

自强不息 獨樹一幟

WELCOME TO LANZHOU UNIVERSITY

# CP violation of $\Lambda_b$ decays in PQCD

$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p$  form factors  
 $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-, pK^-, p\rho^-, pK^{*-}, p a_1(1260), pK_1(1270), pK_1(1400)$

Jia-Jie Han(韩佳杰)

LanZhou University

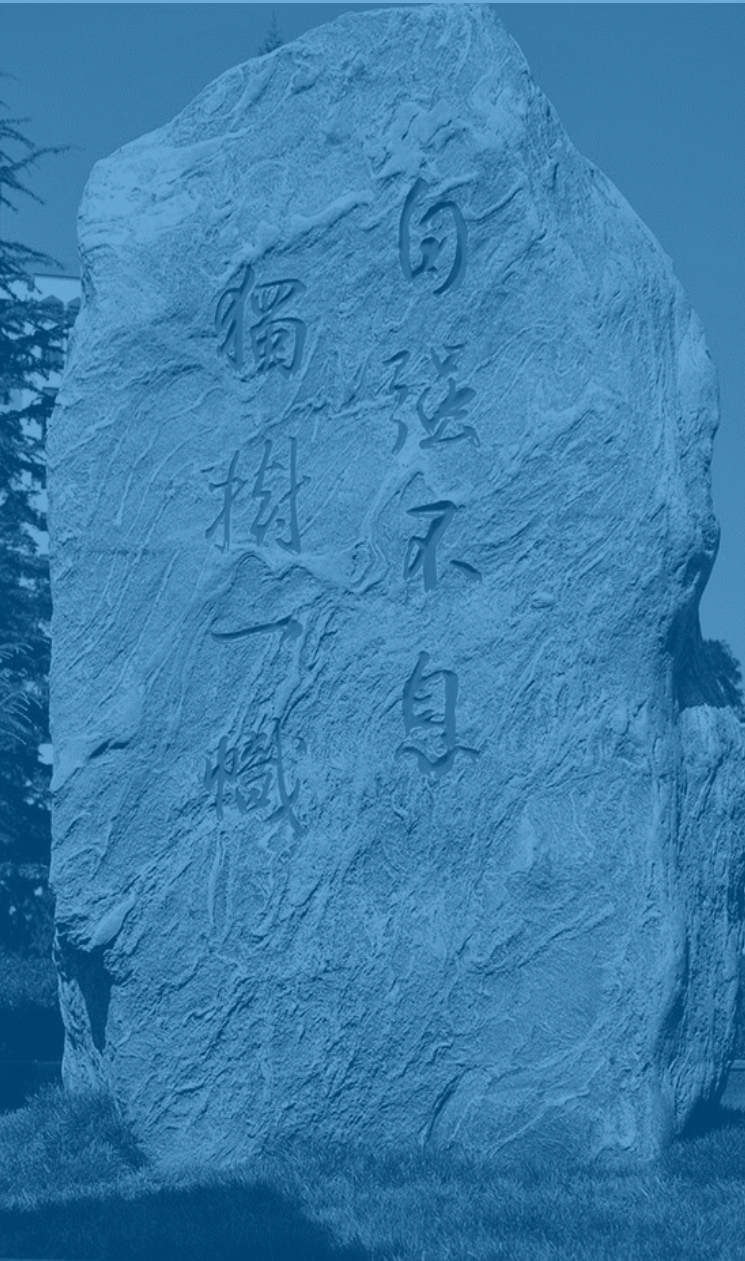
*Based on*

*Eur.Phys.J.C 82(2022)8,686, arXiv:2409.02821 & 2411.xxxxx*

*With*

*Ya Li, Ji-Xin Yu(余纪新), Jian-Peng Wang(汪建鹏), Yue-Long Shen, Hsiang-nan Li,  
Zhen-Jun Xiao & Fu-Sheng Yu*

HFCPV2024, 湖南·衡阳



Why baryon physics?

Form factors of  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p$

Establish CPV of  $\Lambda_b$  decays

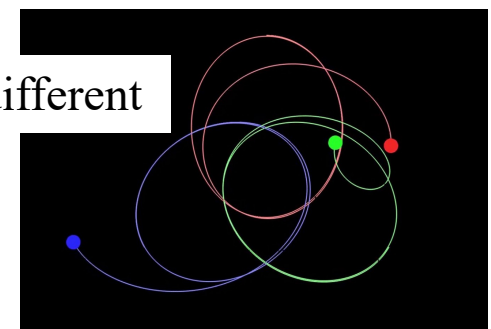
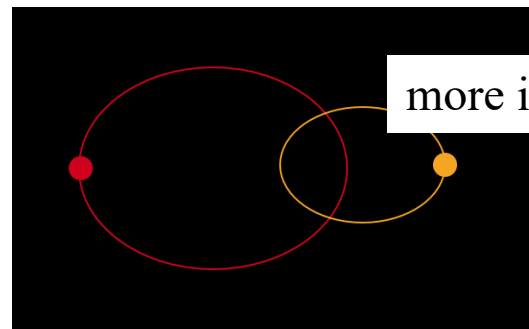
Summary



# Why baryon physics

## ➤ Heavy flavor physics

- heavy flavor physics has achieved great progress in heavy meson systems,
- CKM mechanism has been established for CPV in B meson decays,
- however, studies on heavy flavor baryon are limited.

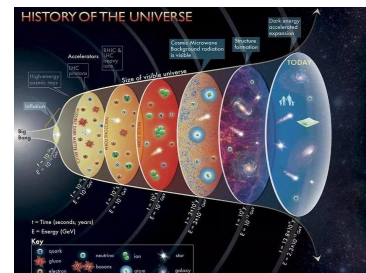


## ➤ CP violation in baryon

- Sakharov conditions for Baryogenesis:  
**baryon** number violation      C and **CP** violation      out of thermal equilibrium
- CPV well established in K, B and D mesons, but CPV never established in baryon,
- comparison between prediction and measurement is helpful to test SM and search NP.

The Periodic Table of the Elements

A standard periodic table of elements, color-coded by groups. The title "The Periodic Table of the Elements" is centered at the top.





# Opportunities

- Hyperon CPV:

$$A_{CP}^{\alpha}(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^{-}) = -0.002 \pm 0.004(\text{BESIII,2019}) \quad \text{v.s.} \quad \mathcal{O}(10^{-5} \sim 10^{-4})(\text{theory})$$

- charm baryon CPV:

$$A_{CP}(\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^{+}K^{-}/p\pi^{+}\pi^{-}) = 0.003 \pm 0.011(\text{LHCb,2018}) \quad \text{v.s.} \quad \mathcal{O}(10^{-3})(\text{theory})$$

- beauty hadron  $\sim 10\%$  due to large weak phase difference

$$A_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{+}\pi^{-}) = (-8.34 \pm 0.32)\% \quad A_{CP}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{-}\pi^{+}) = (22.4 \pm 1.2)\%(\text{PDG2022})$$

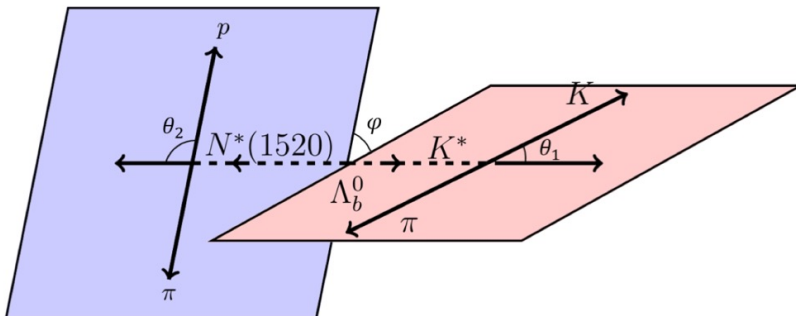
- LHCb is a baryon factory !  $\frac{N_{\Lambda_b}}{N_B^{0,-}} \sim 0.5 \quad N_{\Lambda_b} \sim 10^{12}(\text{LHCb,2012})$

- Precision of b-baryon CPV measurement reached of order 1%

$$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^{-}) = (-3.5 \pm 1.7 \pm 2.0)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^{-}) = (-2.0 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.0)\%(\text{LHCb,2018})$$

- non-zero polarization, more observables



evidence for CPV at  $3.3\sigma$  is found  
in  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^{-}\pi^{+}\pi^{-}$  at LHCb,2017



# Challenges

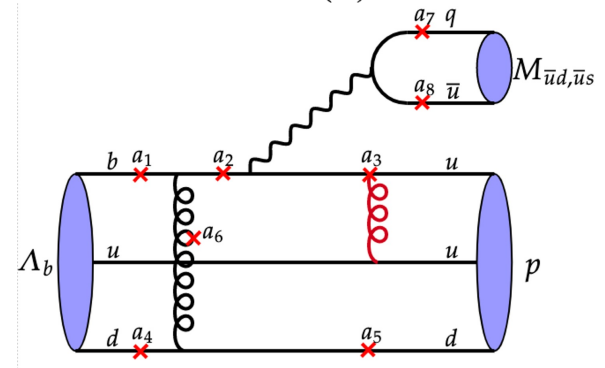
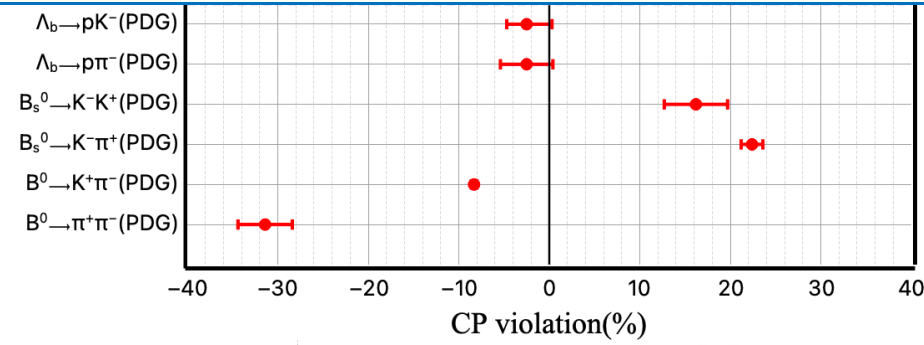
➤ why CPVs of  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi, pK$  are small ?

➤ QCD dynamics for baryon are different

- non-zero spin/polarization
- one more energetic quark, one more hard gluon
- power counting of baryon is different from meson

➤ QCD studies on baryon are limited

- GFA (Hsiao, Yao, Geng, 2017; Liu, Geng, 2021)
- QCDF (Zhu, Ke, Wei, 2016, 2018)
- PQCD (Lü, Wang, Zou, Ali, Kramer, 2009; Zhou, et al., 2022~2023)
- quark model (Geng, Liu, Tsai, et al., 2019~2022)
- Light-cone Sum rule (Jiang, Cheng, Khodjamirian, Yu, in progress)



	Exp.	GFA (Hsiao, Yao, Geng, 2017)	QCDF (Zhu, Ke, Wei, 2018)	PQCD(hybrid) (Lü, Wang, et al., 2009)	LFQM (Geng, Liu, Tsai, 2021)	LCSR (Jiang, et al., 2022)
$Br(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) \times 10^{-6}$	$4.5 \pm 0.8$	$4.25^{+1.40}_{-1.05}$	$4.3^{+0.27}_{-0.19}$	$5.21^{+2.47}_{-1.93}$	$4.18 \pm 0.34$	5.94
$Br(\Lambda \rightarrow pK^-) \times 10^{-6}$	$5.4 \pm 1.0$	$4.49^{+1.06}_{-0.75}$	$2.17^{+0.98}_{-0.47}$	$2.02^{+0.96}_{-1.25}$	$5.76 \pm 0.91$	6.50
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-) \%$	$-2.5 \pm 2.9$	$-3.9 \pm 0.4$	$-3.4 \pm 0.4$	$-31^{+42}_{-1}$	$-3.6 \pm 0.20$	-1.8
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-) \%$	$-2.5 \pm 2.2$	$6.7 \pm 0.4$	$10.1 \pm 2.0$	$-5^{+26}_{-5}$	$6.36 \pm 0.28$	-0.1

- PQCD has successfully predicted  $B$  meson CPV

$C_{\pi\pi}(B \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)\%$	$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)\%$
$\sim -40$ (Lü,Ukai,Yang,2000)	$\sim -18$ (Keum,Li,Sanda,2000)
$-12.8^{+3.48}_{-3.29}$ (Chai,Cheng,Ju,Yan, Lü,Xiao,2022)	$-5.43^{+2.25}_{-2.34}$ (Chai,Cheng,Ju,Yan, Lü,Xiao,2022)
$-31.4 \pm 3$ (PDG)	$-8.31 \pm 0.31$ (PDG)

- PQCD for b-baryon CPV

- Lü,Wang,Zou,Ali,Kramer,2009
  - W-external emission diagram (T)

	factorizable	non-factorizable
$f_1(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi)$	$1.47 \times 10^{-11} - i1.97 \times 10^{-11}$	$-2.43 \times 10^{-9} - i2.05 \times 10^{-9}$
$f_2(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi)$	$1.26 \times 10^{-11} - i1.94 \times 10^{-11}$	$-1.75 \times 10^{-9} - i1.20 \times 10^{-9}$
$f_1(\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK)$	$-1.52 \times 10^{-11} - i0.62 \times 10^{-11}$	$-0.88 \times 10^{-9} + i0.54 \times 10^{-10}$
$f_2(\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK)$	$0.17 \times 10^{-11} - i0.60 \times 10^{-11}$	$-1.06 \times 10^{-9} + i1.67 \times 10^{-9}$

- form factor  $\langle N(p', s') | \bar{u}\gamma_\mu b | \Lambda_b(p, s) \rangle = \bar{N}(p', s')(g_1\gamma_\mu + ig_2\sigma_{\mu\nu}q^\nu + g_3q_\mu)\Lambda_b(p, s)$

