



SHANDONG  
UNIVERSITY

中国物理学会高能物理分会  
HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS BRANCH OF CPS

BESIII

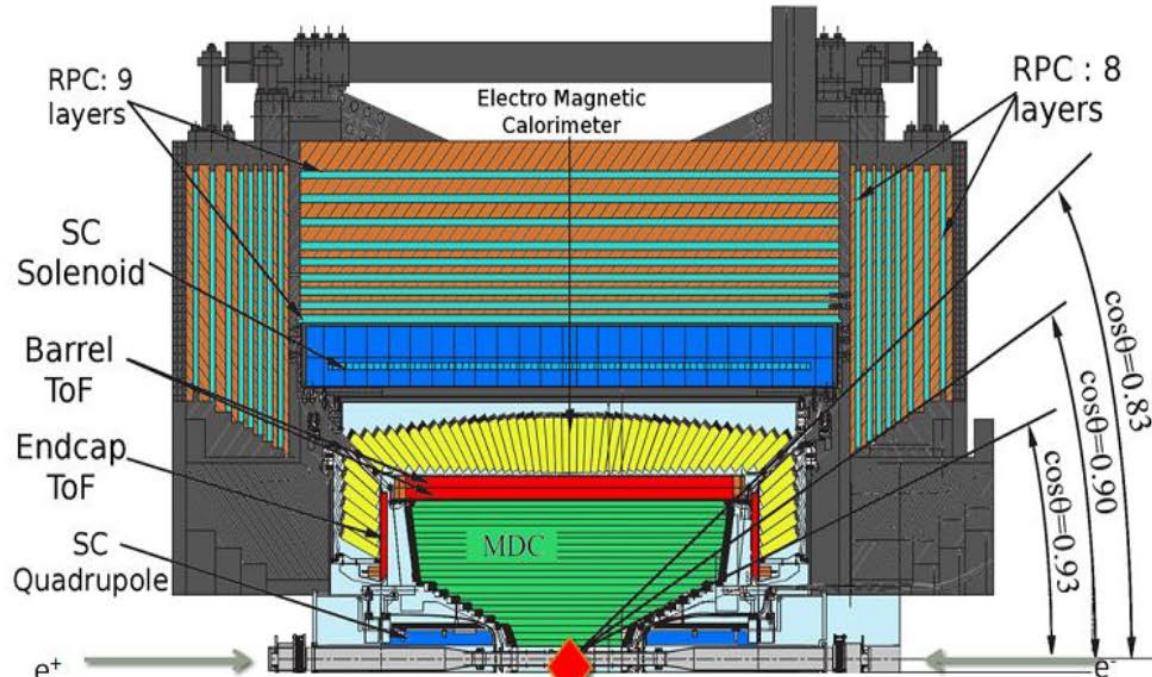
# Measurements of cross sections $e^+e^-$ annihilation into final states including hidden charm resonances

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(on behalf of the BESIII collaboration)

