

第六届重味物理与量子色动力学研讨会



拓扑图与粲重子弱衰变

徐繁荣
暨南大学

— Huiling Zhong, FX, Hai-Yang Cheng,
2401.15926; 2404.01350

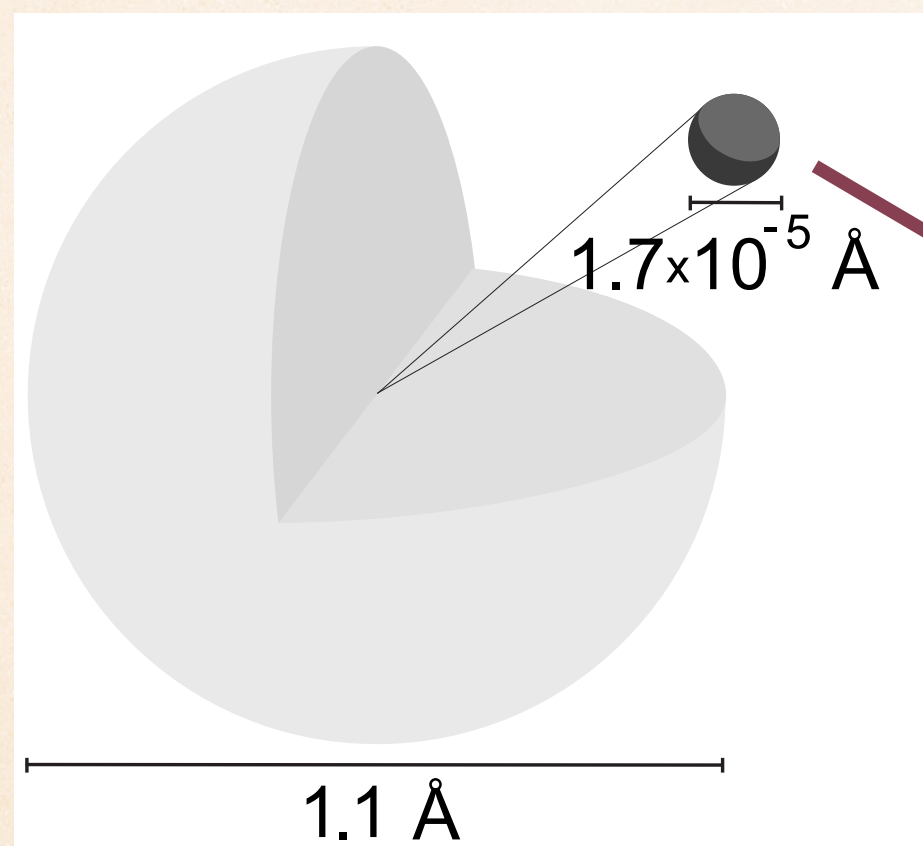
2024年4月19-22日，山东青岛

OUTLINE

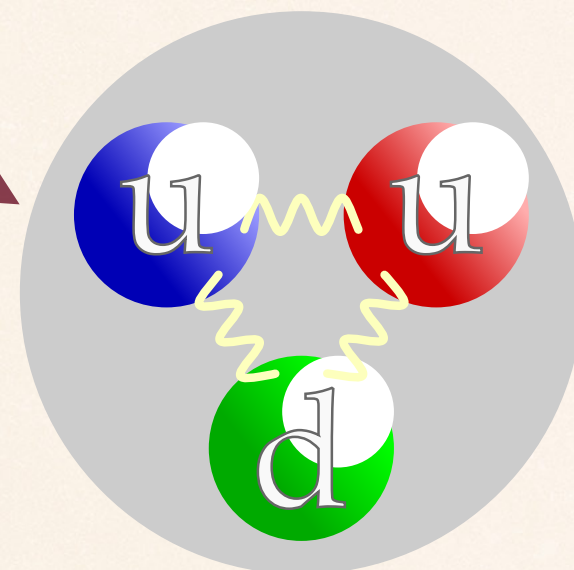
- ❖ Introduction
- ❖ Topological diagram approach (TDA)
- ❖ Some remarks
- ❖ Summary

INTRODUCTION

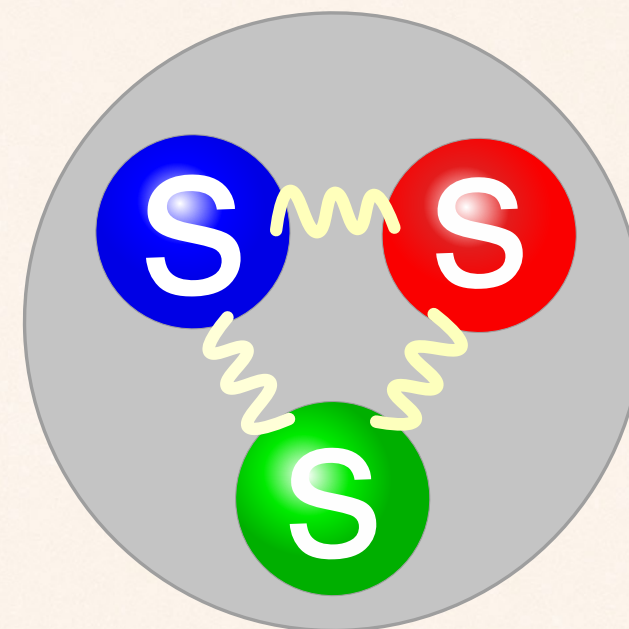
The role of baryons



hydrogen atom

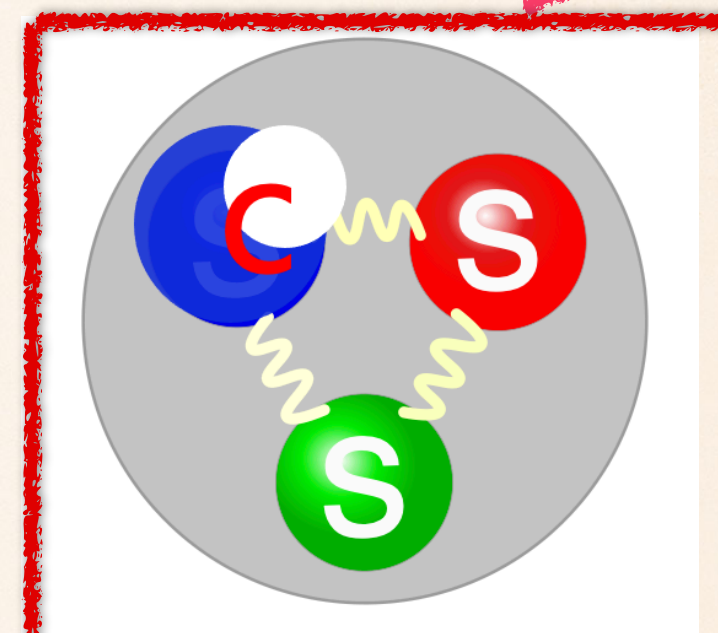


proton



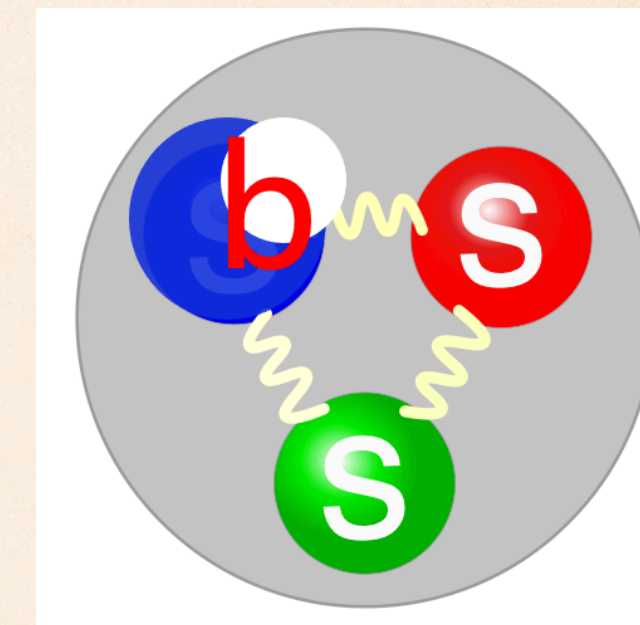
hyperon

e.g., Ω discovered at BNL in 1964



charmed baryon

e.g., charmed Ω discovered in 1985



bottom(ed) baryon

e.g., bottom Ω discovered in 2008 by DΦ

Standard Model of Elementary Particles					
three generations of matter (fermions)				interactions / force carriers (bosons)	
	I	II	III		
mass	$\approx 2.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.28 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 125.11 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	0
spin	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H higgs
	d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	Z Z boson	
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	

After the breakthrough

Reference/normalization mode

$$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+)$$

■ ARGUS + CLEO : $(5.0 \pm 1.3)\%$ PDG 2014

obsolete

■ Belle: $(6.84 \pm 0.24_{-0.27}^{+0.21})\%$

Belle, PRL 113 (2014), 042002

■ BESIII: $(5.84 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.23)\%$

BESIII, PRL 116 (2016) , 052001



PDG 2016: $(6.35 \pm 0.33)\%$

PDG 2023 update

$(6.26 \pm 0.29)\%$

— talk by 吕晓睿

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

1. PDG 2023 updated

$(1.43 \pm 0.32)\%$

2. Belle 2019

$(1.80 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.14)\%$

Mode (*)	Fraction (Γ_i / Γ)	Scale Factor/ Conf. Level	P(MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$	0.0143 ± 0.0032	1.1	875

Category: No absolute branching fractions have been measured. The following are branching ratios relative to $\Xi^- \pi^+$.

The following data is related to the above value: [expand all datablocks](#)

$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow pK^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	Γ_2 / Γ_{13}	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow pK^- K^- \pi^+ (\text{no } \bar{K}^{*0})) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	Γ_3 / Γ_{13}	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	Γ_4 / Γ_{13}	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	Γ_5 / Γ_{13}	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	Γ_6 / Γ_{13}	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_S^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	Γ_9 / Γ_{13}	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	$\Gamma_{10} / \Gamma_{13}$	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	$\Gamma_{11} / \Gamma_{13}$	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^*(892)^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	$\Gamma_{12} / \Gamma_{13}$	+
$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{13} / Γ	+

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS 122, 082001 (2019)

