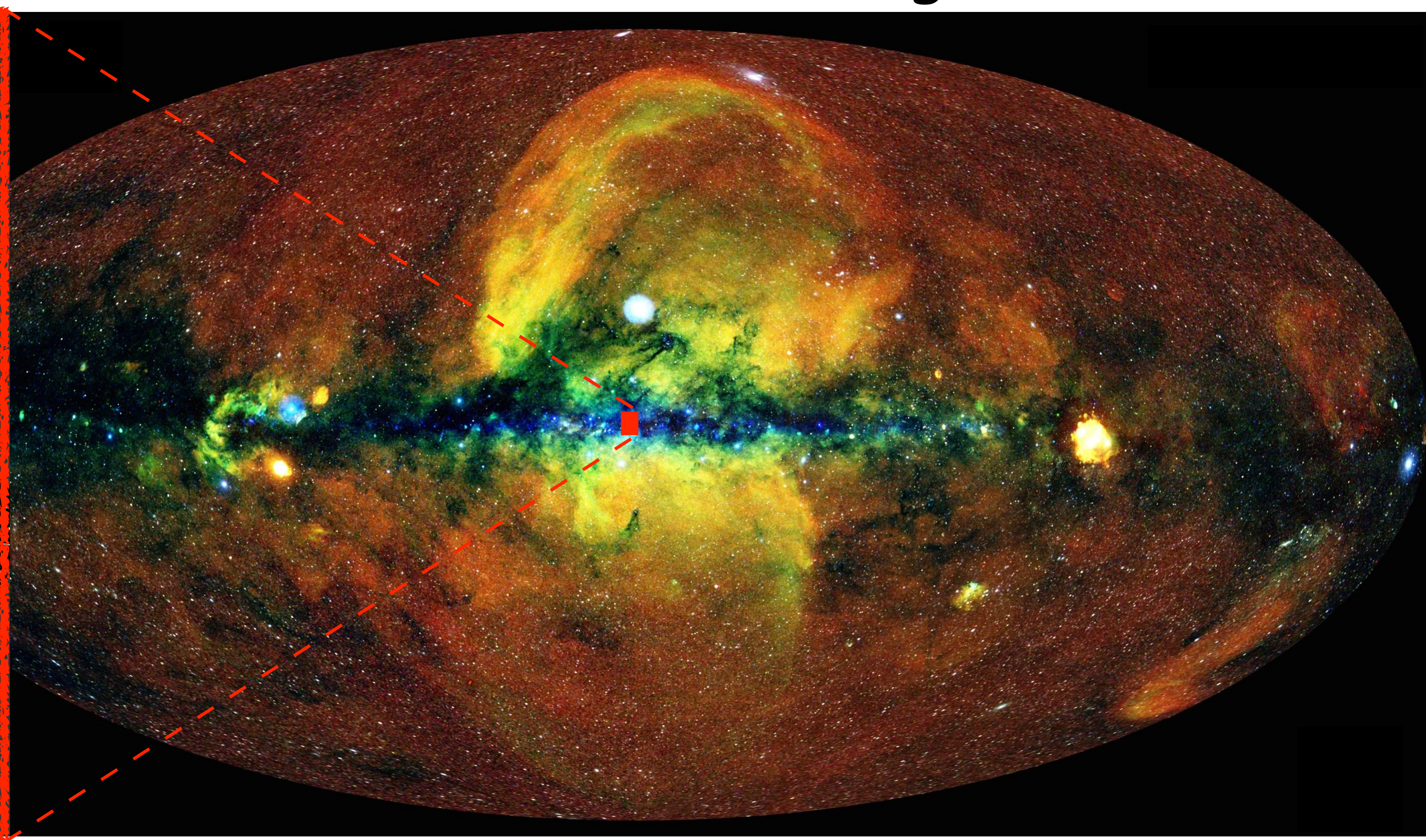
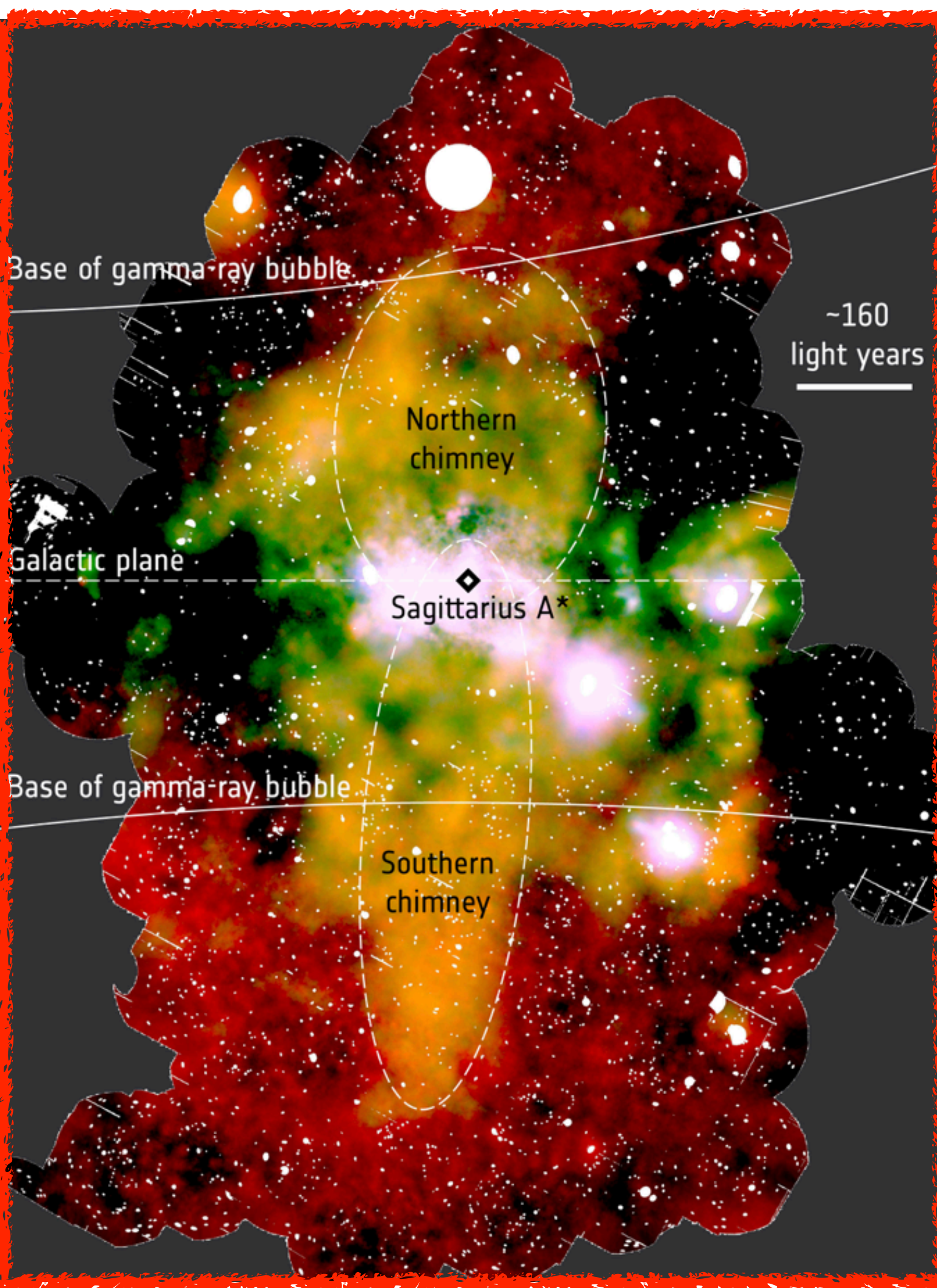


