



Institute of High Energy Physics  
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CEPC first tune operation required machine tuning (including orbit corrections and sextupoles) and luminosity ramping scenarios

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On behalf of the error correction team

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# Content



- Progress of error correction with BPM error
- Progress of the first turn correction
- Summary and To do list



# CEPC EDR Plan



Yiwei Wang, CEPC Accelerator physics EDR plans, CEPC Day, 2024.03.15

- 建立首圈注入、调谐、运行和不同模式切换等算法。
- 研究更加完整的静态误差效应及全局误差校正
  - 基于束流的准直、长程准直误差、高阶场误差、BPM、双孔径二极铁两孔径场系统误差
- 研究各种动态误差效应和可能的反馈（工作点、轨道，快轨道反馈）
  - 各种抖动源、选址有关的地面运动、潮汐效应等
- 建立调束和运行的工具。
- 研究束束作用在机器误差、束流光学非线性、阻抗及其他集体效应下对亮度的影响。

一、关于 BPM 测量精度需求。季大恒、王斌、王毅伟从加速器物理的角度做了初步分析和说明，与会人员经过讨论，建议物理系统先做误差分析，然后提出合理且明确的测量精度要求，并反馈给束测系统，束测系统根据该需求设计 BPM 测量系统，在此基础上提出 BPM 测量系统对参考时钟抖动性能的要求。高杰指出，BPM 测量精度需求只是一个起点，另需

要考虑纵向（高频）、轨道反馈等因素，形成一张完整的参数表，逐步完善。



# Progress of error correction with BPM error

| Component      | $\Delta x$ (mm) | $\Delta y$ (mm) | $\Delta\theta_z$ (mrad) | Field error |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Dipole         | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.01%       |
| Arc Quadrupole | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |
| IR Quadrupole  | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |
| Sextupole      | 0.10*           | 0.10*           | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |

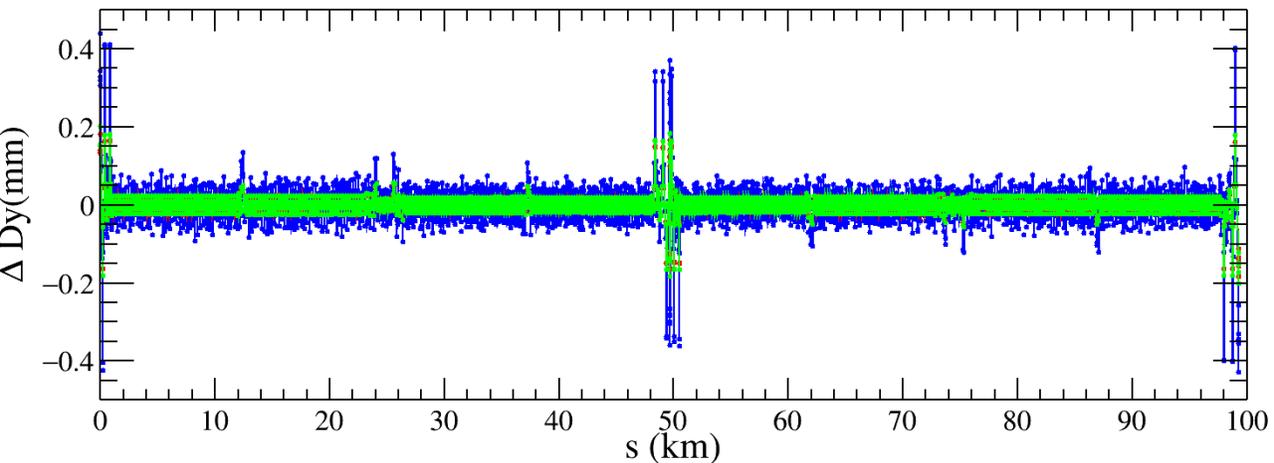
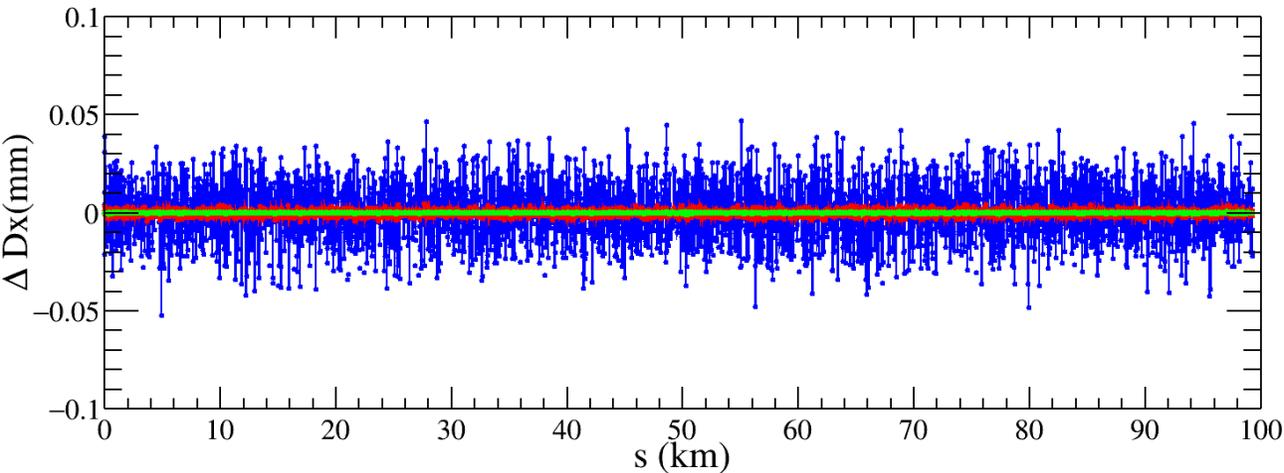
\*implement beam-based alignment techniques to reach rms offsets in the order of 10  $\mu\text{m}$  with respect to the beam.

