

# Introduction to the accelerator division

- ◆ History
- ◆ Team and research fields
- ◆ Large scale projects
- ◆ Abilities and vision
- ◆ International collaboration

**Yuhui Li**

**Institute of High Energy Physics**

**2024-01-29**





# Research Groups and Staff

Accelerator Division

Acc. Physics	Staff: 29; student: 26
Linac	Staff: 18; student: 14
RF system	Staff: 17; student: 10
Superconducting Magnet	Staff: 11; student: 10
Magnet	Staff: 21; student: 3
Power Supply	Staff: 17; student: 2
Beam Diagnostics	Staff: 18; student: 11
Vacuum System	Staff: 15; student: 2
Control System	Staff: 18; student: 1
Mechanical System	Staff: 14; student: 0
Cryogenic System	Staff: 16; student: 6
Machine Operation	Staff: 22; student: 0
Alignment	Staff: 9; student: 0

Staff	Student
235	74

Guest Scientist/ Engineer	Post Doctor
15	10

One of the largest accelerator research centers in China and world wide



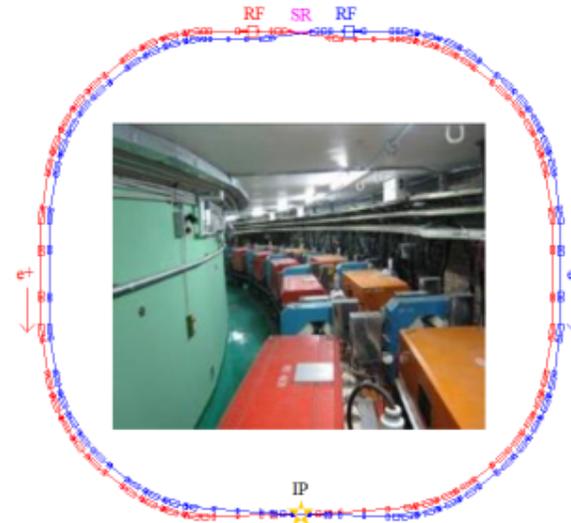
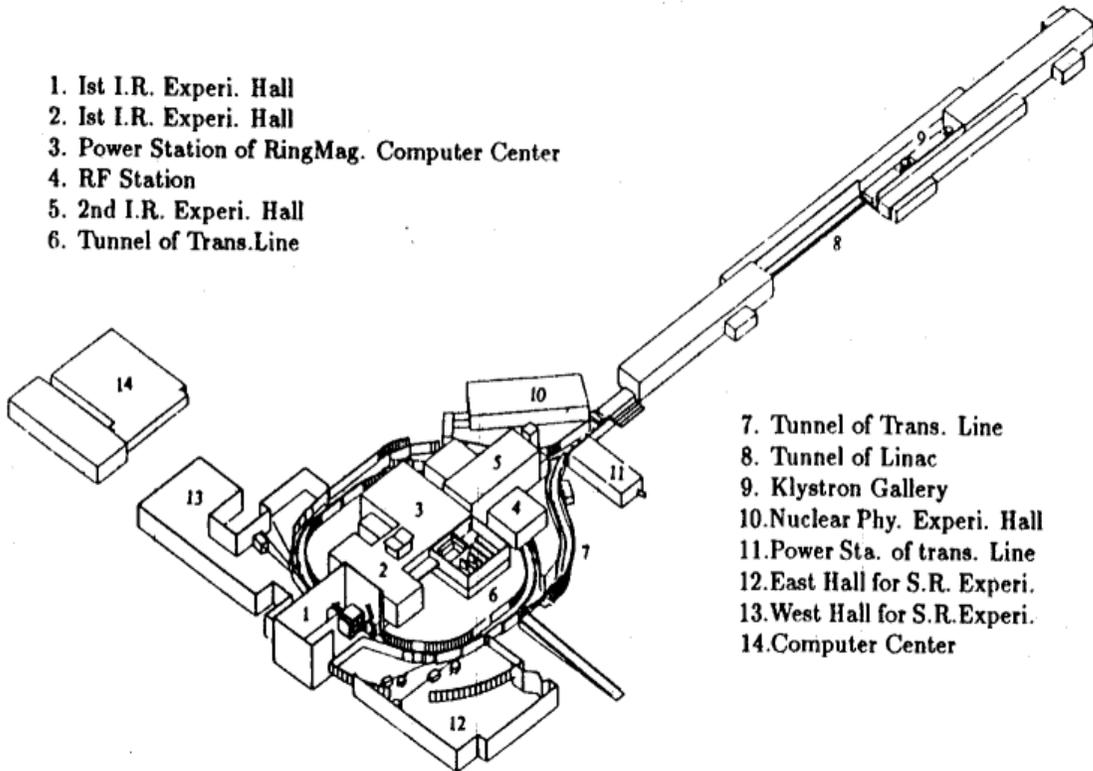


# Switchable multi-operation modes in BEPC II

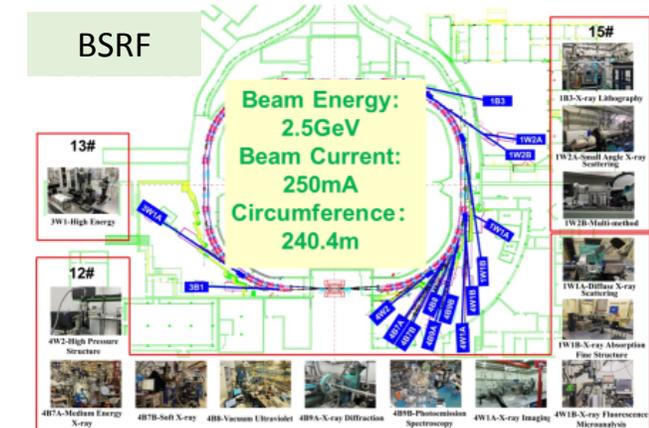
## • BEPCII

- Upgrade project of BEPC, operated since 2009
- A double-ring factory-like collider
- Collider & SR operation modes

1. Ist I.R. Experi. Hall
2. Ist I.R. Experi. Hall
3. Power Station of RingMag. Computer Center
4. RF Station
5. 2nd I.R. Experi. Hall
6. Tunnel of Trans.Line