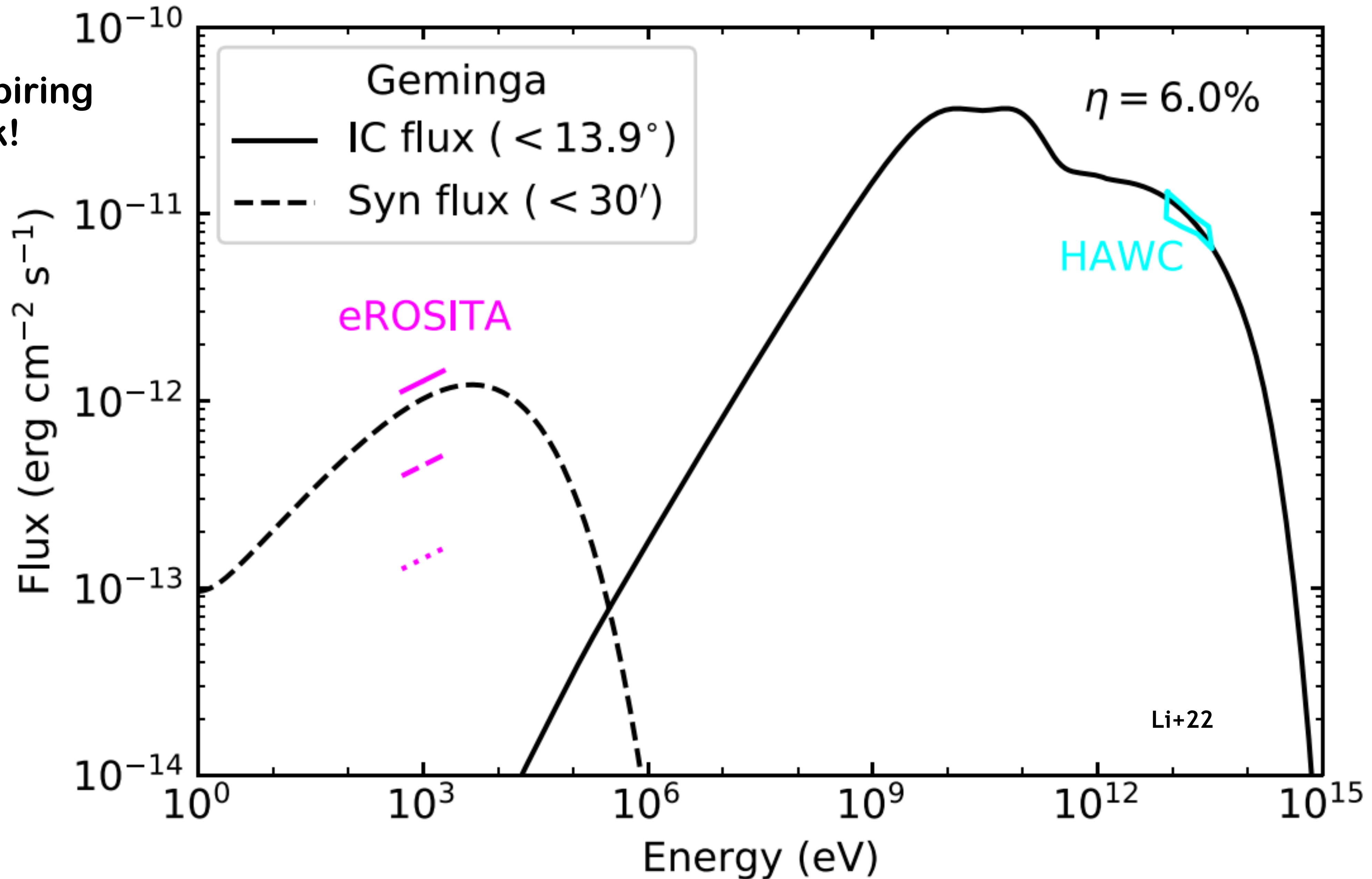
# Galactic center and diffuse X-ray emission



**Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?**

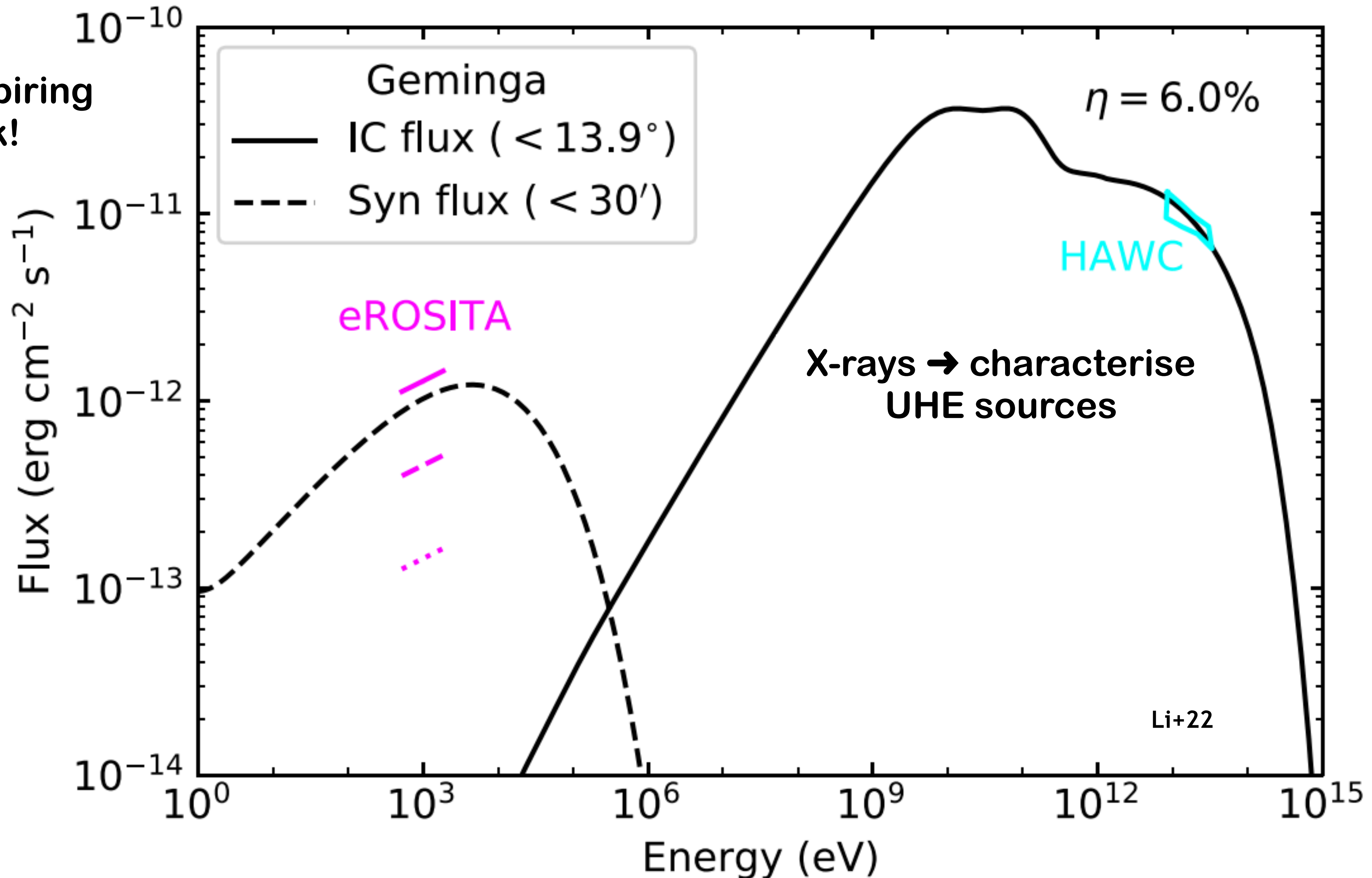
# Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?

Very inspiring work!