- with a large beta\* lattice
- with quadrupole coils in the sextupoles
- 10  $\mu\text{m}$  is possible as  $O(\text{BPM resolution})=1\mu\text{m}$

- The BPM noise (0.1  $\mu\text{m}$ , 1  $\mu\text{m}$ , and 10  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and BPM shift (0.1  $\mu\text{m}$ , 1  $\mu\text{m}$ , 10  $\mu\text{m}$ ) are considered during the correction.
- 100 lattice seeds with above error assumptions are generated.
- The whole correction scheme is performed.



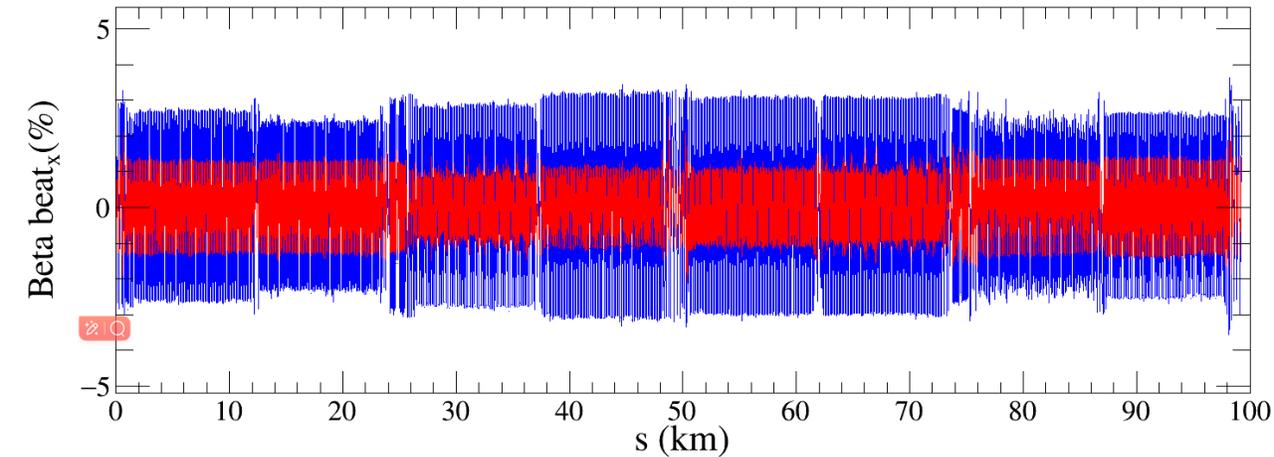
# Progress of error correction with BPM error



