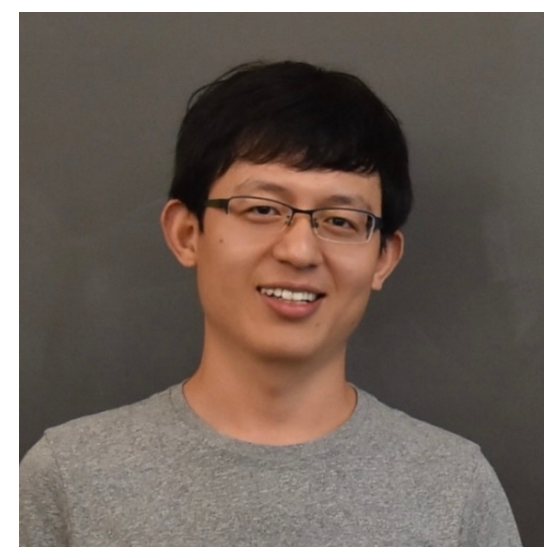




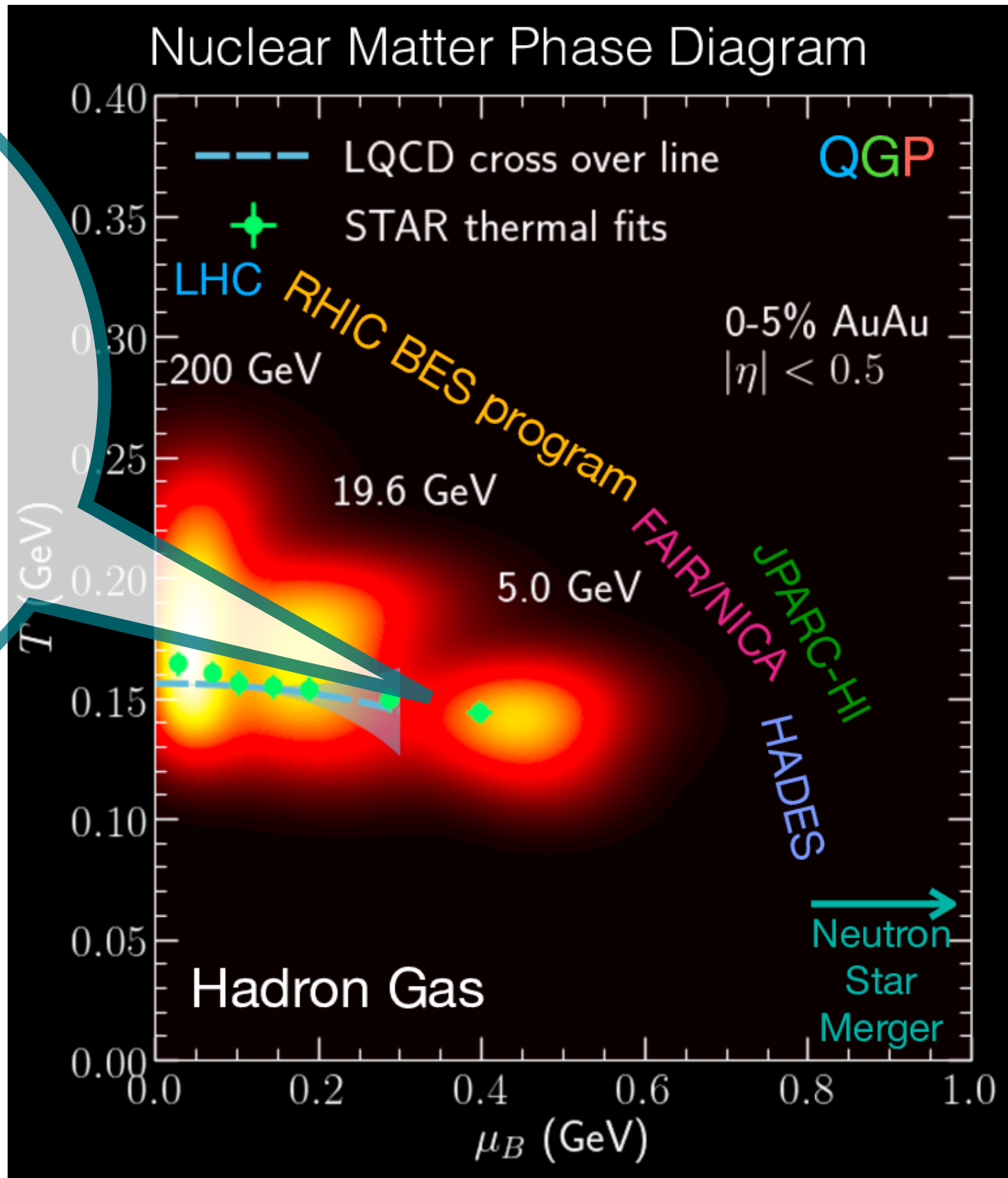
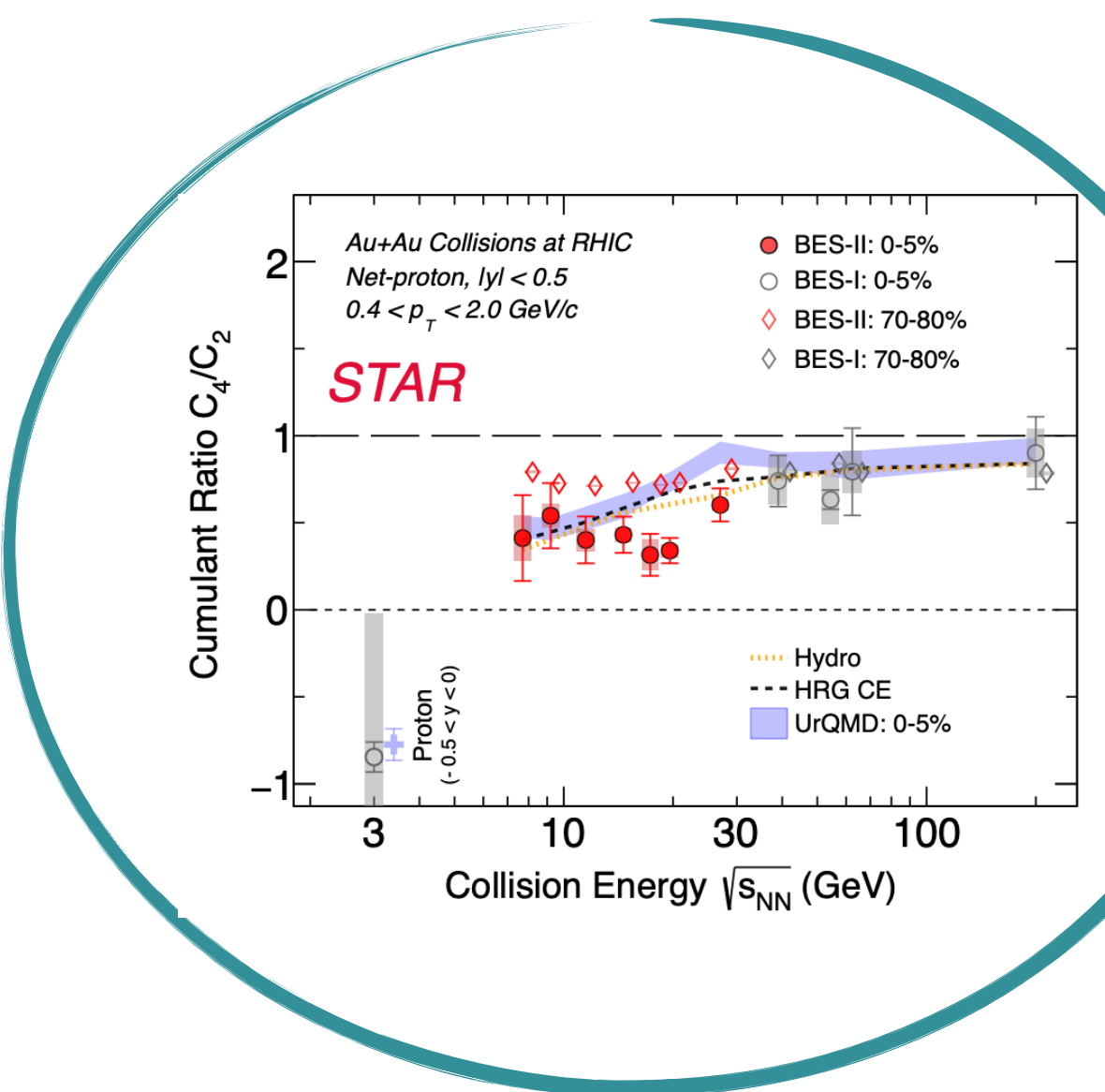
Baseline for net-baryon cumulant in rapidity scan

Phys. Rev. C **109**, 034906 (2024)

Jianing Li (CCNU), Lipei Du (LBNL) and Shuzhe Shi (Tsinghua)



QCD phase diagram & critical endpoint (CEP)



“Extend measurements to even higher orders of fluctuations”

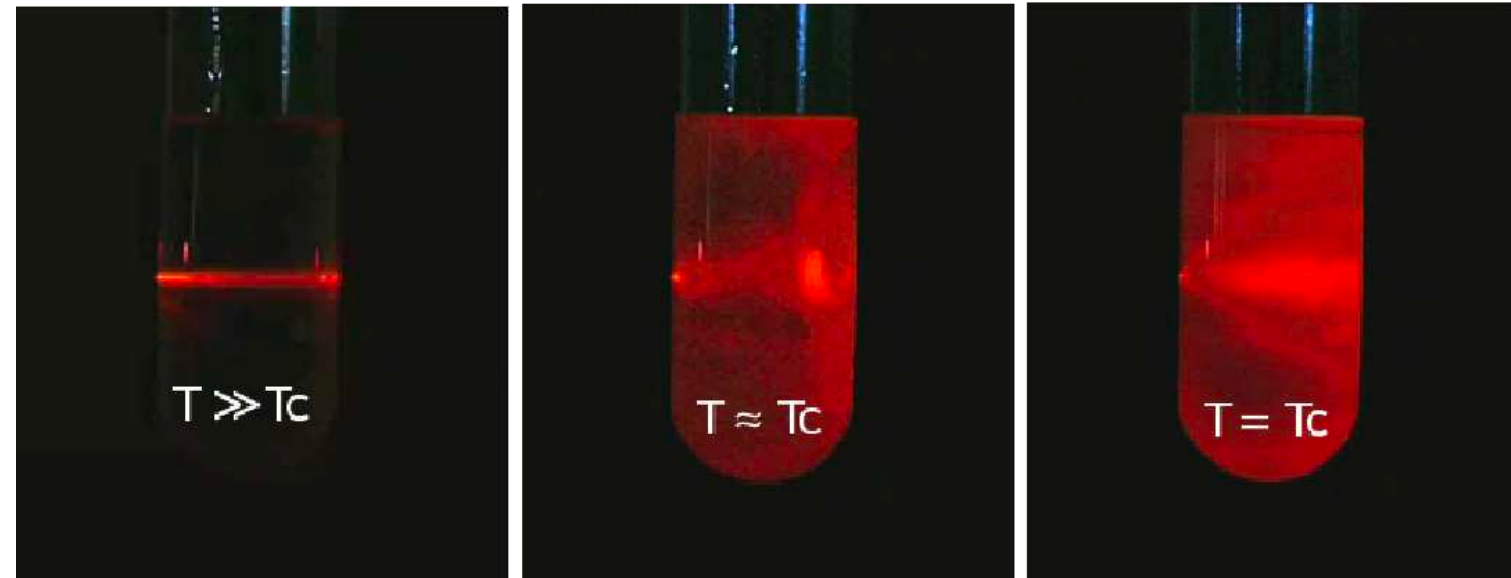
“Precision Measurement of Net-proton Number Fluctuations in Au+Au Collisions at RHIC”