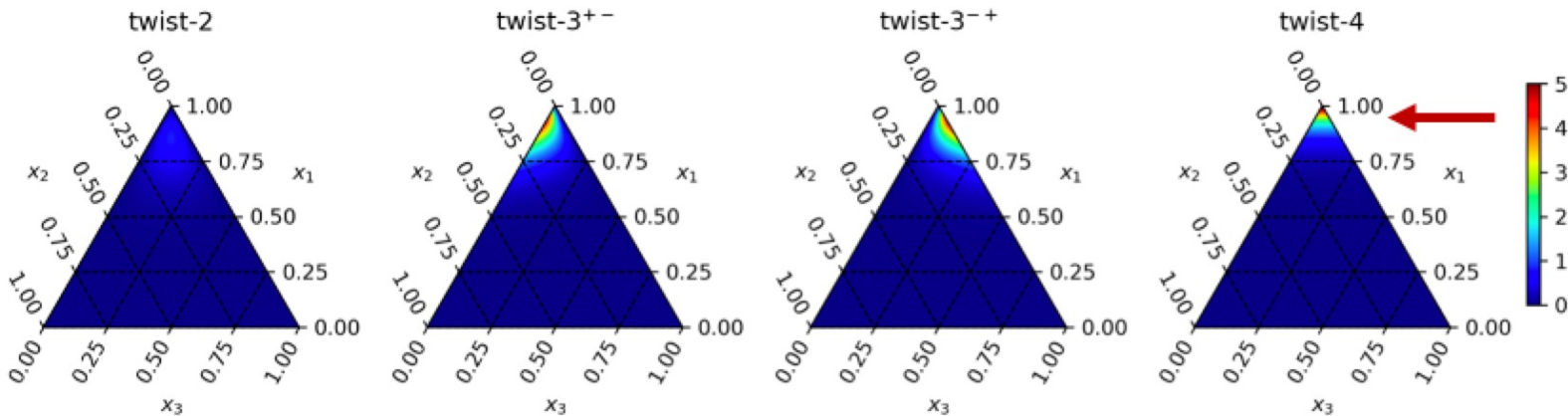
	NRQM [19]	LCSR (full QCD)[23]	pQCD [14]	Lü,Wang,Zou,Ali,Kramer,2009
$g_1$	0.043	0.018	$2.3 \times 10^{-3}$	$2.2^{+0.8}_{-0.5} \times 10^{-3}$

$$\langle N(p', s') | \bar{u} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) b | \Lambda_b(p, s) \rangle = \bar{N}(p', s') (f_1 \gamma_\mu - i f_2 \sigma_{\mu\nu} q^\nu + f_3 q_\mu) \Lambda_b(p, s) - \bar{N}(p', s') (g_1 \gamma_\mu - i g_2 \sigma_{\mu\nu} q^\nu + g_3 q_\mu) \gamma_5 \Lambda_b(p, s)$$

$f_1$	proton Twist-3	proton Twist-4	proton Twist-5	proton Twist-6	Total
Exponential					
Twist-2 $\Lambda_b$	0.0007	-0.00007	-0.0005	-0.000003	0.0001
Twist-3 <sup>+-</sup> $\Lambda_b$	-0.0001	0.002	0.0004	-0.000004	0.002
Twist-3 <sup>-+</sup> $\Lambda_b$	-0.0002	0.0060	0.000004	0.00007	0.006
Twist-4 $\Lambda_b$	0.01	0.00009	0.25	0.0000007	0.26
Total	0.01	0.008	0.25	0.00007	0.27±0.09±0.07

$D_7$	twist-3	twist-4	twist-5	twist-6
twist-2	$\sim 0$	$r \cdot 2\sqrt{2}(1-x_1)x_3$	$r^2 \cdot 2\sqrt{2}x_3$	$r^3 \cdot 4\sqrt{2}(1-x_1)(1-x'_2)$
twist-3 <sup>+-</sup> $x_3(1-x_1)$		$r \cdot x_3$	$r^2 \cdot (1-x_1)(1-x'_2)$	$\sim 0$
twist-3 <sup>-+</sup> $\sim 0$		$r \cdot x_3$	$r^2 \cdot (1-x_1)(1-x'_2)$	$r^3 \cdot (1-x'_2)$
twist-4	$4\sqrt{2}x_3$	$r \cdot 2\sqrt{2}(1-x_1)(1-x'_2)$	$r^2 \cdot 2\sqrt{2}(1-x'_2)$	$\sim 0$

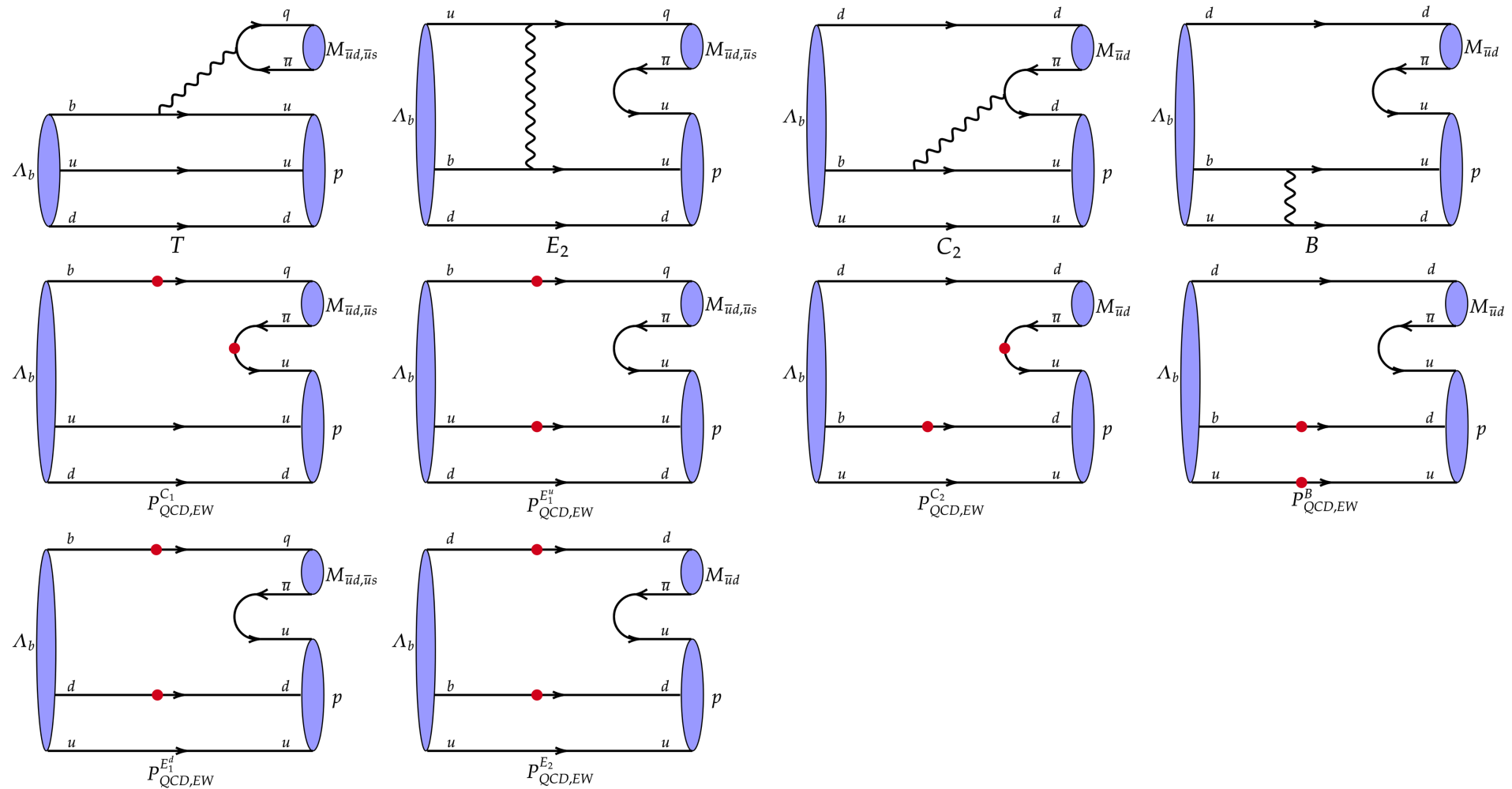
$$r = \frac{m_p}{M_{\Lambda_b}}$$



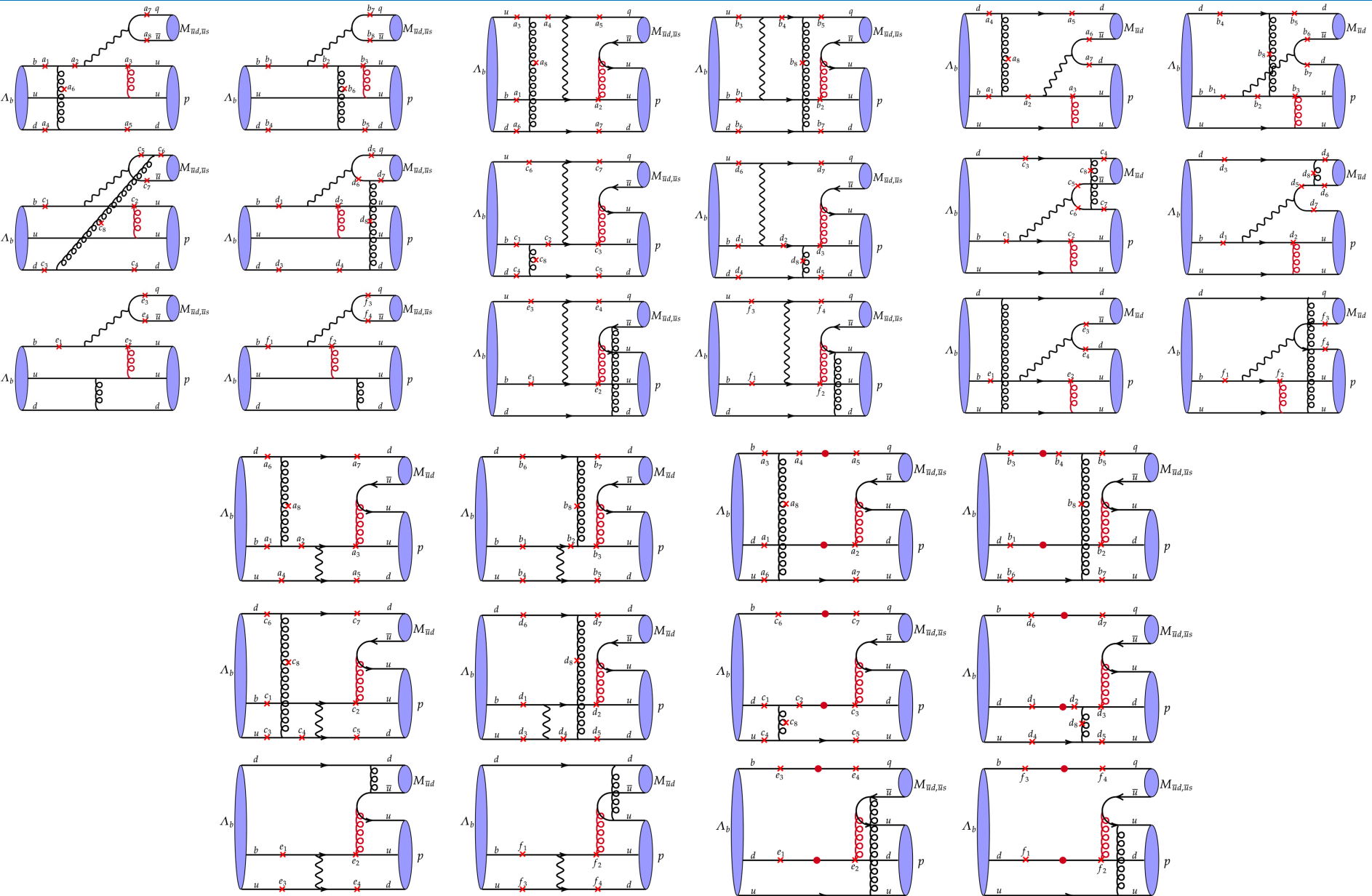
$\Lambda_b$  LCDA



# Topological diagrams



# Feynman diagrams



$$(Y_{\Lambda_b})_{\alpha\beta\gamma}(x_i, \mu) = \frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}N_c} \left\{ f_{\Lambda_b}^{(1)}(\mu) [M_1(x_2, x_3) \gamma_5 C^T]_{\gamma\beta} + f_{\Lambda_b}^{(2)}(\mu) [M_2(x_2, x_3) \gamma_5 C^T]_{\gamma\beta} \right\} [\Lambda_b(p)]_\alpha$$

$$M_1(x_2, x_3) = \frac{\not{x}_2 \not{x}_3}{4} \psi_3^{+-}(x_2, x_3) + \frac{\not{x}_2 \not{x}_3}{4} \psi_3^{-+}(x_2, x_3),$$

$$M_2(x_2, x_3) = \frac{\not{x}_2}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_2(x_2, x_3) + \frac{\not{x}_3}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_4(x_2, x_3),$$

$$\psi_2(x_2, x_3) = \frac{x_2 x_3}{\omega_0^4} m_{\Lambda_b}^4 e^{-(x_2+x_3)m_{\Lambda_b}/\omega_0},$$

$$\psi_3^{+-}(x_2, x_3) = \frac{2x_2}{\omega_0^3} m_{\Lambda_b}^3 e^{-(x_2+x_3)m_{\Lambda_b}/\omega_0},$$

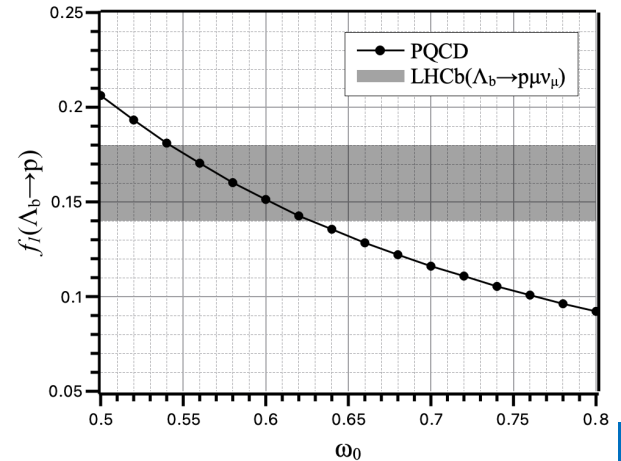
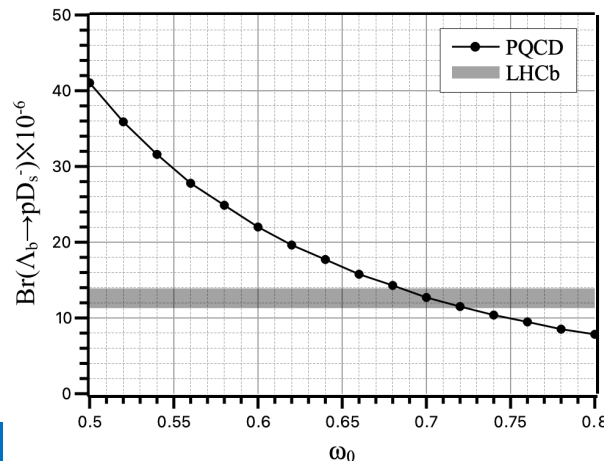
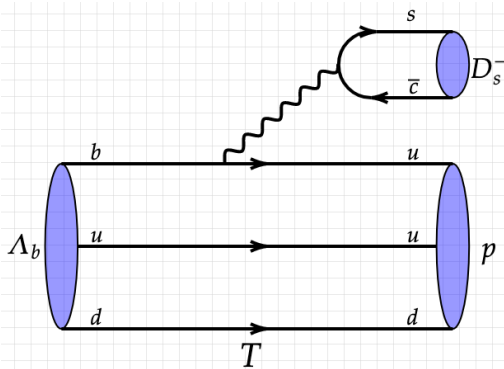
$$\psi_3^{-+}(x_2, x_3) = \frac{2x_3}{\omega_0^3} m_{\Lambda_b}^3 e^{-(x_2+x_3)m_{\Lambda_b}/\omega_0},$$

$$\psi_4(x_2, x_3) = \frac{1}{\omega_0^2} m_{\Lambda_b}^2 e^{-(x_2+x_3)m_{\Lambda_b}/\omega_0},$$

- (LHCb, 2212.12574) recently measured the branching fraction:

$$Br(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p D_s^-) = (12.6 \pm 1.3)\%$$