Main Parameters	Design
Energy (GeV)	1.89
Beam current (mA)	910
Bunch current (mA)	9.8
Bunch number	93
RF voltage	1.5
Beam-beam parameter	0.04
$\beta_x^*/\beta_y^*$ (m)	1.0/0.015
Inj. Rate (mA/min)	200 e <sup>-</sup> / 50 e <sup>+</sup>
Lum. ( $\times 10^{33}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ )	1.0





# BEP-CII performance enhancement

## ■ Major achievements in the past five years

- Energy upgrade completed: Full energy injection and storage up to 2.472 GeV
- Top-up operation
- Stable high-luminosity operation: beam current exceeds 900mA with the instantaneous luminosity of  $1.1 \times 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ; In the last operation year, the accumulated luminosity reached as high as  $8.2 \text{fb}^{-1}$

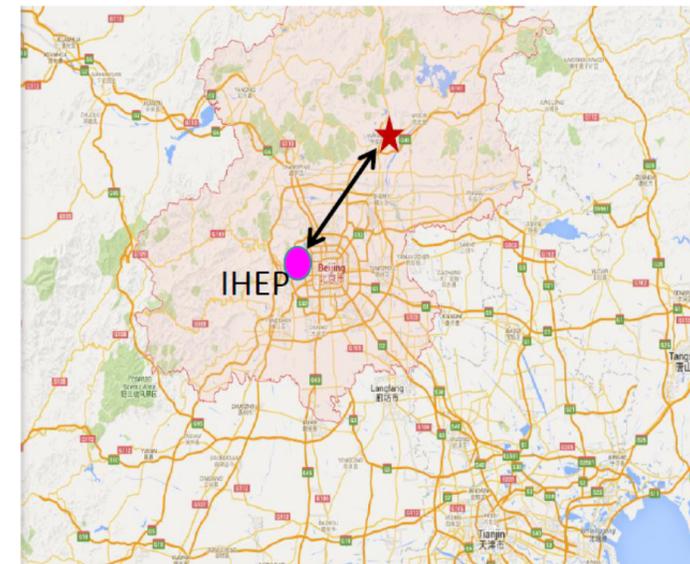
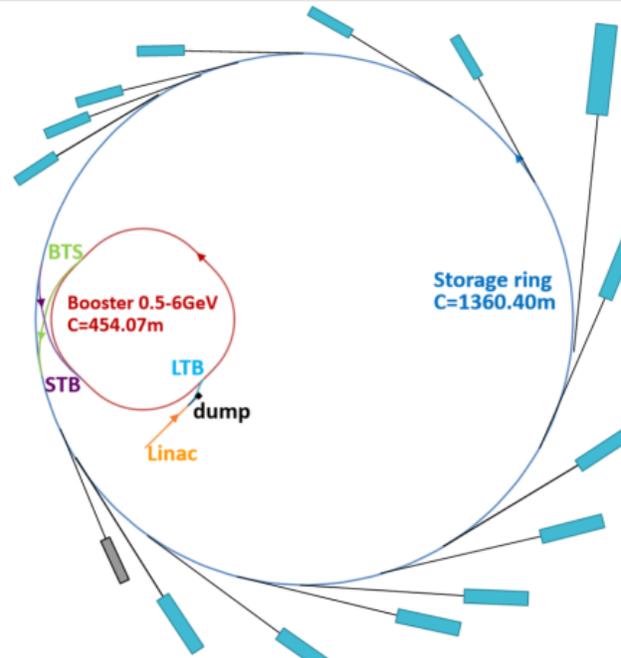
## ● Significance

- Better knowledge on operating a high-current machine for high luminosity
- Better control over collective instabilities through feedback
- Invaluable experience for CEPC design and construction



# HEPS: 4<sup>th</sup> generation light source

Main parameters	Unit	Value
Beam energy	GeV	6
Circumference	m	1360.4
Emittance	pm·rad	< 60
Brightness	phs/s/mm <sup>2</sup> /mrad <sup>2</sup> /0.1%BW	>1x10 <sup>22</sup>
Beam current	mA	200
Injection		Top-up



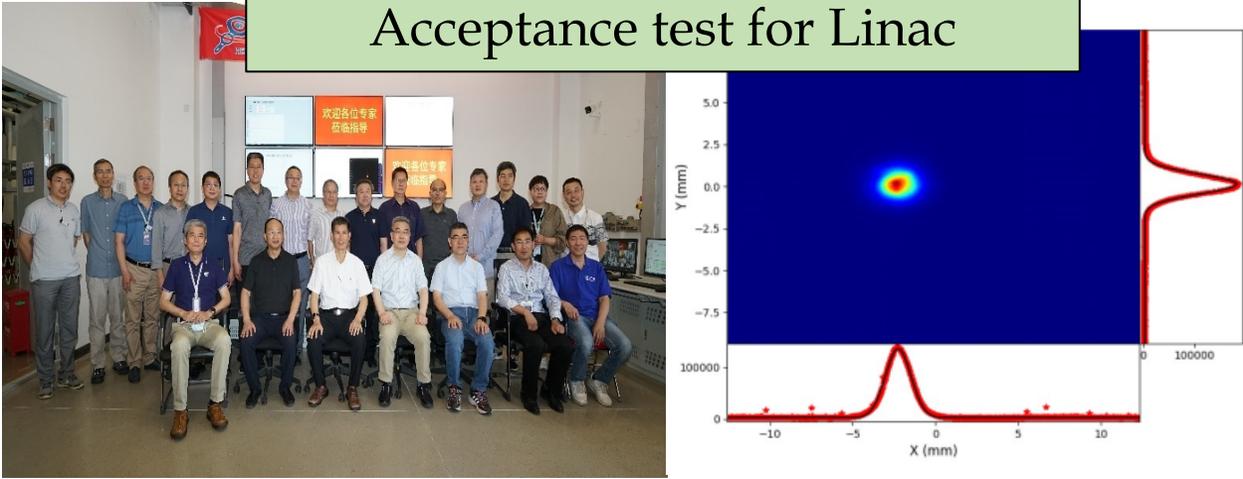
- Advanced 4<sup>th</sup> generation light source, promoting multi-disciplinary researches
- Accumulate conventional key technologies for CEPC
  - Magnet - Vacuum - Power supply - Beam instrumentation
  - Alignment - Control - Mechanical system - Linac complex
  - RF - Cryogenics - Utilities



