

Heavy quarkonium polarization at Hadron Collider

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Outline

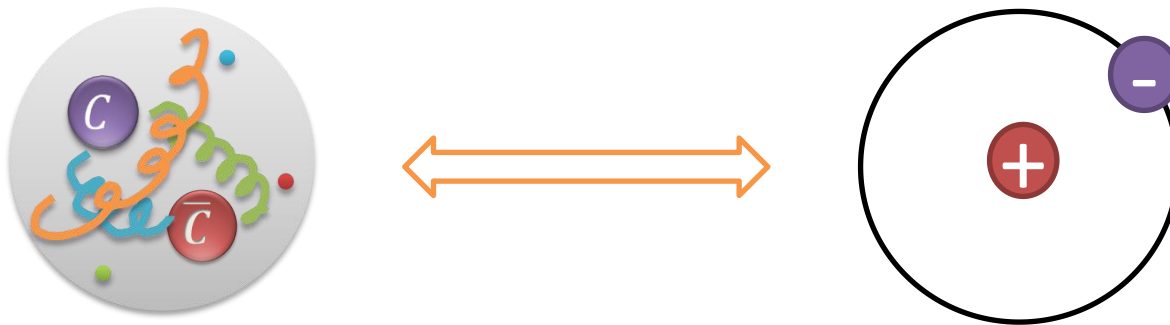
- Introduction
- J/ψ polarization puzzle
- Present status of $J/\psi, \psi(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(nS)$ polarization
- Summary

The 4th LHCb Workshop, July 31, 2024, YanTai

Heavy quarkonium

➤ Bound state of $Q\bar{Q}$ under strong interaction

- ✓ First discovered: J/ψ in 1974
- ✓ Family members: $\psi(2S), \eta_c, \chi_{cJ}, \Upsilon(nS), \chi_{bJ}(nP) \dots$

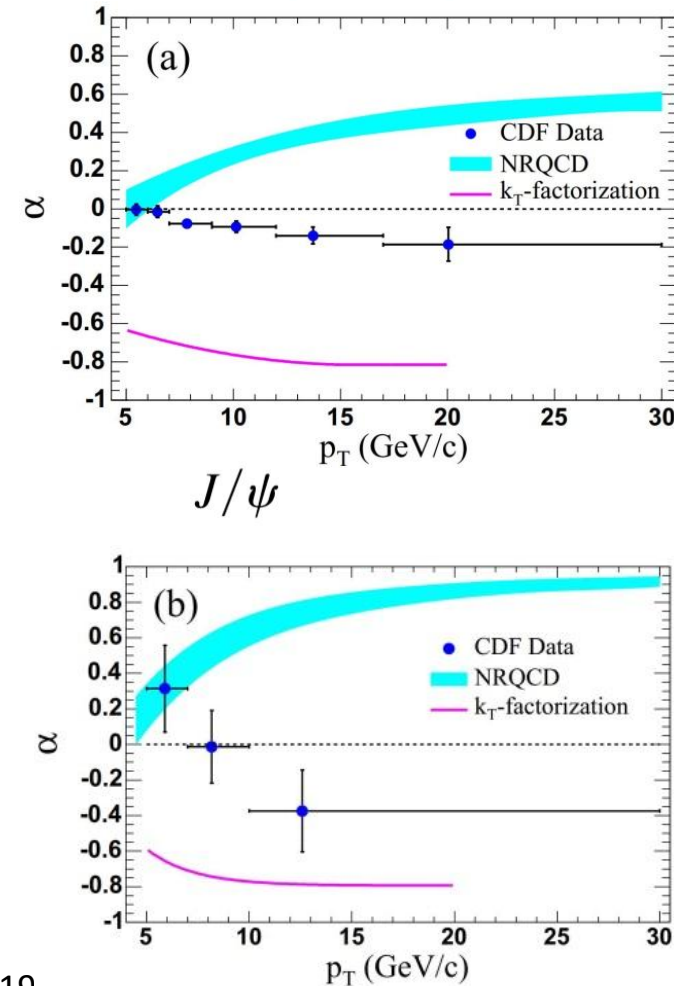
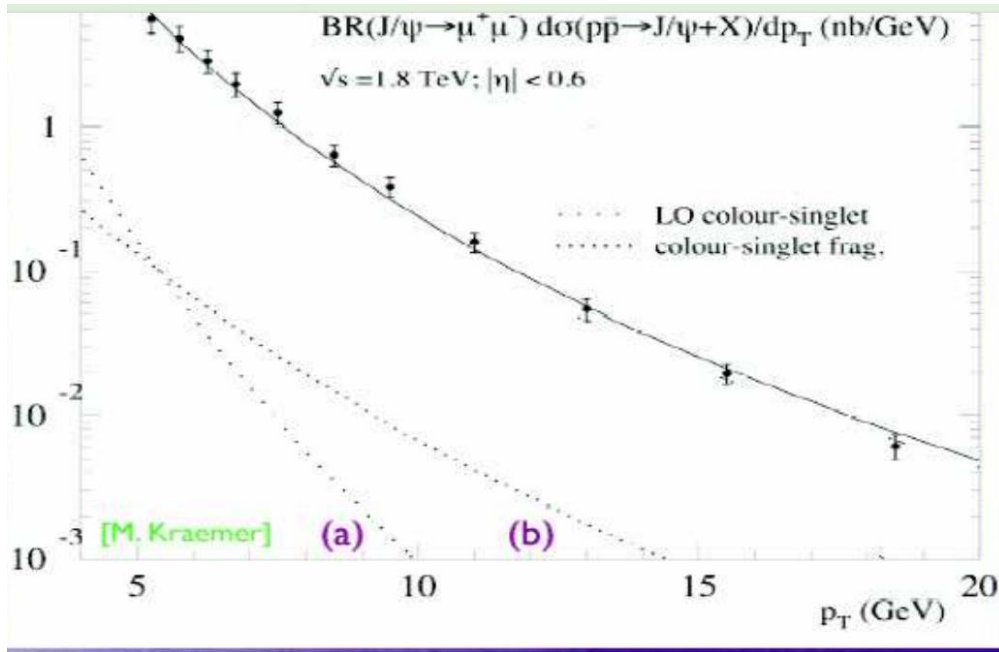
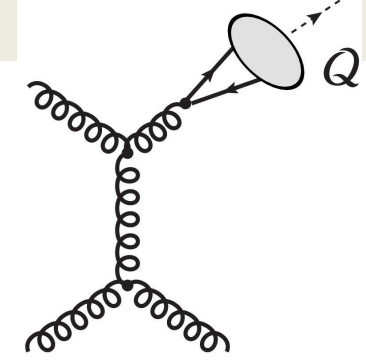