- This mode has only W-external emission diagram, used to determine the parameter  $\omega_0 = 0.7 \pm 0.1 \text{ GeV}$





$$\begin{aligned}
 (\bar{Y}_P)_{\alpha\beta\gamma}(x'_i, \mu) = & \frac{-1}{8\sqrt{2}N_c} \left\{ S_1 m_p C_{\beta\alpha}(\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5)_\gamma + S_2 m_p C_{\beta\alpha}(\bar{N}^- \gamma_5)_\gamma + P_1 m_p (C \gamma_5)_{\beta\alpha} \bar{N}_\gamma^+ \right. \\
 & + P_2 m_p (C \gamma_5)_{\beta\alpha} \bar{N}_\gamma^- + V_1 (C \not{P})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5)_\gamma + V_2 (C \not{P})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5)_\gamma \\
 & + V_3 \frac{m_p}{2} (C \gamma_\perp)_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5 \gamma^\perp)_\gamma + V_4 \frac{m_p}{2} (C \gamma_\perp)_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5 \gamma^\perp)_\gamma + V_5 \frac{m_p^2}{2P_z} (C \not{\epsilon})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5)_\gamma \\
 & + V_6 \frac{m_p^2}{2P_z} (C \not{\epsilon})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5)_\gamma + A_1 (C \gamma_5 \not{P})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+)_\gamma + A_2 (C \gamma_5 \not{P})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^-)_\gamma \\
 & + A_3 \frac{m_p}{2} (C \gamma_5 \gamma_\perp)_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma^\perp)_\gamma + A_4 \frac{m_p}{2} (C \gamma_5 \gamma_\perp)_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma^\perp)_\gamma + A_5 \frac{m_p^2}{2P_z} (C \gamma_5 \not{\epsilon})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+)_\gamma \\
 & + A_6 \frac{m_p^2}{2P_z} (C \gamma_5 \not{\epsilon})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^-)_\gamma - T_1 (iC \sigma_{\perp P})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5 \gamma^\perp)_\gamma - T_2 (iC \sigma_{\perp P})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5 \gamma^\perp)_\gamma \\
 & - T_3 \frac{m_p}{P_z} (iC \sigma_{Pz})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5)_\gamma - T_4 \frac{m_p}{P_z} (iC \sigma_{zP})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5)_\gamma - T_5 \frac{m_p^2}{2P_z} (iC \sigma_{\perp z})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5 \gamma^\perp)_\gamma \\
 & - T_6 \frac{m_p^2}{2P_z} (iC \sigma_{\perp z})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5 \gamma^\perp)_\gamma + T_7 \frac{m_p}{2} (C \sigma_{\perp\perp'})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^+ \gamma_5 \sigma^{\perp\perp'})_\gamma \\
 & \left. + T_8 \frac{m_p}{2} (C \sigma_{\perp\perp'})_{\beta\alpha} (\bar{N}^- \gamma_5 \sigma^{\perp\perp'})_\gamma \right\}, \tag{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

	$f_N(\text{GeV}^2)$	$\lambda_1(\text{GeV}^2)$	$\lambda_2(\text{GeV}^2)$	$V_1^d$
QCDSR(2001)[58]	$(5.3 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	$-(2.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-2}$	$(5.1 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-2}$	$0.23 \pm 0.03$
QCDSR(2006)[59]	$(5.0 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	$-(2.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-2}$	$(5.4 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-2}$	$0.23 \pm 0.03$
LQCD(2019)[51]	$(3.54 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-3}$	$-(4.49 \pm 0.42) \times 10^{-2}$	$(9.34 \pm 0.48) \times 10^{-2}$	$0.19 \pm 0.22$
	$A_1^u$	$f_1^d$	$f_2^d$	$f_1^u$
QCDSR(2001)[58]	$0.38 \pm 0.15$	$0.6 \pm 0.2$	$0.15 \pm 0.06$	$0.22 \pm 0.15$
QCDSR(2006)[59]	$0.38 \pm 0.15$	$0.4 \pm 0.05$	$0.22 \pm 0.05$	$0.07 \pm 0.05$
LQCD(2019)[51]	$0.30 \pm 0.32$	...	...	...

## ➤ $\pi/K$

$$\Phi_{\pi(K)}(q, y) = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ \gamma_5 \not{q} \phi_{\pi(K)}^A(y) + m_0^{\pi(K)} \gamma_5 \phi_{\pi(K)}^P(y) + m_0^{\pi(K)} \gamma_5 (\not{q} \not{h} - 1) \phi_{\pi(K)}^T(y) \right]$$

$$\phi_{\pi(K)}^A(y) = \frac{f_{\pi(K)}}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} 6y(1-y) \left[ 1 + a_1^{\pi(K)} C_1^{3/2}(2y-1) + a_2^{\pi(K)} C_2^{3/2}(2y-1) + a_4^{\pi(K)} C_4^{3/2}(2y-1) \right],$$

$$\phi_{\pi(K)}^P(y) = \frac{f_{\pi(K)}}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ 1 + \left( 0.45 - \frac{5}{2} \rho_{\pi(K)}^2 \right) C_2^{1/2}(2y-1) - 3 \left( -0.045 + \frac{9}{20} \rho_{\pi(K)}^2 (1 + 6a_2^{\pi(K)}) \right) C_4^{1/2}(2y-1) \right]$$

$$\phi_{\pi(K)}^T(y) = \frac{f_{\pi(K)}}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} (1-2y) \left[ 1 + 6 \left( 0.0975 - \frac{7}{20} \rho_{\pi(K)}^2 - \frac{3}{5} \rho_{\pi(K)}^2 a_2^{\pi(K)} \right) (1 - 10y + 10y^2) \right], \quad (24)$$

## ➤ $\rho/K^*$

$$\Phi_V^L(q, \epsilon_L^*, y) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ m_V \not{\epsilon}_L^* \phi_V(y) + \not{\epsilon}_L^* \not{q} \phi_V^t(y) + m_V \phi_V^s(y) \right]_{\alpha\beta},$$

$$\Phi_V^T(q, \epsilon_T^*, y) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ m_V \not{\epsilon}_T^* \phi_V^v(y) + \not{\epsilon}_T^* \not{q} \phi_V^T(y) + m_V i \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \gamma_5 \gamma^\mu \epsilon_T^{*\nu} v^\rho n^\sigma \phi_V^a(y) \right]_{\alpha\beta}, \quad (27)$$

$$\phi_V(y) = \frac{3f_V}{\sqrt{2N_c}} y(1-y) \left[ 1 + a_1^\parallel C_1^{3/2}(2y-1) + a_2^\parallel C_2^{3/2}(2y-1) \right], \quad (28)$$

$$\phi_V^T(y) = \frac{3f_V^T}{\sqrt{2N_c}} y(1-y) \left[ 1 + a_1^\perp C_1^{3/2}(2y-1) + a_2^\perp C_2^{3/2}(2y-1) \right], \quad (29)$$

$$\phi_V^t(y) = \frac{3f_V^T}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} (2y-1)^2, \quad (30)$$

$$\phi_V^s(y) = \frac{3f_V^T}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} (1-2y), \quad (31)$$

$$\phi_V^v(y) = \frac{3f_V}{8\sqrt{2N_c}} (1 + (2y-1)^2), \quad (32)$$

$$\phi_V^a(y) = \frac{3f_V}{4\sqrt{2N_c}} (1-2y), \quad (33)$$

$$\langle P | (\bar{q}q')_{V\mp A} | 0 \rangle = \pm i f_P p_\mu,$$

$$\langle P | (\bar{q}q')_{S\mp P} | 0 \rangle = \pm i f_P m_{0P},$$

$$\langle V | (\bar{q}q')_{V\mp A} | 0 \rangle = f_V m_V \epsilon_\mu^*,$$

$$\langle V | (\bar{q}q')_{S\mp P} | 0 \rangle = 0,$$

## ➤ $a_1/K_1$

$$\Phi_A^L(q, \epsilon_L^*, y) = \frac{-i}{\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ m_A \gamma_5 \not{\epsilon}_L^* \phi_A(y) + \not{\epsilon}_L^* \not{q} \gamma_5 \phi_A^t(y) + m_A \gamma_5 \phi_A^s(y) \right]_{\alpha\beta}, \quad (34)$$

$$\Phi_A^T(q, \epsilon_T^*, y) = \frac{-i}{\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ m_A \gamma_5 \not{\epsilon}_T^* \phi_A^v(y) + \not{\epsilon}_T^* \not{q} \gamma_5 \phi_A^T(y) + m_A i \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \gamma^\mu \epsilon_T^{*\nu} v^\rho n^\sigma \phi_A^a(y) \right]_{\alpha\beta}, \quad (35)$$

$$\phi_A(y) = \frac{3f_A}{\sqrt{2N_c}} y(1-y) \left[ a_{0A}^{\parallel} + 3a_{1A}^{\parallel}(2y-1) + \frac{3}{2}a_{2A}^{\parallel}(5(2y-1)^2-1) \right], \quad (36)$$

$$\phi_A^T(y) = \frac{3f_A}{\sqrt{2N_c}} y(1-y) \left[ a_{0A}^{\perp} + 3a_{1A}^{\perp}(2y-1) + \frac{3}{2}a_{2A}^{\perp}(5(2y-1)^2-1) \right]. \quad (37)$$

$$\phi_A^t(y) = \frac{f_A}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ 3a_{0A}^{\perp}(2y-1)^2 + \frac{3}{2}a_{1A}^{\perp}(2y-1)(3(2y-1)^2-1) \right], \quad (38)$$

$$\phi_A^s(y) = \frac{3f_A}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} (a_{0A}^{\perp} - a_{1A}^{\perp} - 2a_{0A}^{\perp}y + 6a_{1A}^{\perp}y - 6a_{1A}^{\perp}y^2), \quad (39)$$

$$\phi_A^v(y) = \frac{f_A}{2\sqrt{2N_c}} \left[ \frac{3}{4}a_{0A}^{\parallel}(1+(2y-1)^2) + \frac{3}{2}a_{1A}^{\parallel}(2y-1)^3 \right], \quad (40)$$

$$\phi_A^a(y) = \frac{3f_A}{4\sqrt{2N_c}} (a_{0A}^{\parallel} - a_{1A}^{\parallel} - 2a_{0A}^{\parallel}y + 6a_{1A}^{\parallel}y - 6a_{1A}^{\parallel}y^2).$$

$$\langle A | (\bar{q}q')_{V\mp A} | 0 \rangle = \mp i f_A m_A \epsilon_{\mu}^*,$$

$$\langle A | (\bar{q}q')_{S\mp P} | 0 \rangle = 0,$$

## ➤ mixing angle $\theta_{K_1} \sim 30^\circ/60^\circ$

$$\begin{pmatrix} |K_1(1270)\rangle \\ |K_1(1400)\rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta_{K_1} & \cos\theta_{K_1} \\ \cos\theta_{K_1} & -\sin\theta_{K_1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} |K_{1A}\rangle \\ |K_{1B}\rangle \end{pmatrix}$$



Results and CPV of  
 $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-, pK^-$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M} [B_i(1/2^+) \rightarrow B_f(1/2^+) + P] &= i\bar{u}_f(p_f)(f_1 + f_2\gamma_5)u_i(p_i) \\ &= i\bar{u}_f(p_f) \sum_{T,P} \lambda_{CKM}^{T,P} (S^{T,P} + P^{T,P}\gamma_5)u_i(p_i), \end{aligned}$$

$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$ S $	$\phi(S)^\circ$	Real( $S$ )	Imag( $S$ )	$ P $	$\phi(P)^\circ$	Real( $P$ )	Imag( $P$ )
$T_f$	707.17	0.00	707.17	0.00	1004.44	0.00	1004.44	0.00
$T_{nf}$	51.72	-96.64	-5.98	-51.38	267.72	-97.92	-36.90	-265.17
$T$	703.07	-4.19	701.19	-51.38	1003.22	-15.33	967.54	-265.17
$C_2$	29.37	154.96	-26.61	12.43	41.51	179.80	-41.51	0.14
$E_2$	66.94	-145.26	-55.01	-38.14	72.58	119.94	-36.23	62.89
$B$	10.40	112.64	-4.00	9.60	23.65	-122.56	-12.73	-19.93
Tree	619.26	-6.26	615.57	-67.49	904.75	-14.21	877.08	-222.06
$P_f^{C_1}$	58.44	0.00	58.44	0.00	2.90	0.00	2.90	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	1.24	-115.38	-0.53	-1.12	11.16	-95.25	-1.02	-11.11
$P^{C_1}$	57.91	-1.11	57.90	-1.12	11.27	-80.38	1.88	-11.11
$P^{C_2}$	13.36	-116.10	-5.88	-12.00	14.93	71.96	4.62	14.20
$P^{E_1^u}$	9.48	-87.62	0.39	-9.47	8.83	114.44	-3.65	8.04
$P^B$	1.36	-51.30	0.85	-1.06	1.55	-159.86	-1.46	-0.53
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	3.87	-98.18	-0.55	-3.83	1.41	-12.55	1.37	-0.31
Penguin	59.45	-27.54	52.71	-27.49	10.65	74.93	2.77	10.28

TABLE VI: Results of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$  decay.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M} [B_i(1/2^+) \rightarrow B_f(1/2^+) + P] &= i\bar{u}_f(p_f)(f_1 + f_2\gamma_5)u_i(p_i) \\ &= i\bar{u}_f(p_f) \sum_{T,P} \lambda_{CKM}^{T,P} (S^{T,P} + P^{T,P}\gamma_5)u_i(p_i), \end{aligned}$$

$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$ S $	$\phi(S)^\circ$	Real( $S$ )	Imag( $S$ )	$ P $	$\phi(P)^\circ$	Real( $P$ )	Imag( $P$ )
$T_f$	865.44	0.00	865.44	0.00	1230.64	0.00	1230.64	0.00
$T_{nf}$	53.41	-102.81	-11.84	-52.08	343.23	-96.76	-40.43	-340.84
$T$	855.18	-3.49	853.60	-52.08	1238.05	-15.98	1190.21	-340.84
$E_2$	89.06	-138.10	-66.28	-59.48	94.13	122.31	-50.31	79.56
Tree	795.18	-8.06	787.31	-111.55	1169.46	-12.91	1139.90	-261.28
$P_f^{C_1}$	76.43	0.00	76.43	0.00	3.30	180.00	-3.30	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	1.14	-134.10	-0.79	-0.82	13.85	-94.36	-1.05	-13.81
$P^{C_1}$	75.64	-0.62	75.64	-0.82	14.48	-107.50	-4.35	-13.81
$P^{E_1^u}$	11.80	-89.53	0.10	-11.80	11.02	115.62	-4.76	9.93
$P^{E_1^d}$	7.53	-101.53	-1.50	-7.38	2.67	51.53	1.66	2.09
Penguin	76.88	-15.08	74.23	-20.00	7.66	-166.53	-7.45	-1.79

TABLE VIII: Results of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-$  decay.