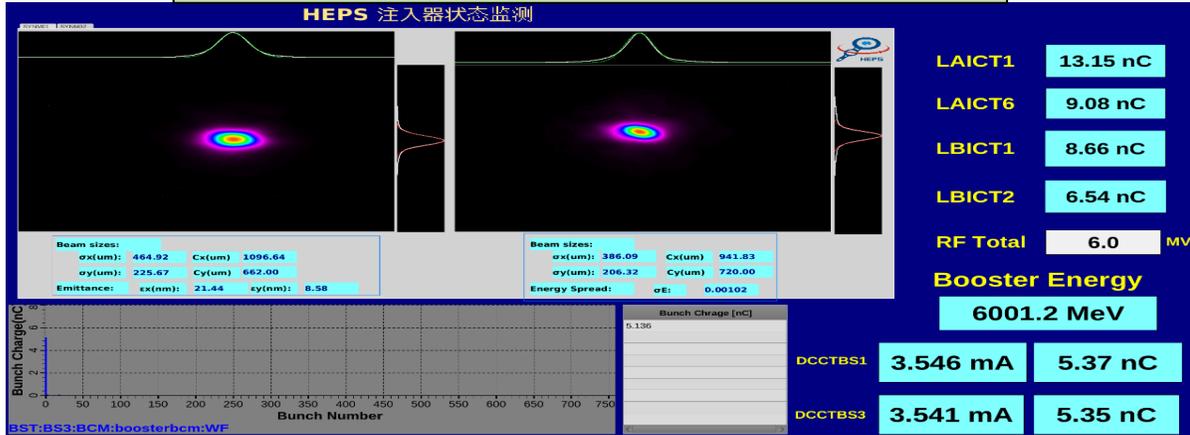
# HEPS Progress

- Linac & Booster commissioning completed and passed the acceptance test
  - Boost alone is already the longest accelerator ring in main land China (circumference of 454m), with the highest electron-beam energy (6GeV), and the largest bunch charge
- Major components, including the magnet, power supply, mechanics, etc, finished the installation, waiting for commissioning

### Acceptance test for Linac



### Booster commissioning



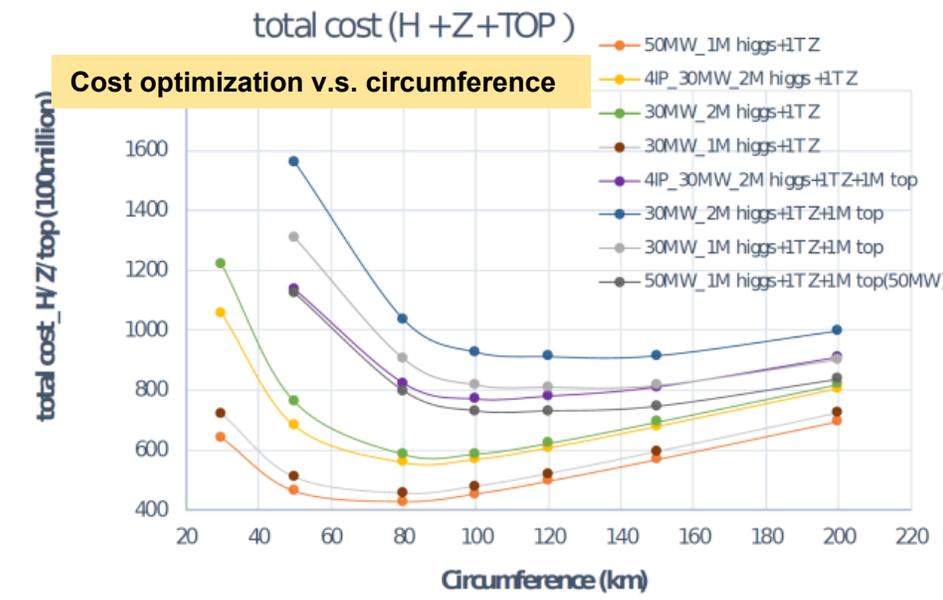
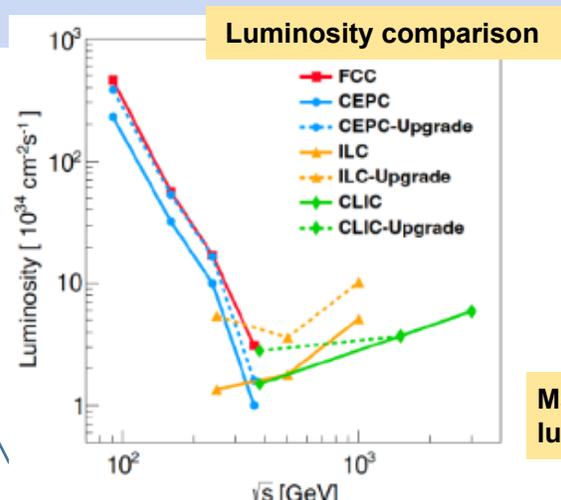
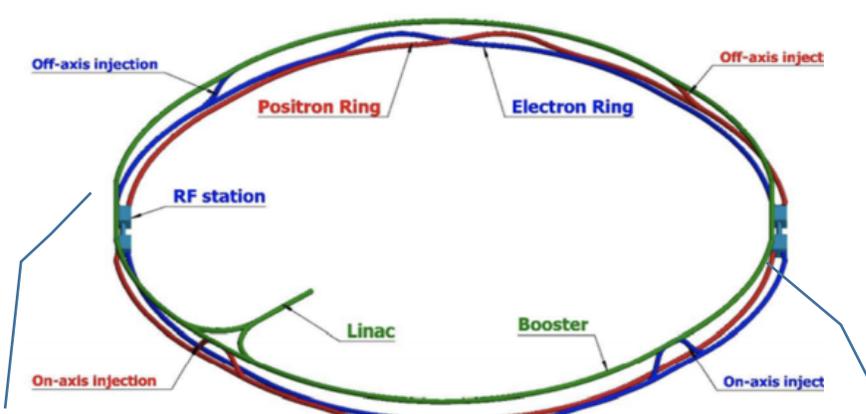
### Storage ring installation





