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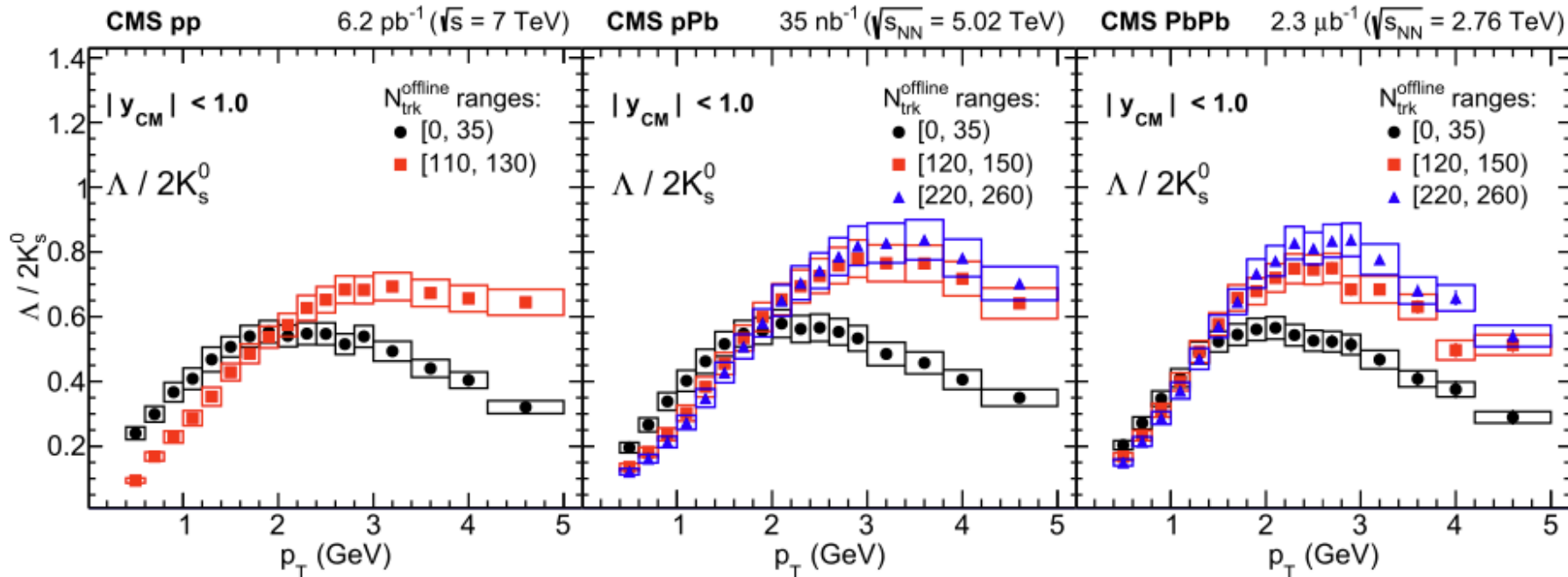
# In-jet heavy Flavor Baryon-to-Meson yield ratios in $p+p$ and $Pb+Pb$

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# Motivation



Even

Vacuum hadronization

In-medium hadronization

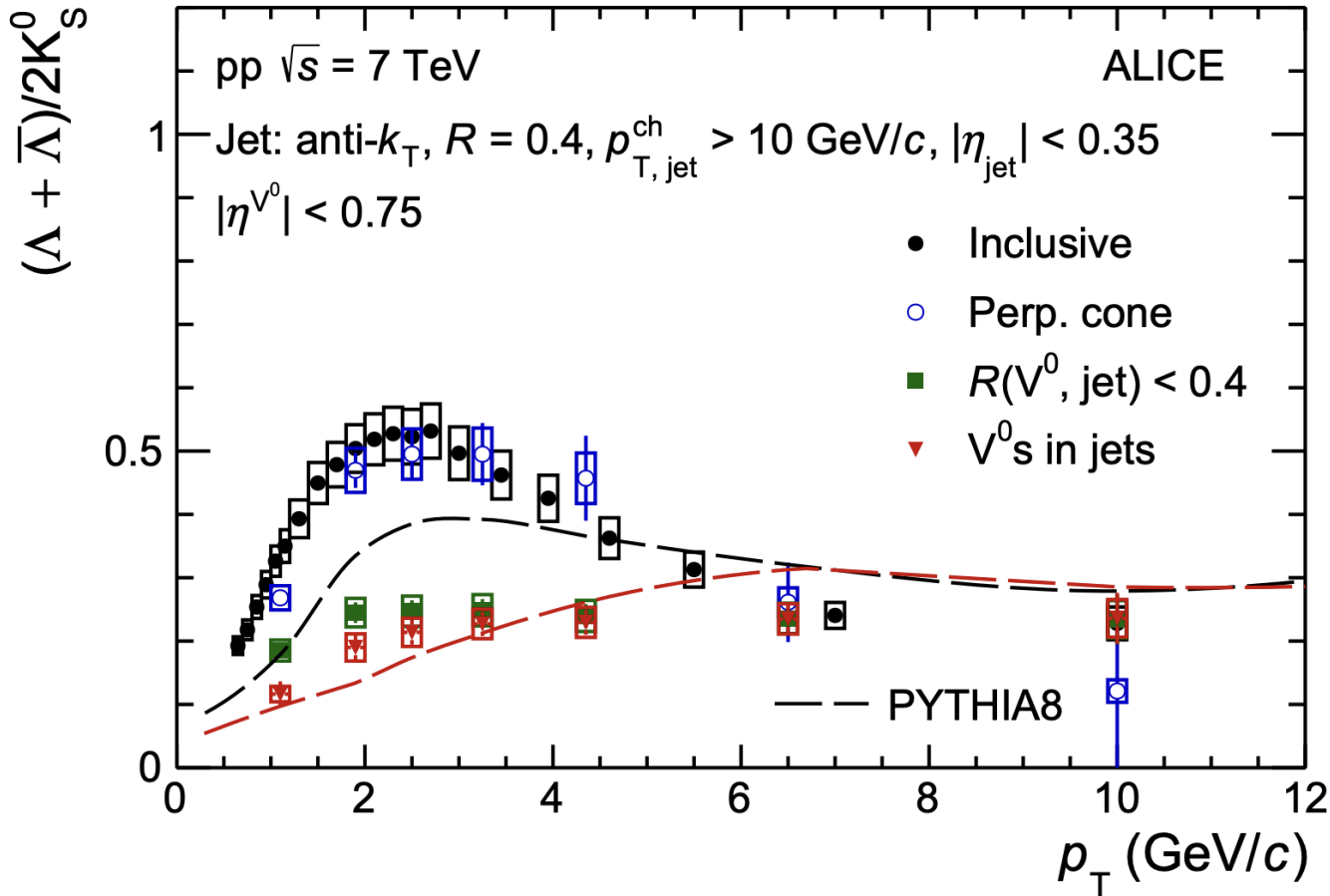
are still open questions

An **enhancement of baryon-to-meson ratio** at intermediate transverse momentum  $p_T$  has been extensively observed in high multiplicity **pp**, **pA**, and **AA** collisions.

The reasons behind them are complex: **hadronization**, underlying events, **in-medium hadronization**

# Motivation

ALICE Phys.Lett.B 827 (2022)



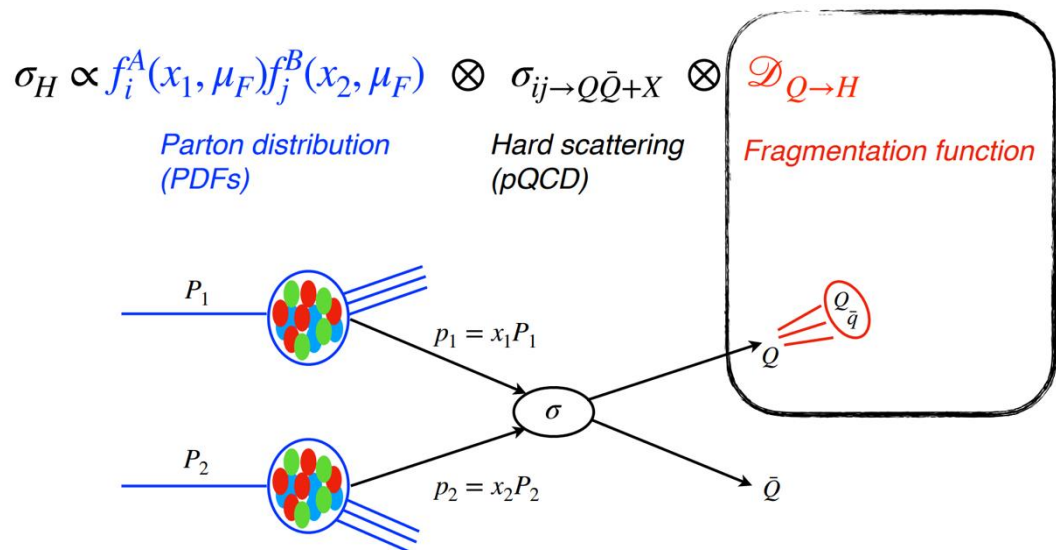
**In-jet production** is a useful tool for separating the contribution from the **hard processes** and the **underlying events**.