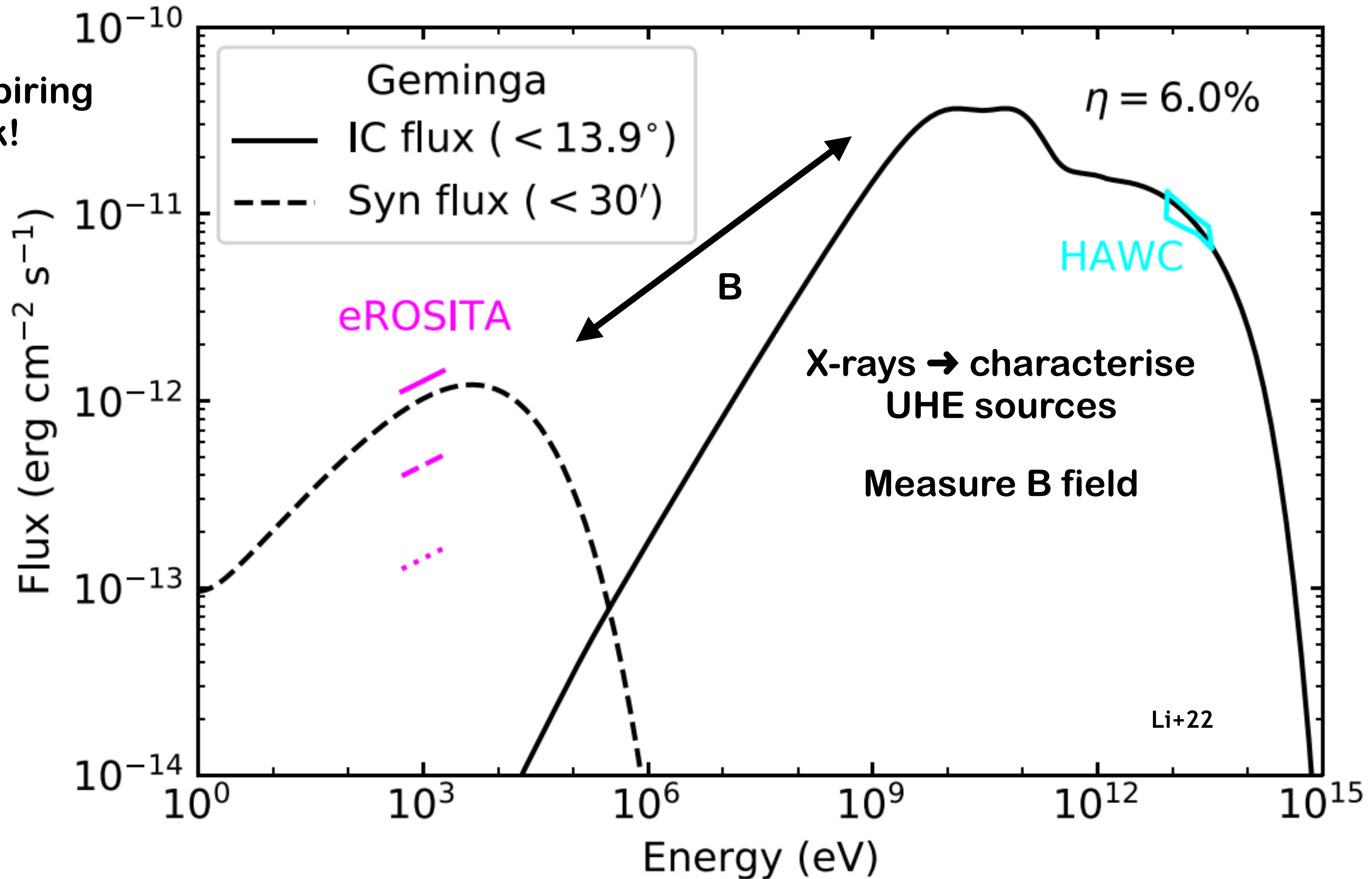
# Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?

Very inspiring work!



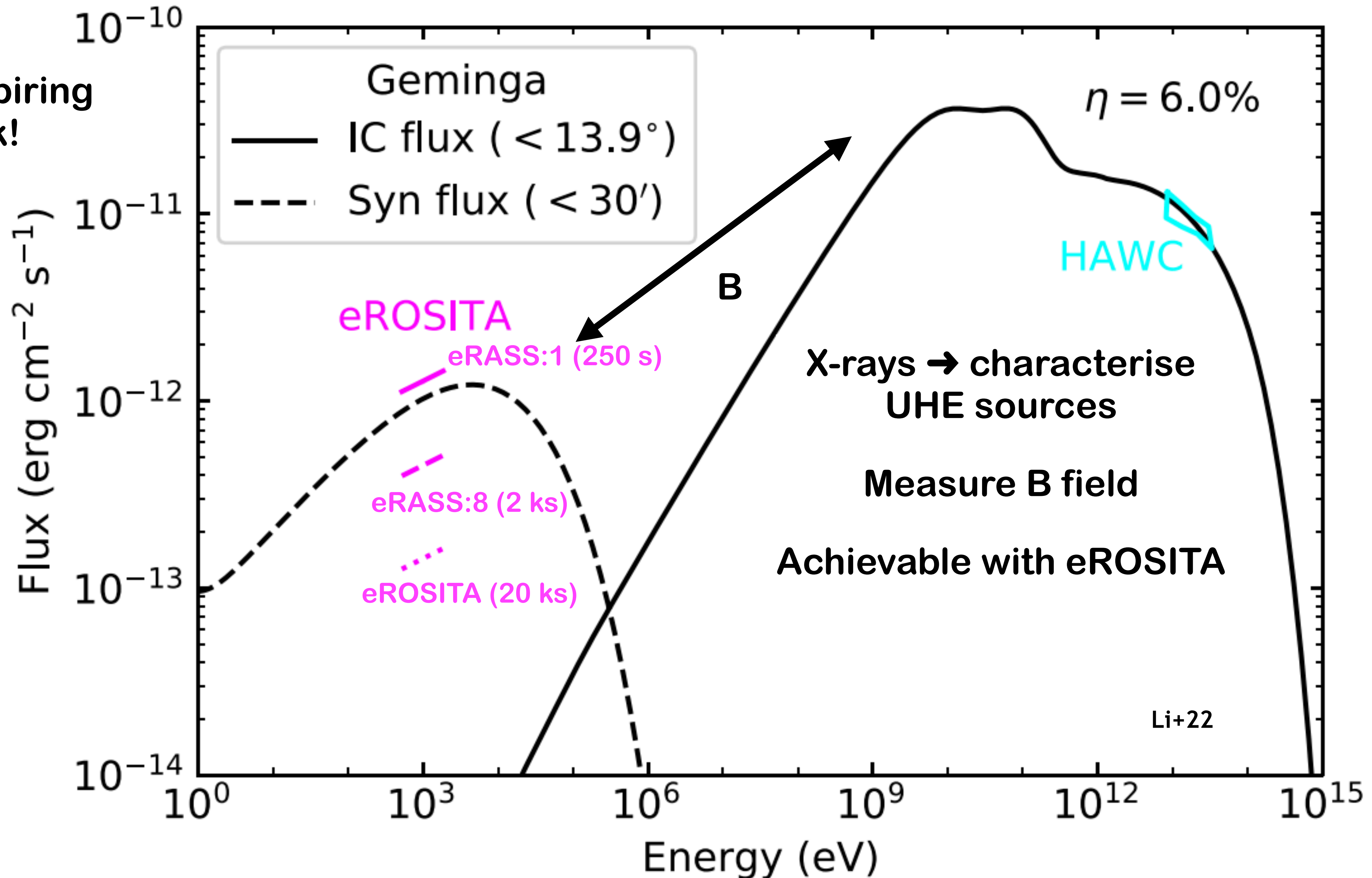
# Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?

