



Status of the polarized gas target for the LHCspin project

Norihiro DOSHITA on behalf of LHCspin Collaboration

Yamagata University, Japan

SPIN2025 in 青島

Please follow the talk

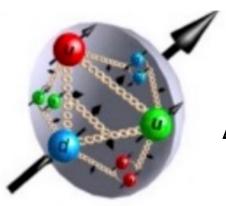
LHCspin project (by Rahul Shankar) 26/09/2025 11h30

Outline

- Physics motivation
 - Nucleon spin structure & TMD PDFs
- LHCb SMOG2 project with gas target
- Polarized gas target
 - Coating of target cell
 - Recombination of atoms
 - New polarimeter
- Timeline
 - Phase 1 at IR4
 - Phase 2 at IR8 (LHCb)
- Summary

Nucleon Spin Structure

Nucleon spin



$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_{z,q} + L_{z,g}$$

 $\Delta\Sigma$: Quark spin EMC, SMC, HERMES

 ΔG : Gluon spin COMPASS, PHENIX

 $L_{z,q}$: Quark OAM
HERMES, COMPASS,
SeaQuest, PHENIX

 $L_{z,g}$: Gluon OAM COMPASS, PHENIX

Precision measurements in 1990s 20-30 % by global analysis

Measurements in 2000s
It does not explain the nucleon spin.

TMD PDFs measurements since 2000s Supporting OAM contribution

Just started. Precision measurements will be carried out.

Nucleon structure and TMD PDFs

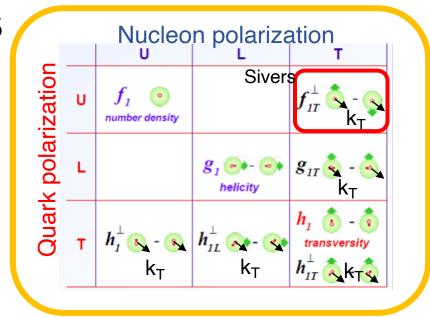
- k_T dependent 8 intrinsic Transverse Momentum Dependent Parton Distribution Functions (TMD PDFs) at LO
- Quark OAM Quark Sivers PDF $f_{1T}^{\perp}(x,k_T^2)$, Transversity PDF $h_1(x,k_T^2)$

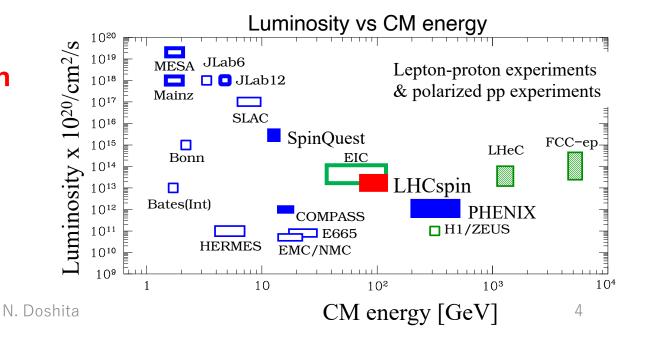


SIDIS: HERMES, COMPASS, Jlab, EIC DY: COMPASS, SpinQuest, RHIC, LHCspin

$$f_{1T}^{\perp}|_{DY} = -f_{1T}^{\perp}|_{SIDIS}$$

• Gluon TMDs at LHCspin Spin asymmetry of J/ψ production by gluon fusion $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ channel : 1.3 x 10⁷ events/week expected