First Measurements of Absolute Branching Fractions of the Ξ_c^0 Baryon at Belle

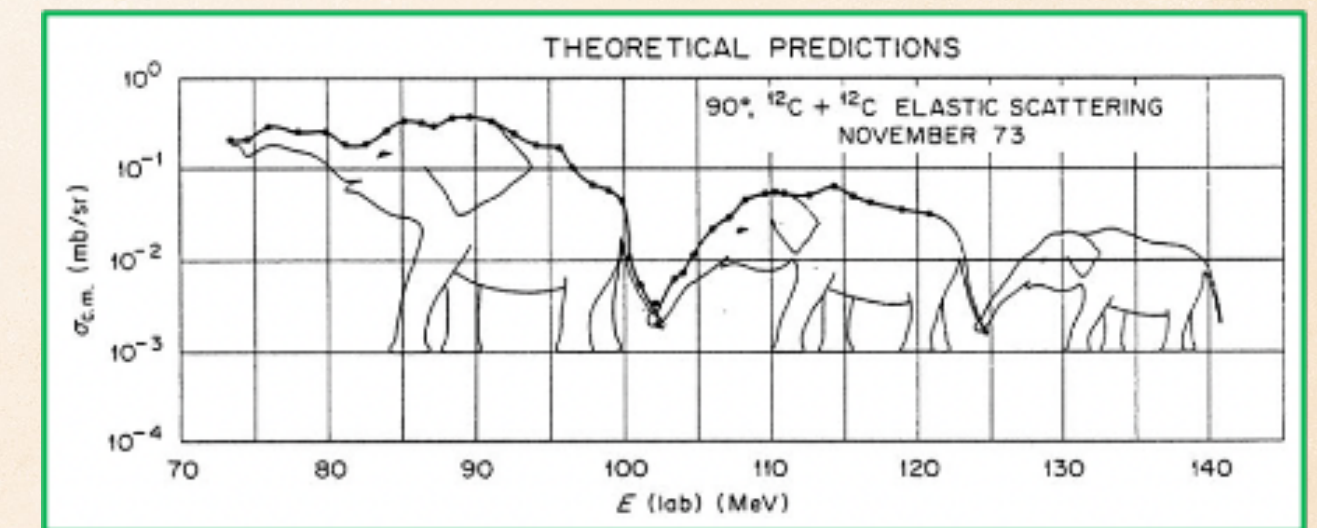
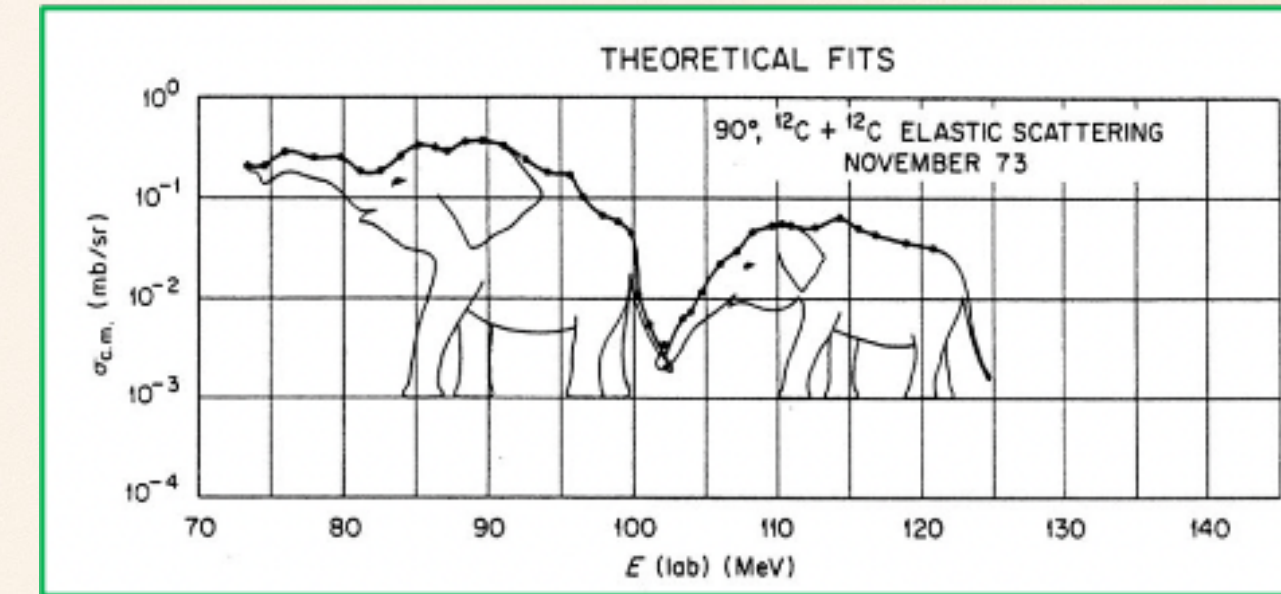
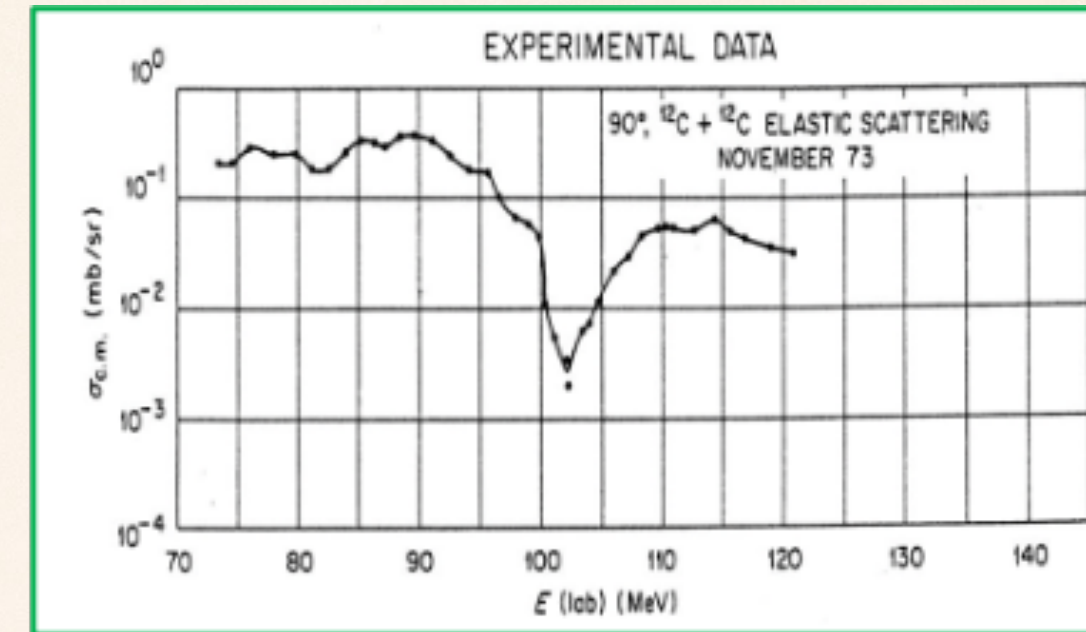
Y. B. Li,⁶⁹ C. P. Shen,^{2,10} C. Z. Yuan,²⁶ I. Adachi,^{17,13} H. Aihara,⁸⁴ S. Al Said,^{29,35} D. M. Asner,³ T. Aushev,⁵⁴ R. Ayad,⁷⁹ I. Badhrees,^{29,34} Y. Ban,⁶⁹ V. Bansal,⁶⁷ C. Bekefi,¹² M. Berger,²⁶ V. Bhardwaj,²¹ B. Bhuyan,²² T. Bilka,² J. Biswal,³¹ A. Bondar,^{4,65} A. Bozek,⁶² M. Bračko,^{48,31} L. Cao,³² D. Červenkov,⁵ A. Chen,²⁹ B. G. Cheon,¹⁵ K. Chilikin,⁴³ K. Cho,³⁷ S.-K. Choi,¹⁴ Y. Chioi,⁷⁷ D. Cinabro,⁸⁸ S. Cunliffe,⁸ S. Di Carlo,²¹ Z. Doležal,² T. V. Dong,^{17,13} Z. Džuršić,² S. Edelmann,^{4,65,43} J. E. Fast,⁶⁷ B. G. Fulsom,⁶⁷ R. Garg,⁶⁸ V. Gaur,⁶⁷ N. Gabyshev,^{4,65} A. Garmash,^{4,65} A. Giri,²³ P. Goldenzweig,³² D. Greenwald,⁸¹ B. Grube,⁸¹ K. Hayasaka,⁶⁴ H. Hayashii,²⁸ C.-L. Hsu,⁷⁸ T. Iijima,^{26,55} K. Inami,⁵⁵ G. Ingulia,⁵ A. Ishikawa,⁸² R. Itoh,^{17,13} M. Iwasaki,⁶⁶ Y. Iwasaki,¹⁷ W. W. Jacobs,²⁵ S. Jia,² Y. Jin,⁸⁴ D. Joffe,³³ K. K. Joo,⁶ G. Karyan,⁸ T. Kawasaki,³⁶ H. Kichimi,¹⁷ D. Y. Kim,⁷⁵ H. J. Kim,⁴⁰ J. B. Kim,³⁸ K. T. Kim,³⁸ S. H. Kim,³⁸ S. H. Kim,¹⁵ K. Kinoshita,⁷ P. Kodys,⁵ S. Korpar,^{48,31} D. Kotchetkov,¹⁶ P. Krizan,^{44,31} R. Kroeger,²¹ P. Krokovny,^{4,65} T. Kumita,⁸⁶ A. Kuzmin,^{4,65} Y.-J. Kwon,²⁰ J. Y. Lee,⁷³ S. C. Lee,⁴⁰ L. K. Li,²⁶ L. Li Gioi,⁴⁹ J. Libby,²⁴ D. Liventsev,^{87,17} M. Lubej,³¹ J. MacNaughton,⁵² M. Masuda,⁸³ T. Matsuda,⁵² M. Merola,^{28,37} K. Miyabayashi,²⁸ H. Miyata,⁶⁴ R. Mizuk,^{43,53,54} G. B. Mohanty,⁸⁰ R. Mussa,²⁹ E. Nakano,⁶⁶ M. Nakao,^{17,13} K. J. Nath,²² M. Nayak,^{88,17} M. Niyama,³⁹ S. Nishida,^{17,13} H. Ono,^{63,64} Y. Onuki,⁸⁴ P. Pakhlov,^{43,53} G. Pakhlova,^{43,54} B. Pal,² S. Pardi,²⁸ S.-H. Park,⁹⁰ S. Paul,⁸¹ T. K. Pedlar,⁴⁶ R. Pestotnik,³¹ L. E. Piilonen,⁸⁷ V. Popov,^{43,54} E. Prencipe,¹⁹ G. Russo,²⁸ Y. Sakai,^{17,13} M. Salehi,^{47,45} S. Sandilya,⁷ L. Santej,¹⁷ T. Sanuki,⁸² V. Savinov,³⁰ O. Schneider,⁴² G. Schnell,^{1,20} J. Schueler,¹⁶ C. Schwanda,²⁷ A. J. Schwartz,⁷ Y. Seino,⁶⁴ K. Senyo,⁸⁹ M. E. Sevior,⁵⁰ T.-A. Shibata,⁸⁵ J.-G. Shiu,⁸¹ B. Shwartz,^{4,65} E. Solovieva,^{43,54} M. Staric,³¹ M. Sumihama,¹¹ T. Sumiyoshi,⁸⁶ W. Sutcliffe,³² M. Takizawa,^{74,18,71} K. Tanida,³⁰ Y. Tao,⁹ F. Tenchini,⁸ K. Trabelsi,^{17,13} M. Uchida,⁸⁵ T. Uglov,^{43,54} Y. Uno,¹⁵ S. Uno,⁵⁸ P. Urquijo,⁸⁰ R. Van Tonder,³² G. Varner,¹⁶ B. Wang,⁶⁰ M.-Z. Wang,⁶¹ P. Wang,²⁶ X. L. Wang,¹⁰ E. Won,⁵⁸ S. B. Yang,²⁸ H. Ye,⁸ J. Yelton,⁹ J. H. Yin,²⁶ Y. Yusa,⁶⁴ Z. P. Zhang,⁷² V. Zhilich,^{4,65} and V. Zhukova⁴³

(Belle Collaboration)

All 30 available experimental results till 2023

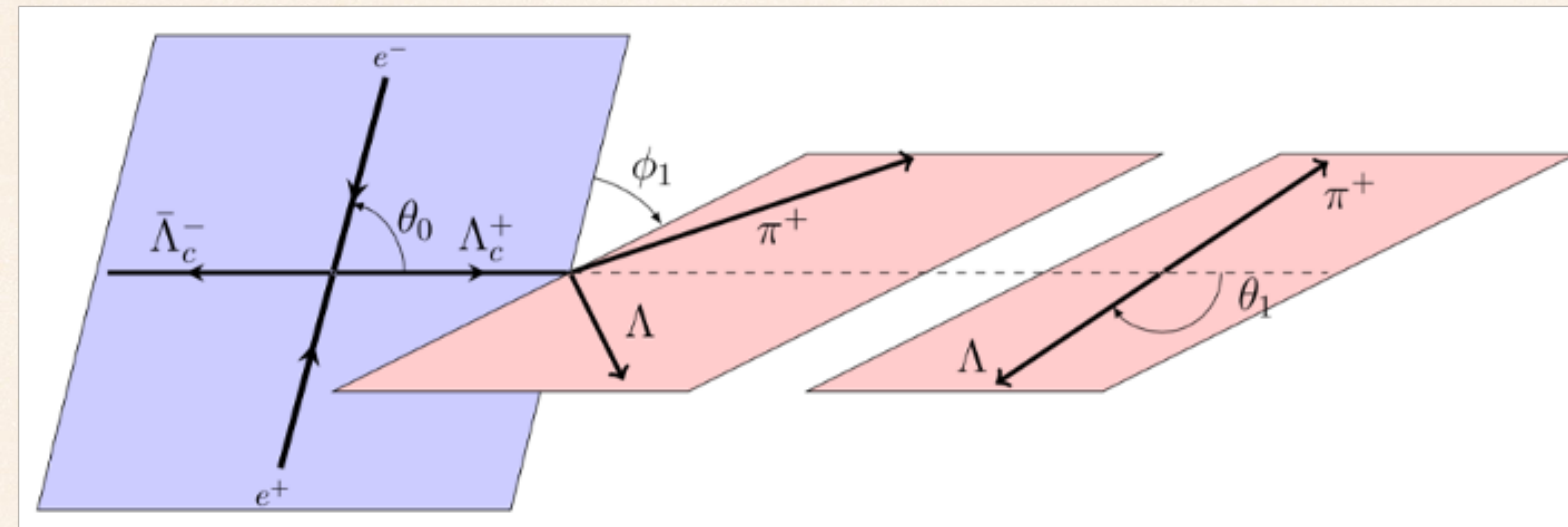
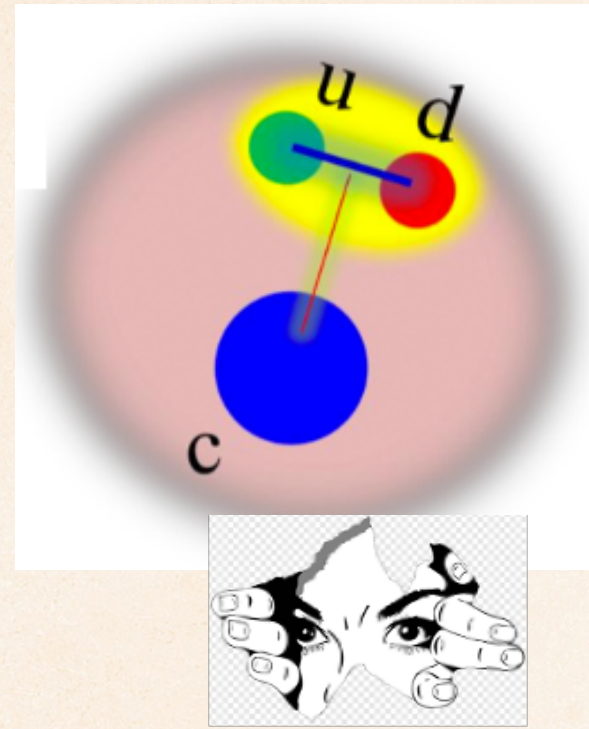
Observable	PDG [42]	BESIII	Belle	Average
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \pi^+)$	1.29 ± 0.05			1.29 ± 0.05
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+)$	1.27 ± 0.06			1.27 ± 0.06
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0)$	1.25 ± 0.09			1.25 ± 0.09
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta)$	0.44 ± 0.20		0.314 ± 0.044 [49]	0.32 ± 0.04 [42, 49]
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta')$	1.5 ± 0.6		0.416 ± 0.086 [49]	0.44 ± 0.15 [42, 49]
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+)$	0.55 ± 0.07			0.55 ± 0.07
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 K^+)$	6.0 ± 0.5	$6.21 \pm 0.61^*$ [50]	6.57 ± 0.40 [51]	6.35 ± 0.31 [42, 51]
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+)$	4.9 ± 0.6	$4.7 \pm 0.95^*$ [52]	3.58 ± 0.28 [51]	3.82 ± 0.51 [42, 51]
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K_S)$	4.7 ± 1.4	$4.8 \pm 1.5^*$ [52]		4.7 ± 1.4
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow n \pi^+)$	6.6 ± 1.3			6.6 ± 1.3
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \pi^0)$	< 0.8	$1.56^{+0.72}_{-0.58} \pm 0.20$ [47]		$1.56^{+0.75}_{-0.61}$ [47]
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S)$	1.59 ± 0.07			1.59 ± 0.07
$10^3 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \eta)$	1.41 ± 0.11	1.63 ± 0.33 [47], 1.57 ± 0.12 [53]		1.49 ± 0.08 [42, 47, 53]
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \eta')$	4.9 ± 0.9			4.9 ± 0.9
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	1.43 ± 0.32		$1.80 \pm 0.52^*$ [46]	1.80 ± 0.52 [46]
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	2.75 ± 0.57			2.75 ± 0.57
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	22.5 ± 1.3		$22.9 \pm 1.4^*$ [48]	22.9 ± 1.4 [48]
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_S^0)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	3.8 ± 0.7			3.8 ± 0.7
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	12.3 ± 1.2			12.3 ± 1.2
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^+)$	1.6 ± 0.8			1.6 ± 0.8
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \pi^+)$	-0.84 ± 0.09		-0.755 ± 0.006 [51]	-0.76 ± 0.01 [42, 51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+)$	-0.73 ± 0.18		-0.463 ± 0.018 [51]	-0.47 ± 0.03 [42, 51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S)$	0.18 ± 0.45			0.18 ± 0.45
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0)$	-0.55 ± 0.11		-0.48 ± 0.03 [49]	-0.49 ± 0.03 [42, 49]
$\alpha(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	-0.64 ± 0.05			-0.64 ± 0.05
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta)$			-0.99 ± 0.06 [49]	-0.99 ± 0.06 [49]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta')$			-0.46 ± 0.07 [49]	-0.46 ± 0.07 [49]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 K^+)$			-0.585 ± 0.052 [51]	-0.585 ± 0.052 [51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+)$			-0.55 ± 0.20 [51]	-0.55 ± 0.20 [51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+)$		0.01 ± 0.16 [33]		0.01 ± 0.16 [33]

time to interpret data



To explore physics around charm scale

Branching Fractions



$$M(\mathcal{B}_i \rightarrow \mathcal{B}_f + P) = i\bar{u}_f (A - B\gamma_5) u_i,$$