Very inspiring work!



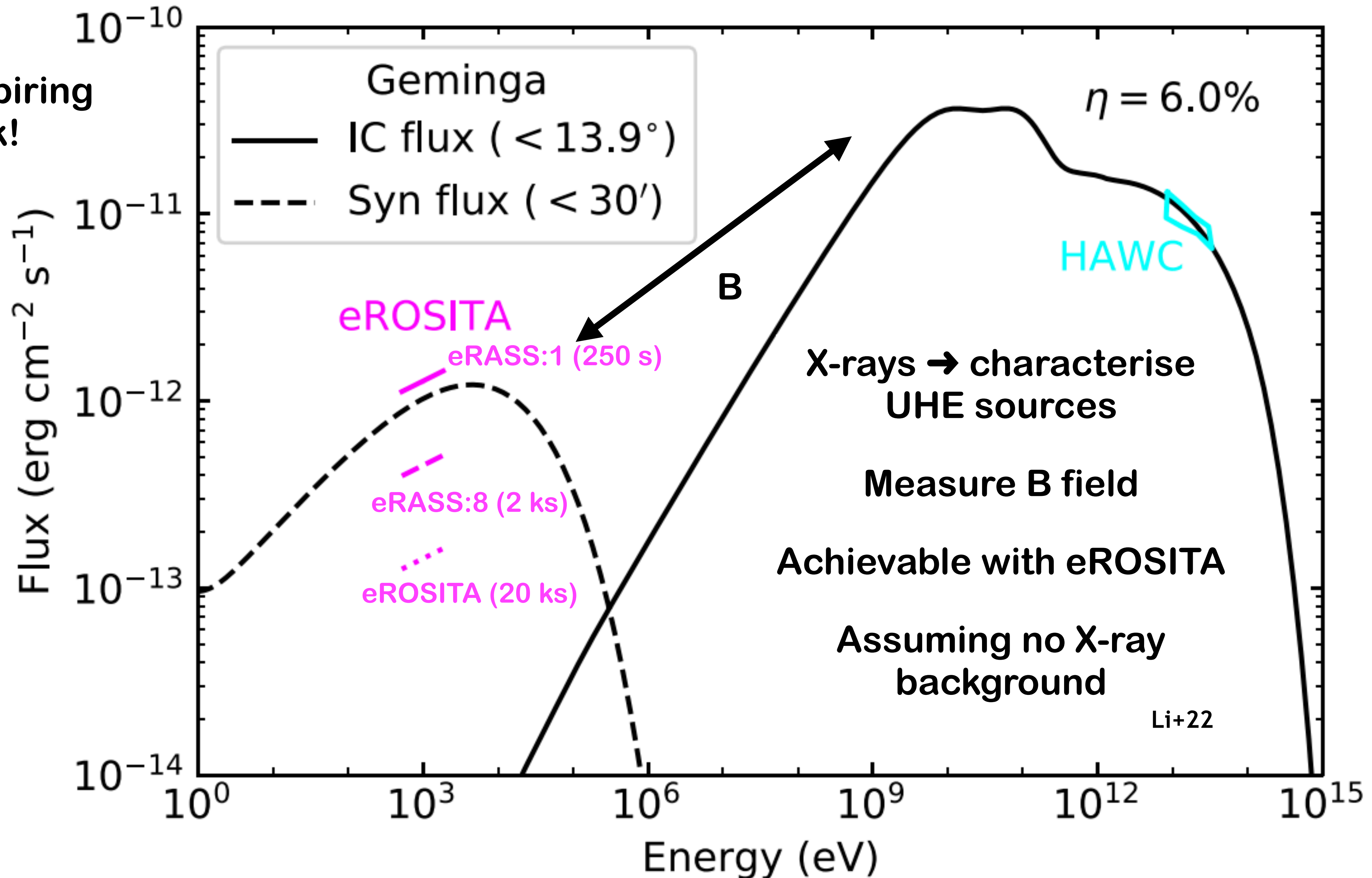
# Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?