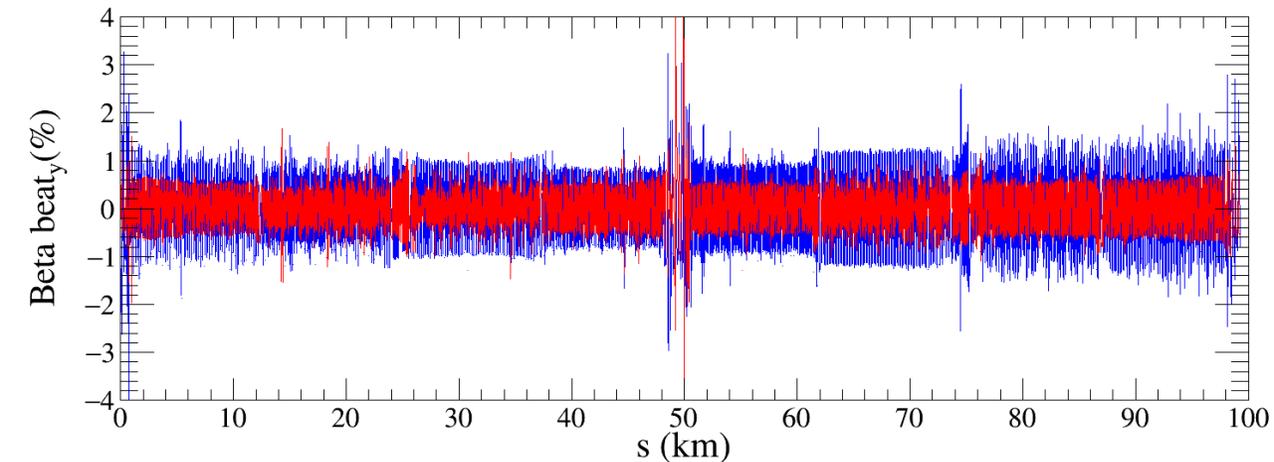
- ▶ The closed orbit difference after correction with three BPM error assumptions ( $0.1 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $1 \mu\text{m}$ , and  $10 \mu\text{m}$ ) are compared.
- ▶ For the  $0.1 \mu\text{m}$  and  $1 \mu\text{m}$  cases, the horizontal closed orbit shows no significant change ( $<5 \mu\text{m}$ ), whereas the vertical closed orbit exhibits changes on the order of tens of micrometers.
- ▶ For the  $10 \mu\text{m}$  case, the horizontal closed orbit exhibits changes on the order of tens of micrometers, while the vertical closed orbit shows changes on the order of hundreds of micrometers.



# Progress of error correction with BPM error



➤ The Beta beating correction is performed with BPM errors, while only case with  $0.1 \mu\text{m}$  is converged.



➤ After considering the BPM errors, the beta beating has significantly increased.

➤ Continuing our attempts to find a convergent solution for optics correction with  $1 \mu\text{m}$ , and  $10 \mu\text{m}$  BPM errors.



# Content



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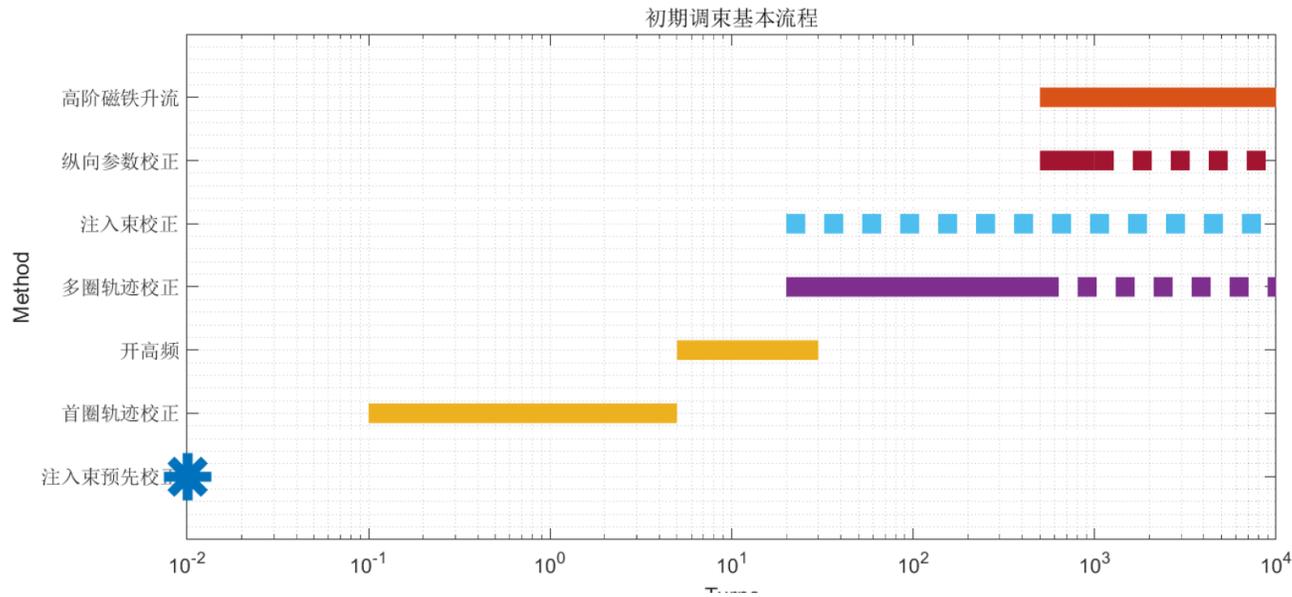


