

Baryon density dependence of viscosities of the QGP at hadronization

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The Phi meson and Omega baryon provide unique probes of the properties of the quark-gluon plasma (QGP) at hadronization in relativistic heavy-ion collisions. Using the quark recombination model with the quark phase space information parameterized in a viscous blast wave, we perform Bayesian inference of the shear and bulk viscosities of the QGP at hadronization with a temperature of $T \approx 160$ MeV by analyzing the phi and Omega data in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 19.6\text{--}200$ GeV and Pb+Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV, corresponding to a baryon chemical potential variation from $\mu_B \approx 0$ to 200 MeV. We find that the shear viscosity to enthalpy ratio of the QGP at hadronization decreases as μ_B increases, while the corresponding specific bulk viscosity is essentially constant for $\mu_B < 200$ MeV. Our results suggest that the QGP at hadronization ($T \approx 160$ MeV) with finite baryon density is more close to perfect fluid than that with zero baryon density.

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