



# Study of jet quenching effects through hadron-jet correlations with ALICE at the LHC

 $\Delta \varphi$ 

PRL 133 (2024) 022301, PRC 110 (2024) 014906, JHEP 05 (2024) 229





### Yongzhen HOU (侯永珍)

### **IOPP, Central China Normal University**

### *16 November 2024*

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)





Hadron-jet correlations in high multiplicity pp collisions at 13 TeV (Run 2)



The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)



JHEP 05 (2024) 229

### Hadron-jet correlations in pp and central Pb–Pb collisions at 5.02 TeV (Run 2)

PRL 133 (2024) 022301, PRC 110 (2024) 014906



### Jet Probes

# **Jets** are defined as collimated sprays of particles originating from initial hard scattered partons







**Jets** are defined as collimated sprays of particles originating from initial hard scattered partons

Jets in pp collisions  $\rightarrow$  study the strong force

- Well described by pQCD calculations
- Investigate the parton splitting functions in vacuum
- Serves as a reference for jet measurements in heavy-ion collisions to study jet quenching
- Searching for QGP droplet formation in small collision systems

without QGP Jet







**Jets** are defined as collimated sprays of particles originating from initial hard scattered partons

Jets in pp collisions  $\rightarrow$  study the strong force

- Well described by pQCD calculations
- Investigate the parton splitting functions in vacuum • Serves as a reference for jet measurements in heavy-ion collisions to study
- jet quenching
- Searching for QGP droplet formation in small collision systems

**Jets in heavy-ion collisions**  $\rightarrow$  study the transport properties of the QGP

- Partons interact with QGP and lose energy through medium-induced gluon radiations (inelastic) and collisions (elastic) with medium constituents
  - $Jet(E) \rightarrow Jet(E' \Delta E) + soft particles(\Delta E)$







### Jet quenching observables

Study structure of QGP by understanding jet modification from medium interaction (quenching)

- Several types of jet observables
  - Jet reconstruction and declustering  $\rightarrow$  substructure ( $r_{g}, \theta_{g}$ ) modification
  - Jet yields and constituents  $\rightarrow$  jet suppression and energy redistribution ( $R_{AA}$ ,  $I_{AA}$ )
  - Angular correlation  $\rightarrow$  jet deflection ( $\Delta \varphi$ )



Substructure modification

Energy redistribution

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)



Deflection



### Jet quenching observables

Study structure of QGP by understanding jet modification from medium interaction (quenching)

- Several types of jet observables
  - Jet reconstruction and declustering  $\rightarrow$  substructure ( $r_{g}, \theta_{g}$ ) modification
  - Jet yields and constituents  $\rightarrow$  jet suppression and energy redistribution  $(R_{AA}, I_{AA})$
  - Angular correlation  $\rightarrow$  jet deflection ( $\Delta \varphi$ )
    - → Semi-inclusive measurements of a jet recoiling from a trigger (e.g. y-jet, Z-jet, or **hadron-jet**)

Apply statistical, data driven-approach for background yield suppression





- insight into QGP properties

• Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_T$ , large R jets **Opening angle (** $\Delta \phi$ **)** measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional





- insight into QGP properties  $\rightarrow$  broadening transverse to its initial direction

• Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_{\rm T}$ , large R jets **Opening angle (** $\Delta \phi$ **)** measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional







- Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_{\rm T}$ , large R jets **Opening angle (** $\Delta \phi$ **)** measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional insight into QGP properties  $\rightarrow$  broadening transverse to its initial direction In vacuum: transverse broadening due to gluon emission (Sudakov broadening)[1,2]

- 1. L Chen, Phys. Lett. B 773 (2017) 672
- 2. Phys.Lett.B 763 (2016) 208-212
- 3. JHEP 01 (2019) 172

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)









- insight into QGP properties  $\rightarrow$  broadening transverse to its initial direction
  - In vacuum: transverse broadening due to gluon emission (Sudakov broadening)[1,2]
  - In medium: additional broadening due to scatterings with medium constituents<sup>[1,2]</sup>

- 1. L Chen, Phys. Lett. B 773 (2017) 672
- 2. Phys.Lett.B 763 (2016) 208-212
- 3. JHEP 01 (2019) 172

