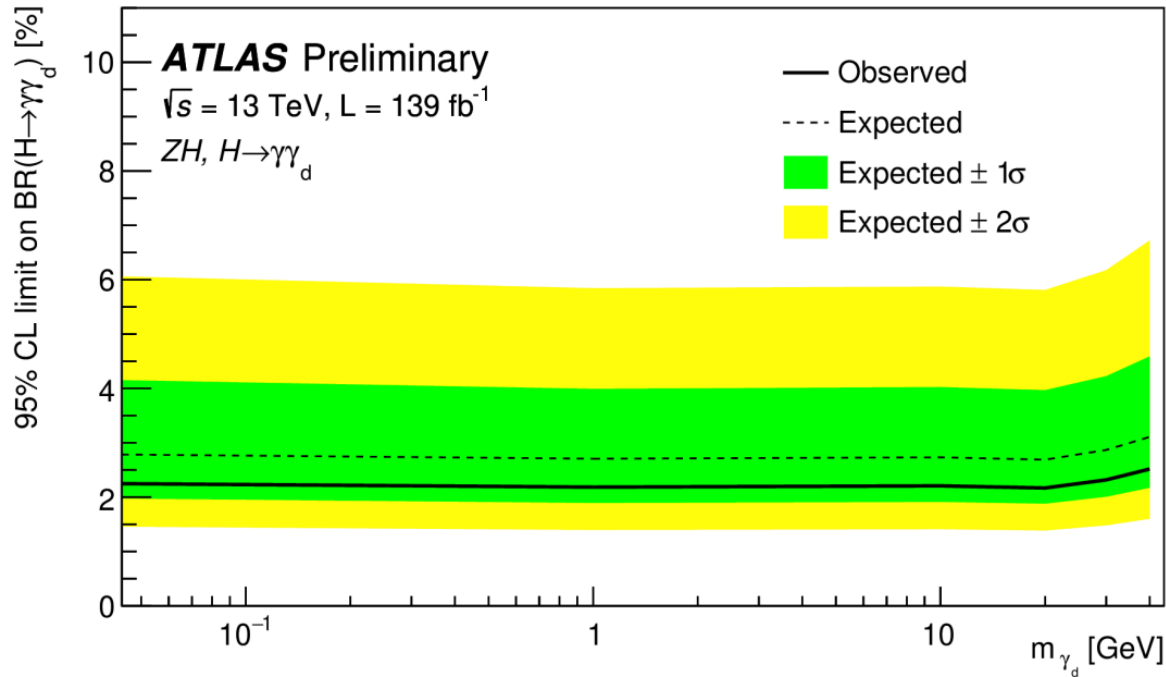
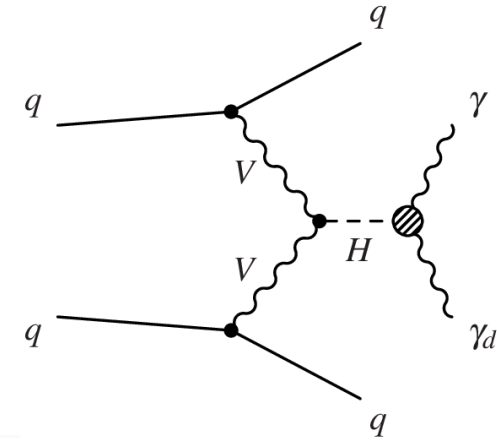


Dark Photon searches: ZH and VBF

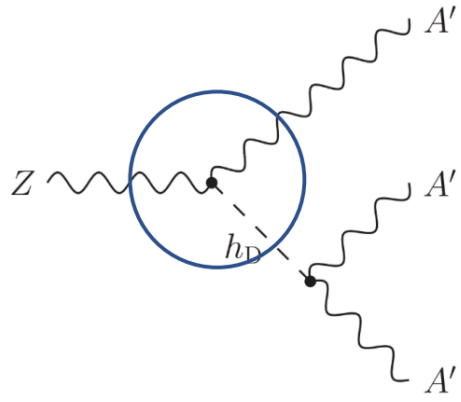


For massless γ_d

		Obs.	Exp.	
CMS	VBF	3.5%	2.8%	JHEP03(2021)011
CMS	ZH	4.6%	3.6%	JHEP10(2019)139
ATLAS	VBF	1.8%	1.7%	CERN-EP-2021-137
ATLAS	ZH	2.3%	2.8%	ATLAS-CONF-2022-064



Dark Photon search with Z boson rare decay into Dark Higgs



Decay rate $\propto \alpha_D \epsilon^2$

Assumptions:

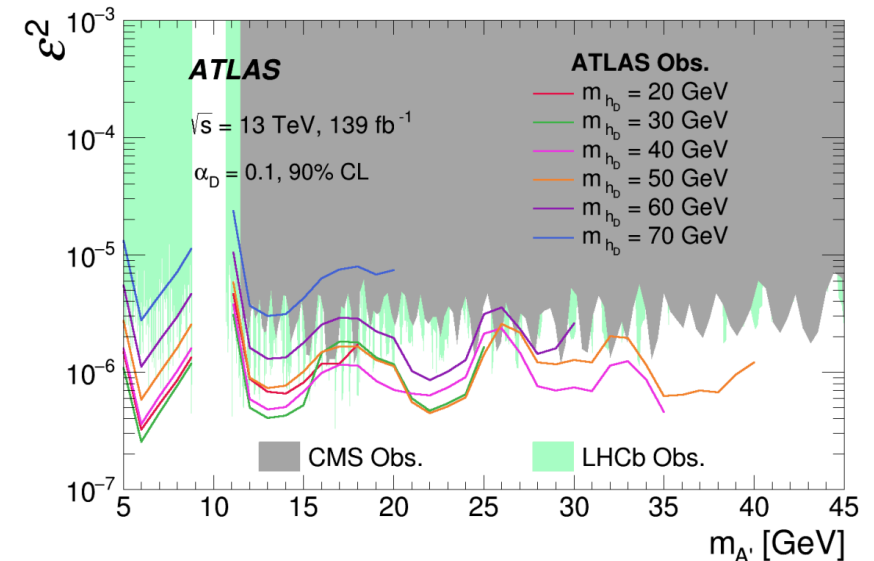
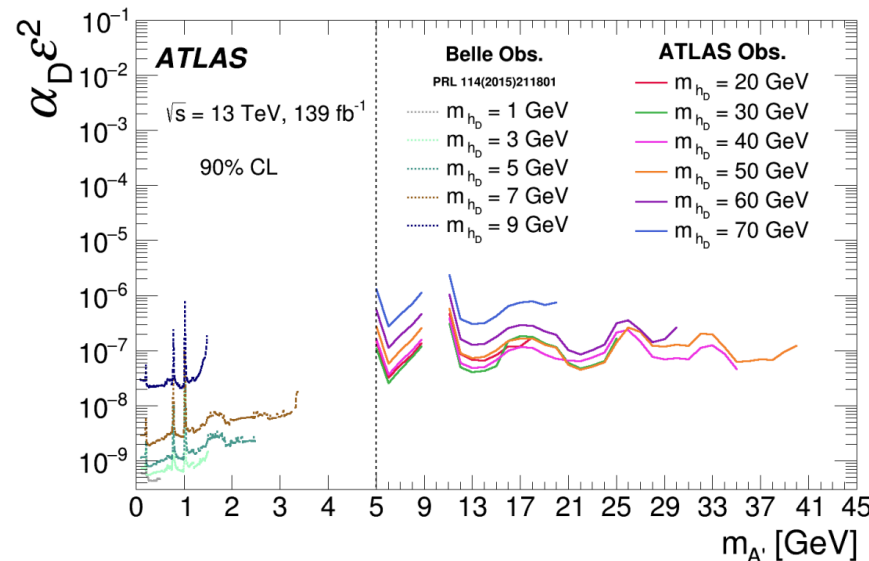
(Minimal kinetically mixed)

- $\text{Br}(h_D \rightarrow A' A') = 100\%$
- A' is the lightest DS
- $\text{Br}(A' \rightarrow SM f \bar{f}) = 100\%$

Benchmark parameter:

$\alpha_D = 0.1; \epsilon = 10^{-3}$

- First search for the dark-Higgs-strahlung process at the LHC
 - Previous range (Belle): $m_{A'} < 5\text{GeV}$
 - Extended significantly to 40 GeV
- Compare with CMS/LHCb (limits on ϵ^2):
 - Some assumptions on α_D (set it as 0.1)
 - Comparable (or even better)