**Light Flavor case**:  $\Lambda/K_S^0$  ratio within jets (**hard**) shows **NO** characteristic enhancement of baryons at the intermediate  $p_T$ .

**Heavy Flavor case**: Heavy quarks are produced in the initial **hard** process, BUT there are still **enhancements** in **pp**, **pA**, and **AA**.

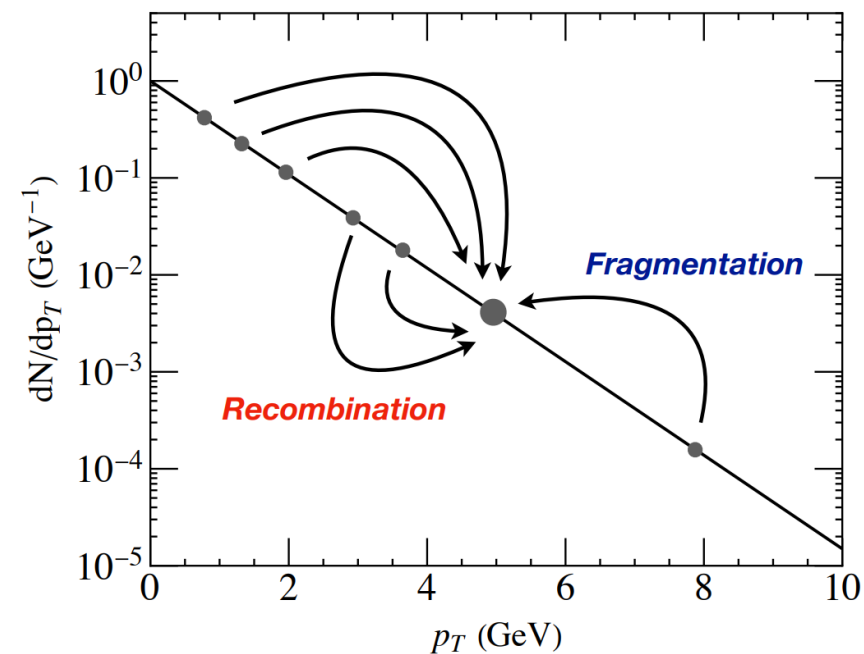
**Opportunity to investigate hadronization !**

## Hadronization mechanism in vacuum

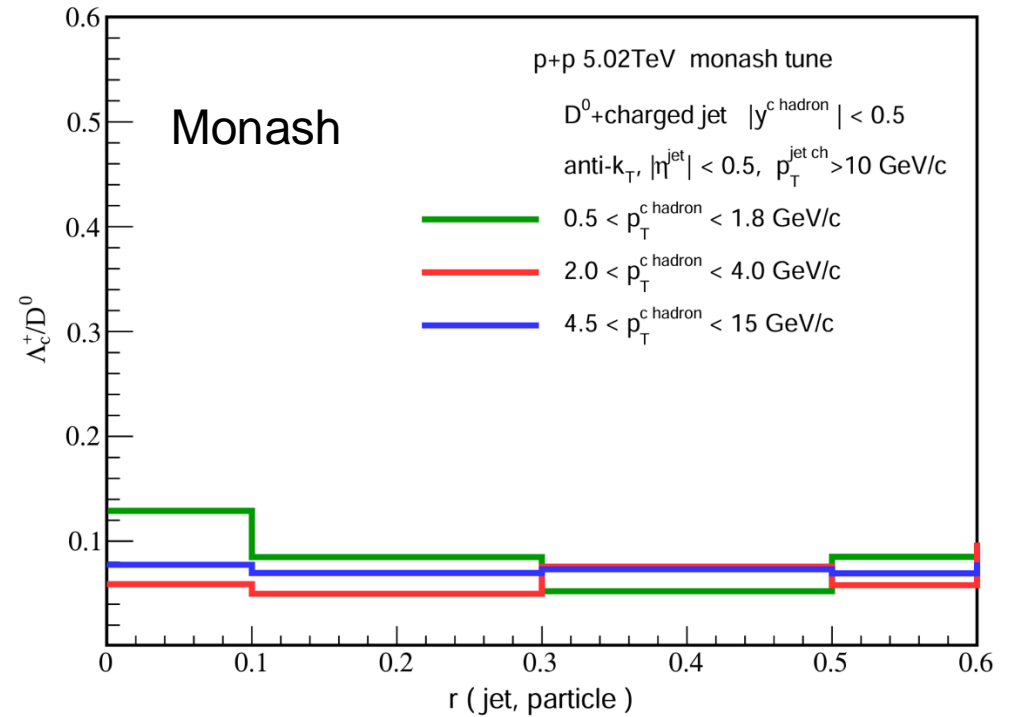
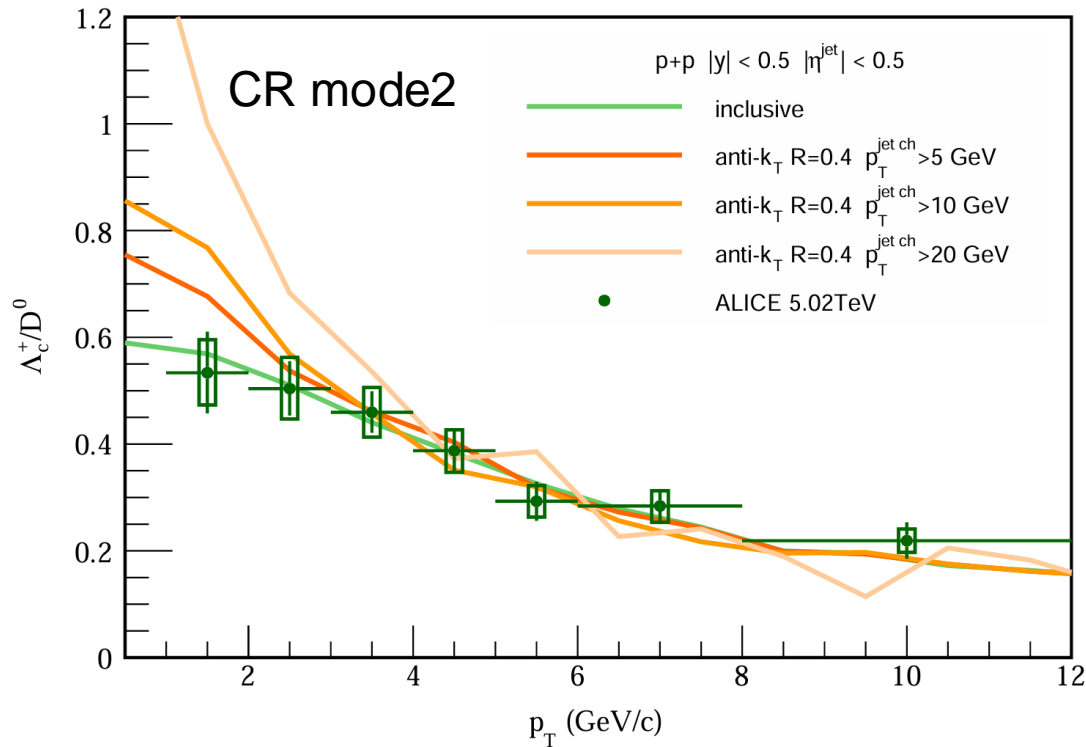