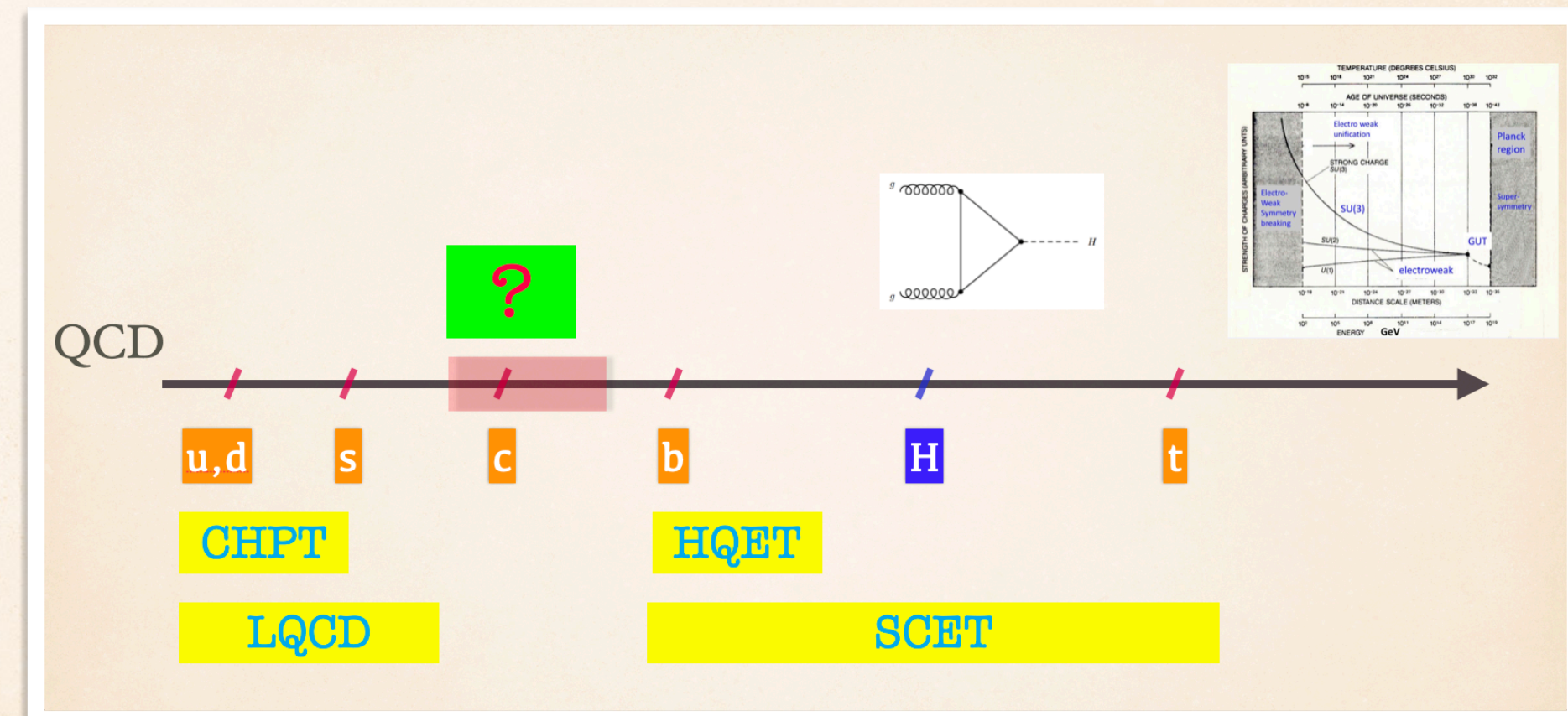
$$\Gamma = \frac{p_c}{8\pi} \frac{(m_i + m_f)^2 - m_P^2}{m_i^2} (|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2),$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2\kappa |A^* B| \cos(\delta_P - \delta_S)}{|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2}, \quad \beta = \frac{2\kappa |A^* B| \sin(\delta_P - \delta_S)}{|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2},$$

$$\gamma = \frac{|A|^2 - \kappa^2 |B|^2}{|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2},$$

Decay Asymmetries (longitudinal, transverse)

more observables
—talk by 张振华



The puzzle(s) in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$ (I)

1. Theory in 1990s, small BF & zero α , due to smallness of S-wave amplitude

PHYSICAL REVIEW D VOLUME 46, NUMBER 1 1 JULY 1992

Cabibbo-favored nonleptonic decays of charmed baryons

Q. P. Xu and A. N. Kamal
Theoretical Physics Institute and Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T6G 2J1
 (Received 5 February 1992)

PHYSICAL REVIEW D VOLUME 48, NUMBER 9 1 NOVEMBER 1993

Cabibbo-allowed nonleptonic weak decays of charmed baryons

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B. Tseng
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 (Received 23 April 1993)

PHYSICAL REVIEW D VOLUME 50, NUMBER 1 1 JULY 1994

Quark and pole models of nonleptonic decays of charmed baryons

P. Żenczykowski
Institute of Nuclear Physics, 31-342 Kraków, Poland
 (Received 12 October 1993)

Quark and pole models of nonleptonic decays of charmed baryons are analyzed from the point of view of their symmetry properties. The symmetry structure of the parity-conserving amplitudes that corresponds to the contribution of the ground-state intermediate baryons is shown to differ from the one hitherto employed in the symmetry approach. It is pointed out that the "subtraction" of sea quark effects in hyperon decays leads to an estimate of W -exchange contributions in charmed baryon decays that is significantly smaller than naively expected on the basis of SU(4). An SU(2) _{μ} constraint questioning the reliability of the factorization technique is exhibited. Finally, a successful fit to the available data is presented.

PACS number(s): 13.30.Eg, 14.20.Lq

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Exclusive non-leptonic charm baryon decays

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Received 23 March 1992

Eur. Phys. J. C 7, 217-224 (1999)
 DOI 10.1007/s100529801008

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A study of weak mesonic decays of Λ_c and Ξ_C baryons on the basis of HQET results

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Centre for Advanced Study in Physics, Department of Physics, Panjab University, Chandigarh - 160014, India

Received: 14 May 1998 / Revised version: 25 August 1998 / Published online: 3 December 1998

2. BF was measured, not that small

PDG

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$	
VALUE (10^{-3})	
5.5 ± 0.7	OUR FIT

Physics Letters B 783 (2018) 200-206




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Physics Letters B

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Measurements of absolute branching fractions for $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$ and $\Xi(1530)^0 K^+$

BESIII Collaboration

The puzzle(s) in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$ (2)

3. large BF can be explained, α is predicted to be unity

dynamic calculation

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **101**, 014011 (2020)

Two-body hadronic weak decays of antitriplet charmed baryons

Jinqi Zou[Ⓜ], Fanrong Xu^{Ⓜ,*} and Guanbao Meng
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Physics Letters B 794 (2019) 19–28

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



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fit

Asymmetries of anti-triplet charmed baryon decays

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A global analysis of charmless two body hadronic decays for anti-triplet charmed baryons

Fei Huang,^a Zhi-Peng Xing^{b,1} and Xiao-Gang He^{a,b,c}



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Weak decays of antitriplet charmed baryons from the perspective of flavor symmetry

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The puzzle(s) in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$ (3)

4. α is measured to be small

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **132**, 031801 (2024)

**First Measurement of the Decay Asymmetry
in the Pure W -Boson-Exchange Decay $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$**

M. Ablikim *et al.**
(BESIII Collaboration)

(Received 6 September 2023; accepted 30 November 2023; published 17 January 2024)

$$\alpha_{\Xi^0 K^+} = 0.01 \pm 0.16(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst})$$

$$\delta_p - \delta_s = -1.55 \pm 0.25(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst}) \text{ rad}$$

$$1.59 \pm 0.25(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst}) \text{ rad.}$$

5. small α can be accommodated recently

Complete determination of $SU(3)_F$ amplitudes and strong phase in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$

Chao-Qiang Geng,^{1,*} Xiao-Gang He,^{2,3,†} Xiang-Nan Jin,^{1,‡} Chia-Wei Liu,^{2,§} and Chang Yang^{2,¶}

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³*Department of Physics, National Taiwan University, Taipei, 10617*

(Dated: February 29, 2024)

2310.05491

Topological Diagrams and Hadronic Weak Decays of Charmed Baryons

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*Department of Physics, College of Physics & Optoelectronic Engineering,
Jinan University, Guangzhou 510632, P.R. China*

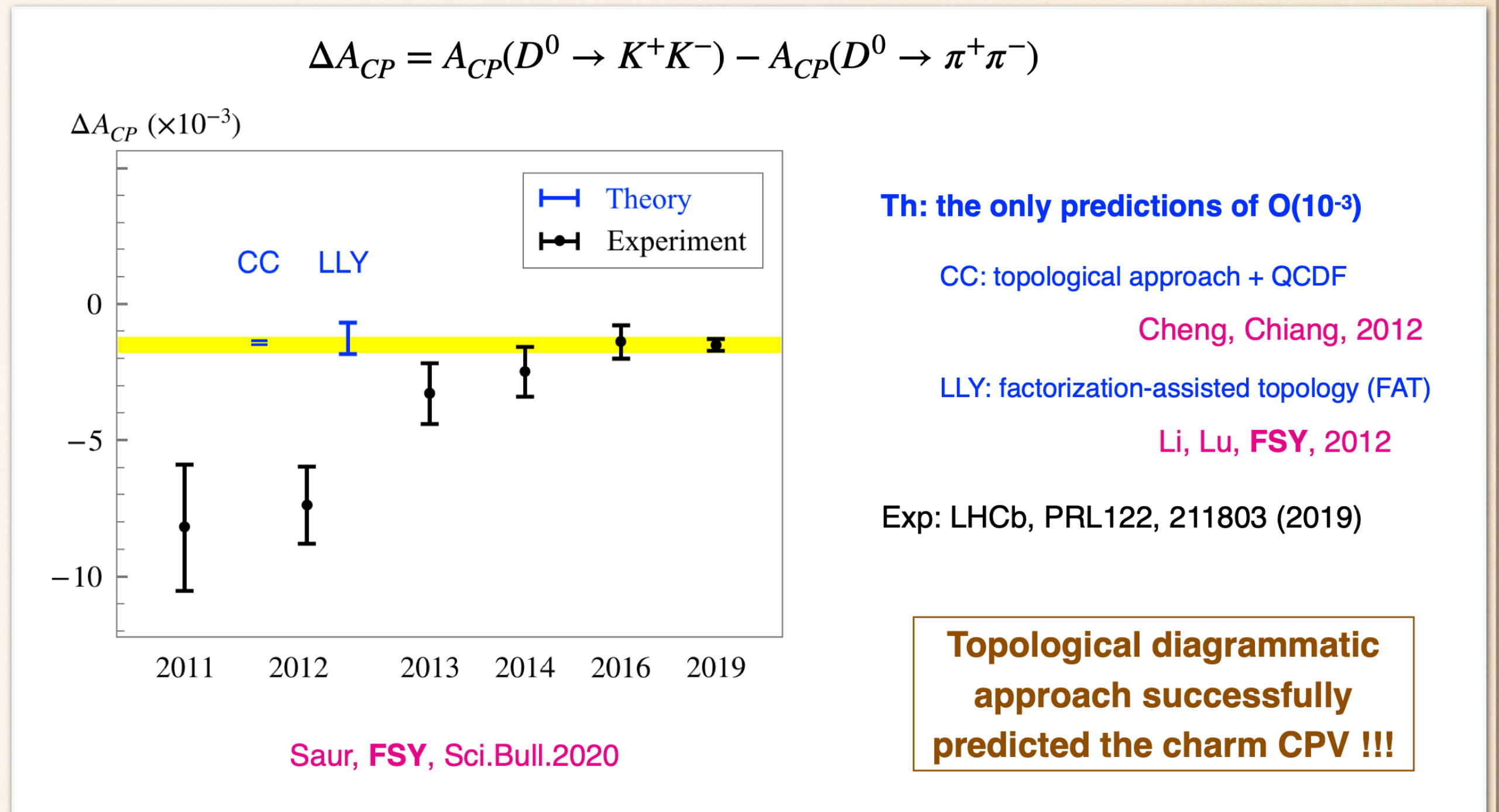
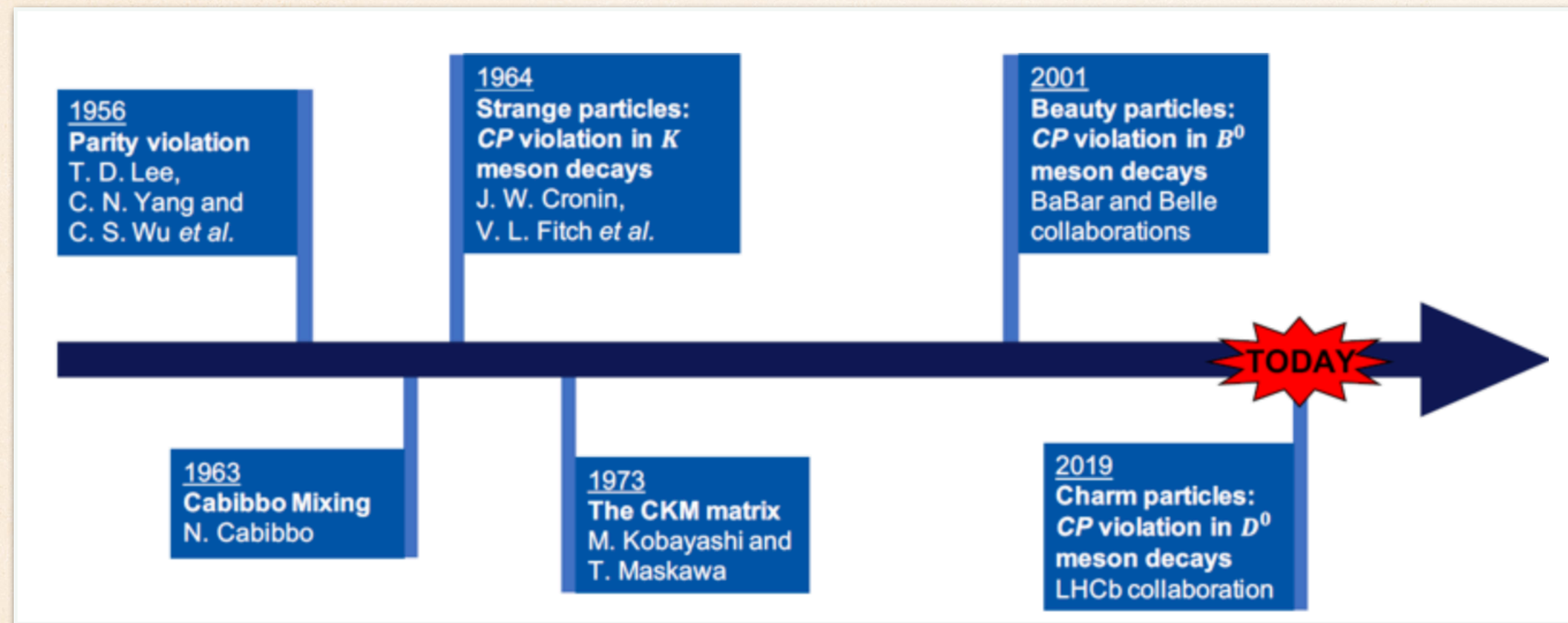
Hai-Yang Cheng
Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan 11529, Republic of China
(Dated: March 5, 2024)

2401.15926

6. the dynamic origin of strong phase?