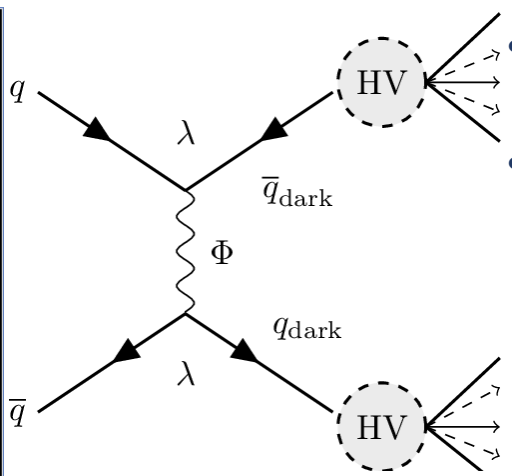
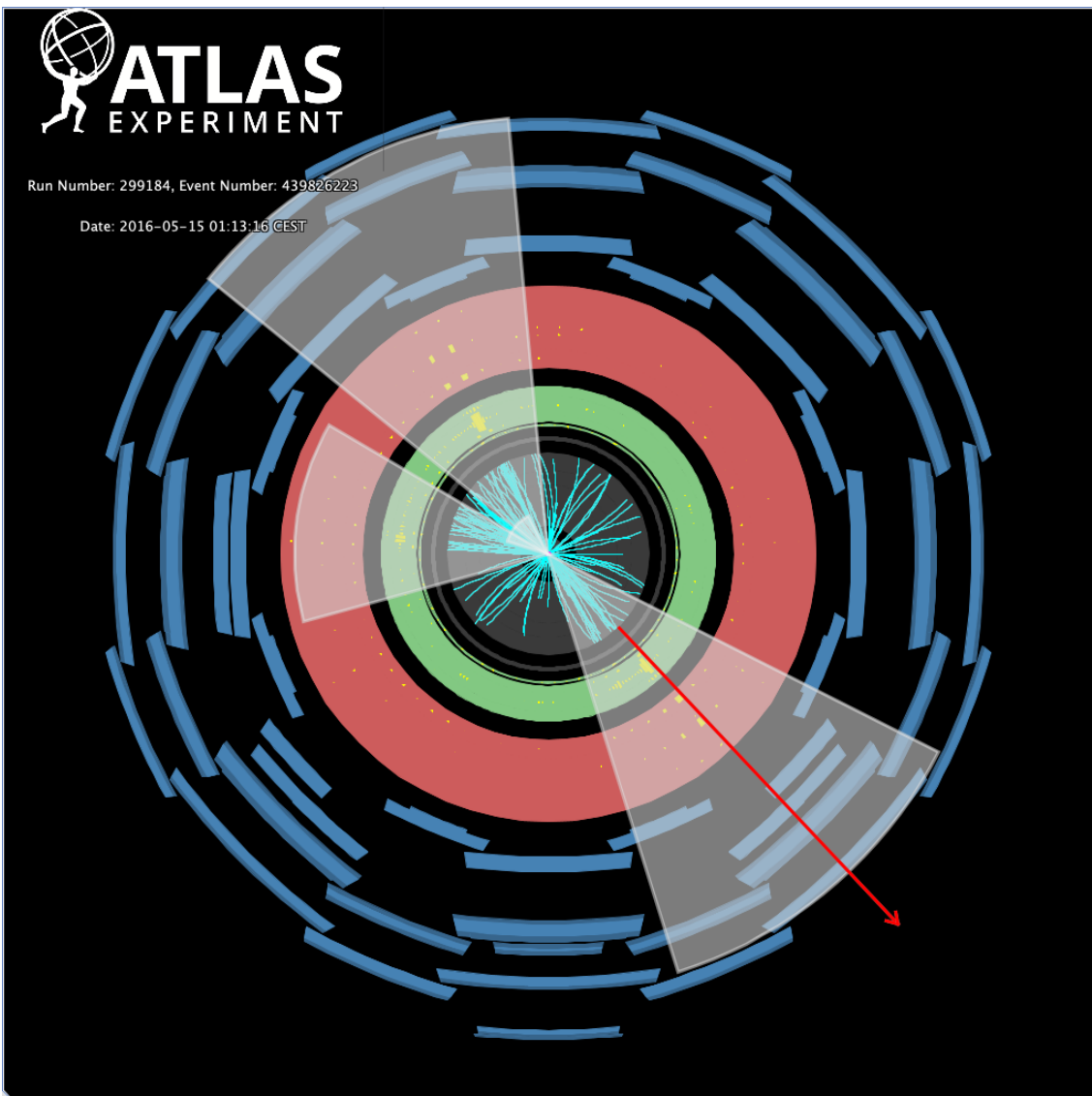


PART 03

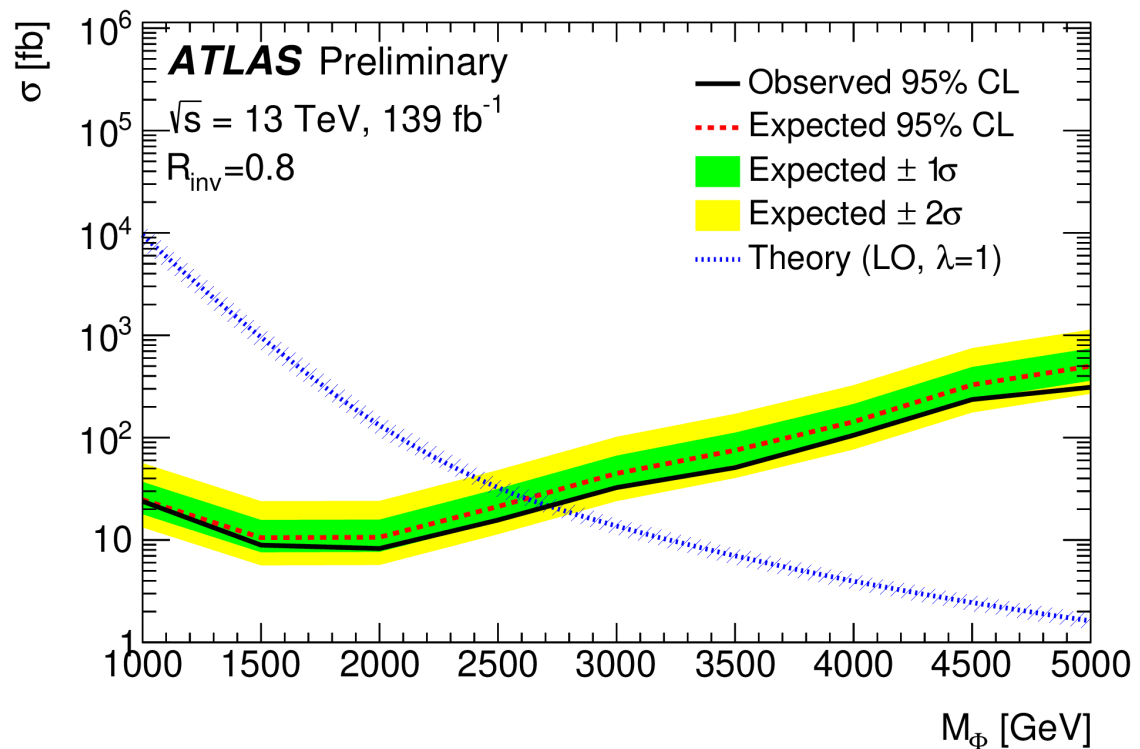
Unconventional Searches (incomplete and selective)

