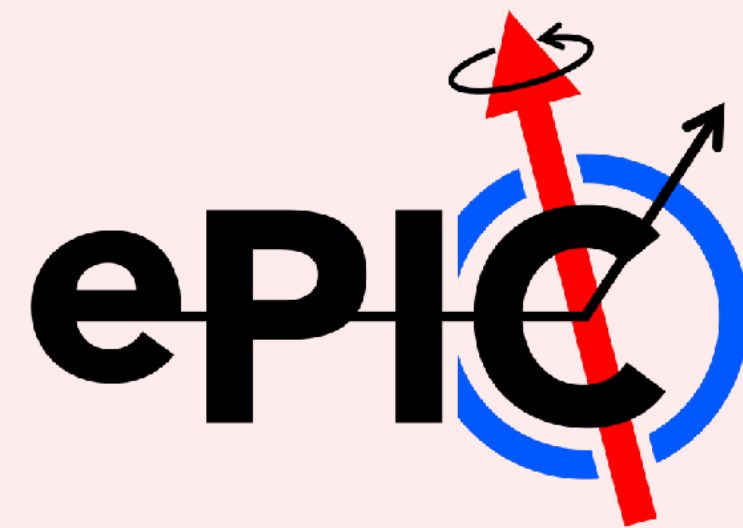




# at the Upcoming EIC

Win Lin (林婉)

Stony Brook University

On Behalf of the ePIC collaboration

SPIN 2025

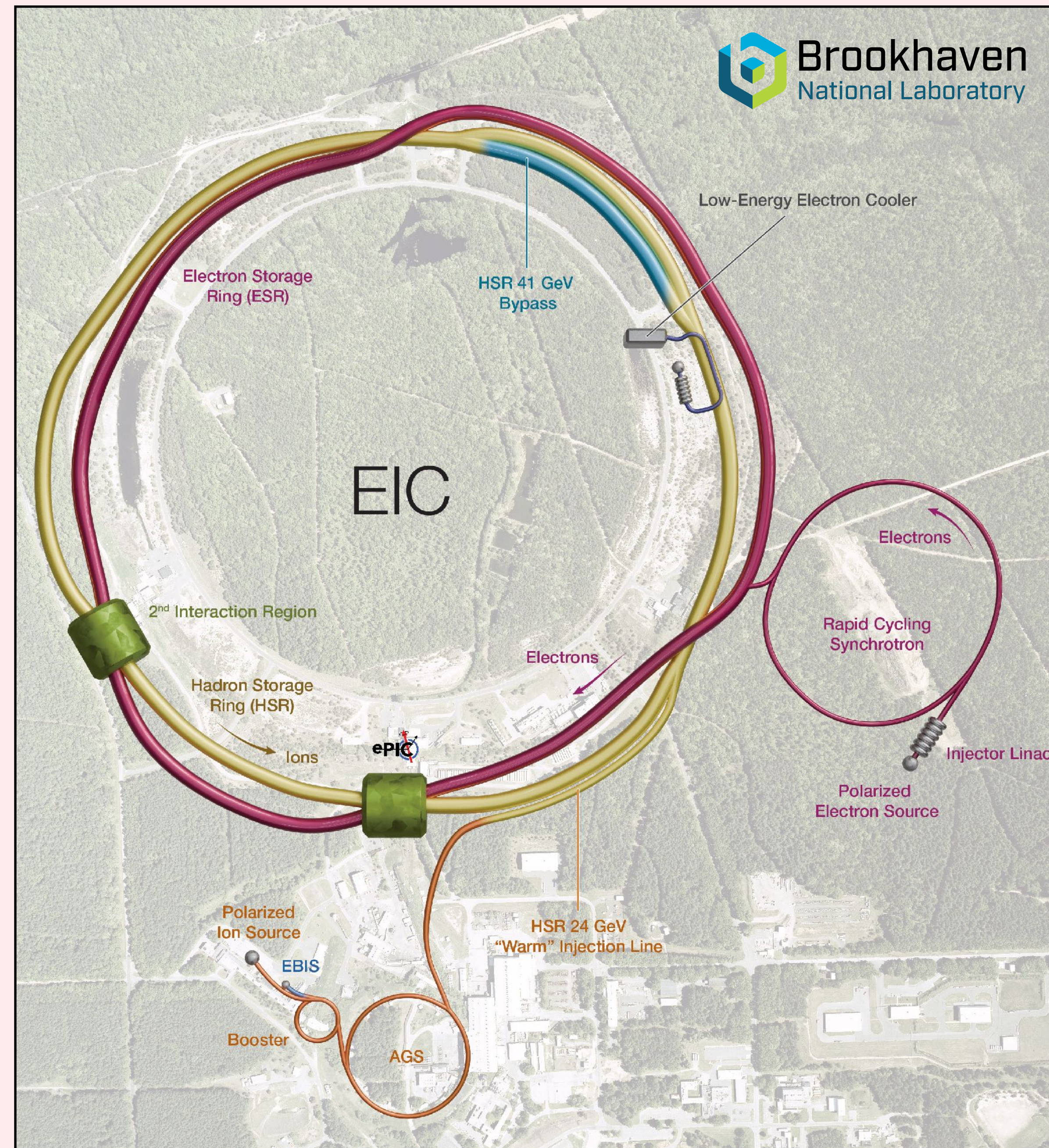
09/24/2025



Stony Brook  
University



Center for Frontiers  
in Nuclear Science

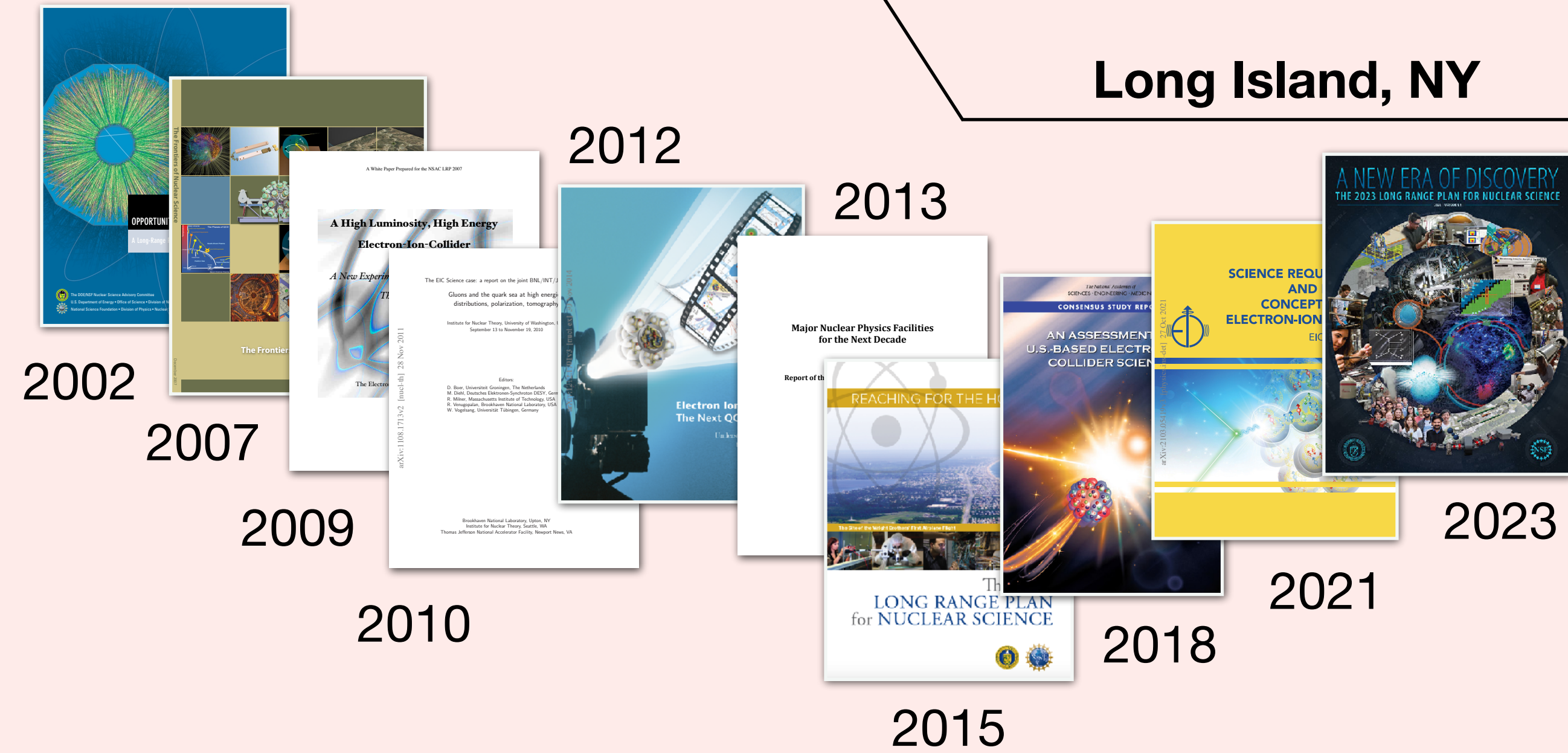
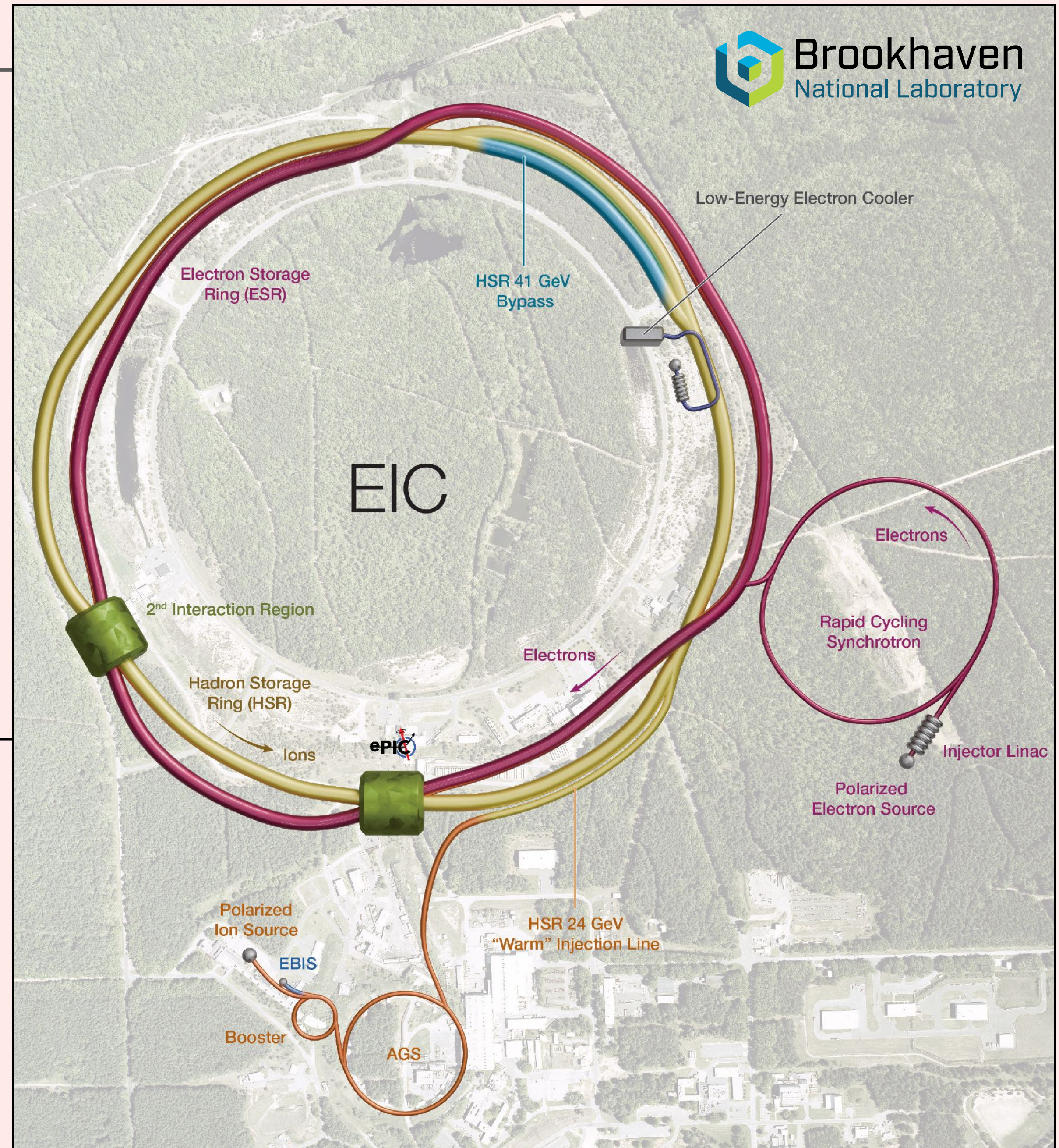




# Electron Ion Collider (EIC)



# Long Island, NY





- ▶ Construction will start in 2026
- ▶ Experiments will start in ~ 2035



- Re-use existing tunnel
- Minimal modification to hadron beam complex
- New electron beam facility
- ~\$2B investment

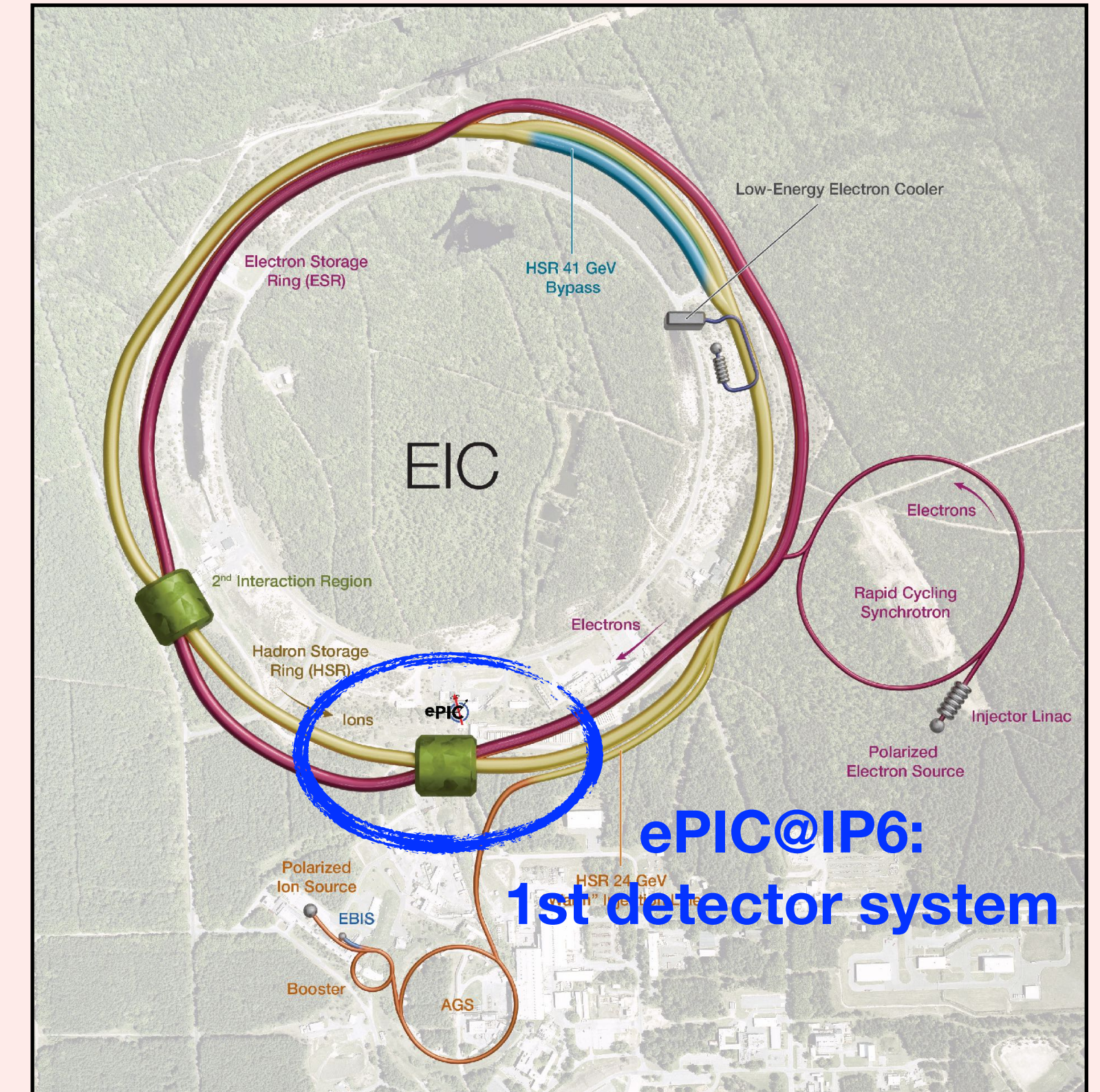
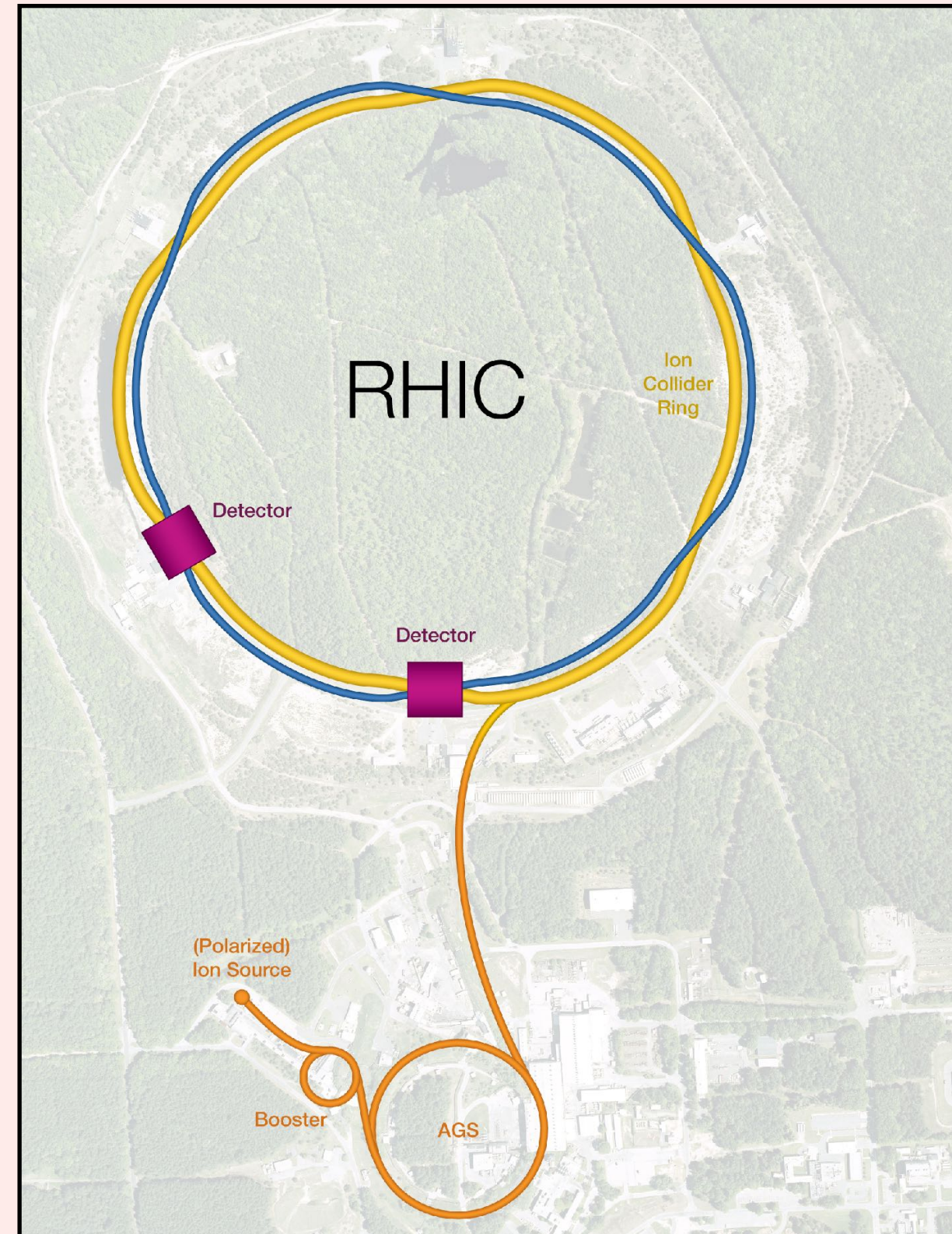


# Electron Ion Collider (EIC)

4

To be built at BNL on RHIC complex

- Construction will start in 2026
- Experiments will start in ~ 2035



Collaboration was formed in July 2022

- Currently > 1050 collaborators
- 180 institutions in 4 world's region involved



# Electron Ion Collider (EIC)

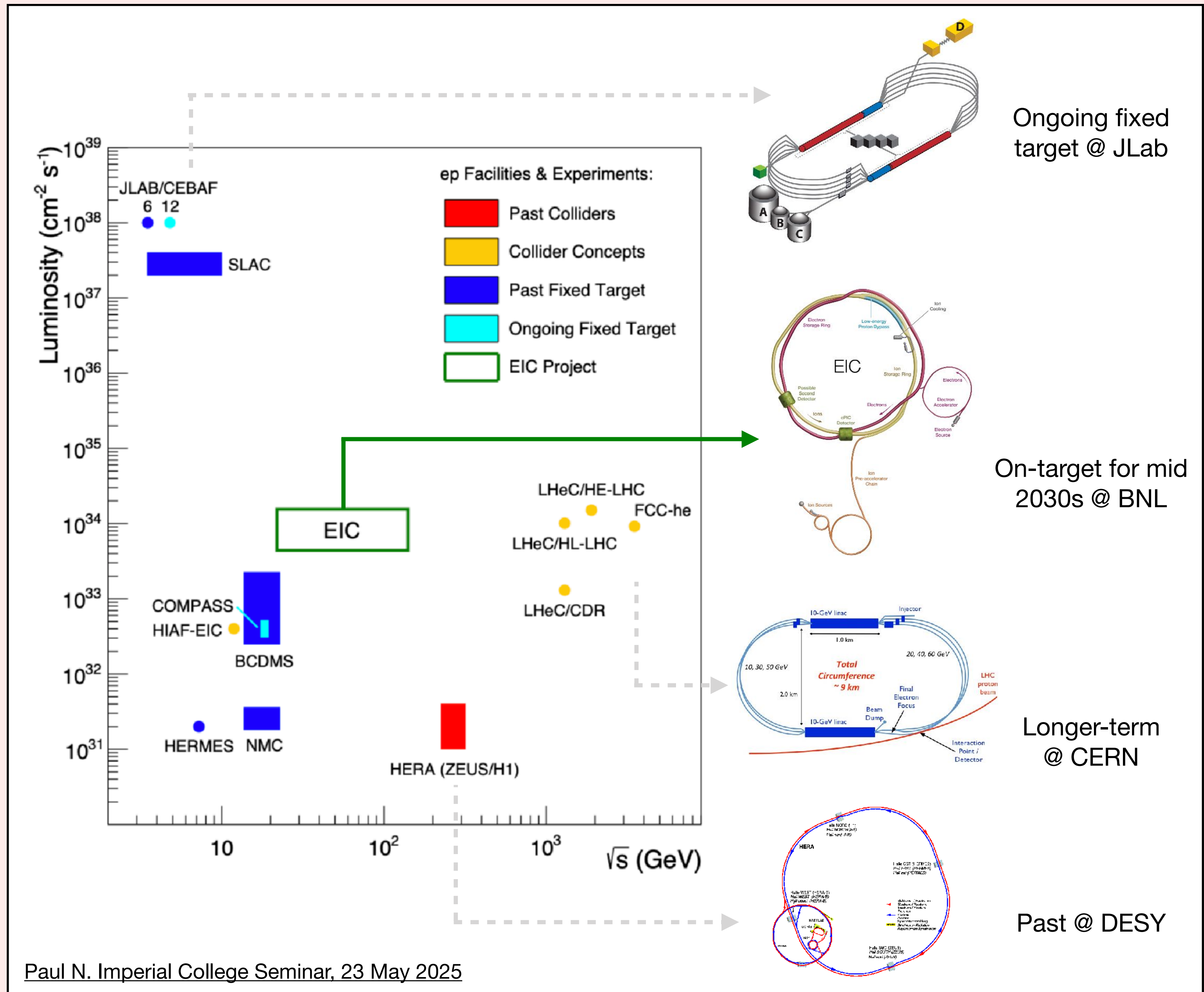
5

To be built at BNL on RHIC complex

- Construction will start in 2026
- Experiments will start in ~ 2035

World's first polarized electron proton/ion and electron-nucleus collider!