color reconnection mechanism

## Hadronization mechanism in medium



# Vacuum hadronization: In-jet $\Lambda_c^+ / D^0$



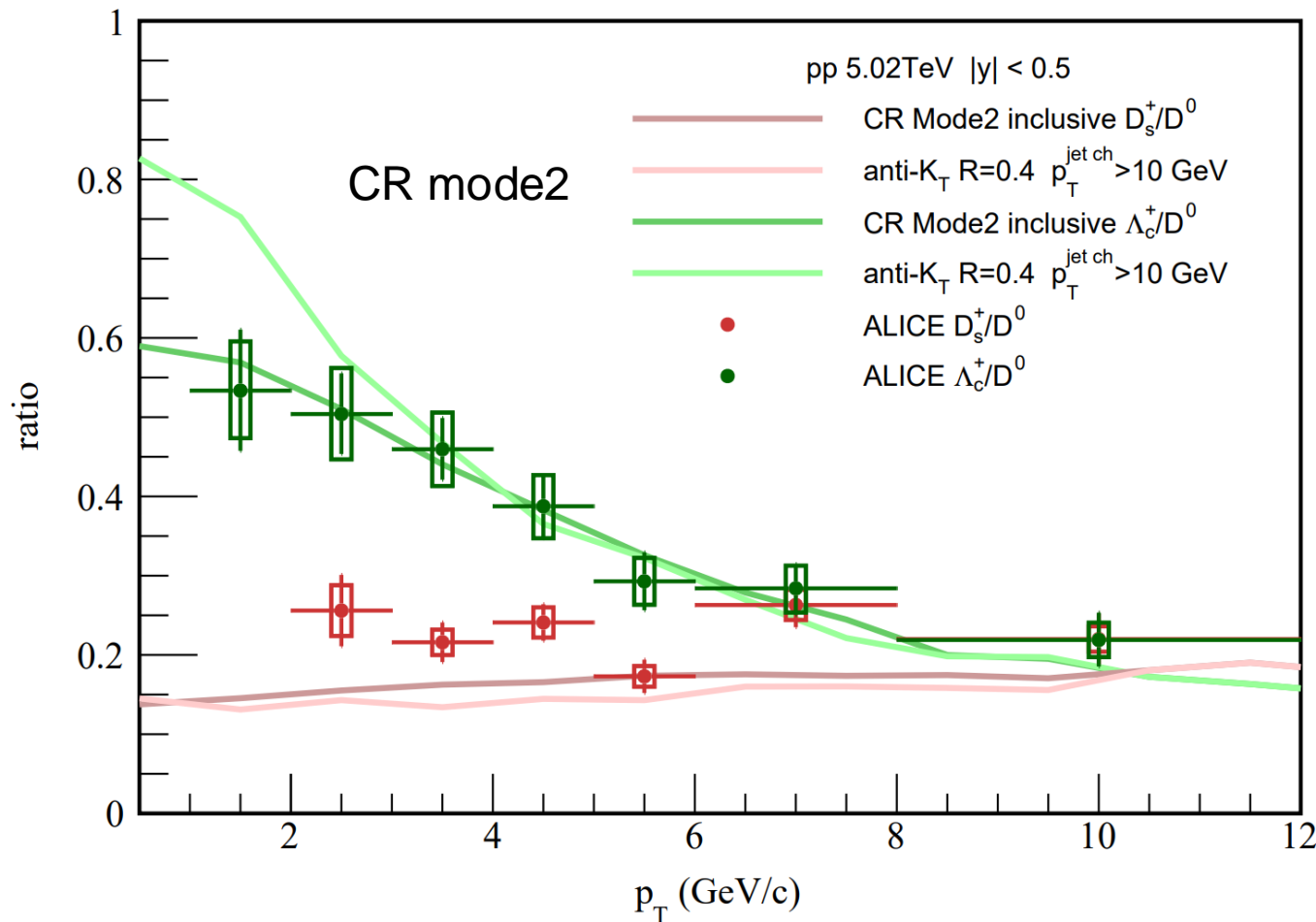
**In-jet requirement** leads to **enhancement** for **heavy flavor** baryon-to-meson ratio.

IF

**color reconnection mechanism** is used to describe hadronization.

Jet  $p_T$  **increasing**, **stronger** enhancement (R and  $\eta^{jet}$  has no noticeable impact)

# Vacuum hadronization: In-jet $\Lambda_c^+/D^0$



## Heavy flavor sector:

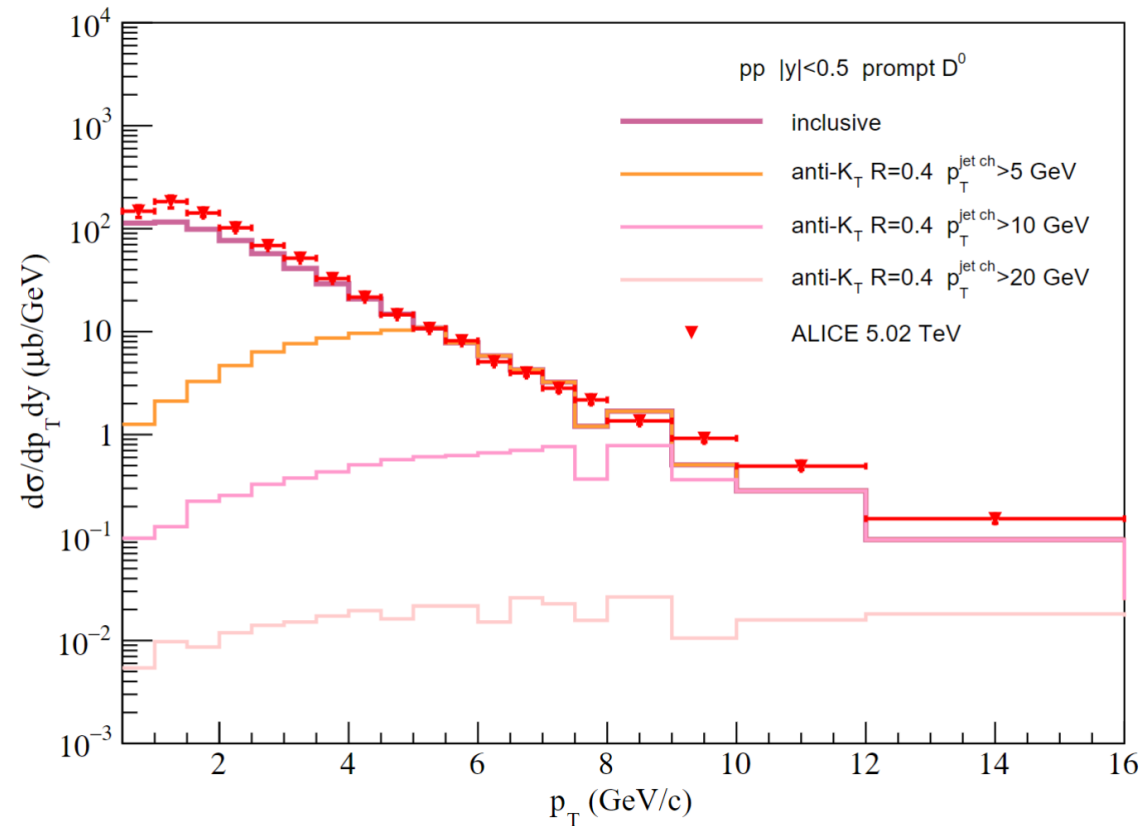
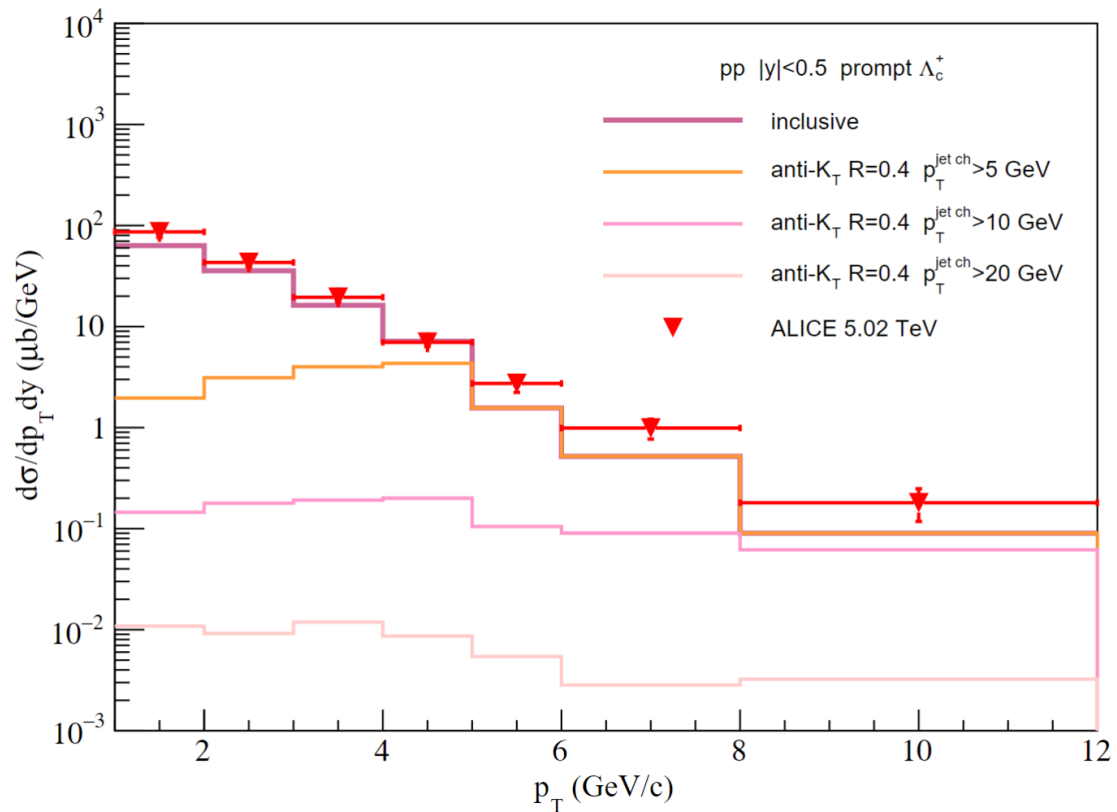
the hard process contribution alone will lead to an enhancement of the baryon-to-meson ratio

If the color reconnection mechanism is used to describe hadronization.