Very inspiring work!



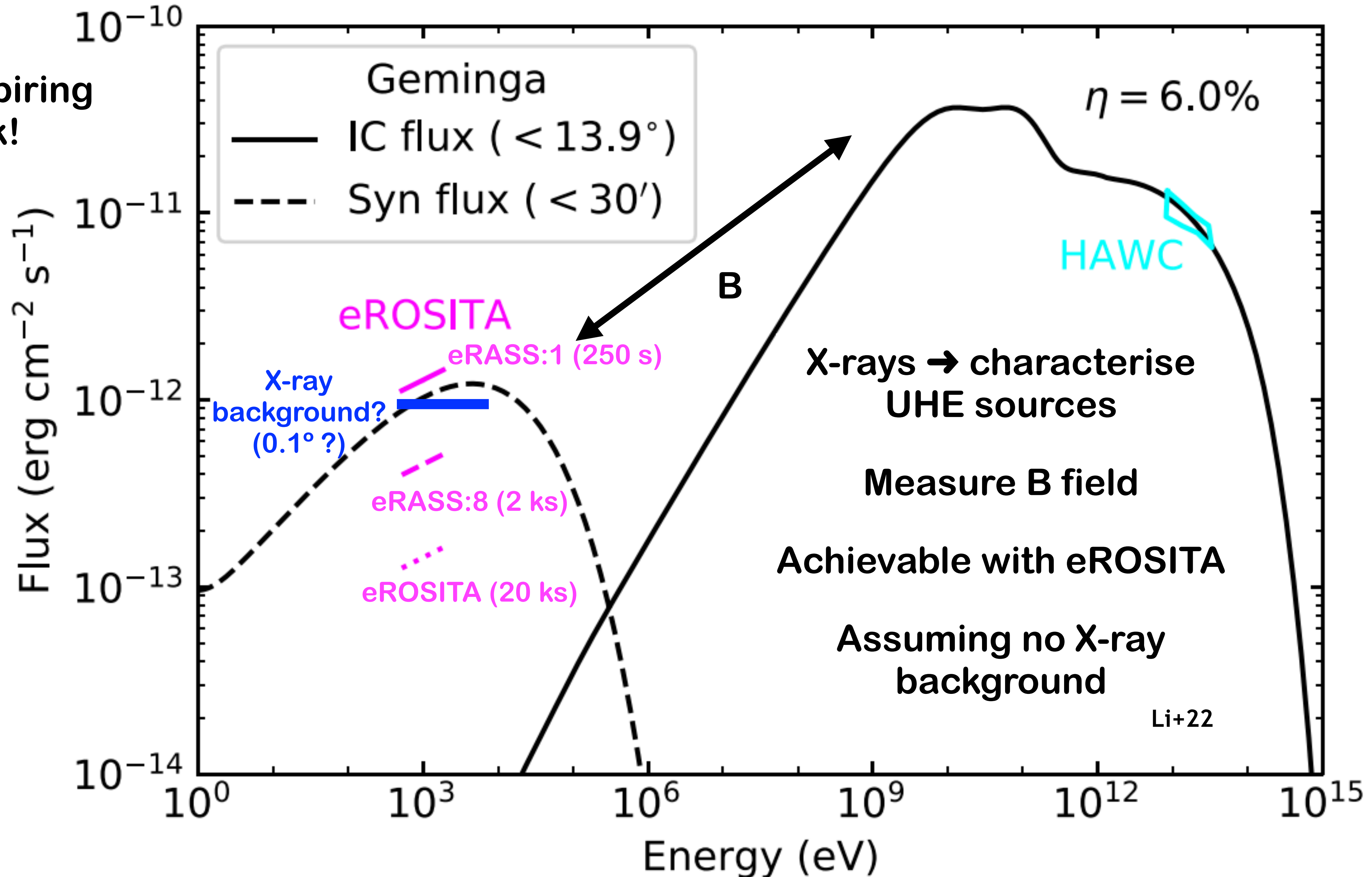
# Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?

Very inspiring work!