@ COPD 2024 by Ashish Pandav

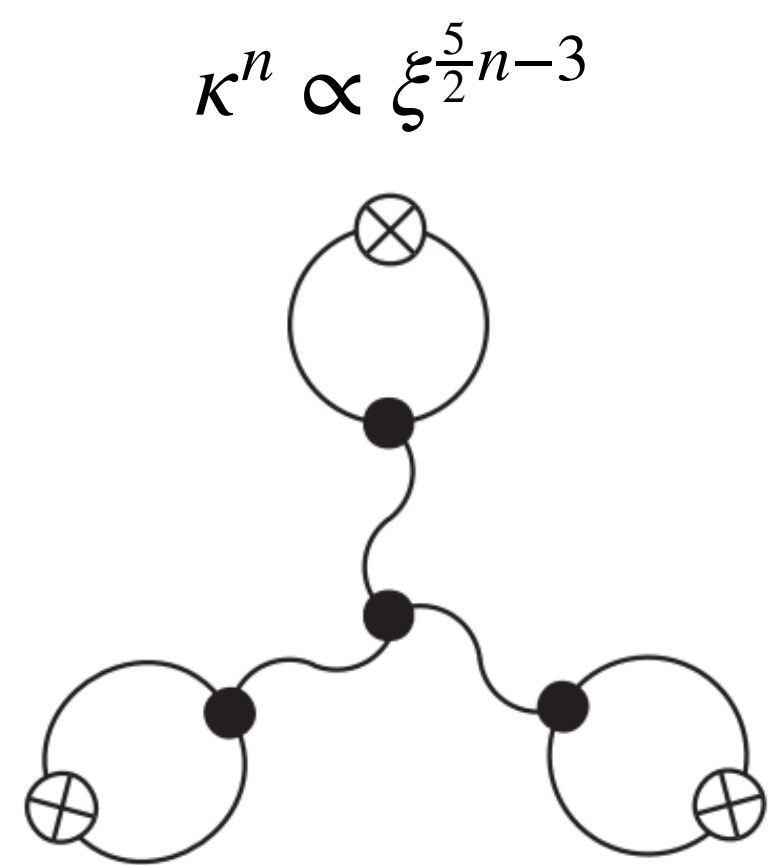
Beam energy scan & QCD phase diagram

C. Shen, in 28th International Conference on Ultrarelativistic Nucleus-Nucleus Collisions

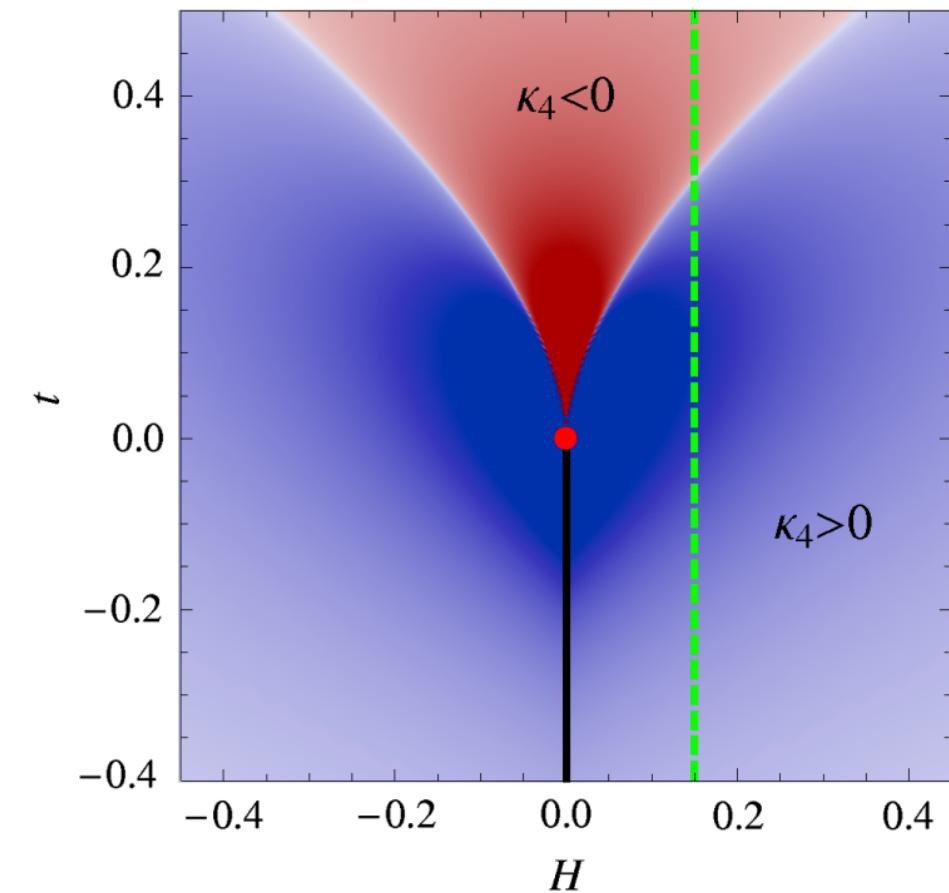
Critical point: large ξ & fluctuations



Enhancement

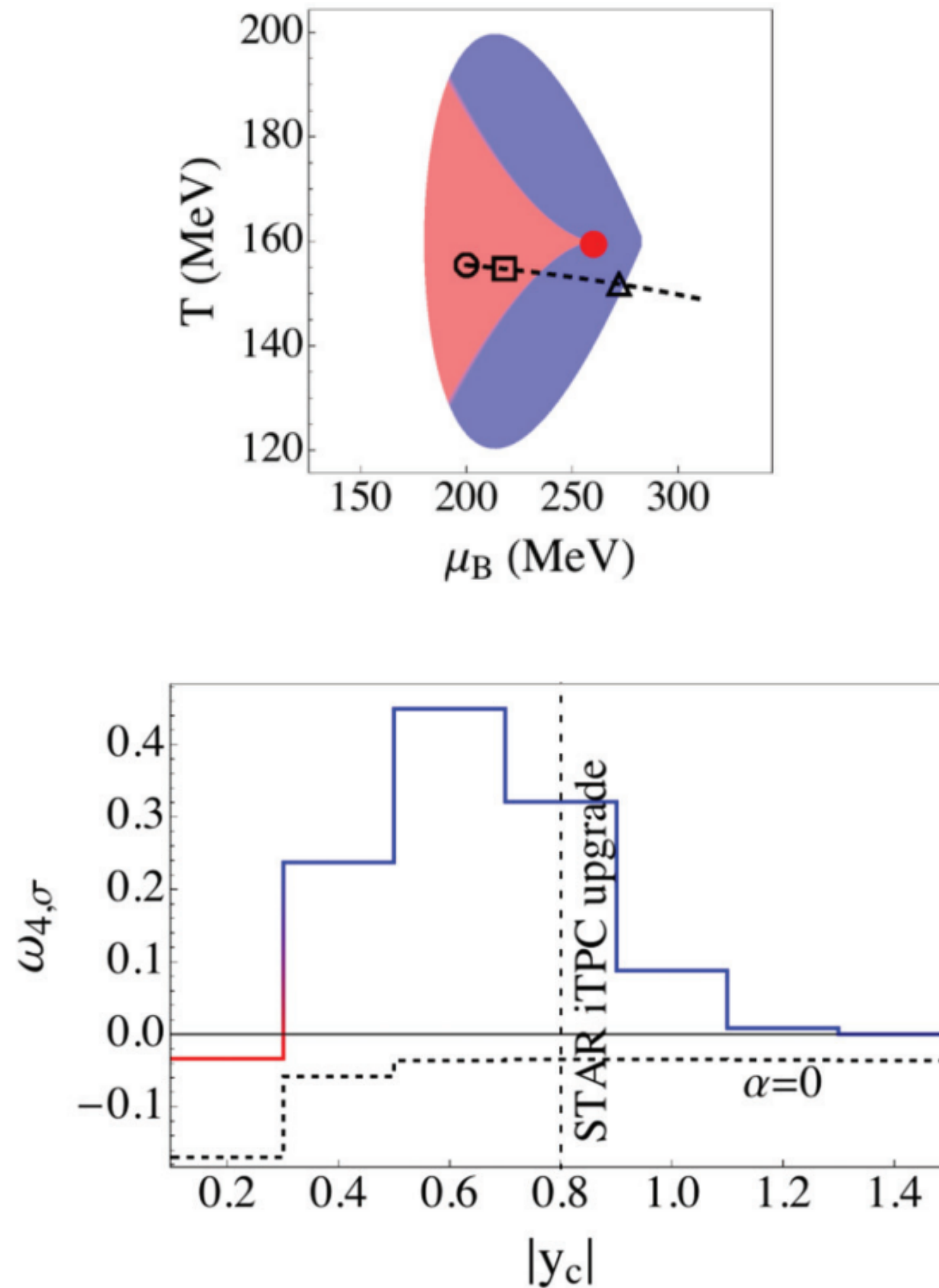


Non-monotonicity



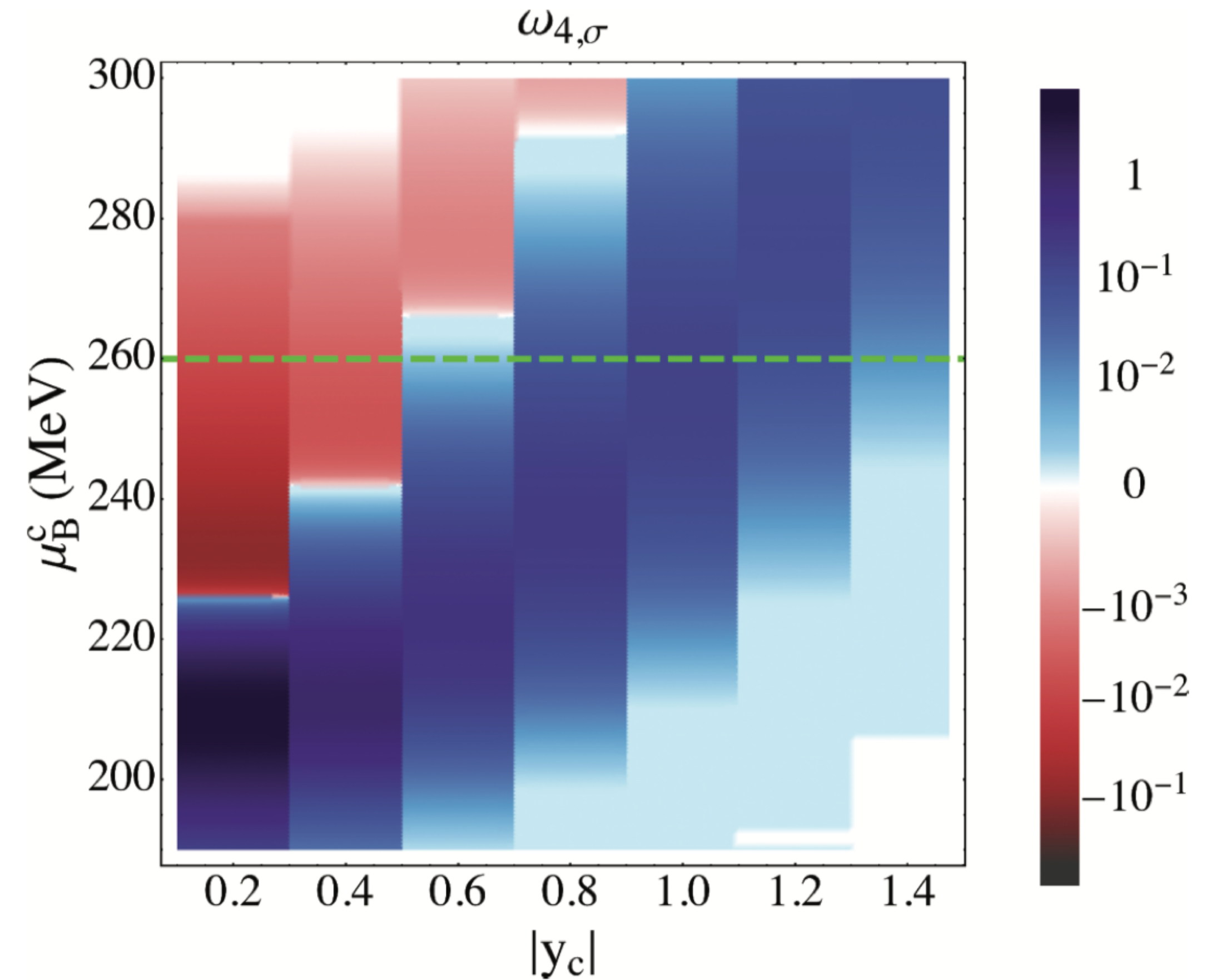
M. A. Stephanov, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 102, 032301
M. A. Stephanov, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 107, 052301

Rapidity scan



Rapidity scan based on 3D Ising model

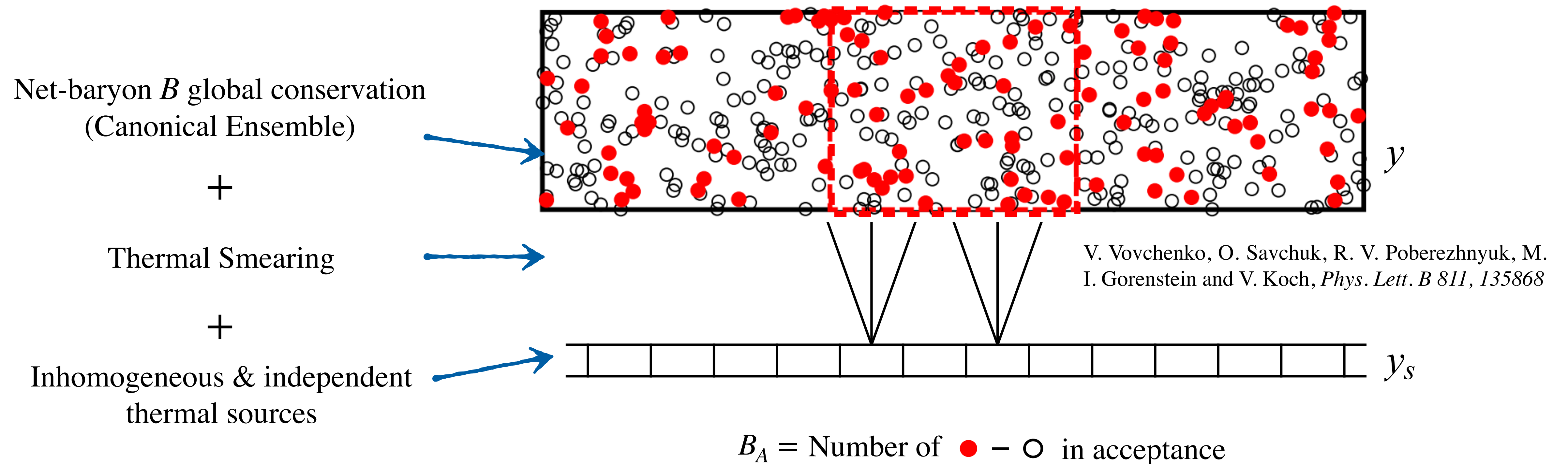
J. Brewer, S. Mukherjee, K. Rajagopal, and Y. Yin, *Phys. Rev. C* 98, 061901(R)



Rapidity scan can search for CEP in detail.

Particles radiated from an inhomogeneous fireball

Framework of rapidity scan based on continuous-source model



“...the net baryon number fluctuates due to the finite acceptance.”