$$\begin{aligned} f_1(P_f^{C_1}) &= -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} f_h V_{tb} V_{td}^* \left( \frac{C_3}{3} + C_4 + \frac{C_9}{3} + C_{10} \right) + R_1^h \left( \frac{C_5}{3} + C_6 + \frac{C_7}{3} + C_8 \right) \left[ F_1(m_h^2)(M_{\Lambda_b} - M_p) + F_3(m_h^2)m_h^2 \right] \\ f_2(P_f^{C_1}) &= -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} f_h V_{tb} V_{td}^* \left( \frac{C_3}{3} + C_4 + \frac{C_9}{3} + C_{10} \right) - R_2^h \left( \frac{C_5}{3} + C_6 + \frac{C_7}{3} + C_8 \right) \left[ G_1(m_h^2)(M_{\Lambda_b} + M_p) - G_3(m_h^2)m_h^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

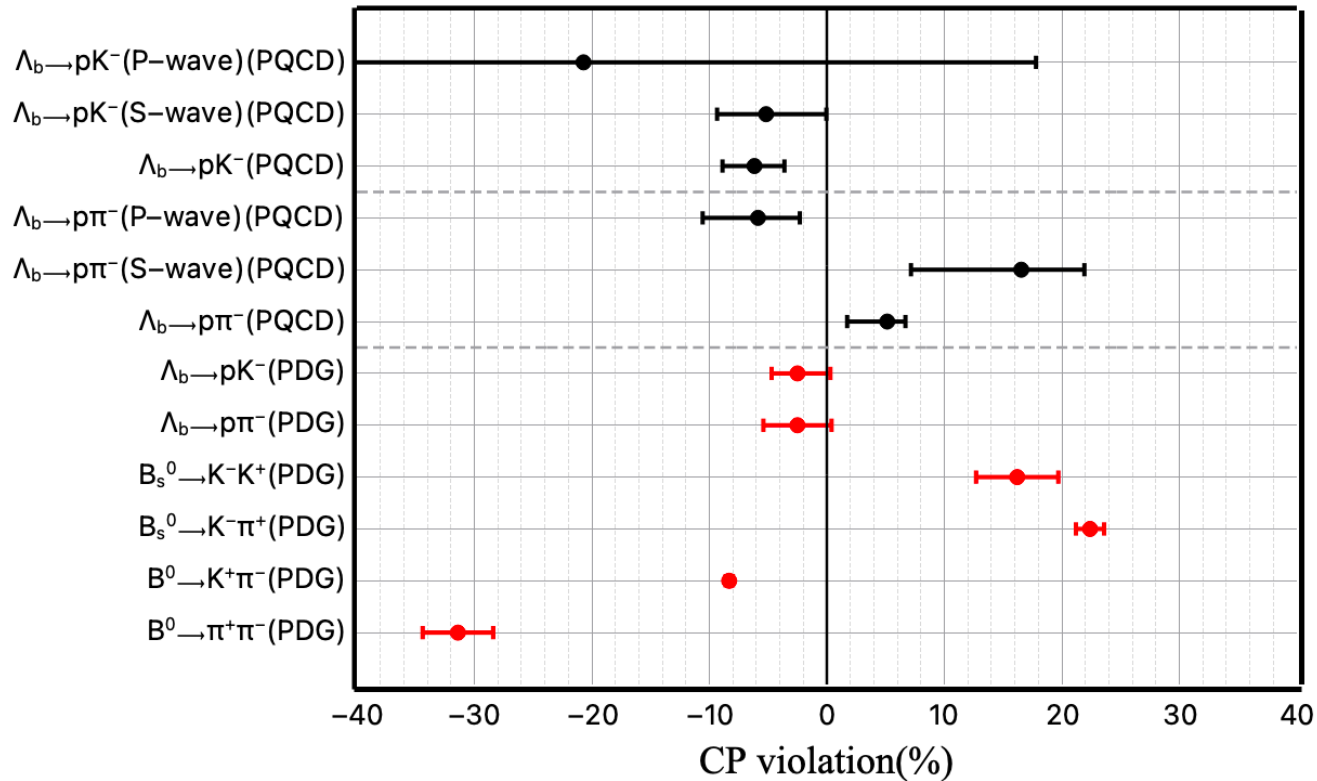
$$A_{CP}^{dir} = \frac{-2A|f_1^T|^2 r_1 \sin\Delta\phi \sin\Delta\delta_1 - 2B|f_2^T|^2 r_2 \sin\Delta\phi \sin\Delta\delta_2}{A|f_1^T|^2(1 + r_1^2 + 2r_1 \cos\Delta\phi \cos\Delta\delta_1) + B|f_2^T|^2(1 + r_2^2 + 2r_2 \cos\Delta\phi \cos\Delta\delta_2)}$$

	$Br(\times 10^{-6})$	$A_{CP}^{dir}$	$A_{CP}^S$	$A_{CP}^P$			
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$3.34_{-1.71}^{+2.89}$	$0.0514_{-0.0341}^{+0.0155}$	0.1655	-0.0586			
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-$	$2.83_{-1.59}^{+3.33}$	$-0.0616_{-0.0207}^{+0.0255}$	-0.0517	-0.2071			
	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$\gamma$				
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	-0.9378	0.3351	0.0905				
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-$	0.2348	-0.3850	0.8926				
	$a_{CP}^\alpha$	$a_{CP}^\beta$	$a_{CP}^\gamma$	$\langle\alpha\rangle$	$\langle\beta\rangle$	$\langle\gamma\rangle$	
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	0.0241	0.2166	0.1123	-0.9620	0.1185	-0.0219	
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-$	0.0382	-0.4391	0.0186	0.1966	0.0541	0.8740	

TABLE X: Observables for the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-, pK^-$  decays.



# CPV of $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-, pK^-$



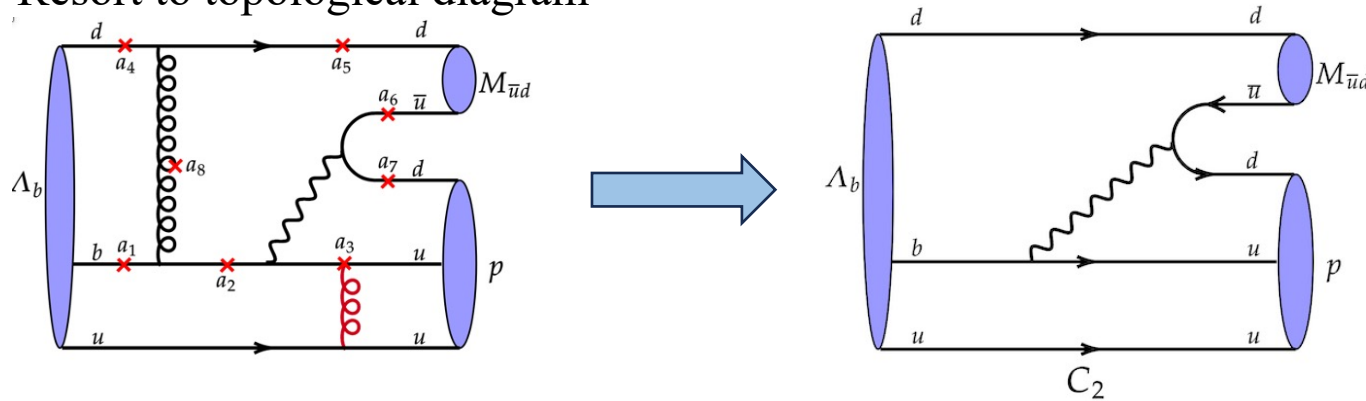
	PDG	GFA (Hsiao, Yao, Geng, 2017)	QCDF (Zhu, Ke, Wei, 2018)	PQCD(hybrid) (Lü, Wang, et.al., 2009)	LFQM (Geng, Liu, Tsai, 2021)	LCSR (Jiang, et.al., 2022)
$Br(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) \times 10^{-6}$	$4.5 \pm 0.8$	$4.25^{+1.40}_{-1.05}$	$4.3^{+0.27}_{-0.19}$	$5.21^{+2.47}_{-1.93}$	$4.18 \pm 0.34$	5.94
$Br(\Lambda \rightarrow pK^-) \times 10^{-6}$	$5.4 \pm 1.0$	$4.49^{+1.06}_{-0.75}$	$2.17^{+0.98}_{-0.47}$	$2.02^{+0.96}_{-1.25}$	$5.76 \pm 0.91$	6.50
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-) \%$	$-2.5 \pm 2.9$	$-3.9 \pm 0.4$	$-3.4 \pm 0.4$	$-31^{+42}_{-1}$	$-3.6 \pm 0.20$	-1.8
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-) \%$	$-2.5 \pm 2.2$	$6.7 \pm 0.4$	$10.1 \pm 2.0$	$-5^{+26}_{-5}$	$6.36 \pm 0.28$	-0.1

# Signs between S- and P-wave

## ➤ PQCD approach

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A} &= \langle M_2 M_3 | \mathcal{H} | B \rangle \\ &\sim \int \frac{d^4 k_1}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{d^4 k_2}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{d^4 k_3}{(2\pi)^4} \Psi_B(k_1, \mu) \Psi_2(k_2, \mu) \Psi_3(k_3, \mu) \cdot H(k_1, k_2, k_3, \mu) C_i(\mu) \\ &\sim \int_0^1 dx_2 dx_3 \int \frac{d^2 k_{1T}}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{d^2 k_{2T}}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{d^2 k_{3T}}{(2\pi)^2} \phi_B(x_1, k_{1T}, \mu) \phi_2(x_2, k_{2T}, \mu) \phi_3(x_3, k_{3T}, \mu) \cdot H(x_1, x_2, x_3, k_{1T}, k_{2T}, k_{3T}, \mu) C_i(\mu) \end{aligned}$$

## ➤ Resort to topological diagram



$$\mathcal{A} \sim \bar{N} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \phi_\pi \phi_{\Lambda_b} \phi_p \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \Lambda_b$$

$$\phi_\pi = \not{p} \gamma_5, \quad \phi_{\Lambda_b} = \not{p} \gamma_5, \quad \phi_p = \not{p}' \rightarrow$$

$$\sim \bar{N} (\not{p} - \not{p}') (1 - \gamma_5) \Lambda_b$$

$$\sim \bar{N} [(M_{\Lambda_b} - m_p) + (M_{\Lambda_b} + m_p) \gamma_5] \Lambda_b$$

# Signs between S- and P-wave hard kernels

“+” means S- and P-wave have same signs

“-” means S- and P-wave have opposite signs

Pion twist2	proton			
	twist3	twist4	twist5	twist6
$\Lambda_b$ twist2	+	-	+	-
$\Lambda_b$ twist3	-	+	-	+
$\Lambda_b$ twist4	+	-	+	-

Pion twist3	proton			
	twist3	twist4	twist5	twist6
$\Lambda_b$ twist2	-	+	-	+
$\Lambda_b$ twist3	+	-	+	-
$\Lambda_b$ twist4	-	+	-	+

Results and CPVs of  
 $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-, pK^{*-}$

# Results of $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-, pK^{*-}$

Invariant amplitudes

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{M}^L [B_i(1/2^+) \rightarrow B_f(1/2^+) + V] = \bar{u}_f(p_f) \epsilon_L^{*\mu} \left[ A_1^L \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 + A_2^L \frac{(p_f)_\mu}{m_i} \gamma_5 + B_1^L \gamma_\mu + B_2^L \frac{(p_f)_\mu}{m_i} \right] u_i(p_i), \\ \mathcal{M}^T [B_i(1/2^+) \rightarrow B_f(1/2^+) + V] = \bar{u}_f(p_f) \epsilon_T^{*\mu} [A_1^T \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 + B_1^T \gamma_\mu] u_i(p_i). \end{array} \right.$$

Partial wave amplitudes

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S^T = -A_1^T, \\ S^L = -A_1^L, \\ P_1 = -\frac{p_c}{E_V} \left( \frac{m_i + m_f}{E_f + m_f} B_1^L + B_2^L \right), \\ P_2 = \frac{p_c}{E_f + m_f} B_1^T, \\ D = -\frac{p_c^2}{E_V(E_f + m_f)} (A_1^L - A_2^L). \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Gamma(1/2^+ \rightarrow 1/2^+ + V) = \frac{p_c}{4\pi} \frac{E_f + m_f}{m_i} \left\{ 2(|S|^2 + |P_2|^2) + \frac{E_V^2}{m_V^2} (|S + D|^2 + |P_1|^2) \right\}$$

Helicity amplitudes

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} H_{1/2,1} = -M_+ A_1^T - M_- B_1^T, \\ H_{-1/2,-1} = M_+ A_1^T - M_- B_1^T, \\ H_{1/2,0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}m_V} [M_+(m_i - m_f)A_1^L - M_- p_c A_2^L + M_-(m_i + m_f)B_1^L + M_+ p_c B_2^L], \\ H_{-1/2,0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}m_V} [-M_+(m_i - m_f)A_1^L + M_- p_c A_2^L + M_-(m_i + m_f)B_1^L + M_+ p_c B_2^L]. \end{array} \right.$$

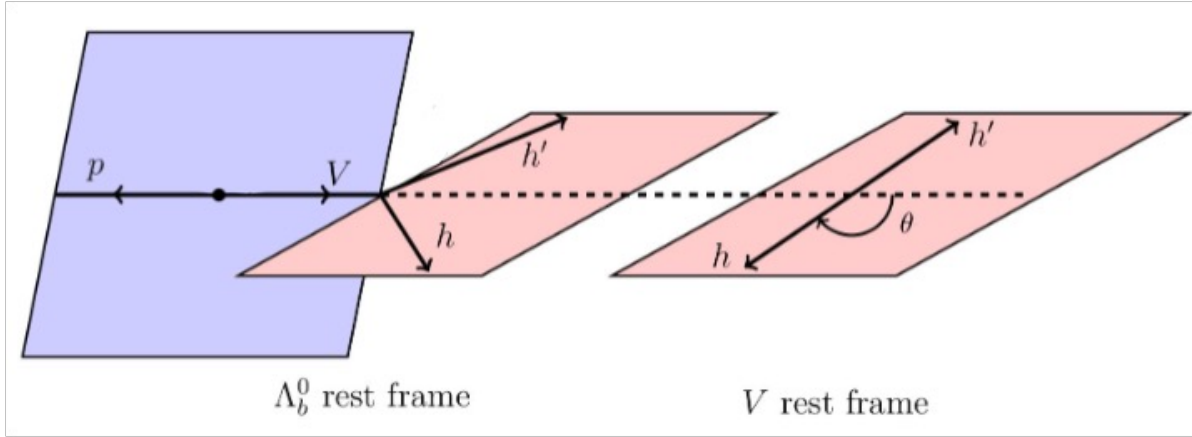
$$\mathcal{B} = \frac{p_c \tau_{\Lambda_b}}{8\pi m_i^2} (|H_{1/2,1}|^2 + |H_{-1/2,-1}|^2 + |H_{1/2,0}|^2 + |H_{-1/2,0}|^2).$$