# Why X-rays to study ultra high energy sources?

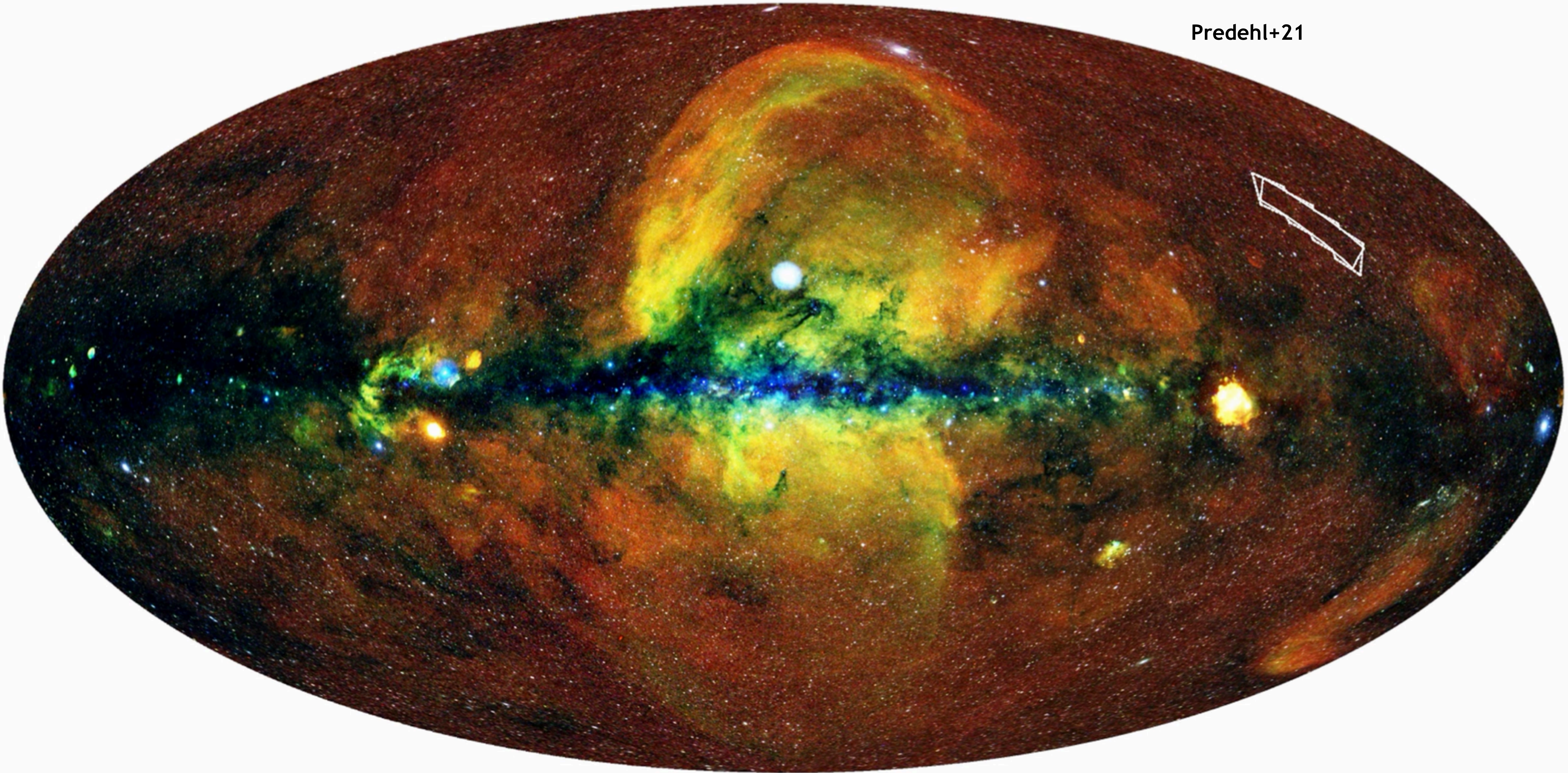
Very inspiring work!