P. Braun-Munzinger, B. Friman, K. Redlich, A. Rustamov and J. Stachel, *Nucl. Phys. A* 1008, 122141

Cumulant generating function in finite acceptance range

Cumulant generating function

$$g_B(t) = \frac{B}{2} \ln \left[\frac{q_1(t)}{q_2(t)} \right] + \ln \left\{ I_B \left[2\sqrt{\mathcal{L}\bar{\mathcal{L}}} \sqrt{q_1(t)q_2(t)} \right] \right\}$$

JL, L. Du and S. Shi, *Phys. Rev. C* **109**, 034907(2024)

$$q_1(t) = 1 + \alpha_B + \alpha_B e^t$$

$$q_2(t) = 1 + \alpha_{\bar{B}} + \alpha_{\bar{B}} e^{-t}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \langle N_B \rangle$$

$$\bar{\mathcal{L}} = \langle N_{\bar{B}} \rangle$$

$$\longrightarrow \kappa_n^B = \left. \frac{\partial^n g_B(t)}{\partial t^n} \right|_{t=0} \longrightarrow$$

The 1st to 6th cumulants

$$\kappa_1^B = \langle B_A \rangle$$

$$\kappa_2^B = \langle (\delta B_A)^2 \rangle$$

$$\kappa_3^B = \langle (\delta B_A)^3 \rangle$$

$$\kappa_4^B = \langle (\delta B_A)^4 \rangle - 3 \langle (\delta B_A)^2 \rangle^2$$

