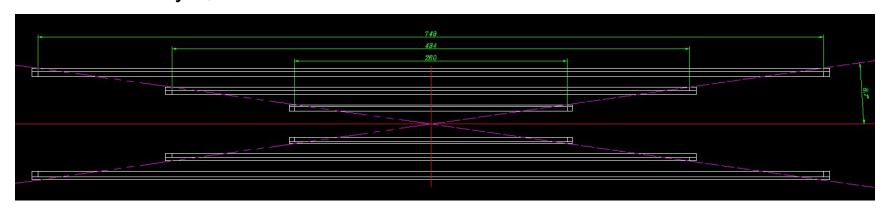
CEPCSW ----- VXT _Barrel section

Tianyuan Zhang 2024.05.30

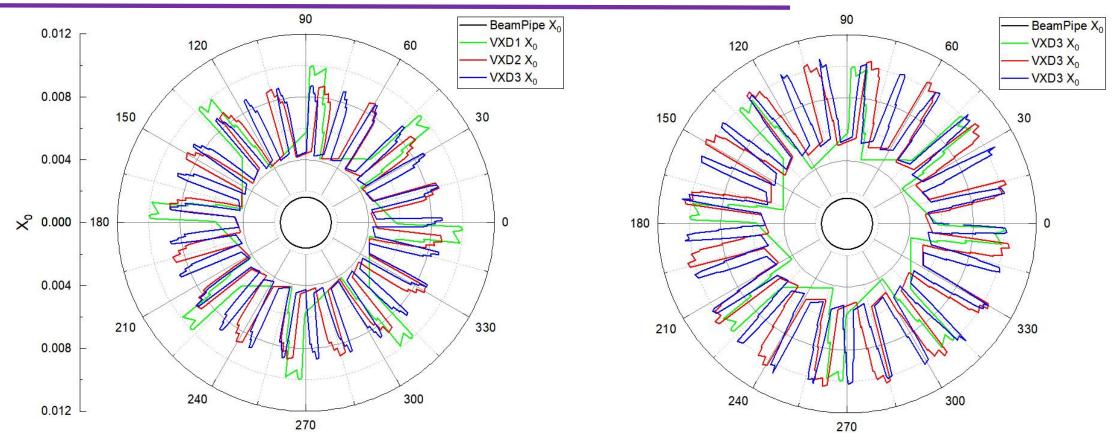
VTX-Two structures

➤ Input the following two structures in CEPCSW without changing the radius, the ladder number of each layer, etc.



	layerX	size .mm ($W \times H \times L$ mm)	the number of Al layer	support thickness .mm
Short Barrel	layer1	17.4×1.7×260	4×2	0.167×2
	layer2	17.4×1.7×260	4×2	0.167×2
	layer3	17.4×1.7×260	4×2	0.167×2
Long Barrel	layer1	17.4×1.7×260	4×2	0.167×2
	layer2	17.4×2.5×494	6×2	0.179×2
	layer3	17.4×3.2×749	6×2	0.185×2

VTX-Material Budget

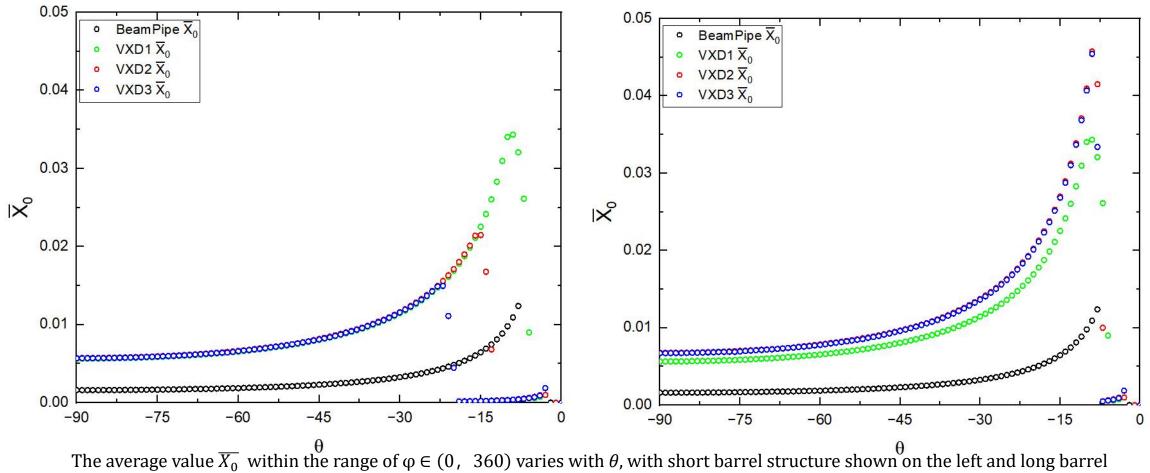


The material budget X_0 of the short barrel structure varies with φ when $\theta = -90^{\circ}$.

The material budget X_0 of the long barrel structure varies with φ when $\theta = -90^{\circ}$.

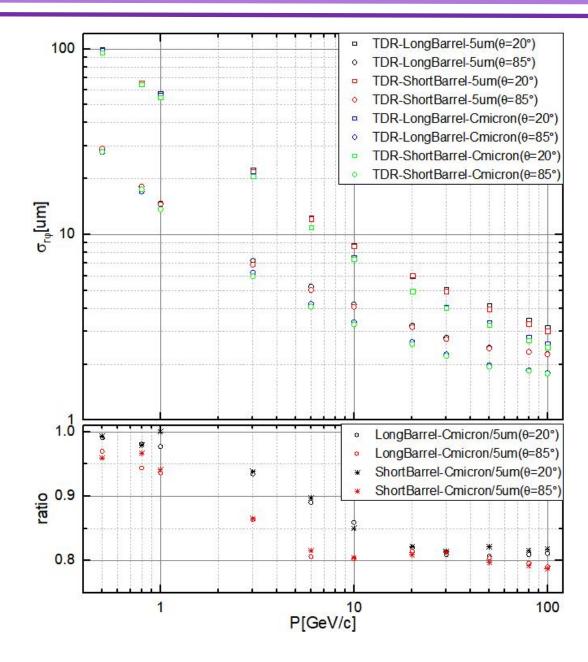
- When particles are vertically incident on VXD1 and VXD2, the material budget of each layer(double-layer) is $0.00374X_0$, $0.00429X_0$.
- \triangleright Due to the rotation arrangement and the presence of overlap, X_0 is not uniformly distributed in the $\varphi-direction$;

VTX-Material Budget



- structure shown on the right.
- \rightarrow When $\theta = -90^{\circ}$, the $\overline{X_0}$ corresponding to Beampipe, VXD1, and VXD2 are $0.00162X_0$, $0.00565X_0$, and $0.00676X_0$, respectively, which is higher than the CDR requirement of $0.30\%X_0$.
- \triangleright As the θ decreases, the $\overline{X_0}$ increases.

$VTX-d_0$ resolution



▶ Using the long barrel structure and the short barrel structure, within the momentum range of $P \in (10, 100) GeV/c$, the resolution of vertex has a significant impact on d_0 resolution, and vertex with Cmicron has an improvement of nearly 20% compared to vertex with 5um;

VTX-Next Plan

- Study whether there is a structure with smaller overlap;
- \triangleright Summarize the impact of different structures on d_0 resolution;
- Using M11 matrix to improve the geometric parameters of some vertex detectors.

Thanks for Your Attention

VTX-Back up