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

• Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_{\rm T}$ , large R jets **Opening angle (** $\Delta \phi$ **)** measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional

Deflection







- Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_{\rm T}$ , large R jets **Opening angle (** $\Delta \phi$ **)** measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional insight into QGP properties  $\rightarrow$  broadening transverse to its initial direction In vacuum: transverse broadening due to gluon emission (Sudakov broadening)[1,2] In medium: additional broadening due to scatterings with medium constituents<sup>[1,2]</sup> Deflection • Transverse broadening due to **multiple soft scatterings** in the QGP

- - Related to transport coefficient  $\hat{q} \sim \langle k_{\perp}^2 \rangle / L \sim \langle \Delta \varphi^2 \rangle / L$

- 1. L Chen, Phys. Lett. B 773 (2017) 672
- 2. Phys.Lett.B 763 (2016) 208-212
- 3. JHEP 01 (2019) 172







- Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_T$ , large R jets • Opening angle ( $\Delta \varphi$ ) measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional insight into QGP properties  $\rightarrow$  broadening transverse to its initial direction In vacuum: transverse broadening due to gluon emission (Sudakov broadening)[1,2] In medium: additional broadening due to scatterings with medium constituents<sup>[1,2]</sup> Deflectior

- - Transverse broadening due to **multiple soft scatterings** in the QGP
    - Related to transport coefficient  $\hat{q} \sim \langle k_{\perp}^2 \rangle / L \sim \langle \Delta \varphi^2 \rangle / L$
  - Large-angle deflection ( $\Delta \varphi < \pi$ ) of hard partons off quasi-particle<sup>[3]</sup>?



The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

 $k_{\rm T}$ 

![](_page_12_Figure_12.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_15.jpeg)

- insight into QGP properties  $\rightarrow$  broadening transverse to its initial direction

![](_page_13_Figure_3.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### • Measurements of semi-inclusive jets recoiling from a trigger hadron provide a good handle of

combinatorial background by varying the trigger track intervals  $\rightarrow$  access low  $p_{\rm T}$ , large R jets

• Opening angle ( $\Delta \varphi$ ) measurements of the recoil jet relative to the trigger axis provide additional

![](_page_13_Picture_11.jpeg)

## QGP-like behavior in small collision systems

systems: collectivity, strangeness enhancement ...

• Effects considered as signatures of QGP formation in heavy-ion collisions are observed in small

![](_page_14_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_9.jpeg)

## QGP-like behavior in small collision systems

- systems: collectivity, strangeness enhancement ...
  - However, no jet quenching observed so far

![](_page_15_Figure_3.jpeg)

# → What is the limit for QGP formation?

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Effects considered as signatures of QGP formation in heavy-ion collisions are observed in small

![](_page_15_Picture_11.jpeg)

### Jet measurements in ALICE (Run 2)

- V0 (V0C + V0A)
  - $-3.7 < \eta < -1.7, 2.8 < \eta < 5.1$
  - Event trigger
  - Event multiplicity, centrality determination

(18) ITS TPC 4. TRD 5. TOF 8. DCal 16, PMD 17. AD 18. ZDC

![](_page_16_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_13.jpeg)

### Jet measurements in ALICE (Run 2)

- V0 (V0C + V0A)
  - $-3.7 < \eta < -1.7, 2.8 < \eta < 5.1$
  - Event trigger
  - Event multiplicity, centrality determination

### **Charged-particle tracks and jets**

- **ITS** (Inner Tracking System)
  - $|\eta| < 0.9, \ 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$
  - Primary vertex reconstruction
  - Charged particle tracking
- **TPC** (Time Projection Chamber)
  - $|\eta| < 0.9, \ 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$
  - Charged particle tracking
  - Particle identification

![](_page_17_Picture_16.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_17.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_19.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_20.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_21.jpeg)

### Jet measurements in ALICE (Run 3)

### **Fast Interaction Trigger (FT0C + FT0A)**

![](_page_18_Picture_2.jpeg)

### **New Inner Tracking System**

![](_page_18_Picture_4.jpeg)