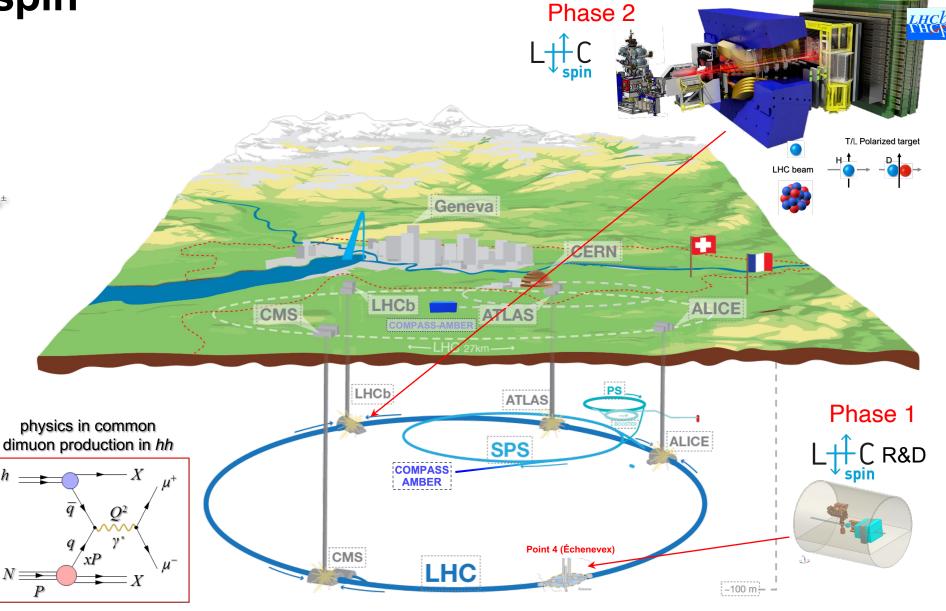
CERN & LHCspin

LHCspin

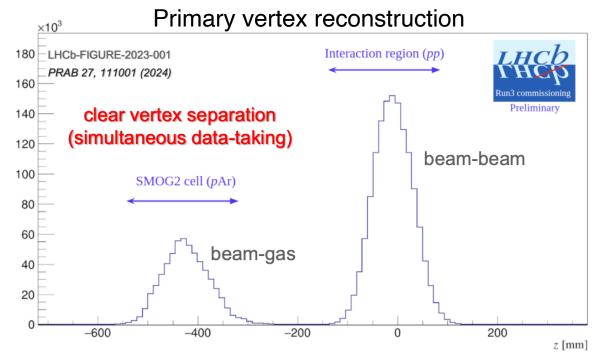
Armenia, China, Czechia, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland, USA, CERN

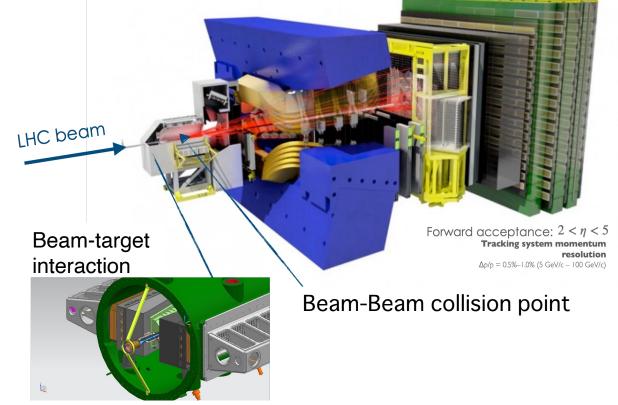
The LHCspin project" (arXiv:2111.04515) "LHCspin: a Polarized Gas Target for LHC" (arXiv:2504.16034)

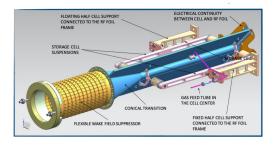
submitted in 04/2025



SMOG2 project at LHCb with gas target







20cm long target cell

Injection gas: H₂, D₂, N₂, O₂, He, Ne, Ar, Kr, Xe

- Flux : 1% accuracy

- Luminosity: 1.5% accuracy

- PDF, gluon PDF, Antiproton production cross section

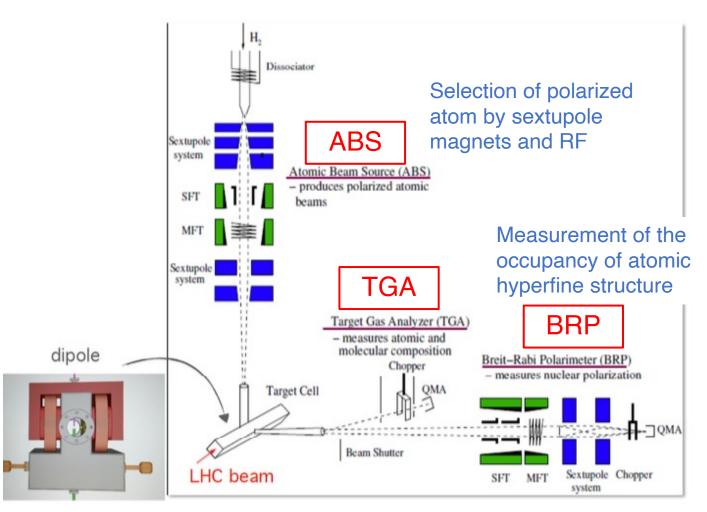


To be replaced by **polarized** gas target

HERMES Polarized target system at DESY

Nucl.Instrum.Meth.A540:68-101,2005





Target density (H) = $7 \times 10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ LHC beam (Run4) = $6.8 \times 10^{18} \text{ p s}^{-1}$ $L_{pH} = 8 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-2}$