Koener, Kramer, 1992  
Cheng, 1996



	$\text{Real}(A_1^L)$	$\text{Imag}(A_1^L)$	$\text{Real}(B_1^L)$	$\text{Imag}(B_1^L)$	$\text{Real}(A_2^L)$	$\text{Imag}(A_2^L)$	$\text{Real}(B_2^L)$	$\text{Imag}(B_2^L)$	$\text{Real}(A_1^T)$	$\text{Imag}(A_1^T)$	$\text{Real}(B_1^T)$	$\text{Imag}(B_1^T)$
$T_f$	-162.20	0.00	222.31	0.00	58.98	0.00	-64.57	0.00	-162.20	0.00	222.31	0.00
$T_{nf}$	5.05	8.83	0.64	-17.28	-15.58	-172.86	-6.32	-25.32	1.52	-6.01	4.19	1.28
$T$	-157.15	8.83	222.95	-17.28	43.40	-172.86	-70.90	-25.32	-160.68	-6.01	226.51	1.28
$C'$	91.63	58.69	118.67	115.65	206.61	163.16	-209.59	-180.04	25.15	73.11	19.06	128.59
$E_2$	-23.49	197.98	41.40	-284.37	-67.94	529.91	-74.14	486.93	-29.91	182.78	44.33	-251.50
$B$	-4.74	-2.65	-13.35	9.86	-12.43	-4.05	13.59	-21.22	-5.47	-8.45	-10.04	-4.43
Tree	-93.75	262.86	369.67	-176.14	169.64	516.17	-341.04	260.36	-170.92	241.42	279.86	-126.06
$P_f^{C_1}$	-6.80	0.00	9.33	0.00	2.45	0.00	-2.66	0.00	-6.80	0.00	9.33	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	0.19	0.63	0.42	-1.04	-0.45	-4.76	-0.57	-0.21	-0.71	-3.67	1.27	5.27
$P^{C_1}$	-6.61	0.63	9.74	-1.04	2.00	-4.76	-3.23	-0.21	-7.50	-3.67	10.60	5.27
$P^{C_2}$	4.55	-1.89	2.37	8.63	7.32	-9.69	-2.56	-9.65	1.32	2.65	-0.20	2.89
$P^{E_1^u}$	0.27	11.50	-0.99	-16.74	1.04	31.64	0.93	24.60	-0.85	8.45	0.64	-12.45
$P^B$	-1.46	0.22	-0.39	-0.24	-4.45	0.09	0.87	-0.02	-1.24	-0.48	0.45	-0.71
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	0.46	5.02	1.75	-23.57	1.97	14.30	-3.22	38.37	0.71	5.17	0.23	-12.35
Penguin	-2.80	15.47	12.49	-32.96	7.89	31.59	-7.22	53.08	-7.57	12.12	11.71	-17.36
	$ A_1^L $	$\phi(A_1^L)^\circ$	$ B_1^L $	$\phi(B_1^L)^\circ$	$ A_2^L $	$\phi(A_2^L)^\circ$	$ B_2^L $	$\phi(B_2^L)^\circ$	$ A_1^T $	$\phi(A_1^T)^\circ$	$ B_1^T $	$\phi(B_1^T)^\circ$
$T_f$	162.20	180.00	222.31	0.00	58.98	0.00	64.57	180.00	162.20	180.00	222.31	0.00
$T_{nf}$	10.18	60.24	17.29	-87.87	173.56	-95.15	26.10	-104.03	6.20	-75.84	4.38	16.92
$T$	157.39	176.78	223.62	-4.43	178.22	-75.91	75.28	-160.35	160.79	-177.86	226.51	0.32
$C'$	108.81	32.64	165.70	44.26	263.27	38.30	276.30	-139.34	77.31	71.02	130.00	81.57
$E_2$	199.37	96.77	287.37	-81.72	534.25	97.31	492.54	98.66	185.21	99.29	255.38	-80.00
$B$	5.43	-150.82	16.60	143.55	13.07	-161.96	25.19	-57.36	10.07	-122.92	10.97	-156.19
Tree	279.08	109.63	409.49	-25.48	543.33	71.81	429.06	142.64	295.80	125.30	306.95	-24.25
$P_f^{C_1}$	6.80	180.00	9.33	0.00	2.45	0.00	2.66	180.00	6.80	180.00	9.33	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	0.66	73.47	1.12	-68.10	4.78	-95.43	0.61	-159.74	3.74	-100.92	5.42	76.46
$P^{C_1}$	6.64	174.56	9.80	-6.06	5.16	-67.20	3.24	-176.28	8.35	-153.95	11.83	26.43
$P^{C_2}$	4.92	-22.61	8.95	74.64	12.14	-52.92	9.99	-104.88	2.96	63.52	2.89	93.99
$P^{E_1^u}$	11.51	88.68	16.77	-93.38	31.66	88.11	24.61	87.84	8.49	95.75	12.47	-87.06
$P^B$	1.48	171.53	0.45	-148.68	4.45	178.88	0.87	-1.16	1.33	-158.77	0.84	-57.76
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	5.04	84.78	23.64	-85.75	14.44	82.15	38.51	94.79	5.22	82.23	12.35	-88.94
Penguin	15.72	100.26	35.25	-69.24	32.56	75.97	53.57	97.74	14.29	122.00	20.94	-55.99

TABLE XIII: Invariant amplitudes of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-$  decay.



$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{W}(\theta) &\propto |H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2 + |H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2 + (2|H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + 2|H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 - |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2 - |H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2)P_2 \\
&\propto 1 + \frac{2|H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + 2|H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 - |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2 - |H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2}{|H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2 + |H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2} P_2 \\
&\propto 1 + \mathcal{J} \cdot P_2
\end{aligned} \tag{83}$$

where  $P_2 = (3\cos^2\theta - 1)/2$  is the Legendre polynomial.

$$a_{CP}^{\mathcal{J}} = \frac{\mathcal{J} - \bar{\mathcal{J}}}{2} \tag{84}$$

$$\langle \mathcal{J} \rangle = \frac{\mathcal{J} + \bar{\mathcal{J}}}{2} \tag{85}$$

Wang, Qin, Yu, in progress

# CPVs of $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-, pK^{*-}$

	$Br(\times 10^{-6})$	$A_{CP}^{dir}$			
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-$	$9.66^{+7.28}_{-4.85}$	$0.0305^{+0.0271}_{-0.0540}$			
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^{*-}$	$2.82^{+1.97}_{-1.97}$	$-0.0513^{+0.0963}_{-0.1631}$			
	$A_{CP}^{S^T}$	$A_{CP}^{S^L+D}$	$A_{CP}^{P_1}$	$A_{CP}^{P_2}$	
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-$	0.0137	0.0190	0.0319	0.1747	
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^{*-}$	-0.1524	0.2732	-0.2261	-0.1422	
	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$\gamma$	$\Lambda$	$\mathcal{J}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-$	-0.8332	-0.9809	-0.1069	-0.9641	$1.6588^{+0.0616}_{-0.0720}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^{*-}$	-1.0000	-0.8981	-0.1245	-0.9093	$1.6679^{+0.0439}_{-0.2302}$
	$a_{CP}^\alpha$	$a_{CP}^\beta$	$a_{CP}^\gamma$	$a_{CP}^\Lambda$	$a_{CP}^\mathcal{J}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-$	-0.0081	0.0046	-0.1013	0.0039	$-0.0132^{+0.0141}_{-0.0152}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^{*-}$	-0.0002	-0.0159	-0.1398	-0.0126	$0.0356^{+0.0603}_{-0.0772}$
	$\langle\alpha\rangle$	$\langle\beta\rangle$	$\langle\gamma\rangle$	$\langle\Lambda\rangle$	$\langle\mathcal{J}\rangle$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-$	-0.8251	-0.9855	-0.0056	-0.9680	$1.6720^{+0.0589}_{-0.0714}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^{*-}$	-0.9997	-0.8821	0.0154	-0.8967	$1.6323^{+0.0519}_{-0.2133}$

TABLE XI: Observables for the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\rho^-, pK^{*-}$  decays.

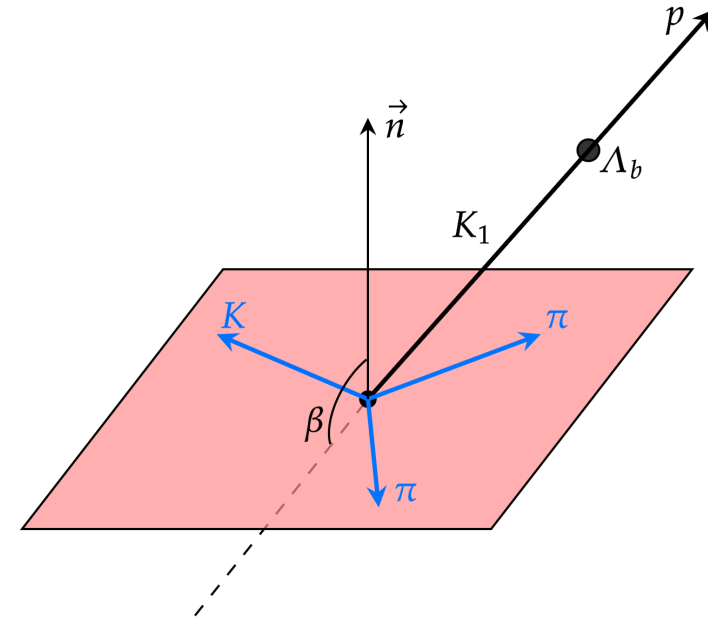
Results and CPVs of  
 $\Lambda_b \rightarrow pa_1, pK_1(1270), pK_1(1400)$

# Results of $\Lambda_b \rightarrow pa_1, pK_1$

$$\frac{dN}{d\Omega} \propto \frac{3}{4} \frac{(|H_{1/2,1}|^2 + |H_{-1/2,-1}|^2) \frac{1+\cos^2\beta}{2} + (|H_{1/2,0}|^2 + |H_{-1/2,0}|^2) \sin^2\beta}{|H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2 + |H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2} + \frac{3R_1^-}{4R_1^+} \frac{(|H_{1/2,1}|^2 - |H_{-1/2,-1}|^2) \cos\beta}{|H_{\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},0}|^2 + |H_{-\frac{1}{2},-1}|^2 + |H_{\frac{1}{2},1}|^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{UD} &= \frac{\Gamma(\cos\beta > 0) - \Gamma(\cos\beta < 0)}{\Gamma(\cos\beta > 0) + \Gamma(\cos\beta < 0)} \\ &= \frac{3R_1^-}{4R_1^+} \frac{(|H_{1/2,1}|^2 - |H_{-1/2,-1}|^2)}{(|H_{1/2,1}|^2 + |H_{-1/2,-1}|^2 + |H_{1/2,0}|^2 + |H_{-1/2,0}|^2)} \\ &= \frac{3R_1^-}{4R_1^+} \cdot a_{UD} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{CP}^{UD} = \frac{A_{UD} + \bar{A}_{UD}}{A_{UD} - \bar{A}_{UD}}$$



Wang, Qin, Yu, in progress



	$Br(\times 10^{-6})$	$A_{CP}^{dir}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pa_1^-(1260)$	$11.06^{+9.30}_{-5.45}$	$-0.0099^{+0.0443}_{-0.0260}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	$5.48^{+4.82}_{-2.69}$	$0.0870^{+0.0801}_{-0.0511}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	$1.25^{+0.94}_{-0.57}$	$0.0554^{+0.0701}_{-0.1050}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	$6.28^{+5.22}_{-2.96}$	$0.0736^{+0.0466}_{-0.0614}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	$0.53^{+0.62}_{-0.40}$	$0.0822^{+0.1892}_{-0.1456}$

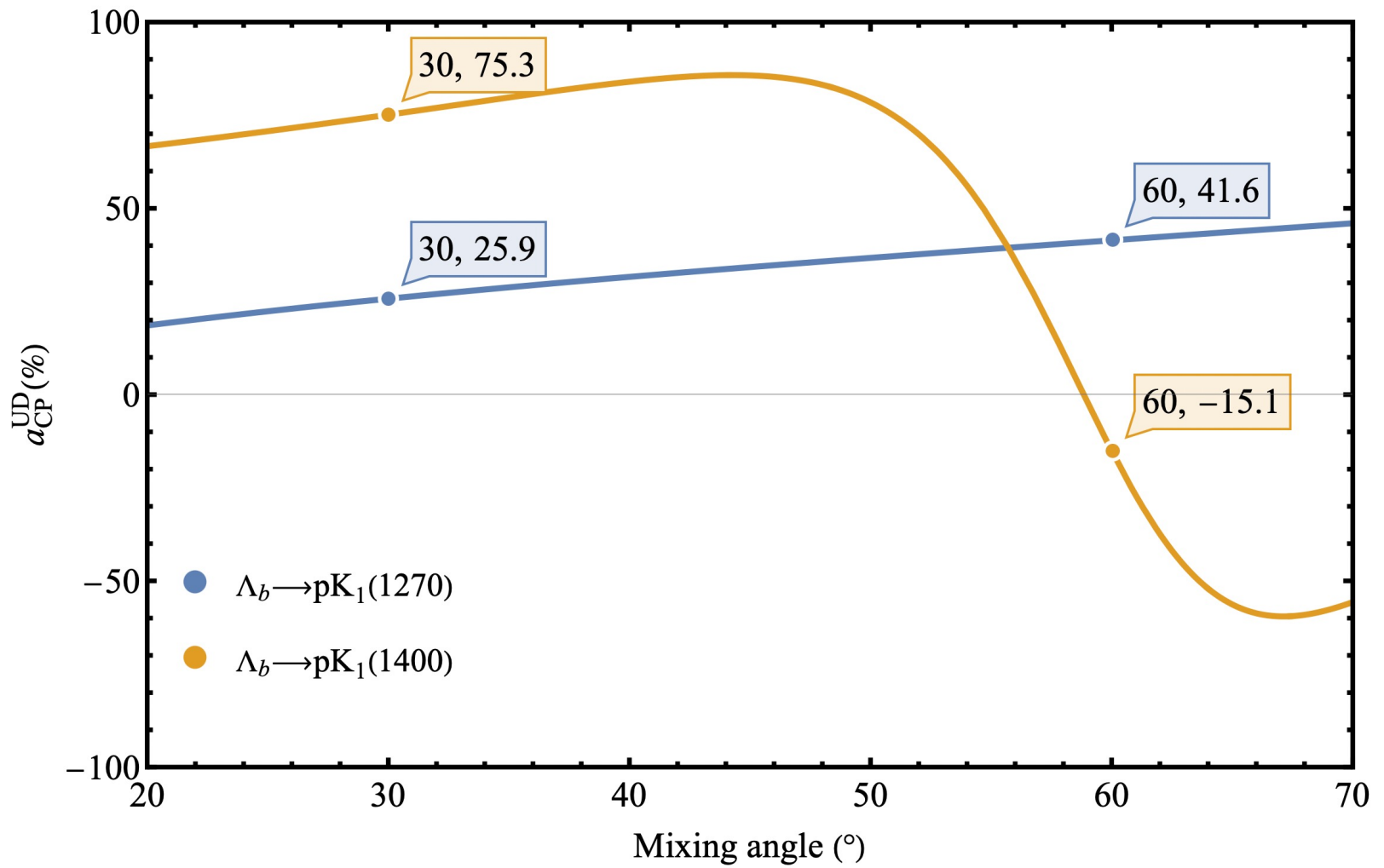
$$\begin{pmatrix} |K_1(1270)\rangle \\ |K_1(1400)\rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta_{K_1} & \cos\theta_{K_1} \\ \cos\theta_{K_1} & -\sin\theta_{K_1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} |K_{1A}\rangle \\ |K_{1B}\rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