# CEPC: Higgs factory

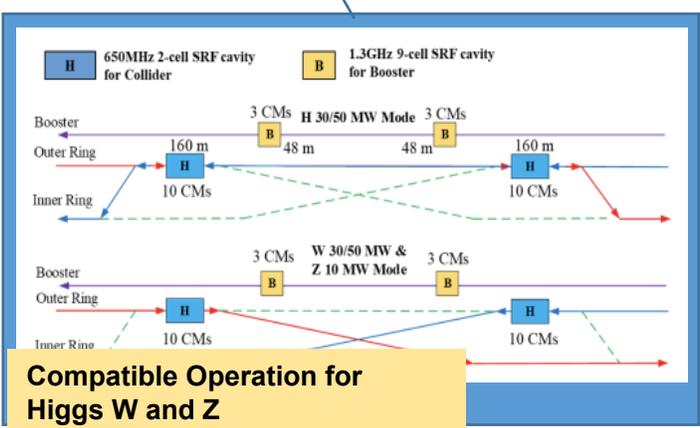
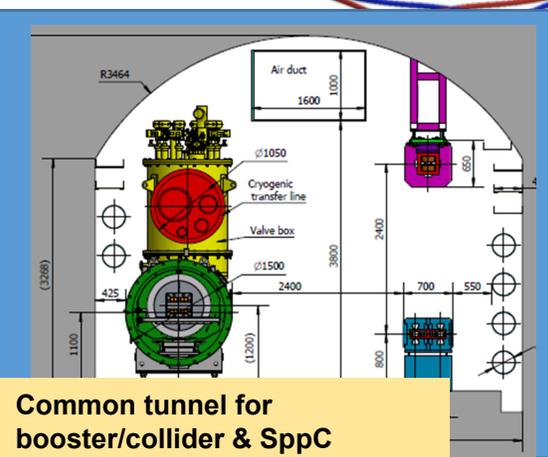
- **Circular collider:** Higher luminosity than a linear collider
- **100km circumference:** Optimum total cost
- **Shared tunnel:** Accommodate CEPC booster & collider and SppC
- **Switchable operation:** Higgs, W/Z, top



D. Wang et al 2022 JINST 17 P10018

### Main Parameters: High luminosity as a Higgs Factory

	Higgs	W	Z	ttbar
Number of IPs	2			
Circumference [km]	100.0			
SR power per beam [MW]	50			
Energy [GeV]	120	80	45.5	180
Bunch number	415	2161	19918	59
Emittance ( $\epsilon_x/\epsilon_y$ ) [nm/pm]	0.64/1.3	0.87/1.7	0.27/1.4	1.4/4.7
Beam size at IP ( $\sigma_x/\sigma_y$ ) [ $\mu\text{m}/\text{nm}$ ]	15/36	13/42	6/35	39/113
Bunch length (SR/total) [mm]	2.3/3.9	2.5/4.9	2.5/8.7	2.2/2.9
Beam-beam parameters ( $\xi_x/\xi_y$ )	0.015/0.11	0.012/0.113	0.004/0.127	0.071/0.1
RF frequency [MHz]	650			
Luminosity per IP [ $10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ ]	8.3	27	192	0.83





# CEPC TDR international review and formal release

## ● International TDR reviews

- ◆ 2023 June 12-16 : technical review ; June 26: civil cost domestic review ; September 11-15 : cost review
- ◆ 2023 October: CEPC International Advisory Committee meeting



June 12-16, 2023, in HKUST-IAS, Hong Kong

Chaired by Frank Zimmermann

### Phase 1 CEPC TDR Review Report

CEPC TDR Technical Review Committee

15 July 2023

The CEPC Study Group, hosted by the Institute of High Energy Physics (IHEP), has been working on the design and development of a forefront  $e^+e^-$  collider as a Higgs factory that can extend to energies corresponding to the Z, WW and the top-quark pairs, with the upgrade potential to a high-energy pp collider. The CEPC represents a "grand plan" proposed, studied, and to be constructed by Chinese scientists in close collaboration with international partners. Since the release of the CEPC Conceptual Design Report in 2018, the CEPC Study Group has devoted significant effort to the design optimisation, the R&D of key technologies and the study of the technical systems of the CEPC.

The CEPC Study Group has produced a draft Technical Design Report (TDR). The International Review Committee, chaired by Dr. Frank Zimmermann (CERN), was asked to conduct a first phase review of this TDR draft. This first phase review shall cover all but the cost and site aspects of the CEPC.

The Phase 1 CEPC TDR Review Committee meeting was held in person at HKUST from 12 to 16 June 2023.

Sept. 11-15, 2023, in HKUST-IAS, Hong Kong

Chaired by Loinid Rivkin

### CEPC Accelerator TDR Cost Review

The CEPC Accelerator TDR Cost Review committee examined the cost estimate of the TDR of accelerator systems for the first stage of the CEPC project operated as a Higgs factory with synchrotron radiation power up to 30 MW per beam (including all infrastructure that is not easily upgradeable and is already designed to operate up to the tbar energy and at 50 MW). The cost estimate under review does not include the civil engineering, the detectors at the IPs with their technical services, and the central computing services.

In the opinion of the committee the cost estimate presented is sufficiently complete to form a proper basis for the next iteration that will be done during the EDR stage.

Oct. 30-31, 2023, in IHEP

Chaired by Brian Foster

### The Ninth Meeting of the CEPC-SppC International Advisory Committee

IAC Committee

M. E. Biagini, Y.-H. Chang, A. Cohen,  
 M. Davier, M. Demarteau, B. Foster (Chair),  
 B. Heinemann, K. Jakobs, L. Linssen,  
 L. Maiani, M.L. Mangano, T. Nakada, S. Stapnes,  
 G. N. Taylor, A. Yamamoto, H. Zhao