# Progress of the first turn correction

Bin Wang and Daheng Ji

| Component      | $\Delta x$ (mm) | $\Delta y$ (mm) | $\Delta\theta_z$ (mrad) | Field error |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Dipole         | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.01%       |
| Arc Quadrupole | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |
| IR Quadrupole  | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |
| Sextupole      | 0.10*           | 0.10*           | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |

- \*implement beam-based alignment techniques to reach rms offsets in the order of 10  $\mu\text{m}$  with respect to the beam.
- with a large beta\* lattice
  - with quadrupole coils in the sextupoles
  - 10  $\mu\text{m}$  is possible as  $O(\text{BPM resolution})=1\mu\text{m}$



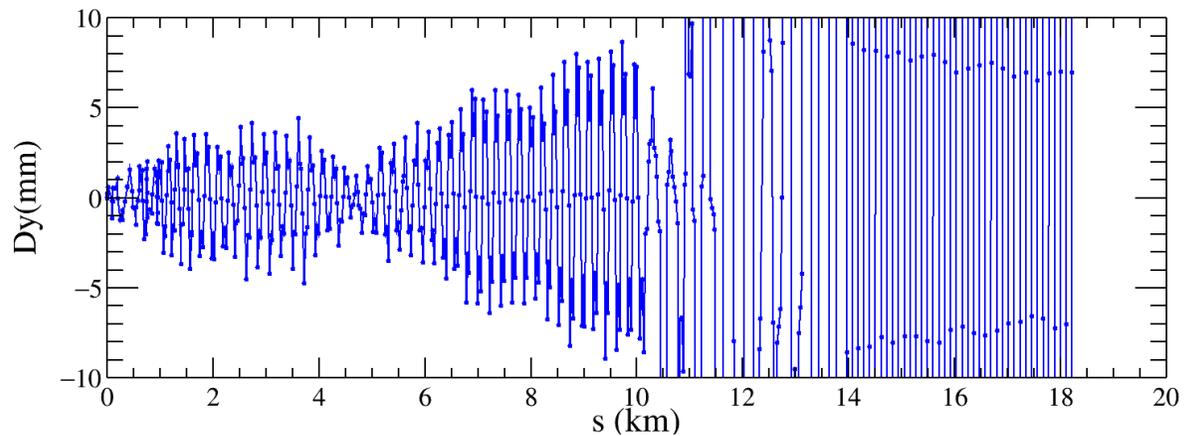
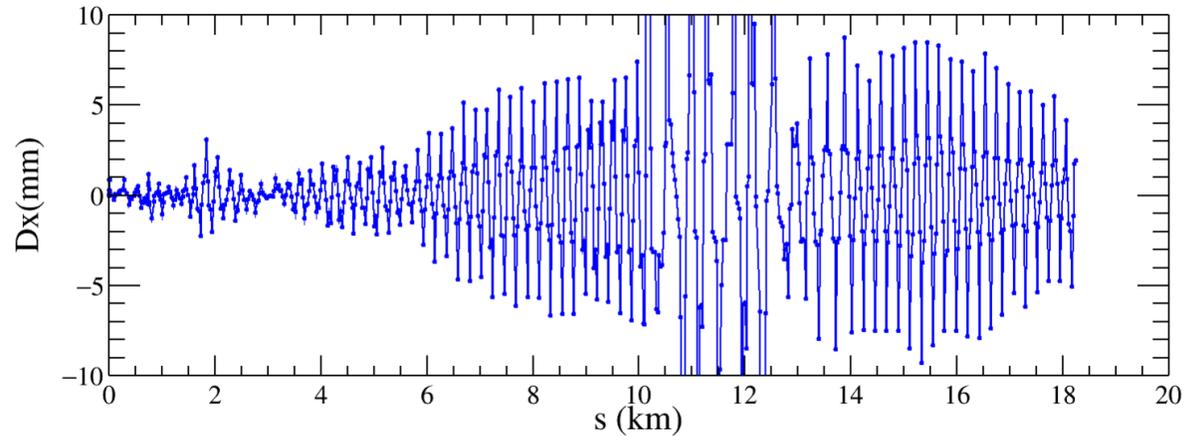
➤ The whole first turn commission program has been developed for HEPS, part of the program has already been modified according to the CEPC lattice.