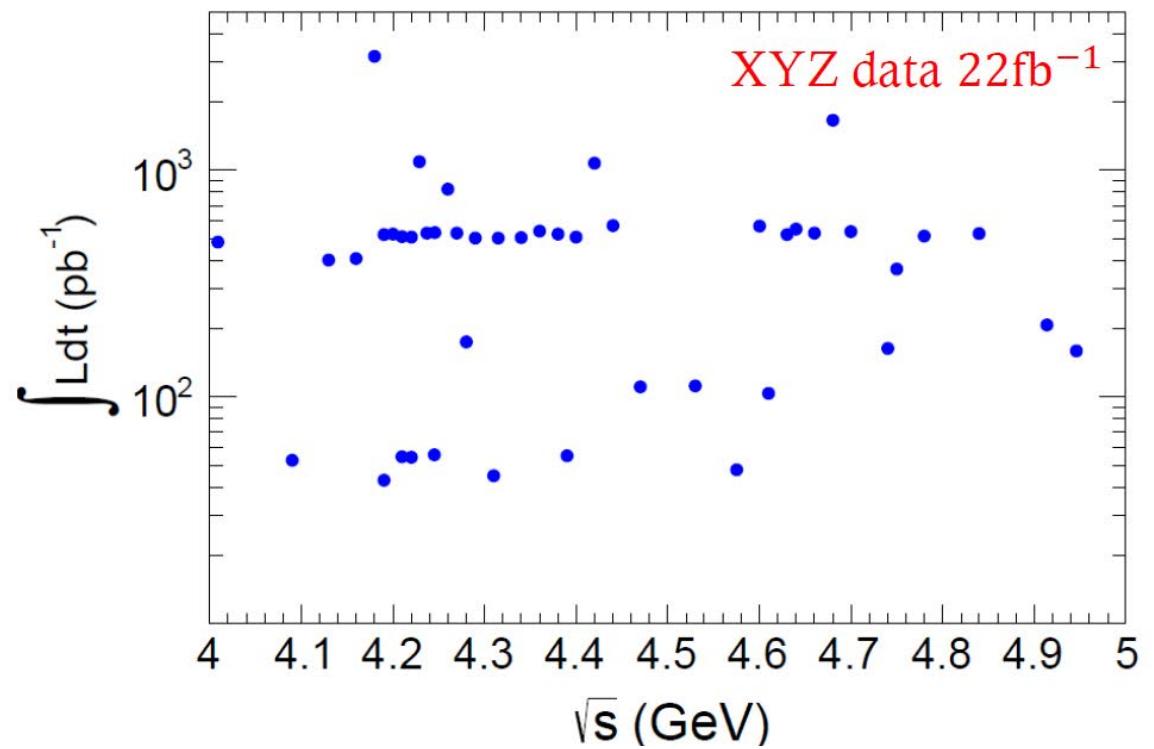
Qingdao 2024.08.14

# BEPCII and BESIII

**BESIII**



$\tau$ -c region  $\sqrt{s} = 2 - 5 \text{ GeV}$

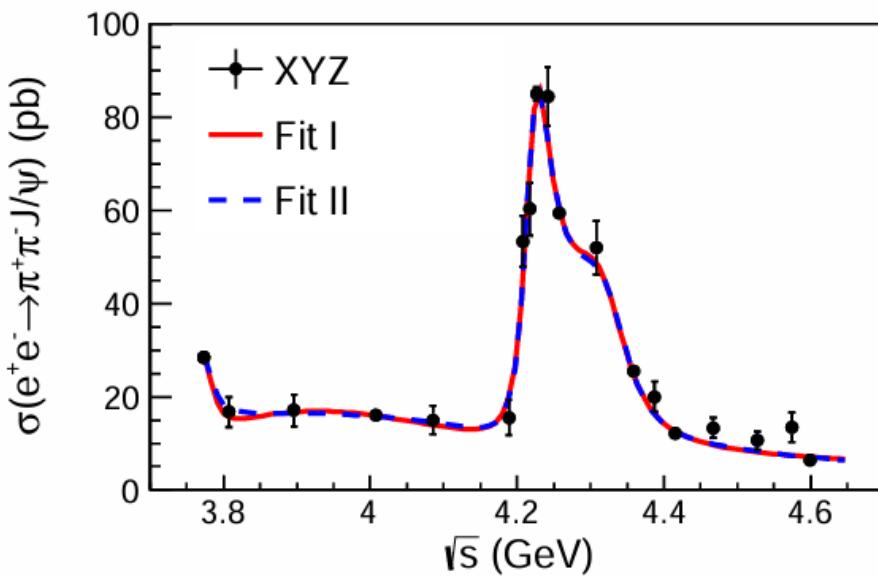


- In the past decade many charmonium-like states were observed experimentally.
- Y states showing strong coupling to hidden-charm final states
- Precise measurements of production cross sections and resonance parameters needed
  - to clarify nature of these states
  - to distinguish among different theoretical models

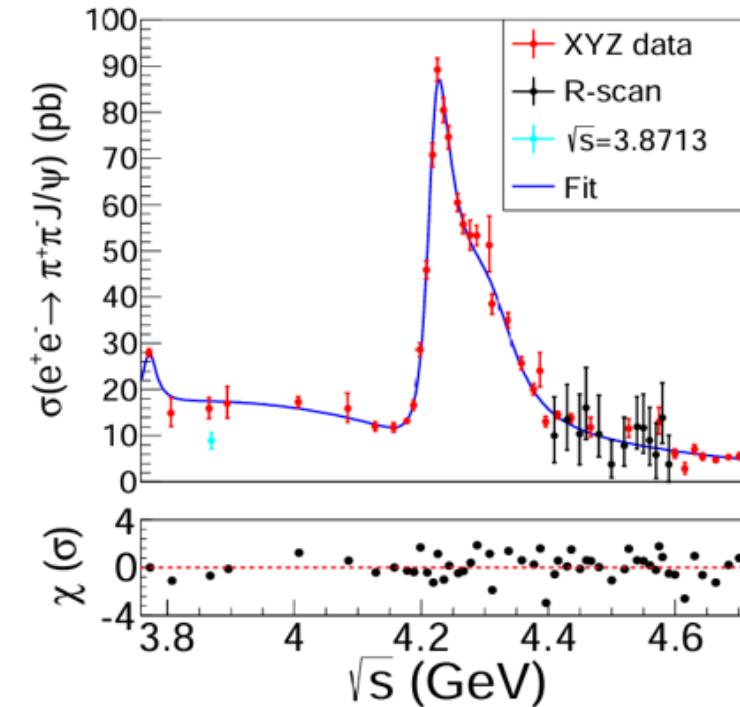
# Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$

**BESIII**

PRL118, 092001 (2017)



PRD106, 072001 (2022)

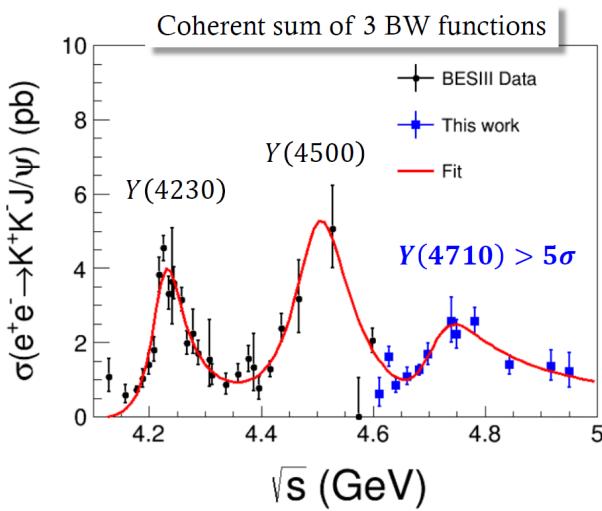


- Improves upon the precision of results
- Y(4220): Mass=(4222.0±3.1±1.4) MeV, Width=(44.1±4.3±2.0) MeV ( $10\sigma$ )
- Y(4320): Mass=(4298.0±12±26) MeV, Width=(127±17±10) MeV ( $10\sigma$ )
- A small enhancement around 4.5 GeV with a significance about  $3\sigma$      $\psi(4415)?$

# Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- J/\psi$

**BESIII**

PRL 131, 211902 (2023)