HERMES SYSTEM



Polarized gas target R&D

HERMES system

- Storage cell
- Polarization 90%
- H atom production: 6.5 x 10¹⁶ /s

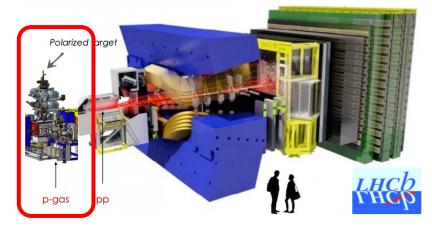


Different from the vacuum system, Si, F, H2O cannot be used at LHC

- HERMES target: Hydrophobic silicon-based polymer (Drifilm) coating with 100K water-ice layer
- LHCspin: Amorphous carbon (SMOG2)
 - → Secondary Electron Yield (SEY) considered below 1.4 Non-crystalline form :a mix of graphite and diamond-like crystals
 - → It fixes the LHC beam stability issues.
 - → Atomic recombination

The coating may facilitate the recombination.

- → It preserves the target polarization.
- → BRP can not measure the recombined molecular polarization.



Polarized gas target



Carbon thin films

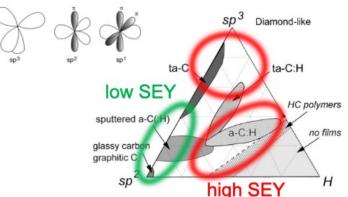
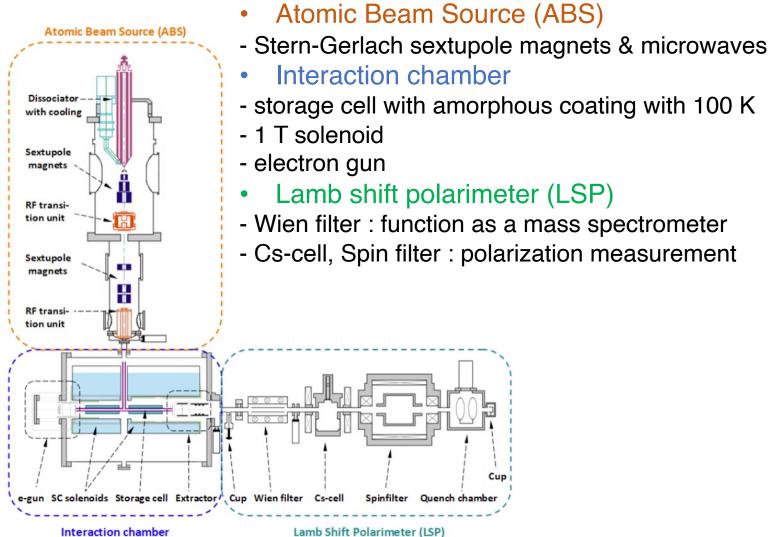


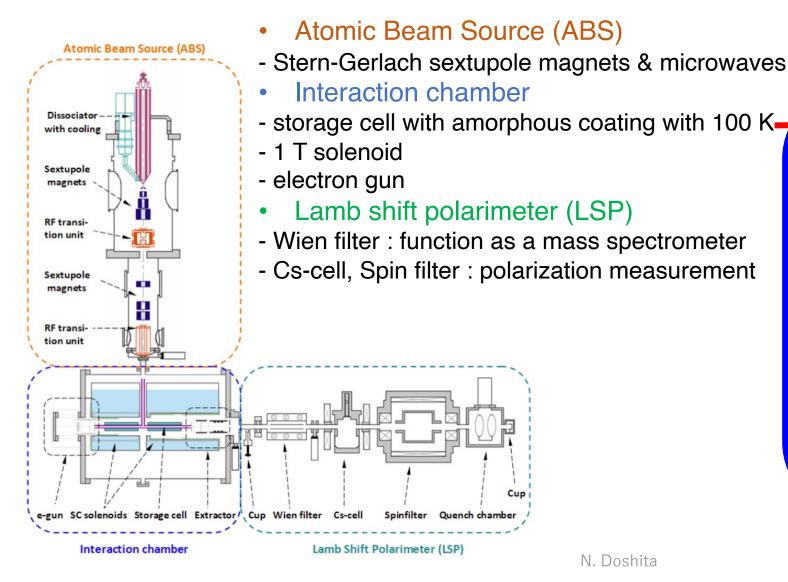
Fig. 2. Ternary phase diagram of bonding in amorphous carbon-hydrogen alloys.