TOPOLOGICAL DIAGRAMS
& CHARMED BARYONS

Its triumph in meson sector



talk by F.-S. Yu @Charm2023

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **122**, 211803 (2019)

Editors' Suggestion

Featured in Physics

Observation of CP Violation in Charm Decays

R. Aaij *et al.**
(LHCb Collaboration)

(Received 21 March 2019; revised manuscript received 2 May 2019; published 29 May 2019)

A search for charge-parity (CP) violation in $D^0 \rightarrow K^-K^+$ and $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^+$ decays is reported, using pp collision data corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 5.9 fb^{-1} collected at a center-of-mass energy of 13 TeV with the LHCb detector. The flavor of the charm meson is inferred from the charge of the pion in $D^*(2010)^+ \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$ decays or from the charge of the muon in $\bar{B} \rightarrow D^0\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu X$ decays. The difference between the CP asymmetries in $D^0 \rightarrow K^-K^+$ and $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^+$ decays is measured to be $\Delta A_{CP} = [-18.2 \pm 3.2(\text{stat}) \pm 0.9(\text{syst})] \times 10^{-4}$ for π -tagged and $\Delta A_{CP} = [-9 \pm 8(\text{stat}) + 5(\text{svst})] \times 10^{-4}$ for μ -tagged D^0 mesons. Combining these with previous LHCb results leads to $\Delta A_{CP} = (-15.4 \pm 2.9) \times 10^{-4}$, where the uncertainty includes both statistical and systematic contributions. The measured value differs from zero by more than 5 standard deviations. This is the first observation of CP violation in the decay of charm hadrons.

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.122.211803

Early seeking in baryon sector

❖ Y. Kohara, 1991

PHYSICAL REVIEW D

VOLUME 44, NUMBER 9

1 NOVEMBER 1991

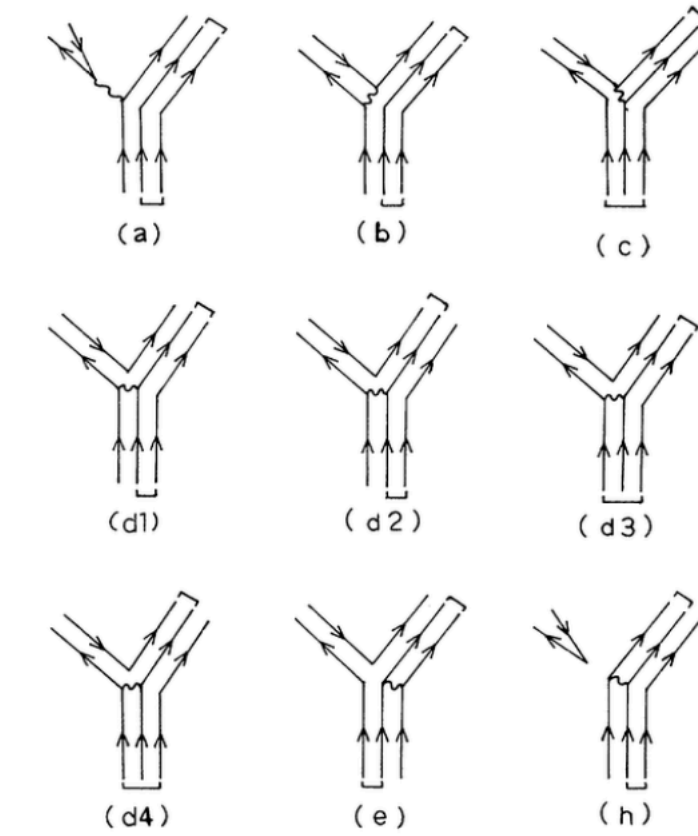
Quark-diagram analysis of charmed-baryon decays

Yoji Kohara

Nihon University at Fujisawa, Fujisawa, Kanagawa 252, Japan

(Received 29 May 1991)

The Cabibbo-allowed two-body nonleptonic decays of charmed baryons to a SU(3)-octet (or -decuplet) baryon and a pseudoscalar meson are examined on the basis of the quark-diagram scheme. Some relations among the decay amplitudes or rates of various decay modes are derived. The decays of Ξ_c^+ to a decuplet baryon are forbidden.



$$|\tilde{B}^{m,k}(8)\rangle = \alpha|\chi^m(1/2)_{A_{12}}\rangle|\psi^k(8)_{A_{12}}\rangle + \beta|\chi^m(1/2)_{A_{23}}\rangle|\psi^k(8)_{A_{23}}\rangle$$

$$\mathcal{A} = a\bar{B}^{3[ab]}B_{[ab]}M_2^1 + b\bar{B}^{1[ab]}B_{[ab]}M_2^3 + c\bar{B}^{b[13]}B_{[ab]}M_2^a + d_1\bar{B}^{a[1b]}B_{[2b]}M_a^3 + d_2\bar{B}^{b[1a]}B_{[2b]}M_a^3 + d_3\bar{B}^{a[3b]}B_{[2b]}M_a^1 + d_4\bar{B}^{b[3a]}B_{[2b]}M_a^1 + e\bar{B}^{a[13]}B_{[2b]}M_a^b + h\bar{B}^{b[13]}B_{[2b]}M_a^a,$$

❖ L.-L. Chau, H.-Y. Cheng, B. Tseng, 1996

PHYSICAL REVIEW D

VOLUME 54, NUMBER 3

1 AUGUST 1996

Analysis of two-body decays of charmed baryons using the quark-diagram scheme

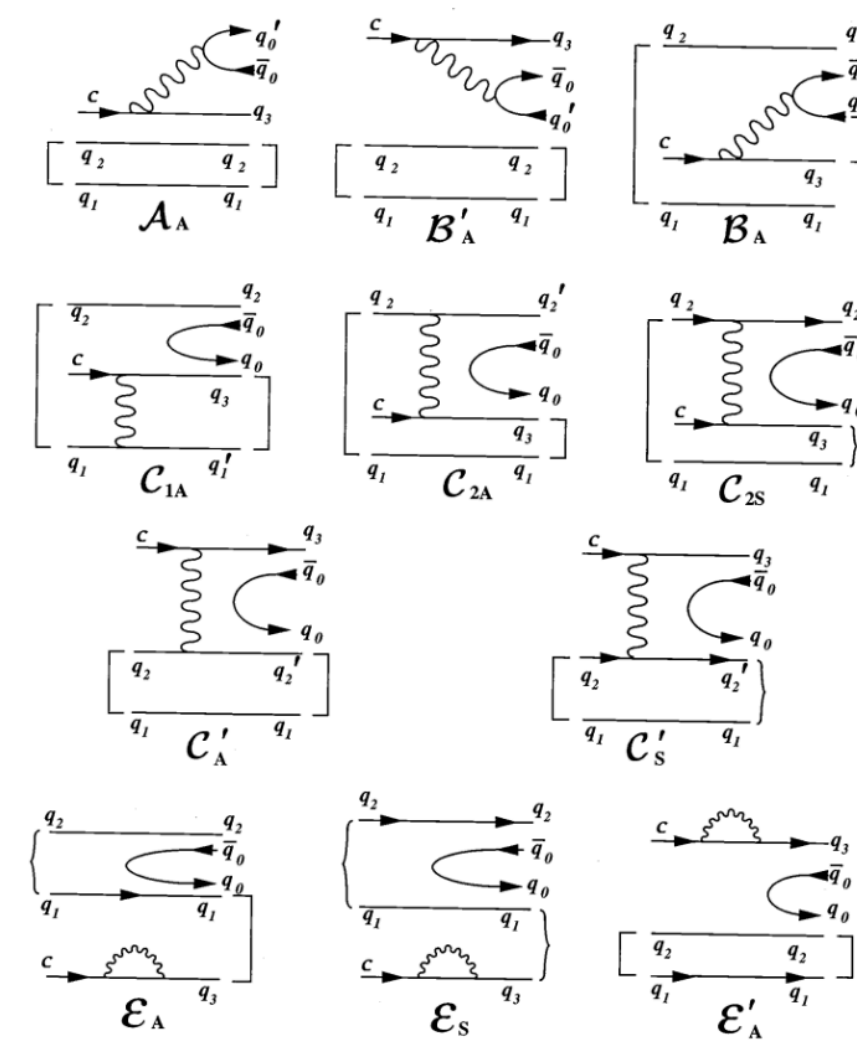
Ling-Lie Chau

Physics Department, University of California at Davis, California 95616

Hai-Yang Cheng and B. Tseng*

Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan 115

(Received 25 August 1995)



$$|\mathcal{B}^{m,k}(8)\rangle = a|\chi^m(1/2)_{A_{12}}\rangle|\psi^k(8)_{A_{12}}\rangle + b|\chi^m(1/2)_{S_{12}}\rangle|\psi^k(8)_{S_{12}}\rangle$$

Recent seeking in baryon sector

❖ Y.-K. Hsiao's group, since 2020



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A diagrammatic analysis of two-body charmed baryon decays with flavor symmetry

H.J. Zhao,^a Yan-Li Wang,^a Y.K. Hsiao^a and Yao Yu^b



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Equivalent $SU(3)_f$ approaches for two-body anti-triplet charmed baryon decays

Y.K. Hsiao, Y.L. Wang and H.J. Zhao

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<https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-020-08659-4>

THE EUROPEAN
PHYSICAL JOURNAL C



Regular Article - Theoretical Physics

Two-body charmed baryon decays involving decuplet baryon in the quark-diagram scheme

Y. K. Hsiao^a, Qian Yi, Shu-Ting Cai, H. J. Zhao

School of Physics and Information Engineering, Shanxi Normal University, Linfen 041004, China

α absent

❖ X.-G. He, Y.-J. Shi and W. Wang, 2020

Eur. Phys. J. C (2020) 80:359
<https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-020-7862-5>

THE EUROPEAN
PHYSICAL JOURNAL C



Regular Article - Theoretical Physics

Unification of flavor $SU(3)$ analyses of heavy Hadron weak decays

Xiao-Gang He^{1,2,3,4,a}, Yu-Ji Shi^{1,b}, Wei Wang^{1,c}

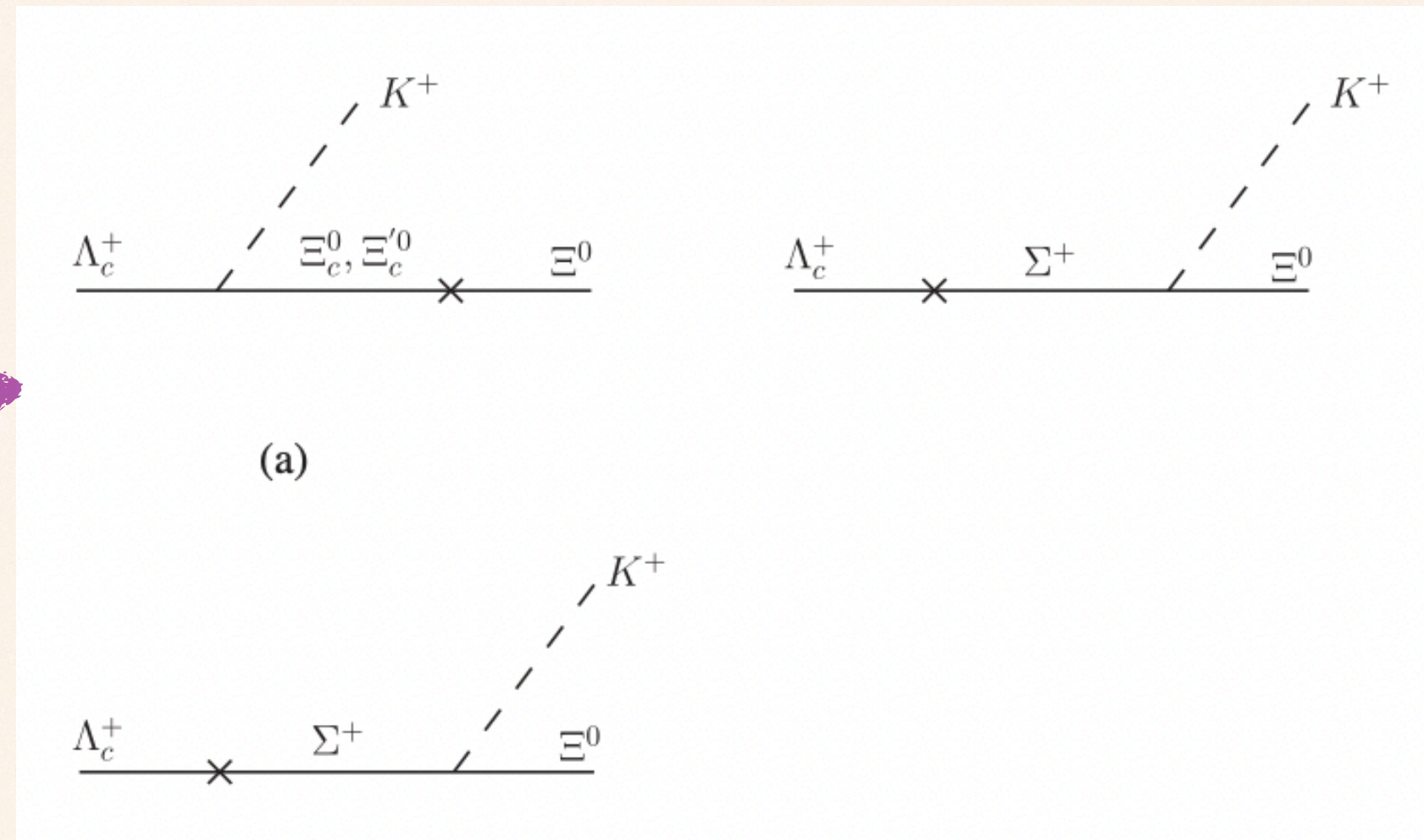
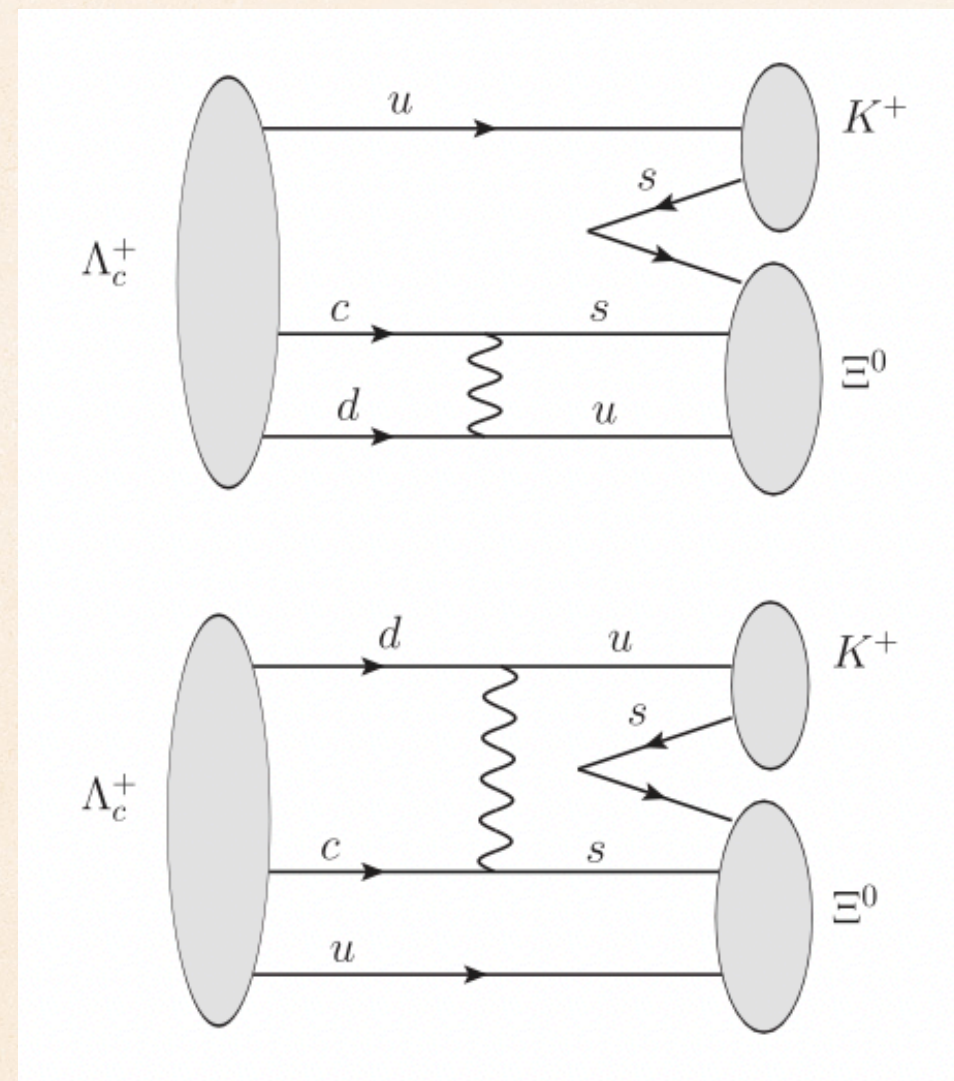
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³ Department of Physics, National Taiwan University, Taipei 106, Taiwan