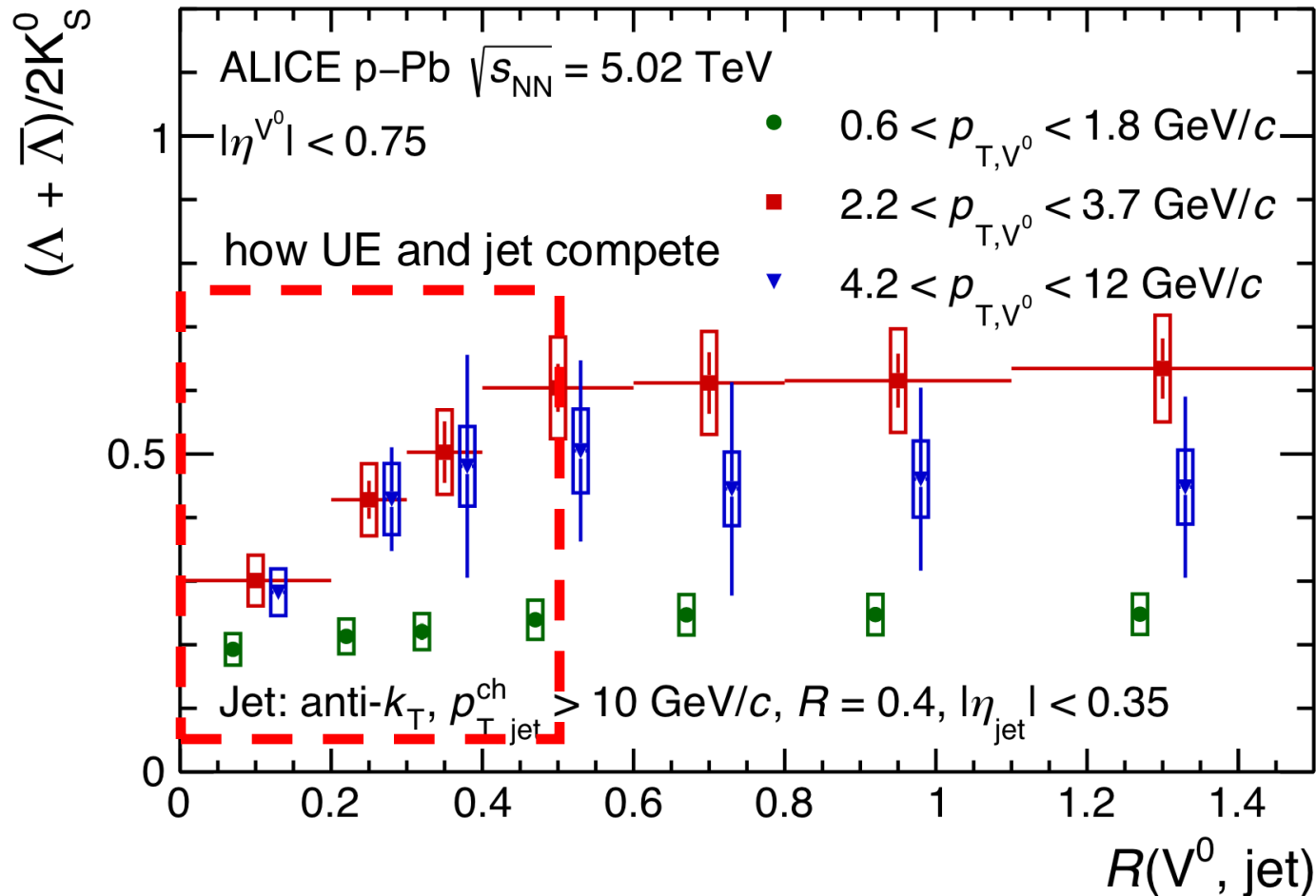
## Light flavor sector:

indicates it is mainly coming from underlying events

# Spectrum in jets



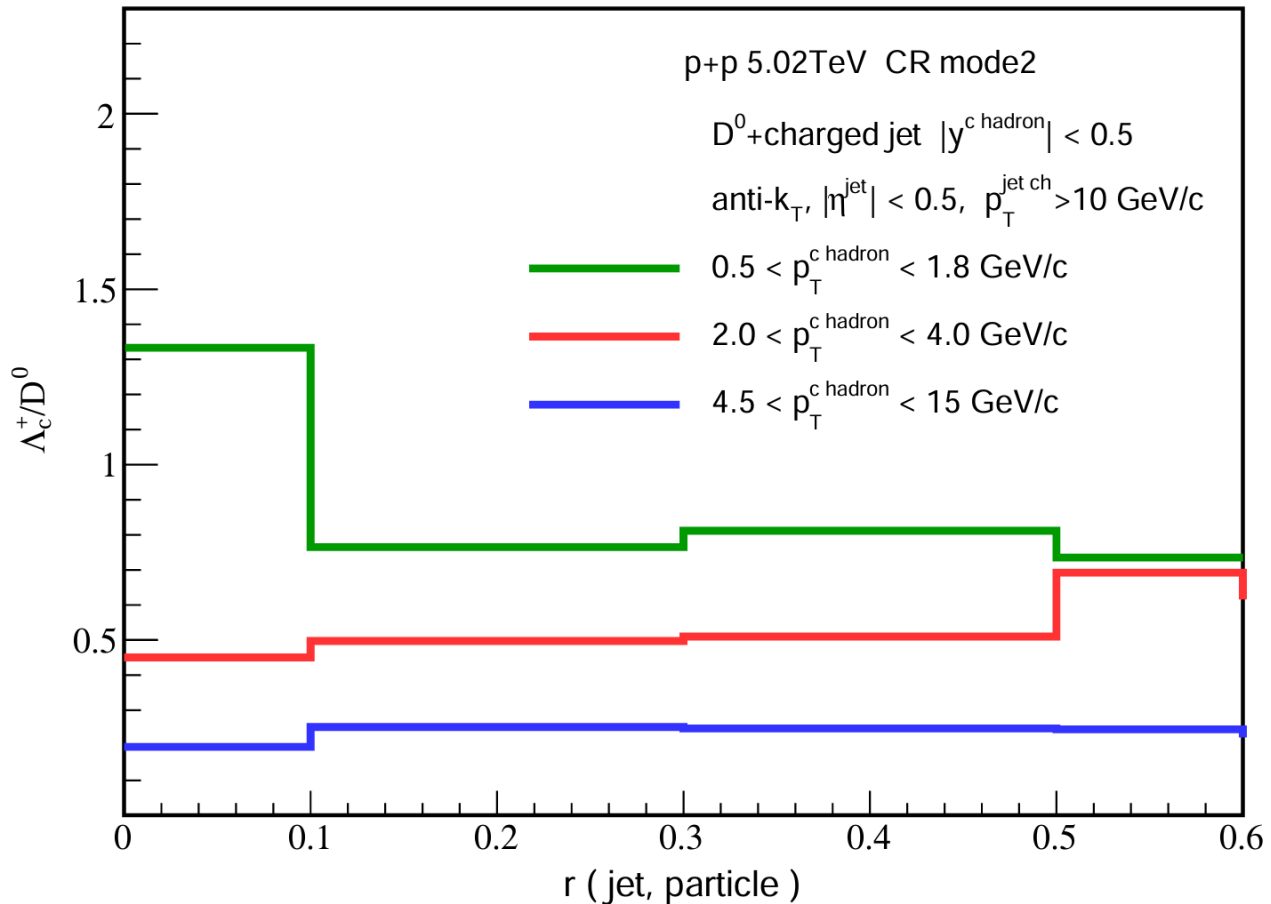
# p+p collisions with PYTHIA : In-jet $(\Lambda + \bar{\Lambda})/2K_S^0$



The lack of enhancement close to the jet axis indicates that the enhanced ratio is **NOT** associated with jets.