➤ First turn commission test is undergoing.



# Progress of the first turn correction

Bin Wang and Daheng Ji



- Based on the lattice in the CEPC TDR, the beam can only be transmitted for around 10 km.
- A commission Lattice or lattice with large beta function is necessary, Yiwei is currently designing.



# Summary and To do list



- Manpower:
  - Bin Wang: Main contribution, the least further correction experience within the current team
  - Yiwei Wang: Lattice design
  - Daheng Ji and Yuanyuan Wei: first turn correction, IP tuning, ...
  - More manpower is necessary, especially colleagues with experience in error correction tasks.
- Commission Lattice (lattice with large beta function) is necessary for first turn correction.
- Other correction works are ongoing.

**Thanks for your attention!**



# Error assumptions



| Component      | $\Delta x$ (mm) | $\Delta y$ (mm) | $\Delta\theta_z$ (mrad) | Field error |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Dipole         | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.01%       |
| Arc Quadrupole | 0.10            | 0.10            | 0.10                    | 0.02%       |
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- \*implement beam-based alignment techniques to reach rms offsets in the order of 10  $\mu\text{m}$  with respect to the beam.
- with a large beta\* lattice
  - with quadrupole coils in the sextupoles
  - 10 $\mu\text{m}$  is possible as  $O(\text{BPM resolution})=1\mu\text{m}$

- ▶ Field errors of all magnets are included.
- ▶ Two BPMs and a pair of correctors (one each for horizontal and vertical) are installed in each cell. For the cells accommodating sextupoles, horizontal and vertical correctors are produced by the sextupole trims.
- ▶ Horizontal correctors were installed beside focusing quadrupoles and vertical correctors at defocusing quadrupoles.



# Correction scheme

- Software: SAD and Matlab-based accelerator toolbox (AT)
  1. Closed-orbit distortion (COD) correction was performed with sextupoles off, then the sextupoles were turned on and the COD correction repeated.
  2. The dispersion correction and beta-beating correction are also used for optics correction.
  3. The coupling and vertical dispersion correction are used to decrease the vertical emittance.
  4. The above correction scheme is iterated until the emittance and tracking dynamic aperture satisfy the design requirements.



# Correction performance



- ▶ To reduce the statistical fluctuation, **100 random lattices seeds** with errors are generated for correction, all error sources follow a Gaussian distribution truncated at  $\pm 3\sigma$ .
- ▶ The above correction scheme is adjusted (such as the **iteration times**, the step size, the size of response matrix, and so on) and iterated until getting the converged correction result and the tracking dynamic aperture satisfy the design requirements.

| RMS                     | Higgs   | Z       | W       | $t\bar{t}$ |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|
| Orbit ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) | < 50    | < 50    | < 50    | < 50       |
| Dispersion (mm)         | 1.8/0.9 | 2.8/1.4 | 2.7/1.8 | 0.6/0.3    |
| Beta-beating (%)        | 1.0/2.8 | 2.0/3.0 | 0.5/2.5 | 1.1/1.2    |