- High **luminosity**:  
up to  $10^{33} - 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$   
a factor ~100 - 1000 times > HERA
- Broad range of **center-of-mass** energy:  
~20 - 100 GeV; upgradable to 140 GeV





# Electron Ion Collider (EIC)

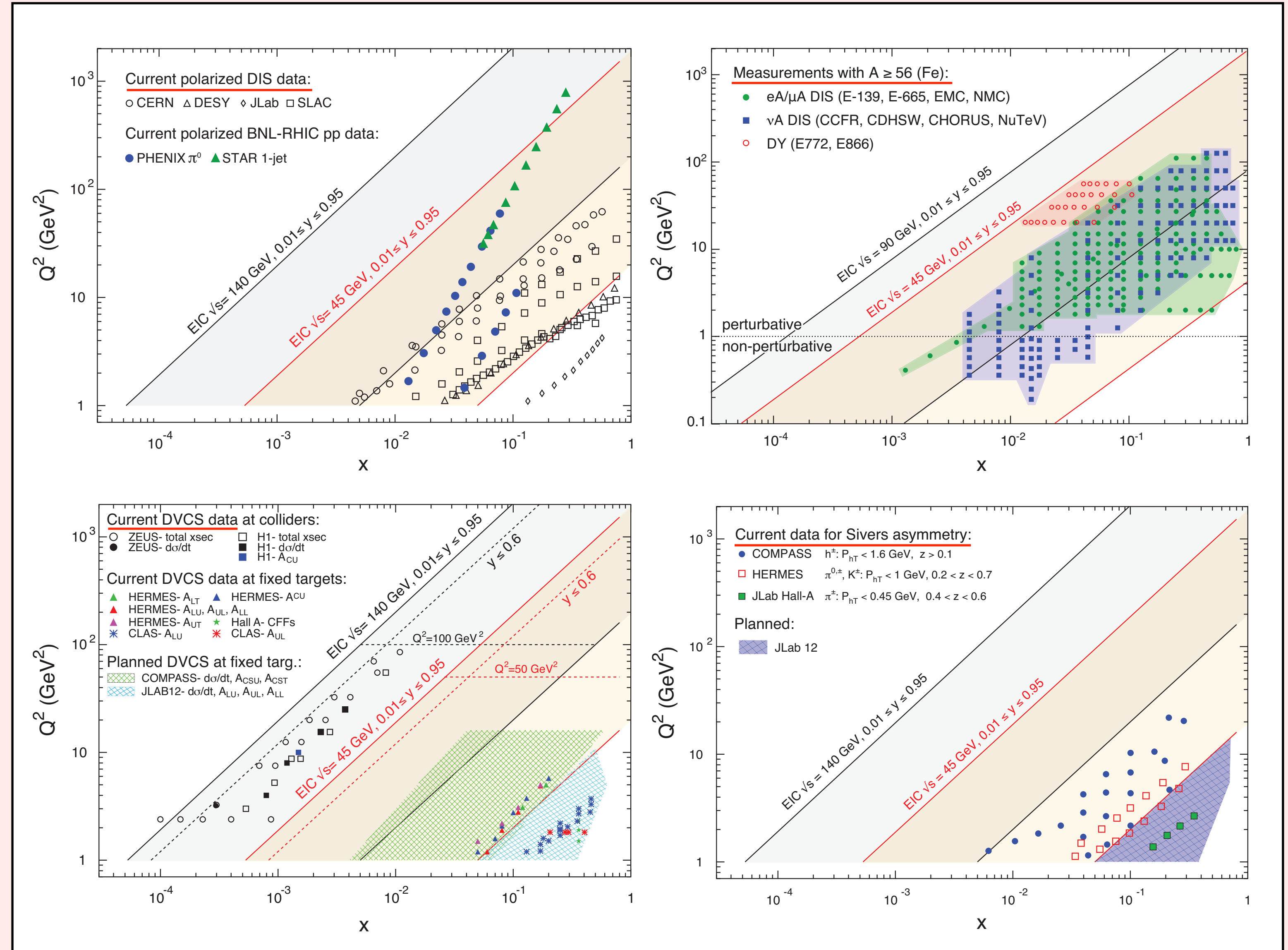
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To be built at BNL on RHIC complex

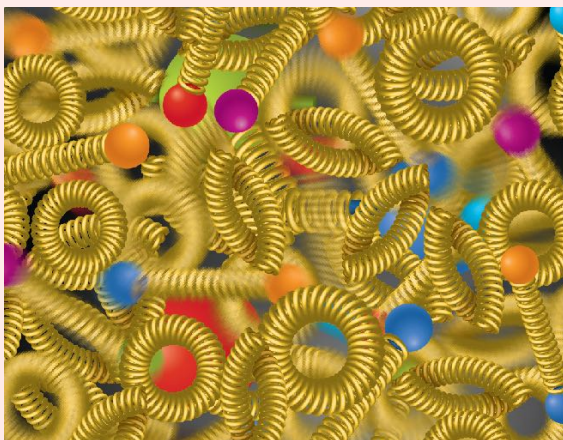
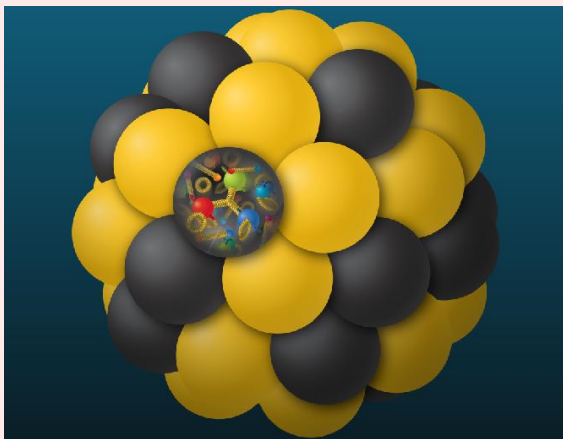
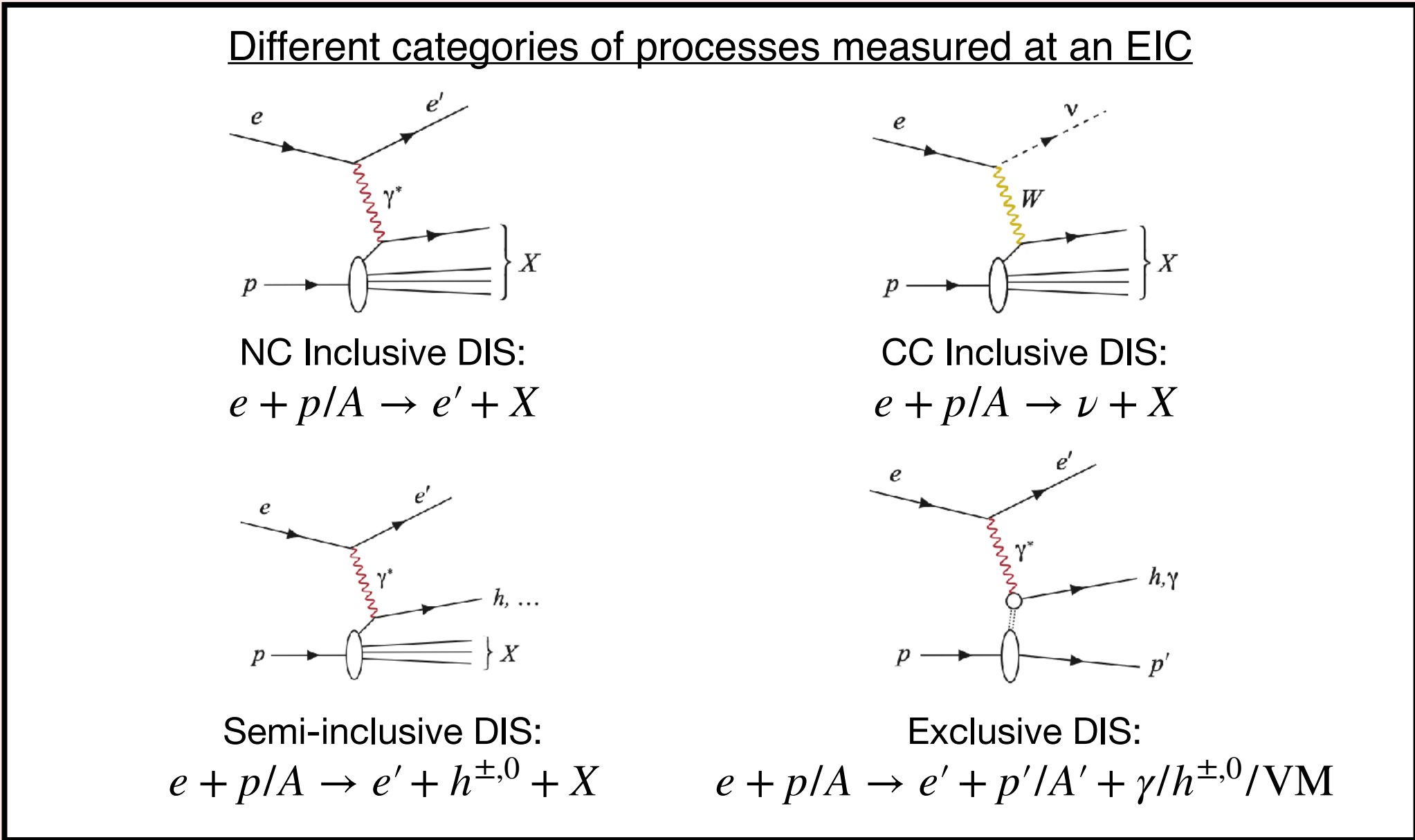
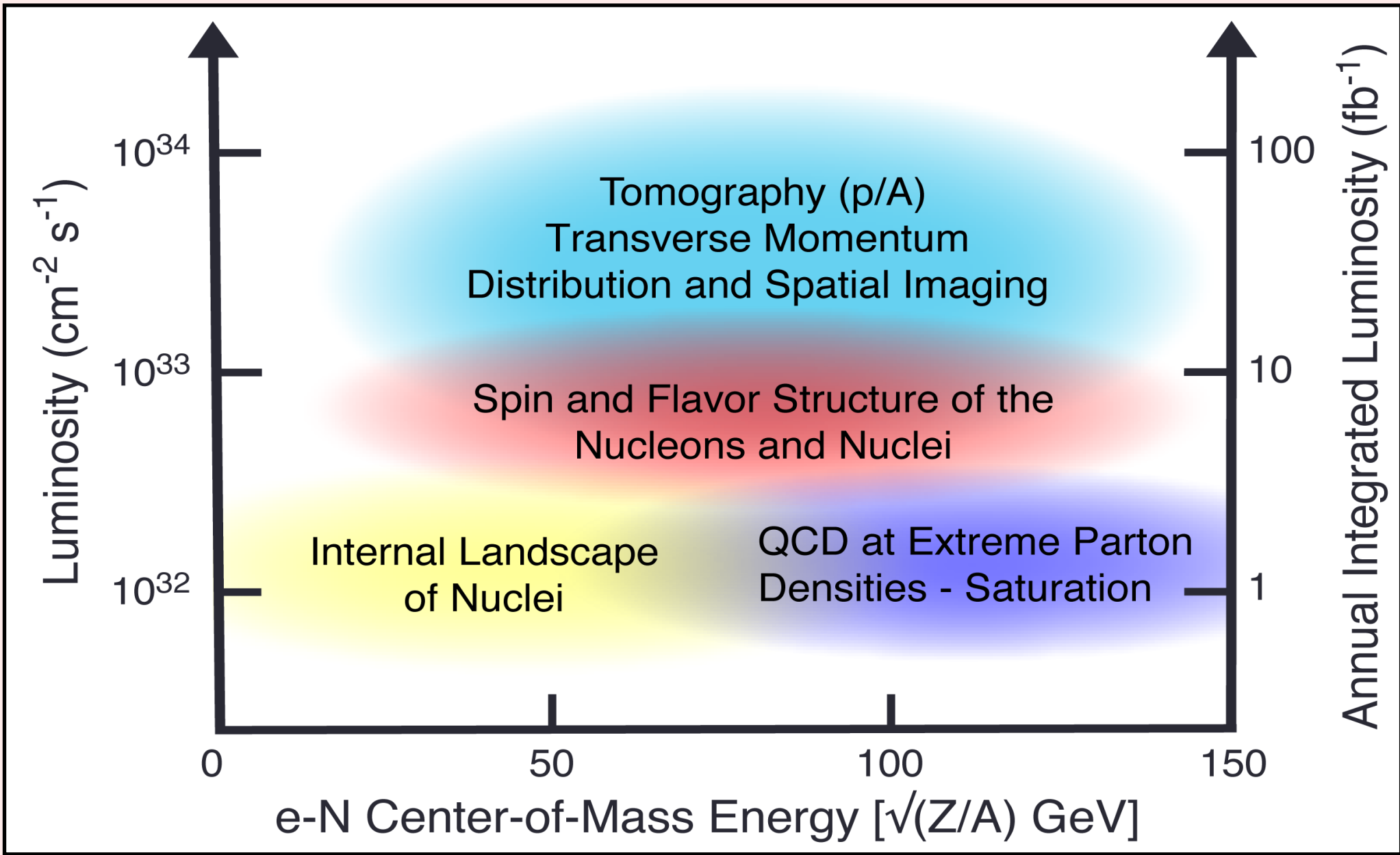
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a factor ~100 - 1000 times > HERA
- Broad range of **center-of-mass** energy:  
~20 - 100 GeV; upgradable to 140 GeV
- **Polarized** e-, p, and light ion beams with flexible spin patterns/orientation
- Broad range of **particles**: p, d ... Au .. U







## Origin of nucleon spin

- $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L^q + L^g$
- What are the spin contributions from each constituent?

## Origin of nucleon mass

<https://doi.org/10.17226/25171>

- Mass of proton mass < Sum of constituents' mass
- Does the mass of visible matter emerge from quark-gluon interactions?

## Nucleon tomography

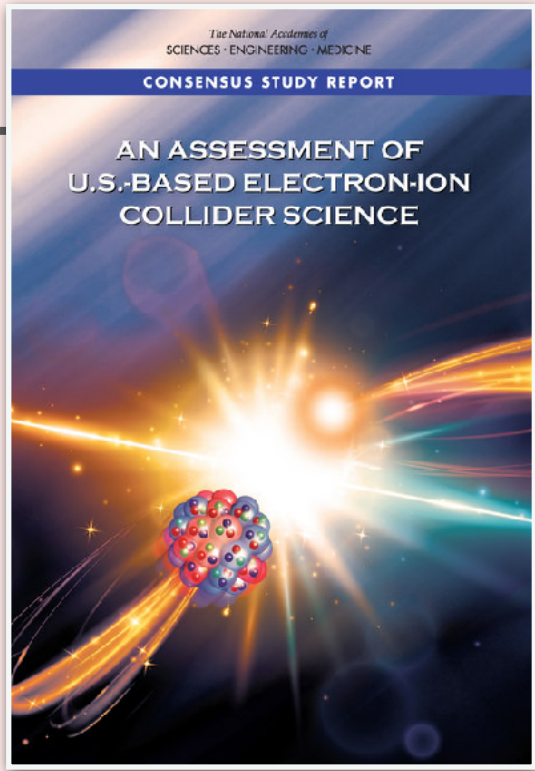
- How are the quarks and gluon distributed in space and momentum inside the nucleon & nuclei?
- How do nucleon properties emerge from them and their interactions?

## Nuclear modifications of parton distribution

- Is the structure of a free and bound nucleon the same?
- How do quarks and gluons interact with a nuclear medium?
- How do the quark-gluon interactions create nuclear binding?

## Gluon saturation

- How many gluons can fit in a proton?
- How does a dense nuclear environment affect the quarks and gluons, their correlations, and their interactions?