- $|\eta| < 1.3, 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$
- New Si inner tracker
- 3 inner layers 0.36% X0 each
- 50 kHz continuous readout

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_18_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_12.jpeg)

### **Time Projection Chamber**

![](_page_18_Picture_16.jpeg)

- $|\eta| < 0.9, \ 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$
- 4 layers of GEM
- 50 kHz continuous readout

2024/11/16

![](_page_18_Picture_21.jpeg)

ACORDE | ALICE Cosmic Rays Detector

AD ALICE Diffractive Detector

EMCal | Electromagnetic Calorimete

MPID | High Momentum Particle Identification Detector

TS-IB Inner Tracking System - Inner Barrel

**ITS-OB** Inner Tracking System - Outer Barrel

MFT | Muon Forward Tracker

11 PHOS / CPV | Photon Spectrometer

TPC | Time Projection Chamber

TRD | Transition Radiation Detector

ZDC Zero Degree Calorimeter

![](_page_18_Picture_40.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_41.jpeg)

### Observables

### • Measure trigger-normalised yield of jets recoiling from a trigger hadron

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

$$dA \rightarrow h+jet+X$$
  
 $dp_{T,jet} d\Delta \varphi_{jet}$ 

p<sub>T,h</sub>∈TT

![](_page_19_Picture_7.jpeg)

Recoiling jet

![](_page_19_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_10.jpeg)

### Observables

- Measure trigger-normalised yield of jets recoiling from a trigger hadron  $\frac{1}{N_{\text{trig}}^{\text{AA}}} \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 N_{\text{jet}}^{\text{AA}}}{\mathrm{d}\eta_{\text{jet}} \mathrm{d}p_{\text{T,jet}} \mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi_{\text{jet}}} \bigg|_{p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trig}} \in \text{TT}} = \left(\frac{1}{\sigma^{\text{AA} \to \text{h}+X}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma^{\text{AA} \to \text{h}+jet+X}}{\mathrm{d}\eta_{\text{jet}} \mathrm{d}p_{\text{T,jet}} \mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi_{\text{jet}}}\right) \bigg|_{p_{\text{T,h}} \in \text{T}}}$
- Recoil jets measured in two exclusive trigger track (TT) intervals: TT signal:  $p_T \in (20, 50)$  GeV/*c*, TT reference:  $p_T \in (5, 7)$  GeV/*c* (except pp 13 TeV,  $TT_S$  [20,30],  $TT_R$ : [6,7])

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_20_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_10.jpeg)

### Observables

# • Measure trigger-normalised yield of jets recoiling from a trigger hadron $\frac{1}{N_{\text{trig}}^{\text{AA}}} \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 N_{\text{jet}}^{\text{AA}}}{\mathrm{d}\eta_{\text{jet}} \mathrm{d}p_{\text{T,jet}} \mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi_{\text{jet}}} \bigg|_{p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trig}} \in \text{TT}} = \left(\frac{1}{\sigma^{\text{AA} \to \text{h}+X}} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma^{\text{AA} \to \text{h}+\text{jet}+X}}{\mathrm{d}\eta_{\text{jet}} \mathrm{d}p_{\text{T,jet}} \mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi_{\text{jet}}}\right) \bigg|_{-}$ .∈TT

- Recoil jets measured in two exclusive trigger track (TT) intervals: TT signal:  $p_T \in (20, 50)$  GeV/*c*, TT reference:  $p_T \in (5, 7)$  GeV/*c* (except pp 13 TeV,  $TT_S$  [20,30],  $TT_R$ : [6,7])
- trigger track intervals to remove uncorrelated combinational background

$$\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T,jet}}, \Delta \varphi) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{trig}}} \left. \frac{\mathrm{d}^3 N_{\text{jet}}}{\mathrm{d}\eta_{\text{jet}} \, \mathrm{d}p_{\text{T,jet}} \, \mathrm{d}\Delta \varphi} \right|_{p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trig}} \in \text{TT}_{\text{Sig}}} - c_{\text{Ref}} \cdot$$

- $C_{\text{Ref}}$ : "alignment" constant extracted from data
- Allow for precise measurements down to very low  $p_{\rm T}$  and large R