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A role as an assisted tool to dynamic calculation



$$\Gamma = \frac{p_c}{8\pi} \left[\frac{(m_i + m_f)^2 - m_P^2}{m_i^2} |A|^2 + \frac{(m_i - m_f)^2 - m_P^2}{m_i^2} |B|^2 \right]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2\kappa \text{Re}(A^* B)}{|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2},$$

$$A = A^{\text{fac}} + A^{\text{nf}}, \quad B = B^{\text{fac}} + B^{\text{nf}}.$$

what if the amplitudes are complex?

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **97**, 074028 (2018)

Singly Cabibbo-suppressed hadronic decays of Λ_c^+

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⁴Department of Physics, Jinan University, Guangzhou 510632

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **101**, 014011 (2020)

Two-body hadronic weak decays of antitriplet charmed baryons

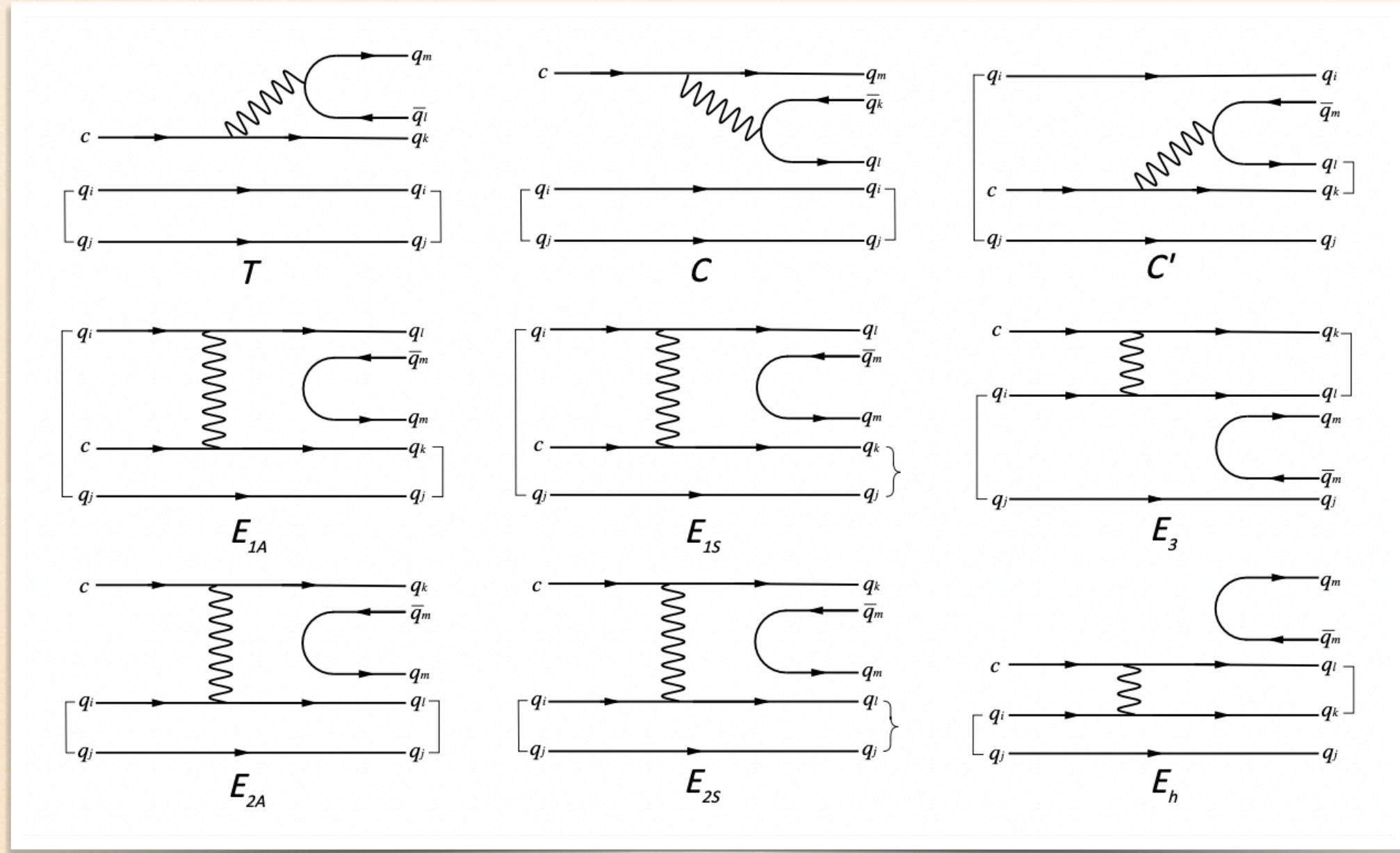
Jinqi Zou[⊗], Fanrong Xu^{⊗,*} and Guanbao Meng
 Department of Physics, Jinan University, Guangzhou 510632, People's Republic of China
 Hai-Yang Cheng[⊗]
 Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan 115, Republic of China

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **101**, 094033 (2020)

Hadronic weak decays of the charmed baryon Ω_c

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 Department of Physics, Jinan University, Guangzhou 510632, People's Republic of China
 (Received 19 March 2020; accepted 18 May 2020; published 27 May 2020)

Completeness vs. Redundancy



$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{A}_{\text{TDA}} = & T(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_l^{km} M_m^l \left[b_1 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} + b_2 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ikj} + b_3 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jki} \right] \\
 & + C(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_k^{ml} M_m^k \left[b_4 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijl} + b_5 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ilj} + b_6 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jli} \right] \\
 & + C'(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_m^{kl} M_i^m \left[b_7 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} + b_8 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kjl} + b_9 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ljk} \right] \\
 & + E_1(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_l^m \left[b_{10} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkm} + b_{11} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jmk} + b_{12} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kmj} \right] \\
 & + E_2(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_k^m \left[b_{13} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlm} + b_{14} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jml} + b_{15} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmj} \right] \\
 & + E_3(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_j^m \left[b_{16} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klm} + b_{17} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kml} + b_{18} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmk} \right] \\
 & + E_h(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_m^m \left[b_{19} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkl} + b_{20} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlk} + b_{21} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} \right],
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(\mathcal{B}_8)_j^i = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\Lambda^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\Sigma^0 & \Sigma^+ & p \\ \Sigma^- & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\Lambda^0 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\Sigma^0 & n \\ \Xi^- & \Xi^0 & -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\Lambda^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \Lambda_c^+ & \Xi_c^+ \\ -\Lambda_c^+ & 0 & \Xi_c^0 \\ -\Xi_c^+ & -\Xi_c^0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} = \epsilon_{ijl} (\mathcal{B}_8^T)_k^l$$

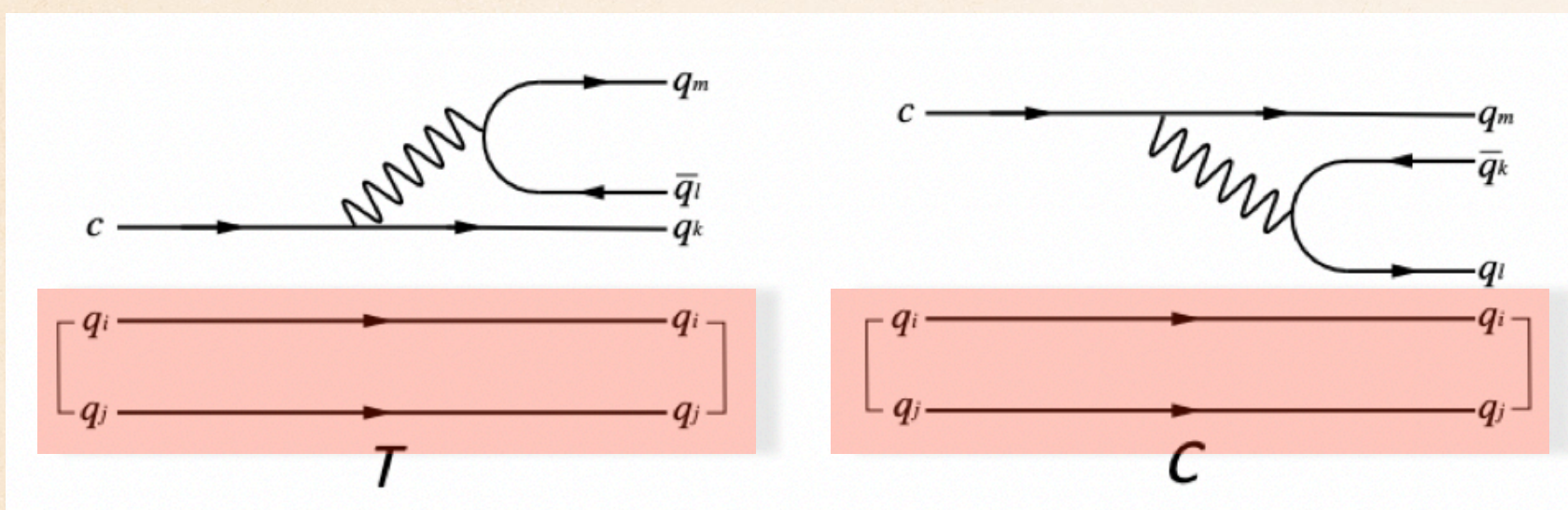
$$M_j^i = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\pi^0}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\eta_8}{\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\eta_1}{\sqrt{3}} & \pi^+ & K^+ \\ \pi^- & -\frac{\pi^0}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\eta_8}{\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\eta_1}{\sqrt{3}} & K^0 \\ K^- & \bar{K}^0 & -\frac{2\eta_8}{\sqrt{6}} + \frac{\eta_1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_2^{31} = V_{cs}^* V_{ud}, \quad H_3^{31} = V_{cs}^* V_{us}, \quad H_2^{21} = V_{cd}^* V_{ud}, \quad H_3^{21} = V_{cd}^* V_{us}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{A}_{\text{TDA}} = & T(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_l^{km} M_m^l \left[b_1 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} + b_2 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ikj} + b_3 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jki} \right] \\
& + C(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_k^{ml} M_m^k \left[b_4 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijl} + b_5 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ilj} + b_6 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jli} \right] \\
& + C'(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_m^{kl} M_i^m \left[b_7 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} + b_8 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kjl} + b_9 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ljk} \right] \\
& + E_1(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_l^m \left[b_{10} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkm} + b_{11} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jmk} + b_{12} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kmj} \right] \\
& + E_2(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_k^m \left[b_{13} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlm} + b_{14} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jml} + b_{15} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmj} \right] \\
& + E_3(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_j^m \left[b_{16} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klm} + b_{17} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kml} + b_{18} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmk} \right] \\
& + E_h(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_m^m \left[b_{19} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkl} + b_{20} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlk} + b_{21} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} \right],
\end{aligned}$$

$$b_3 = -b_2$$

$$b_6 = -b_5$$



$$(\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} = \epsilon_{ijl} (\mathcal{B}_8^T)_k^l$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{TDA} = & T(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_l^{km} M_m^l \left[b_1 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} + b_2 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ikj} + b_3 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jki} \right] \\
& + C(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_k^{ml} M_m^k \left[b_4 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijl} + b_5 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ilj} + b_6 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jli} \right] \\
& + C'(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_m^{kl} M_i^m \left[b_7 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} + b_8 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kjl} + b_9 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ljk} \right] \\
& + E_1(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_l^m \left[b_{10} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkm} + b_{11} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jmk} + b_{12} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kmj} \right] \\
& + E_2(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_k^m \left[b_{13} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlm} + b_{14} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jml} + b_{15} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmj} \right] \\
& + E_3(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_j^m \left[b_{16} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klm} + b_{17} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kml} + b_{18} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmk} \right] \\
& + E_h(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_m^m \left[b_{19} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkl} + b_{20} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlk} + b_{21} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} \right],
\end{aligned}$$

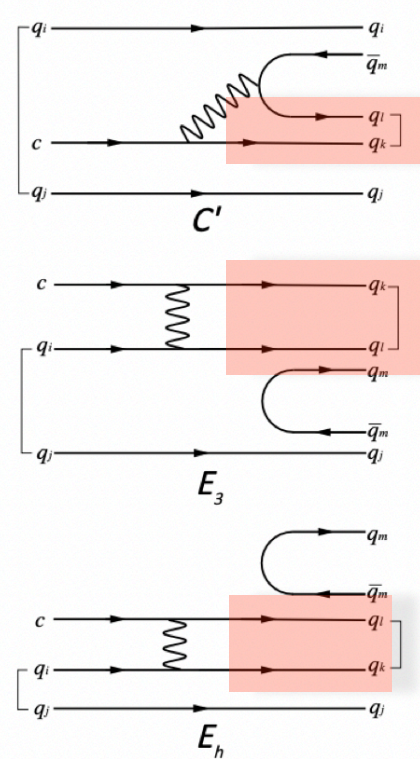
$$b_3 = -b_2$$

$$b_6 = -b_5$$

$$b_9 = -b_8$$

$$b_{18} = -b_{17}$$

$$b_{20} = -b_{19}$$



Korner-Pati-Woo theorem:

[l,k] index should be asymmetric

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{\text{TDA}} = & T(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_l^{km} M_m^l \left[b_1 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} + b_2 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ikj} + b_3 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jki} \right] \\
& + C(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_k^{ml} M_m^k \left[b_4 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijl} + b_5 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ilj} + b_6 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jli} \right] \\
& + C'(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_m^{kl} M_i^m \left[b_7 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} + b_8 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kjl} + b_9 (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ljk} \right] \\
& + E_1(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_l^m \left[b_{10} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkm} + b_{11} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jmk} + b_{12} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kmj} \right] \\
& + E_2(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_k^m \left[b_{13} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlm} + b_{14} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jml} + b_{15} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmj} \right] \\
& + E_3(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_j^m \left[b_{16} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klm} + b_{17} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kml} + b_{18} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmk} \right] \\
& + E_h(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_m^m \left[b_{19} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkl} + b_{20} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlk} + b_{21} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} \right],
\end{aligned}$$

$$b_3 = -b_2$$

$$b_6 = -b_5$$

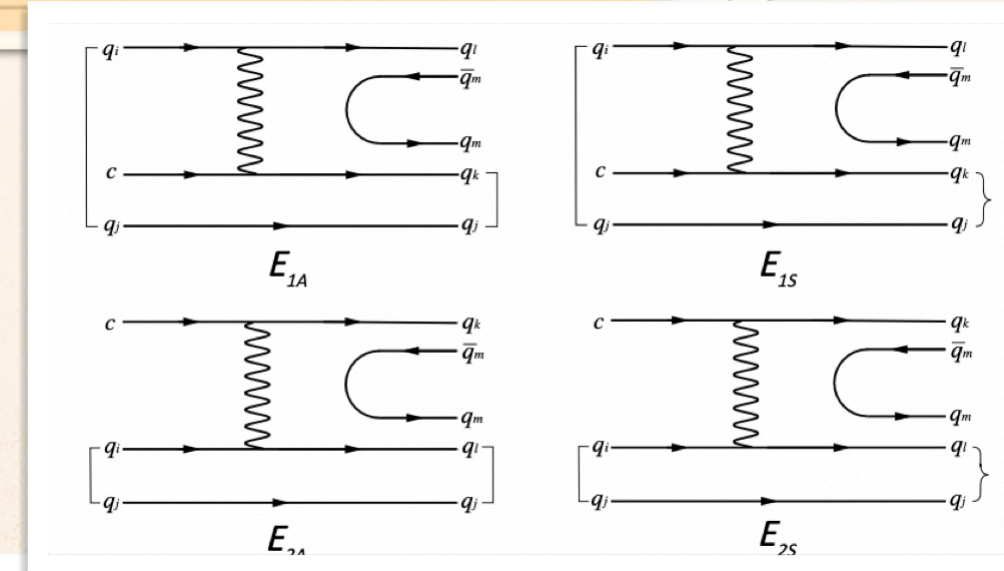
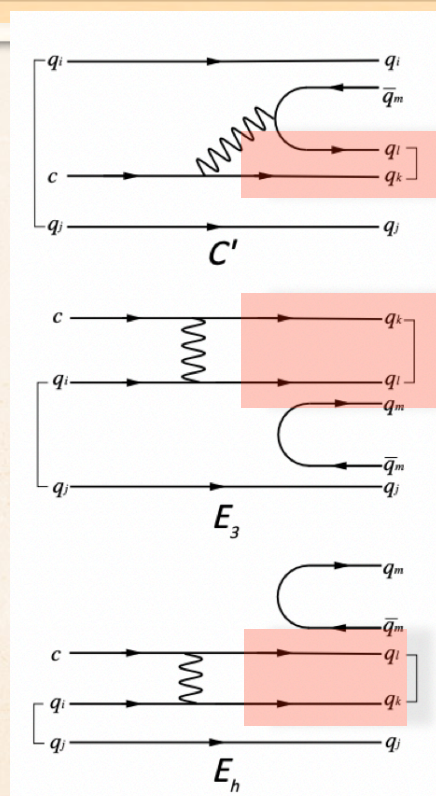
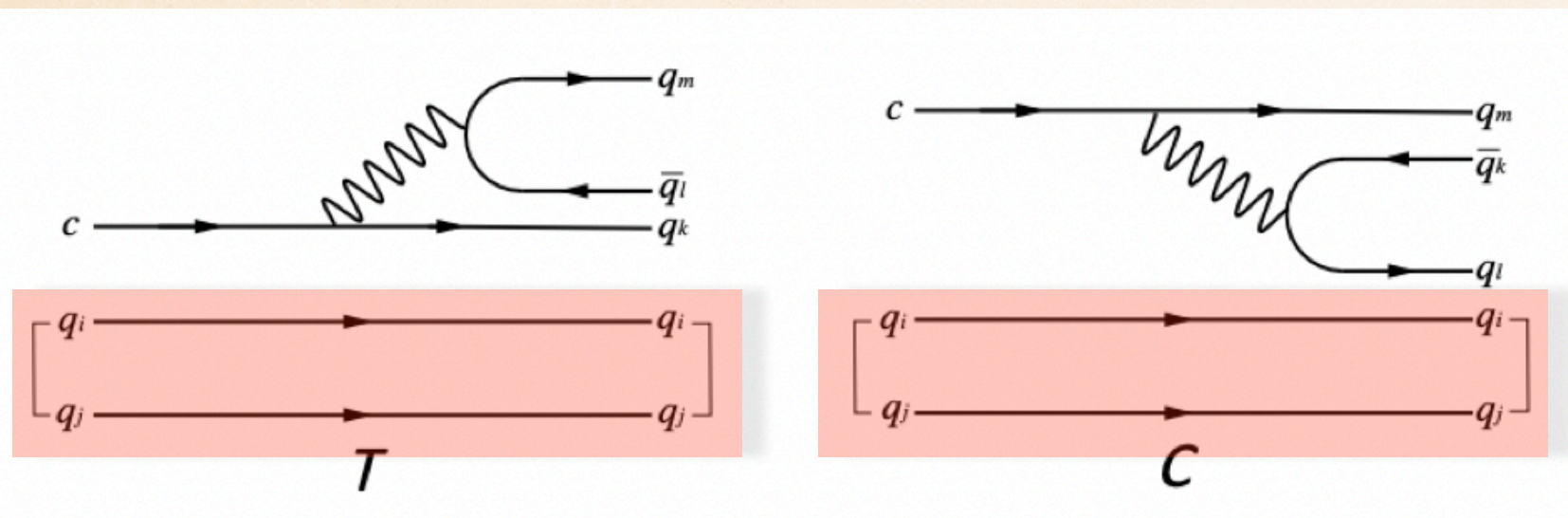
$$b_9 = -b_8$$

$$b_{12} = b_{11}$$

$$b_{15} = b_{14}$$

$$b_{18} = -b_{17}$$

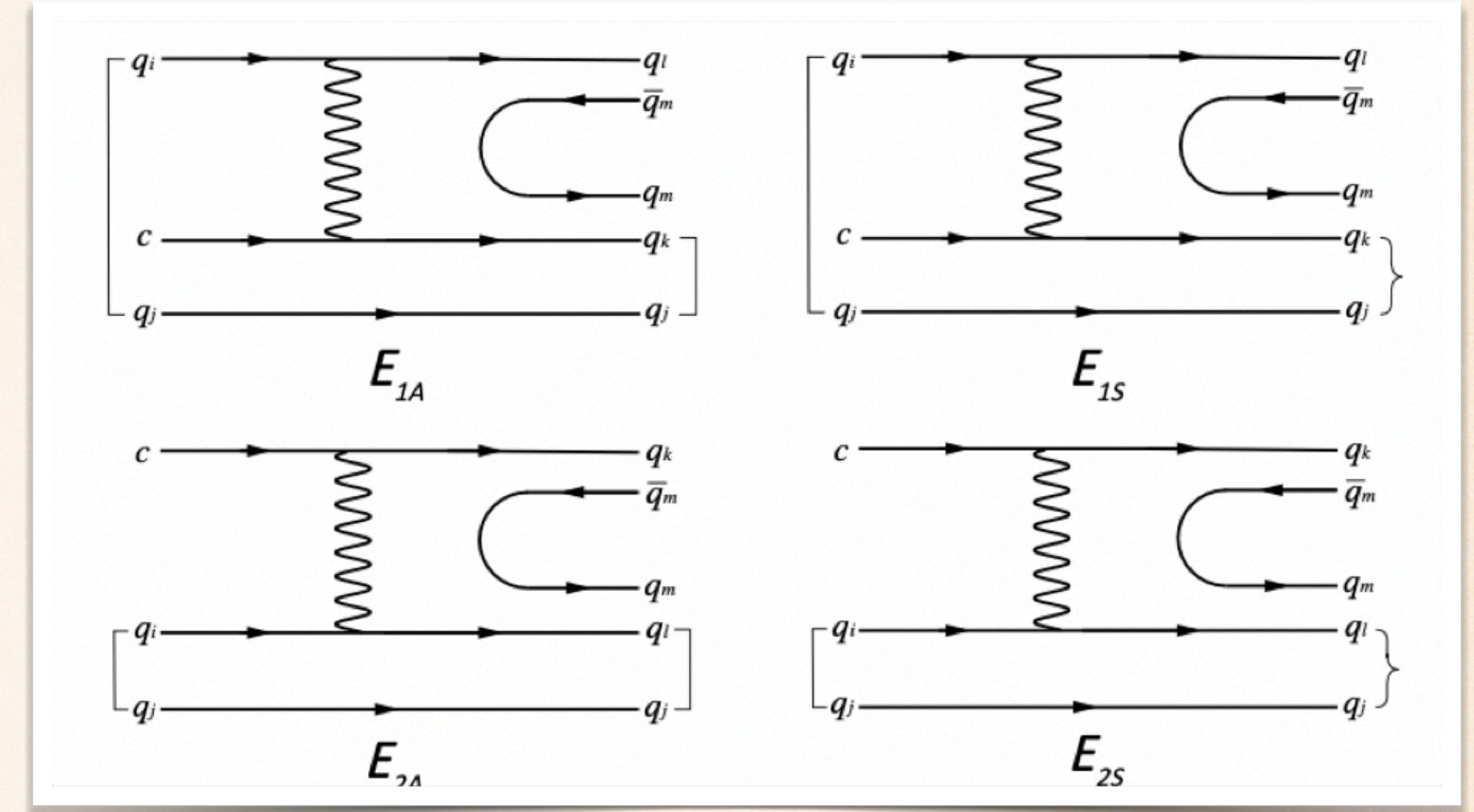
$$b_{20} = -b_{19}$$



$$|\mathcal{B}^{m,k}(8)\rangle = a|\chi^m(1/2)_{A_{12}}\rangle|\psi^k(8)_{A_{12}}\rangle + b|\chi^m(1/2)_{S_{12}}\rangle|\psi^k(8)_{S_{12}}\rangle$$

A further simplification

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_{\text{TDA}} = & T(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_l^{km} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijk} M_m^l + C(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_k^{ml} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{ijl} M_m^k + C'(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_m^{kl} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} M_i^m \\ & + E_{1A}(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jkm} M_l^m + E_{1S}(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_l^m \left[(\mathcal{B}_8)_{jmk} + (\mathcal{B}_8)_{kmj} \right] \\ & + \cancel{E_{2A}(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{jlm} M_k^m} + \cancel{E_{2S}(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} M_k^m \left[(\mathcal{B}_8)_{jml} + (\mathcal{B}_8)_{lmj} \right]} \\ & + E_3(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klm} M_j^m + E_h(\mathcal{B}_c)^{ij} H_i^{kl} (\mathcal{B}_8)_{klj} M_m^m, \end{aligned}$$



$$E_{2A} = -E_{1A}, \quad E_{2S} = -E_{1S}.$$

Korner-Pati-Woo theorem:

diagrams: 7

$$\tilde{T} = T - E_{1S}, \quad \tilde{C} = C + E_{1S}, \quad \tilde{C}' = C' - 2E_{1S}.$$

$$\tilde{E}_1 = E_{1A} + E_{1S} - E_3, \quad \tilde{E}_h = E_h + 2E_{1S}.$$

diagrams: 5; parameters: 19

$$|\tilde{T}|_S e^{i\delta_S^{\tilde{T}}}, \quad |\tilde{C}|_S e^{i\delta_S^{\tilde{C}}}, \quad \dots$$

$$|\tilde{T}|_P e^{i\delta_P^{\tilde{T}}}, \quad \dots, \quad |\tilde{E}_h|_P e^{i\delta_P^{\tilde{E}_h}}$$

Amplitudes and their relations

Channel	TDA	$\widetilde{\text{TDA}}$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(-4T + C' + E_{1A} + 3E_{1S} - E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(-4\tilde{T} + \tilde{C}' + \tilde{E}_1)$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0\pi^+$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-C' - E_{1A} + E_{1S} + E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-\tilde{C}' - \tilde{E}_1)$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\pi^0$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(C' + E_{1A} - E_{1S} - E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\tilde{C}' + \tilde{E}_1)$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\eta_8$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(-C' + E_{1A} + 3E_{1S} - E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(-\tilde{C}' + \tilde{E}_1)$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\eta_1$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(-C' + E_{1A} - 3E_{1S} - E_3 - 3E_h)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(-\tilde{C}' + \tilde{E}_1 - 3\tilde{E}_h)$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$	$E_{1A} + E_{1S} - E_3$	\tilde{E}_1
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\bar{K}^0$	$2C + 2E_{1S}$	$2\tilde{C}$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{K}^0$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(2C - C' - E_{1A} + 3E_{1S} + E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(2\tilde{C} - \tilde{C}' - \tilde{E}_1)$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0\bar{K}^0$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(2C + C' + E_{1A} + E_{1S} - E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(2\tilde{C} + \tilde{C}' + \tilde{E}_1)$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+K^-$	$-E_{1A} - E_{1S} + E_3$	$-\tilde{E}_1$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0\pi^0$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-C' + 2E_{1S})$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(-\tilde{C}')$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0\eta_8$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(C' + 2E_{1A} - 2E_3)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(\tilde{C}' + 2\tilde{E}_1)$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0\eta_1$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(C' + 3E_{1S} - E_{1A} + E_3 + 3E_h)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(\tilde{C}' - \tilde{E}_1 + 3\tilde{E}_h)$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^-\pi^+$	$2T - 2E_{1S}$	$2\tilde{T}$
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\bar{K}^0$	$-2C - C'$	$-2\tilde{C} - \tilde{C}'$
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0\pi^+$	$-2T + C'$	$-2\tilde{T} + \tilde{C}'$