TSUNG-DAO LEE INSTITUTE

Unconventional searches with semi-visible jets



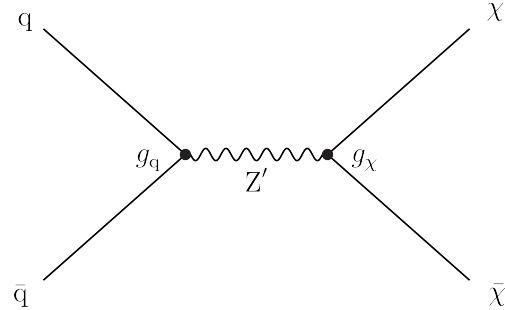
- Semi-visible jets arise in strongly-interacting dark sectors
- One of the jets is aligned with the missing transverse momentum direction: i.e. missing transverse momentum originates from the invisible components of the two semi-visible jets.



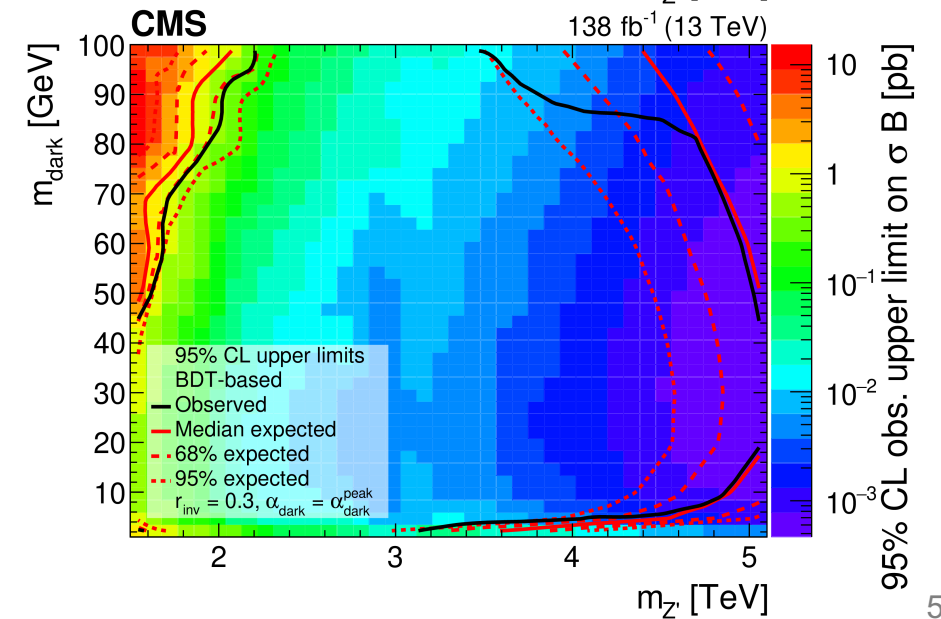
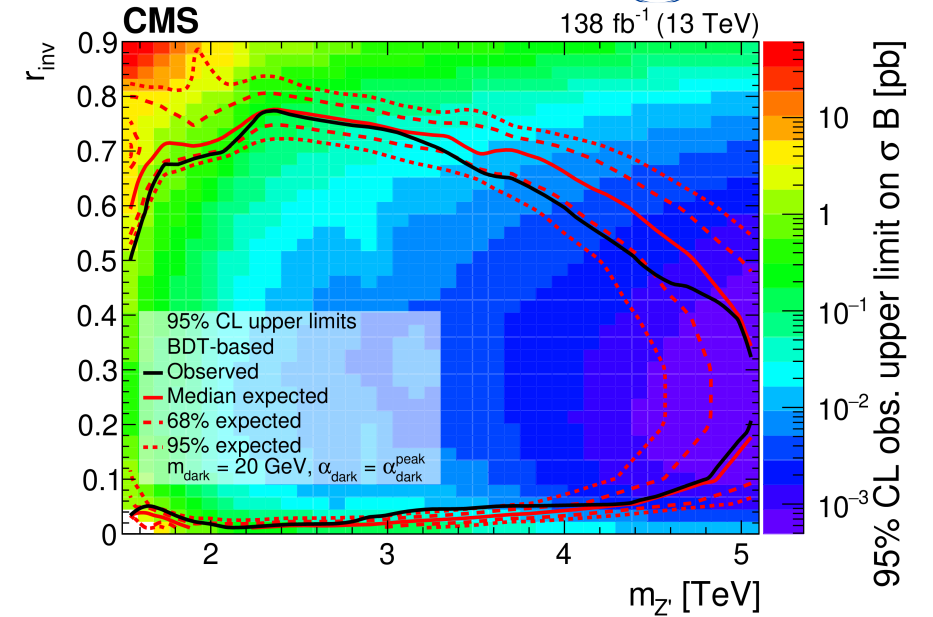
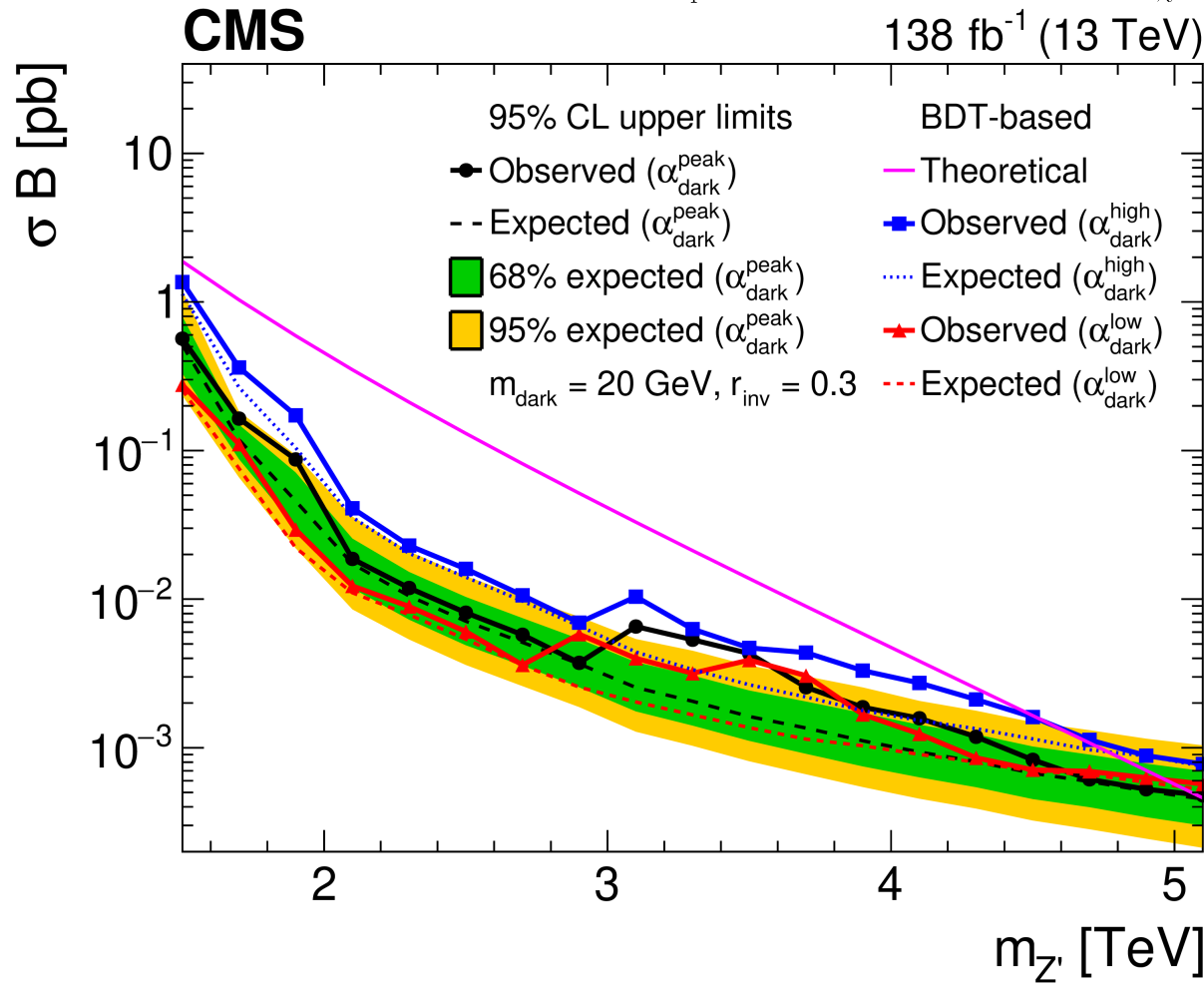