➤ Good features

- ✓ Heavy enough for perturbative calculation
- ✓ Clear signal to detect— Lepton pair (e^+e^- and u^+u^-) decay
- ✓ Simplest system in QCD

J/ψ polarization puzzle

- LO NRQCD failed in the description of J/ψ polarization.
 - Prediction contradicts with CDF data

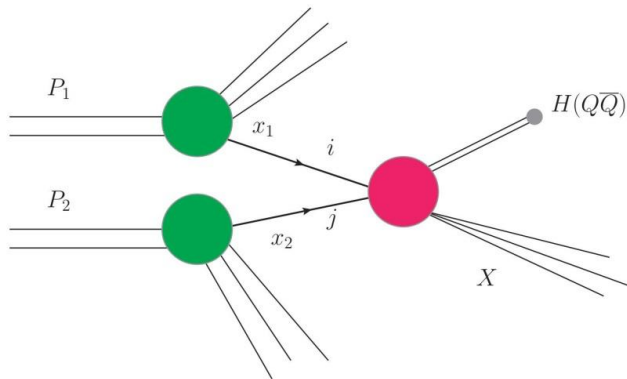


➤ Analysis

- Dominant: gluon fragmentation $\rightarrow cc(^3S_1^{[8]})$
- Gluon is transversely polarized

NRQCD Factorization

- Color-singlet and Color-octet mechanism was proposed based on NRQCD since c and b-quark is heavy.



Parton Distribution Function

$$d\sigma[pp \rightarrow HX] = \sum_n \int dx_1 dx_2 G_i(x_1) G_j(x_2) d\hat{\sigma}[ij \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n X] \langle O^H(n) \rangle$$

Production of Heavy quark Pair (Short Distance)

Hadronization(LDME)

$(Q\bar{Q})_n$ is ${}^3S_1^1, {}^3S_1^8, {}^1S_0^8, {}^3P_J^8$ for $J/\psi, \psi'$ and ${}^3P_J^1, {}^3S_1^8$ for χ_{CJ}

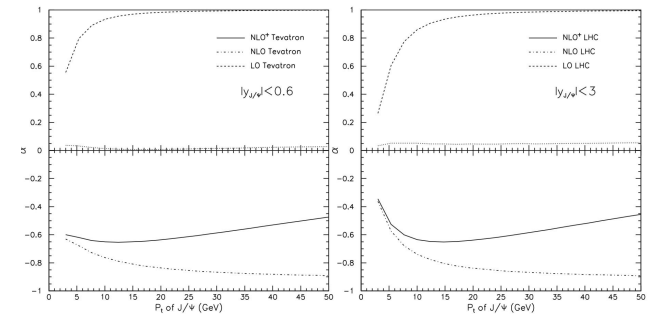
- A few non-perturbative parameters: universal NRQCD LDMEs
- Double expansion on QCD coupling α_s and velocity of heavy Quark v
- Successfully cancelled the infrared divergences
- Good description for charmonium hadroproduction

QCD NLO

➤ Color-Singlet at QCD NLO

- Campbell, Maltoni and Tramontano, PRL 98,252002 (2007) J/ψ production
- Gong and Wang, PRL 100, 232001 (2008) J/ψ polarization

➤ NRQCD at QCD NLO



J/ψ production

- PLB 673:197(2009), B. Gong X. Q. Li and J. X. Wang; (without color octet P wave)
- PRL 106, 042002 (2011), Ma, Wang and Chao;
- PRL 106, 022003 (2011), Butenschon and Kniehl;

J/ψ polarization

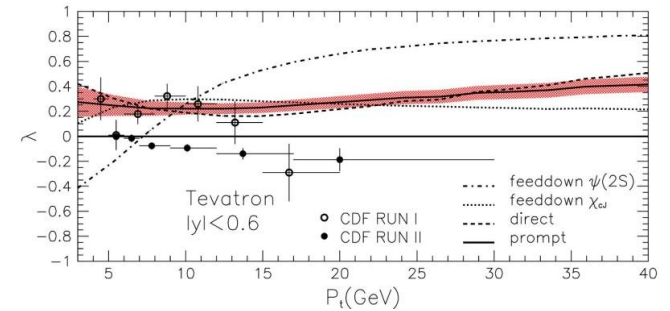
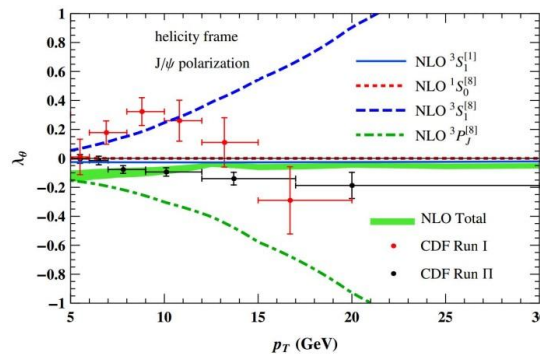
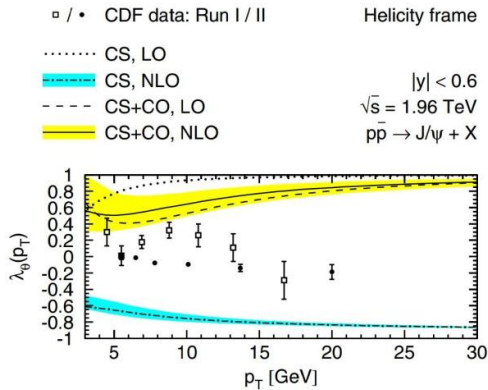
- PRL 108, 172002 (2012), Butenschon and Kniehl
- PRL 108, 242004 (2012), Chao, Ma, Shao, Wang and Zhang
- PRL 110, 042002 (2013), Gong, Wan, Wang and Zhang (prompt J/ψ)

prompt: included the J/ψ feeddown from excited charmonium state than direct production

J/ψ polarization at QCD NLO

➤ QCD NLO

- Left (missing feeddown): Global fit, **bad agreement**
- Middle(missing feeddown): $^1S_0^{[8]}$ dominance, **agree with CDF RunII data**
- Right(complete): **agree with CDF RunI data, contradict CDF Run II data**