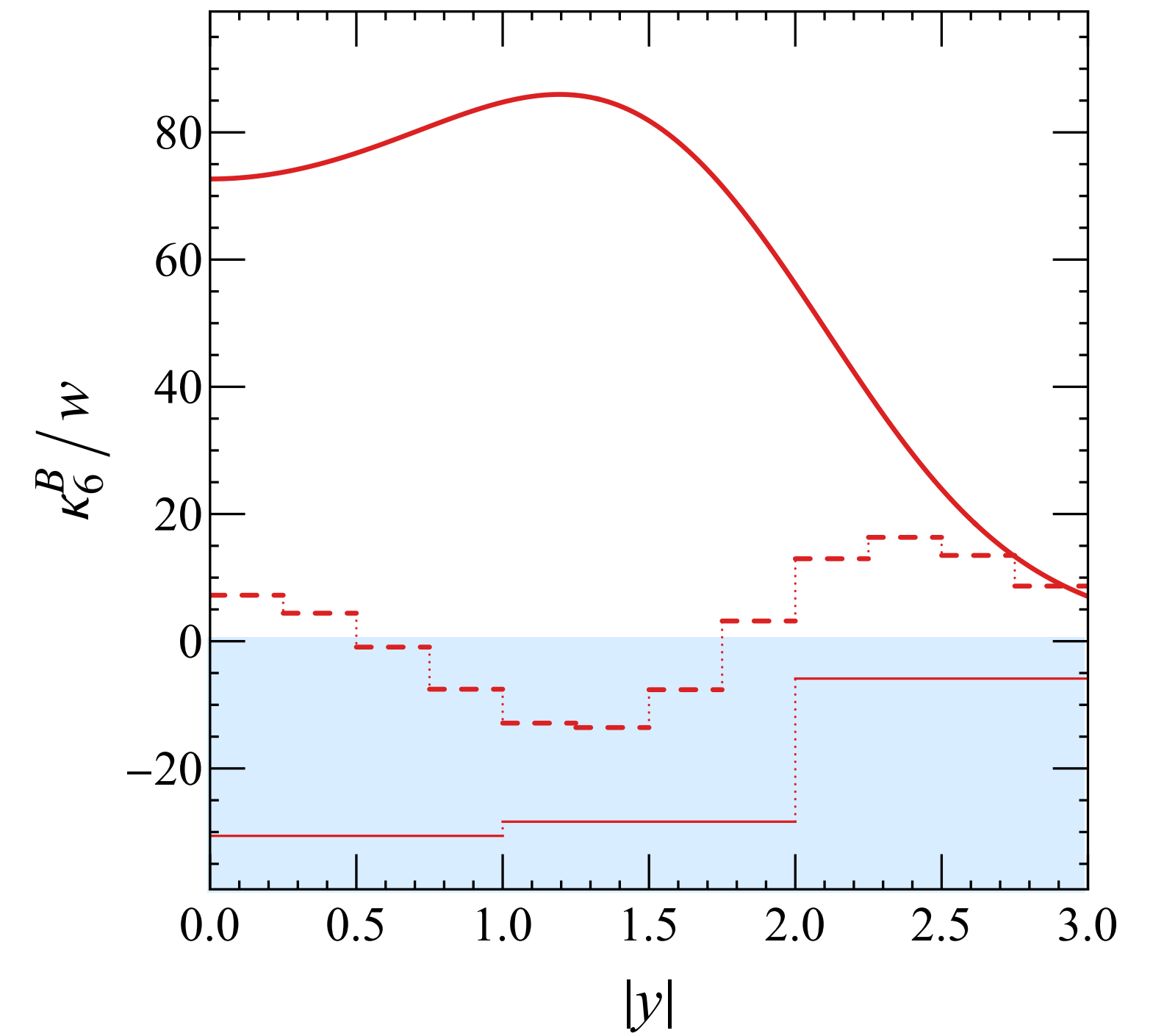
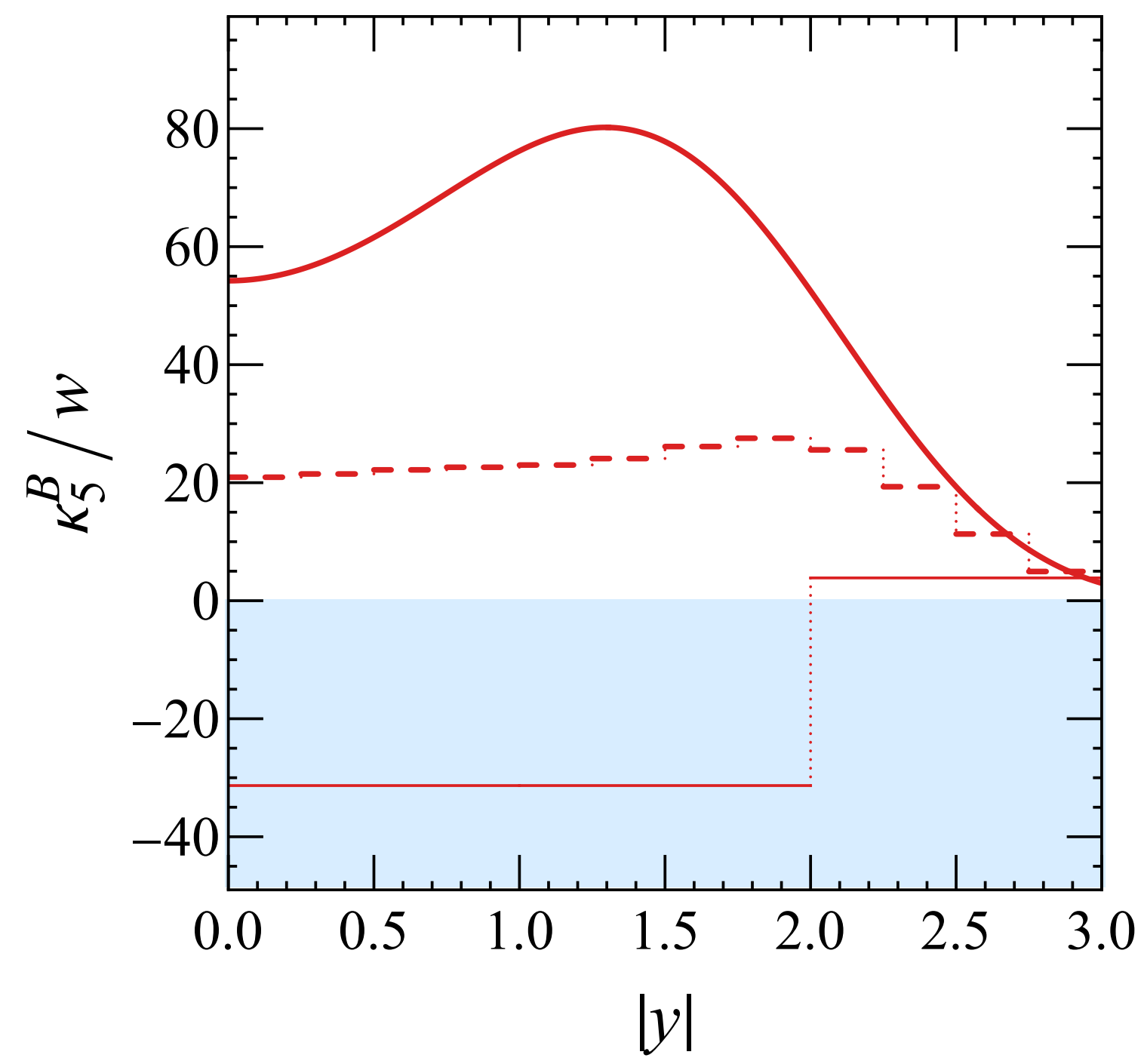
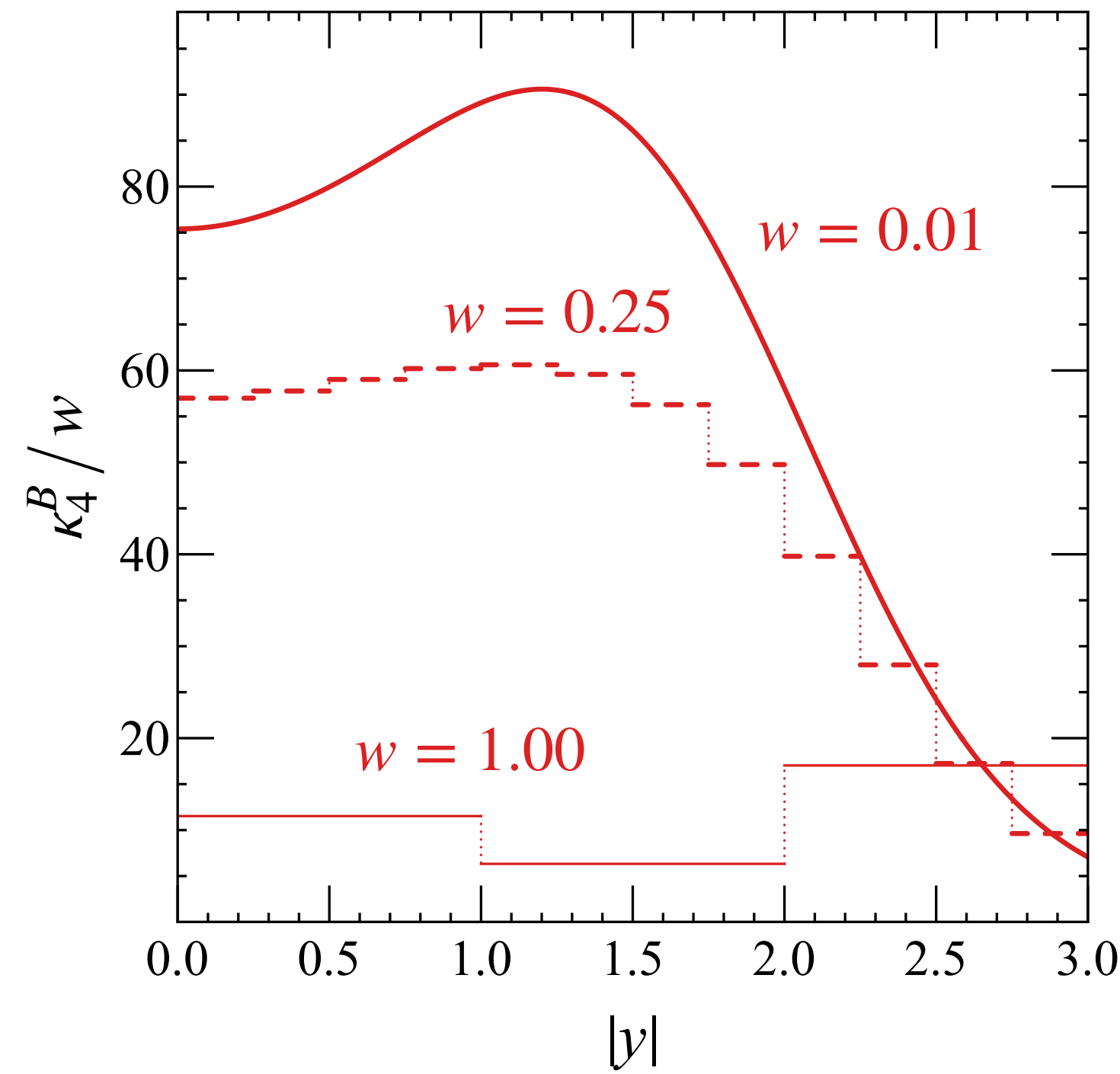
$$\kappa_5^B = \langle (\delta B_A)^5 \rangle - 10 \langle (\delta B_A)^3 \rangle \langle (\delta B_A)^2 \rangle$$

$$\kappa_6^B = \langle (\delta B_A)^6 \rangle - 15 \langle (\delta B_A)^4 \rangle \langle (\delta B_A)^2 \rangle - 10 \langle (\delta B_A)^3 \rangle^2 + 30 \langle (\delta B_A)^2 \rangle^3$$

$$\delta B_A = B_A - \langle B_A \rangle$$

X. Luo and N. Xu, *Nucl. Sci. Tech.* **28**, 112

Cumulants of Au + Au @ 19.6 GeV in rapidity scan



The 4th to 6th cumulants in rapidity scan

“... *five and six...show a difference in sign.*”

STAR Collaboration, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 130, 082301

Thermodynamic variables on QCD phase diagram

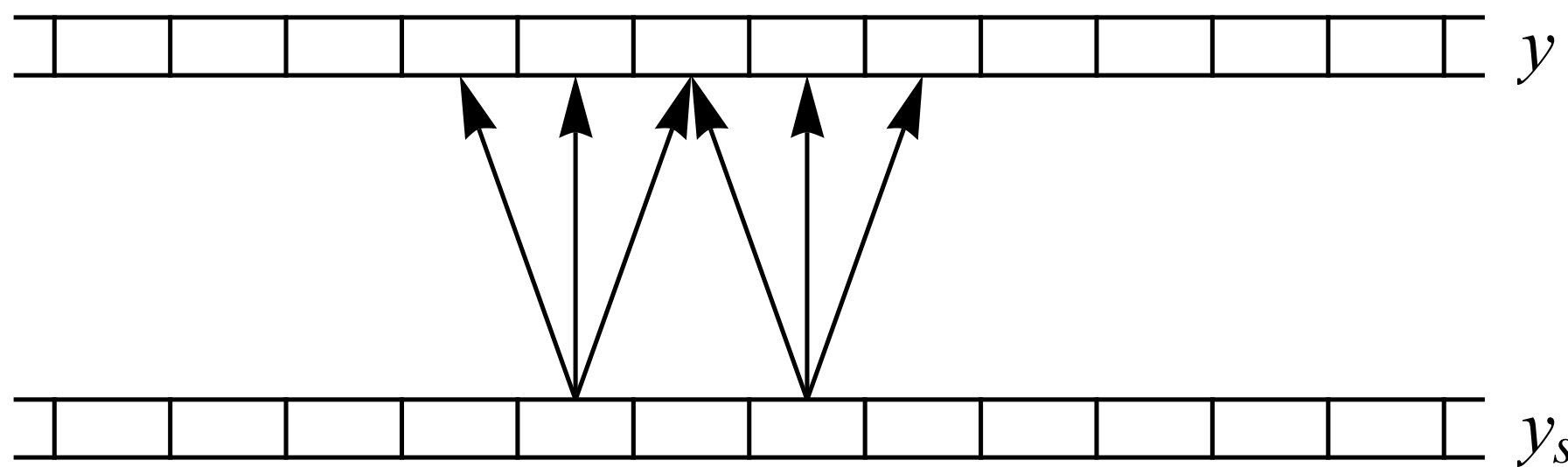
$$\kappa_B^n = \left. \frac{\partial^n g_B(t)}{\partial t^n} \right|_{t=0}$$

$$g_B(t) = \frac{B}{2} \ln \left[\frac{q_1(t)}{q_2(t)} \right] + \ln \left\{ I_B \left[2\sqrt{\mathcal{L} \bar{\mathcal{L}}} \sqrt{q_1(t) q_2(t)} \right] \right\}$$