IHEP-CEPC-DR-2023-01

IHEP-AC-2023-01

# CEPC

## Technical Design Report

Accelerator

arXiv: 2312.14363

The CEPC Study Group  
December 2023

**CEPC TDR -  
Accelerator formally  
released on 25. Dec.  
2023**



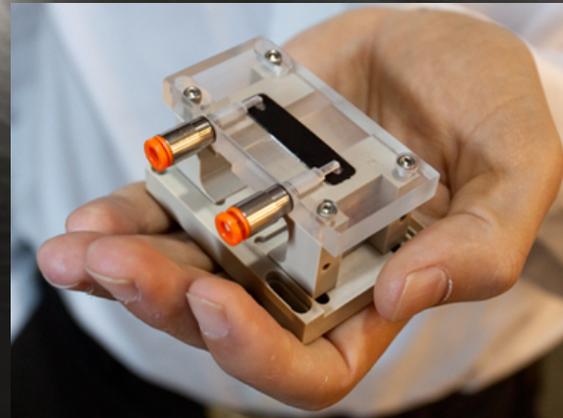
# Significance of Plasma wake field acceleration

- **High gradient:**  $\sim 10-100\text{GV/m}$ ,  $\sim 1000$ times higher than conventional Acc.
- **High energy conversion rate**
- **High repetition rate possibility**
- **Focus on PWFA acceleration**

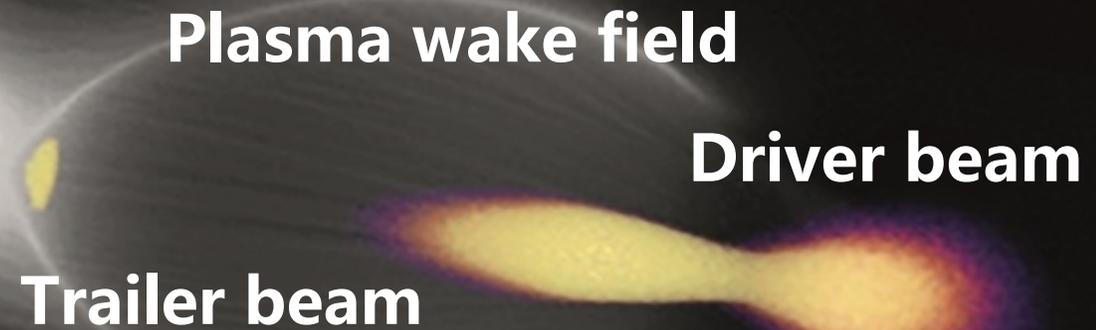


tunnel

Conventional linac



1GeV accelerator in hand







# Accelerator Physics

Research Field	Collider	SR
Lattice Design & Optimization	✓	✓
Optics measurement & error correction	✓	✓
Collective Instability	✓	✓
Injection/Extraction schemes	✓	✓
AI application (design, commissioning, error mitigation, ...)	✓	✓
Machine protection	✓	✓
Beam-beam effect	✓	
MDI research: final focus, background radiation, ...	✓	
Polarization	✓	
Insertion device impact and mitigation		✓

- **Special emphasis on Plasma acceleration**

- laser/beam driven plasma acceleration;
- positron acceleration, cascaded acceleration for >10 GeV, high bunch charge, ...
- simulations as well as experiment study



# Accelerator Physics

## Research on COLLIDER

Advanced collider performance improvement

Lattice design for future collider

Error correction and luminosity tuning

Collider Modeling and software development

New phenomenon under multi-dynamics impact

## Future planning

Participate the collaboration with SuperKEKB, BEPCII Study

Novel concept (strong nonlinear effect & SR) & machine learning

Explore new methods

A team is funded +PIFI collaborations

Joint research, simulations & analysis, wide collaborations

## Research on Light Source

HEPS Commissioning and operation

Beam dynamics frontier

Machine learning and cross-discipline research

Phase space manipulation with electro-optical tuning

Novel insertion device

## Future planning

Software package R&D for beam tuning, feedback tuning, experiment of current dependent effects, injection/extraction efficiency, optical beam based alignment, insertion device impact and mitigation

Numerical study for nonlinear effect, novel injection scheme, beam dynamics with multi-RF frequency, Measurement & correction based on TBT data

Fast problem identification, error mitigation, feedback, ...

Use reference of Laser or FEL tuning methods, enhanced SR

SCU, ultra-short period UND,...



# Magnet and insertion device

- **High performance Magnet**

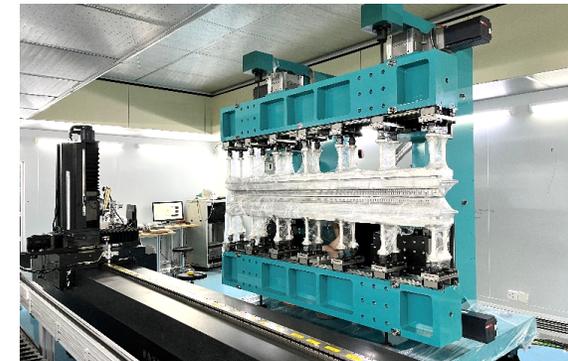
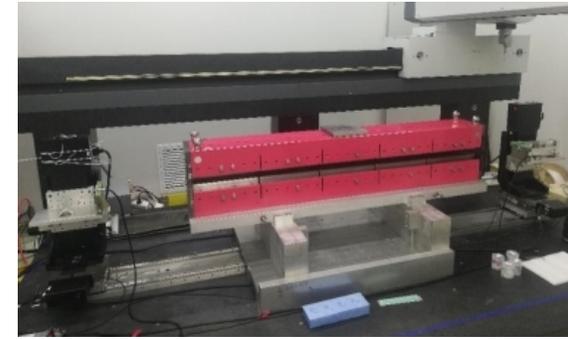
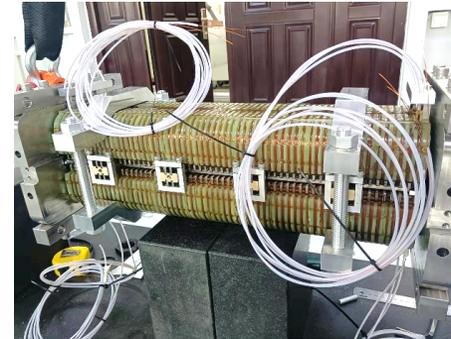
- High gradient QUAD:  $\geq 104\text{T/m}$
- Longitudinal gradient variable permanent magnet Dipole, field accuracy better than  $5 \times 10^{-5}$

- **Magnet measurement**

- Alignment system based on **Coordinate Measurement Machine**, offset error smaller than  $10\mu\text{m}$ , angular error smaller than  $0.03\text{mrad}$