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

$$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}p_{\mathrm{T,jet}} \,\mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi_{\mathrm{jet}}}{\mathrm{d}p_{\mathrm{T,jet}}}\right) \Big|_{p_{\mathrm{T,h}}}$$

![](_page_21_Figure_11.jpeg)

# • Observables defined as the difference between trigger-normalised recoil jet yields in two

 $\frac{1}{N_{\text{trig}}} \left. \frac{\mathrm{d}^3 N_{\text{jet}}}{\mathrm{d}\eta_{\text{jet}}} \, \mathrm{d}p_{\text{T,jet}} \, \mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi \right|_{p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trig}} \in \mathrm{T}}$ 

![](_page_21_Picture_17.jpeg)

# Fully-corrected $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$ distributions in pp collisions

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Fully-corrected  $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$  distributions for R = 0.4 in pp collisions at 5.02, 13, 13.6 TeV
- All model calculations, except JEWEL, reproduce the ALICE data within uncertainties

_	
	_
	_
	_
	_
	-
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	-
	_
	_
L I	
00	
V/r	<b>~</b> )

# Fully-corrected $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$ distributions in pp collisions

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

- All model calculations, except JEWEL, reproduce the ALICE data within uncertainties

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Fully-corrected  $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$  distributions for R = 0.4 in pp collisions at 5.02, 13, 13.6 TeV A yield suppression in the HM collisions with respect to MB events  $\rightarrow$  independent of  $p_{\rm T}$ 

_	
	_
	_
	_
	_
	-
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	-
	_
	_
L I	
00	
V/r	<b>~</b> )

# Fully-corrected $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$ distributions in pp & Pb-Pb

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

•  $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$  distributions measured **down to**  $p_{\text{T}} \sim 7$  GeV/c in pp and Pb-Pb collisions Among the lowest jet measurement in Pb-Pb collisions with ALICE at the LHC!

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

12

# $I_{\rm AA}(p_{\rm T})$ - recoil jet yield modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_25_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_5.jpeg)

- Jet yield enhancement at low  $p_{\rm T}$
- $\rightarrow$  hint of energy recovery in low  $p_{\rm T}$  jets?

![](_page_25_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_9.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(p_T)$ - recoil jet yield modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_26_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_5.jpeg)

- Jet yield enhancement at low  $p_{\rm T}$
- $\rightarrow$  hint of energy recovery in low  $p_{\rm T}$  jets?
- Jet yield suppression at  $20 < p_{T,jet} < 60 \text{ GeV}/c$  $\rightarrow$  Jet energy loss

![](_page_26_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_11.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(p_T)$ - recoil jet yield modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_27_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

![](_page_27_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Figure_5.jpeg)

- Jet yield enhancement at low  $p_{\rm T}$
- $\rightarrow$  hint of energy recovery in low  $p_{\rm T}$  jets?
- Jet yield suppression at  $20 < p_{T,iet} < 60 \text{ GeV}/c$ 
  - $\rightarrow$  Jet energy loss
- **Rising trend** with increasing jet  $p_{\rm T}$

 $\rightarrow$  Interplay of jet quenching and jet production or hadron energy loss?

Phys.Lett.B 854 (2024) 138739

![](_page_27_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_15.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_16.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_17.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(p_{T})$ compared to models

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

 $A_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{\text{AA}}$  $I_{\rm AA}$  $\Delta_{\rm recoil} (p_{\rm T})_{\rm pt}$ 

![](_page_28_Picture_5.jpeg)

### **JETSCAPE** with Pb-Pb tune:

1903.07706, Phys.Rev.C 107 (2023) 3

Multi-stage energy loss based on MATTER (high virtuality) + LBT (low virtuality)

**JEWEL:** perturbative treatment to jet quenching arXiv:1311.0048, https://jewel.hepforge.org/

Includes collisional and radiative parton energy loss mechanisms in a pQCD approach. medium response effects via the treatment of 'recoils'

**Hybrid Model:** strong (DGLAP) / weak (AdS/CFT) coupling model JHEP 02 (2022) 175, JHEP01(2019)172 With/without elastic energy loss (i.e 'Moliere' scattering) medium response via with and without wake.