- Different fitting strategy \rightarrow different LDMEs \rightarrow different phenomenology

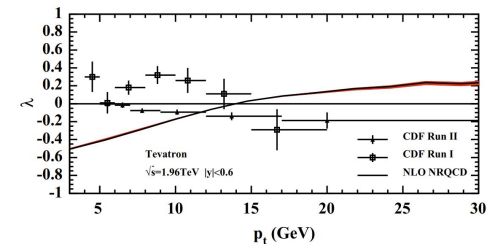
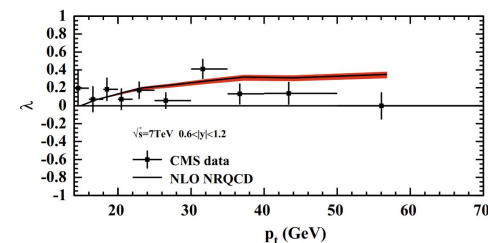
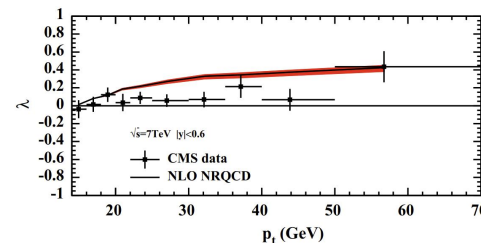
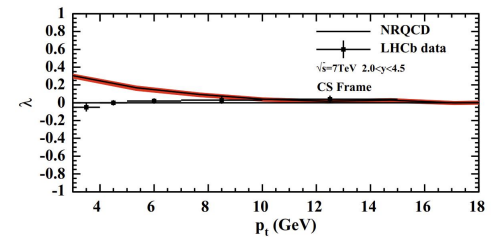
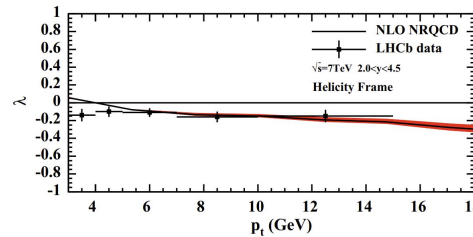
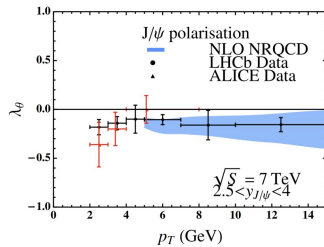
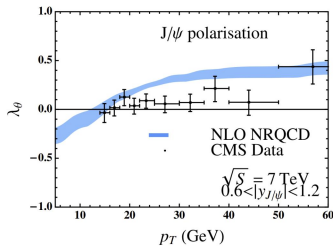
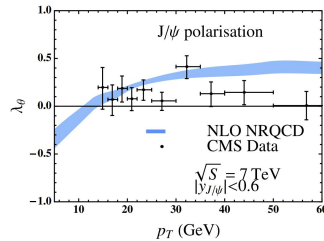
PRL 108, 172002 (2012), Butenschon and Kniehl

PRL 108, 242004 (2012), Chao, Ma, Shao, Wang and Zhang

PRL 110, 042002 (2013), Gong, Wan, Wang and Zhang

η_c hadroproduction at QCD NLO

- η_c data help to determine LDMEs
- Heavy quark spin symmetry (HQSS)
- Good agreement with J/ψ polarization at LHCb
- Bad agreement in midrapidity region



Phys.Rev.Lett. 114 (2015) 9, 092004, M.Butenschoen, Z.G.He and B.A.Kniehl
 Phys.Rev.Lett. 114 (2015) 9, 092005, H.Han, Y.Q.Ma, C.Meng, H.S.Shao, K.T.Chao
 Phys.Rev.Lett. 114 (2015) 9, 092006, H.F.Zhang, Z.Sun, W.L.Sang, R.Li

$\Upsilon(nS)$ hadroproduction at QCD NLO

Υ may have better description of the experiments

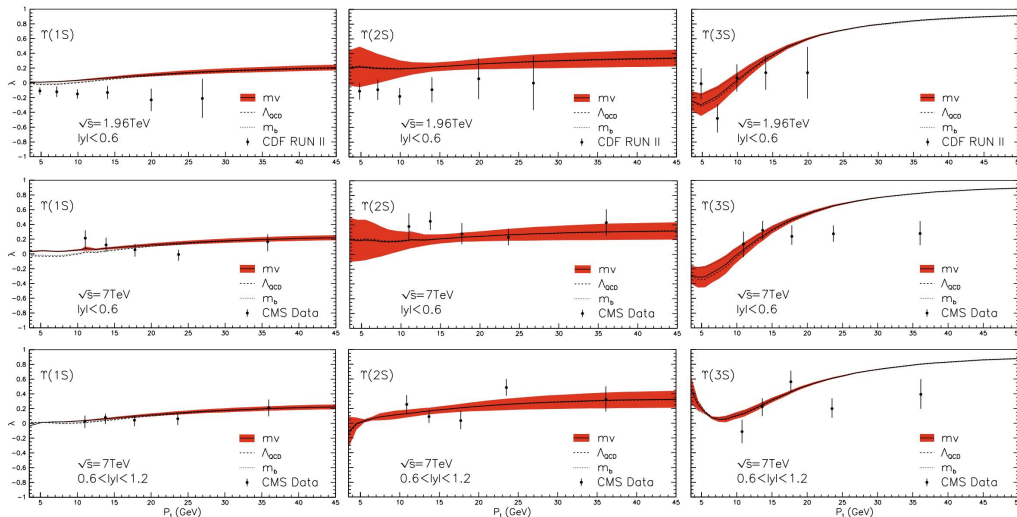
- Heavier mass than Charmonium
- Smaller relative velocity v and α_s

Υ production

- PRL 101, 152001 (2008), P.Artoisenet, J.Campell, J.P.Lansberge, F.Maltoni, F. Tramontano
- Phys. Rev. D83 (2011) 114021, B.Gong, J.X.Wang, H.F.ZHANG
- Phys. Rev. D85 (2012) 114003, K.Wang, Y.Q.MA, K.T.Chao

$\Upsilon(nS)$ polarization

- PRL 101, 152001 (2008), P.Artoisenet, J.Campell, J.P.Lansberge, F.Maltoni, F. Tramontano
- PRL 112, 032001 (2014), Gong, Wan, Wang and Zhang