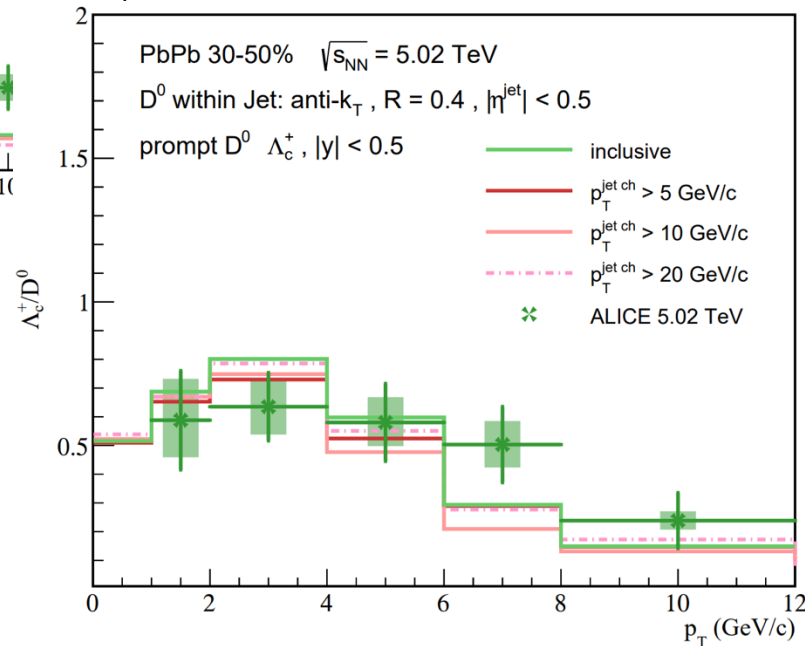
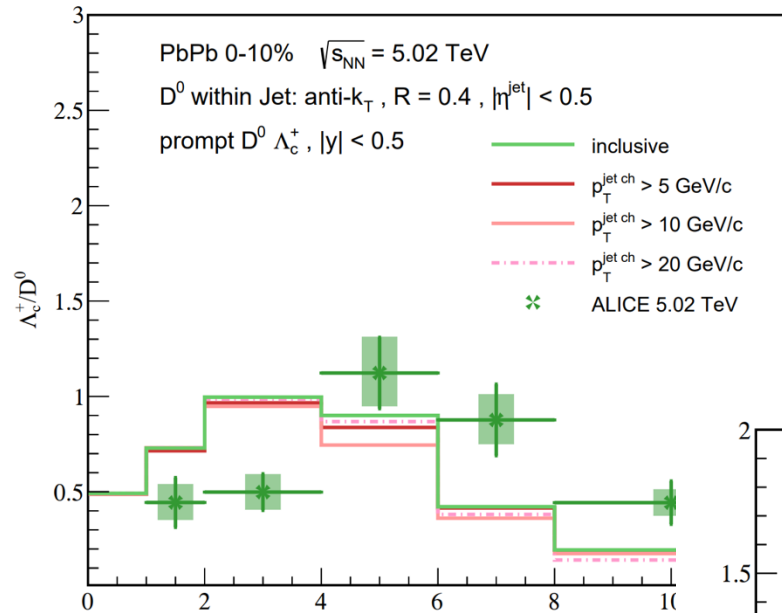
# In-jet $\Lambda_c^+ / D^0$ distribution in pp



Lower the  $p_T$ , closer to the jet axis, more enhancement will be observed.

----- Color Reconnection

# In-medium hadronization: In jet $\Lambda_c^+ / D^0$



For Pb+Pb collisions:

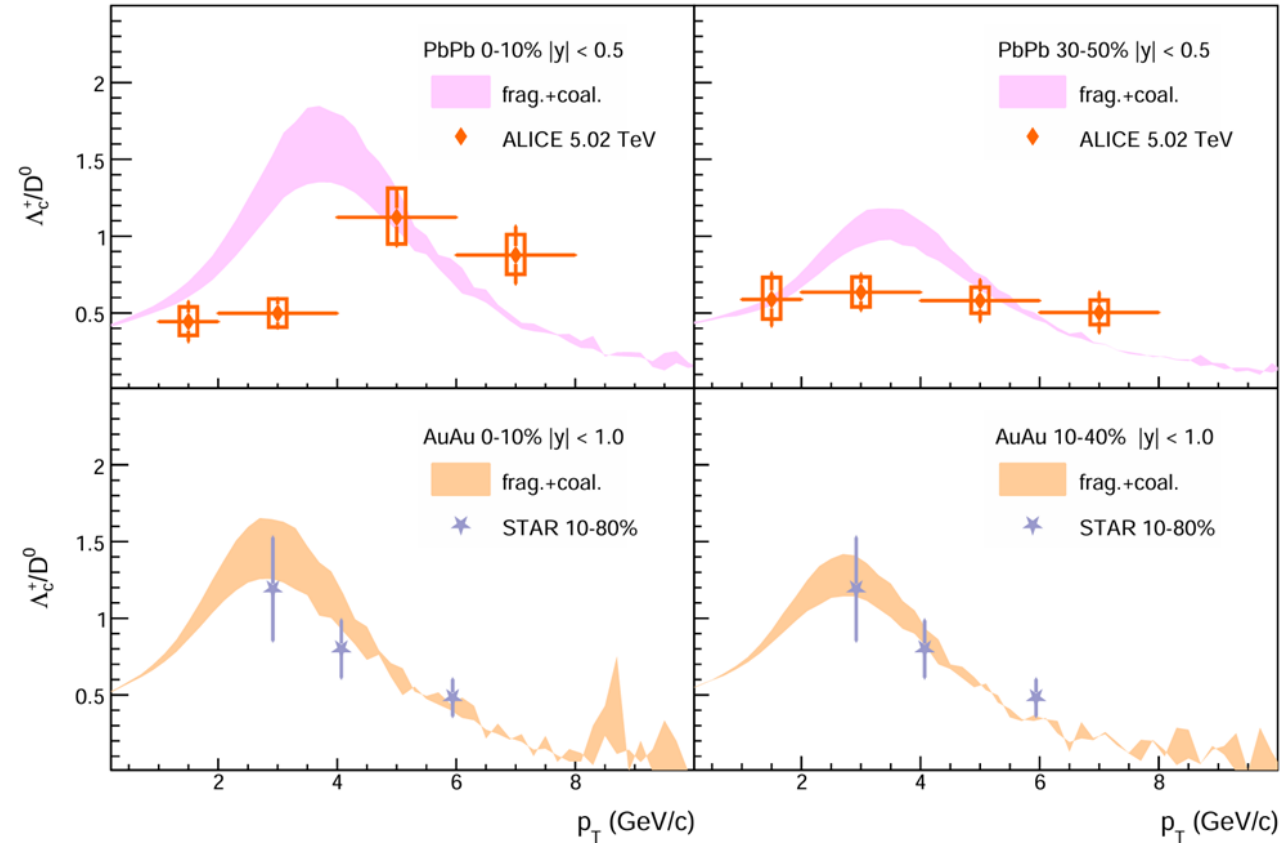
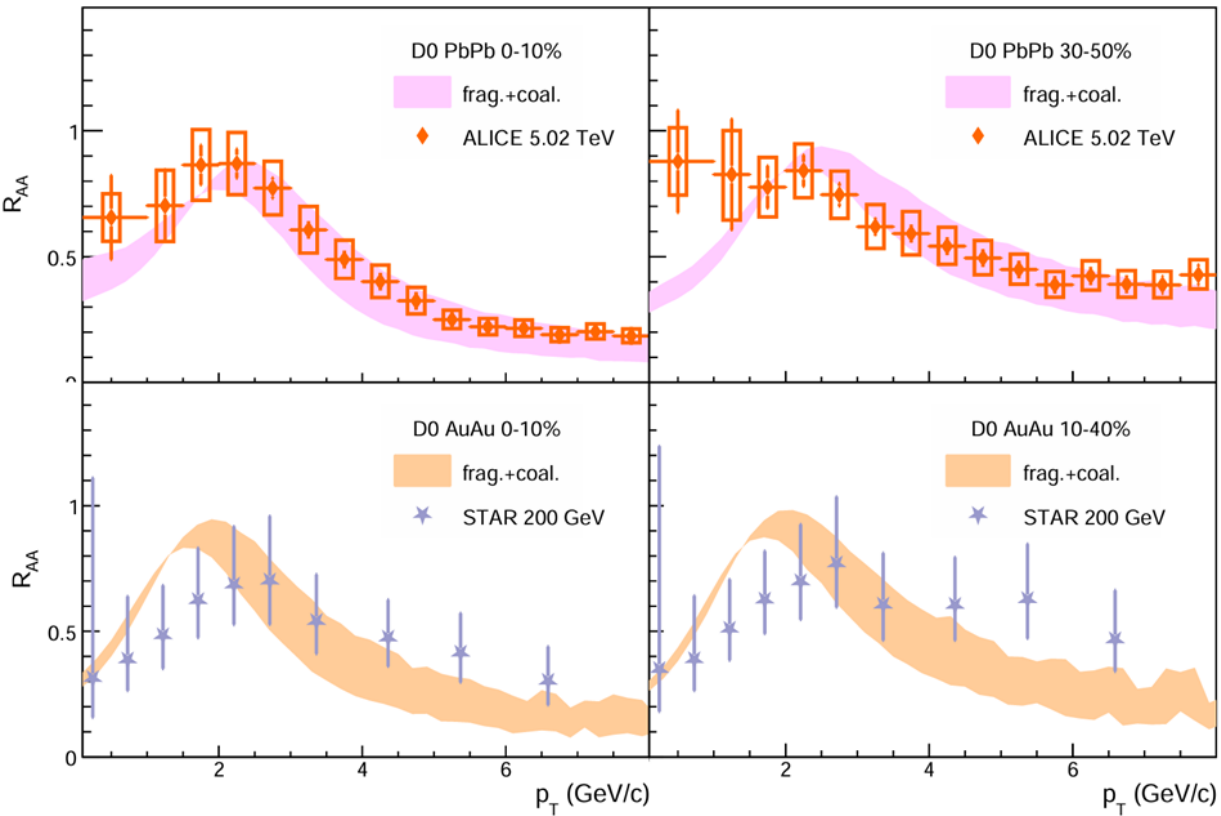
- ✓ Cold nuclear effect
- ✓ In-medium energy loss (SHELL: collisional+radiative)