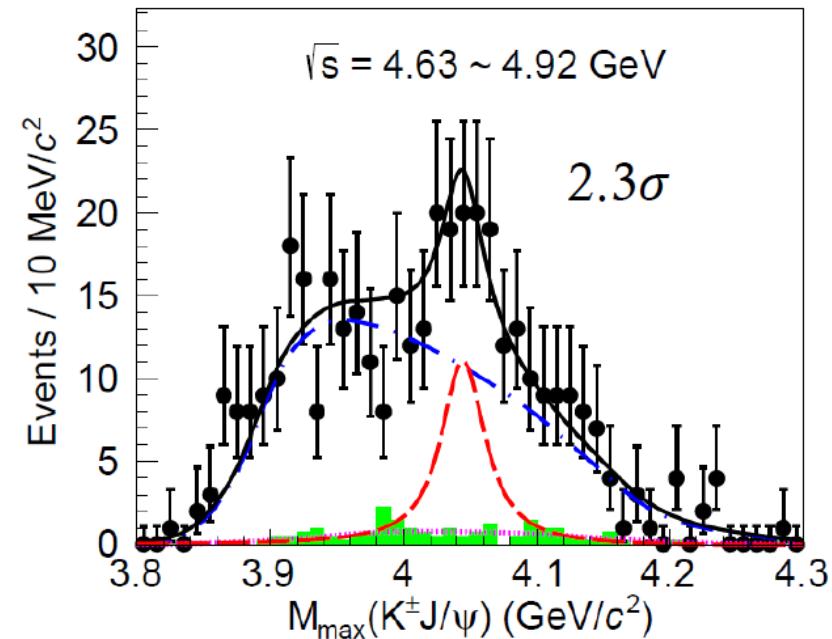


CPC, 46, 111002 (2022) BESIII

	BESIII	This work
$M_{Y(4230)}$ ( $\text{MeV}/c^2$ )	$4225.3 \pm 2.3$	$4225.2 \pm 2.2$
$\Gamma_{Y(4230)}$ (MeV)	$72.9 \pm 6.1$	$70.7 \pm 6.1$
$M_{Y(4500)}$ ( $\text{MeV}/c^2$ )	$4484.7 \pm 13.3$	$4498.9 \pm 12.7$
$\Gamma_{Y(4500)}$ (MeV)	$111.1 \pm 30.1$	$123.7 \pm 24.9$
$M_{Y(4710)}$ ( $\text{MeV}/c^2$ )		$4708.3 \pm 14.8$
$\Gamma_{Y(4710)}$ (MeV)		$125.7 \pm 31.3$
$\Gamma_{ee} \mathcal{B}_{Y(4710) \rightarrow K^+ K^- J/\psi}$ (eV)		$0.16-1.61$

4.61-4.95 GeV

$5.85 fb^{-1}$



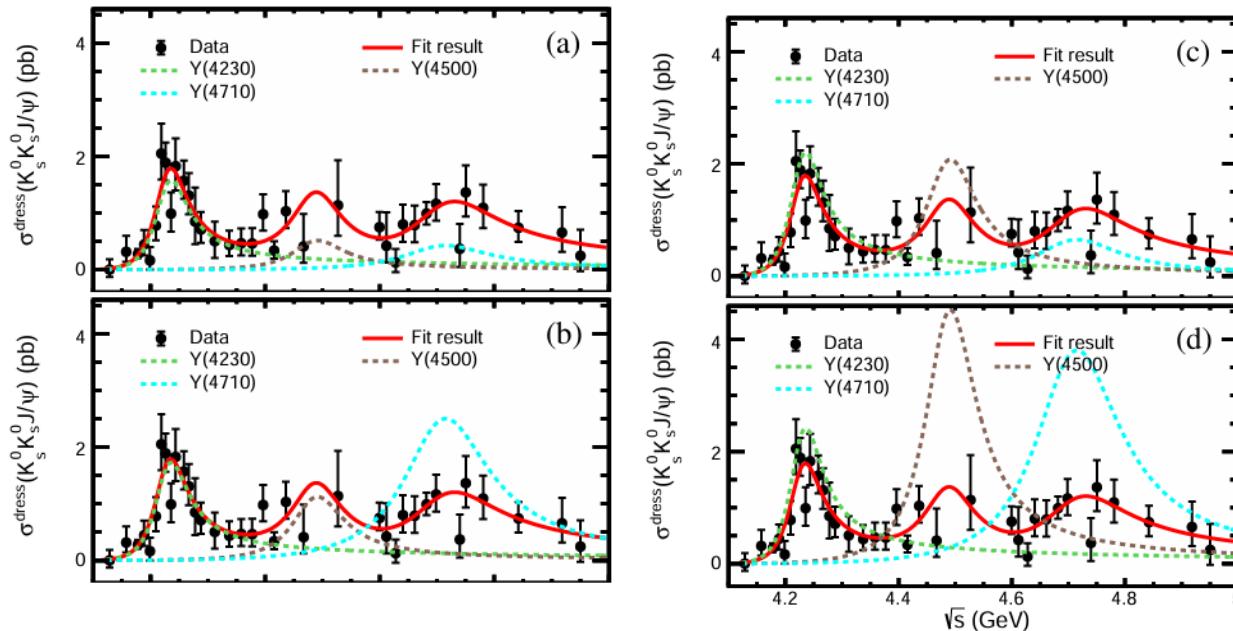
- New vector charmonium-like state (over  $5\sigma$ ) **5S or mixing ?**
- No significant structure is observed in the  $KJ/\psi$  system

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}[Z_{cs}(3985) \rightarrow KJ/\psi]}{\mathcal{B}[Z_{cs}(3985) \rightarrow DD_s^* + D_s D^*]} < 0.03 \quad @ 90\% \text{ CL}$$

# Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_s K_s J/\psi$

**BESIII**

PRD 107, 092005 (2023)



4.13-4.95 GeV

21.2  $fb^{-1}$

Parameter	Solution I	Solution II	Solution III	Solution IV
$M_{4230} (\text{MeV}/c^2)$			$4226.9 \pm 6.6 \pm 22.0$	
$\Gamma_{4230} (\text{MeV})$			$71.7 \pm 16.2 \pm 32.8$	
$(\Gamma_{ee}\mathcal{B})_{4230} (\text{eV})$	$0.13 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.05$	$0.14 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.06$	$0.18 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.07$	$0.20 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$
$M_{4500} (\text{MeV}/c^2)$ (fixed)			$4484.7 \pm 13.3 \pm 24.1$ [Ref. [31]]	
$\Gamma_{4500} (\text{MeV})$ (fixed)			$111.1 \pm 30.1 \pm 15.2$ [Ref. [31]]	
$(\Gamma_{ee}\mathcal{B})_{4500} (\text{eV})$	$0.08 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.04$	$0.17 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$	$0.31 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.11$	$0.68 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.18$
$\phi_{4500} (\text{rad})$	$1.02 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.56$	$1.74 \pm 1.11 \pm 0.46$	$4.26 \pm 0.76 \pm 0.91$	$4.98 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.74$
$M_{4710} (\text{MeV}/c^2)$			$4704.0 \pm 52.3 \pm 69.5$	
$\Gamma_{4710} (\text{MeV})$			$183.2 \pm 114.0 \pm 96.1$	
$(\Gamma_{ee}\mathcal{B})_{4710} (\text{eV})$	$0.12 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.11$	$0.68 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.21$	$0.18 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.10$	$1.04 \pm 0.60 \pm 0.35$
$\phi_{4710} (\text{rad})$	$0.92 \pm 0.99 \pm 0.84$	$5.37 \pm 0.46 \pm 0.95$	$5.38 \pm 1.02 \pm 0.80$	$3.55 \pm 0.27 \pm 1.03$