Unconventional searches with semi-visible jets

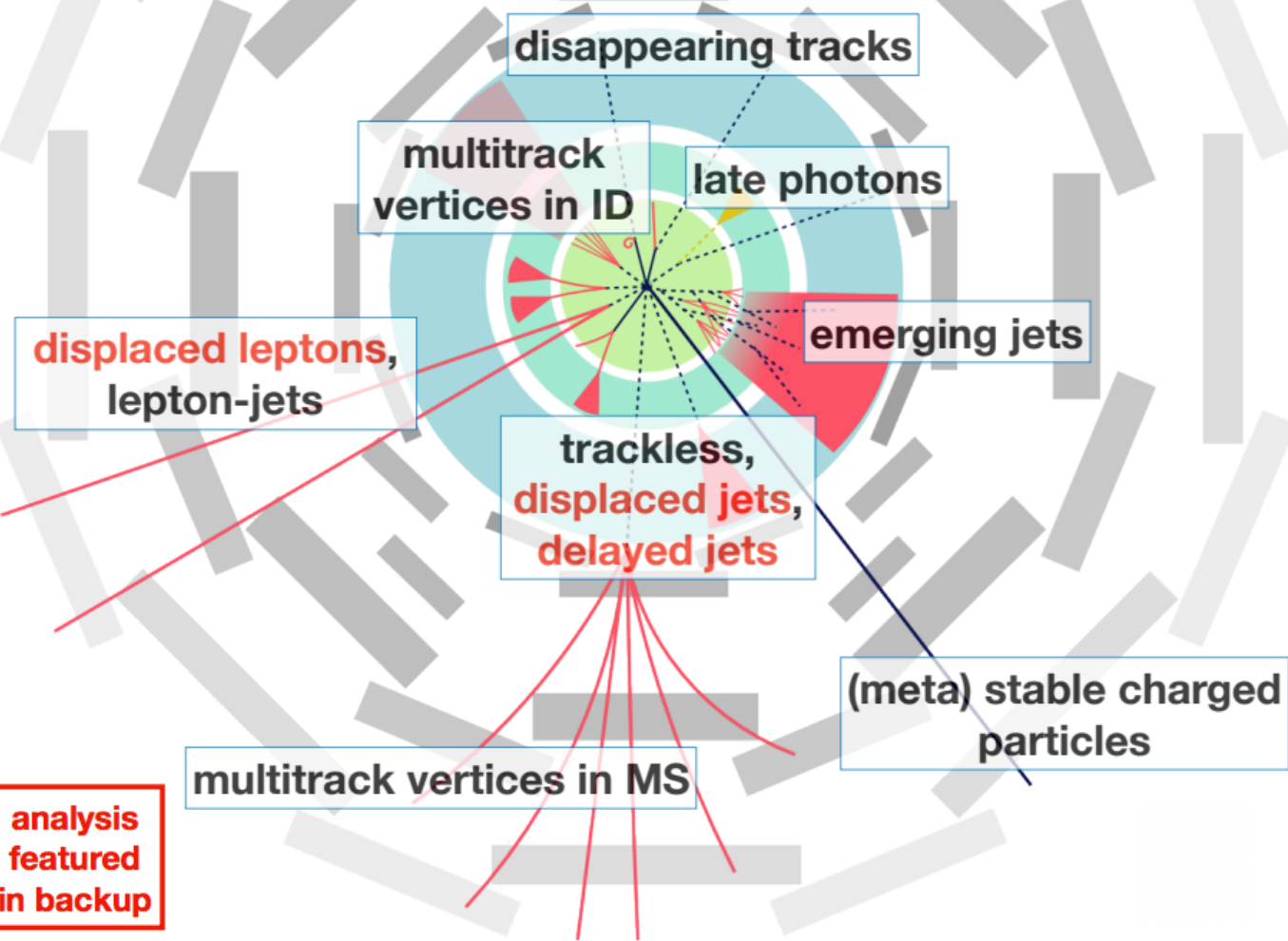
Search for s-channel resonant production of strongly coupled dark matter