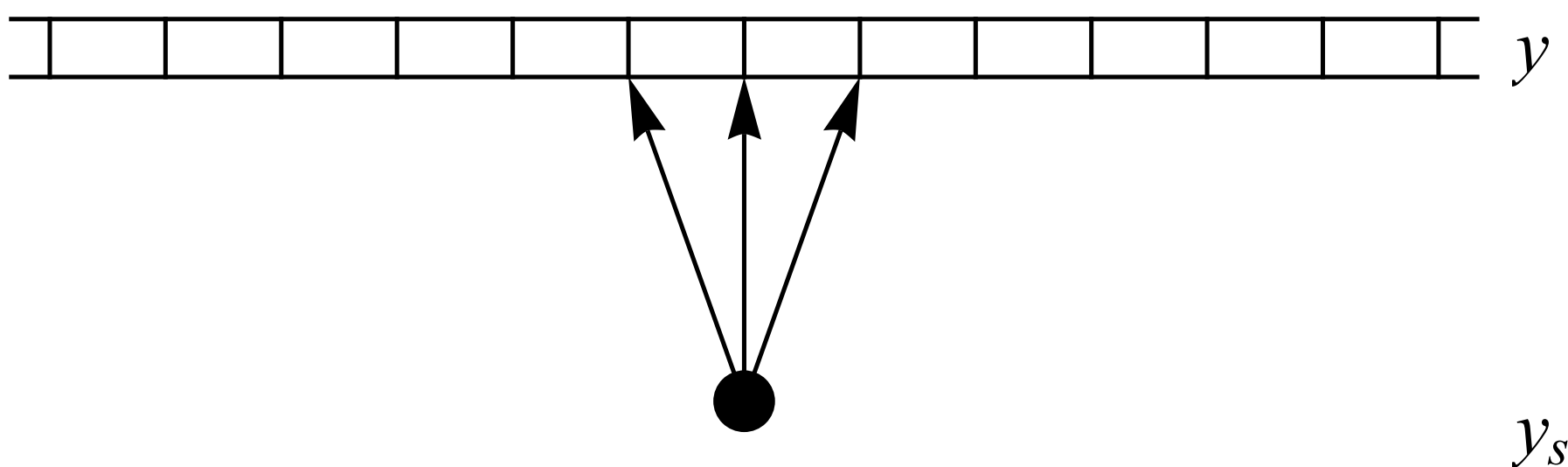
JL, L. Du and S. Shi, PRC 109 034907

$$g_B(t) = \frac{B}{2} \ln \left[\frac{q_1(t)}{q_2(t)} \right] + \ln \left\{ I_B \left[2Z\sqrt{q_1(t) q_2(t)} \right] \right\}$$

Nucl.Phys.A 1008, 122141



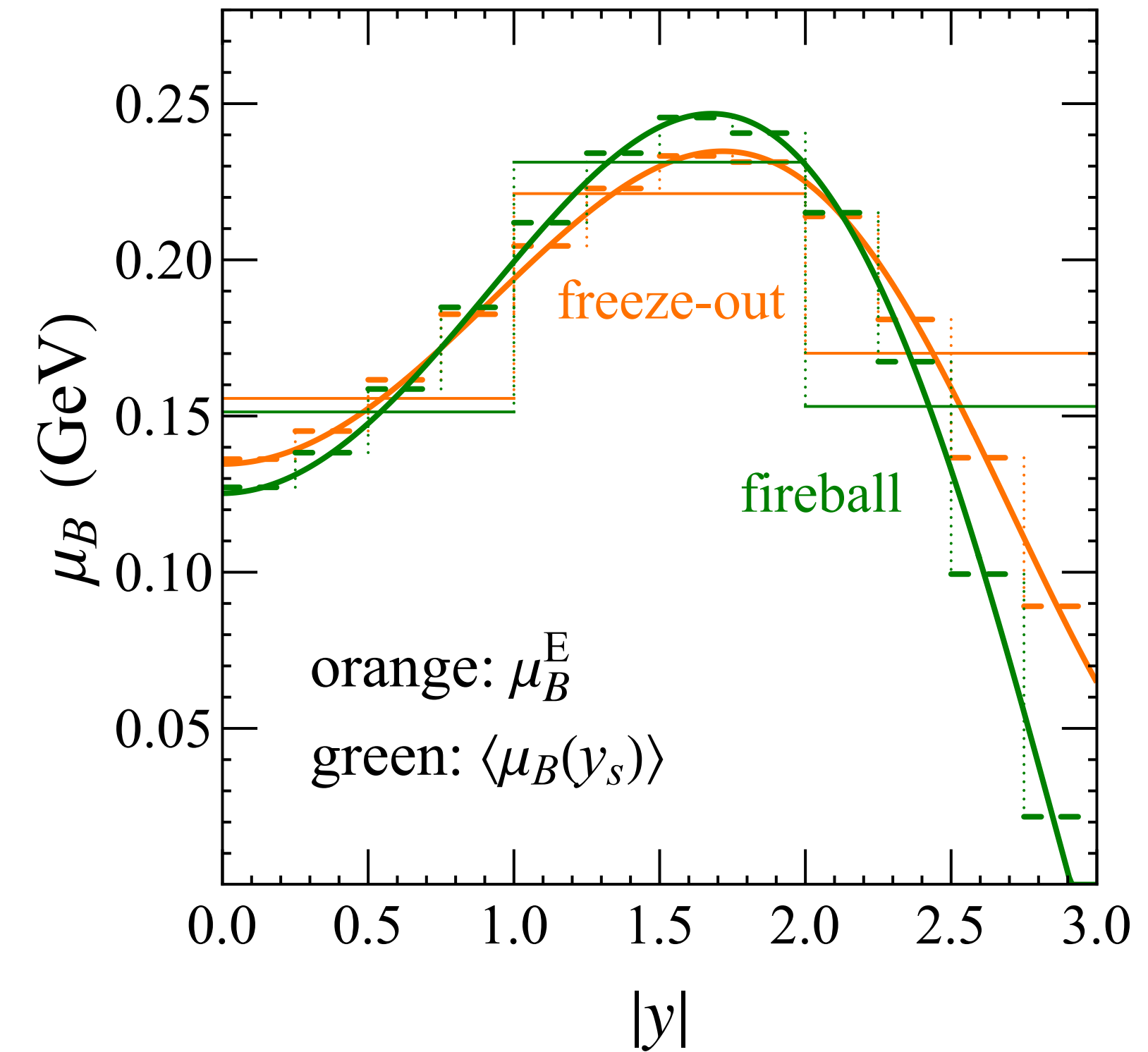
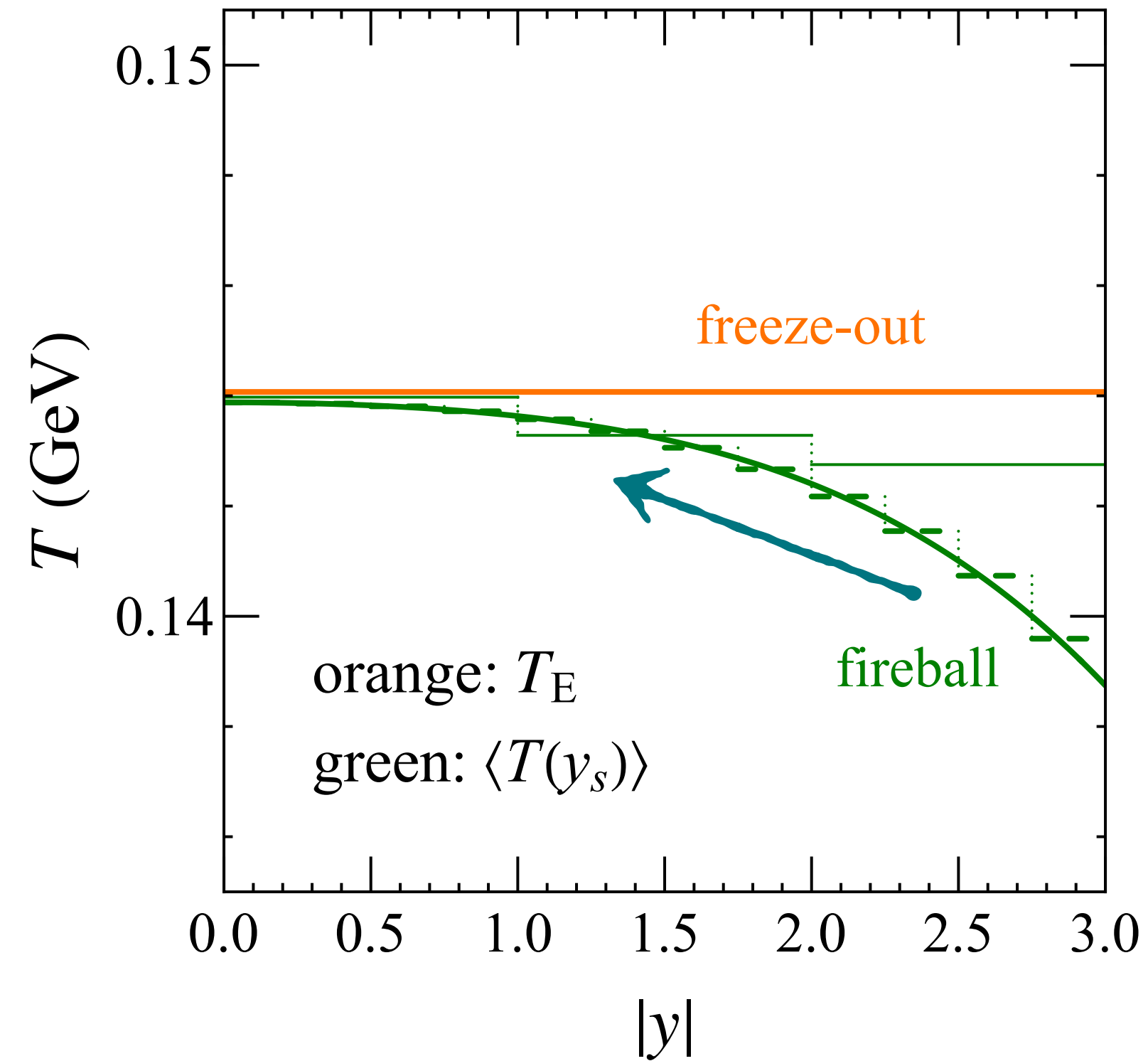
Inhomogeneous fireball