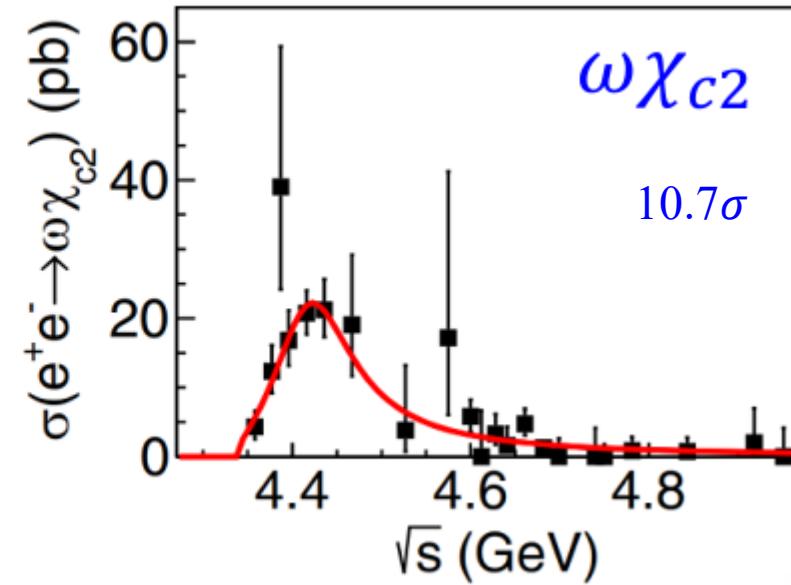
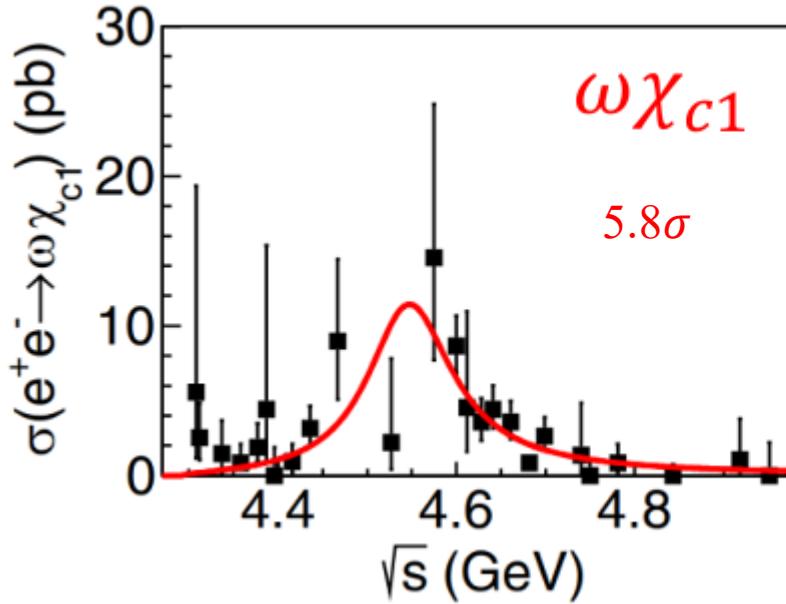
- Clear structure around 4.220 GeV can be seen
- No clear structure around 4.500 GeV is found (maybe it's due to lower statistics)
- Enhanced structure Y(4710) with a statistical significance  $4.2\sigma$

$$\frac{\sigma^{Born}(K_s K_s J/\psi)}{\sigma^{Born}(K^+ K^- J/\psi)} = 0.426^{+0.038}_{-0.031} \pm 0.018$$

# Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \chi_{c1,2}$

**BESIII**

PRL 132, 161901 (2024)



$\sqrt{s} = 4.308\sim4.951$  GeV,  
 $11 \text{ fb}^{-1}, > 20$  energy points

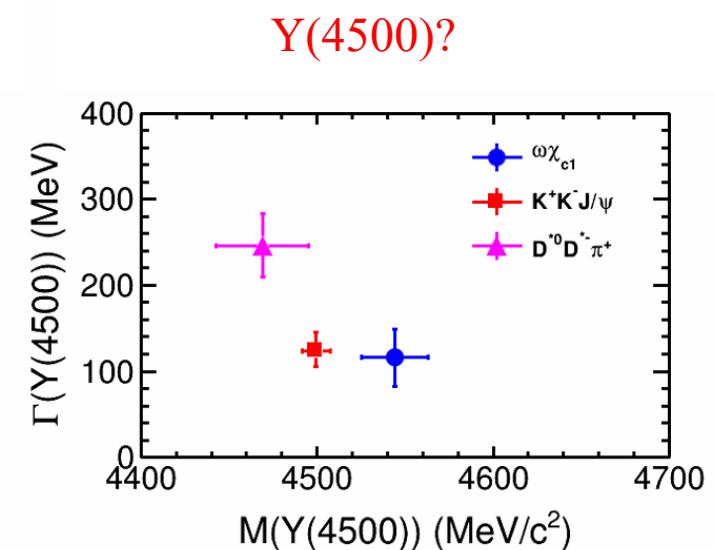
Two structures are observed

$M_1 = (4544.2 \pm 18.7 \pm 1.7) \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 $\Gamma_1 = (116.1 \pm 33.5 \pm 1.7) \text{ MeV}$

A new particle?