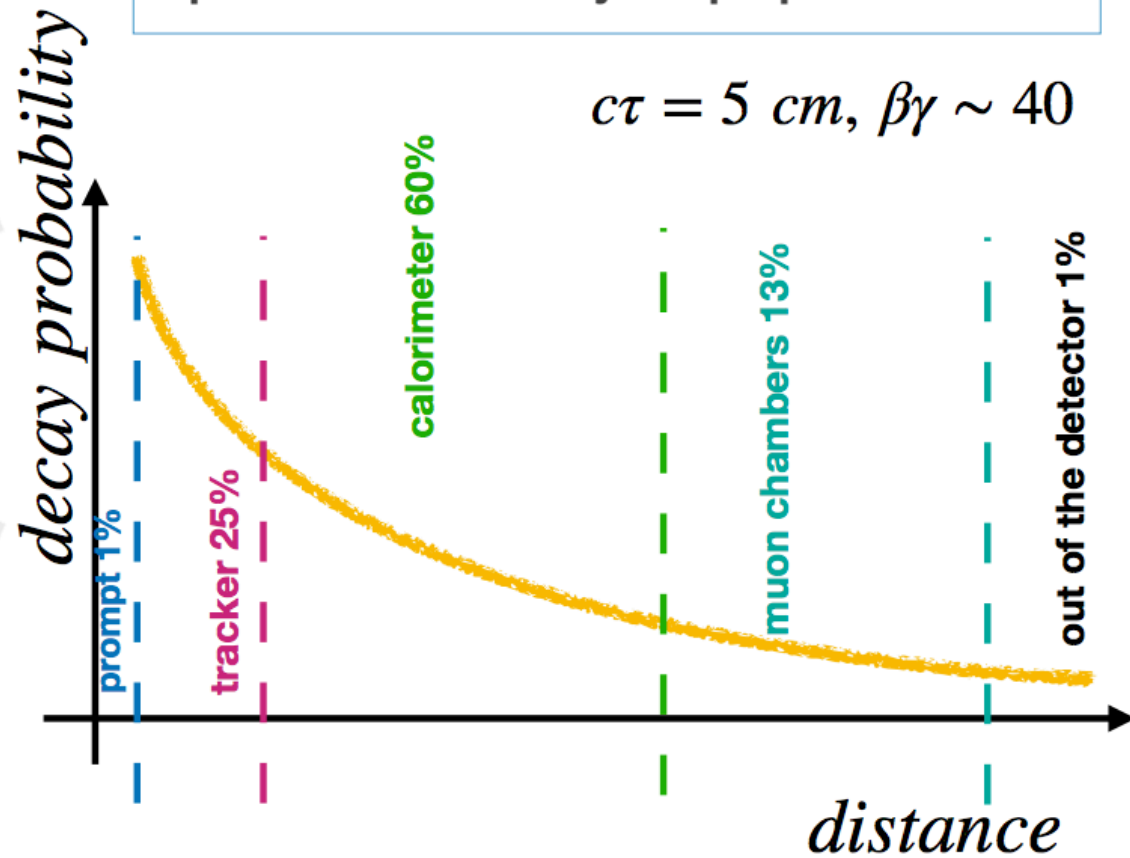
138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



Unconventional signatures

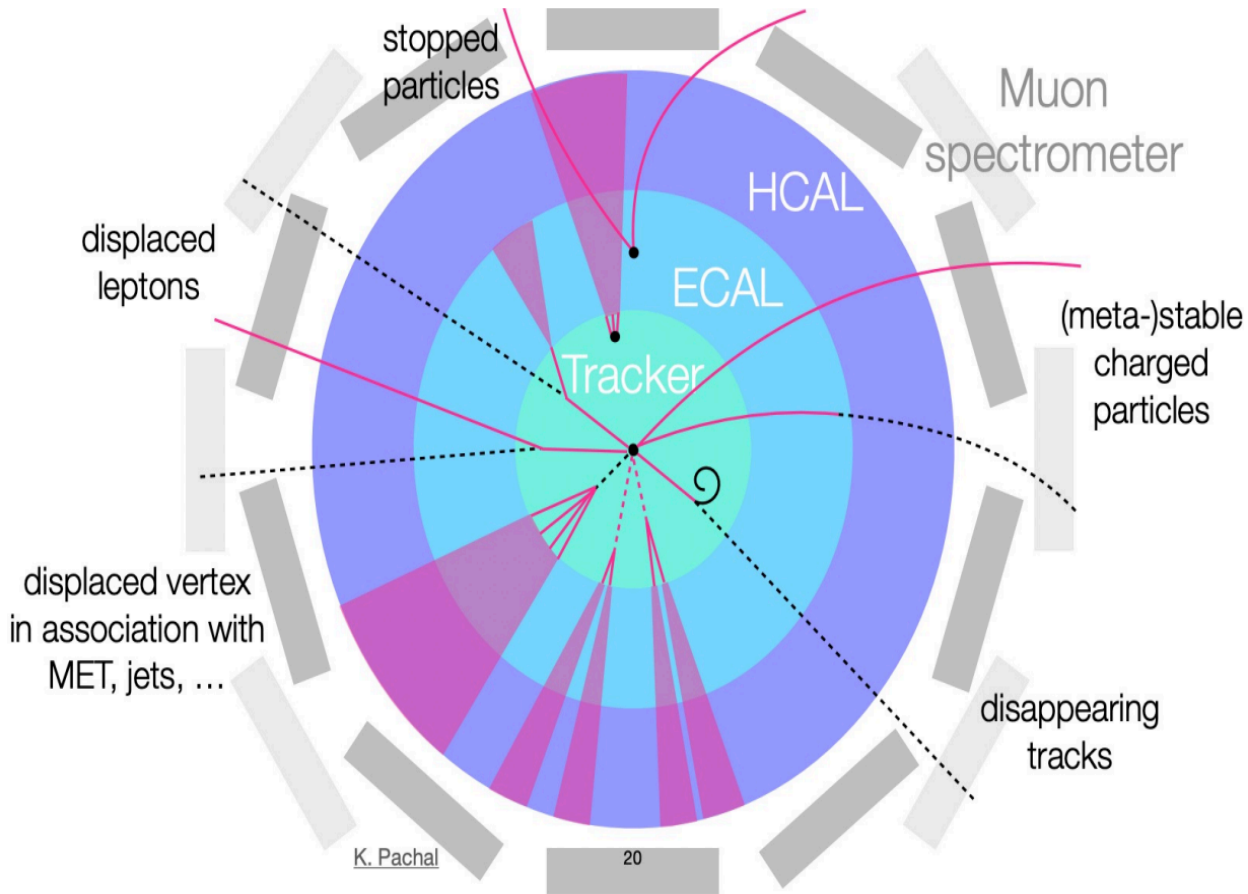


New particles can be long-lived:
observed lifetime is governed by an
exponential defined by the proper lifetime $c\tau$