Point on QCD phase diagram

The same (anti-)baryon acceptance + $\mathcal{L} \bar{\mathcal{L}} = Z^2$

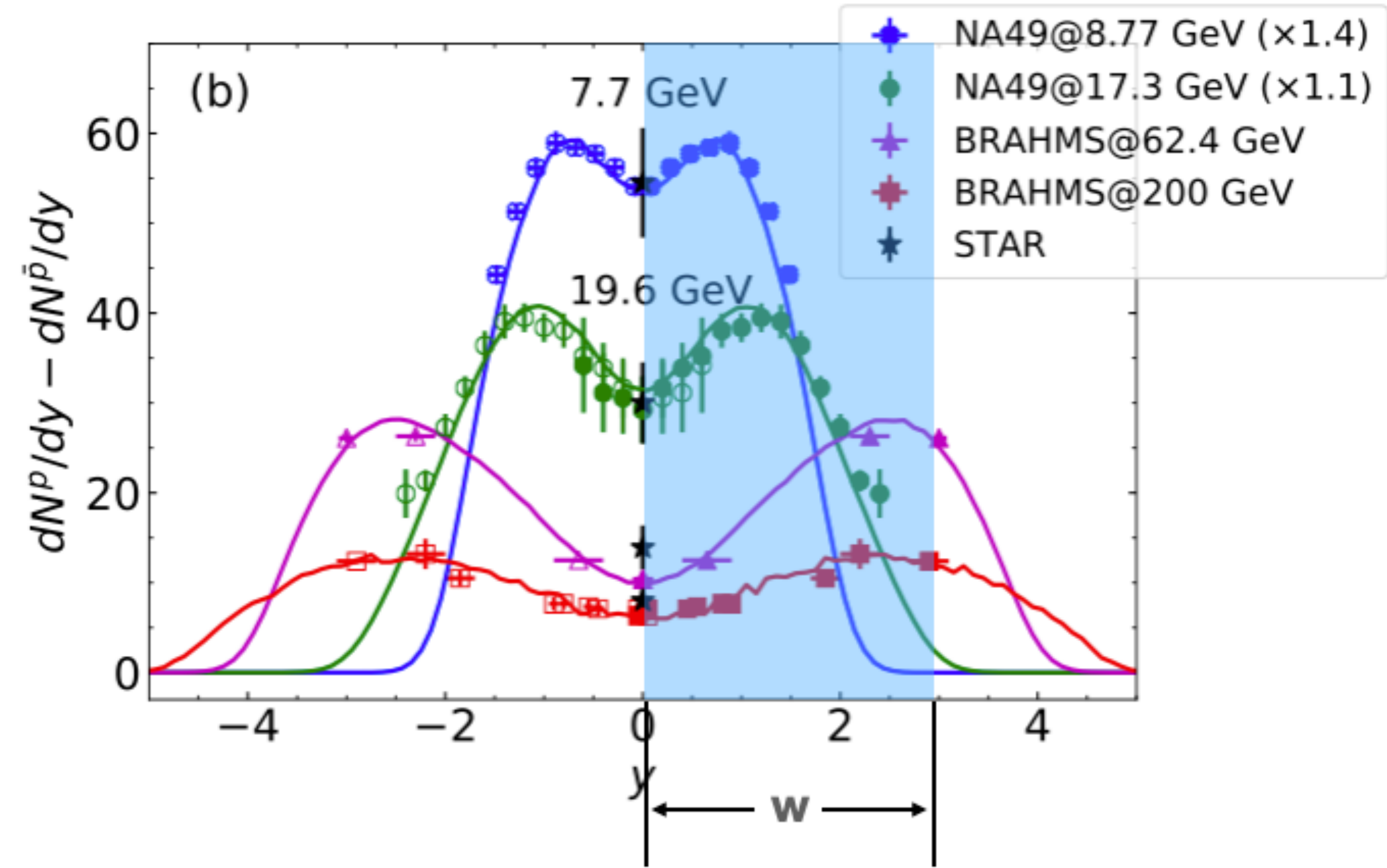
Thermodynamic variables on QCD phase diagram



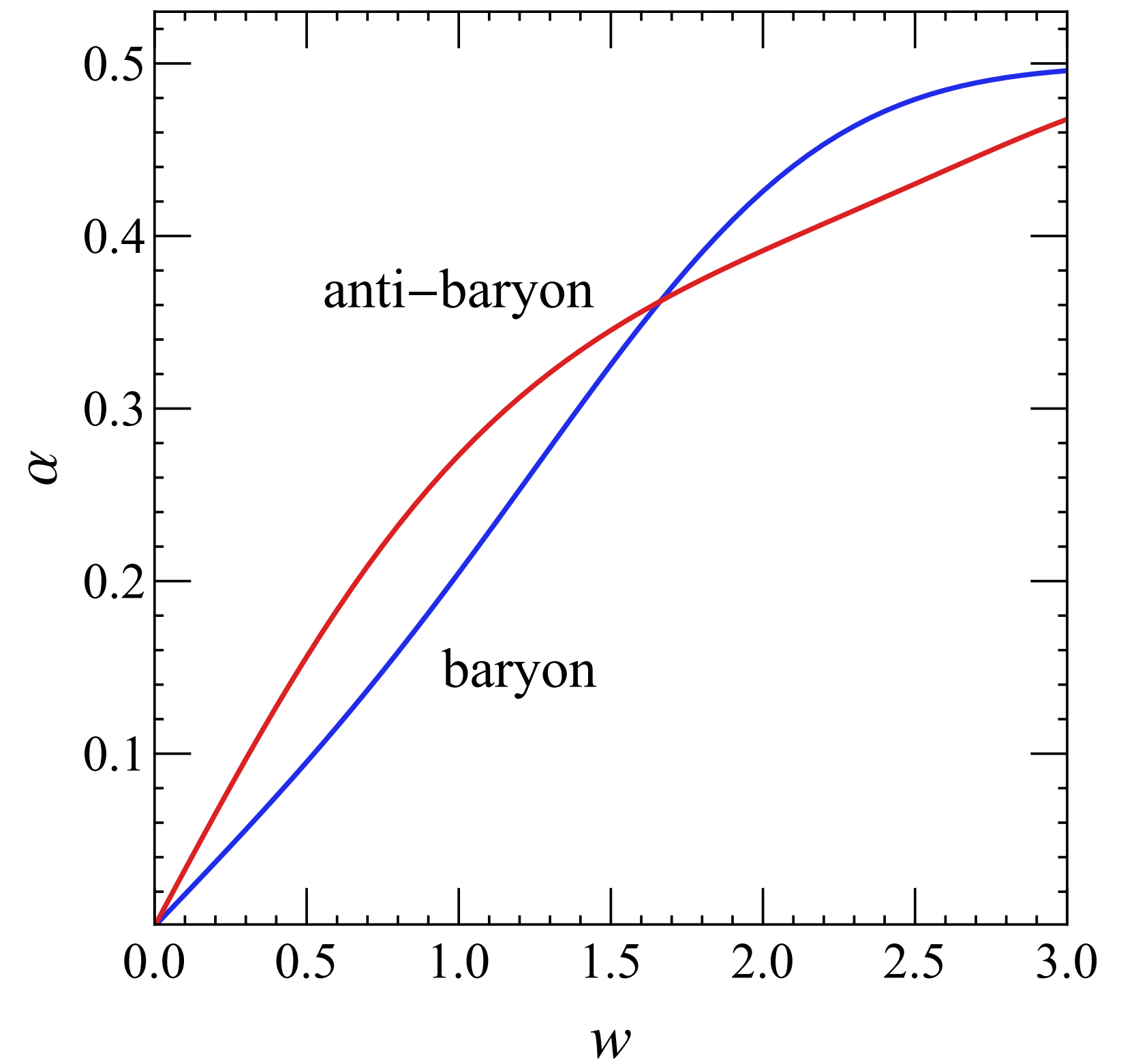
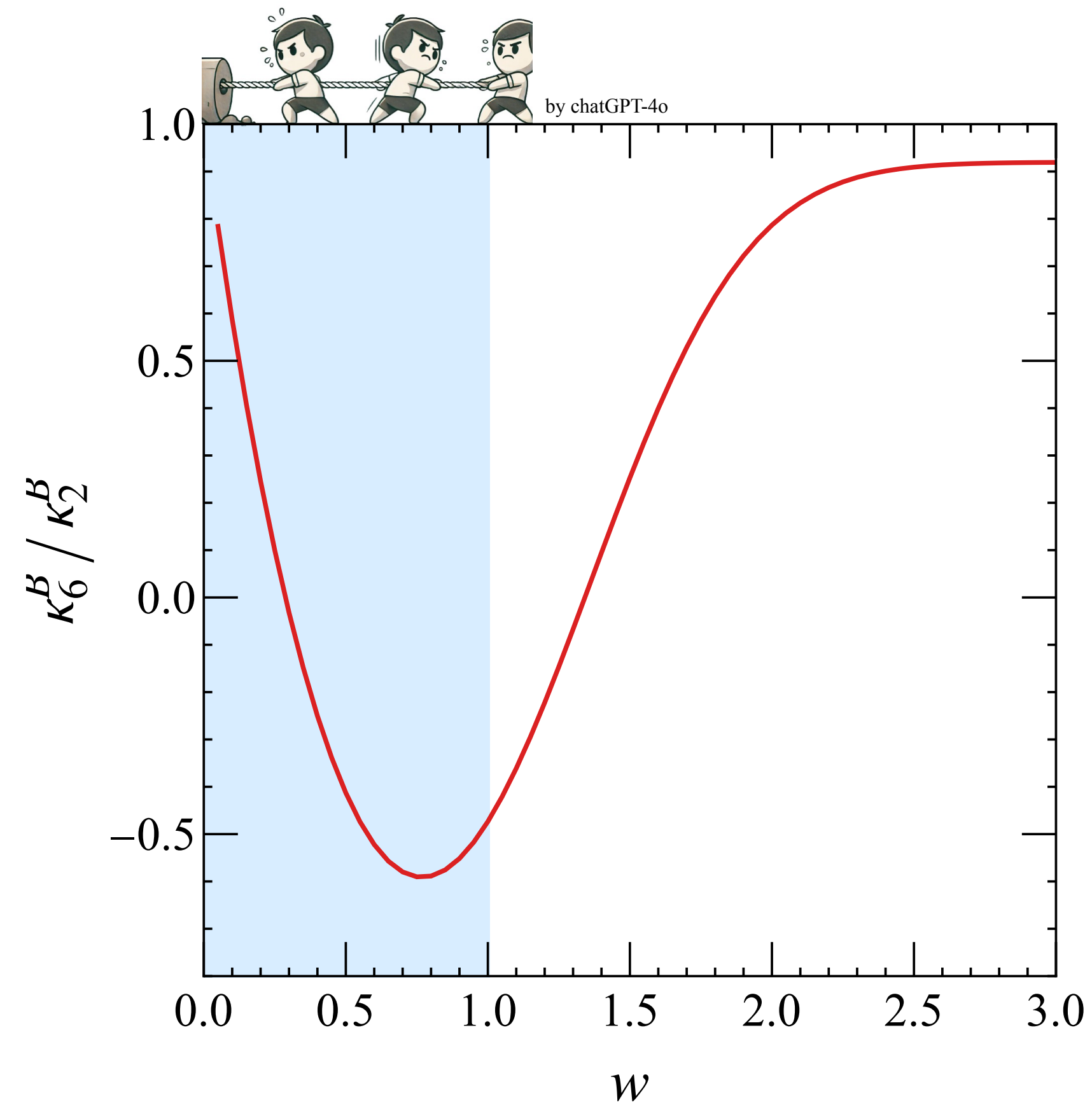
T_E & μ_E : Extracted variables at chemical freeze-out