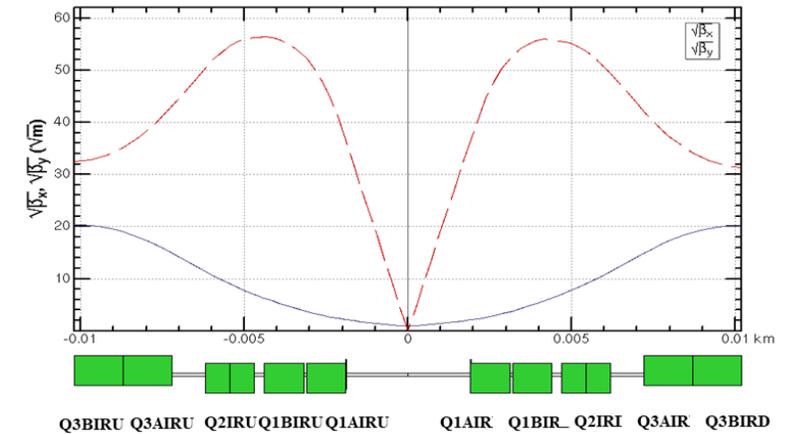


# Main parameters in TDR



|  | Higgs            | Z               | W           | $t\bar{t}$        |
|--|------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Number of IPs  | 2                |                 |             |                   |
| Circumference (km)   | 100.0            |                 |             |                   |
| SR power per beam (MW)   | 30               |                 |             |                   |
| Half crossing angle at IP (mrad)                               | 16.5             |                 |             |                   |
| Bending radius (km)  | 10.7             |                 |             |                   |
| Energy (GeV)   | 120              | 45.5            | 80          | 180               |
| Energy loss per turn (GeV)                                     | 1.8              | 0.037           | 0.357       | 9.1               |
| Damping time $\tau_x/\tau_y/\tau_z$ (ms)                       | 44.6/44.6/22.3   | 816/816/408     | 150/150/75  | 13.2/13.2/6.6     |
| Piwinski angle   | 4.88             | 24.23           | 5.98        | 1.23              |
| Bunch number   | 268              | 11934           | 1297        | 35                |
| Bunch spacing (ns)   | 591<br>(53% gap) | 23<br>(18% gap) | 257         | 4524<br>(53% gap) |
| Bunch population ( $10^{11}$ )                                 | 1.3              | 1.4             | 1.35        | 2.0               |
| Beam current (mA)  | 16.7             | 803.5           | 84.1        | 3.3               |
| Phase advance of arc FODO ( $^\circ$ )                         | 90               | 60              | 60          | 90                |
| Momentum compaction ( $10^{-5}$ )                              | 0.71             | 1.43            | 1.43        | 0.71              |
| Beta functions at IP $\beta_x^*/\beta_y^*$ (m/mm)              | 0.3/1            | 0.13/0.9        | 0.21/1      | 1.04/2.7          |
| Emittance $\epsilon_x/\epsilon_y$ (nm/pm)                      | 0.64/1.3         | 0.27/1.4        | 0.87/1.7    | 1.4/4.7           |
| Betatron tune $\nu_x/\nu_y$                                    | 445/445          | 317/317         | 317/317     | 445/445           |
| Beam size at IP $\sigma_x/\sigma_y$ (um/nm)                    | 14/36            | 6/35            | 13/42       | 39/113            |
| Bunch length (natural/total) (mm)                              | 2.3/4.1          | 2.5/8.7         | 2.5/4.9     | 2.2/2.9           |
| Energy spread (natural/total) (%)                              | 0.10/0.17        | 0.04/0.13       | 0.07/0.14   | 0.15/0.20         |
| Energy acceptance (DA/RF) (%)                                  | 1.6/2.2          | 1.0/1.7         | 1.2/2.5     | 2.0/2.6           |
| Beam-beam parameters $\xi_x/\xi_y$                             | 0.015/0.11       | 0.004/0.127     | 0.012/0.113 | 0.071/0.1         |
| RF voltage (GV)  | 2.2              | 0.12            | 0.7         | 10                |
| RF frequency (MHz)   | 650              |                 |             |                   |
| Longitudinal tune $\nu_c$                                      | 0.049            | 0.035           | 0.062       | 0.078             |
| Beam lifetime (Bhabha/beamstrahlung) (min)                     | 39/40            | 82/2800         | 60/700      | 81/23             |
| Beam lifetime (min)  | 20               | 80              | 55          | 18                |
| Hourglass Factor   | 0.9              | 0.97            | 0.9         | 0.89              |
| Luminosity per IP ( $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ) | 5.0              | 115             | 16          | 0.5               |