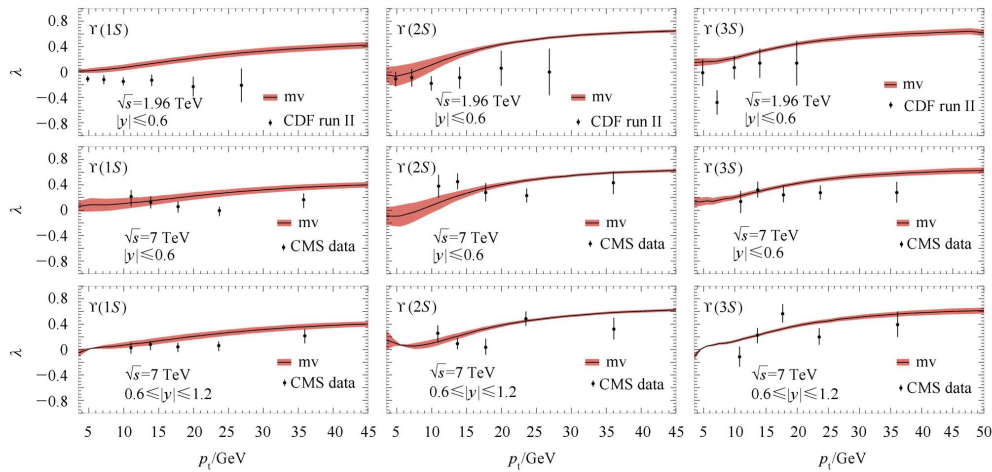


- The polarizations of $\Upsilon(1S, 2S, 3S)$ are in (good, good, bad) agreement with recent CMS data.
- Missing $\chi_c(3P)$ feed-down contributions for $\Upsilon(3S)$.
- Have some distance from CDF data.

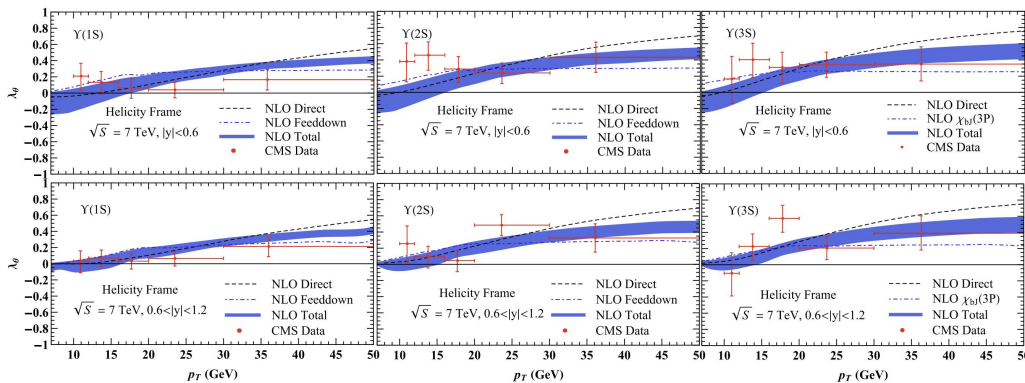
$\Upsilon(nS)$ hadroproduction at QCD NLO

$\Upsilon(nS)$ polarization

- $\chi_c(3P)$ measurement from *LHCb*. *Eur.Phys.J.C*, 2014, 74(10):3092
- $\Upsilon(3S)$ polarization puzzle can be understood by a large feed-down contribution from $\chi_c(3P)$



- *Chin.Phys.C* 39 (2015) 123102, Y.Fena, B.Gong, L.P.Wang, J.X.Wang



- *Phys.Rev.L* 94 (2016) 1, 014208, H.Hao, Y.Q.Ma, C.Meng, H.S.Shao, K.T.Chao

FDCHQHP: A Fortran Package generated by using FDC package

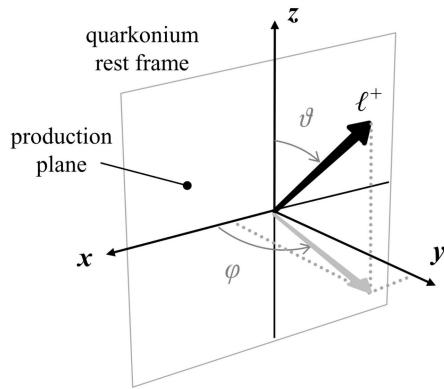
- This package includes
 - 6 channels
 - 76 sub-processes
 - Almost 2 millions lines Fortran codes in total.
- It can be run in paralleled mode with more than hundred thousands cpu with high efficiency.

STATES	LO sub-process	number of Feynman diagrams	NLO sub-process	number of Feynman diagrams
${}^3S_1^{(1)}$	$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g$	6	$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g(\text{one-loop})$	128
			$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g + g$	60
			$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + b + \bar{b}$	42
			$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q + \bar{q}$	6
			$g + q(\bar{q}) \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g + q(\bar{q})$	6
${}^1S_0^{(8)}$ (also ${}^3P_J^{(8)}$) or ${}^3S_1^{(8)}$ or ${}^3P_J^1$	$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g$	(12,16,12)	$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g(\text{one-loop})$	(369,644,390)
			$g + q(\bar{q}) \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q(\bar{q})$	(61,156,65)
			$q + \bar{q} \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g$	(61,156,65)
			$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g + g$	(98,123,98)
			$g + g \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q + \bar{q}$	(20,36,20)
			$g + q(\bar{q}) \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g + q(\bar{q})$	(20,36,20)
			$q + \bar{q} \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + g + g$	(20,36,20)
			$q + \bar{q} \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q + \bar{q}$	(4,14,4)
			$q + \bar{q} \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q' + \bar{q}'$	(2,7,2)
			$q + q \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q + q$	(4,14,4)
			$q + q' \rightarrow (Q\bar{Q})_n + q + q'$	(2,7,2)

- ✓ Lu-Ping Wan, Jian-Xiong Wang. Comput.Phys.Commun. 185 (2014) 2939-2949.
- ✓ Updated FDCHQHP package