$M_2 = (4413.6 \pm 9.0 \pm 0.8) \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 $\Gamma_2 = (110.5 \pm 15.0 \pm 2.9) \text{ MeV}$

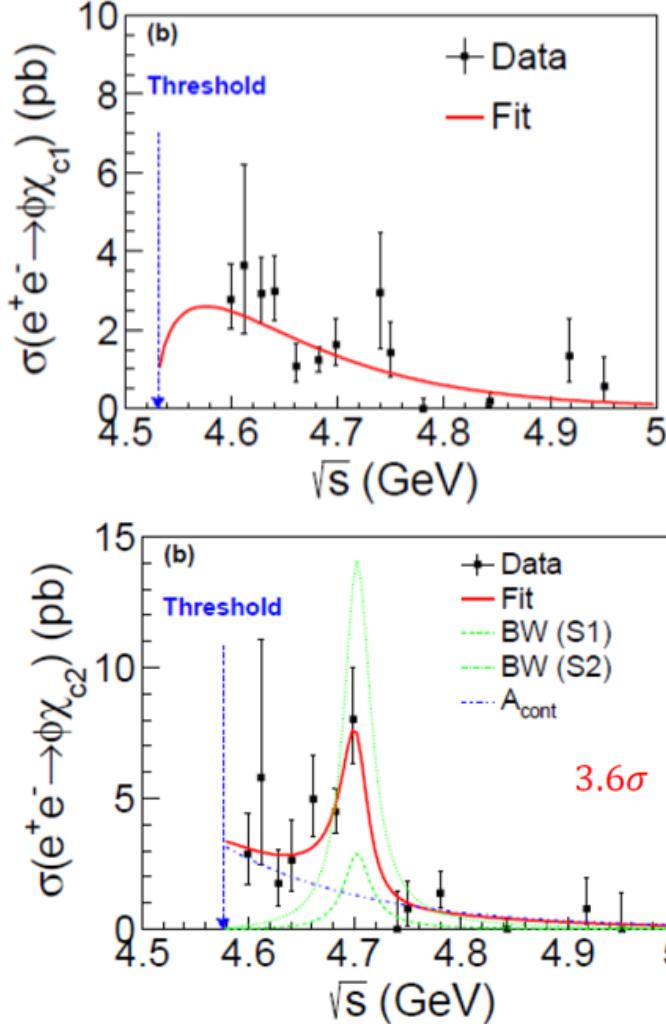
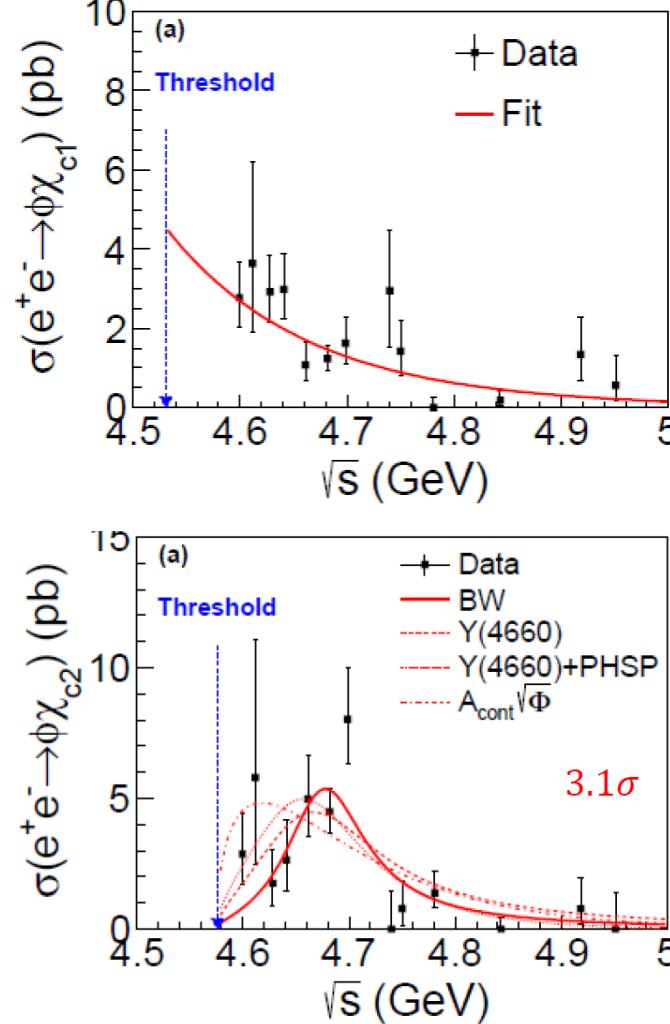
Consistent with  $\psi(4415)$



# Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi \chi_{c1,2}$

**BESIII**

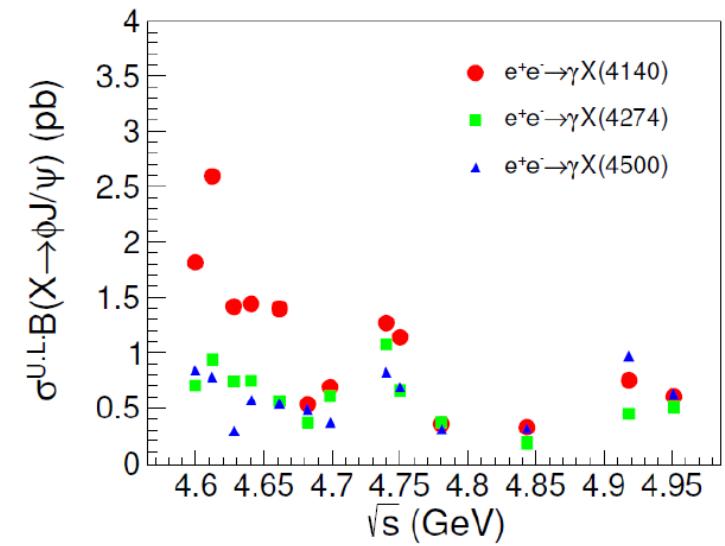
JHEP 01 132 (2023)



4.60~4.95 GeV

$6.4 fb^{-1}$

$$\sigma^{\text{U.L.}} \mathcal{B} = \frac{N_{\gamma X}^{\text{N.L.}}}{\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}}(1+\delta) \frac{1}{|1-\Pi|^2} \mathcal{B}_{J/\psi}}$$