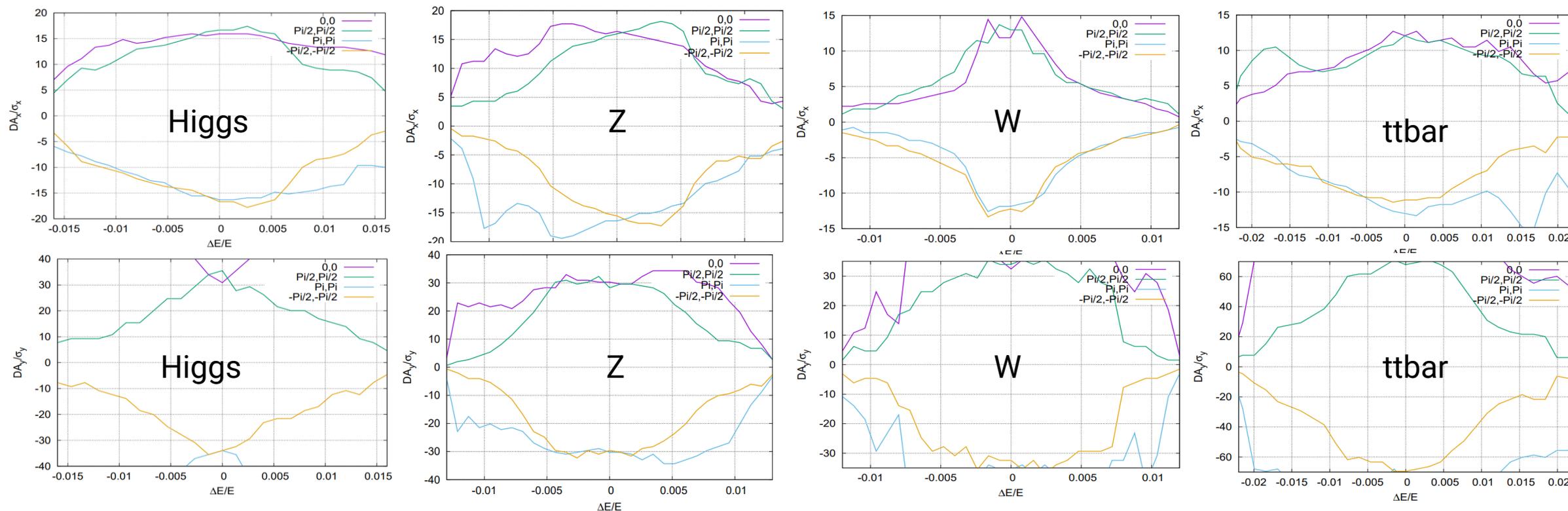
Y.W. Wang, CEPC collider ring lattice and dynamic aperture optimizations, 12-16. June. 2023, Hongkong, CEPC Accelerator TDR



- The error correction in the CEPC TDR uses this version of parameters and corresponding lattices.
- Currently, we still use the same lattice and parameters to do more error study for the CEPC EDR.