The parameters describing J/ψ polarization

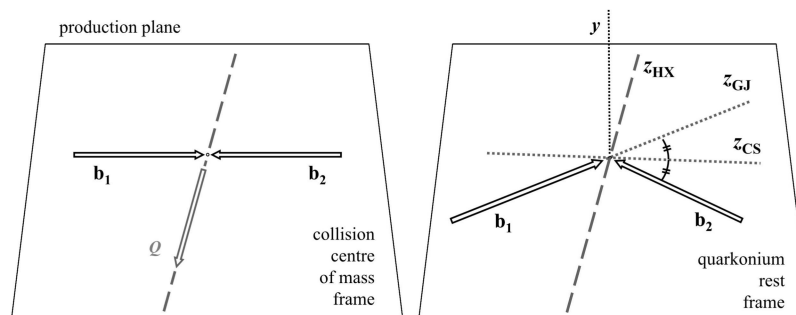
- J/ψ polarization can be analyzed via the angular distribution of the decayed positively charged leptons, which can be expressed as:



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega dy} \propto 1 + \lambda_\theta \cos^2\theta + \lambda_{\theta\phi} \sin 2\theta \cos\phi + \lambda_\phi \sin^2\theta \cos 2\phi$$

$$\lambda_\theta = \frac{d\sigma_{11} - d\sigma_{00}}{d\sigma_{11} + d\sigma_{00}} \quad \lambda_{\theta\phi} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Re}(d\sigma_{10})}{d\sigma_{11} + d\sigma_{00}} \quad \lambda_\phi = \frac{d\sigma_{1,-1}}{d\sigma_{11} + d\sigma_{00}}$$

- $d\sigma_{\lambda\lambda'}$ ($\lambda, \lambda' = 0, \pm 1$) is the spin density matrix of J/ψ hadroproduction
- All the three parameters provide interesting and independent information
- The parameters are depending on the J/ψ polarization frames



Complete study on polarization parameters $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$

- J/ψ polarization measurement :
 - CMS Collaboration, Phys.Lett.B 727 (2013) 381
 - LHCb Collaboration, EPJC (2013) 73:2631
- $Y(nS)$ polarization measurement :
 - S. Chatrchyan et al. (CMS), Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 081802(2013)
 - R. Aaij et al. (LHCb), JHEP 12, 110 (2017)
- Theoretical prediction at QCD NLO:
 - Most available works of J/ψ polarization are restricted to λ_θ . (before 2019)
 - λ_ϕ : PRL108.172002(2012) with three data points.
 - $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$: No theoretical prediction.
- Complete study at QCD NLO:
 - Yu Feng, Bin Gong, Chao-Hsi Chang, Jian-Xiong Wang, PRD99.014044(2019) .
 - Yu Feng, Bin Gong, Chao-His Chang, Jian-Xiong Wang, Chin.Phys.C45, 013117 (2021)

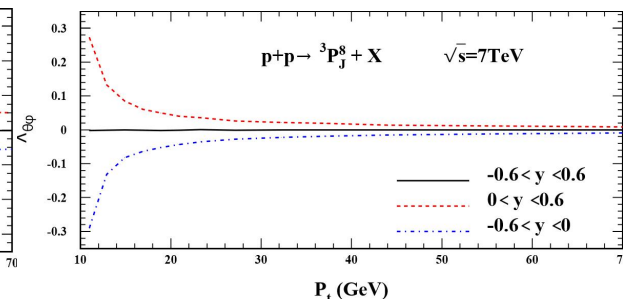
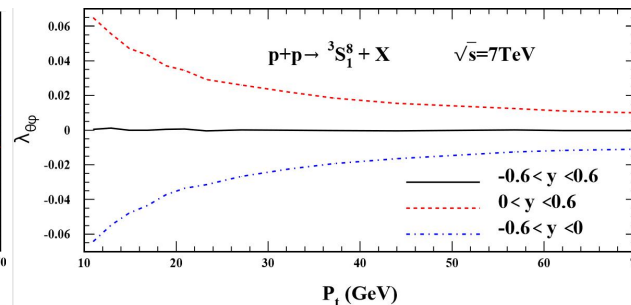
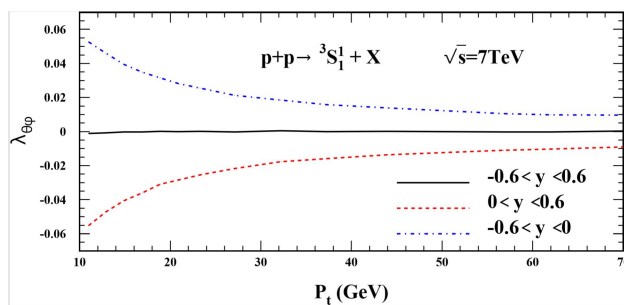
J/ψ polarization $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$

- New fitting on the J/ψ LDMEs

- Yield and Polarization ($\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$)
- Totally 86 data points
- Updated the CO J/ψ LDMEs