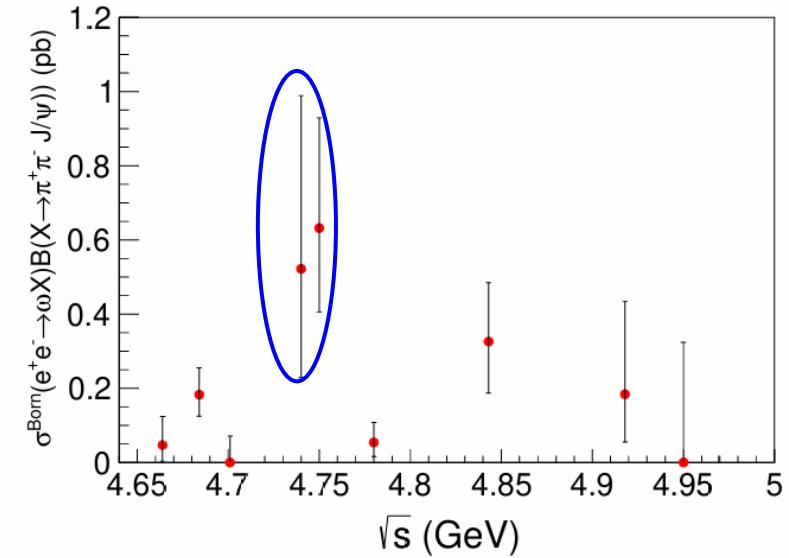
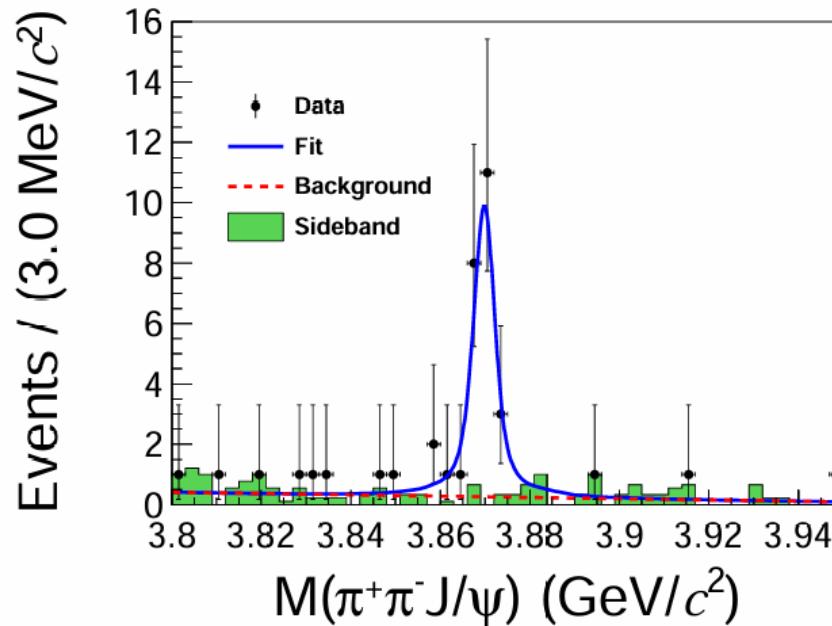
- $\phi\chi_{c1,2}$  signal is observed (over  $10\sigma$ )
- $Y(4660) \rightarrow \phi\chi_{c2}$  (evidence)
- No obvious structure in the  $\phi J/\psi$  system

# Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega X(3872)$

**BESIII**

PRL130, 151904 (2023)

4.66~4.95 GeV  
 $4.7 fb^{-1}$



- New  $X(3872)$  production process ( $7.8\sigma$ )
- May be from decays of some non-trivial structures

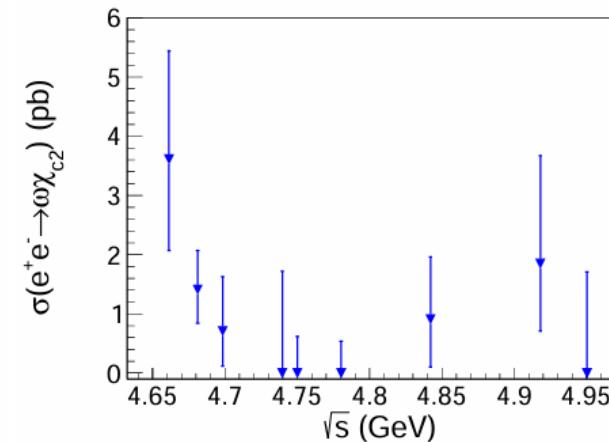
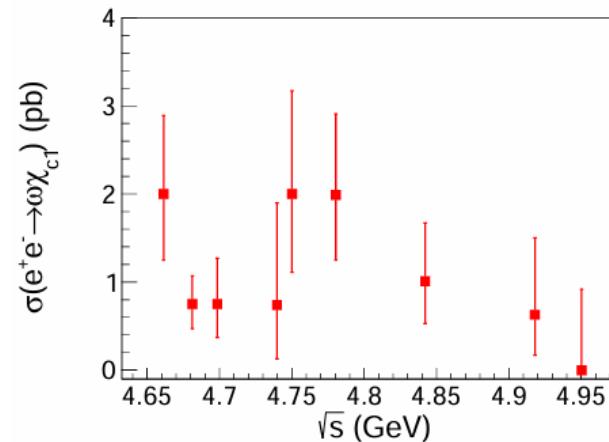
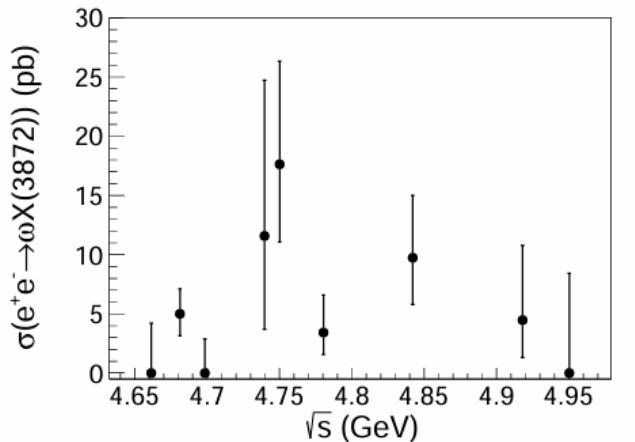
$\sqrt{s}$ (GeV)	$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}}$ (pb $^{-1}$ )	$N_{\text{sig}}$	$\epsilon(1 + \delta)$ (%)	$\sigma^{\text{B}}$ (pb)	$\sigma_{\text{up}}^{\text{B}}$ (pb)	Significance
4.661	529.63	$0.33^{+1.36}_{-0.33}$	28.3	$0.5^{+2.1}_{-0.5} \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$	5.6	-
4.682	1669.31	$8.00^{+3.34}_{-2.68}$	24.6	$4.6^{+1.9}_{-1.5} \pm 0.4 \pm 1.5$	11.5	$3.4\sigma$
4.699	536.45	$0.00^{+0.95}_{-0.00}$	27.0	$0.0^{+1.6}_{-0.0} \pm 0.0 \pm 0.0$	3.3	-
4.740	164.27	$1.67^{+1.77}_{-1.10}$	21.8	$10.9^{+11.6}_{-7.2} \pm 1.0 \pm 3.5$	40.6	$1.0\sigma$
4.750	367.21	$5.00^{+2.58}_{-1.92}$	22.4	$14.2^{+7.4}_{-5.5} \pm 1.4 \pm 4.5$	38.2	$3.1\sigma$
4.781	512.78	$1.00^{+1.36}_{-0.70}$	31.6	$1.5^{+2.0}_{-1.0} \pm 0.2 \pm 0.5$	6.5	$0.7\sigma$
4.843	527.29	$4.67^{+2.58}_{-1.92}$	26.7	$7.8^{+4.3}_{-3.2} \pm 0.7 \pm 2.5$	21.1	$2.6\sigma$
4.918	208.11	$1.00^{+1.36}_{-0.70}$	22.6	$5.0^{+6.8}_{-3.5} \pm 0.4 \pm 1.6$	21.7	$0.7\sigma$
4.951	160.37	$0.00^{+0.95}_{-0.00}$	20.4	$0.0^{+6.8}_{-0.0} \pm 0.0 \pm 0.0$	14.7	-