1. \tilde{T} : $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^-\pi^+, \Sigma^-\pi^+, \Xi^-K^+, \Sigma^-K^+$; $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0K^+$.
2. \tilde{C} : $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\bar{K}^0$; $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0K^0$; $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+K^0$.
3. \tilde{C}' : $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+K^0, \Sigma^0K^+$; $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow p\bar{K}^0$.
4. \tilde{E}_1 : $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0K^+$; $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+K^-, \Sigma^+\pi^-, pK^-, p\pi^-, n\pi^0$; $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow p\pi^0, n\pi^+$.

$$\frac{\tau_{\Lambda_c^+}}{\tau_{\Xi_c^0}} \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^-\pi^+) = 3\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+) + \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0\pi^+) - \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_C} \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow n\pi^+),$$

$$\frac{\tau_{\Xi_c^0}}{\tau_{\Lambda_c^+}} \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\bar{K}^0) = 3\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{K}^0) + \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0\bar{K}^0) - \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_C} \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0K^0),$$

$$A(\mathcal{B}_c \rightarrow \mathcal{B}K_S^0) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}[A(\mathcal{B}_c \rightarrow \mathcal{B}\bar{K}^0) - A(\mathcal{B}_c \rightarrow \mathcal{B}K^0)],$$

$$A(\mathcal{B}_c \rightarrow \mathcal{B}K_L^0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}[A(\mathcal{B}_c \rightarrow \mathcal{B}\bar{K}^0) + A(\mathcal{B}_c \rightarrow \mathcal{B}K^0)].$$

Fitted parameters

Observable	PDG [42]	BESIII	Belle	Average
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \pi^+)$	1.29 ± 0.05			1.29 ± 0.05
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+)$	1.27 ± 0.06			1.27 ± 0.06
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0)$	1.25 ± 0.09			1.25 ± 0.09
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta)$	0.44 ± 0.20		0.314 ± 0.044 [49]	0.32 ± 0.04 [42, 49]
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta')$	1.5 ± 0.6		0.416 ± 0.086 [49]	0.44 ± 0.15 [42, 49]
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+)$	0.55 ± 0.07			0.55 ± 0.07
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 K^+)$	6.0 ± 0.5	$6.21 \pm 0.61^*$ [50]	6.57 ± 0.40 [51]	6.35 ± 0.31 [42, 51]
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+)$	4.9 ± 0.6	$4.7 \pm 0.95^*$ [52]	3.58 ± 0.28 [51]	3.82 ± 0.51 [42, 51]
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K_S)$	4.7 ± 1.4	$4.8 \pm 1.5^*$ [52]		4.7 ± 1.4
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow n \pi^+)$	6.6 ± 1.3			6.6 ± 1.3
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \pi^0)$	< 0.8	$1.56^{+0.72}_{-0.58} \pm 0.20$ [47]		$1.56^{+0.75}_{-0.61}$ [47]
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S)$	1.59 ± 0.07			1.59 ± 0.07
$10^3 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \eta)$	1.41 ± 0.11	1.63 ± 0.33 [47], 1.57 ± 0.12 [53]		1.49 ± 0.08 [42, 47, 53]
$10^4 \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \eta')$	4.9 ± 0.9			4.9 ± 0.9
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	1.43 ± 0.32		$1.80 \pm 0.52^*$ [46]	1.80 ± 0.52 [46]
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	2.75 ± 0.57			2.75 ± 0.57
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	22.5 ± 1.3		$22.9 \pm 1.4^*$ [48]	22.9 ± 1.4 [48]
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_S^0)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	3.8 ± 0.7			3.8 ± 0.7
$10^2 \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)}$	12.3 ± 1.2			12.3 ± 1.2
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^+)$	1.6 ± 0.8			1.6 ± 0.8
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \pi^+)$	-0.84 ± 0.09		-0.755 ± 0.006 [51]	-0.76 ± 0.01 [42, 51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+)$	-0.73 ± 0.18		-0.463 ± 0.018 [51]	-0.47 ± 0.03 [42, 51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S)$	0.18 ± 0.45			0.18 ± 0.45
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0)$	-0.55 ± 0.11		-0.48 ± 0.03 [49]	-0.49 ± 0.03 [42, 49]
$\alpha(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	-0.64 ± 0.05			-0.64 ± 0.05
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta)$			-0.99 ± 0.06 [49]	-0.99 ± 0.06 [49]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta')$			-0.46 ± 0.07 [49]	-0.46 ± 0.07 [49]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 K^+)$			-0.585 ± 0.052 [51]	-0.585 ± 0.052 [51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+)$			-0.55 ± 0.20 [51]	-0.55 ± 0.20 [51]
$\alpha(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+)$		0.01 ± 0.16 [33]		0.01 ± 0.16 [33]

$\chi^2_{\min}/\text{dof} \sim 2$



	$ X_i _S$ ($10^{-2} G_F \text{ GeV}^2$)	$ X_i _P$	$\delta_S^{X_i}$ (in radian)	$\delta_P^{X_i}$
\tilde{T}	2.37 ± 0.41	16.56 ± 0.69	—	2.76 ± 0.32
\tilde{C}	1.04 ± 1.08	13.82 ± 0.58	-1.97 ± 0.79	-0.37 ± 0.44
\tilde{C}'	2.59 ± 0.95	24.97 ± 1.67	0.29 ± 0.19	2.86 ± 0.36
\tilde{E}_1	4.10 ± 0.20	2.56 ± 2.21	1.18 ± 0.38	-0.96 ± 0.43
\tilde{E}_h	1.54 ± 1.22	19.16 ± 3.00	-1.35 ± 0.60	0.37 ± 0.41

iminuit

$$\chi^2 = [\mathcal{O}_{\text{theor}}(c_i) - \mathcal{O}_{\text{expt}}]^T \Sigma^{-1} [\mathcal{O}_{\text{theor}}(c_i) - \mathcal{O}_{\text{expt}}]$$

Part of predictions

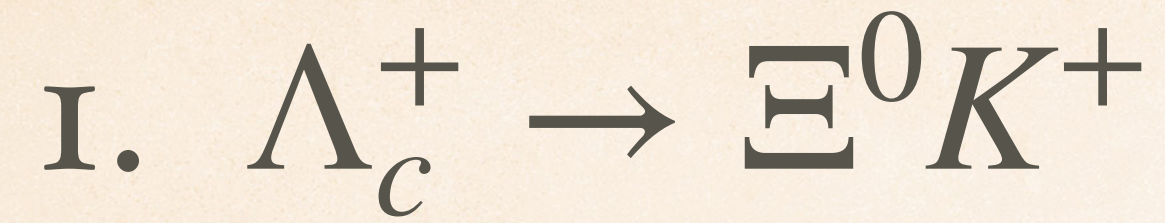
Channel	$10^2 \mathcal{B}$	α	$ A $	$ B $	$\delta_P - \delta_S$	$10^2 \mathcal{B}_{\text{exp}}$	α_{exp}
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \pi^+$	1.31 ± 0.05	-0.76 ± 0.01	2.76 ± 0.24	16.97 ± 0.38	0.21 ± 0.30	1.29 ± 0.05	-0.76 ± 0.01 [19, 26]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+$	1.26 ± 0.05	-0.48 ± 0.02	4.09 ± 0.86	15.42 ± 2.32	-1.07 ± 0.04	1.27 ± 0.06	-0.47 ± 0.03 [19, 26]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0$	1.27 ± 0.05	-0.48 ± 0.02	4.09 ± 0.86	15.42 ± 2.32	-1.07 ± 0.04	1.25 ± 0.09	-0.49 ± 0.03 [19, 25]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta$	0.33 ± 0.04	-0.93 ± 0.05	2.30 ± 0.35	9.50 ± 1.16	0.34 ± 0.16	0.32 ± 0.04 [19, 25]	-0.99 ± 0.06 [25]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta'$	0.39 ± 0.12	-0.45 ± 0.07	3.83 ± 1.44	23.00 ± 3.85	2.03 ± 0.08	0.44 ± 0.15 [19, 25]	-0.46 ± 0.07 [25]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$	0.41 ± 0.03	-0.16 ± 0.13	3.89 ± 0.19	2.49 ± 2.13	-2.14 ± 0.63	0.55 ± 0.07	0.01 ± 0.16 [7]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^0 K^+$	0.0639 ± 0.0030	-0.56 ± 0.05	1.09 ± 0.18	3.30 ± 0.59	-0.97 ± 0.06	0.0635 ± 0.0031 [19, 26]	-0.585 ± 0.052 [26]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+$	0.0377 ± 0.0032	-0.54 ± 0.08	0.40 ± 0.15	3.86 ± 0.26	-0.59 ± 0.43	0.0382 ± 0.0051 [19, 26]	-0.55 ± 0.20 [26]
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K_S$	0.038 ± 0.003	-0.54 ± 0.08	0.57 ± 0.21	5.46 ± 0.37	-0.59 ± 0.43	0.047 ± 0.014	
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow n\pi^+$	0.063 ± 0.009	-0.78 ± 0.13	1.00 ± 0.14	2.44 ± 0.39	0.67 ± 0.21	0.066 ± 0.013	
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\pi^0$	0.0174 ± 0.0034	-0.12 ± 0.75	0.63 ± 0.14	0.96 ± 0.68	-1.70 ± 0.87	$0.0156^{+0.0075}_{-0.0061}$ [20]	
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S$	1.55 ± 0.07	0.00 ± 0.30	2.08 ± 2.10	26.21 ± 1.18	-1.56 ± 0.77	1.59 ± 0.07	0.18 ± 0.45
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\eta$	0.151 ± 0.007	0.08 ± 0.37	1.04 ± 0.54	5.42 ± 0.70	-1.67 ± 1.28	0.149 ± 0.008 [19, 20, 27]	
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\eta'$	0.052 ± 0.009	-0.54 ± 0.19	0.76 ± 0.30	4.73 ± 0.73	2.28 ± 0.14	0.049 ± 0.009	
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$	2.83 ± 0.10	-0.72 ± 0.03	4.53 ± 0.81	31.46 ± 1.34	-0.39 ± 0.32	1.80 ± 0.52 [21]	-0.64 ± 0.05
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^+$	0.9 ± 0.2	-0.93 ± 0.07	2.27 ± 0.30	8.18 ± 1.17	-0.36 ± 0.23	1.6 ± 0.8	
Channel	$10^2 \mathcal{R}_X$	α	$ A $	$ B $	$\delta_P - \delta_S$	$10^2 (\mathcal{R}_X)_{\text{exp}}$	α_{exp}
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+$	4.10 ± 0.05	-0.76 ± 0.03	1.04 ± 0.19	7.25 ± 0.31	-0.39 ± 0.32	2.75 ± 0.57	
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0$	24.1 ± 1.0	-0.24 ± 0.18	3.18 ± 1.25	19.54 ± 1.76	-1.24 ± 0.29	22.9 ± 1.4 [22]	
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_S^0$	3.9 ± 0.7	-0.11 ± 0.67	2.74 ± 0.59	4.17 ± 2.93	-1.70 ± 0.87	3.8 ± 0.7 [22]	
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-$	13.0 ± 1.1	-0.21 ± 0.17	3.89 ± 0.19	2.49 ± 2.13	-2.14 ± 0.63	12.3 ± 1.2 [22]	

if phase shift vanishes, global fit $\rightarrow \alpha \sim 1$; non-unity $\alpha \rightarrow$ non-vanishing phase shift

Part of predictions

Channel	$10^3\mathcal{B}$	α	β	γ	$ A $	$ B $	$\delta_P - \delta_S$
$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_L$	15.37 ± 0.62	-0.03 ± 0.22	0.37 ± 0.33	-0.93 ± 0.13	1.38 ± 1.27	18.48 ± 0.71	1.65 ± 0.62
	15.49 ± 0.65	-0.02 ± 0.22	0.41 ± 0.41	-0.91 ± 0.18	1.54 ± 1.60	18.47 ± 0.97	1.62 ± 0.55
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K_S$	2.08 ± 2.12	0.94 ± 0.22	-0.17 ± 0.80	0.28 ± 1.15	1.39 ± 0.92	3.19 ± 1.80	-0.18 ± 0.84
	4.77 ± 3.82	0.88 ± 0.14	-0.42 ± 0.45	-0.24 ± 0.55	1.62 ± 0.90	6.35 ± 2.81	-0.44 ± 0.47
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow pK_{S/L}$	2.00 ± 0.20	-0.38 ± 0.07	0.25 ± 0.25	-0.89 ± 0.09	0.40 ± 0.15	3.86 ± 0.26	2.56 ± 0.44
	2.10 ± 0.19	-0.38 ± 0.07	0.07 ± 0.39	-0.92 ± 0.05	0.34 ± 0.11	4.00 ± 0.21	2.95 ± 0.98
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0$	2.16 ± 0.20	-0.07 ± 0.30	0.93 ± 0.14	-0.35 ± 0.37	0.96 ± 0.29	3.96 ± 0.51	1.64 ± 0.32
	2.32 ± 0.27	0.12 ± 0.20	0.94 ± 0.16	-0.33 ± 0.48	1.01 ± 0.37	4.07 ± 0.73	1.44 ± 0.21
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta$	0.75 ± 0.26	-0.02 ± 0.57	-0.64 ± 0.43	-0.77 ± 0.35	0.36 ± 0.24	3.09 ± 0.76	-1.60 ± 0.89
	1.09 ± 0.47	-0.01 ± 0.56	-0.23 ± 0.64	-0.97 ± 0.15	0.15 ± 0.39	3.95 ± 0.96	-1.60 ± 2.40
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta'$	1.19 ± 0.21	-0.31 ± 0.11	0.92 ± 0.10	-0.24 ± 0.47	0.99 ± 0.35	5.27 ± 0.94	1.90 ± 0.10
	1.31 ± 0.29	-0.32 ± 0.13	0.81 ± 0.37	-0.49 ± 0.61	0.85 ± 0.52	6.07 ± 1.41	1.95 ± 0.21
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+$	3.12 ± 0.13	-0.59 ± 0.04	0.72 ± 0.13	-0.36 ± 0.28	1.13 ± 0.24	4.80 ± 0.56	2.26 ± 0.08
	2.89 ± 0.21	-0.56 ± 0.04	0.69 ± 0.28	-0.46 ± 0.40	1.01 ± 0.36	4.78 ± 0.75	2.26 ± 0.22
$\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$	1.00 ± 0.16	-0.73 ± 0.12	-0.57 ± 0.17	0.38 ± 0.22	1.01 ± 0.14	2.43 ± 0.39	-2.47 ± 0.21
	1.51 ± 0.62	-0.62 ± 0.31	-0.29 ± 1.10	0.73 ± 0.23	1.38 ± 0.32	1.98 ± 0.86	-2.70 ± 1.62
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_L$	1.24 ± 0.19	-0.20 ± 0.61	-0.63 ± 0.41	0.75 ± 0.43	2.02 ± 0.33	2.35 ± 1.97	-1.88 ± 1.02
	1.87 ± 0.44	-0.74 ± 1.01	-0.49 ± 1.04	0.47 ± 0.54	2.31 ± 0.44	4.29 ± 2.27	-2.56 ± 1.61
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0$	7.45 ± 0.64	-0.51 ± 0.08	0.34 ± 0.33	-0.79 ± 0.15	1.74 ± 0.64	16.78 ± 1.11	2.56 ± 0.44
	7.72 ± 0.65	-0.51 ± 0.09	0.10 ± 0.53	-0.85 ± 0.10	1.49 ± 0.47	17.37 ± 0.93	2.95 ± 0.98
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \eta$	2.87 ± 0.66	0.08 ± 0.20	0.86 ± 0.18	0.50 ± 0.30	3.12 ± 0.45	6.61 ± 2.16	1.48 ± 0.24
	2.28 ± 0.53	0.24 ± 0.24	0.86 ± 0.24	0.45 ± 0.44	2.73 ± 0.55	6.20 ± 2.51	1.30 ± 0.28
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \eta'$	5.31 ± 1.33	-0.59 ± 0.08	0.79 ± 0.07	0.18 ± 0.41	4.87 ± 1.38	23.13 ± 3.82	2.22 ± 0.08
	5.66 ± 1.62	-0.59 ± 0.09	0.79 ± 0.20	-0.16 ± 0.71	4.24 ± 2.23	28.35 ± 6.88	2.21 ± 0.19

SOME REMARKS



(1) BF & longitudinal decay asymmetry

$$\Gamma = \frac{p_c}{8\pi} \frac{(m_i + m_f)^2 - m_P^2}{m_i^2} (|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2\kappa |A^* B| \cos(\delta_P - \delta_S)}{|A|^2 + \kappa^2 |B|^2}$$

BESIII

I. $\begin{cases} |A| = 1.6_{-1.6}^{+1.9} \pm 0.4, \\ |B| = 18.3 \pm 2.8 \pm 0.7, \end{cases}$

II. $\begin{cases} |A| = 4.3_{-0.2}^{+0.7} \pm 0.4, \\ |B| = 6.7_{-6.7}^{+8.3} \pm 1.6, \end{cases}$

$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+) = (0.55 \pm 0.07)\%$

$\alpha_{\Xi^0 K^+} = 0.01 \pm 0.16$

$\delta_P - \delta_S = -1.55 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.05$ or $1.59 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.05$ rad.