- **Insertion device**

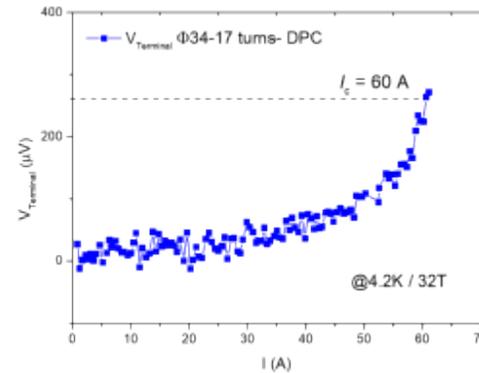
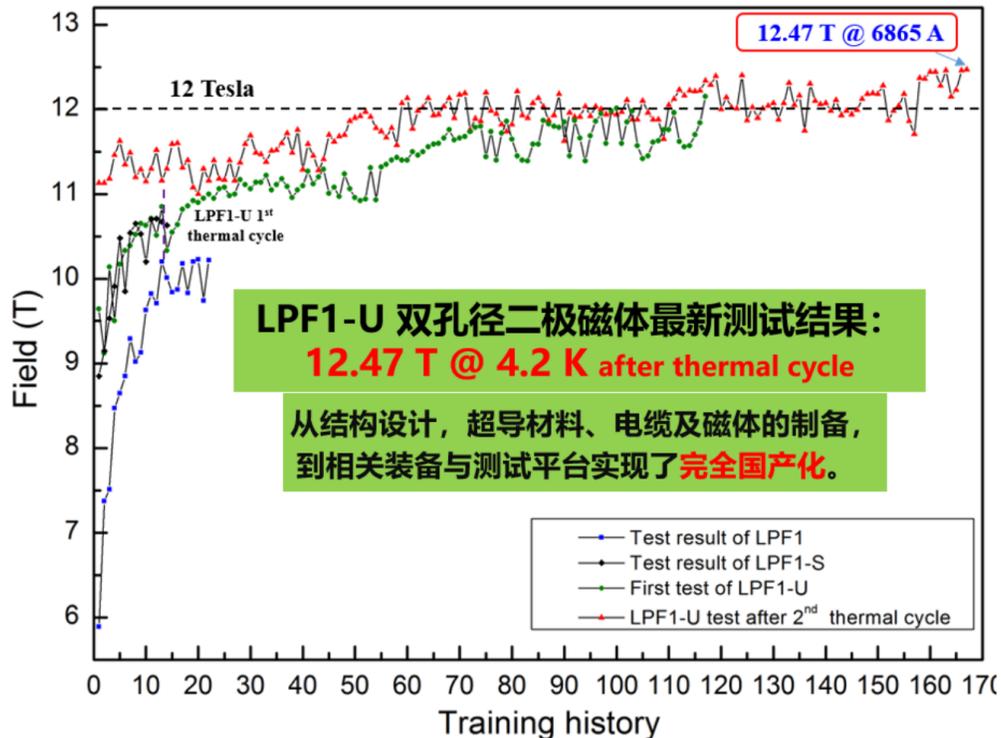
- Cryogenic Permanent Magnet Undulator, CPMU
- In-vacuum Undulator with 4-m length
- Apple-Knot undulator with variable polarizations
- Mango wiggler, innovative device
- Superconducting Wiggler and Undulators





# Superconducting Magnet

- Superconducting dipole reaches the field of [12.47T@4.2K](#), NbTi&Nb3Sn combined coils
- Aiming at 16T dipole
- Novel SC magnets
  - Iron Based HTS and applications ; - CCT magnet (Dipole, Quadrupole,...) ; - HTS cables
- Al- stabilized HTS cables and large size solenoid



第一根YBCO超导样缆



第一根IBS超导样缆

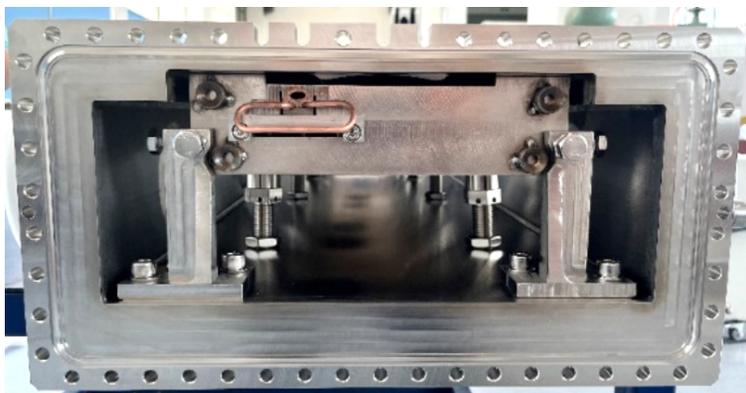


第二根YBCO超导样缆



# Magnet power supply

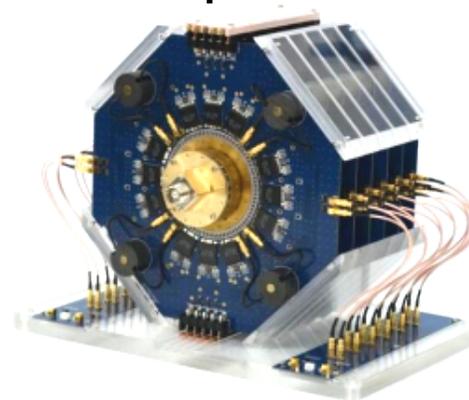
- High stable & accurate power supply
  - Sensor
  - Digital signal and feedback
- topological structure of power electronic circuits
- Maturity for mass production and application to large scale Acc. facilities
- Lambertson septum and various fast-kicks
  - invacuum/half invacuum LSM, slotted-pipe kicker, strip line kicker, delay-line kicker, ferrite kicker, ...
- Short pulse generator:  $1\mu\text{s}$ - $10\text{ns}$ ; different pulse shapes