J. Robertson/Materials Science and Engineering R 37 (2002) 129-281

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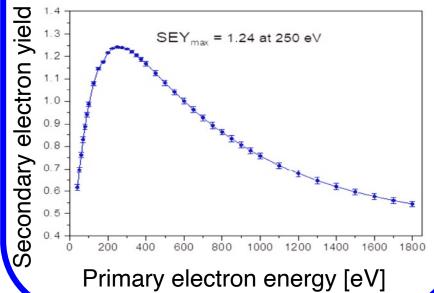


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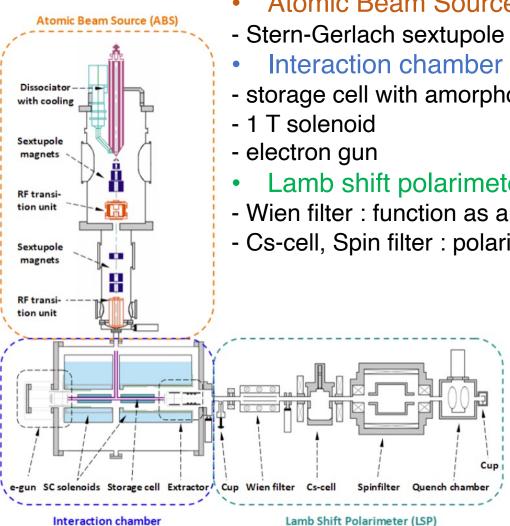


► Maximum SEY: 1.24

SEY spectrum of amorphous coating



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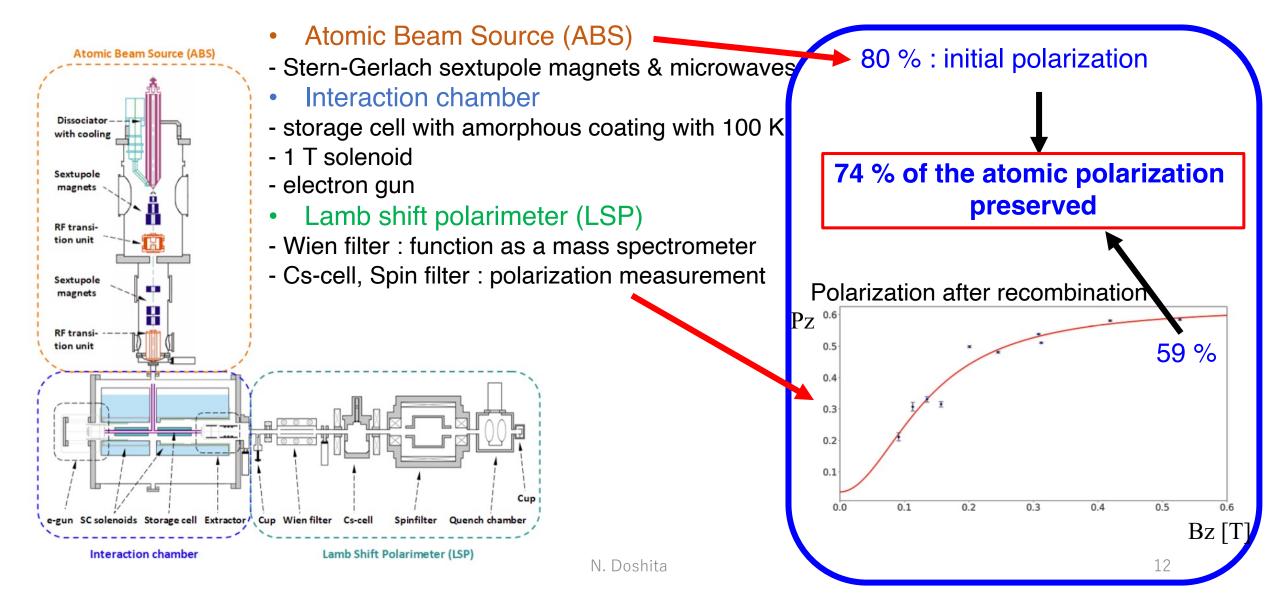
Atomic Beam Source (ABS)

- Stern-Gerlach sextupole magnets & microwaves

- storage cell with amorphous coating with 100 K
- Lamb shift polarimeter (LSP)
- Wien filter: function as a mass spectrometer ————
- Cs-cell, Spin filter : polarization measurement