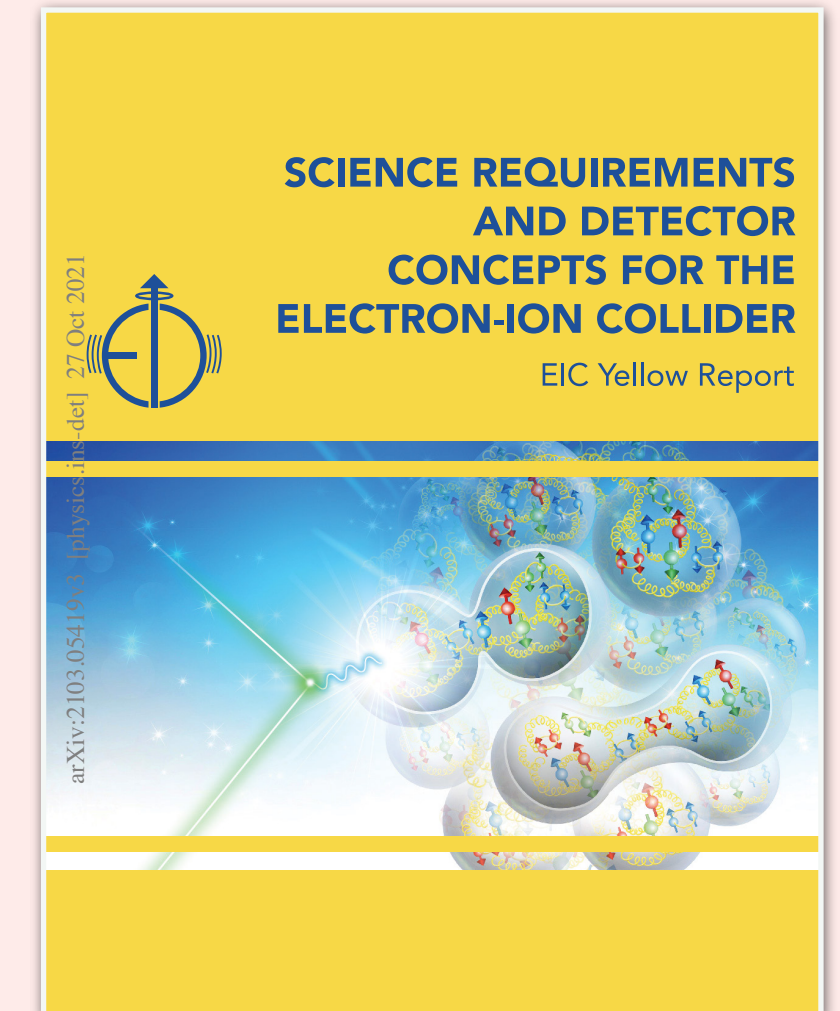


# The ePIC Detector System

Requirement summarized in EIC Yellow Report:

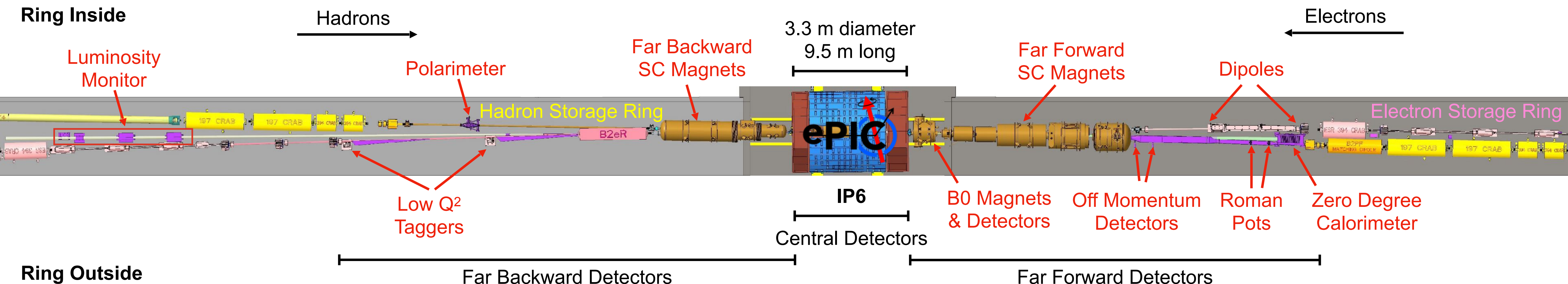
- $4\pi$  hermetic detector
  - Primary detector covering  $-4 < \eta < 4$
  - Auxiliary detectors in the far backward and far forward region
- Low material budget high spatial resolution inner tracking
- Components close to the beamline might see high occupancies
- PID separation for  $\pi/K/p$ :
  - Central:  $3\sigma$  up to 10 GeV/c
  - Backward:  $3\sigma$  up to 1 GeV/c
  - Forward:  $3\sigma$  up to 50 GeV/c

- Impact parameter resolution for heavy flavor:
  - $\sigma_{xy} \approx 20/p_T \otimes 5 \mu\text{m}$
- Momentum resolution:
  - Central:  $\sigma_{p_T}/p_T(\%) \approx 0.05p_T \otimes 0.5$
  - Backward:  $\sigma_{p_T}/p_T(\%) \approx 0.1p_T \otimes 0.5$
  - Forward:  $\sigma_{p_T}/p_T(\%) \approx 0.1p_T \otimes (1 - 2)$
- Calorimeter resolution:
  - Central EM CAL:  $\sigma(E)/E \approx 10\%/\sqrt{E} \otimes (1 - 3)\%$
  - Backward EM CAL:  $\sigma(E)/E \approx 2\%/\sqrt{E} \otimes (1 - 3)\%$
  - Forward HCAL:  $\sigma(E)/E \approx 50\%/\sqrt{E} \otimes 10\%$

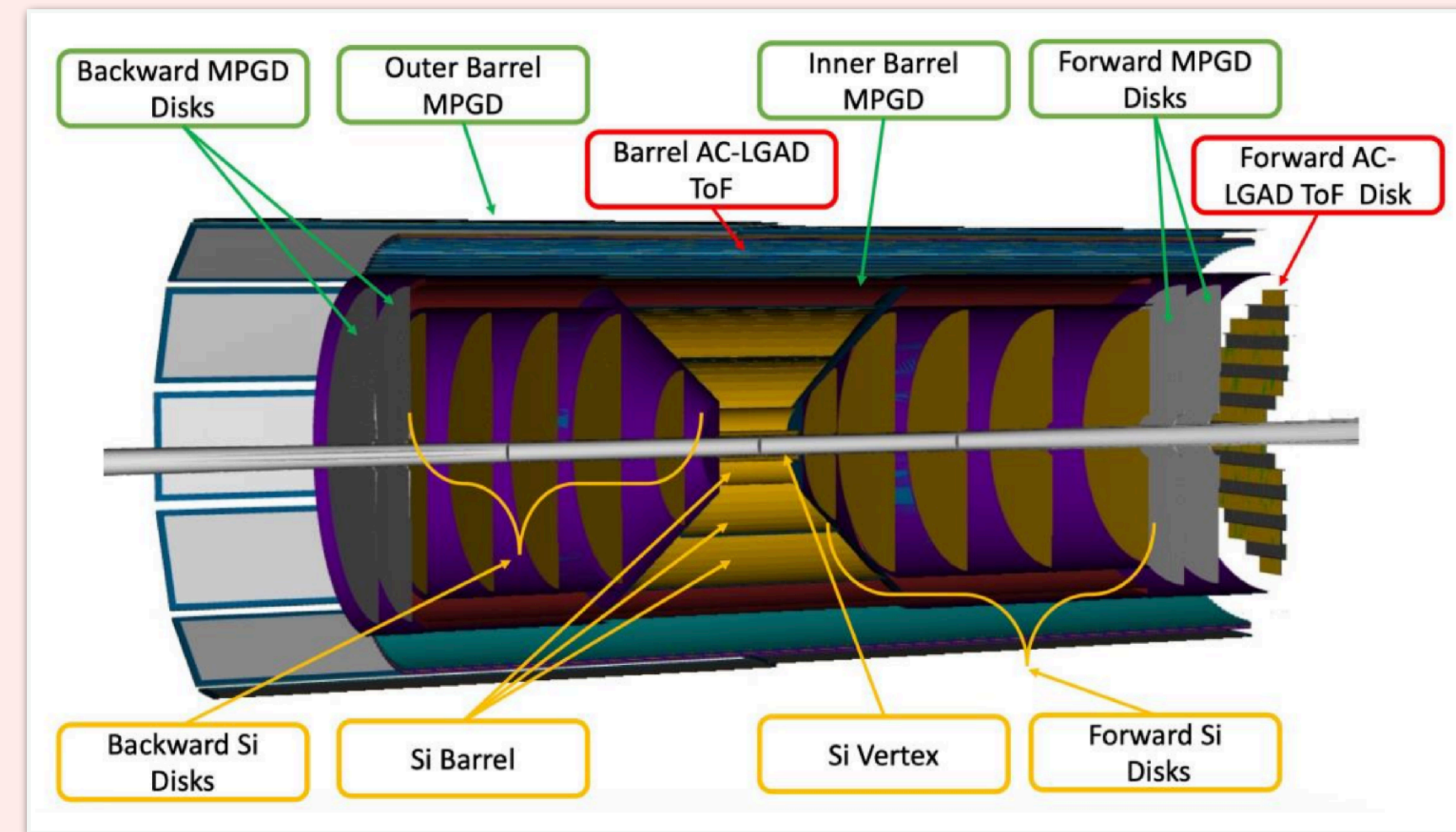
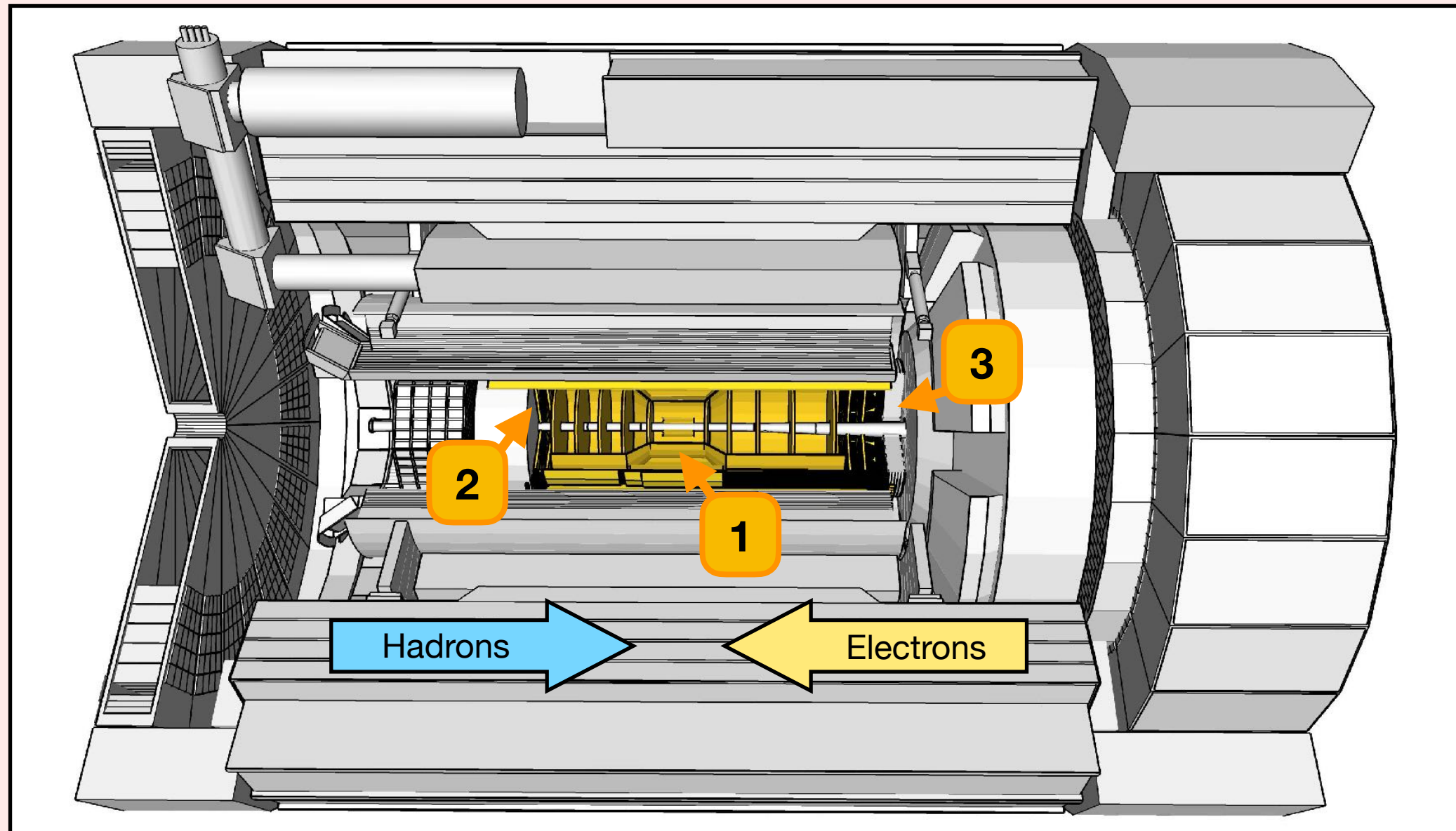


<https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.05419>

Over 80 m long detector system







## 1 - Silicon Vertex Tracker (SVT)

- Monolithic Active Pixel Sensors (MAPS)
- 20  $\mu\text{m}$  pixels
- 0.05% - 0.55%  $X/X_0$  per layer
- ITS3 curved wafer-scale sensor (inner)
- ITS3 based large area sensors (outer and endcaps)

## 2 - Micro Pattern Gas Detectors (MPGD)

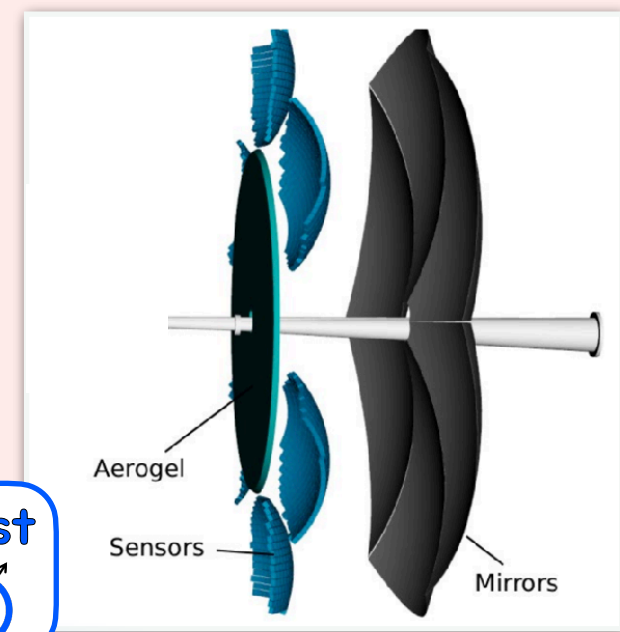
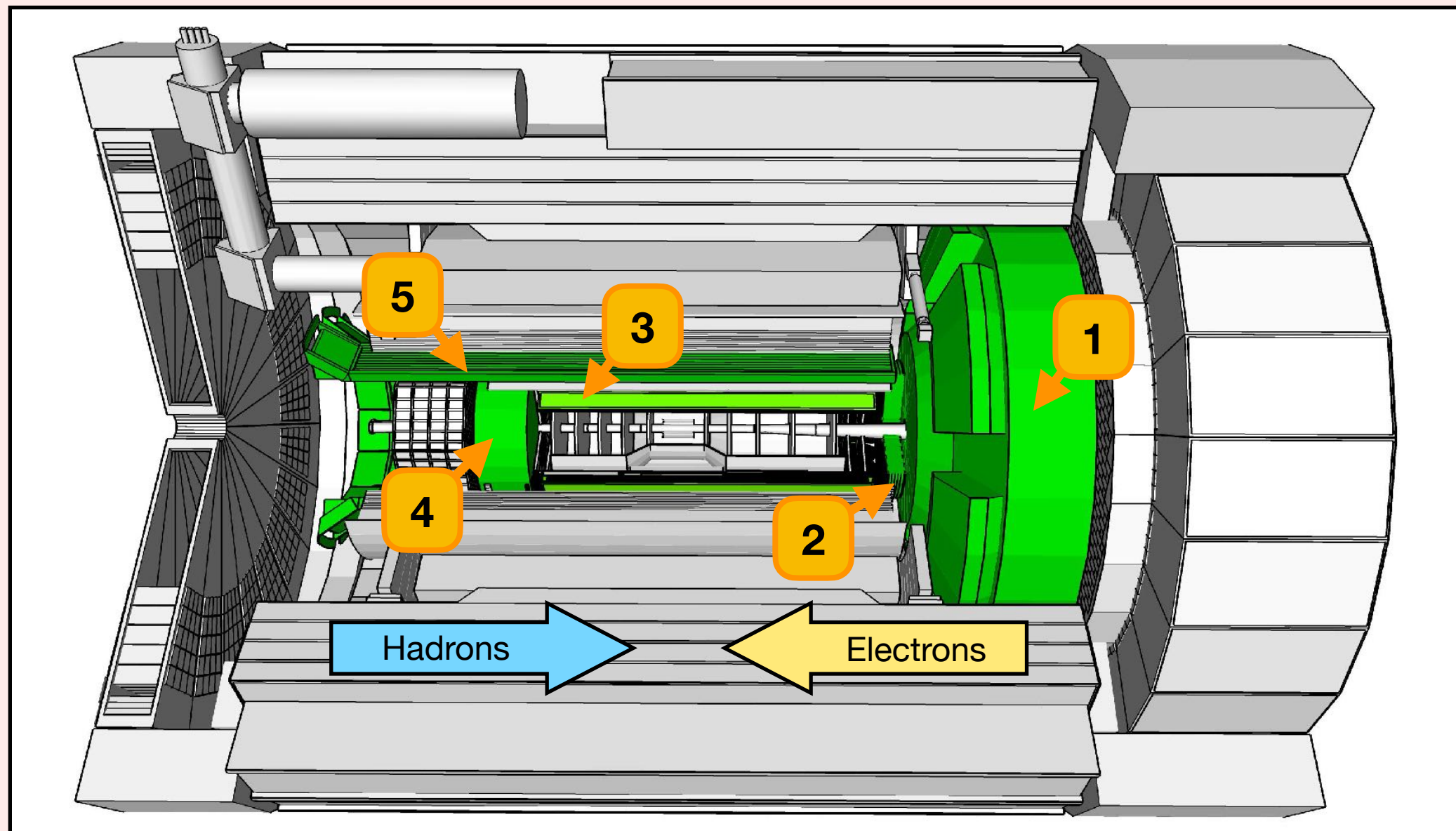
- Cylindrical MicroMegas Barrel tracker (CyMBaL)
- GEM- $\mu\text{RWell}$  Barrel and endcap tracker
- 10 ns timing resolution, 150  $\mu\text{m}$  tracking resolution

## 2 - AC-coupled Low Gain Avalanche Diode (AC-LGAD)

- 4D (timing + position) readout
- Fast detector response
- ~35 ps timing resolution
- 30  $\mu\text{m}$  resolution tracking point

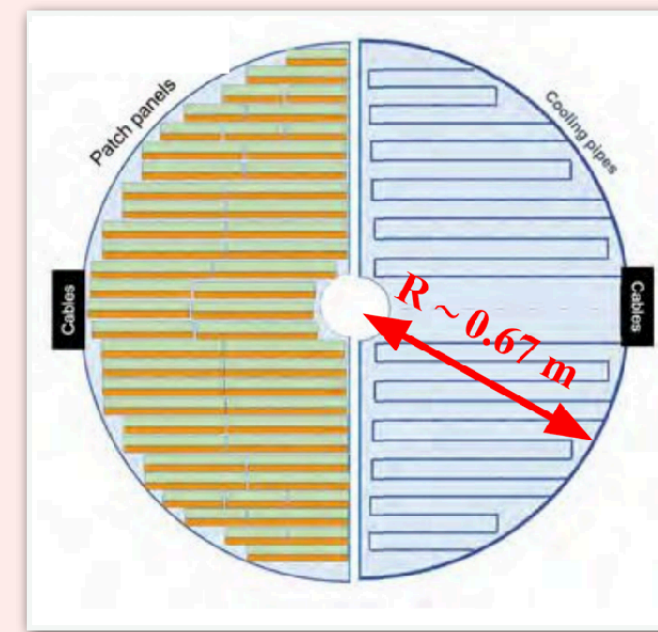






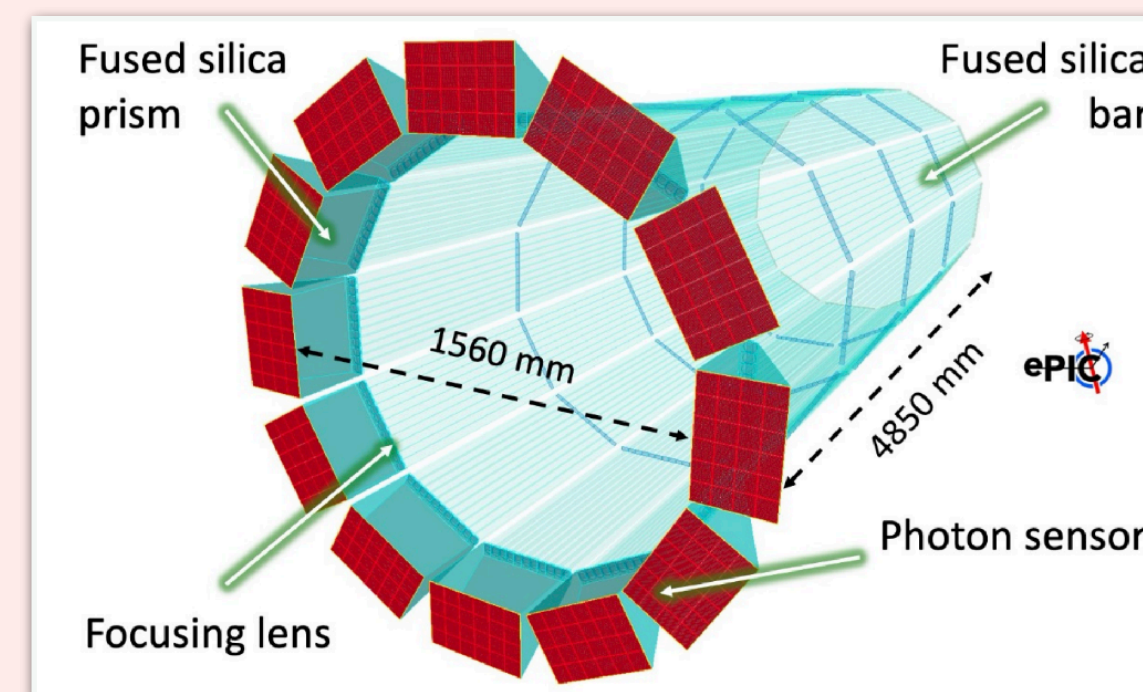
## 1 - Dual-Radiator Rich (dRICH)

- $C_2F_6$  gas volume and aerogel
- SiPM tile on spheres
- $\pi/K$  separation up to 50 GeV/c