# X(3872) production > 4.6 GeV

**BESIII**

PRD 110 (2024) 1, 012006

PRD.110.L031103 (2024)



$$R_{\gamma J/\psi / \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi)}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi)}$$

Experiment	$R_{\gamma J/\psi / \pi\pi J/\psi}$
$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X(3872)$ BESIII	$0.79 \pm 0.28$
$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X(3872)$ Belle	$0.21 \pm 0.06$
$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega X(3872)$ This work	$0.38 \pm 0.20 (< 0.83)$
Average	$0.25 \pm 0.06$

➤  $\sigma_{\omega X(3872)} / \sigma_{\omega \chi_{c1}} = 5.2 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.9$

➤  $\sigma_{\omega X(3872)} / \sigma_{\omega \chi_{c2}} = 5.5 \pm 1.1 \pm 2.4$

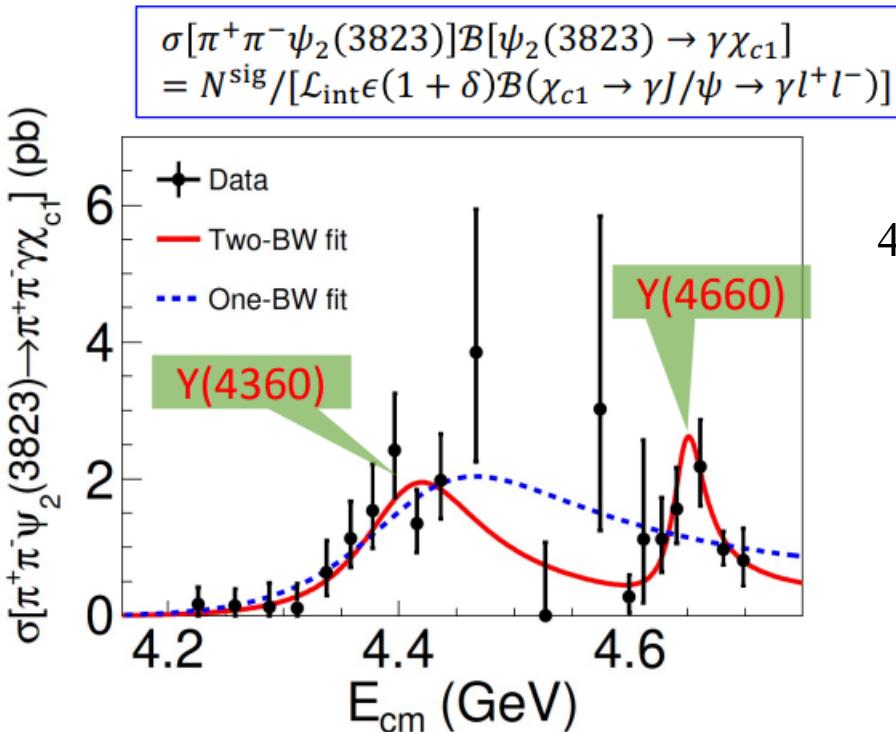
➤  $\sigma_{\phi X(3872)} / \sigma_{\phi \chi_{c1}} < 9 @ 90\% \text{ CL}$

➤ Help constrain the possible  $\chi_{c1}(2P)$  component in the  $X(3872)$  wave function.

$\sigma_{\gamma X(3872)} / \sigma_{\omega X(3872)} < 0.23 @ 90\% \text{ CL}$

# Observation of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \psi_2(3823)$

**BESIII**



4.23~4.70 GeV  
11.3  $fb^{-1}$

Parameters	Solution I	Solution II
$M[R_1]$	$4406.9 \pm 17.2 \pm 4.5$	
$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}[R_1]$	$128.1 \pm 37.2 \pm 2.3$	
$\Gamma_{e^+ e^-} \mathcal{B}_1^{R_1} \mathcal{B}_2$	$0.36 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.03$	$0.30 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.03$
$M[R_2]$	$4647.9 \pm 8.6 \pm 0.8$	
$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}[R_2]$	$33.1 \pm 18.6 \pm 4.1$	
$\Gamma_{e^+ e^-} \mathcal{B}_1^{R_2} \mathcal{B}_2$	$0.24 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.02$	$0.06 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$
$\phi$	$267.1 \pm 16.2 \pm 3.2$	$-324.8 \pm 43.0 \pm 5.7$

$\pi\pi\psi_2(3823)$  is the **second** decay channel of  $Y(4660)$  [the first one is  $\pi\pi\psi(2S)$ ]

- Inconsistent with many interpretations of  $Y(4660)$ :
  - $f_0(980)\psi(2S)$  hadron molecule (PLB 665, 26 (2018))
  - $\Sigma_c^0 \bar{\Sigma}_c^0$  baryonium (J. Phys. G 35, 075008 (2008))
  - excitation of  $Y(4260)$  (PRD 89, 114010 (2014))