![](_page_28_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_13.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(p_{T})$ compared to models

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

 $|\Delta \varphi - \pi| < 0.6$ 

![](_page_29_Figure_4.jpeg)

The **rising trend** is qualitatively described by all predictions

- **JETSCAPE largely reproduces** the  $I_{AA}$  distributions
- Hybrid Model and JEWEL predictions overestimate the suppression at high  $p_{\rm T}$

Hybrid Models with wake effect and JEWEL with **recoils on** seem to catch the yield enhancement at low  $p_{\rm T}$ 

• Medium response could be responsible for the yield enhancement

![](_page_29_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_12.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_13.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_14.jpeg)

# $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}$ ( $\Delta \phi$ ) distributions in pp at 13 TeV: R = 0.4

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

- Suppression of back-to-back jet production
- **Broadening** of HM acoplanarity distribution with respect to MB
  - The effect is stronger for low  $p_{\rm T}$  jets
  - Resembles jet quenching effects?

![](_page_30_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_11.jpeg)

# $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}$ ( $\Delta \phi$ ) distributions in pp at 13 TeV: R = 0.4

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

- Suppression of back-to-back jet production
- **Broadening** of HM acoplanarity distribution with respect to MB
  - The effect is stronger for low  $p_{\rm T}$  jets
  - Resembles jet quenching effects?
- Quantitative comparison to PYTHIA 8 Monash (does not account for jet quenching effects) shows similar suppression pattern
  - Indicate the effect is not from the jetmedium interaction
  - Use PYTHIA to explore the origin of the effect  $\rightarrow$  HM event selection bias

![](_page_31_Picture_13.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_14.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_15.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_16.jpeg)

## $I_{\rm AA}(\Delta \varphi)$ - recoil jet angular modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

# • Significant broadening for $p_{\rm T} \in [10, 20] \text{ GeV}/c$

![](_page_32_Picture_7.jpeg)

## $I_{AA}(\Delta \varphi)$ - recoil jet angular modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_33_Picture_4.jpeg)

- Significant broadening for  $p_{\rm T} \in [10, 20] \text{ GeV}/c$
- No broadening or suppression for  $p_{\rm T} \in [20, 30] \; {\rm GeV}/c$

![](_page_33_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_10.jpeg)

## $I_{AA}(\Delta \varphi)$ - recoil jet angular modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_34_Picture_4.jpeg)

- Significant broadening for  $p_{\rm T} \in [10, 20] \text{ GeV}/c$
- No broadening or suppression for  $p_{\rm T} \in [20, 30] \text{ GeV}/c$
- Jet yield suppression for  $p_{\rm T} \in [30, 50] \text{ GeV}/c$

![](_page_34_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_10.jpeg)

# $I_{\rm AA}(\Delta \varphi)$ compared to models

![](_page_35_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_35_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_6.jpeg)

1903.07706, Phys.Rev.C 107 (2023) 3

Multi-stage energy loss based on MATTER (high virtuality) + LBT (low virtuality)

**JEWEL:** perturbative treatment to jet quenching arXiv:1311.0048, https://jewel.hepforge.org/

Includes collisional and radiative parton energy loss mechanisms in a pQCD approach. medium response effects via the treatment of 'recoils'

### Hybrid Model: strong (DGLAP) / weak (AdS/CFT) coupling model \_JHEP 02 (2022) 175, JHEP01(2019)172

With/without elastic energy loss (i.e 'Moliere' scattering) medium response via with and without wake.

### pQCD@LO + Sudakov broadening:

Phys.Lett.B 773 (2017) 672

Leading order pQCD, azimuthal broadening via jet transport coefficient

![](_page_35_Figure_17.jpeg)

# $I_{\rm AA}(\Delta \varphi)$ compared to models

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_36_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_5.jpeg)

**JETSCAPE** and **pQCD** w/ **broadening reasonably describe** the data for jet  $p_T \in [20,50]$  GeV/ $c \rightarrow$ lacking precision to resolve the difference between two  $\hat{q}$  values

- **JEWEL** (recoils-on) **describes well the**  $I_{AA}$  **in-all**  $p_T$  **bins**
- Hybrid model captures the yield
  enhancement, but no broadening
  effects are seen when including
  elastic and wake components

### Summary and outlook

- Search for QGP signatures in high multiplicity pp collisions
  - Jet quenching like effects masked by generic event selection bias
- - Medium response is favored instead of Molière scattering as the cause for both effects
- First look at recoil jet spectra in Run 3

![](_page_37_Figure_6.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### • First observation of significant low- $p_T$ jet yield and large-angle enhancement in Pb-Pb collisions with ALICE!