$\langle T(y_s) \rangle$ & $\langle \mu_B(y_s) \rangle$: Averaged variables of inhomogeneous fireball

Conservation v.s. Critical



Conservation v.s. Critical



Non-monotonicity induced by more particles accepted.

Summary & Outlook

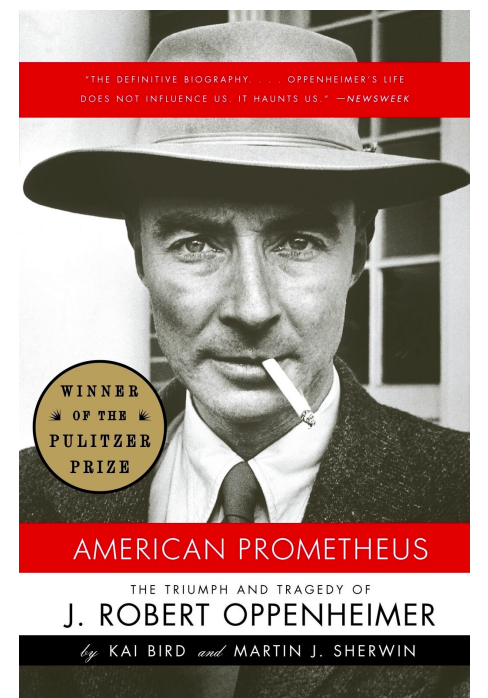
Summary

- We derive the expression for net-baryon cumulants generating function within finite rapidity ranges in CE
- Kinematic acceptances may significantly affect high-order cumulants
- Rapidity scan can help us to study intermediate energy collision in detail

Outlook

- A more complete baseline: baryon stopping, volume fluctuation, feed-down...
- Non-equilibrium effect: Hydro+, fluctuations correlations...
- We are working on the signal for separating conservation from critical behavior

... interesting to see...offequilibrium scaling... in 'rapidity scan



Thanks~

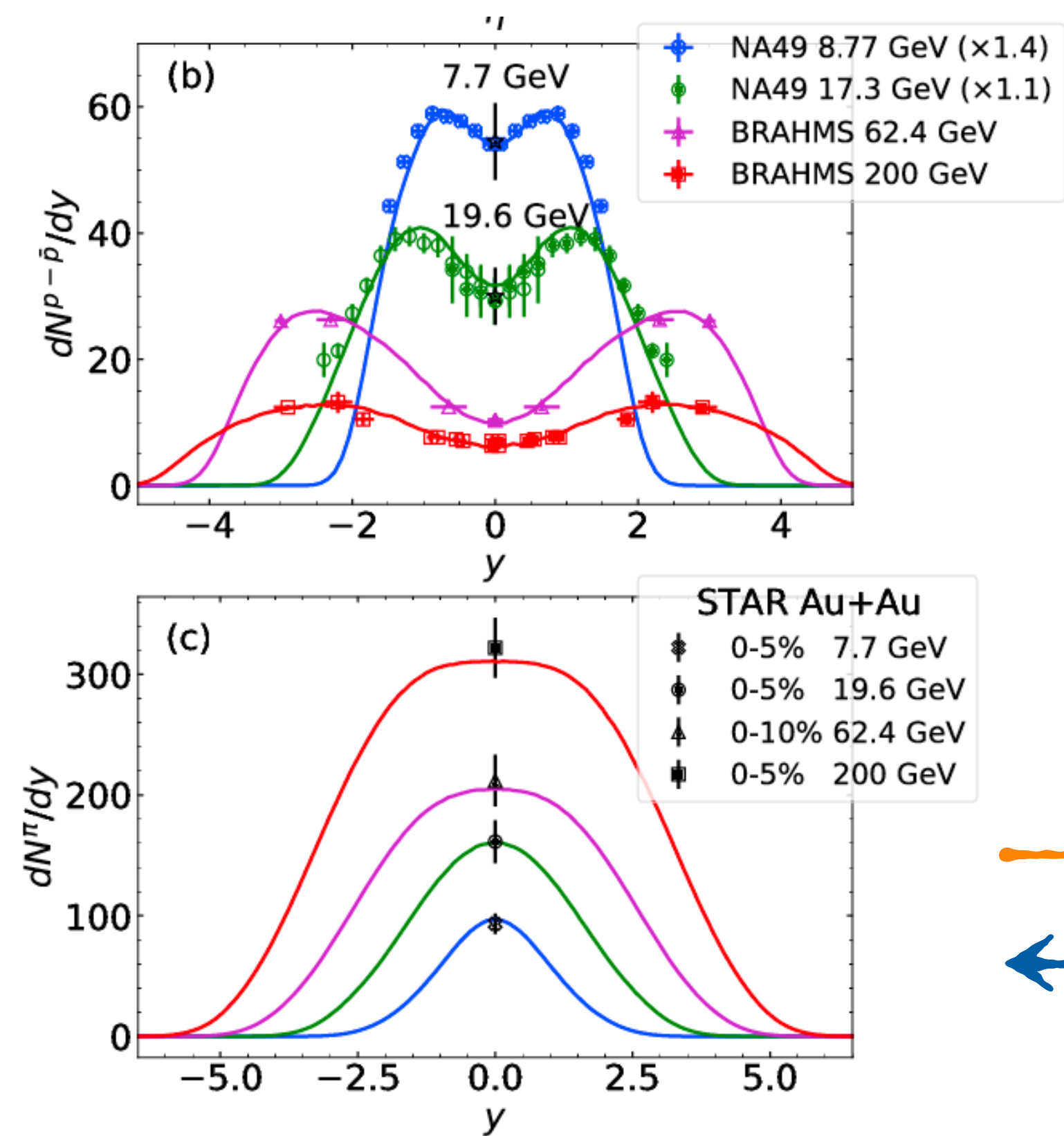
Y. Yin, arXiv: 1811.06519

"We cannot know, as a matter of principle, the present in all its details."

Back Up

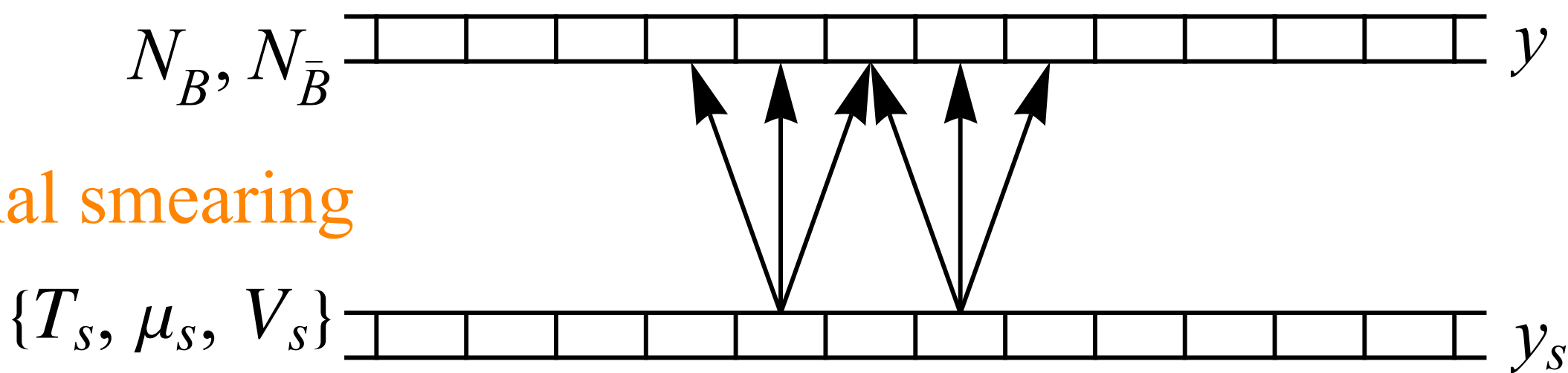
Particles radiated from an inhomogeneous fireball