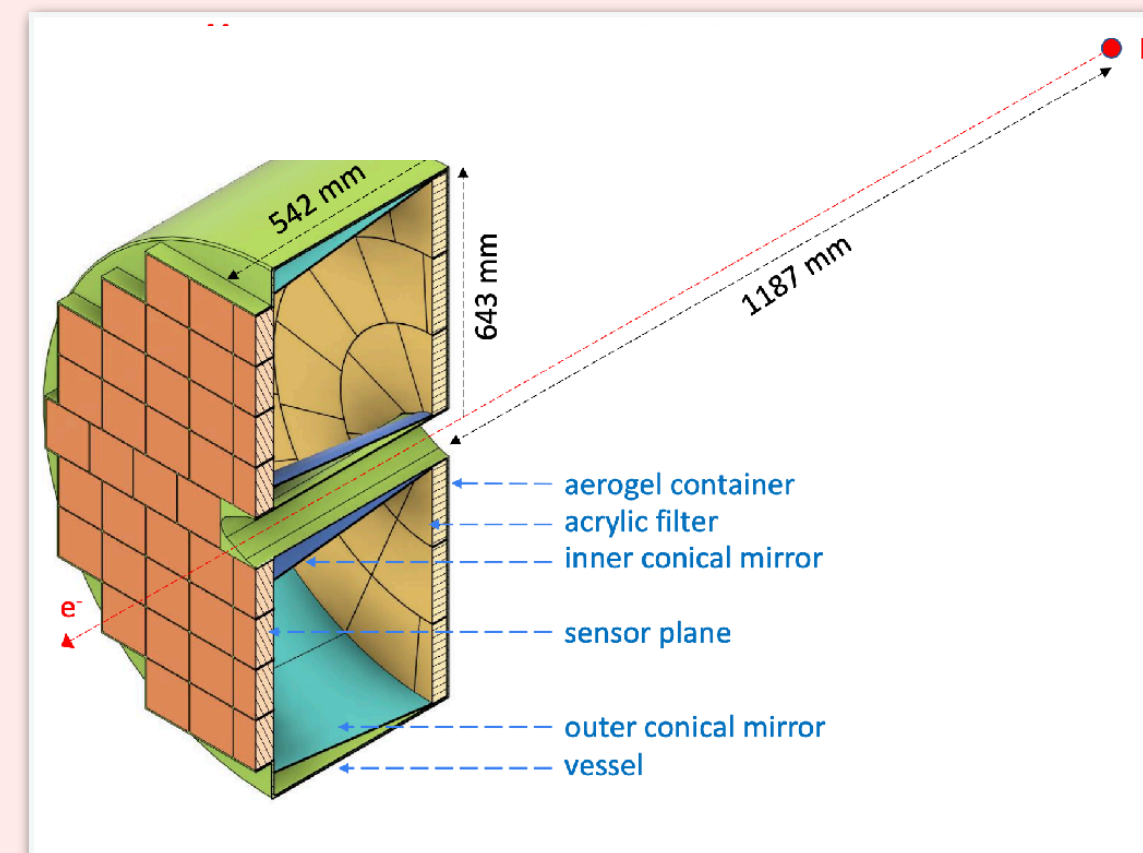
## 2- Endcap AC-LGAD TOF

- ~25 ps timing resolution
- Also provide 30  $\mu$ m resolution tracking point



## 5 - High-Performance DIRC (hpDIRC)

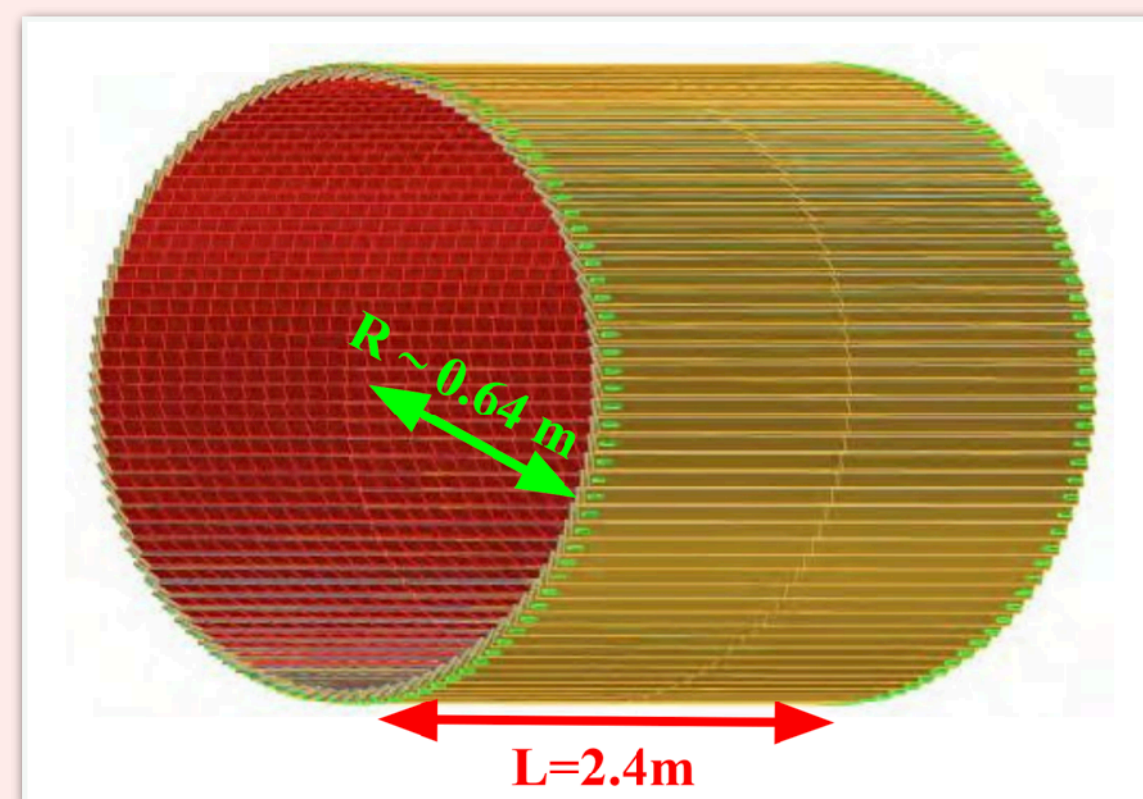
- Quartz bar radiator
- MCP - PMTs sensors
- $\pi/K$  separation up to 6 GeV/c



## 4 - Proximity-Focusing RICH (pfRICH)

- Long Proximity gap (~40 cm)
- HRPPDs sensors
- ~20ps timing resolution
- $\pi/K$  separation up to 10 GeV/c
- $e/\pi$  separation up to 2.5 GeV/c

World's first  
at ePIC

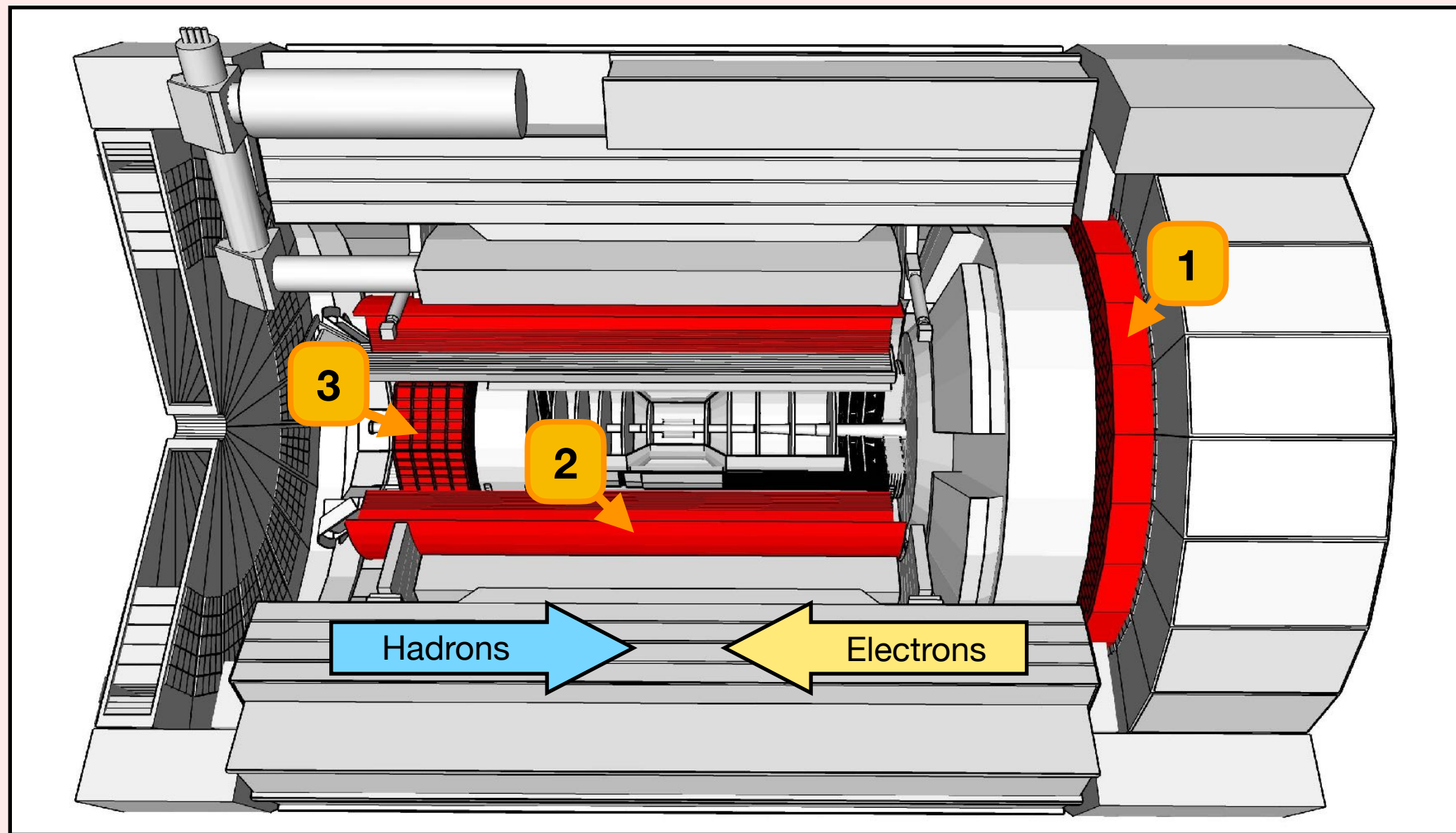


## 3 - Barrel AC-LGAD TOF

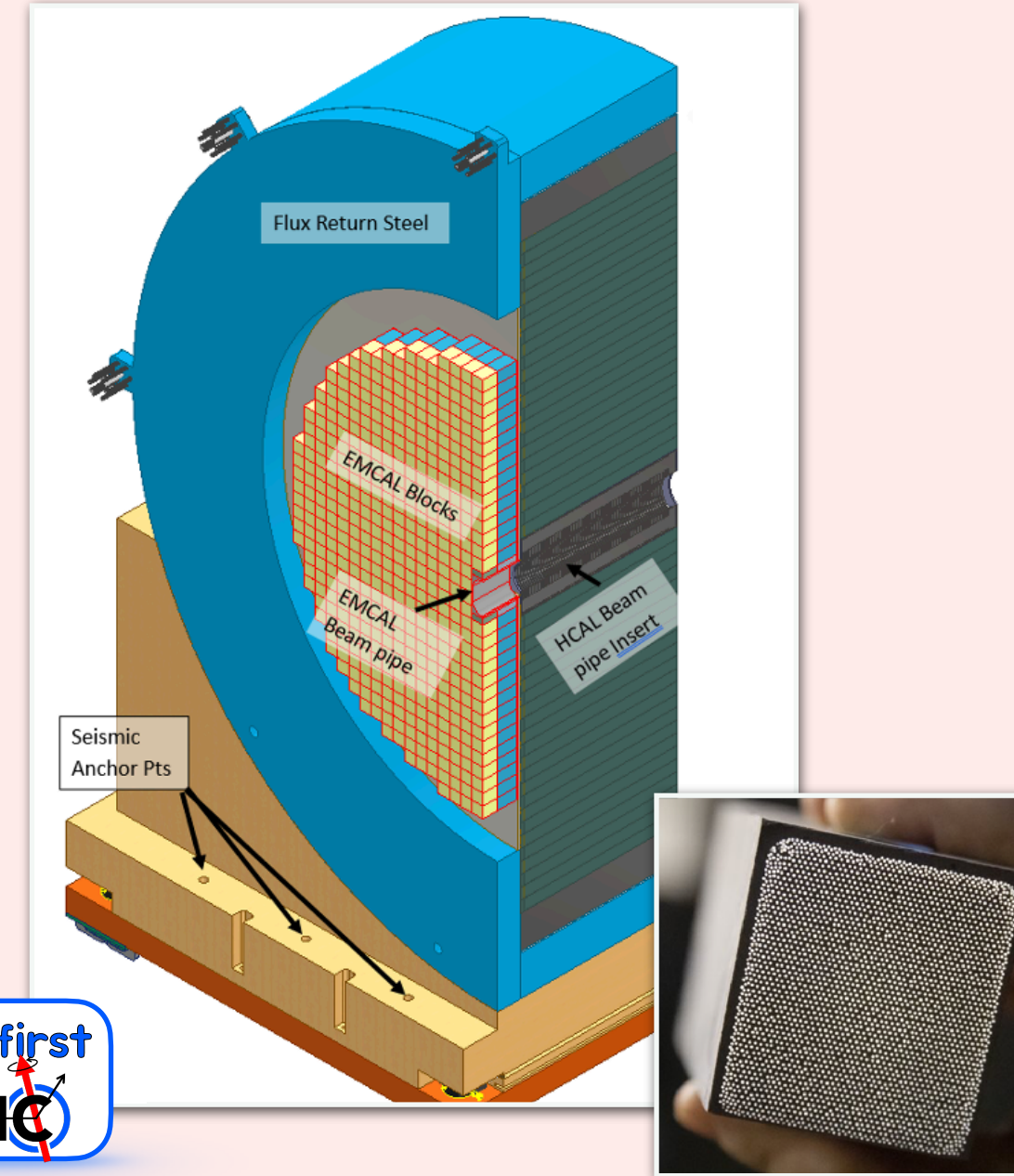
- ~35 ps timing resolution
- Also provide 30  $\mu$ m resolution tracking point

World's first  
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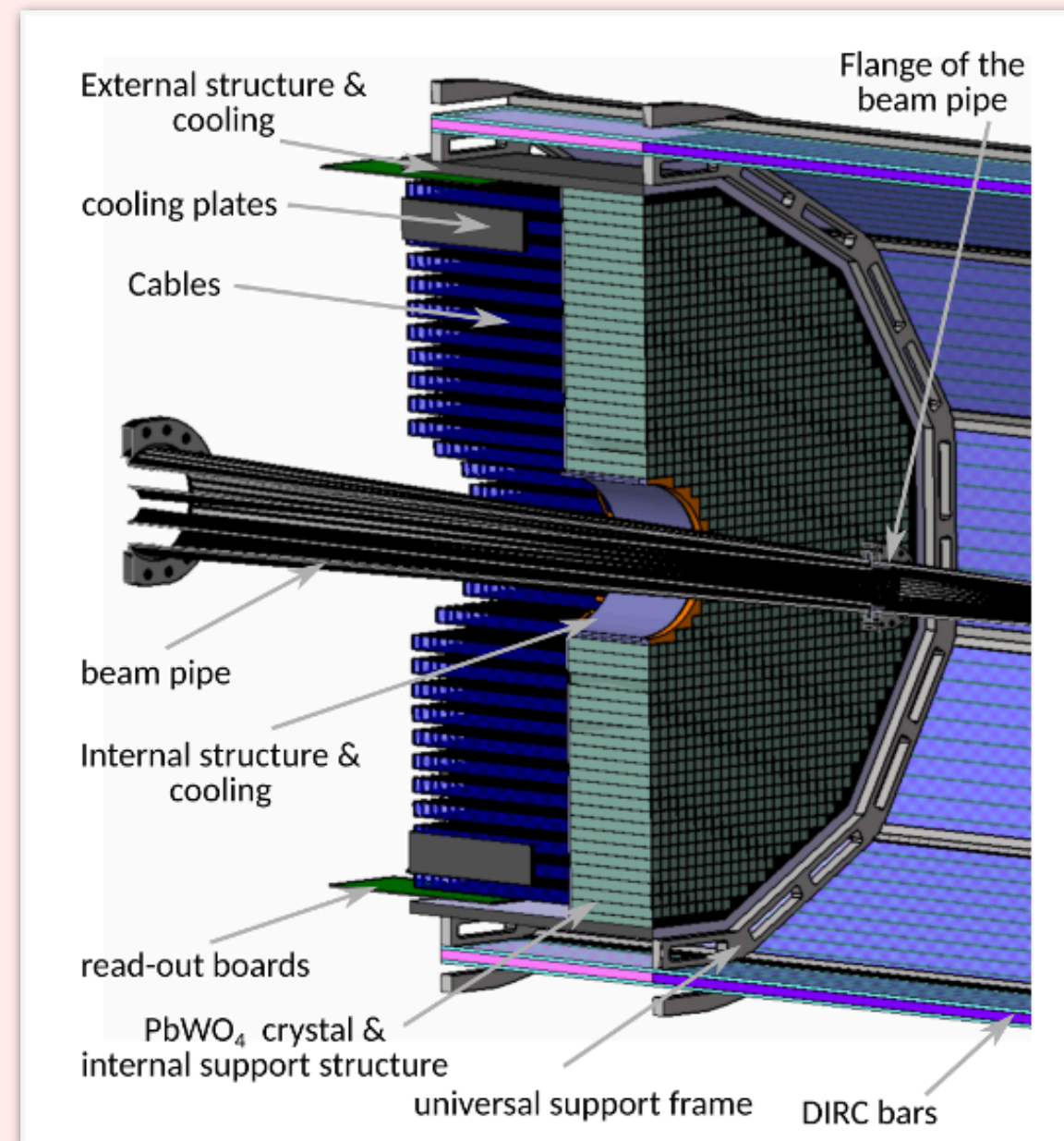