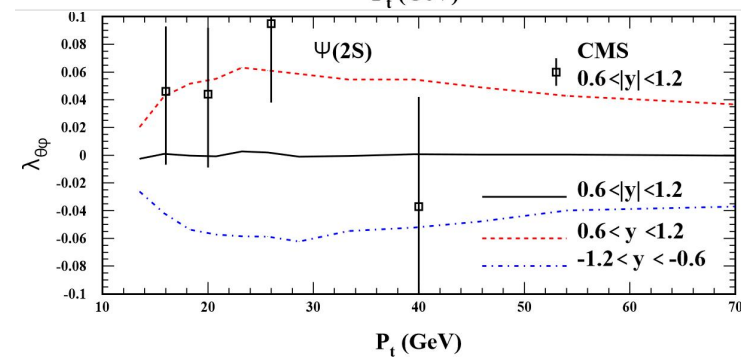
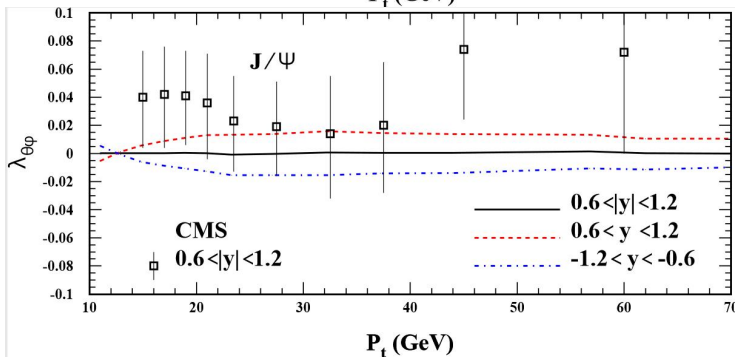
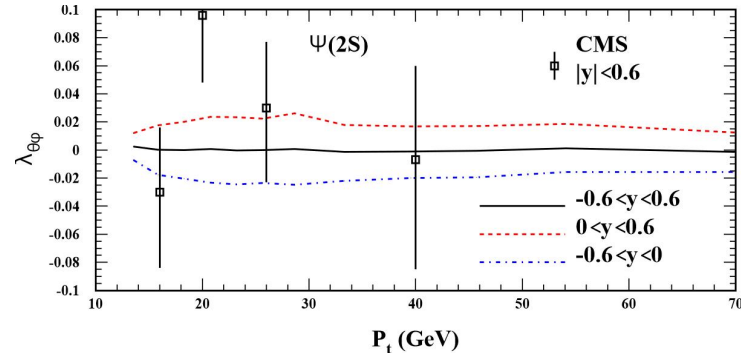
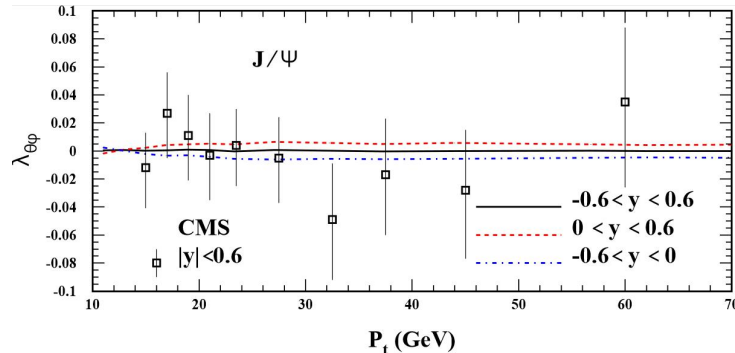
- Interesting Features

- $\lambda_{\theta\phi} = 0$ for experiment with symmetry rapidity range ($a < |y| < b$), e.g. CMS and ATLAS.
- $\lambda_{\theta\phi} \neq 0$ for half rapidity range ($y > b$), such as the case at LHCb.
- $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_\phi$ are symmetry for $y > 0$ and $y < 0$.



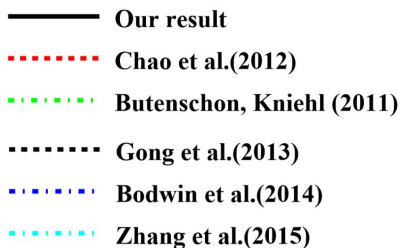
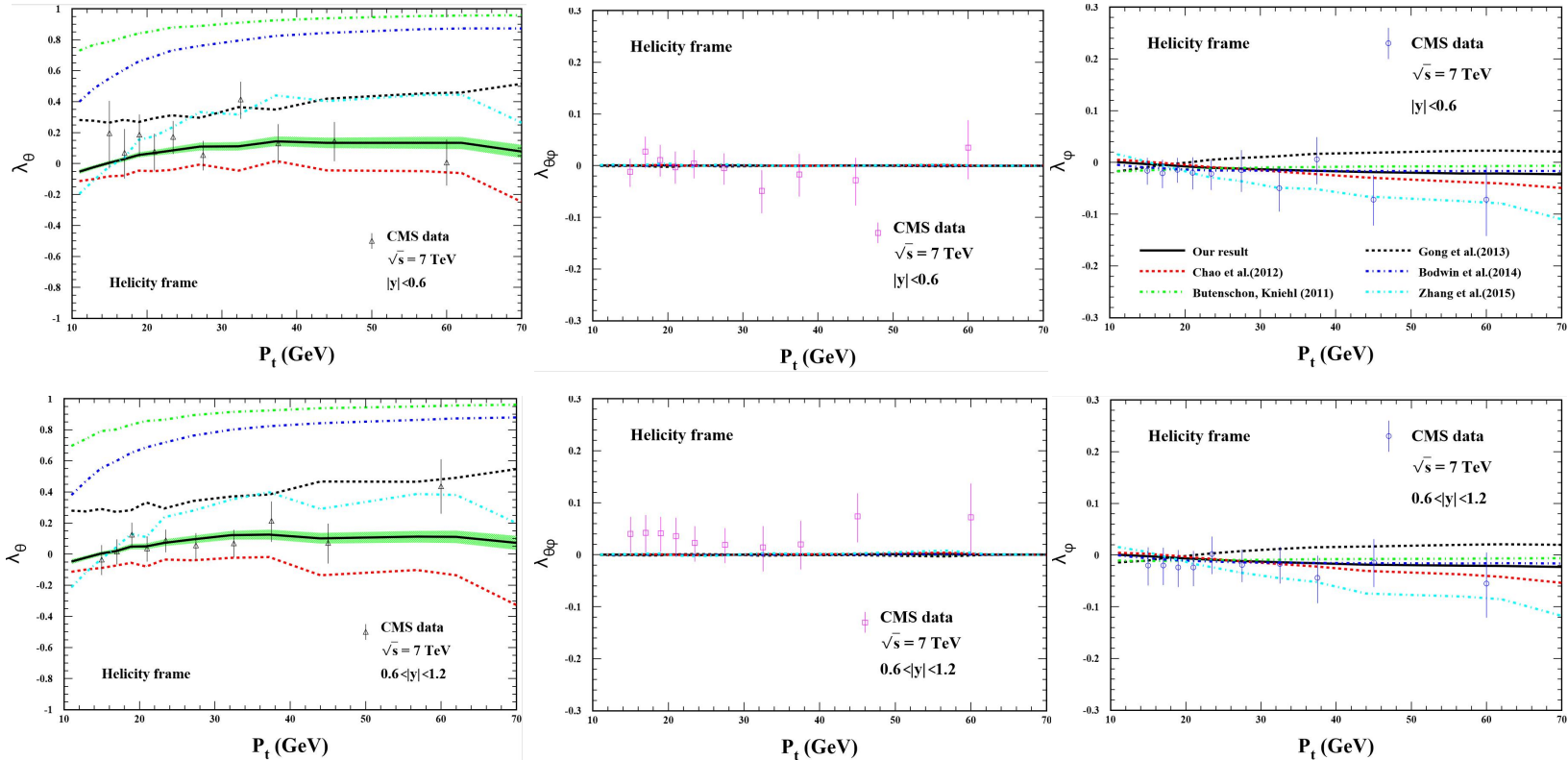
The antisymmetry for $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$