$\theta_K \sim 30^\circ/60^\circ$

	$A_{CP}^{S^T}$	$A_{CP}^{S^L+D}$	$A_{CP}^{P_1}$	$A_{CP}^{P_2}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pa_1^-(1260)$	-0.2209	-0.1081	0.1820	-0.2399
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	0.3447	-0.1078	0.1874	0.3320
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	0.7103	0.8134	-0.4147	0.7796
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	0.4567	0.0604	-0.0669	0.4621
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	0.0687	-0.8204	0.5230	-0.2789

	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$\gamma$	$\Lambda$	$a_{UD}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pa_1^-(1260)$	-0.8638	-0.9784	-0.1040	-0.9661	$-0.0928^{+0.0218}_{-0.0222}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	-0.9999	-0.9870	-0.2376	-0.9895	$-0.1920^{+0.0358}_{-0.0362}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	-0.9965	-0.1489	-0.6115	-0.4712	$-0.3790^{+0.1284}_{-0.1296}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	-0.9996	-0.9452	-0.3178	-0.9583	$-0.2411^{+0.0537}_{-0.0543}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	-0.9599	-0.0137	-0.0459	-0.0568	$-0.0438^{+0.0300}_{-0.0593}$

	$a_{CP}^\alpha$	$a_{CP}^\beta$	$a_{CP}^\gamma$	$a_{CP}^\Lambda$	$a_{CP}^{UD}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pa_1^-(1260)$	0.0164	-0.0060	-0.1432	-0.0057	$-0.2402^{+0.0753}_{-0.1277}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	-0.0000	-0.0034	-0.1825	-0.0035	$0.2589^{+0.0395}_{-0.1017}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 30^\circ)$	-0.0119	0.0667	-0.3385	-0.0727	$0.7213^{+0.1612}_{-0.2606}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1270)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	-0.0001	0.0032	-0.2166	-0.0009	$0.3993^{+0.0415}_{-0.0862}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK_1^-(1400)(\theta_K = 60^\circ)$	-0.0045	-0.2614	-0.0572	-0.2338	$-0.1878^{+0.1981}_{-0.3277}$



PQCD applied to baryon decays well

High power contributions are important in baryon

Half-integer spin of baryon, different partial wave amplitudes, different dynamics

Cancellation of partial wave CPV is found, and tested in  $\Lambda_b$  decays

Small direct CPVs of  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi, pK$  are well explained

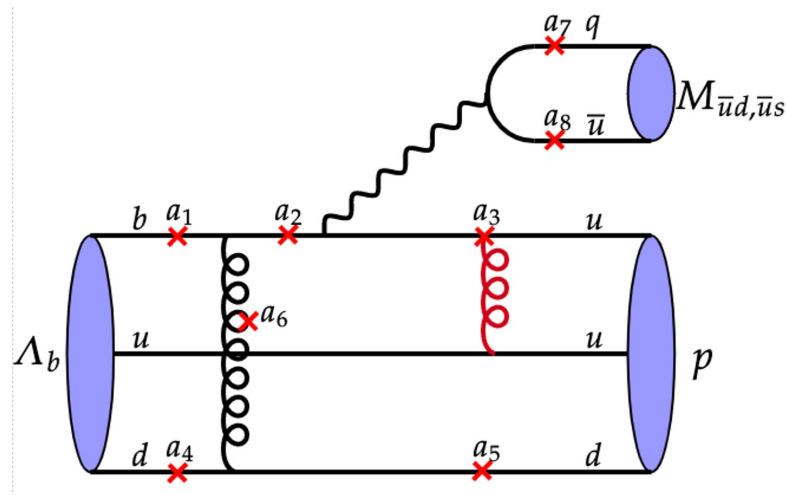
Our PQCD calculation have No conflict with known measurements

CPVs and asymmetry observables of  $\Lambda_b$  decays are proposed and predicted

We strongly suggest to measure the  $a_{CP}^{UD}$  and direct CPV in  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK\pi\pi, p\pi\pi\pi$  modes !

Backup

- Baryon is different !
- Factorization: heavy-to-light form factor is **factorizable at leading power** in SCET and **no end-point singularity** appears! (Wang,2011)
 
$$\xi_{\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda} = f_{\Lambda_b} \Phi_{\Lambda_b}(x_i) \otimes J(x_i, y_i) \otimes f_{\Lambda} \Phi_{\Lambda}(y_i)$$
- However, the leading-power results is one order smaller
  - Leading-power:  $\xi_{\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda}(0) = -0.012$ (Wang,2011)
  - Total form factor:  $\xi_{\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda}(0) = 0.18$ (Shen,Wang,2016)
- Two hard gluons suppressed by  $\alpha_s^2$  at leading power, compared to the soft contribution in the power correction





# $\Lambda_b$ two-body decays

$$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p M_{\bar{u}q} (q = d, s)$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{eff} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ V_{ub}V_{uq}^* [C_1(\mu)O_1^u(\mu) + C_2(\mu)O_2^u(\mu)] - V_{tb}V_{tq}^* \left[ \sum_{i=3}^{10} C_i(\mu)O_i(\mu) \right] \right\}$$

$$O_1^u = (\bar{u}_\alpha b_\beta)_{V-A} (\bar{q}_\beta u_\alpha)_{V-A},$$

$$O_2^u = (\bar{u}_\alpha b_\alpha)_{V-A} (\bar{q}_\beta u_\beta)_{V-A},$$

$$O_3 = (\bar{q}_\alpha b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\beta q'_\beta)_{V-A},$$

$$O_4 = (\bar{q}_\beta b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\alpha q'_\beta)_{V-A},$$

$$O_5 = (\bar{q}_\alpha b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\beta q'_\beta)_{V+A},$$

$$O_6 = (\bar{q}_\beta b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\alpha q'_\beta)_{V+A},$$

$$O_7 = \frac{3}{2} (\bar{q}_\alpha b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} e_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\beta q'_\beta)_{V+A},$$

$$O_8 = \frac{3}{2} (\bar{q}_\beta b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} e_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\alpha q'_\beta)_{V+A},$$

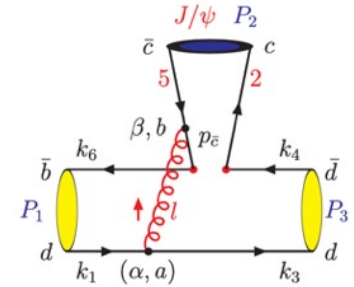
$$O_9 = \frac{3}{2} (\bar{q}_\alpha b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} e_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\beta q'_\beta)_{V-A},$$

$$O_{10} = \frac{3}{2} (\bar{q}_\beta b_\alpha)_{V-A} \sum_{q'} e_{q'} (\bar{q}'_\alpha q'_\beta)_{V-A},$$

Factorization hypothesis:

$$\mathcal{A} = \langle M_2 M_3 | \mathcal{H} | B \rangle$$

$$\sim \int \frac{d^4 k_1}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{d^4 k_2}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{d^4 k_3}{(2\pi)^4} \Psi_B(k_1, \mu) \Psi_2(k_2, \mu) \Psi_3(k_3, \mu) \cdot H(k_1, k_2, k_3, \mu) C_i(\mu)$$



➤ Collinear factorization, transverse momentum  $k_T$  is ignored

- endpoint singularity,  $\frac{1}{x_i(1-x_i)^2} \xrightarrow{x_i, j \rightarrow 0, 1} \infty$

$$\mathcal{A} \sim \int_0^1 dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 \phi_1(x_1, \mu) \phi_2(x_2, \mu) \phi_3(x_3, \mu) H(x_1, x_2, x_3, \mu, \alpha_s(x_i, \mu)) C_i(\mu)$$

➤ PQCD approach, based on  $k_T$  factorization, retain transverse momentum  $k_T$

- propagators  $\sim \frac{1}{x_i(1-x_i)^2 + |k_{iT}|^2}$

$$\mathcal{A} = \langle M_2 M_3 | \mathcal{H} | B \rangle$$

$$\sim \int \frac{d^4 k_1}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{d^4 k_2}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{d^4 k_3}{(2\pi)^4} \Psi_B(k_1, \mu) \Psi_2(k_2, \mu) \Psi_3(k_3, \mu) \cdot H(k_1, k_2, k_3, \mu) C_i(\mu)$$

$$\sim \int_0^1 dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 \int \frac{d^2 k_{1T}}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{d^2 k_{2T}}{(2\pi)^2} \frac{d^2 k_{3T}}{(2\pi)^2} \phi_B(x_1, k_{1T}, \mu) \phi_2(x_2, k_{2T}, \mu) \phi_3(x_3, k_{3T}, \mu) \cdot H(x_1, x_2, x_3, k_{1T}, k_{2T}, k_{3T}, \mu) C_i(\mu)$$

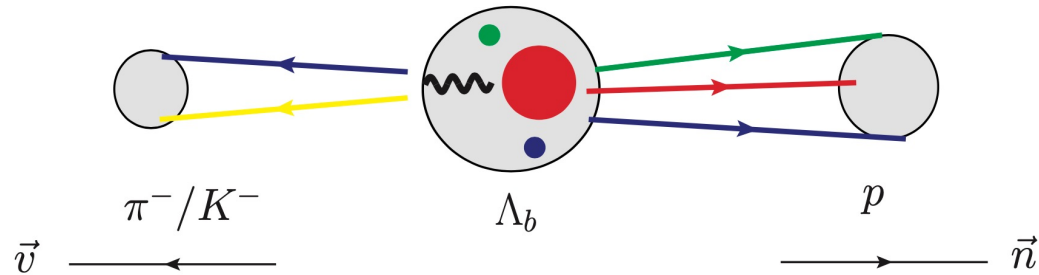
- After resummation, Sudakov factors to suppress contribution from small  $k_T$

Sterman, Hsiang-nan Li, 1995~2000

$$\langle N(p', s') | \bar{u} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) b | \Lambda_b(p, s) \rangle = \bar{N}(p', s') (f_1 \gamma_\mu - i f_2 \sigma_{\mu\nu} q^\nu + f_3 q_\mu) \Lambda_b(p, s) - \bar{N}(p', s') (g_1 \gamma_\mu - i g_2 \sigma_{\mu\nu} q^\nu + g_3 q_\mu) \gamma_5 \Lambda_b(p, s)$$

$f_1$	proton Twist-3	proton Twist-4	proton Twist-5	proton Twist-6	Total
Exponential					
Twist-2 $\Lambda_b$	0.0007	-0.00007	-0.0005	-0.000003	0.0001
Twist-3 <sup>+-</sup> $\Lambda_b$	-0.0001	0.002	0.0004	-0.000004	0.002
Twist-3 <sup>-+</sup> $\Lambda_b$	-0.0002	0.0060	0.000004	0.00007	0.006
Twist-4 $\Lambda_b$	0.01	0.00009	0.25	0.0000007	0.26
Total	0.01	0.008	0.25	0.00007	0.27±0.09±0.07

	$f_1(0)$	$f_2(0)$	$g_1(0)$	$g_2(0)$
NRQM [78]	0.043			
Heavy-LCSR [50]	0.023 <sup>+0.006</sup> <sub>-0.005</sub>		0.023 <sup>+0.006</sup> <sub>-0.005</sub>	
Light-LCSR-A [79]	0.14 <sup>+0.03</sup> <sub>-0.03</sub>	-0.054 <sup>+0.016</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub>	0.14 <sup>+0.03</sup> <sub>-0.03</sub>	-0.028 <sup>+0.012</sup> <sub>-0.009</sub>
Light-LCSR-P [79]	0.12 <sup>+0.03</sup> <sub>-0.04</sub>	-0.047 <sup>+0.015</sup> <sub>-0.013</sub>	0.12 <sup>+0.03</sup> <sub>-0.03</sub>	-0.016 <sup>+0.007</sup> <sub>-0.005</sub>
QCD-light-LCSR [80]	0.018	-0.028	0.018	-0.028
HQET-light-LCSR [80]	-0.002	-0.015		
Relativistic quark model [81]	0.169	0.009	0.196	-0.00004
3-point QSR [49]	0.22	0.0071		
Lattice [47]	0.22±0.08	0.04±0.12	0.12±0.14	0.04±0.31
PQCD [31]	2.2 <sup>+0.8</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub> × 10 <sup>-3</sup>			
This work (exponential)	0.27±0.12	0.008±0.005	0.31±0.16	0.014±0.008
This work (free parton)	0.24±0.10	0.007±0.004	0.27±0.13	0.014±0.010



$$p_i = \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}(1, 1, \mathbf{0}_T),$$

$$p_f = \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}(\eta^+, \eta^-, \mathbf{0}_T),$$

$$q = p_i - p_f = \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}(1 - \eta^+, 1 - \eta^-, \mathbf{0}_T),$$

$$k_1 = \left(\frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T}\right),$$

$$k_2 = \left(0, \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}\right),$$

$$k_3 = \left(0, \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}x_3, \mathbf{k}_{3T}\right),$$

$$k'_1 = \left(\frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}\eta^+x'_1, 0, \mathbf{k}'_{1T}\right),$$

$$k'_2 = \left(\frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}\eta^+x'_2, 0, \mathbf{k}'_{2T}\right),$$