World's first  
at ePIC



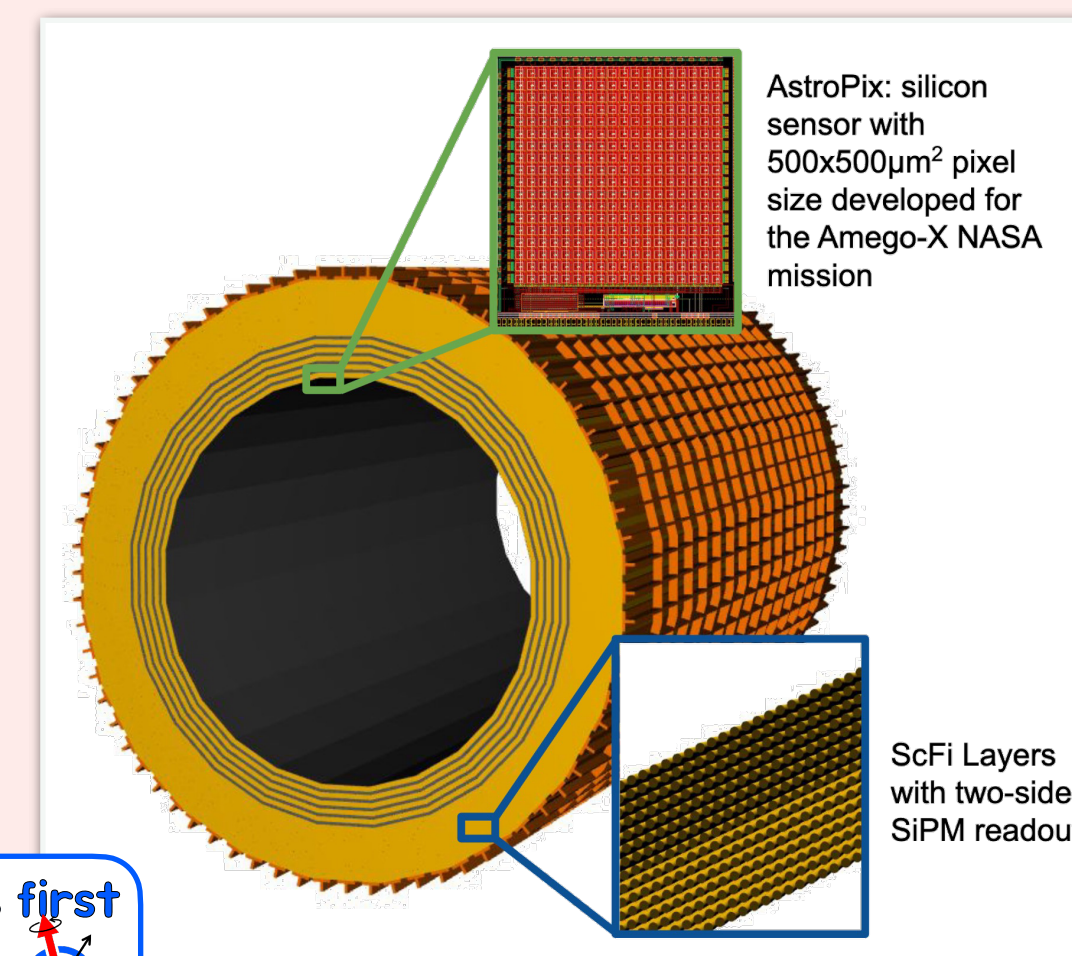
## 1 - Forward EM Calorimeter

- High granularity Tungsten powder + scintillating fiber EMCal
- SiPM sensor



## 3 - Backward EM Calorimeter

- $\text{PbWO}_4$  crystals
- SiPM sensor

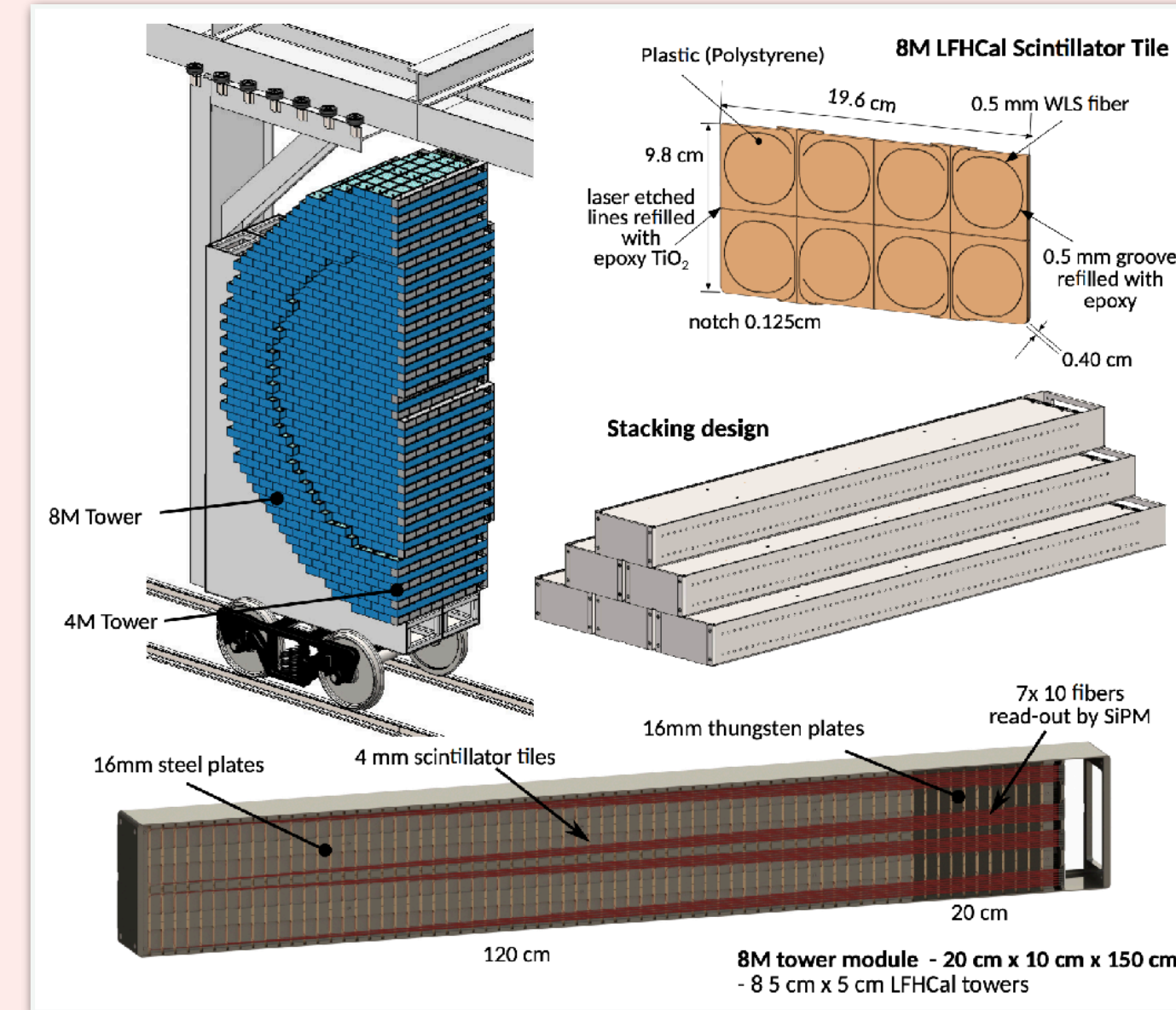
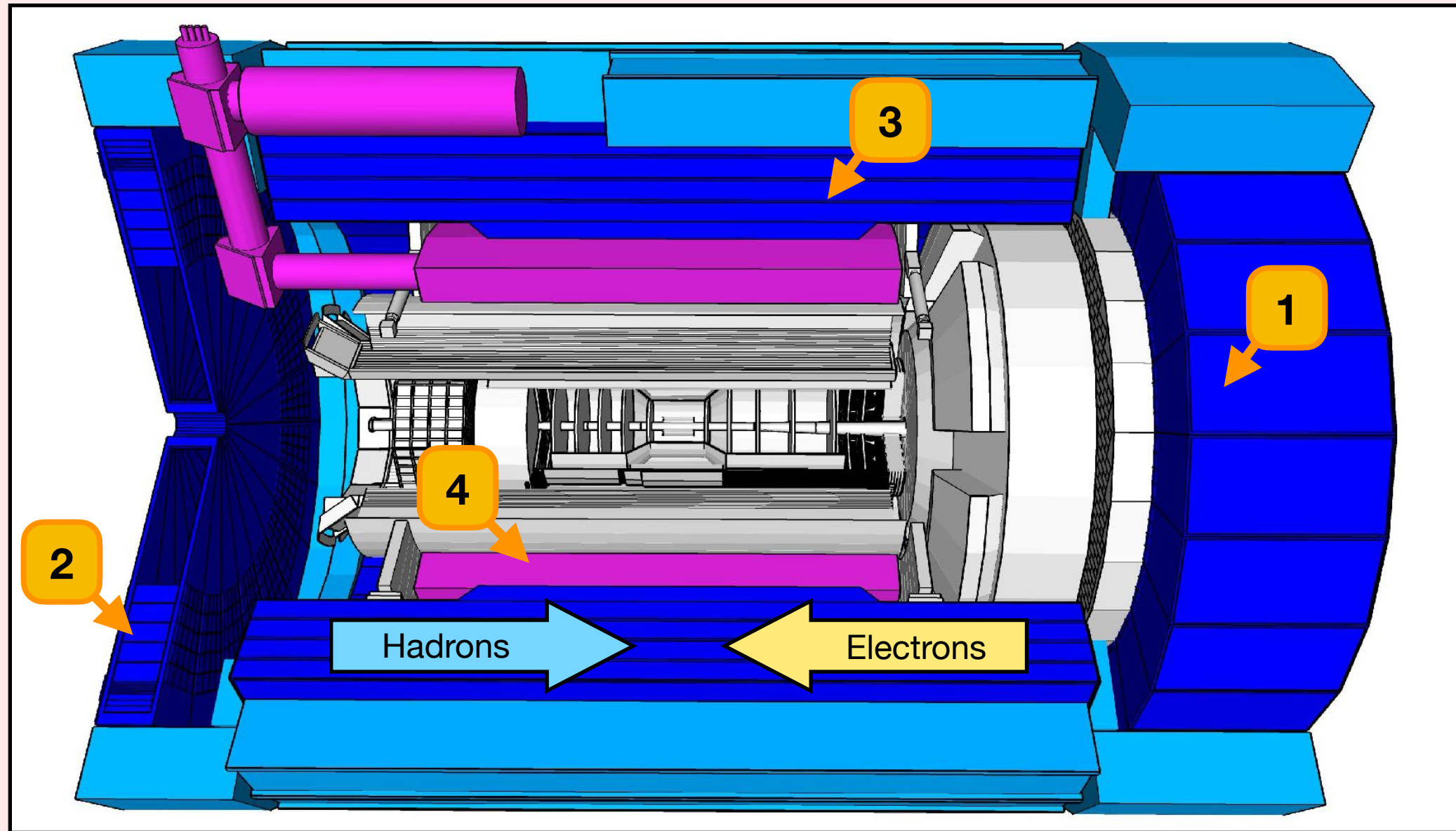


## 2 - Barrel imaging calorimeter

- AstroPix monolithic silicon sensors
- 6 layers of imaging Si sensors
- 5 Pb scintillator fiber layers
- Large chunk of Pb scintillator fiber
- Covers  $-1.7 < \eta < 1.3$
- Pixel size position resolution
- $5.3\% / \sqrt{E} \oplus 1.0\%$  energy resolution

World's first  
at ePIC

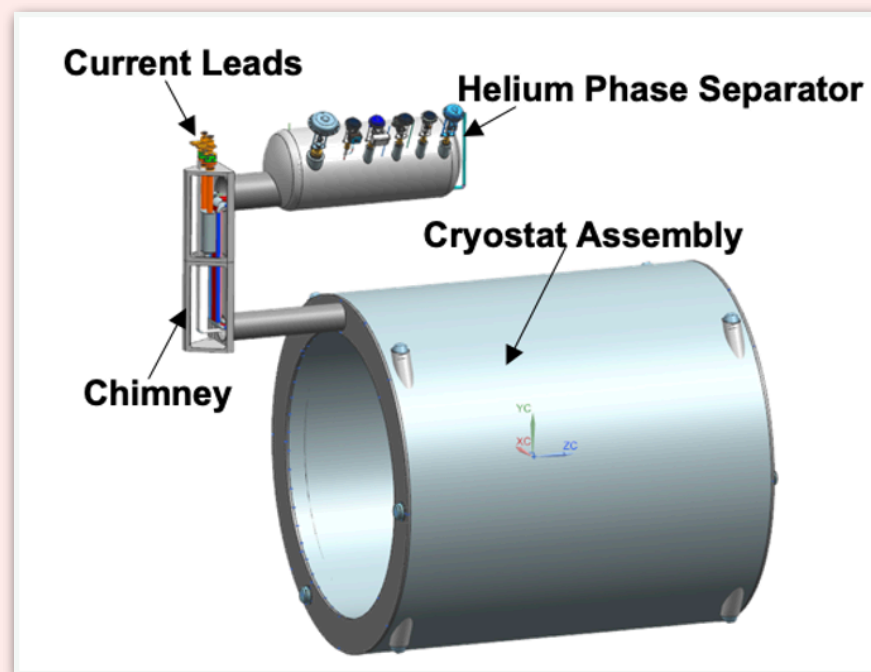




## 1 - Longitudinally segmented Forward HCal (LFHCal)

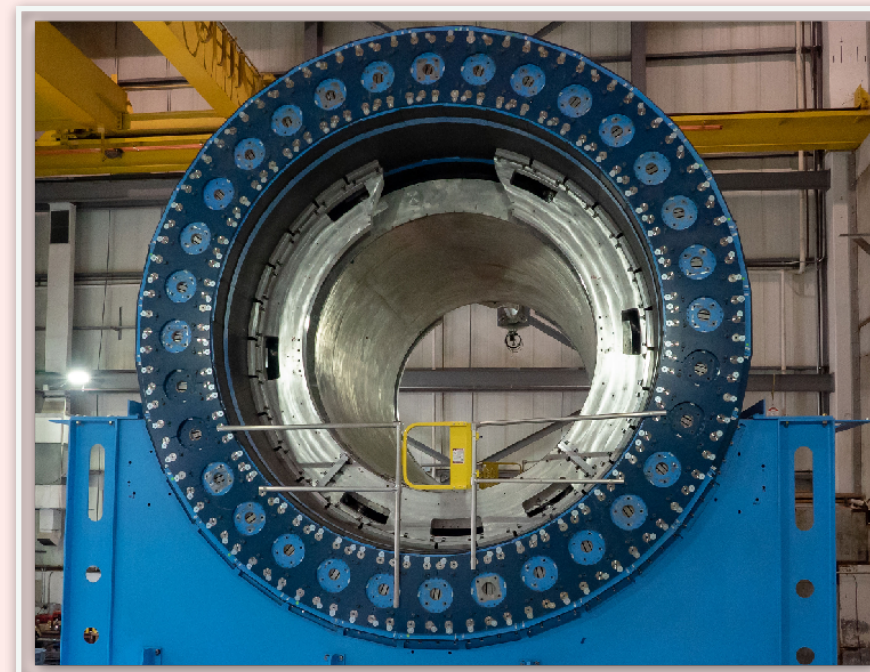
- Longitudinal steel/scintillator segments
- SiPM-on-tile readout
- High-granularity insert to aid in reconstruction of HFS
- Identification of muons

World's first  
at ePIC



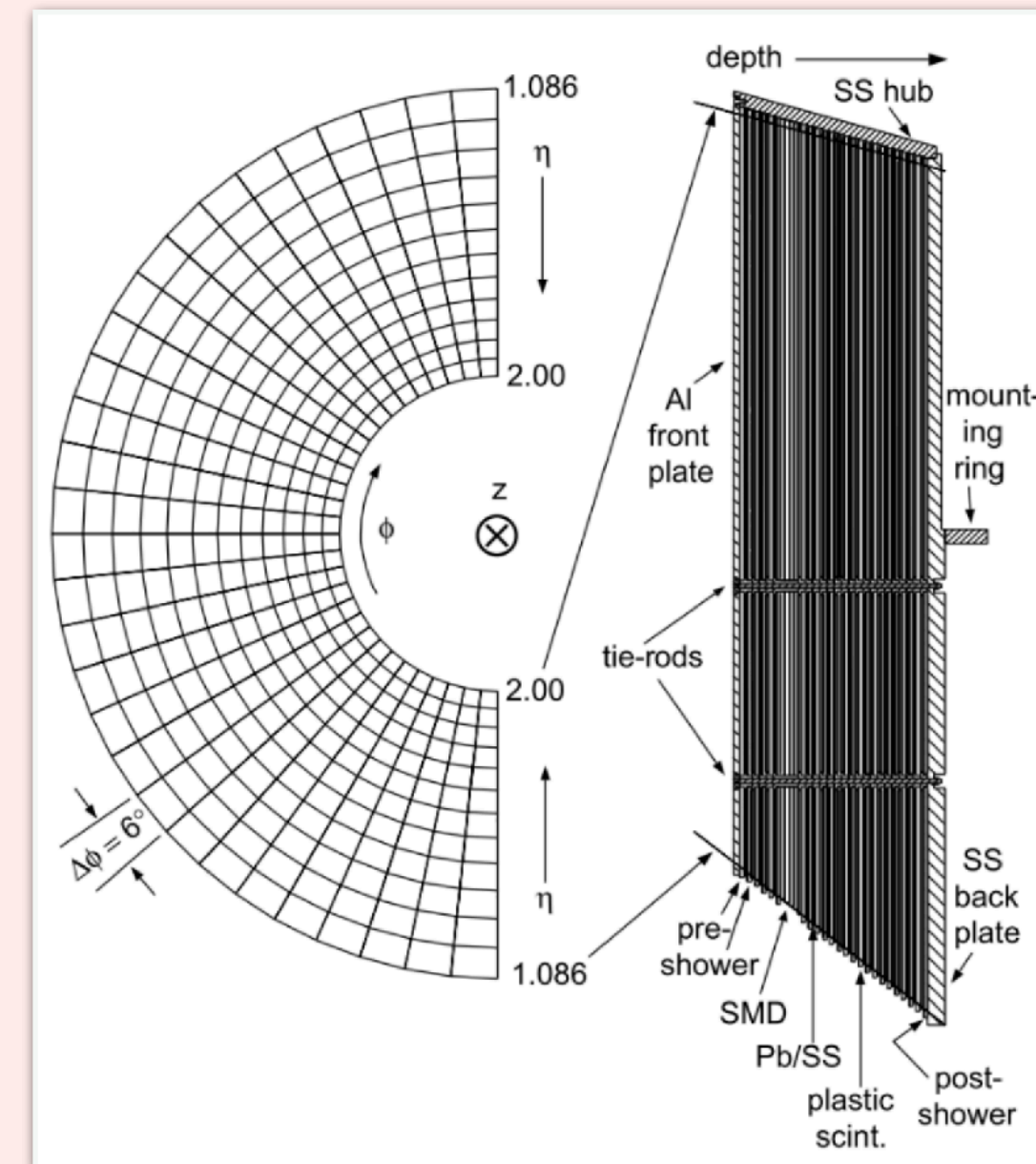
## 4 -MACRO solenoid magnet

- 2T super conducting solenoid



## 3 - Barrel HCal

- sPHENIX calorimeter
- with new SiPMs



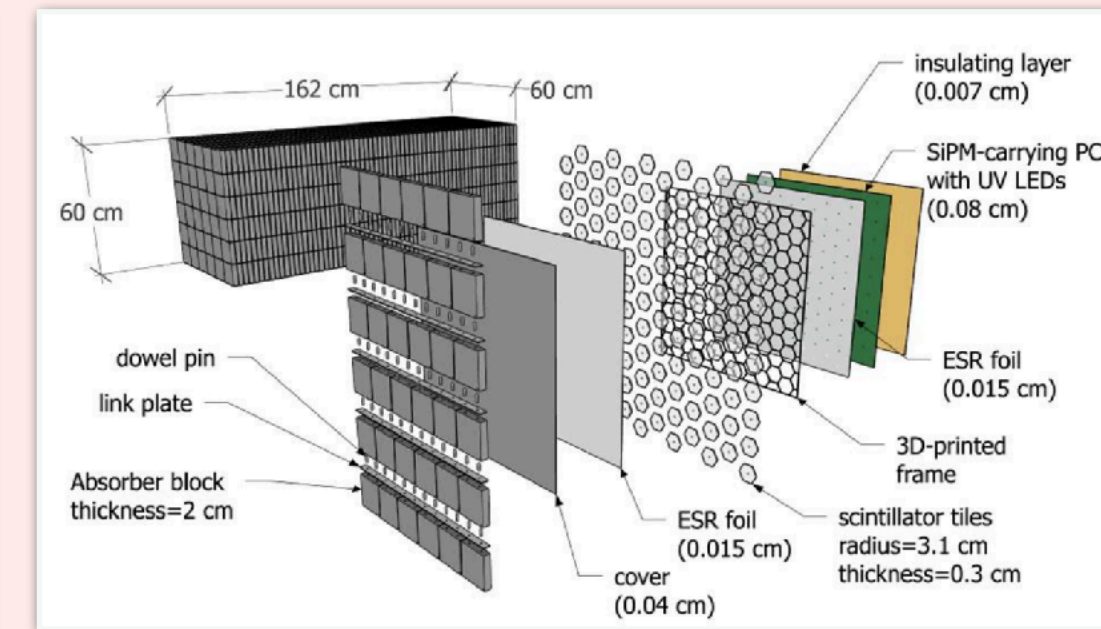
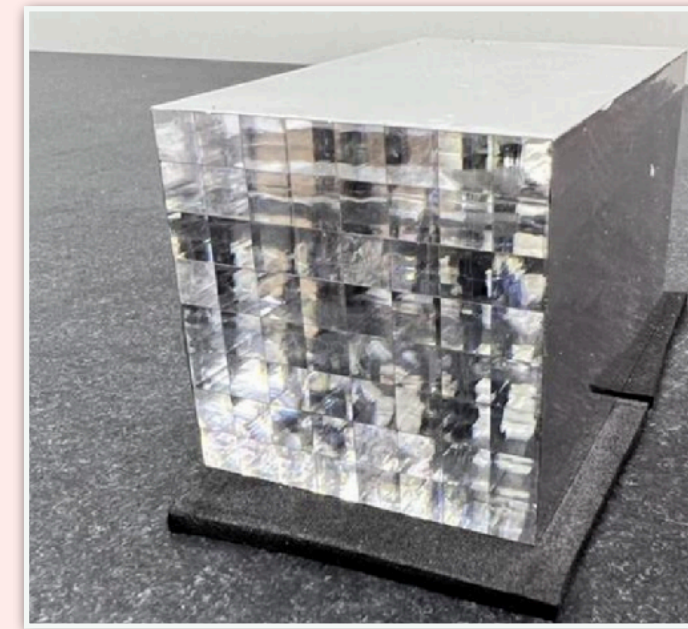
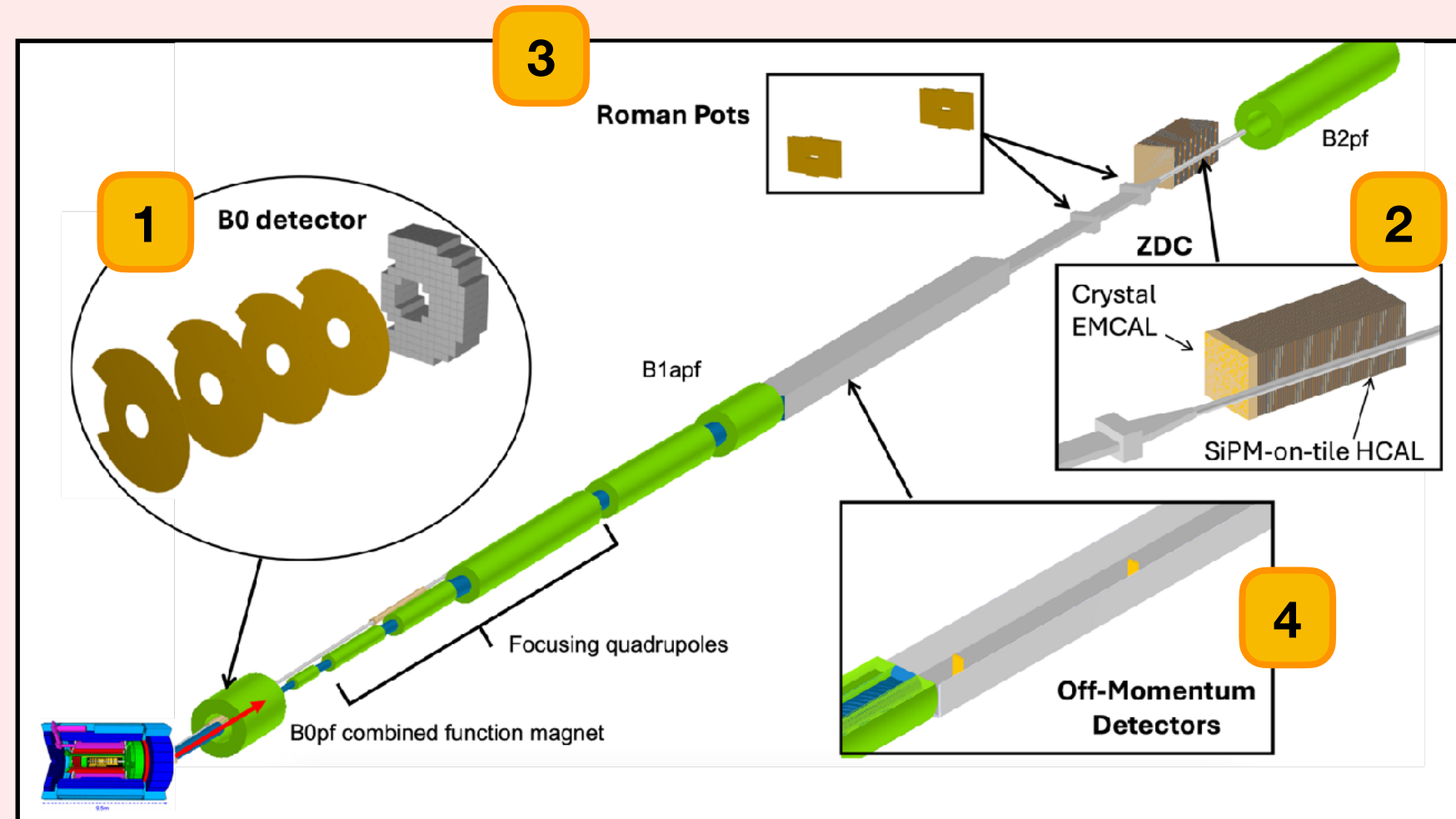
## 2 - Backward HCal