Recombination: 93%

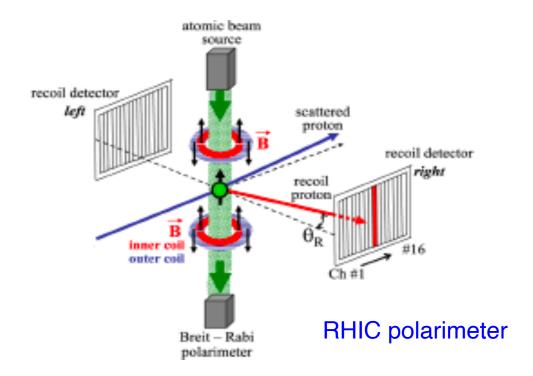
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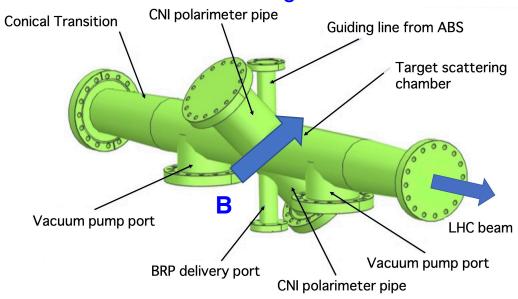
New absolute polarimeter

Elastic scattering of pp at $|t| \sim 10^{-3} \ GeV^2$ base on Coulomb-Nuclear Interference (CNI)

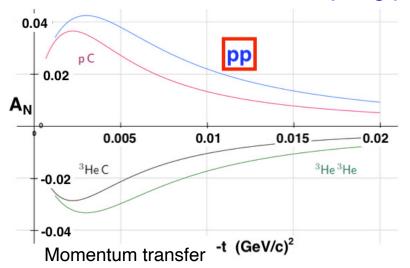
- Polarized jet target for phase 1 at IR4
- Scattering chamber
- Holding coil: about 300 mT
- Recoil detector : silicon strip



Scattering chamber



Theoretical estimation of the analyzing power



Present status of the gas target system



HERMES target system

- in Ferrara
- refurbishment





Timeline

LHC	IR4	LHCb	Pol. target
LS3 (2027 - 2030)	Installation of the apparatus		Development
Run4 (2030 - 2033)	Data taking		Target test & Polarimeter test
LS4 (2033 - 2035)	Upgrade of the apparatus	Installation of the apparatus	Improvement & installation
Run5 (2035 -)	Data taking	Data taking	Operations at IR4 and LHCb

Run4 @IR4 (phase 1)

Small spectrometer with PT

- PT, magnet, trackers
- 1% momentum resolution expected
- Feasibility test

Run5 @IR4 (phase 2)

New inclusive physics measurement

- Use the apparatus for Run4
- Upgrade spectrometer
- Further discussion

Run5 @LHCb (phase 2)

Downsizing of the PT system is also considered.

- Limited space of LHCb spectrometer
- Additional equipment (polarimeter)
- Should be solved in LS4

Summary & outlook

- LHCspin project with polarized target at LHC
- innovative and unique project conceived to bring polarized physics
- The SMOG2 fixed target at LHCb performed in parallel with beam-beam collision.
- Amorphous carbon coating considered
 - tested at FZJ
 - -- polarization preserved after recombination
 - -- further investigations (coating, temperature)
- New absolute polarimeter
 - preparation ongoing
 - -- Geant simulation
 - -- design of the vacuum chamber
 - commissioning at IR4
- Kick-off meeting
- Nov. 20-21 at Ferrara in Italy
- Post-doc position available in Frascati(LNF)/Ferrara, Italy
 - Please contact : Pasquale.DiNezza@Inf.infn.it

Back up

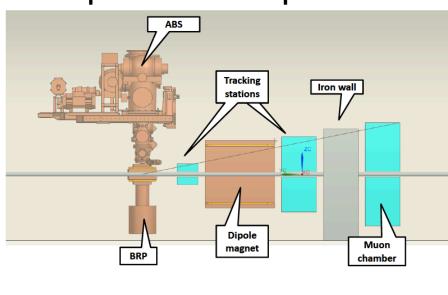
Phase1at IR4 (2030 – 2033)

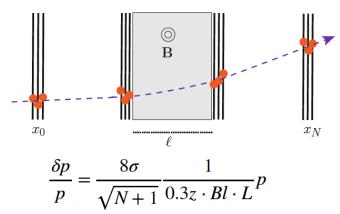
IR4: Limited space (different from LHCb)

- Feasibility check for Phase2
- Single-spin asymmetry with J/psi production
- Polarimeter commissioning
- PT, Spectrometer magnet, trackers + α

Momentum resolution vs spectrometer length 12 Momentum resolution [%] 10 σ:1mm 11Tm σ :3mm, 1Tm $\sigma = 3 \text{ mm}$, Bl = 1 Tm σ : 1mm, 3Tm Spectrometer length [m] N. Doshita

Spectrometer setup at IR4





 $\frac{\delta P}{P} \sim 1\%$ expected with a several meter long spectrometer