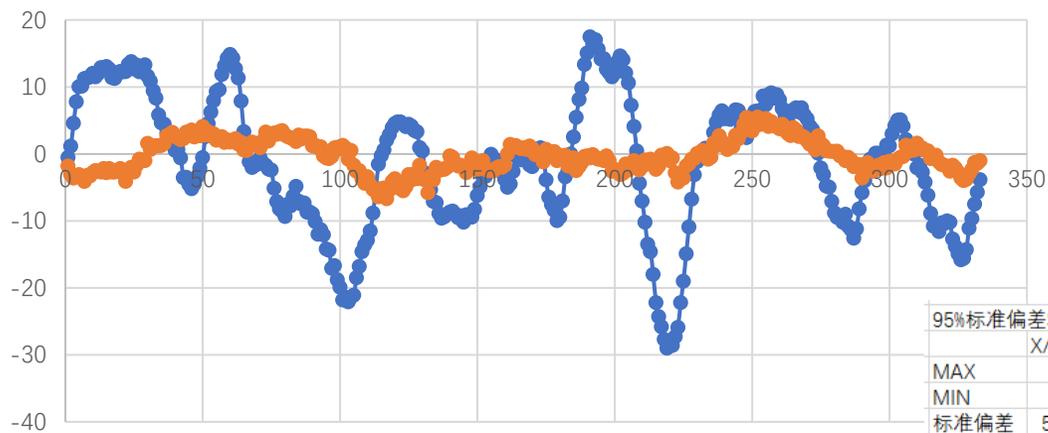
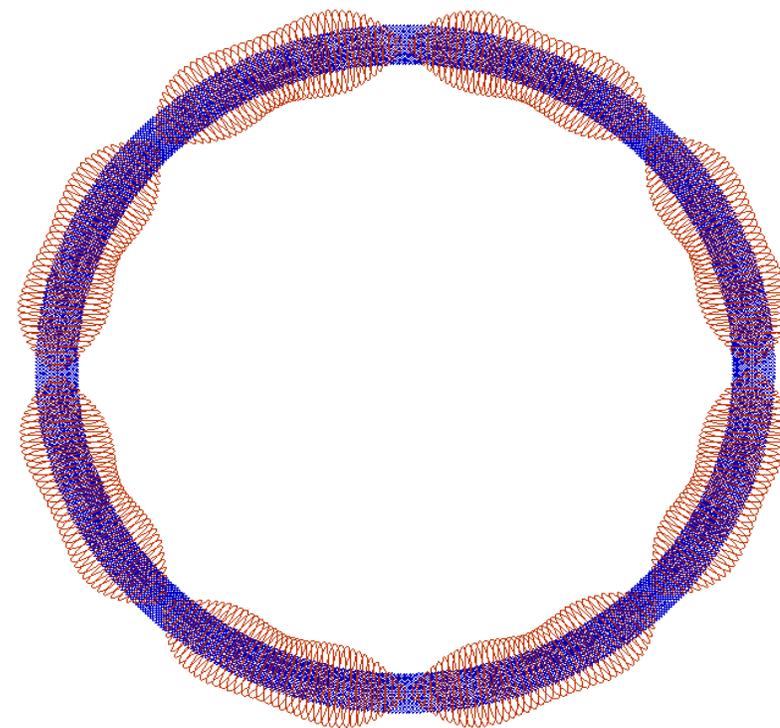
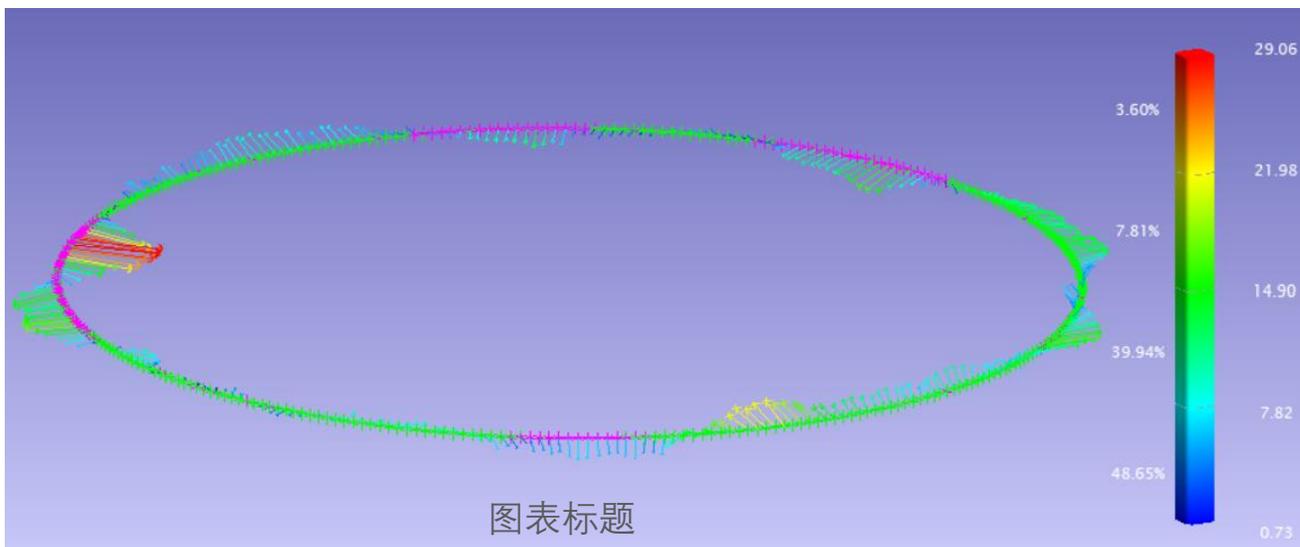
# Dynamic aperture and requirement



| DA requirement          | Higgs   | Z   | W   | ttbar                                       |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| with on-axis injection  | $8\sigma_x \times 20\sigma_y \times 1.6\%$    | -   | -   | -   |
| with off-axis injection | $13.5\sigma_x \times 20\sigma_y \times 1.6\%$ | $11\sigma_x \times 23\sigma_y \times 1.0\%$ | $8.5\sigma_x \times 20\sigma_y \times 1.05\%$ | $11\sigma_x \times 16\sigma_y \times 2.0\%$ |



# the long range alignment errors



● 系列1 ● 系列2

|      | 95%标准偏差 Standard Deviations |          |          | 95%误差椭圆 Error Ellipses |           |          | 95%Relative Error Ellipses |           |        |          |          |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|
|      | X/mm                        | Y/mm     | Z/mm     | Semi-Majc              | Semi-Minc | Elev     | Semi-Majc                  | Semi-Minc | Elev   |          |          |
| MAX  | 8.687                       | 8.664    | 19.103   | 21.404                 | 5.469     | 37.442   | MAX                        | 7.673     | 1.498  | 17.291   |          |
| MIN  | 0                           | 0        | 0        | MIN                    | 0         | 0        | MIN                        | 3.468     | 1.279  | 13.396   |          |
| 标准偏差 | 5.182894                    | 5.166892 | 15.64744 | 标准偏差                   | 17.55649  | 3.559261 | 30.66861                   | 标准偏差      | 5.4913 | 1.392215 | 15.39154 |