- Steel/Scintillator sandwich (10 layers)
- STAR scintillator tiles



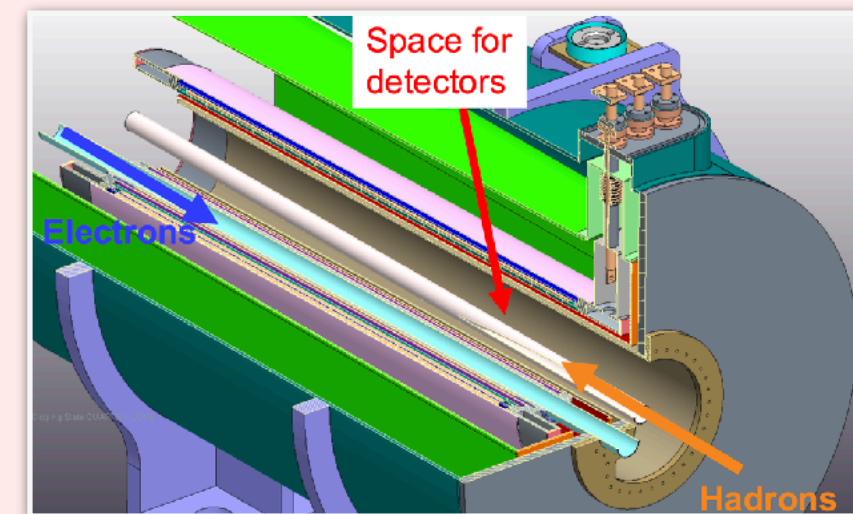
# The ePIC Detector - Far Forward

13



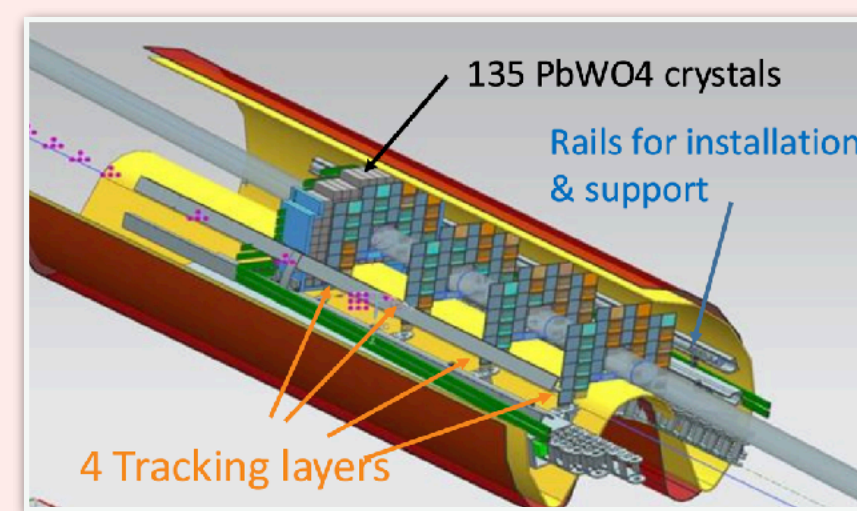
## 2 - Zero Degree Calorimeter (ZDC)

- PbWO4 ECAL + Steel/Sc. HCAL
- Covers  $0 < \theta < 5$  mrad



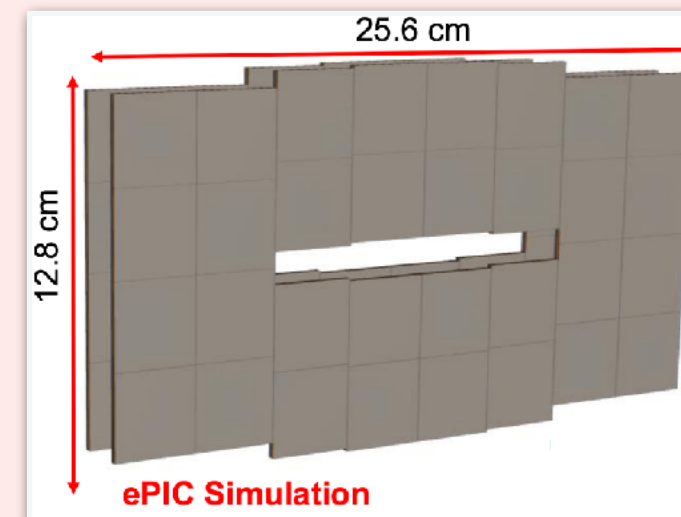
## 1 - B0 tracker

- Fully embedded in machine dipole
- AC-LGADs based silicon tracker
- PbWO4 calorimeter
- Covers  $5.5 < \theta < 20$  mrad



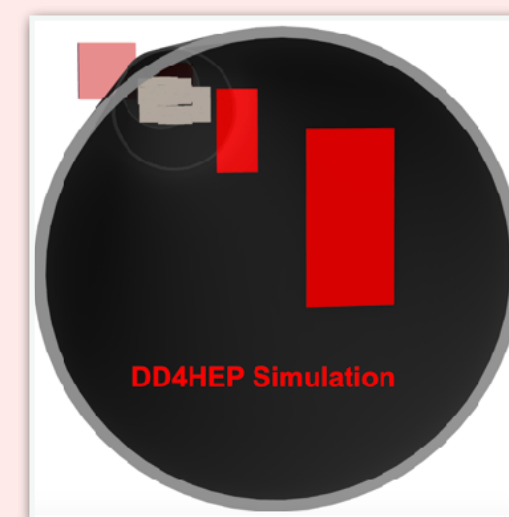
## 3 - Roman Pots (RP)

- AC-LGADs detectors
- Position changes for different beam optics
- $10\sigma$  from beam center,  $1\sigma \sim 1$  mm
- Low-pT cutoff
- Covers  $0 < \theta < 5$  mrad

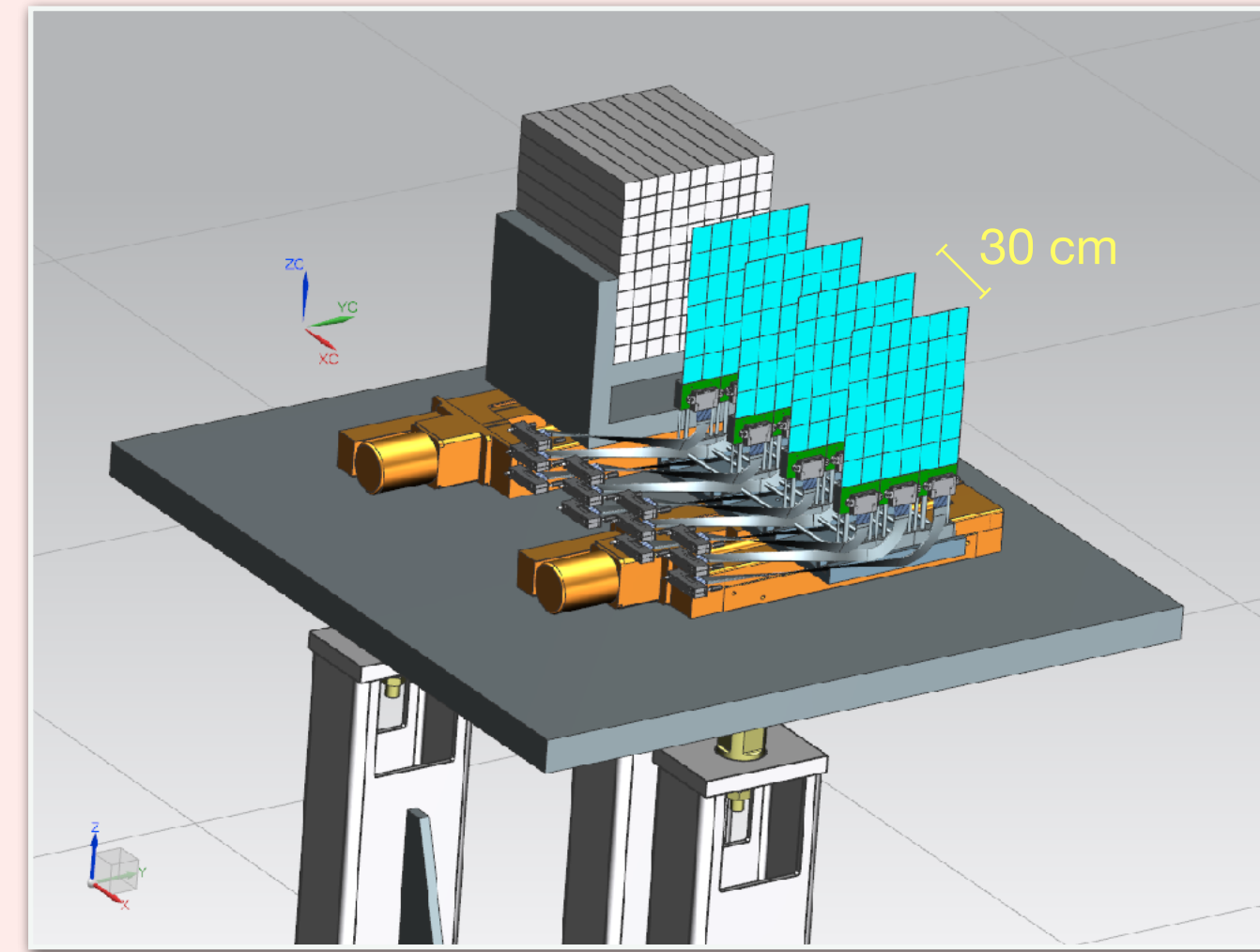
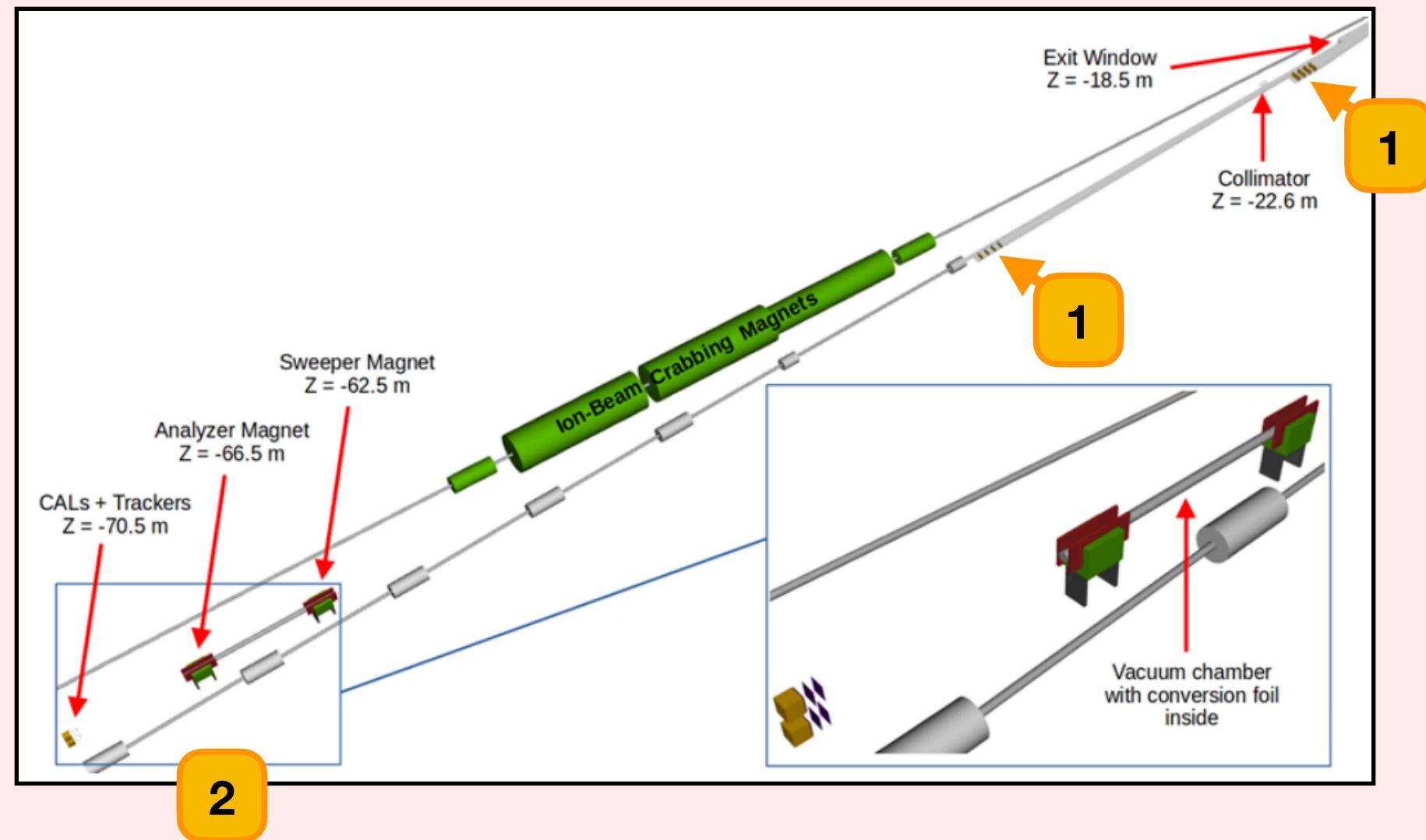


## 4 - Off-Momentum Detector (OMD)

- Same technology as the RF
- Covers  $0 < \theta < 5$  mrad

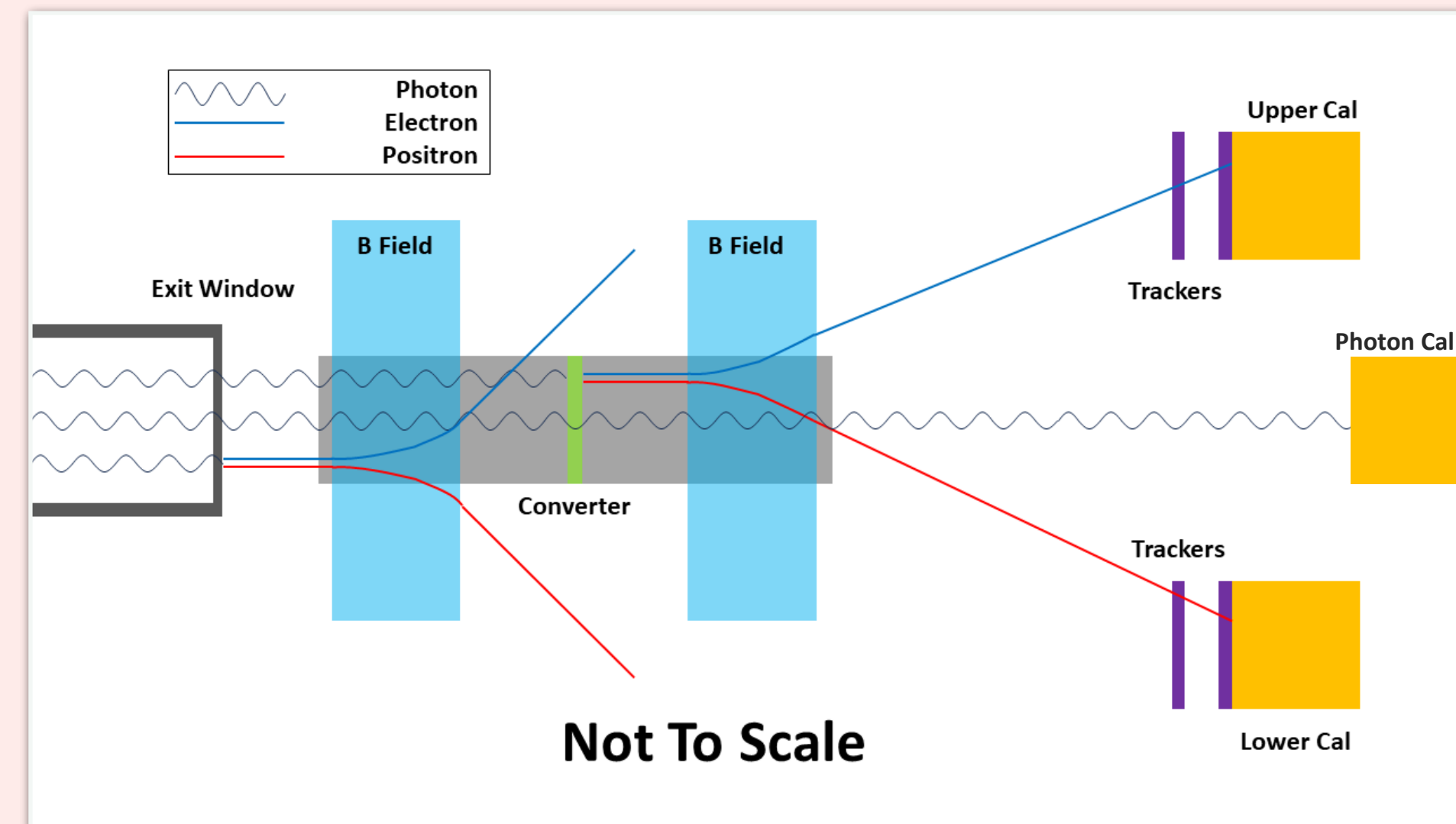






## 1 - Low Q2 electron taggers

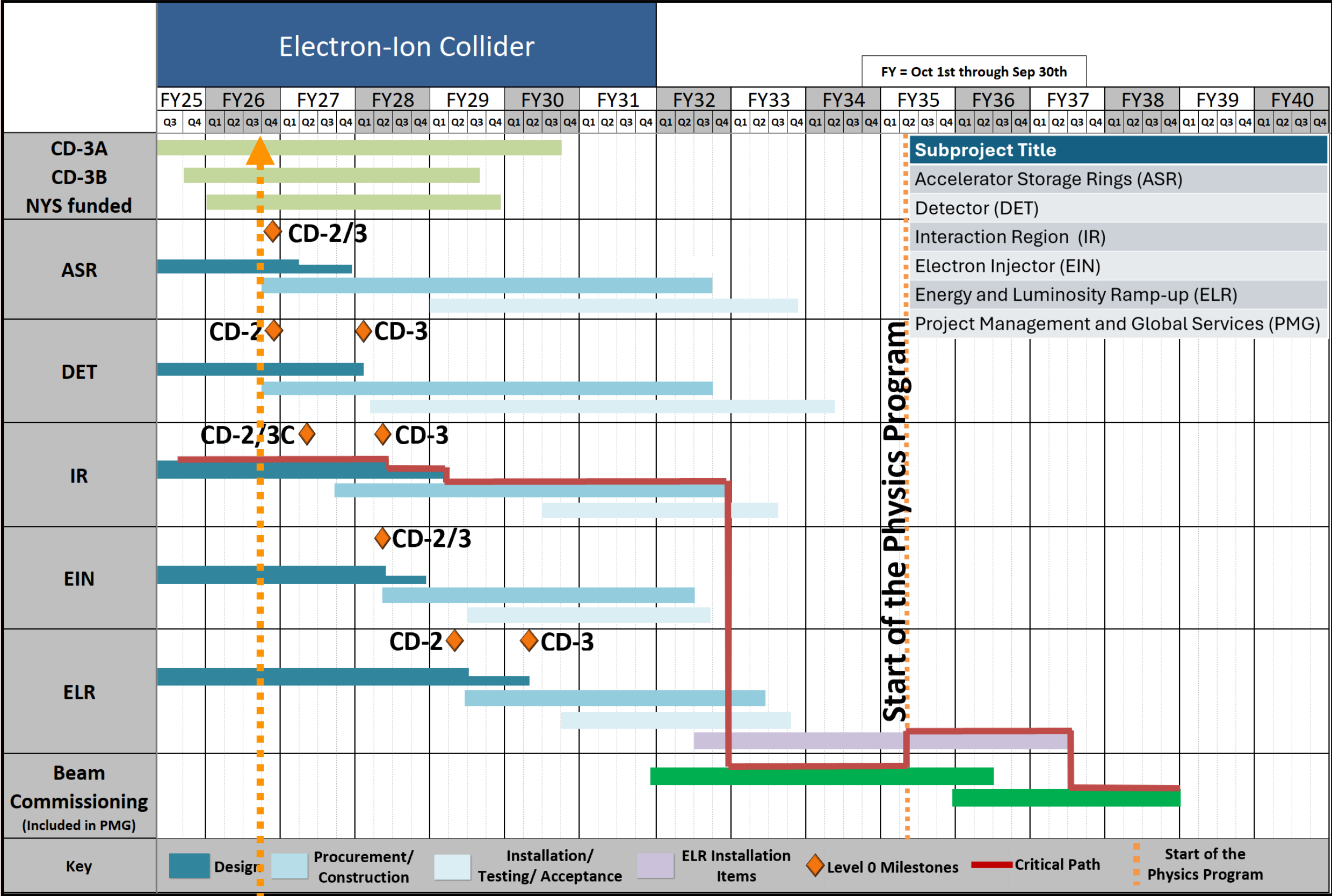
- 2 station, each with 4 tracking layers and calorimeter
- Timepix4 ASIC + Si Sensor
  - 2 ns timing resolution
  - High rate capability