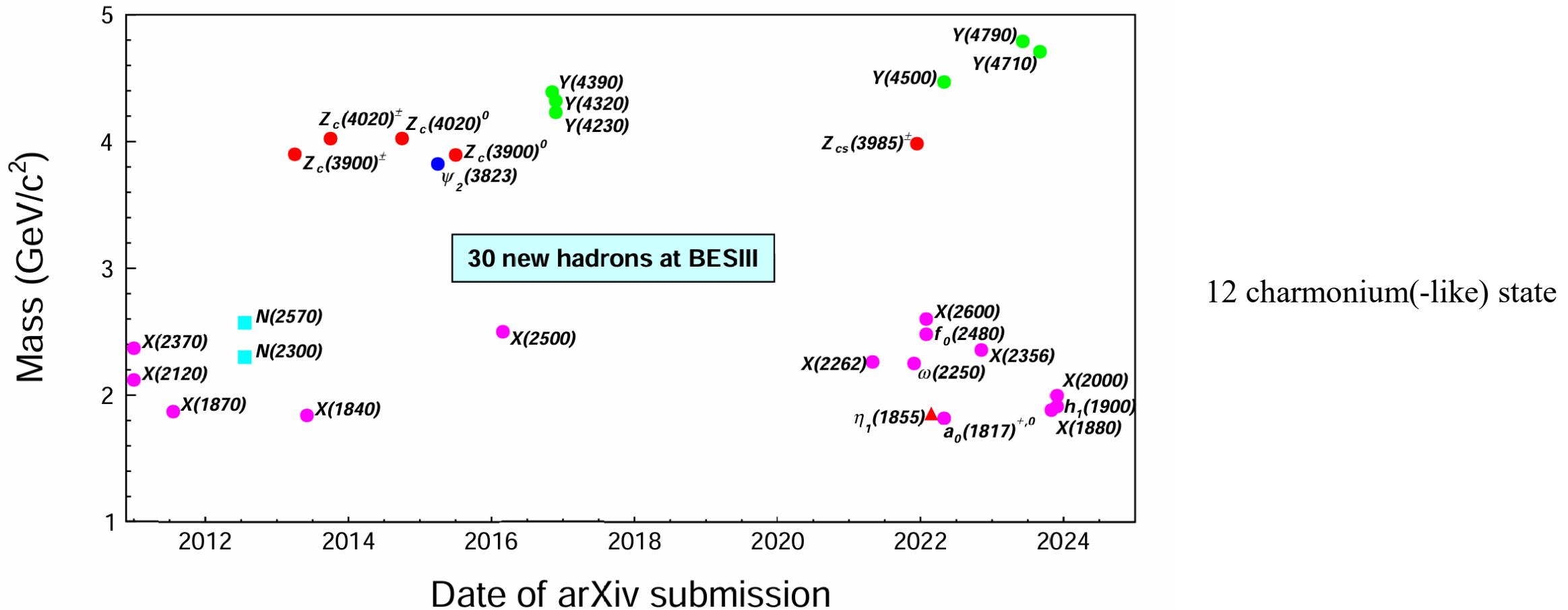
✓ Resonance structures  $> 5\sigma$

- Both for the **two-BW** and the **One-BW** hypotheses
- First observation of  $Y$ -state  $\rightarrow D$ -wave charmonium!

$$\frac{\Gamma[\psi(4660) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \psi_2(3823)]}{\Gamma[\psi(4660) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)]} \sim 20\%$$

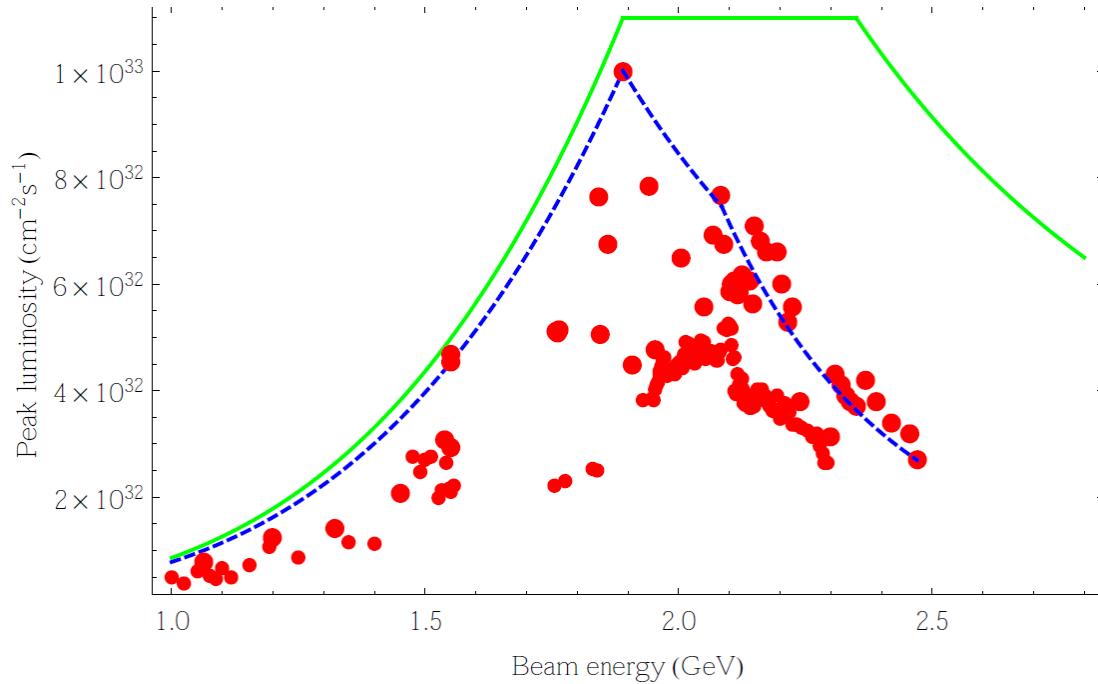
# New hadrons discovered at BESIII

BESIII



From Y. Zhang@Lanzhou

## BEP CII-U vs BEPCII



- Luminosity \* 3 @ 2.35 GeV
- Highest Beam Energy: 2.47 GeV  $\rightarrow$  2.8 GeV
- Commissioning of BEPCII-U on 2025.01.01

# Summary



- We reported cross-section measurement results including hidden charm final states at BESIII
- BESIII have a excellent performance about the charmonium-like states studies
- Upcoming upgrades on BEPCII and BESIII
  - Much large peak luminosity
  - Higher precision for measurements

Thank you