More unconventional searches

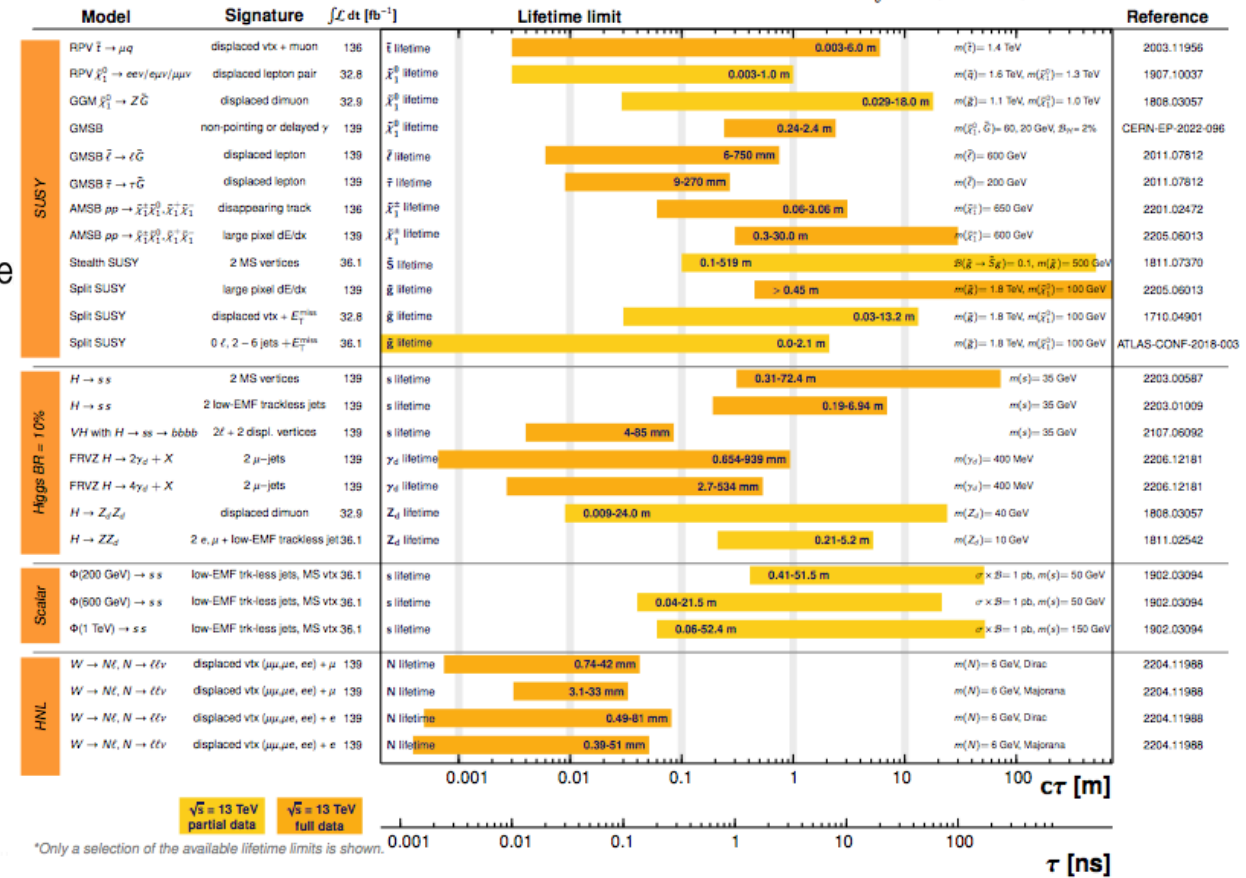
- LLP, displaced vertices, displaced leptons and jets, disappearing tracks, stopped particles
- Connecting more general untouched dark sector signatures, enlightening DM new prospects



ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2022

ATLAS Preliminary
 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
 $\int \mathcal{L} dt = (32.8 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$



● Summary

- LHC (ATLAS+CMS) continue to deliver highly valuable physical results while Run-3 is ongoing
- ATLAS reaches its 30-year birthday and Higgs has been discovered for 10-year
- We still don't know precisely where the BSM is hidden but we know more than ever the nature of SM and everything observed, despite:
 - Higgs is measured and combinedly measured with order of magnitudes improved precision after ten years
 - We know much better the Higgs cross sections, mass, width, CP, couplings to the other SM particles
 - Precision will progress further in HL-LHC
- Diversified BSM anomalies are being thoroughly hunted for with as less untouched stone as possible



—— 谢谢! ——