• Looking forward to further studies with **Run 3** data with ALICE ~~ investigate recoil jet substructure including in Pb-Pb

![](_page_37_Picture_16.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Figure_17.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Figure_18.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Picture_19.jpeg)

### BACKUP

# Thanks for your listening and discussion

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_38_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Picture_6.jpeg)

# $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}$ ( $\Delta \phi$ ) distributions in pp at 5.02 TeV: R = 0.4

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Described well by different model calculations within uncertainties

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

• Corrected  $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(\Delta \varphi)$  distributions for R = 0.4 in different jet  $p_{\text{T}}$  bins (10-20-30-50-100 GeV/c)

![](_page_39_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Figure_10.jpeg)

### Broadening effect observed with ALICE & STAR

![](_page_40_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

2024/11/16

![](_page_40_Picture_5.jpeg)

21

![](_page_40_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_7.jpeg)

### Raw yield distributions

![](_page_41_Figure_1.jpeg)

• Recoil jet  $p_T$  vs  $\Delta \varphi$  2-dimensional distributions in two trigger track  $p_T$  intervals

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

## Recoil jet $p_{\rm T}$ distributions

![](_page_42_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Recoil jet  $p_T$  distributions in two trigger track  $p_T$  intervals are then obtained from 2D projection
- **Combinational background** uncorrelated with the trigger
  - Small background contribution in pp, much larger in Pb-Pb

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

 $\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T,jet}}, \Delta \varphi) = 0$  $N_{\rm trig} \, \mathrm{d}\eta_{\rm jet} \, \mathrm{d}p_{\rm T, jet} \, \mathrm{d}\Delta \varphi$  $N_{\rm trig} \, \mathrm{d}\eta_{\rm jet} \, \mathrm{d}p_{\rm T, jet} \, \mathrm{d}\Delta\varphi$  $p_{T}^{trig} \in TT_{Sig}$ 

Combinatorial background can be removed by taking the **difference** of recoil jet distributions in two TT intervals

![](_page_42_Figure_12.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_13.jpeg)

### Raw distribution in pp 13 TeV

![](_page_43_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

![](_page_43_Picture_5.jpeg)

## **PYTHIA** simulation

![](_page_44_Figure_1.jpeg)

- $\rightarrow$  significant bias in the distribution of high- $p_{\rm T}$  recoil jets
- Broader jets are selected more in the VOC for HM events could hide the jet-medium interaction signal
  - → Jet quenching signals can be masked by effects coming from trigger

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

# Yongzhen HOU

• Larger enhancement in VOC resulting from the asymmetric pseudorapidity acceptance of VOA and VOC in HM events

![](_page_44_Figure_11.jpeg)

# Fully-corrected $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\mathrm{T}})$ distributions in pp collisions

![](_page_45_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Fully-corrected  $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}(p_{\text{T}})$  distributions for R = 0.2, 0.4, and 0.5 in pp collisions
- The model calculations except JEWEL can reproduce the ALICE data within uncertainties

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

Data fitted with the function:  $\Delta(p_{\rm T}) = p_0 \exp(-p_1 \times p_{\rm T}) + p_2 \times (p_{\rm T})^{p_3}$ 

PYTHIA (8.125, Monash 2013 tune): LO pQCD calculation arXiv:1404.5630

**POWHEG:** NLO pQCD calculation arXiv:hep-ph/0409146

JETSCAPE PP19 tune: based on PYTHIA8, with modified parton shower. arXiv:1910.05481

JEWEL vaccum: based on PYTHIA6, which has no medium related parameters (no medium) arXiv:1311.0048, https://jewel.hepforge.org/

L = 0.2, 0.4, and 0.5 in pp collisions eproduce the ALICE data within uncertainties

