

## Advances in design simulation of supermirror polariser

Thursday, 27 February 2025 10:00 (30 minutes)

Neutron polariser and analyser based on polarising supermirror technology [1-3] have been enabling the widespread use of polarised neutrons in the past decades. Polarising supermirror operates on polarised neutron reflectometry principle and is highly sensitive to incident neutron's wavelength and incident angle. Modern neutron beamline often uses neutron optical elements such as a combination of curved and elliptical neutron guides to get out of the line of sight to the moderator, increase the transport of selected neutrons and focus the beam onto a sample. A polariser is placed either inline in a section of the neutron guides or at the guide exit in the experimental enclosure. At those locations, the beam characteristics are complex, making it necessary to use simulation for the design evaluation of the polariser. At present, the leading simulation software are McStas [4,5] and Vites [6]. While many polarising devices have been incorporated, the complexity of the interaction between neutron and polarising supermirror and the increasing sophistication of beamline design demand further development of the simulation code to include physical processes that could previously be omitted [7]. We report the development that, in addition to polarisation-dependent reflection and transmission of the supermirror coating, also include transmission and absorption in substrate refraction at the substrate interface, and multiple internal reflection in double-sided coated supermirror. At the device level, multiple reflection between supermirror surfaces also include dielectric v-cavity polariser. The results revealed internal reflection in a substrate and cross-talk between supermirror surfaces significantly affect the performance. Consequently, mitigations have been incorporated in our polariser designs to achieve, for instance, 95% polarisation and 42% transmission at 2 Å for a v-cavity polariser. We will present our findings and the results of polariser design for ESS instruments using the new code.

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E-mail of the corresponding author: waitung.lee@ess.eu

**Primary authors:** LEE, Wai Tung (European Spallation Source ERIC); HAGMAN, Joel (European Spallation Source ERIC)

**Presenter:** LEE, Wai Tung (European Spallation Source ERIC)

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