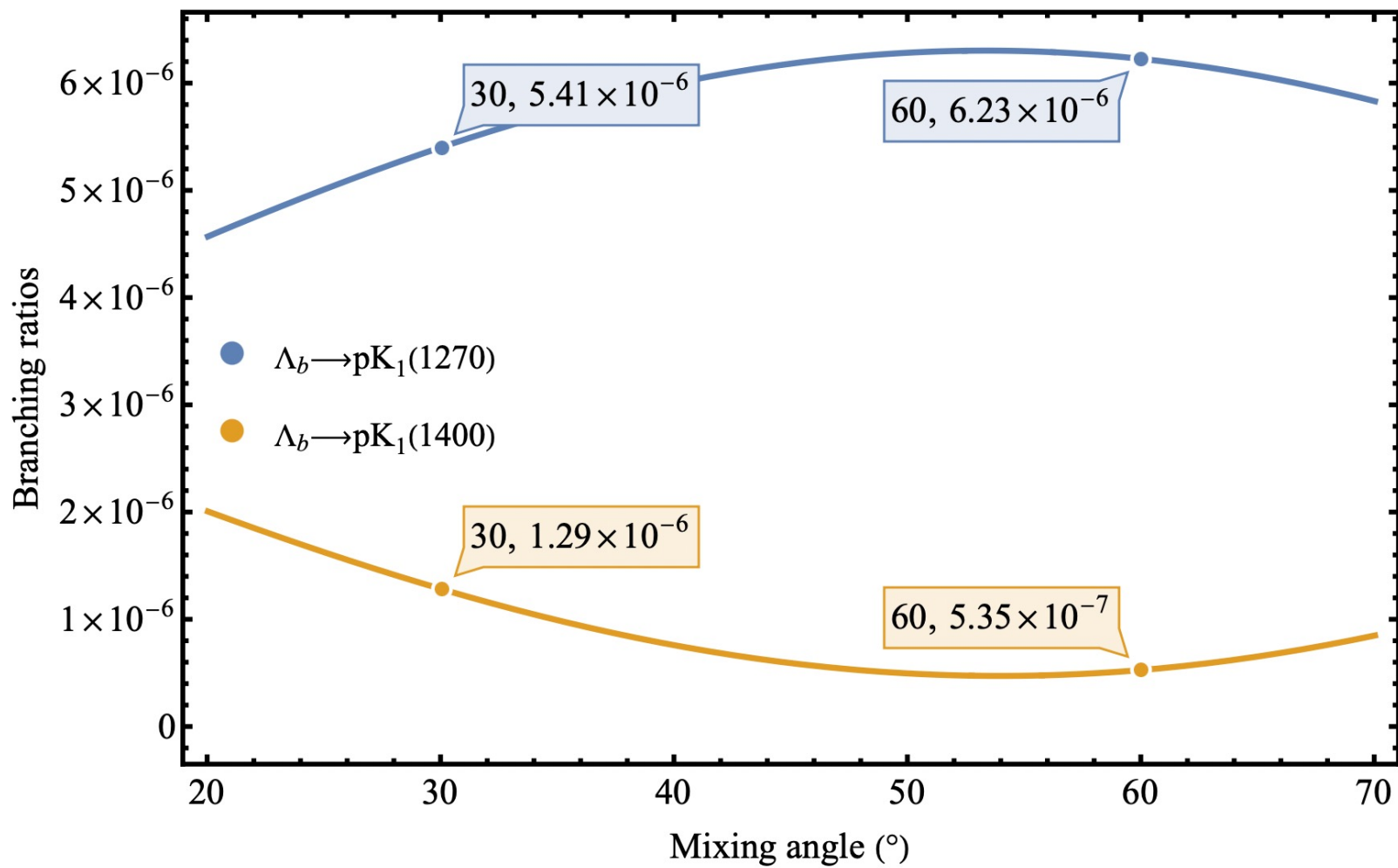
$$k'_3 = \left(\frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}\eta^+x'_3, 0, \mathbf{k}'_{3T}\right),$$

$$q_1 = \left(0, \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}y(1 - \eta^-), \mathbf{q}_T\right), \quad q_2 = \left(0, \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}(1 - y)(1 - \eta^-), -\mathbf{q}_T\right),$$

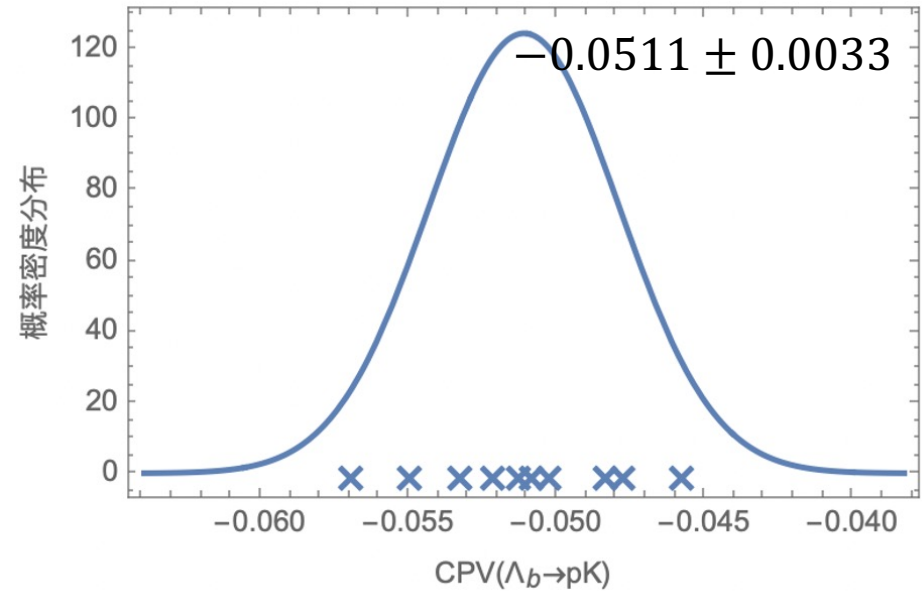
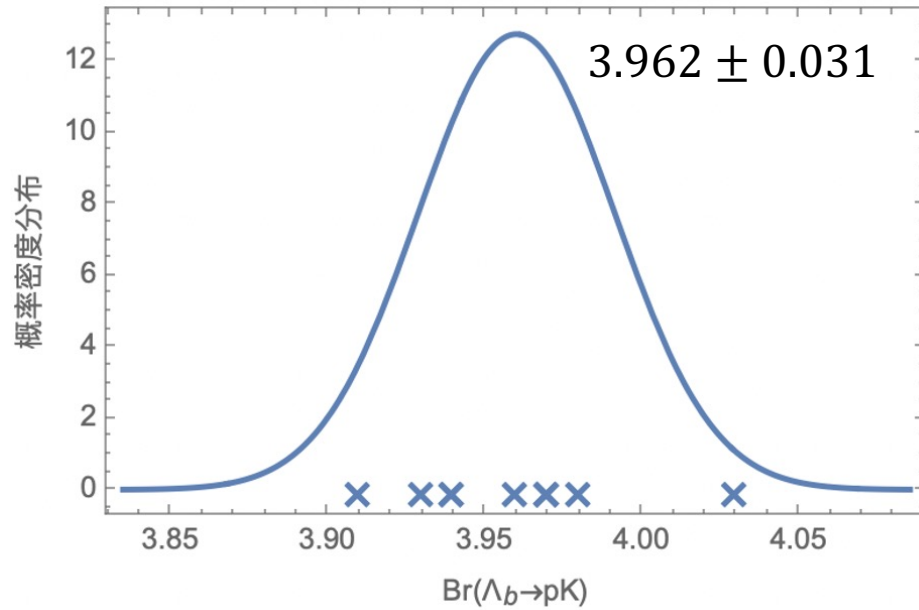
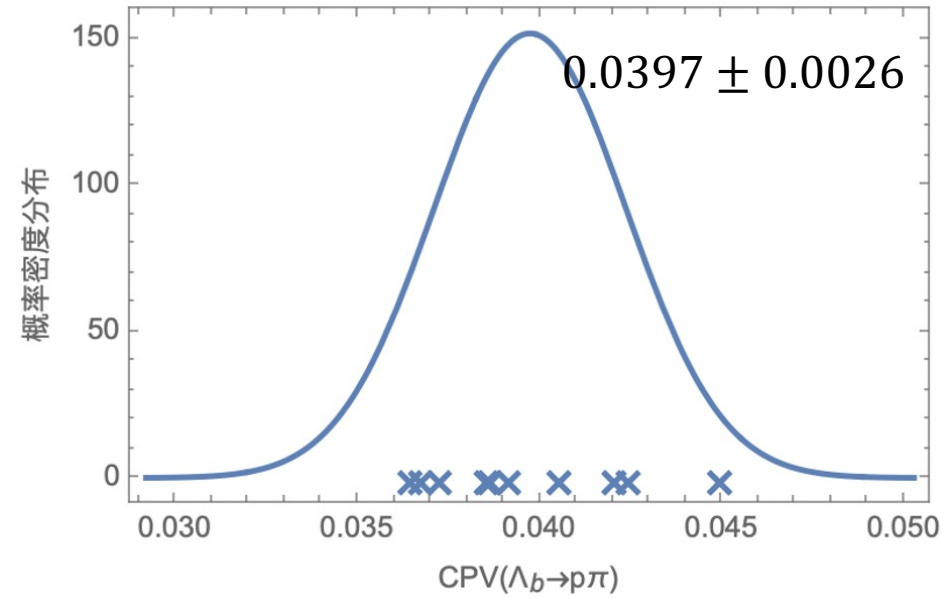
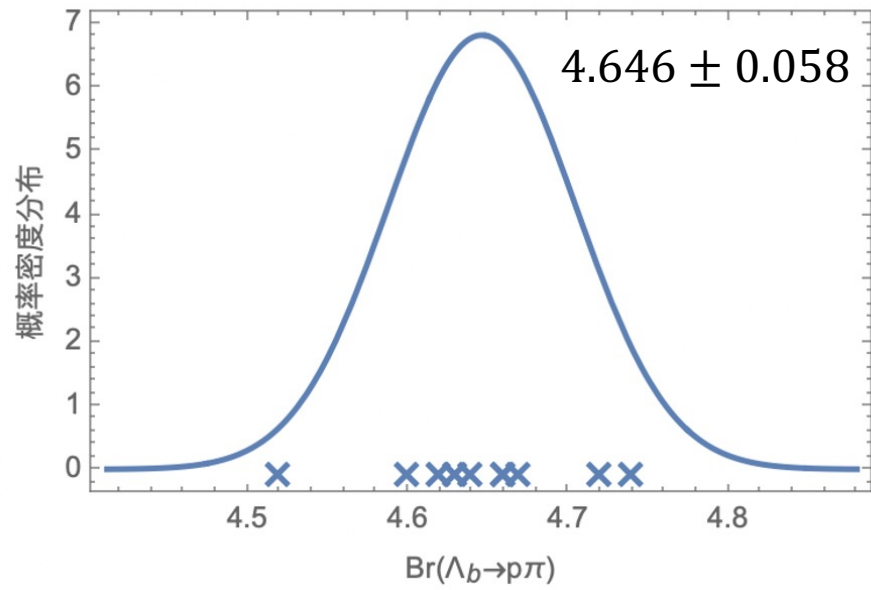
for  $T, E$  and  $P$  diagrams

$$k_1 = \left(\frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}(1 - x_3), \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}(1 - x_2), \mathbf{k}_{1T}\right), \quad k_2 = \left(0, \frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}\right), \quad k_3 = \left(\frac{m_i}{\sqrt{2}}x_3, 0, \mathbf{k}_{3T}\right)$$

for  $B$  and  $C'$  diagrams



# Error from MC integration



$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$ S $	$\phi(S)^\circ$	Real( $S$ )	Imag( $S$ )	$ P $	$\phi(P)^\circ$	Real( $P$ )	Imag( $P$ )
$T_f$	707.17	0.00	707.17	-0.00	1004.44	0.00	1004.44	-0.00
$T_{nf}$	51.72	-96.64	-5.98	-51.38	267.72	-97.92	-36.90	-265.17
$C'$	29.37	154.96	-26.61	12.43	41.51	179.80	-41.51	0.14
$E_2$	66.94	-145.26	-55.01	-38.14	72.58	119.94	-36.23	62.89
$B$	10.40	112.64	-4.00	9.60	23.65	-122.56	-12.73	-19.93
<b>Tree</b>	<b>619.26</b>	<b>-6.26</b>	<b>615.57</b>	<b>-67.49</b>	<b>904.75</b>	<b>-14.21</b>	<b>877.08</b>	<b>-222.06</b>
$P_f^{C_1}$	58.44	0.00	58.44	0.00	2.90	0.00	2.90	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	1.24	-115.38	-0.53	-1.12	11.16	-95.25	-1.02	-11.11
$P^{C_2}$	13.36	-116.10	-5.88	-12.00	14.93	71.96	4.62	14.20
$P^{E_1^u}$	9.48	-87.62	0.39	-9.47	8.83	114.44	-3.65	8.04
$P^B$	1.36	-51.30	0.85	-1.06	1.55	-159.86	-1.46	-0.53
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	3.87	-98.18	-0.55	-3.83	1.41	-12.55	1.37	-0.31
<b>Penguin</b>	<b>59.45</b>	<b>-27.54</b>	<b>52.71</b>	<b>-27.49</b>	<b>10.65</b>	<b>74.93</b>	<b>2.77</b>	<b>10.28</b>

$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$ S $	$\phi(S)^\circ$	Real( $S$ )	Imag( $S$ )	$ P $	$\phi(P)^\circ$	Real( $P$ )	Imag( $P$ )
$T_f$	1.98	0.00	1.98	0.00	2.77	0.00	2.77	0.00
$T_{nf}$	139.36	-93.94	-9.58	-139.03	192.66	-95.45	-18.31	-191.79
$T$	139.24	-93.13	-7.61	-139.03	192.42	-94.63	-15.55	-191.79
$C'$	1.44	-72.64	0.43	-1.37	1.92	-55.22	1.09	-1.58
$E_2$	7.35	-146.72	-6.14	-4.03	11.27	-15.07	10.88	-2.93
$B$	0.21	105.17	-0.06	0.21	0.29	98.41	-0.04	0.29
<b>Tree</b>	<b>144.85</b>	<b>-95.30</b>	<b>-13.38</b>	<b>-144.23</b>	<b>196.04</b>	<b>-91.06</b>	<b>-3.61</b>	<b>-196.01</b>
$P_f^{C_1}$	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	3.84	-97.84	-0.52	-3.80	8.02	-93.91	-0.55	-8.00
$P^{C_1}$	3.83	-96.40	-0.43	-3.80	8.02	-93.74	-0.52	-8.00
$P^{C_2}$	2.28	-89.80	0.01	-2.28	3.32	87.14	0.17	3.32
$P^{E_1^u}$	0.80	24.57	0.73	0.33	1.27	-140.22	-0.98	-0.81
$P^B$	0.16	-45.07	0.11	-0.11	0.32	141.89	-0.25	0.20
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	0.16	-129.45	-0.10	-0.12	0.29	-55.86	0.16	-0.24
<b>Penguin</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>-86.94</b>	<b>0.32</b>	<b>-5.99</b>	<b>5.71</b>	<b>-104.46</b>	<b>-1.43</b>	<b>-5.53</b>

only use proton and  $\Lambda_b$   
leading twist LCDA

TABLE XI: Results of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$  decay.



$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$ S $	$\phi(S)^\circ$	Real( $S$ )	Imag( $S$ )	$ P $	$\phi(P)^\circ$	Real( $P$ )	Imag( $P$ )
$T_f$	707.17	0.00	707.17	-0.00	1004.44	0.00	1004.44	-0.00
$T_{nf}$	51.72	-96.64	-5.98	-51.38	267.72	-97.92	-36.90	-265.17
$C'$	29.37	154.96	-26.61	12.43	41.51	179.80	-41.51	0.14
$E_2$	66.94	-145.26	-55.01	-38.14	72.58	119.94	-36.23	62.89
$B$	10.40	112.64	-4.00	9.60	23.65	-122.56	-12.73	-19.93
Tree	619.26	-6.26	615.57	-67.49	904.75	-14.21	877.08	-222.06
$P_f^{C_1}$	58.44	0.00	58.44	0.00	2.90	0.00	2.90	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	1.24	-115.38	-0.53	-1.12	11.16	-95.25	-1.02	-11.11
$P^{C_2}$	13.36	-116.10	-5.88	-12.00	14.93	71.96	4.62	14.20
$P^{E_1^u}$	9.48	-87.62	0.39	-9.47	8.83	114.44	-3.65	8.04
$P^B$	1.36	-51.30	0.85	-1.06	1.55	-159.86	-1.46	-0.53
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	3.87	-98.18	-0.55	-3.83	1.41	-12.55	1.37	-0.31
Penguin	59.45	-27.54	52.71	-27.49	10.65	74.93	2.77	10.28

TABLE VI: Results of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$  decay.