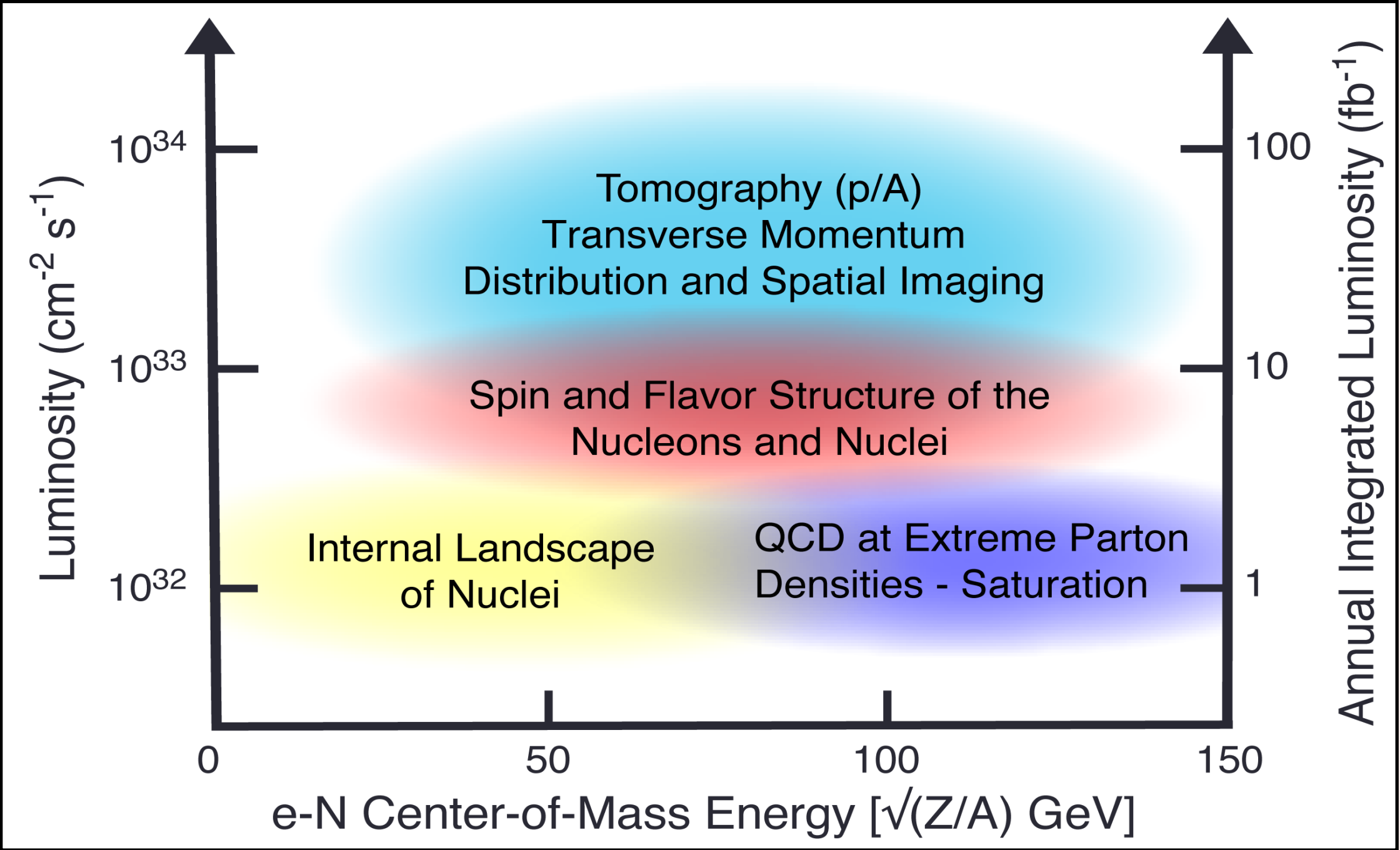
## 2 - Luminosity monitors

- Similar to HERA design
- Direct photon detector on  $0^\circ$  line
  - Tungsten scintillating fiber calorimeter (WSciFi)
- Complimentary Pair spectrometer
  - AC-LGAD strip tracker
  - WSciFi calorimeter

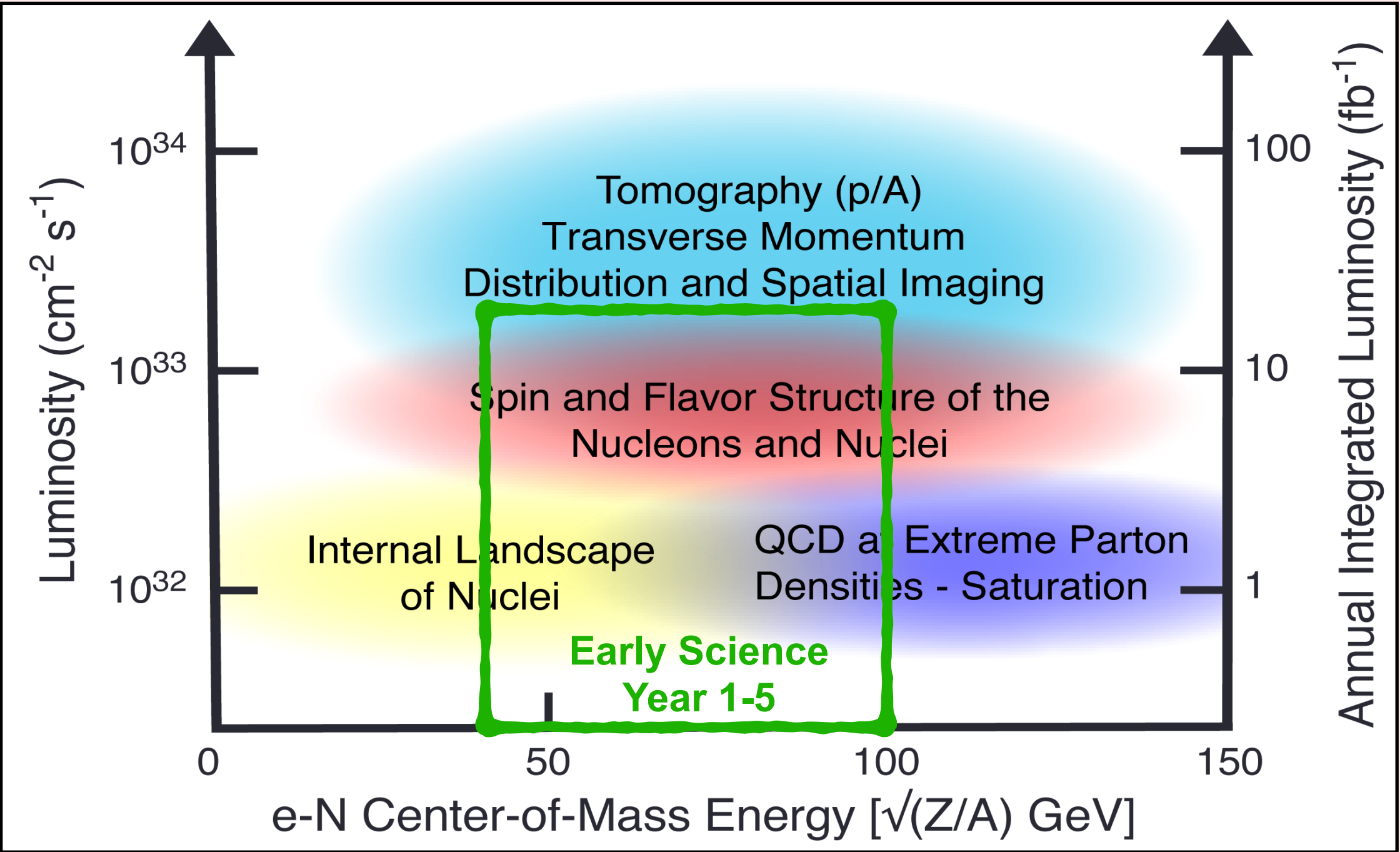
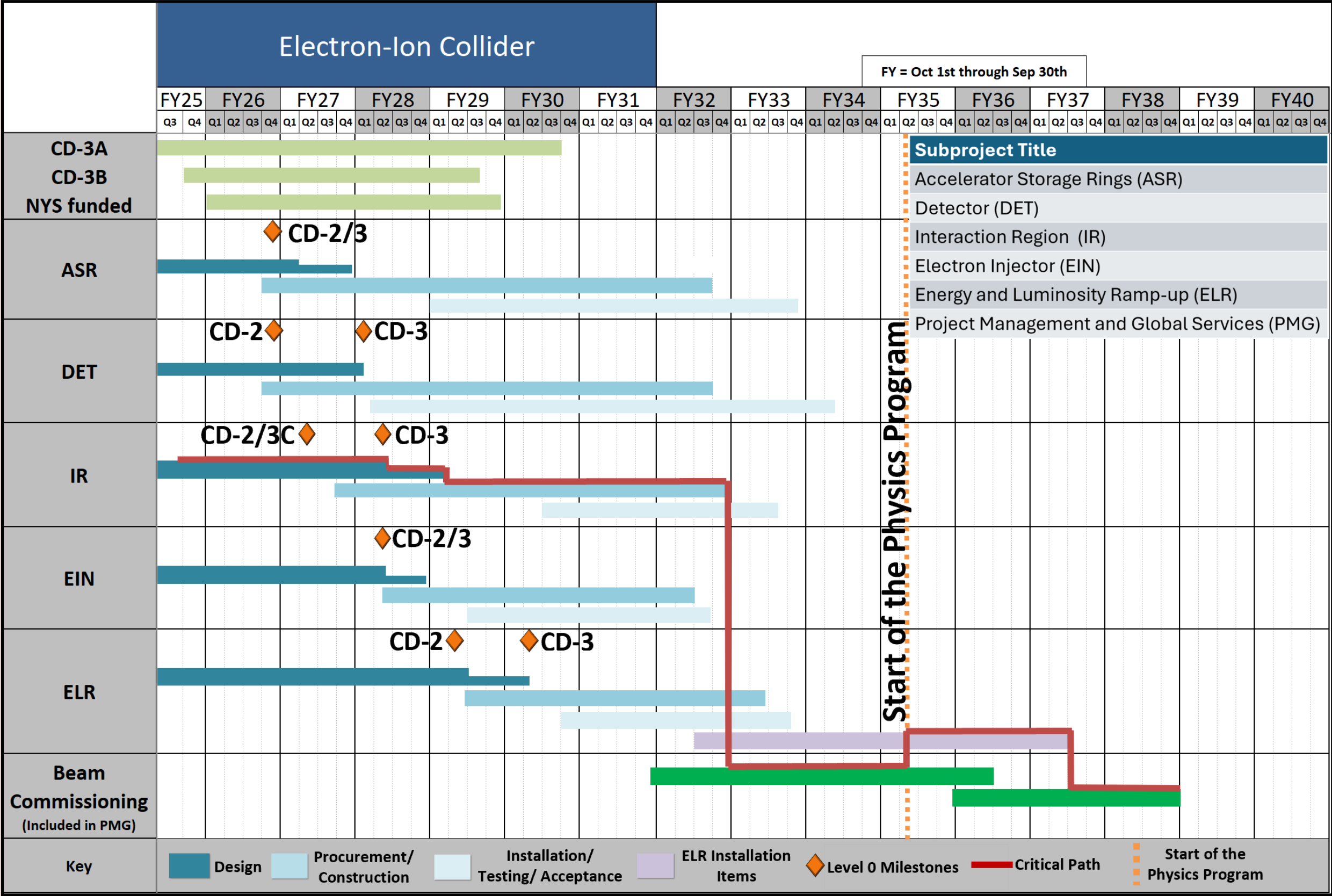




Construction phase start





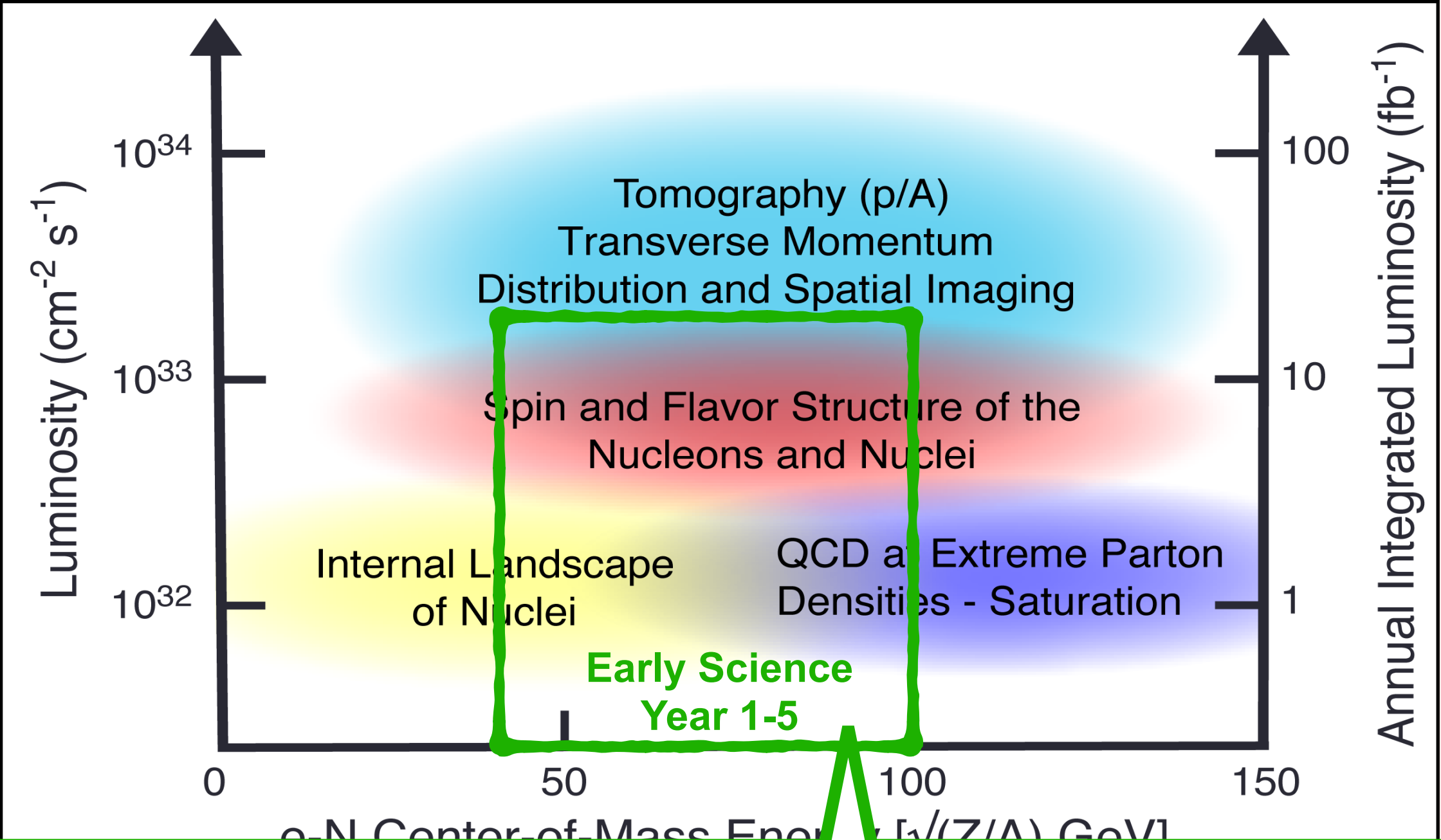
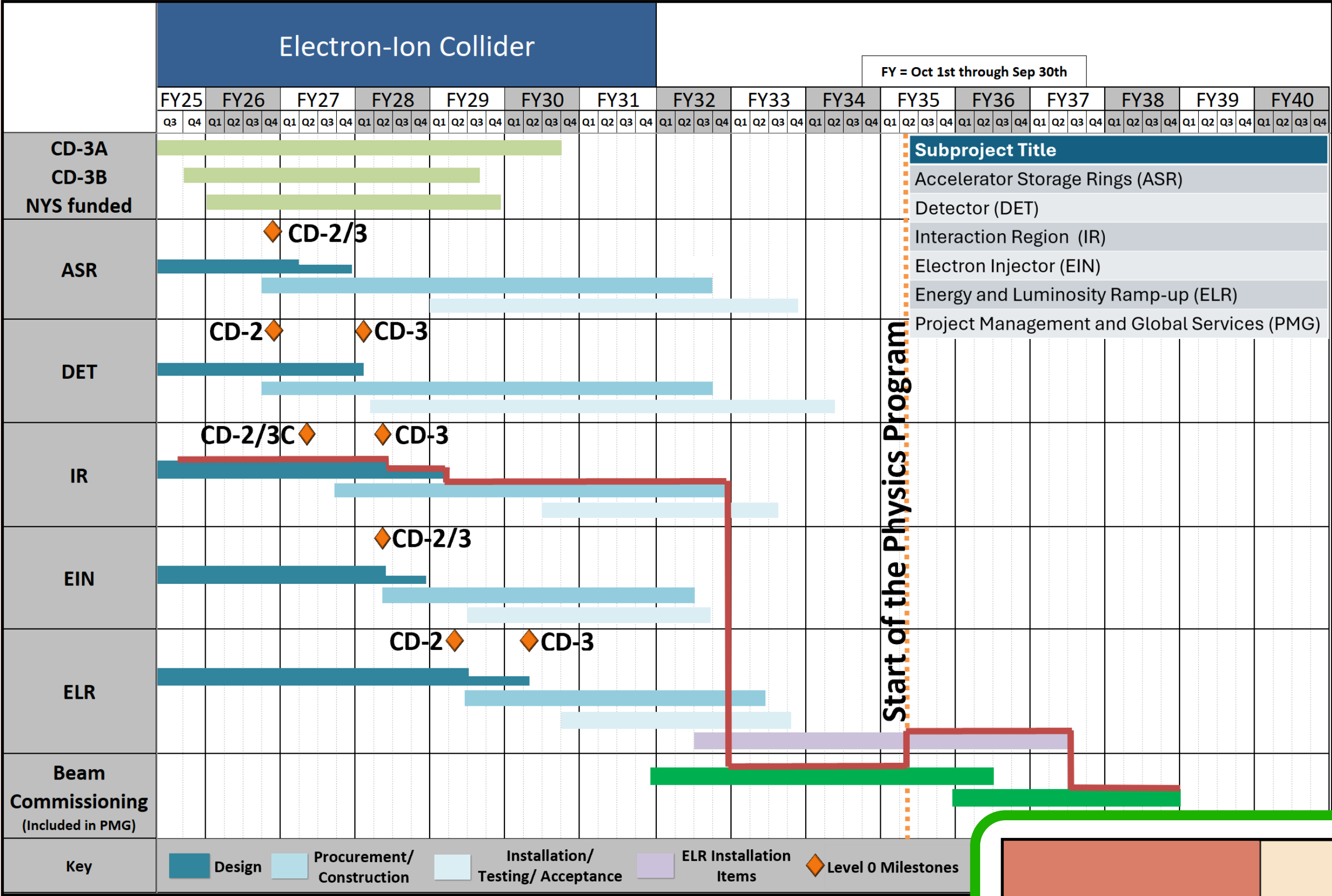