![](_page_45_Figure_13.jpeg)

### Fully corrected yield ratio: R = 0.2 / R = 0.4

![](_page_46_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_4.jpeg)

- The jet yield ratios of inclusive and simi-inclusive for R =0.2 / 0.4
  - Agreement between inclusive jets and semi-inclusive at high  $p_{\rm T}$

![](_page_46_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Figure_8.jpeg)

### Fully corrected yield ratio: R = 0.2 / R = 0.4

![](_page_47_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

- The jet yield ratios of inclusive and simi-inclusive for R =0.2 / 0.4
  - Agreement between inclusive jets and semi-inclusive at  $\bullet$ high  $p_{\rm T}$
  - Well described by PYTHIA
  - Good agreement between Run 2 and Run 3 results  $\bullet$
- Difference at low  $p_T$  due to **TT selection**
- Enhancement in R = 0.2 recoil jet yield at low  $p_T$

 $\rightarrow$  preference for more, small *R* jets w.r.t. large *R* jets to be reconstructed?

 $\rightarrow$  bias towards LO processes suppressed when  $p_{T}^{\text{jet}} < p_{T}^{\text{trig}}$ ?

![](_page_47_Figure_14.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(p_T)$ - recoil jet yield modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_48_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

$$I_{AA} \equiv \frac{\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{AA}}{\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{\text{pp}}}$$

The **rising trend** is qualitatively described by all predictions

- **JETSCAPE largely reproduces** the  $I_{AA}$ distributions
- Hybrid Model and JEWEL predictions **overestimate the suppression** at high  $p_{\rm T}$

**JEWEL calculations** seems to be consistent with measurements at low  $p_{\rm T}$ 

![](_page_48_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Figure_11.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Figure_12.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Figure_13.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(p_T)$ - recoil jet yield modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_49_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

$$I_{AA} \equiv \frac{\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{AA}}{\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{\text{pp}}}$$

- *R*=0.5 consistent with the unit (no suppression and enhancement)
- Little suppression captured by JEWEL (recoils on)
- Indication of intra-jet energy recovery within cone radius~0.5 for mid- $p_{\rm T}$ ?
- Redistribution of energy for *R*=0.5 jets more challenging for models

![](_page_49_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Picture_11.jpeg)

# $I_{AA}(\Delta \varphi)$ - recoil jet angular modification in Pb-Pb collisions

![](_page_50_Figure_1.jpeg)

$$I_{AA} \equiv \frac{\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{AA}}{\Delta_{\text{recoil}} (p_{\text{T}})_{\text{pp}}}$$

![](_page_50_Figure_5.jpeg)

- Expected that high  $p_{\rm T}$  hadrons leading fragment of jet originating from QGP surface ('surface bias') •  $p_{\rm T}^{\rm jet} \sim p_{\rm T}^{\rm trig}$  : **suppression** - surface bias picture holds
- $p_{T}^{\text{jet}} \gg p_{T}^{\text{trig}}$ : trigger hadron may not be leading fragment or from higher order process - interplay between jet and hadron
- New insight into interplay between hadron and jet suppression

![](_page_50_Figure_10.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Figure_11.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Figure_12.jpeg)

## Recoil jet $\Delta \phi$ distributions

![](_page_51_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

# Yongzhen HOU

# $\Delta_{\text{recoil}}$ ( $\Delta \phi$ ) distributions in pp & Pb-Pb

![](_page_52_Figure_1.jpeg)

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

pp **Pb-Pb** 

• Significant acoplanarity **broadening** for R = 0.4 and R = 0.5 at low  $p_{\rm T}$  interval

![](_page_52_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Figure_1.jpeg)

- medium response clustered inside a jet scale with  $R^2$
- with medium response rather than Molière scattering

The 10th China LHC Physics Conference (CLHCP2024)

### Yongzhen HOU yongzhen.hou@cern.ch

• Transition to broadening from R = 0.2 to R = 0.4 for  $p_T \in [10,20]$  GeV/ $c \rightarrow$  soft particles from the

• All features of distribution reproduced by JEWEL with recoils on  $\rightarrow$  observed broadening consistent

![](_page_53_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Figure_10.jpeg)