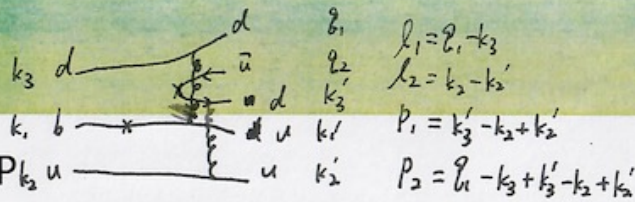
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	$ S $	$\phi(S)^\circ$	Real( $S$ )	Imag( $S$ )	$ P $	$\phi(P)^\circ$	Real( $P$ )	Imag( $P$ )
$T_f$	839.84	0.00	839.84	-0.00	850.10	0.00	850.10	-0.00
$T_{nf}$	62.83	-100.16	-11.08	-61.84	240.42	-97.09	-29.69	-238.58
$C'$	35.65	162.64	-34.02	10.64	32.99	-176.98	-32.95	-1.74
$E_2$	84.36	-141.20	-65.75	-52.86	51.84	128.88	-32.54	40.35
$B$	17.54	104.24	-4.32	17.00	13.74	-124.50	-7.78	-11.32
Tree	729.88	-6.85	724.66	-87.06	776.44	-15.79	747.14	-211.29
$P_f^{C_1}$	67.66	0.00	67.66	0.00	2.61	0.00	2.61	0.00
$P_{nf}^{C_1}$	1.83	-109.17	-0.60	-1.73	9.87	-92.94	-0.51	-9.86
$P^{C_2}$	17.24	-116.06	-7.57	-15.49	13.63	67.60	5.19	12.60
$P^{E_1^u}$	11.22	-90.55	-0.11	-11.22	7.06	112.49	-2.70	6.52
$P^B$	1.30	-42.87	0.96	-0.89	1.40	-170.77	-1.38	-0.22
$P^{E_1^d} + P^{E_2}$	4.68	-101.65	-0.95	-4.59	1.62	-12.75	1.58	-0.36
Penguin	68.39	-29.72	59.39	-33.91	9.92	61.02	4.81	8.68

TABLE VI: Results of the  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$  decay.

Hard kernel only contain  
leading power of  $M_{\Lambda_b}$

	$Br(\times 10^{-6})$	$A_{CP}^{dir}$	$A_{CP}^S$	$A_{CP}^P$	$A_{CP}^{H_{1/2,0}}$	$A_{CP}^{H_{-1/2,0}}$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	3.34	0.0514	0.1655	-0.0586	0.6567	0.03922
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-(LP)$	3.65	0.0897	0.1733	-0.0619	0.8074	0.0597
	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$\gamma$			
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	-0.9378	0.3351	0.0905			
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-(LP)$	-0.8662	0.3121	0.3902			
	$a_{CP}^\alpha$	$a_{CP}^\beta$	$a_{CP}^\gamma$	$\langle\alpha\rangle$	$\langle\beta\rangle$	$\langle\gamma\rangle$
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-$	0.0241	0.2166	0.1123	-0.9620	0.1185	-0.0219
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-(LP)$	0.0582	0.1895	0.1085	-0.9244	0.1226	0.2816

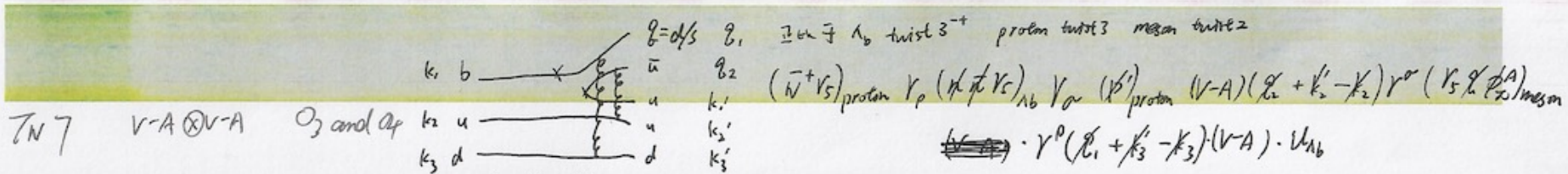
C14 S-P\*S+P



II 处于  $\Lambda_b$  twist 4 + proton twist 4 + meson twist 2  
 $(\bar{u} \gamma_5)_{\text{proton}} \gamma_\rho (k_3' - k_2 + k_2') \gamma_\rho (l_1 - k_3 + k_3' - k_2 + k_2') (S + P) (\gamma_5 \not{p}_\pi)_{\text{meson}}$   
 $\cdot (\not{p}_\pi \gamma_5)_{\Lambda_b} \gamma^\rho (k_3')$

$\pi$ twist-2 ( $*\phi_\pi^A M_{\Lambda_b}^4$ )				
S-wave	proton twist-3 ( $*r^0$ )	proton twist-4 ( $*r^1$ )	proton twist-5 ( $*r^2$ )	proton twist-6 ( $*r^3$ )
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_2)$	0	$-8(A_2 + A_3 + V_2 - V_3)$ $x_2(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$-8(A_4 + A_5 - V_4 + V_5)$ $x_2(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	0
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_3^{+-})$	0	0	$-4(P_2 - S_2 - T_4 - T_8)$ $(x_2' + x_3')(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$8T_6(x_2' + x_3')$ $(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_3^{-+})$	$-8T_1 x_2$ $(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$4(P_1 - S_p - T_3 - T_7)$ $x_2(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	0	0
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_4)$	0	$8(A_2 + A_3 + V_2 - V_3)$ $(x_2' + x_3')(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$8(A_4 + A_5 - V_4 + V_5)$ $(x_2' + x_3')(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	0
P-wave	proton twist-3 ( $*r^0$ )	proton twist-4 ( $*r^1$ )	proton twist-5 ( $*r^2$ )	proton twist-6 ( $*r^3$ )
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_2)$	0	$8(A_2 + A_3 + V_2 - V_3)$ $x_2(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$-8(A_4 + A_5 - V_4 + V_5)$ $x_2(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	0
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_3^{+-})$	0	0	$4(P_2 - S_2 - T_4 - T_8)$ $(x_2' + x_3')(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$8T_6(x_2' + x_3')$ $(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_3^{-+})$	$8T_1 x_2$ $(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$4(P_1 - S_p - T_3 - T_7)$ $x_2(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	0	0
$\Lambda_b (*\psi_4)$	0	$8(A_2 + A_3 + V_2 - V_3)$ $(x_2' + x_3')(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	$8(A_4 + A_5 - V_4 + V_5)$ $(x_2' + x_3')(x_2' - x_3 + x_3')$	0





$V-A \otimes V-A$

$O_3$  and  $O_4$

~~$(V-A)$~~   $\cdot \gamma^{\mu} (q_1 + k_3' - k_3) (V-A) \cdot U_{\Lambda_b}$

$p_1 = q_1 + k_3' - k_3$

$p_2 = q_2 + k_2' - k_2$

$\lambda_1 = k_3' - k_3$

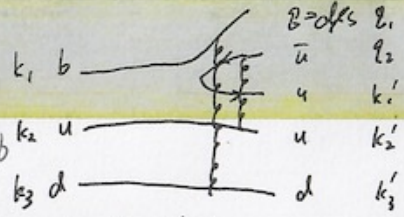
$\lambda_2 = k_2' - k_2$

$\pi$ twist-2	Proton t-3	Proton t-4	Proton t-5	Proton t-6
S-wave	-0.069 / -0.32	-0.037 / -0.243	0.001 / 0.004	0 / -0.014
Lb t-2	$-16(A_1 - 2T_1 - V_1)(x_3 - y)(x_2 + y - 1)$			
Lb t-3+-	0/0	0.150 / 0.726	0.048 / 0.219	0/0
Lb t-3-+	<del>0.103 / 5.79</del> $8(A_1 + V_1)x_2'(x_3 - y)$	0/0.001	0.040 / 0.232	0/0
Lb t-4	-0.001 / -0.007	-0.129 / -1.1919	0/0	0/0
P-wave				
Lb t-2	0.458 / -6.09 $-16(A_1 - 2T_1 - V_1)(x_3 - y)(x_2 + y - 1)$	0.038 / 0.479	0.001 / 0.016	0.003 / 0.019
Lb t-3+-	0/0	0.065 / 0.910	-0.037 / -0.398	0/0
Lb t-3-+	<del>0.062 / -7.144</del> $-8(A_1 + V_1)x_2'(x_3 - y)$	0/0.002	-0.007 / -0.327	0/0
Lb t-4	0 / -0.009	-0.076 / 2.622	0/0	0/0



TN 7 V-A ⊗ V+A

$\mathcal{O}_5$  and  $\mathcal{O}_6$



is for  $\Lambda_b$  twist 4 proton twist 3 meson twist 3

$$(\bar{N}^T V_S)_{\text{proton}} V_P (\not{V}_S)_{\Lambda_b} V_P (\not{V}')_{\text{proton}} (V+A) (\not{L}_2 + \not{L}_1 - \not{L}_3) \gamma^\sigma$$

$$\cdot (m_0 \not{V}_S + m_0 \not{V}_S^T (\not{V}_P - 1))_{\text{meson}} \cdot \gamma^\rho (\not{L}_1 + \not{L}_3 - \not{L}_2) (V-A) U_{\Lambda_b}$$

$$l_1 = l_2 + k_3' - k_2$$

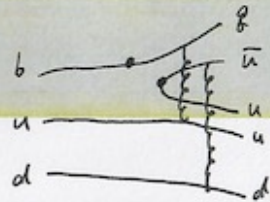
$$l_2 = l_2 + k_2' - k_1$$

$$l_3 = k_3' - k_3$$

$\pi$ twist-3				
S-wave		Proton t-3 $l_2 = k_2' - k_2$	Proton t-4	Proton t-5
Lb t-2	0/0	0/0	0.006 / 0.067	0.001 / 0.008
Lb t-3+-	0/0	-0.073 / -1.549	-0.021 / -0.143	0/0
Lb t-3-+	0/0	-0.089 / -1.333	-0.148 / -0.232	0/0
Lb t-4	$\frac{0.260}{2.222}$ $16 \left\{ 2T_1 x_3' (-1 + x_2 + y) (\not{L}_m^P - \not{L}_m^T) - A_1 x_2' (x_3 - y) (\not{L}_m^P + \not{L}_m^T) + V_1 x_3' (x_3 - y) (\not{L}_m^P + \not{L}_m^T) \right\}$	0.048 / 0.350	0/0	0/0
P-wave				
Lb t-2	0/0	0/0	-0.011 / -0.103	0.001 / 0.011
Lb t-3+-	0/0	0.522 / 2.318	-0.049 / -0.184	0/0
Lb t-3-+	0/0	0.118 / 1.755	-0.041 / -0.427	0/0
Lb t-4	$\frac{-0.389}{-3.056}$ $-16 \left\{ \dots \dots \dots \right\}$	0.014 / 0.474	0/0	0/0



$\tau_{N11} V-A \otimes V-A \quad O_3 \text{ and } O_4$



Free  $\Lambda_b$  twist 2 proton twist 3 meson twist 2  
 $(\bar{u}^+ \gamma_5)_{\text{proton}} \gamma_P (\gamma_5)_{\Lambda_b} \gamma_P (\gamma^i)_{\text{proton}} (V-A) (\gamma_2 + \gamma_3' - \gamma_3) \gamma^0 (\gamma_5 \gamma_{\mu}^A)_{\text{meson}}$   
 $\cdot \gamma^i (\gamma_1 + \gamma_2' - \gamma_2) (V-A) u_{\Lambda_b}$

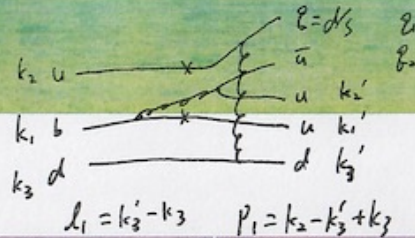
$$P_1 = \gamma_1 + \gamma_2' - \gamma_2 \quad L_1 = \gamma_2' - \gamma_2$$

$$P_2 = \gamma_2 + \gamma_3' - \gamma_3 \quad L_2 = \gamma_3' - \gamma_3$$

$\pi$ twist-2				
S-wave	Proton t-3	Proton t-4	Proton t-5	Proton t-6
Lb t-2	$\frac{-0.336 / -4.076}{-16(A_1 - 2T_1 - V_1)(x_2 - y)(x_3 + y - 1)}$	0.061 / 0.883	0 / 0.081	0 / -0.005
Lb t-3+-	0.025 / -1.14	0 / 0.001	0.012 / 0.180	0 / 0
Lb t-3+-	0 / 0	-0.008 / -1.385	0.002 / 0.130	0 / 0
Lb t-4	0 / -0.005	0.001 / -0.647	0 / 0	0 / 0
P-wave				
Lb t-2	$\frac{0.194 / -3.686}{-16(A_1 - 2T_1 - V_1)(x_2 - y)(x_3 + y - 1)}$	-0.019 / -1.147	0.004 / 0.133	0.001 / 0.007
Lb t-3+-	0.018 / 1.17	0 / 0.001	-0.021 / -0.245	0 / 0
Lb t-3+-	0 / 0	-0.019 / -1.842	-0.016 / -0.201	0 / 0
Lb t-4	0 / -0.007	0.026 / 0.977	0 / 0	0 / 0



E b  $S-P \otimes S+P$   $O_5$  and  $O_6$



$\bar{N} \gamma_5$  proton  $\gamma_0$  ( $\bar{u} \gamma_5$ )  $\Lambda_b$   $\gamma^\mu (k_2 - k_3' + k_3) \gamma_\mu (k_2 - k_3' + k_3 - k_2 - k_2')$  (S+P)  
 $(\bar{u} \gamma_5 \phi^A)_{meson} \gamma^\mu (\not{p}')_{proton} (S-P) u_{nb}$

$$l_1 = k_3' - k_3 \quad p_1 = k_2 - k_3' + k_3$$

$$l_2 = p_2 + k_3' \quad p_2 = k_2 - k_3' + k_3 - p_2 - k_2$$

$\pi$ twist-2	twist-2	twist-3	twist-4	twist-5	twist-6
S-wave	Proton t-3	Proton t-4	Proton t-5	Proton t-6	
Lb t-2	0/0	0.004/0.269	-2.003/0.098	0/0	
Lb t-3+-	$\frac{-0.171/-1.498}{4(A_1 - V_1)(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)(\lambda_2' + \lambda_3')}$	-0.071/-0.387	0.014/0.139	0.001/0.008	
Lb t-3+	-0.037/-0.786	0.001/-0.161	0.018/0.068	0/0.003	
Lb t-4	0/0	$\frac{-0.21/-2.02}{8(A_3 - V_3)\lambda_2'(\lambda_2' + \lambda_3')}$	-0.066/-0.203	0/0	
P-wave					
Lb t-2	0/0	-0.034/-0.378	-0.013/0.137	0/0	
Lb t-3+-	0.331/2.112	0.071/-0.568	-0.024/-0.201	0.022/0.011	
Lb t-3+	$\frac{0.267/1.133}{}$	0.001/-0.223	-0.011/-0.096	0.001/0.005	
Lb t-4	0/0	$\frac{-0.657/2.89}{}$	-0.037/-0.281	0/0	