7 nC / bunch  
Pre-cooling at injection

5 - 10 GeV polarized e-

100 - 250 GeV polarized p  
100 GeV/u nuclear beams





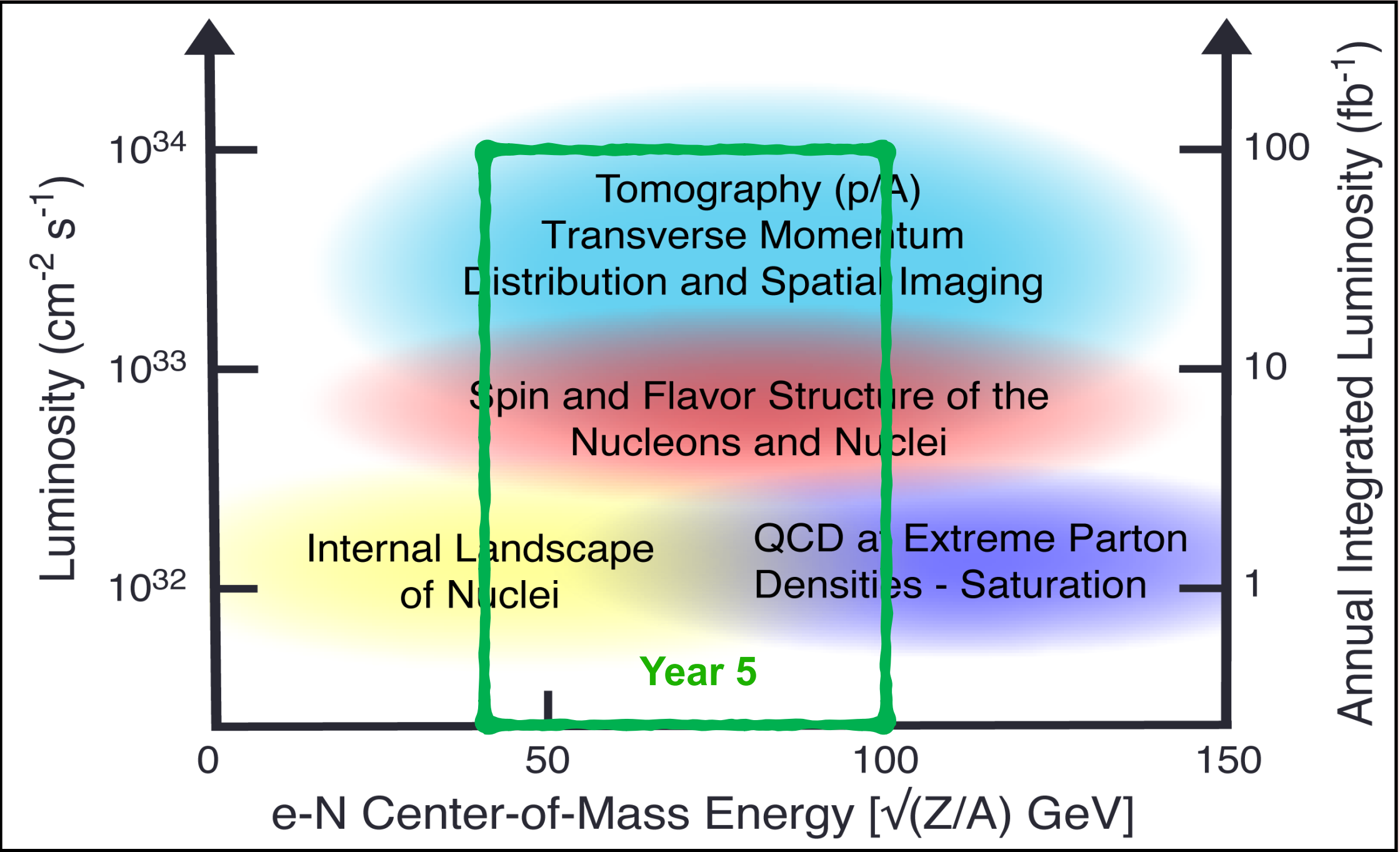
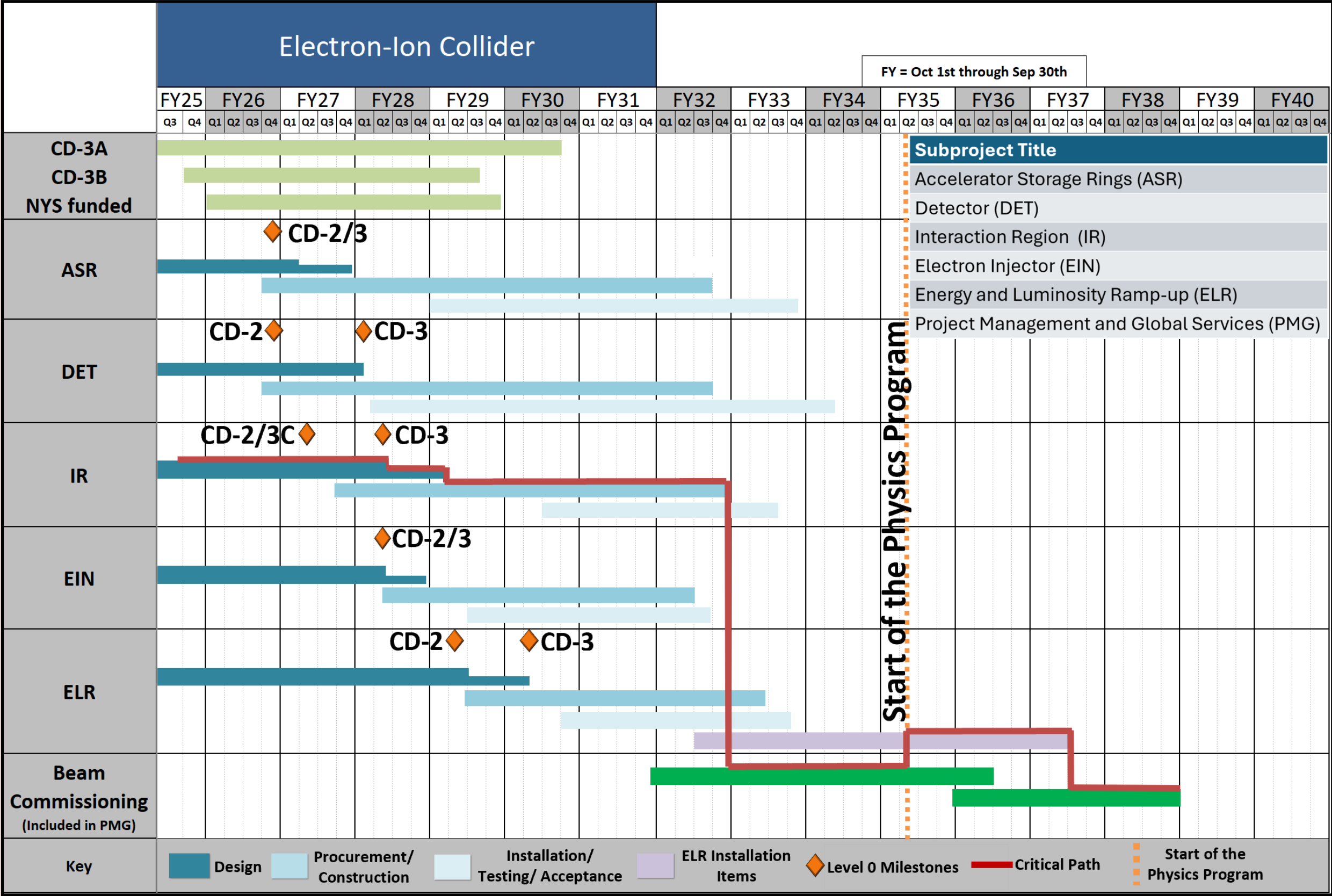
7 nC / bunch  
Pre-cooling at injection

5 - 10 GeV

|        | Species       | Energy (GeV)         | Luminosity/year (fb <sup>-1</sup> ) | Electron polarization | p/A polarization         |
|--------|---------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| YEAR 1 | e+Ru or e+Cu  | 10 x 115             | 0.9                                 | NO (Commissioning)    | N/A                      |
| YEAR 2 | e+D<br>e+p    | 10 x 130             | 11.4<br>4.95 - 5.33                 | LONG                  | NO TRANS                 |
| YEAR 3 | e+p           | 10 x 130             | 4.95 - 5.33                         | LONG                  | TRANS and/or LONG        |
| YEAR 4 | e+Au<br>e+p   | 10 x 100<br>10 x 250 | 0.84<br>6.19 - 9.18                 | LONG                  | N/A<br>TRANS and/or LONG |
| YEAR 5 | e+Au<br>e+3He | 10 x 100<br>10 x 166 | 0.84<br>8.65                        | LONG                  | N/A<br>TRANS and/or LONG |

Note: the eA luminosity is per nucleon



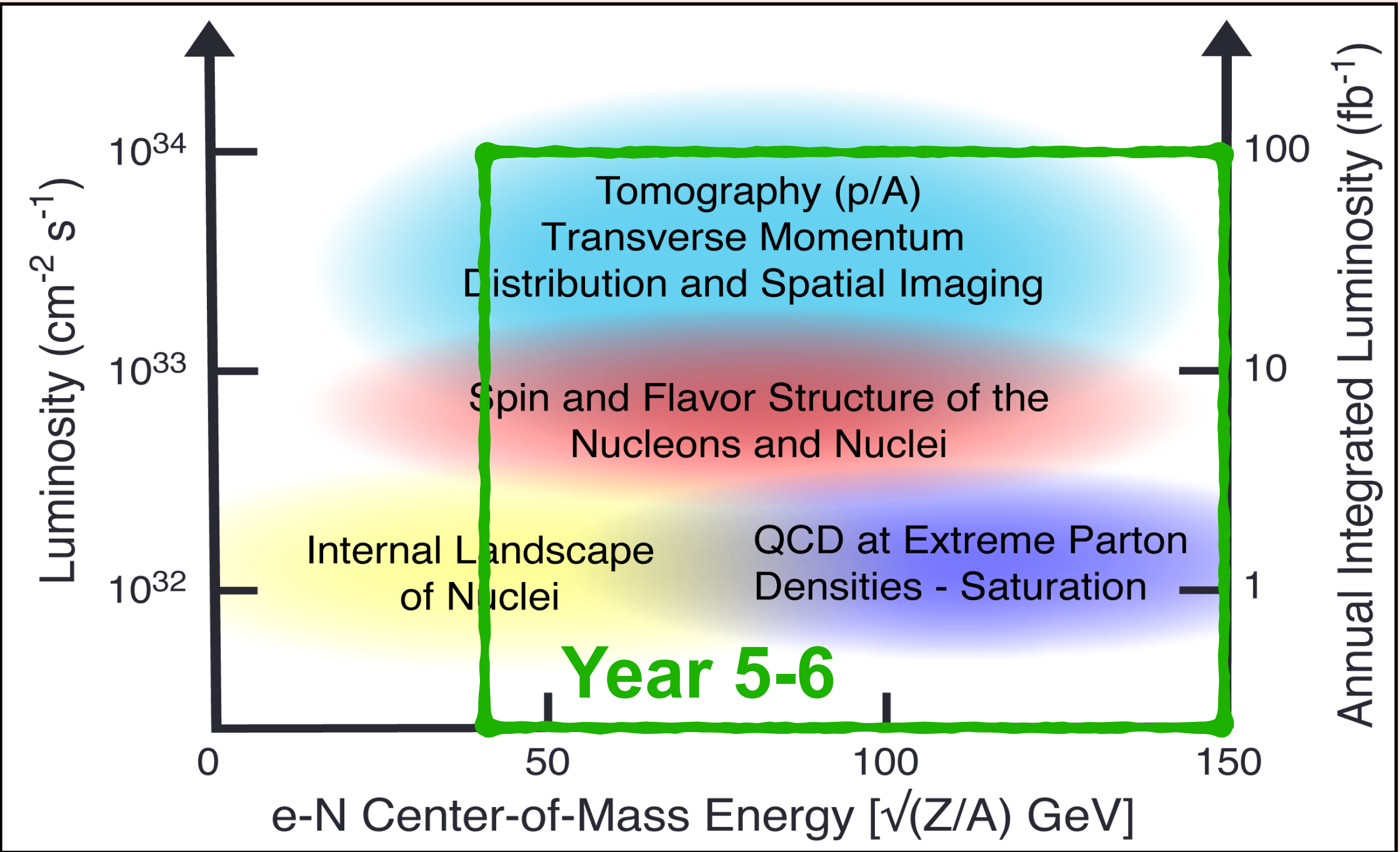
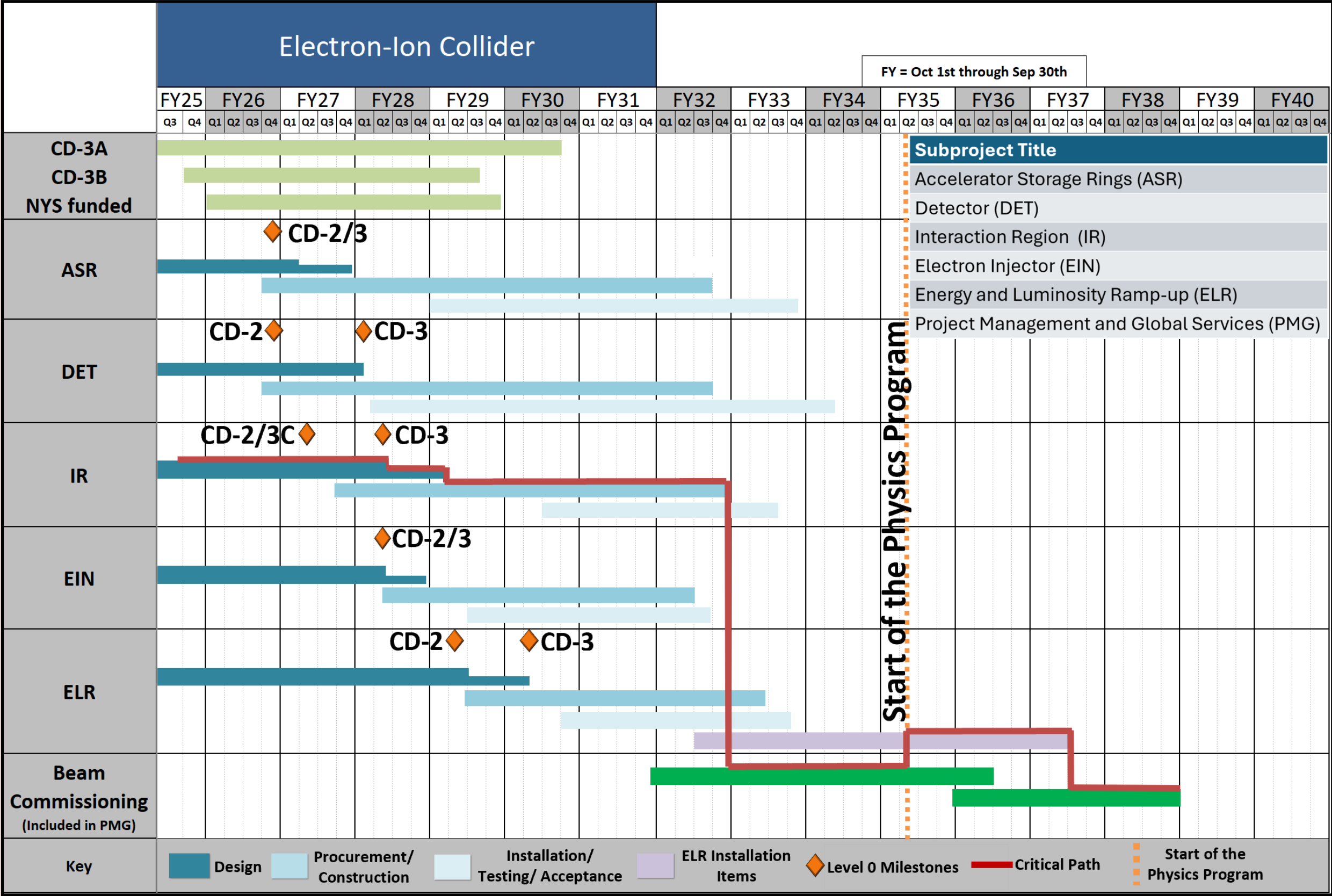


28 nC / bunch  
Low energy hadron cooling

5 - 10 GeV polarized e-

100 - 250 GeV polarized p  
100 GeV/u nuclear beams



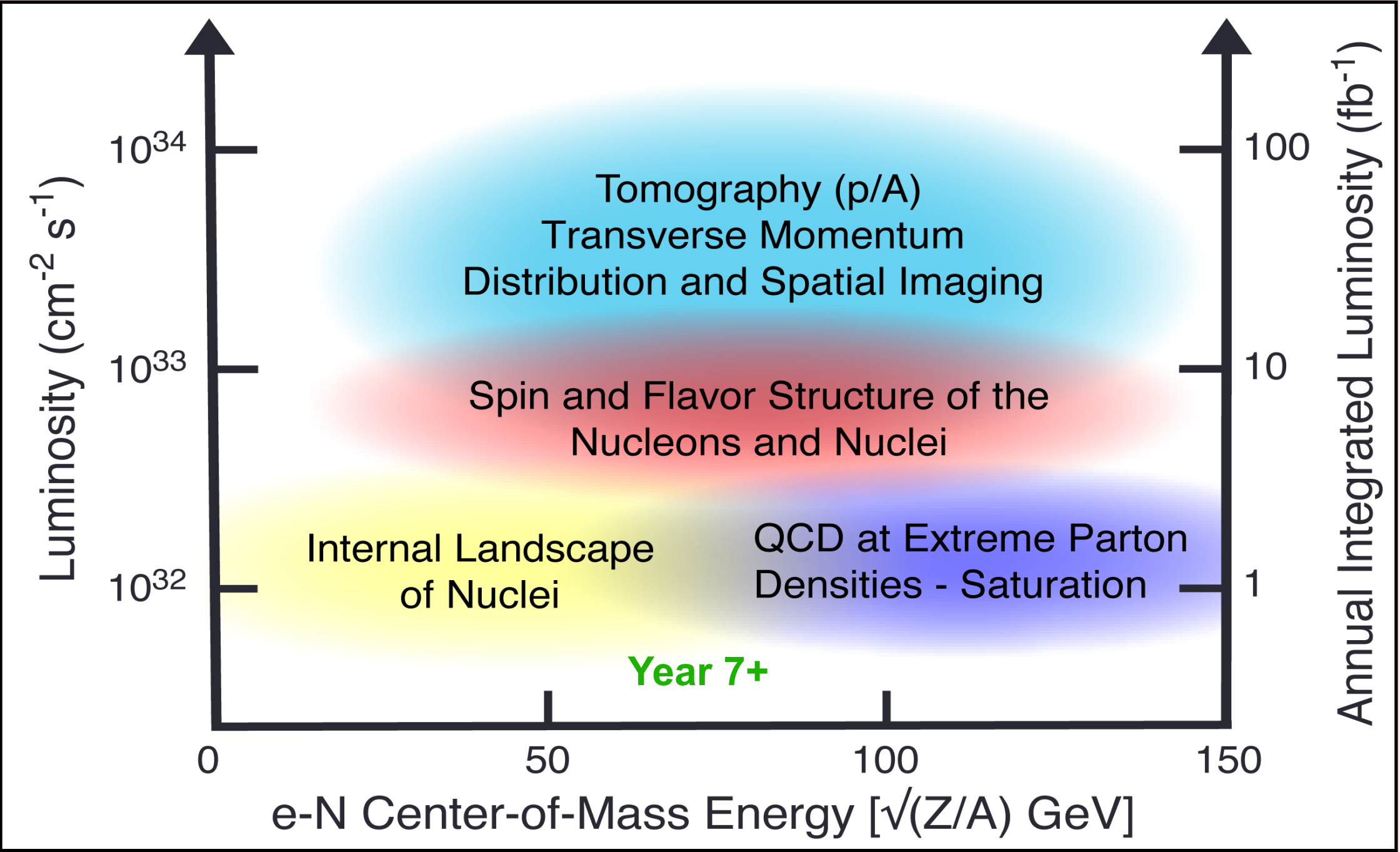
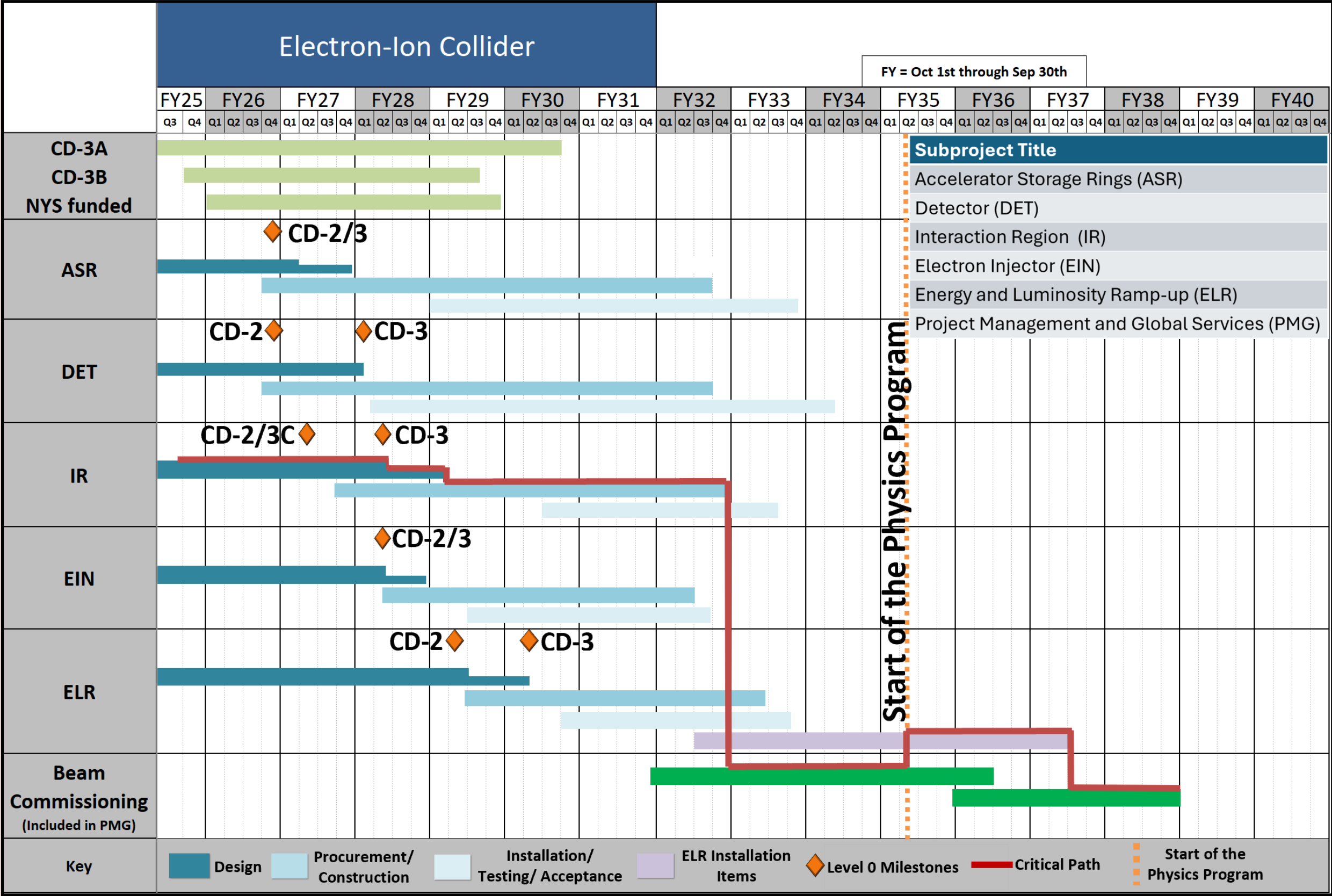


28 nC / bunch  
Low energy hadron cooling

More RF cavities  
18 GeV e-

100 - 250 GeV polarized p  
100 GeV/u nuclear beams





28 nC / bunch  
Low energy hadron cooling

More RF cavities  
18 GeV e-

Hadron low-energy bypass

Full science potential  
will be unlocked



- EIC will be the first polarized electron proton/ion and electron nucleus collider providing high luminosity beams with wide range of energies
- EIC will enable opportunities for many important QCD studies
- The ePIC collaboration is dedicated to build the first detector system at IP6 with many world's first technologies to provide high coverage for nuclear physics programs
- EIC construction phase is starting soon!