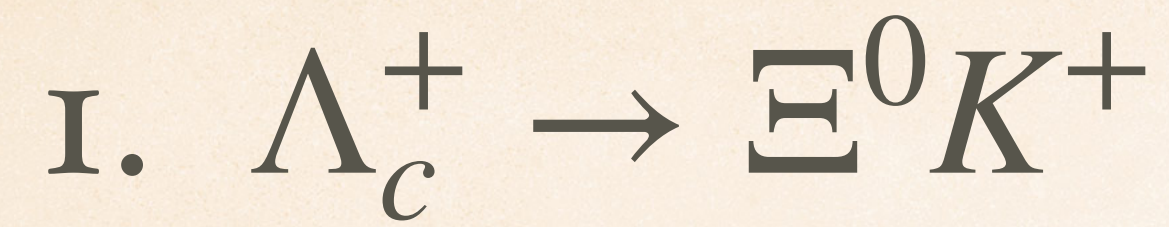
Our fit

$|A| = 3.89 \pm 0.19, |B| = 2.43 \pm 2.12$

prefers amplitude solution II

$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+) = (0.41 \pm 0.03)\%$

$\alpha_{\Xi^0 K^+} = -0.16 \pm 0.13$



(2) phase shift & transverse decay asymmetry

$$\beta = \frac{2\kappa|A^*B| \sin(\delta_P - \delta_S)}{|A|^2 + \kappa^2|B|^2}$$

BESIII

$$\beta_{\Xi^0 K^+} = -0.64 \pm 0.69$$

$$\delta_P - \delta_S = -1.55 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.05 \text{ or } 1.59 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.05 \text{ rad.}$$

$$\delta_P - \delta_S = \arctan(\beta/\alpha)$$

Our fit

$$\beta_{\Xi^0 K^+} = -0.24 \pm 0.28$$

$$\delta_P - \delta_S = -2.15 \pm 0.65 \text{ rad}$$

$$(\delta_S^{X_i}, \delta_P^{X_i}) \rightarrow (-\delta_S^{X_i}, -\delta_P^{X_i})$$

$$\delta_P - \delta_S = 2 \arctan \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{\alpha^2 + \beta^2} + \alpha}$$

phase-shift sign ambiguity
needs to be discerned
by upcoming β measurement

2. $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$

Observable	PDG [42]	Belle	Average
$10^2 \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$	1.43 ± 0.32	$1.80 \pm 0.52^* [46]$	$1.80 \pm 0.52 [46]$

Our fit

Channel	$10^2 \mathcal{B}$	α	$ A $	$ B $	$\delta_P - \delta_S$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$	2.83 ± 0.10	-0.72 ± 0.03	4.51 ± 0.79	31.47 ± 1.31	2.76 ± 0.32

Other support:

$$\frac{\tau_{\Lambda_c^+}}{\tau_{\Xi_c^0}} \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+) = 3\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^+) + \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+) - \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_C} \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow n \pi^+)$$

$$\tau(\Lambda_c^+) = (202.9 \pm 1.1) \text{ fs,}$$

$$\tau(\Xi_c^0) = (150.5 \pm 1.9) \text{ fs.}$$

$$1.31 \pm 0.05$$

$$1.29 \pm 0.05$$

$$1.26 \pm 0.05$$

$$1.27 \pm 0.06$$

$$0.063 \pm 0.009$$

$$0.066 \pm 0.013$$

fitted results

measured values

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+) = (2.85 \pm 0.30)\%$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow pK^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow pK^- K^- \pi^+ (\text{no } \bar{K}^{*0})) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_S^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^*(892)^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Omega^- K^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \phi, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+ K^- \text{ nonresonant}) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$$

3. $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+$

Channel	$10^2 \mathcal{R}_X$	α	$ A $	$ B $	$\delta_P - \delta_S$	$10^2 (\mathcal{R}_X)_{\text{exp}}$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+$	4.10 ± 0.05	-0.76 ± 0.03	1.04 ± 0.18	7.25 ± 0.30	2.76 ± 0.32	2.75 ± 0.57

Channel	TDA	TDA
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$	$2T - 2E_{1S}$	$2\tilde{T}$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- K^+$	$2T - 2E_{1S}$	$2\tilde{T}$



$$\mathcal{R}_{\Xi^- K^+} = \sin^2 \theta_C$$

0.045

measurement of $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$ needs to be improved!

Reference/normalization mode

$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+)$

- ARGUS + CLEO : $(5.0 \pm 1.3)\%$ PDG 2014
- Belle: $(6.84 \pm 0.24^{+0.21}_{-0.27})\%$ Belle, PRL 113 (2014), 042002
- BESIII: $(5.84 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.23)\%$ BESIII, PRL 116 (2016), 052001
- PDG 2016: $(6.35 \pm 0.33)\%$
- PDG 2023 update: $(6.26 \pm 0.29)\%$

$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$

- PDG 2023 updated: $(1.43 \pm 0.32)\%$
- Belle 2019: $(1.80 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.14)\%$

Mode (*)	Fraction (Γ_i / Γ)	Scale Factor/Conf. Level	P(MeV/c)
$\Gamma_{13} \Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$	0.0143 ± 0.0032	S=1.1	875

Category: No absolute branching fractions have been measured. The following are branching ratios relative to $\Xi^- \pi^+$.

The following data is related to the above value: [expand all datablocks](#)

- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow p K^- \bar{K}^0 (892)^0, \bar{K}^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ Γ_2 / Γ_{13} +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow p K^- K^+ \pi^+ (\text{no } \bar{K}^0)) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ Γ_3 / Γ_{13} +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K_S^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ Γ_4 / Γ_{13} +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K^+ \pi^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ Γ_5 / Γ_{13} +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{K}^0 (892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ Γ_6 / Γ_{13} +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K_S^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ Γ_7 / Γ_{13} +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{10} / \Gamma_{13}$ +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+ (892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{11} / \Gamma_{13}$ +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^0 (892)^0) / \Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{12} / \Gamma_{13}$ +
- $\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{13} / Γ +

4. prediction on $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0(\pi^0, \eta, \eta')$

Channel	$10^3 \mathcal{B}$	α	β	γ	$ A $	$ B $	$\delta_P - \delta_S$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0$	7.45 ± 0.64	-0.51 ± 0.08	0.34 ± 0.33	-0.79 ± 0.15	1.74 ± 0.64	16.78 ± 1.11	2.56 ± 0.44
	7.72 ± 0.65	-0.51 ± 0.09	0.10 ± 0.53	-0.85 ± 0.10	1.49 ± 0.47	17.37 ± 0.93	2.95 ± 0.98
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \eta$	2.87 ± 0.66	0.08 ± 0.20	0.86 ± 0.18	0.50 ± 0.30	3.12 ± 0.45	6.61 ± 2.16	1.48 ± 0.24
	2.28 ± 0.53	0.24 ± 0.24	0.86 ± 0.24	0.45 ± 0.44	2.73 ± 0.55	6.20 ± 2.51	1.30 ± 0.28
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \eta'$	5.31 ± 1.33	-0.59 ± 0.08	0.79 ± 0.07	0.18 ± 0.41	4.87 ± 1.38	23.13 ± 3.82	2.22 ± 0.08
	5.66 ± 1.62	-0.59 ± 0.09	0.79 ± 0.20	-0.16 ± 0.71	4.24 ± 2.23	28.35 ± 6.88	2.21 ± 0.19

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0) = (6.9 \pm 0.3(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.5(\text{syst.}) \pm 1.5(\text{norm.})) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \eta) = (1.6 \pm 0.2(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.2(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.4(\text{norm.})) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \eta') = (1.2 \pm 0.3(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.1(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.3(\text{norm.})) \times 10^{-3}$$



Belle II new results

—talk by 贾森

$$\alpha(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0) = -0.90 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.23$$

IRA

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} &= \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{q_1, q_2}^{d, s} V_{cq_1} V_{uq_2} (c_1 O_1^{q_1 q_2} + c_2 O_2^{q_1 q_2}) + h.c. \\ &= \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{q_1, q_2}^{d, s} V_{cq_1} V_{uq_2} (c_+ O_+^{q_1 q_2} + c_- O_-^{q_1 q_2}) + h.c.,\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{A}_{\text{IRAA}} &= a_1 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^j M_l^l + a_2 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^l M_l^j + a_3 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_l^j M_k^l \\ &+ a_4 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^i M_k^l + a_5 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^l M_k^i \\ &+ a_6 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^j M_l^l + a_7 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^l M_l^j + a_8 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_l^j M_k^l \\ &+ a_9 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^i M_k^l + a_{10} (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^l M_k^i.\end{aligned}$$

redundant dof:

$$a'_1 = a_1 - a_5, \quad a'_2 = a_2 + a_5, \quad a'_3 = a_3 + a_5, \quad a'_4 = a_4 + a_5,$$

KPW theorem:

$$a_6 = a_7 = a_8 = a_{10} = 0$$

Minimal set of IRA

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{A}_{\text{IRAA}} = & a_1 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^j M_l^l + a_2 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^l M_l^j + a_3 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_l^j M_k^l \\
 & + a_4 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^i M_k^l + a_5 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_6)_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^l M_k^i \\
 & + a_6 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^j M_l^l + a_7 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^l M_l^j + a_8 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_j^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_l^j M_k^l \\
 & + a_9 (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^i M_k^l + a_{10} (\mathcal{B}_c)_i (H_{\overline{15}})_l^{jk} (\mathcal{B}_8)_j^l M_k^i.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{A}_{\text{IRAb}} = & \tilde{f}^a (\mathcal{B}_c)^{ik} (H_6)_{ij} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^j M_l^l + \tilde{f}^b (\mathcal{B}_c)^{ik} (H_6)_{ij} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^l M_l^j + \tilde{f}^c (\mathcal{B}_c)^{ik} (H_6)_{ij} (\mathcal{B}_8)_l^j M_k^l \\
 & + \tilde{f}^d (\mathcal{B}_c)^{kl} (H_6)_{ij} (\mathcal{B}_8)_k^i M_l^j + \tilde{f}^e (\mathcal{B}_c)_j (H_{\overline{15}})_l^{ik} (\mathcal{B}_8)_i^j M_k^l.
 \end{aligned}$$

Unification

Equivalence

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{T} &= \frac{1}{2}(-a_2 + a_4 + a_9), & \tilde{C} &= \frac{1}{2}(a_2 - a_4 + a_9), \\ \tilde{C}' &= -a_2 - a_5, & \tilde{E}_1 &= a_3 + a_5, & \tilde{E}_h &= -a_1 + a_5. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{T} &= \frac{1}{2}(\tilde{f}^b + \tilde{f}^e), & \tilde{C} &= \frac{1}{2}(-\tilde{f}^b + \tilde{f}^e), \\ \tilde{C}' &= \tilde{f}^b - \tilde{f}^d, & \tilde{E}_1 &= -\tilde{f}^c, & \tilde{E}_h &= -\tilde{f}^a, \end{aligned}$$

Fitted parameters

	$ X_i _S$ ($10^{-2}G_F \text{ GeV}^2$)	$ X_i _P$	$\delta_S^{X_i}$ (in radian)	$\delta_P^{X_i}$
\tilde{T}	2.37 ± 0.41	16.56 ± 0.69	–	2.76 ± 0.32
\tilde{C}	1.04 ± 1.08	13.82 ± 0.58	-1.97 ± 0.79	-0.37 ± 0.44
\tilde{C}'	2.59 ± 0.95	24.97 ± 1.67	0.29 ± 0.19	2.86 ± 0.36
\tilde{E}_1	4.10 ± 0.20	2.56 ± 2.21	1.18 ± 0.38	-0.96 ± 0.43
\tilde{E}_h	1.54 ± 1.22	19.16 ± 3.00	-1.35 ± 0.60	0.37 ± 0.41
\tilde{f}^a	0.81 ± 1.89	23.02 ± 4.04	–	2.12 ± 1.03
\tilde{f}^b	2.89 ± 1.50	30.56 ± 1.30	2.03 ± 0.61	-1.78 ± 0.98
\tilde{f}^c	4.20 ± 0.18	1.95 ± 2.21	-0.06 ± 1.03	-2.68 ± 1.16
\tilde{f}^d	0.98 ± 0.90	7.25 ± 2.07	2.72 ± 1.29	-2.55 ± 1.00
\tilde{f}^e	2.06 ± 0.62	4.73 ± 2.11	1.09 ± 0.99	-0.94 ± 0.99

SUMMARY

- ◆ In theory
 - ◆ TDA approach to charmed baryon is established.
 - ◆ The unification of TDA & IRA is demonstrated.
 - ◆ The predictions on $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^-(\pi^0, \eta, \eta')$ is confirmed by LHCb.
 - ◆ A further understanding of **strong phase** dynamically is required.
- ◆ For experiment
 - ◆ The measurement of β , either of $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+$ or other modes, is highlighted.
 - ◆ Improved measurement of $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^-\pi^+$ and its related are highly expected.