✓ Coalescence and fragmentation  
 hybrid description for hadronization

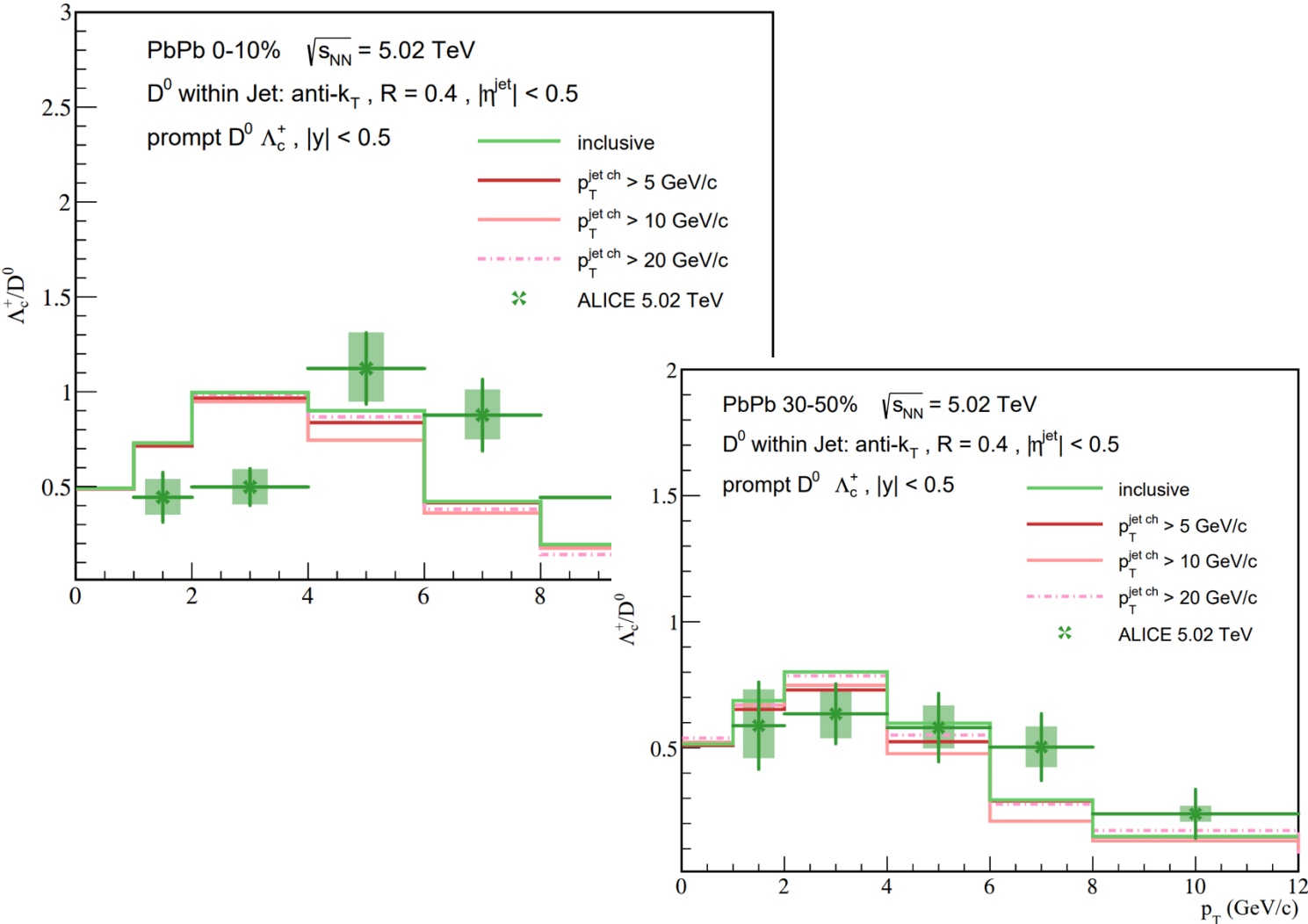
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Shuzhe Shi, Jiaying Zhao and Pengfei Zhuang

# In-medium hadronization: model verification



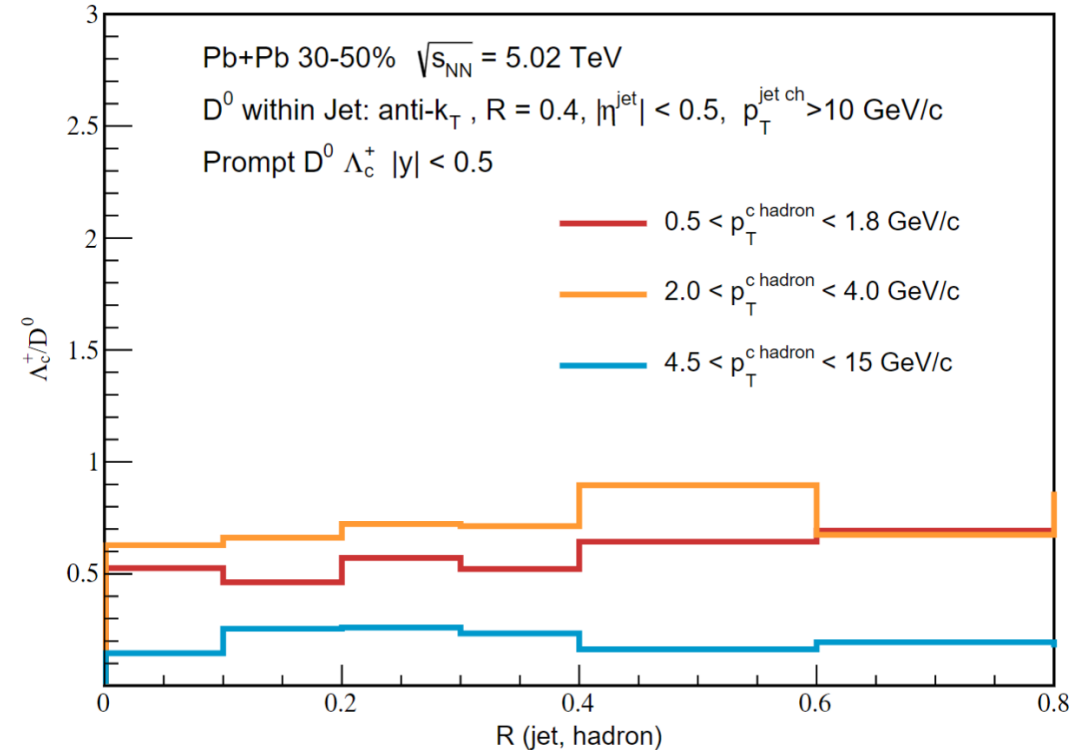
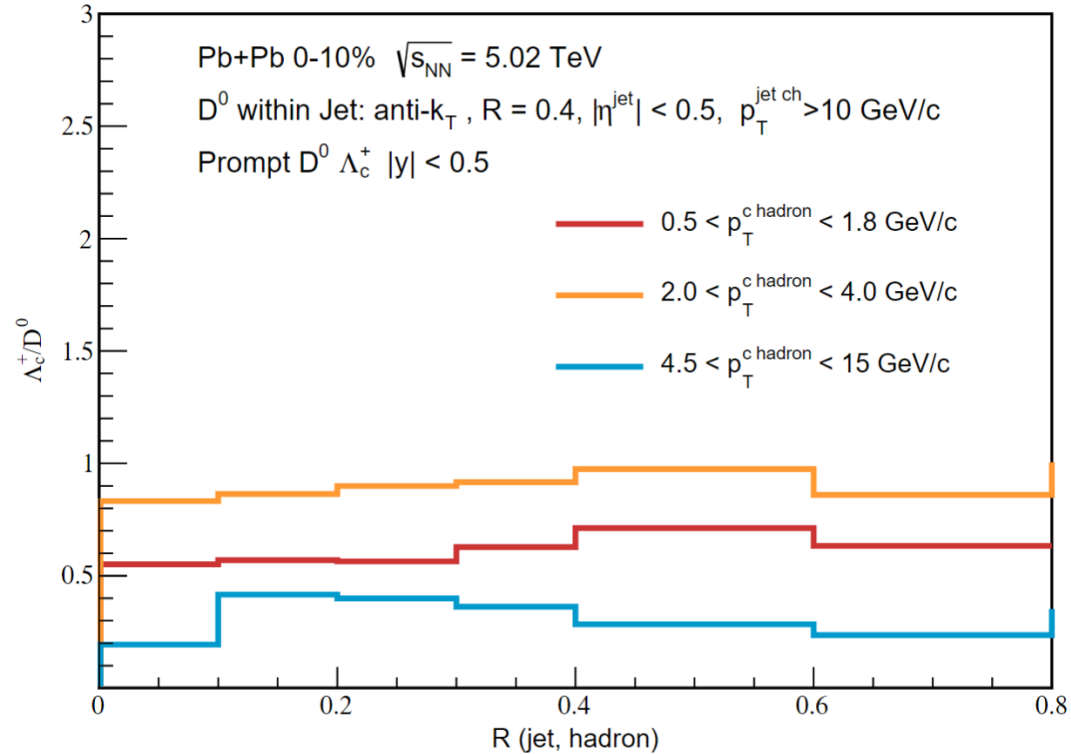
# In-medium hadronization-- Coalescence type:



**In-jet requirement** leads to **slight suppression** for **heavy flavor** baryon-to-meson ratio in A+A.

---- Coalescence and fragmentation hybrid

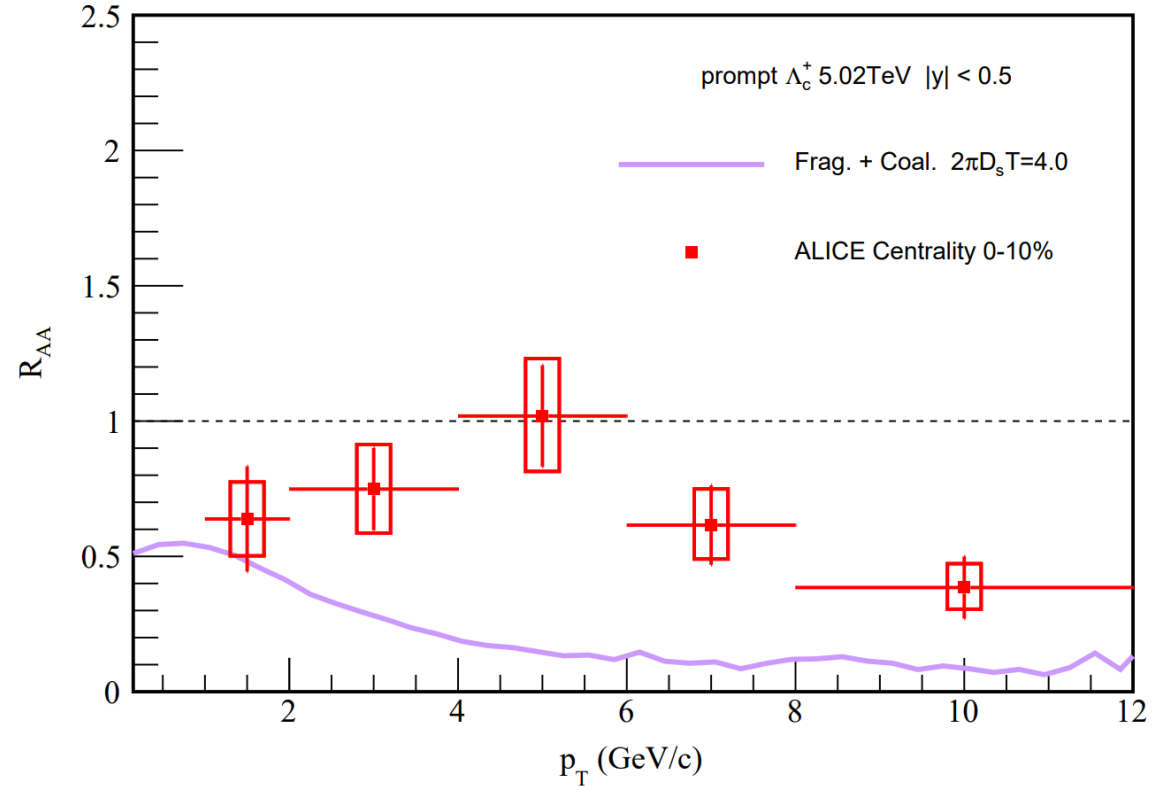
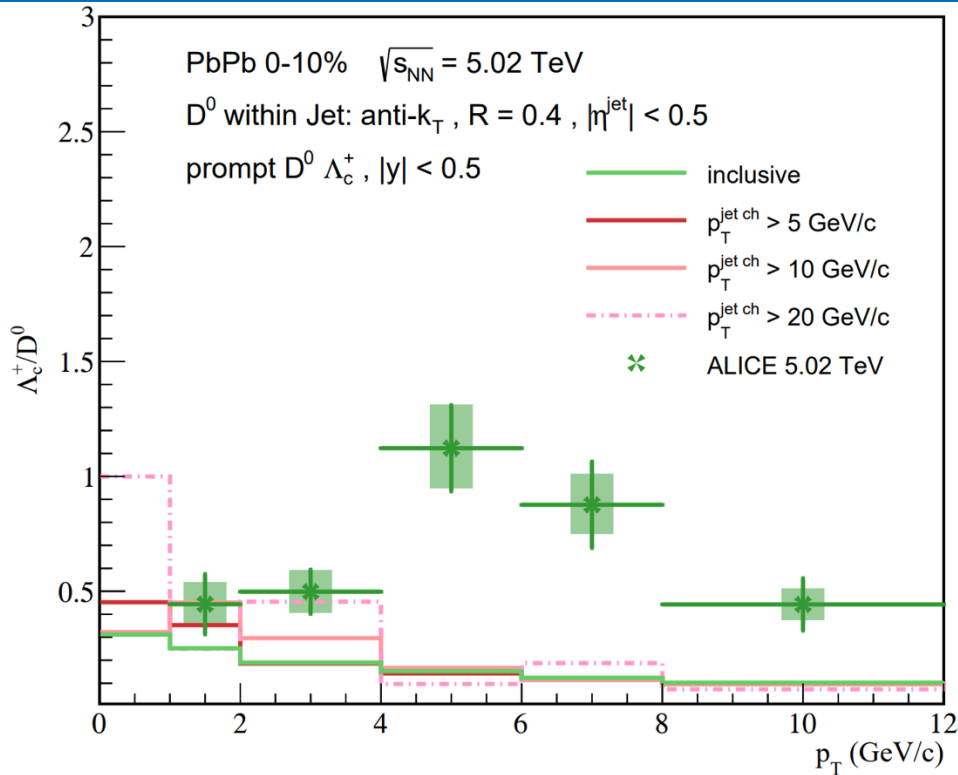
# In-medium hadronization-- Coalescence type:



Coalescence kind of mechanism will also lead to enhancement of  $\Lambda_c^+ / D^0$  ratios within jets.