- J/ ψ 、 $\psi(2S)$ Polarization in helicity frame



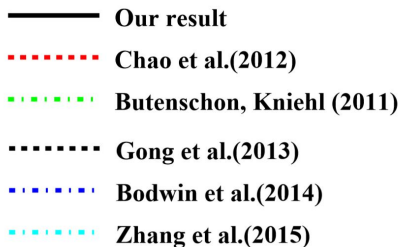
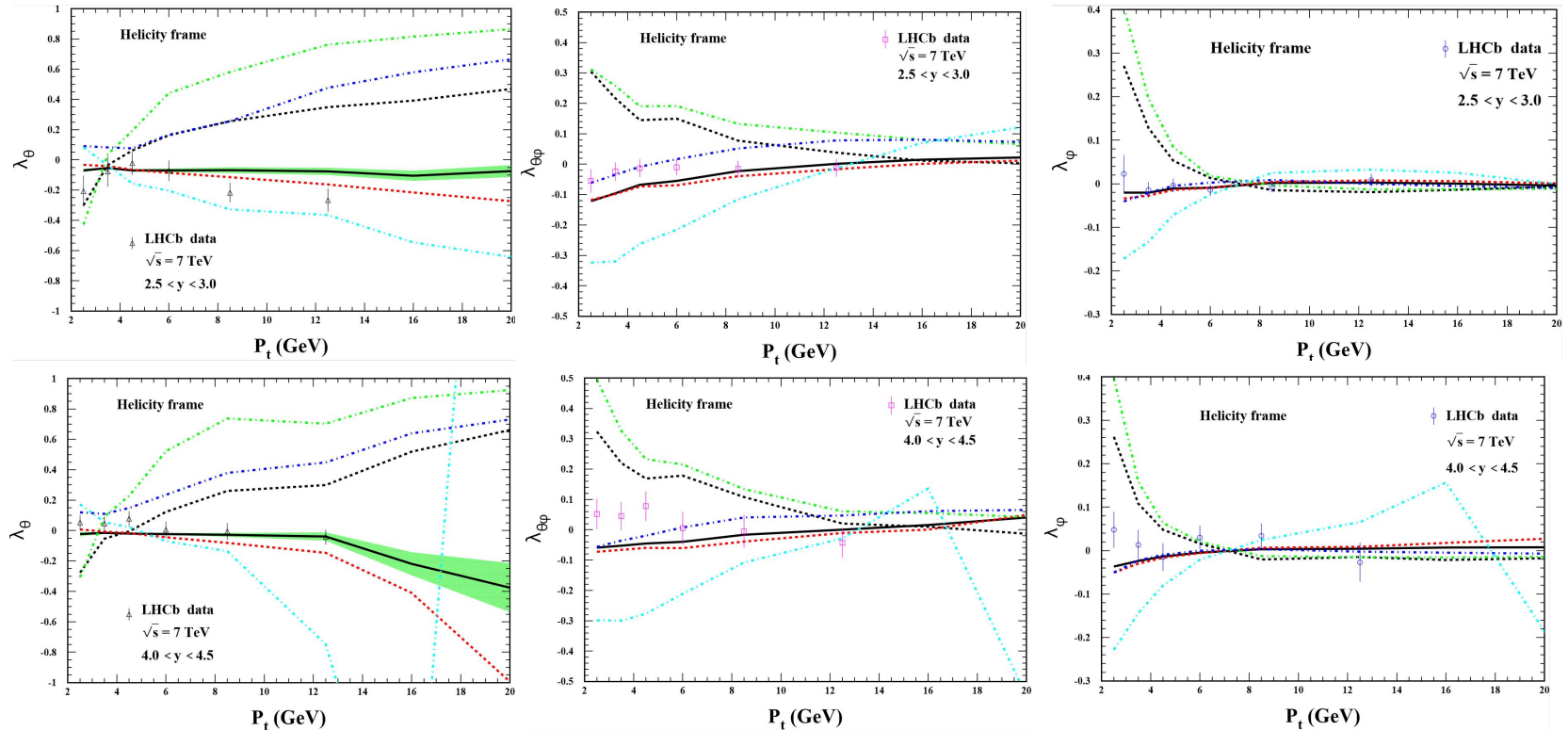
- $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ is exactly zero in the calculation for CMS kinematical region
- Theoretical predictions describe the $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ from CMS quite well

J/ ψ polarization $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$ at CMS



- All five fit schemes provide good descriptions of $\lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$
- Large difference for λ_θ within different LDME schemes.
- Our new fits provides an excellent description of λ_θ