2mm Lambertson



5cell-Strip-line kicker



10ns DSRD pulser

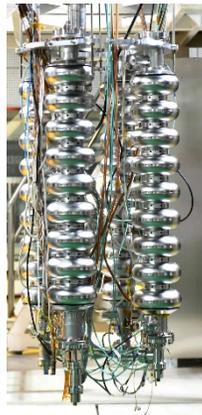


Magnet power supply

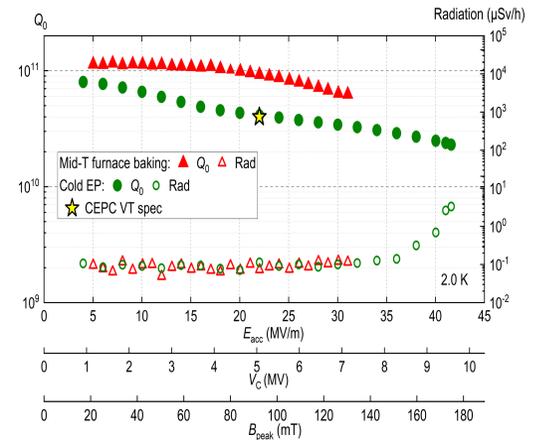
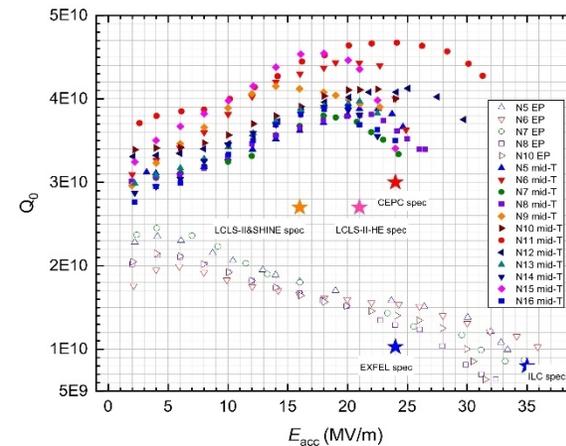


# Superconducting RF system

Cavity Category	Status	Leading performance world wide
1.3 GHz 9-cell	4.7E10@24 MV/m (max Q@mid-Eacc) 4.3E10@31 MV/m (max Q@high-Eacc) 1.0E10@36 MV/m (max Eacc)	4.2E10@24 MV/m (max Q@mid-Eacc, FNAL&JLAB) 3.0E10@31 MV/m (max Q@high-Eacc, JLAB) 1.1E10@45 MV/m (max Eacc, DESY)
650 MHz 1-cell	8E10@25 MV/m (max Q@mid-Eacc) 6.3E10@31 MV/m (max Q@high-Eacc) 2.5E10@41.6 MV/m (max Eacc)	6.0E10@25 MV/m (max Q@mid-Eacc, FNAL) 4.5E10@30 MV/m (max Q@high-Eacc, FNAL) 1.0E10@35 MV/m (max Eacc, FNAL)



1.3GHz 9-cell , spoke , 166MHz QWR , 500MHz  
Vertical test reach the state of the art level



Vertical test results of 1.3GHz 9-cell and 650MHz 1-cell



# SRF cryo-module horizontal test results

- 650 MHz test cryomodules including cavities, couplers, HOM absorbers, tuners..., was built and tested OK
- A full eight 1.3 GHz 9-cell cavities with input couplers, tuners, SC magnet, BPM, cryostat, module cart, feed/end-cap, volve-box ... was built and tested OK

Parameters	Horizontal test results	CEPC Booster Higgs	LCLS-II, SHINE	LCLS-II-HE
Average $Q_0$ @ 21.8 MV/m	$3.6 \times 10^{10}$	$3.0 \times 10^{10}$ @ 21.8 MV/m	$2.7 \times 10^{10}$ @ 16 MV/m	$2.7 \times 10^{10}$ @ 20.8 MV/m
Average CW $E_{acc}$ (MV/m)	23.1			



650MHz 2-cell



1.3GHz 9-cell



1.3GHz 9-cell



166MHz QW



# Superconducting RF system

**Research Goal: Provide advanced schemes and technologies for future accelerators**

Aiming at SRF cutting-edge technologies, focusing on the applications in Collider, SR, FEL, Proton Linac, emphasizing on high-performance cavity and complete module R&D, seeking new material and concept breakthroughs.

1. SC physics Frontier: RF critical magnet field, flux dynamics, field emission, secondary electron multiplication, surface resistance, nano-tech., HTS
2. Material frontier: Nb thermal treatment, Nb coating, Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn, IBS, travel-wave cavity, dual-aperture cavity
3. Gradient frontier: EP Nb 45MV/m (ILC&CEPC) → Novel structure 70MV/m → Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn 100MV/m → IBS 200MV/m
4. High Q frontier: 1.3G Nb cavity 3E10@45MV/m@2K, Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn 1.3G 2E10@25MV/m@4.2K → 2E10@100MV/m
5. System frontier: High power coupler, HOM, fast detune, LLRF → complex design, assembly, stable operation
6. Cross disciplinary frontier: Dark matter axion detector, Helium free accelerator (Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn)



# Cryogenic System

**Orientation** : Provide advanced cryogenic system for SRF and SC magnet

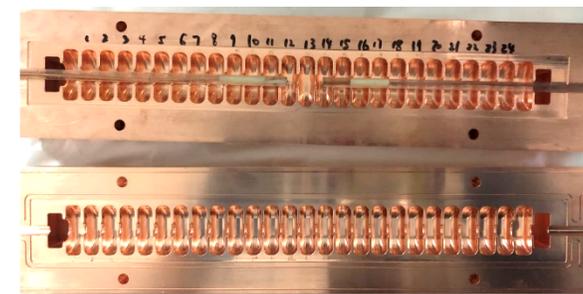
- SRF cavity and SR magnet cooling technology
  - Design and build 4K & 2K super-fluid liquid helium system
- Key technology for large-scale cryogenic system
  - Cryostat design & assembly, system key components, fluid distribution
- Cryogenic system Control
  - error diagnostics, stable running,
- Helium recycling & purification, 2K thermal exchanger





# Advance accelerator key technologies

- **High efficiency klystron**
  - 650 MHz CW klystron, MBK, aiming at 75-80% transfer efficiency
  - S band high power klystron
- **Solid State Modulator and PSM high voltage power supply**
  - 320kV/50MW pulsed transformer, applied in HEPS linac
  - 130kV/16A PSM high voltage power supply
- **Advanced copper accelerator structure**
  - S band travel accelerator, C-band, X-band accelerator
  - Cool copper accelerator
- **Electron / Positron source**
  - Thermal cathode gun, photon cathode DC gun 5.2mA current
  - Positron source, magnetic concentrator