Particles radiated from an inhomogeneous fireball

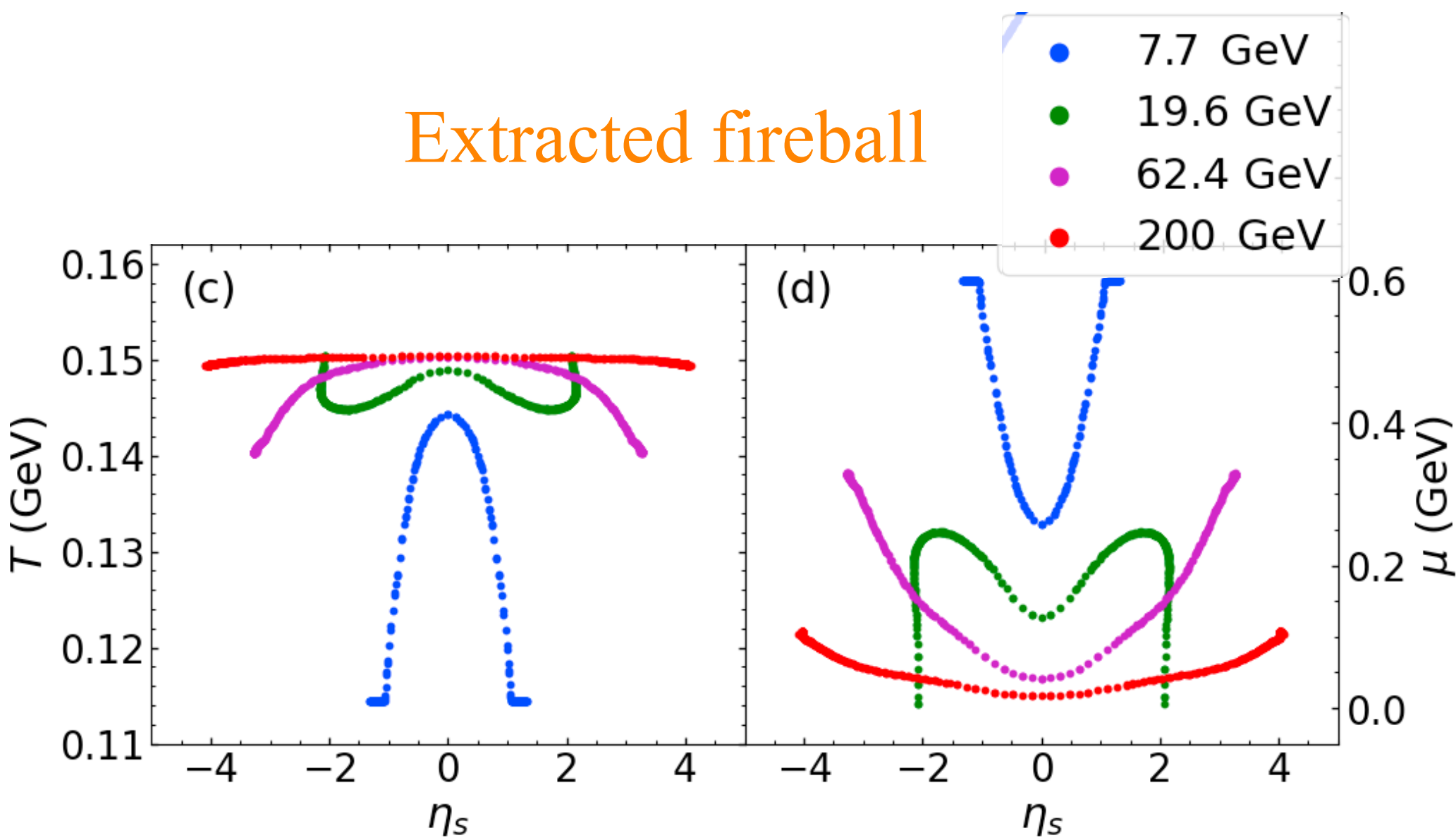


L. Du, H. Gao, S. Jeon and C. Gale,
Phys. Rev. C 109, 1

Thermal smearing

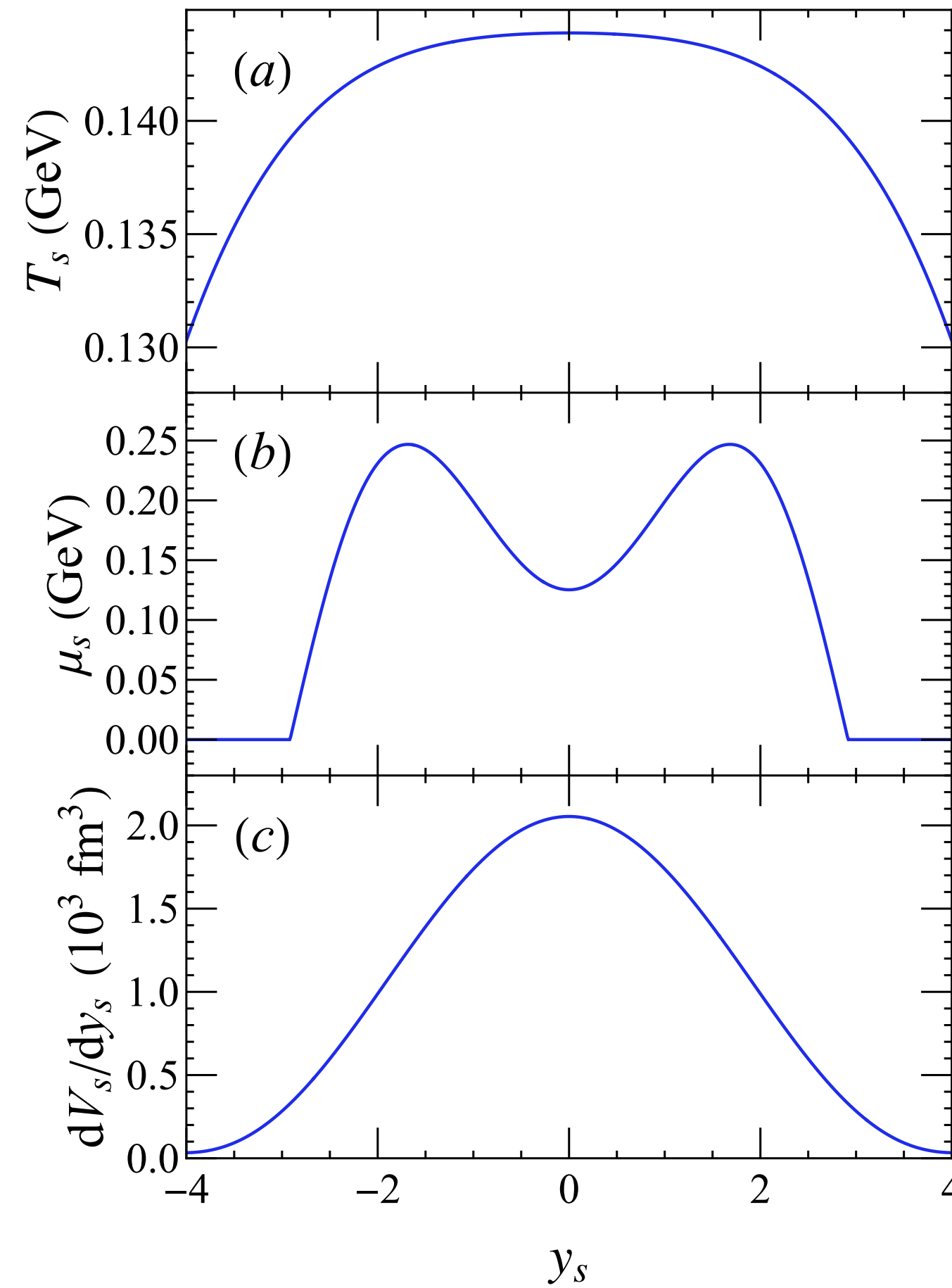


Extracted fireball



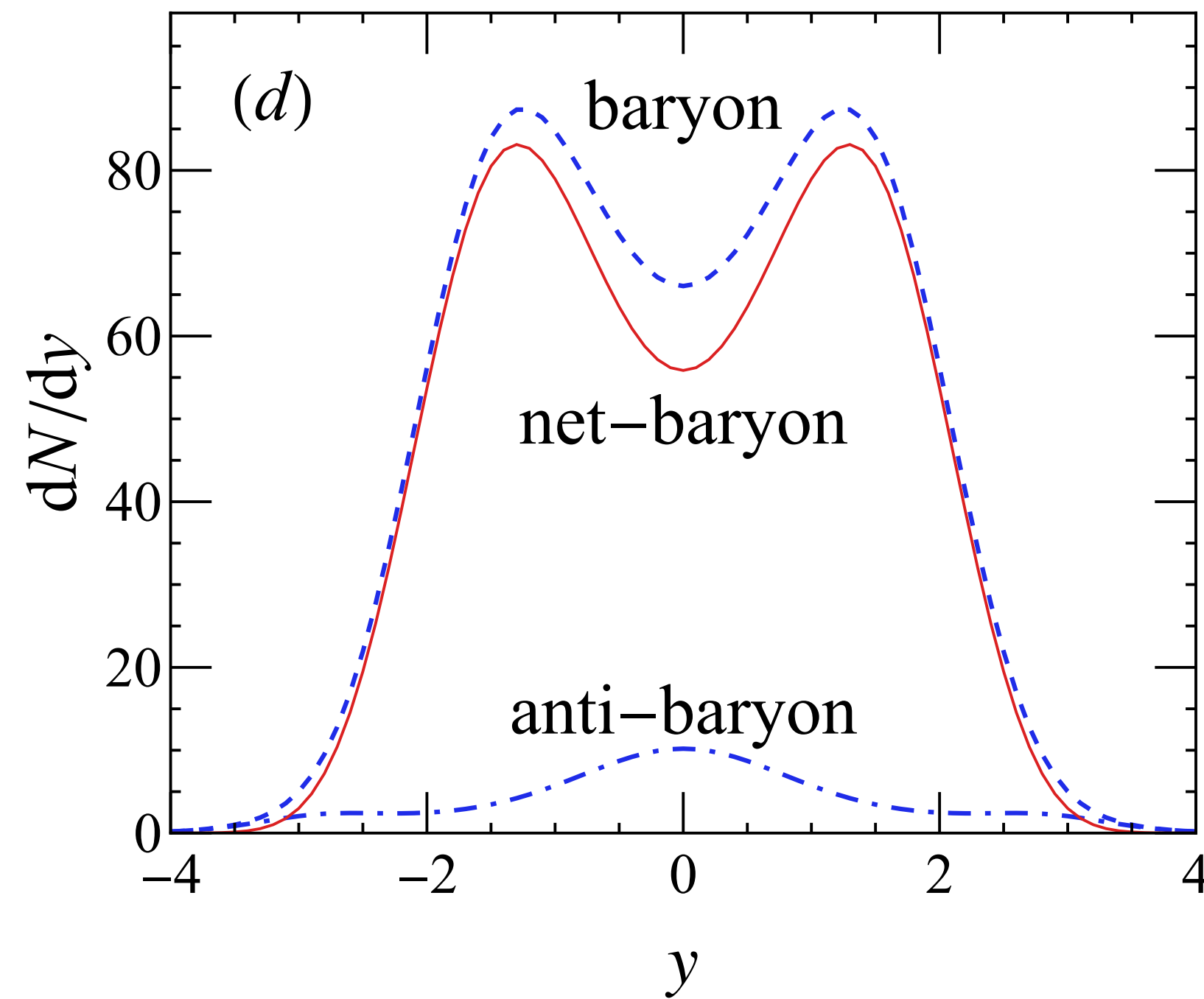
(Anti-)baryons yields in Au + Au @ 19.6 GeV

Inhomogeneous fireball



L. Du, H. Gao, S. Jeon and C. Gale,
Phys. Rev. C 109, 1

Particle yields



Acceptance