However, **intermediate**  $p_T$ , **closer** to the jet axis, will lead to the **enhancement**. ----- Coalescence

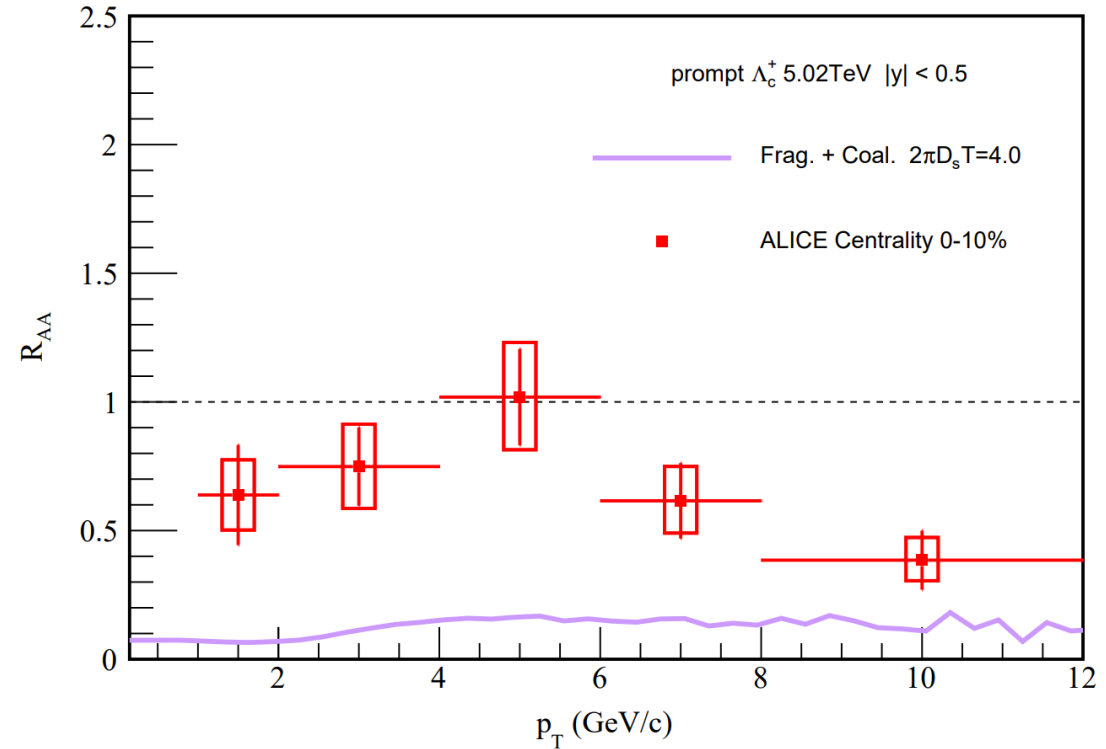
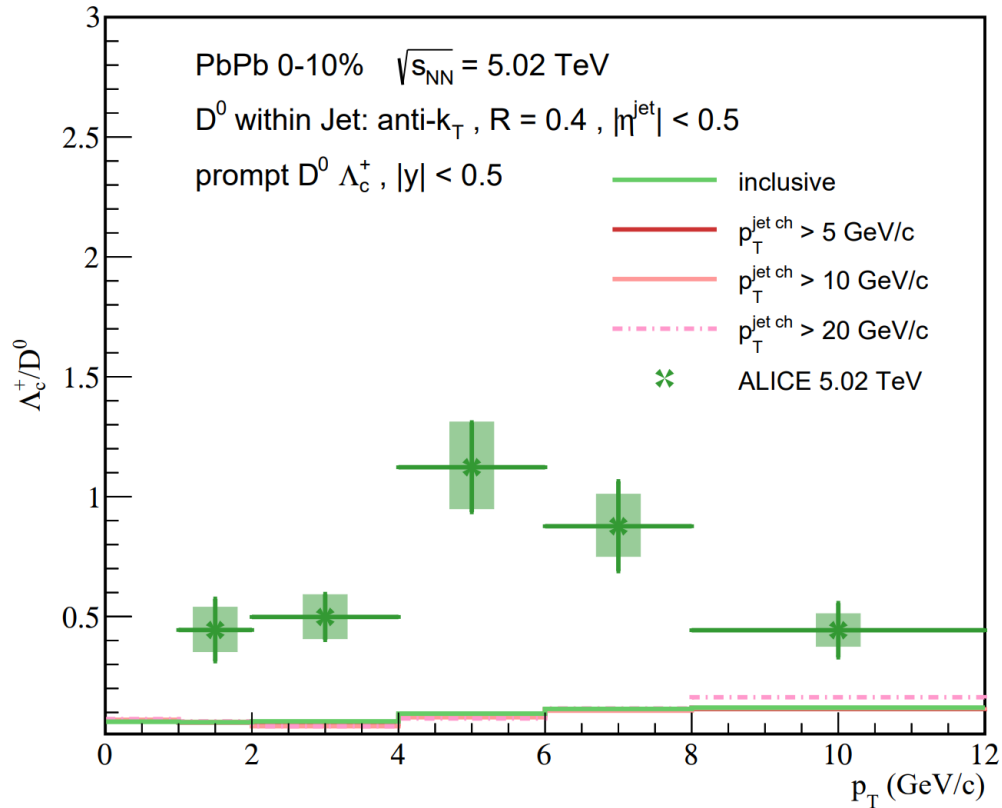
# In-medium hadronization-- CR type:



The CR hadronization after energy loss will also lead to an enhancement due to jet requirements.

Even CR hadronization can not describe the production in A+A

# In-medium hadronization-- fragmentation type:



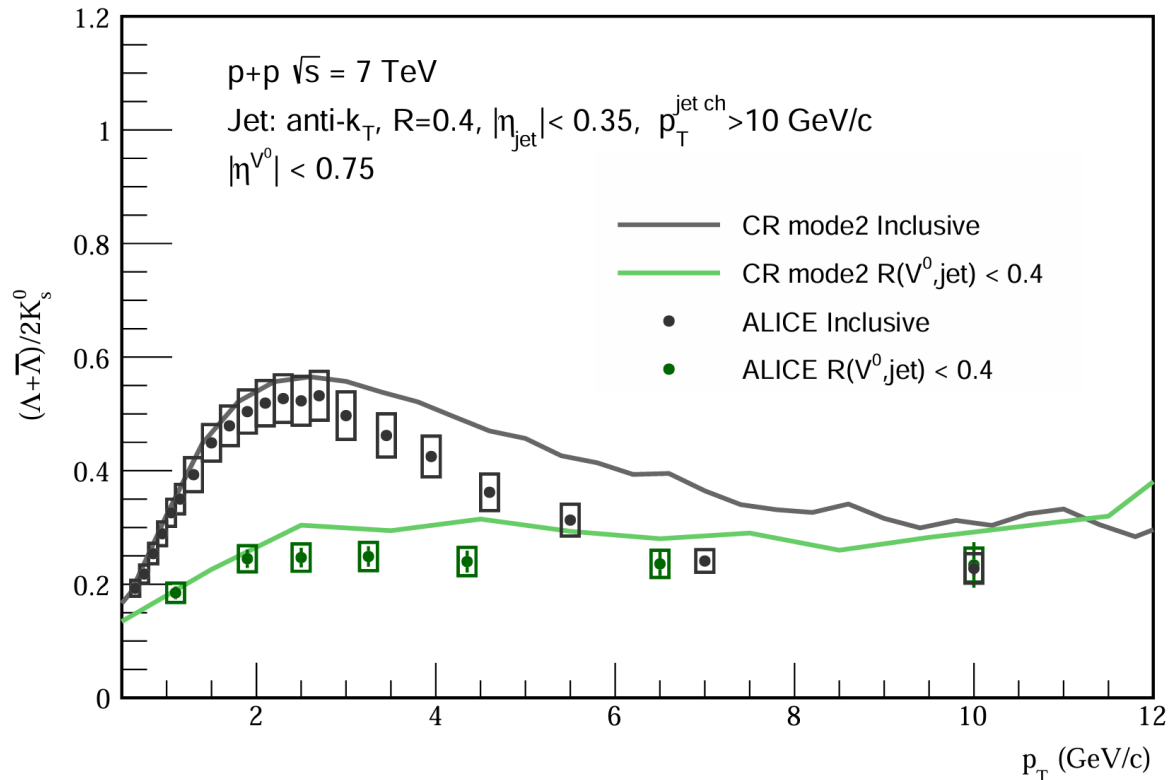
The string fragmentation hadronization after energy loss will lead to suppression due to jet requirements same as in p+p.

# Try to Conclude:

- ◆ The enhancement in **inclusive heavy flavor** baryon-to-meson ratio is mainly coming from **the hard process** while the light case is mainly from underlying events.
- ◆ Color reconnection and coalescence can both describe the enhancement at lower  $p_T$  .
- ◆ For **color reconnection** description of hadronization both in p+p and A+A, the in-jet requirement will lead to an enhancement of  $\Lambda_c^+/D^0$  ratio lower  $p_T$  .
- ◆ For **coalescence** type of hadronization, the in-jet requirement will lead to an suppression of  $\Lambda_c^+/D^0$  ratio lower  $p_T$  .
- ◆ Further In jet  $\Lambda_c^+/D^0$  ratio can be useful tool to **probe the hadronization mechanism** since there are argument that hot and dense medium created in **small system**.



★ What if Colour reconnection apply for light case?



★ What if fragmentation mechanism apply for heavy case?