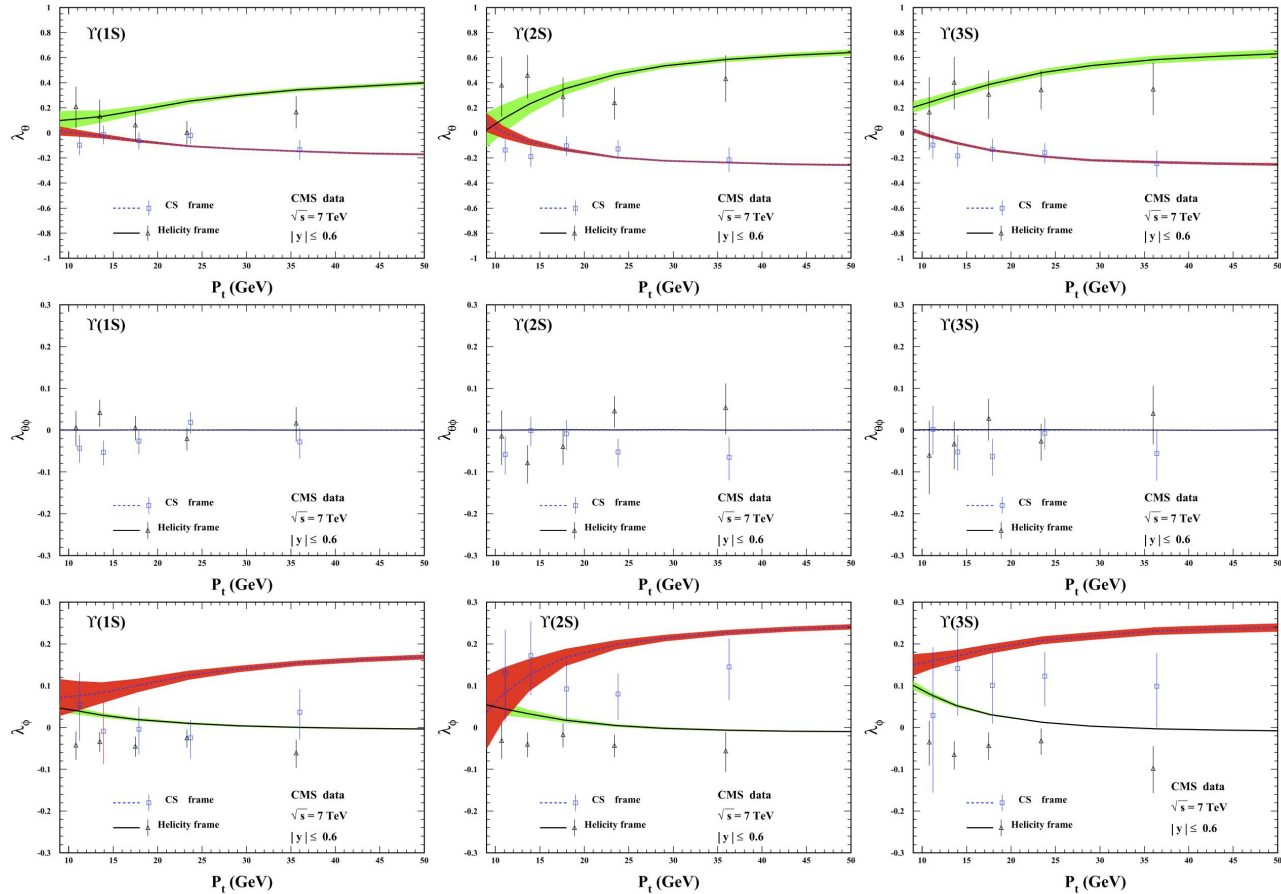
J/ψ polarization $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$ at LHCb



- Large uncertainties for different LDME schemes at low p_t region.
- Our new fits describe the measurements at LHCb quite well

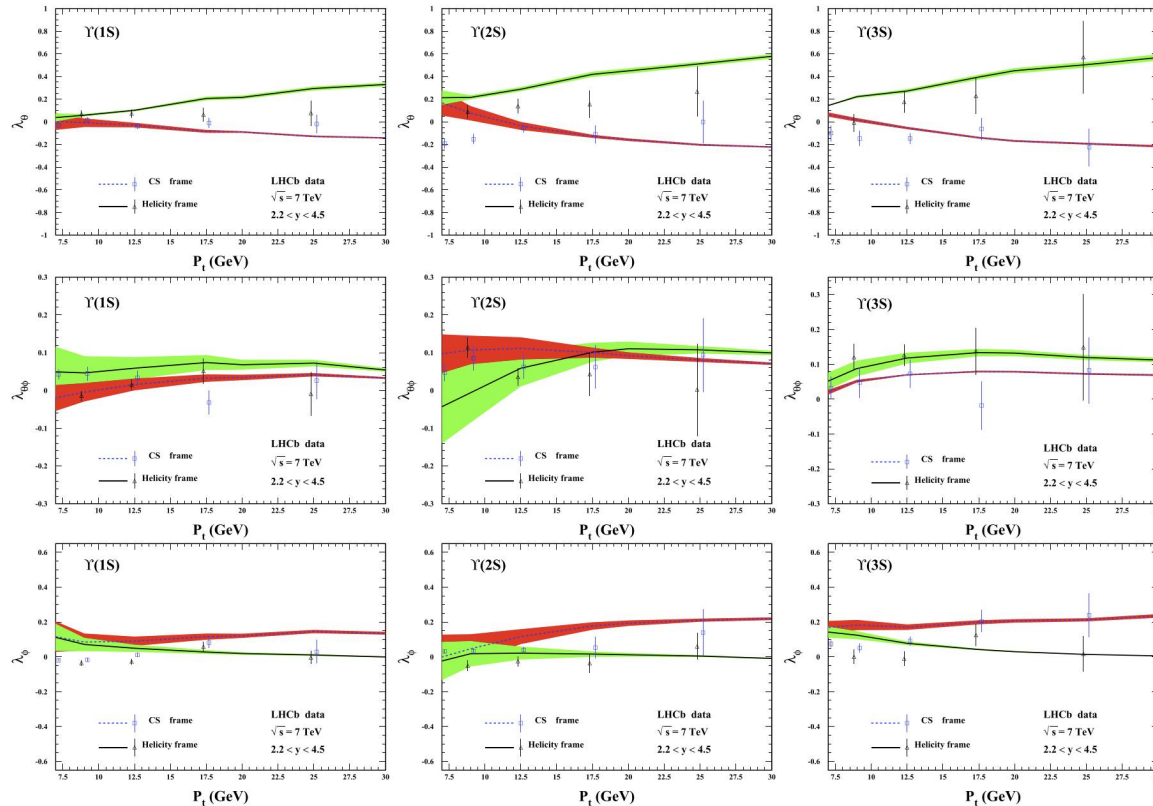
$\Upsilon(nS)$ polarization $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$ at CMS

- Both in helicity frame and Collins-Soper frame.



$\Upsilon(nS)$ polarization $\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi$ at LHCb

- Both in helicity frame and Collins-Soper frame.



- The theory results are in good agreement with the experimental data.
- But some problem remains at low P_t region.

Summary

- Measurements on pt distribution of yield and polarization by CMS, Atalas, LHCb and Alice.
- The prediction on the polarization of J/ψ and Υ hadroproduction is archived at QCD NLO
- **Different fitting strategy** → different **LDMEs**
- With the **LDMEs** extracted from the production and polarization parameter λ_θ , there are good description of the $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ for J/ψ and $\Upsilon(nS)$ in both helicity and CS frame.
- NRQCD **LDMEs** are universal? Theoretical calculation and experimental measurement in B-factory show no color-octet contribution.

Outlook

- The measurements are expected at HL-LHC
- New factorization scheme
PRL 108, 102002 (2012), Z.B.Kang, J.W.Qiu and G.Sterman
PRL 113, 142002 (2014), Y.Q.Ma, J.W.Qiu, G.Sterman and H.Zhang

Thank you!