# Beam diagnostics

- Rich experience for electron and proton beams diagnostics
- Comprehensive researches towards: detector, data acquisition, FB control, data analysis,
- Advanced BPM applies to BEPCII, HEPS,...
- One of the best research teams in China



BPM mass production and application



Bunch by bunch measurement and processor



In-house study for beam current monitor





# Vacuum System

- **Extreme vacuum level in large-scale accelerator complex, sophistic structures**
  - leakage detection, operation failure,
- **Coating technologies for multi-applications**
  - TiN, NEG;
- **Key components design/fabrication for complexed system**
  - special shaped chamber, shielding bellow, photon absorber
- **Simulations for the complexed system design (SYNRad, Molflow)**



BEPC-II



NEG coating



HEPS\_VA Chamber



# Alignment group

- **Magnet center measurement and calibration**

- rotary coil alignment: measurement accuracy better than 8 microns, calibration better than 15  $\mu\text{m}$
- laser fiducial alignment: for undulator magnet center calibration

- **Pre-alignment system**

- vibration string alignment, accuracy better than 8 microns
- relative alignment better than 20 microns

- **Wide space alignment**

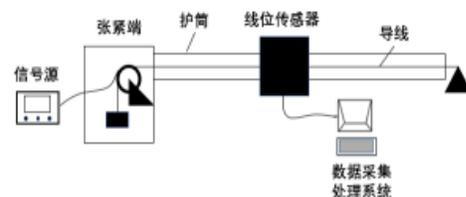
- Setup alignment network

$$(S_y + \Delta S_y)^2 = (x_j - x_i)^2 + (y_j - y_i)^2 + (z_j - z_i)^2$$

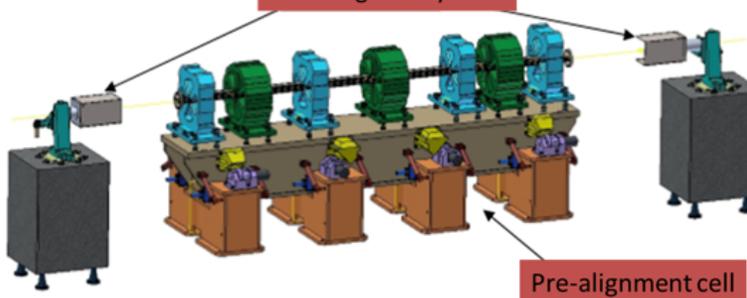
$$V_i = A \delta X - l_i$$

定向点

激光干涉测距仪



Vibrating wire system



波荡器

Pre-alignment cell

三坐标机

旋转线系统

六维运动平台



磁铁

霍尔测磁机

磁靶标





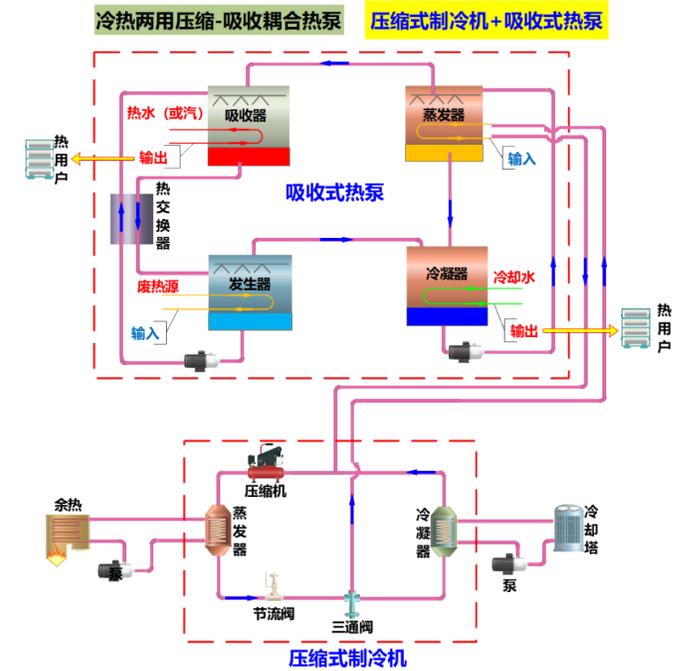
# Efforts on green accelerator

## ● Measures at HEPS

- Solar panel on roof: **10 MW** → 10% saving
- Permanent-magnet dipole @ storage ring: **5.6M kWh** saving/yr
- Energy recovery from cooling water (**13 MW@42oC**) : Exceeds HEPS heating requirement

## ● R&D for CEPC

- High Q SRF cavity: reduce 10MW operation power in a comprehensive evaluation, saving electricity consumption ~**60M kWh** per-year
- R&D effort for High efficiency & Energy recovery klystron: improve the efficiency from the conventional value (55%) the high efficiency of 80%, CEPC will save **160M kWh** electricity per-year
- Proposal and R&D for “heating-cooling” switchable waste energy recovery system, and increasing the re-use of energy in the cooling water
- R&D and prototypes for dual-aperture magnets with a common coil

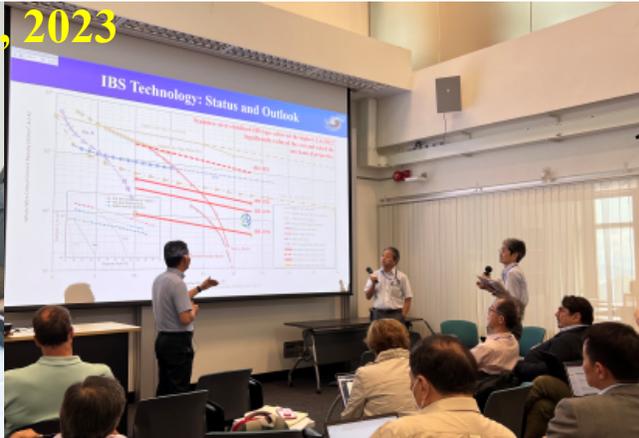




# International Collaborations



- Collaboration with the world leading accelerator facilities
  - International advisory and review
  - Synergy on accelerator design, key technology R&D, mass production
  - beam commissioning and machine operation





**Let's work together for**

**Higher**

**- Energy**

**- Luminosity / brightness**

**- Current**