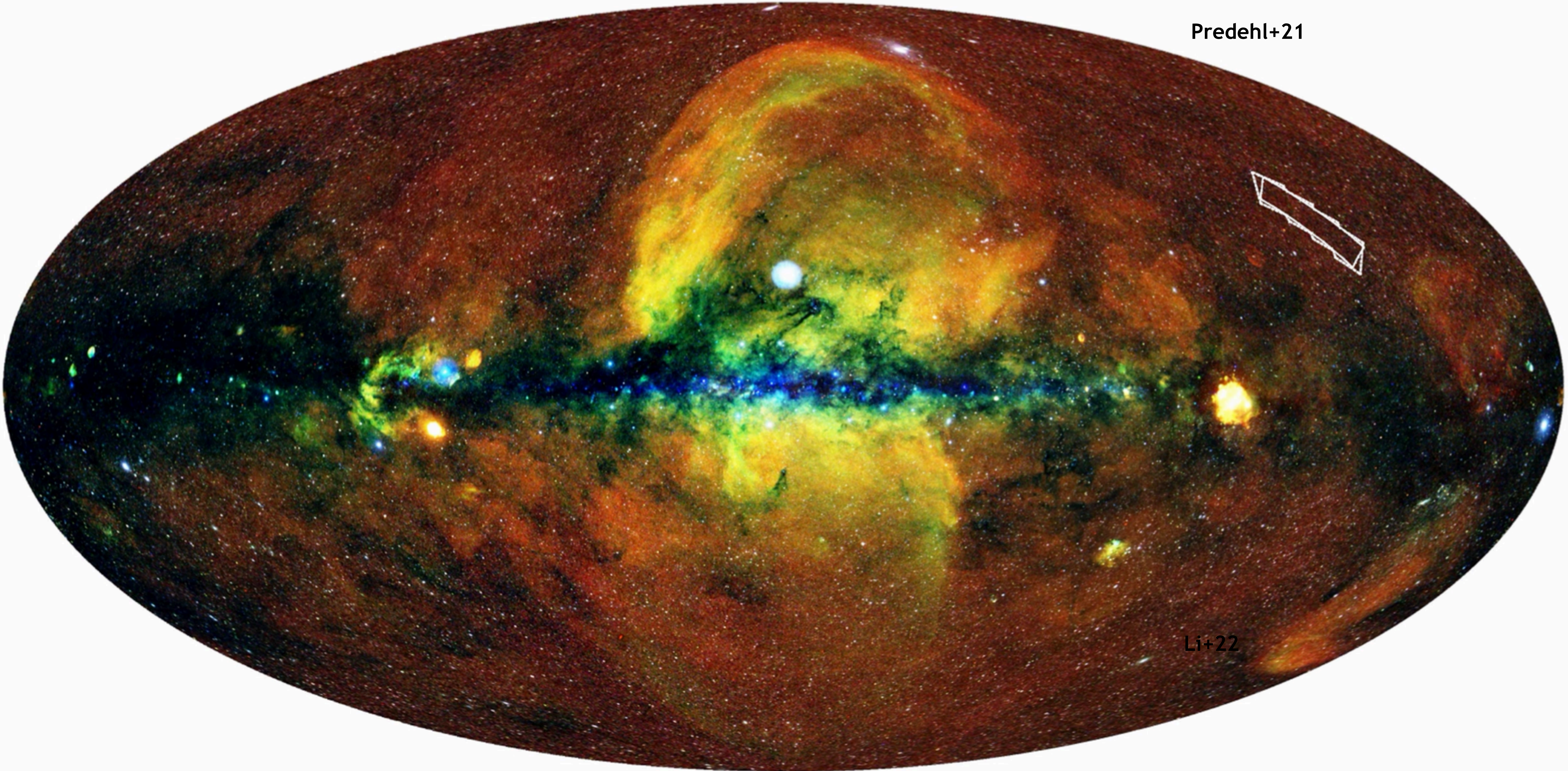
# The X-ray background map

Predehl+21



# The X-ray background map

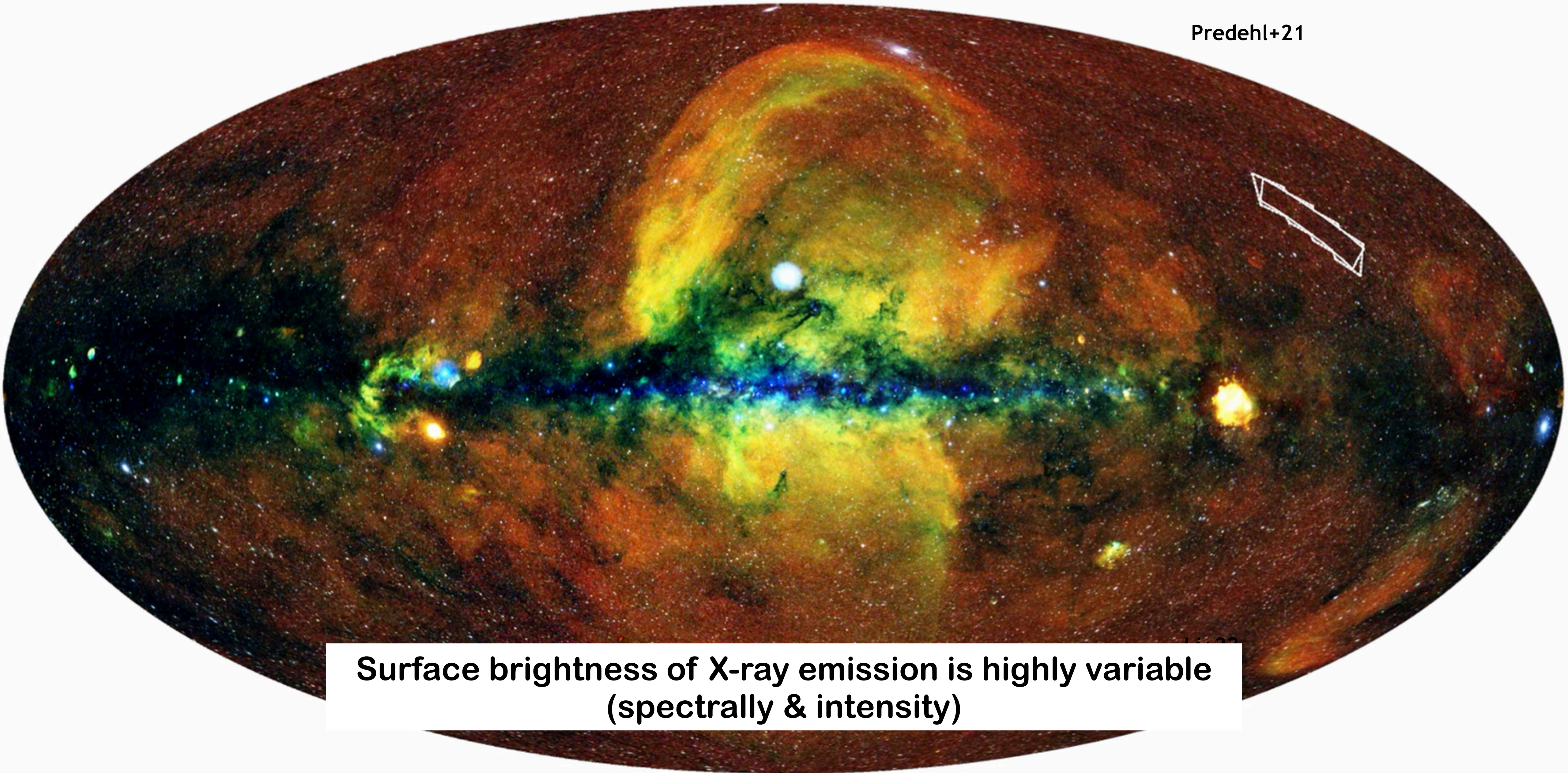
Predehl+21



Li+22

# The X-ray background map

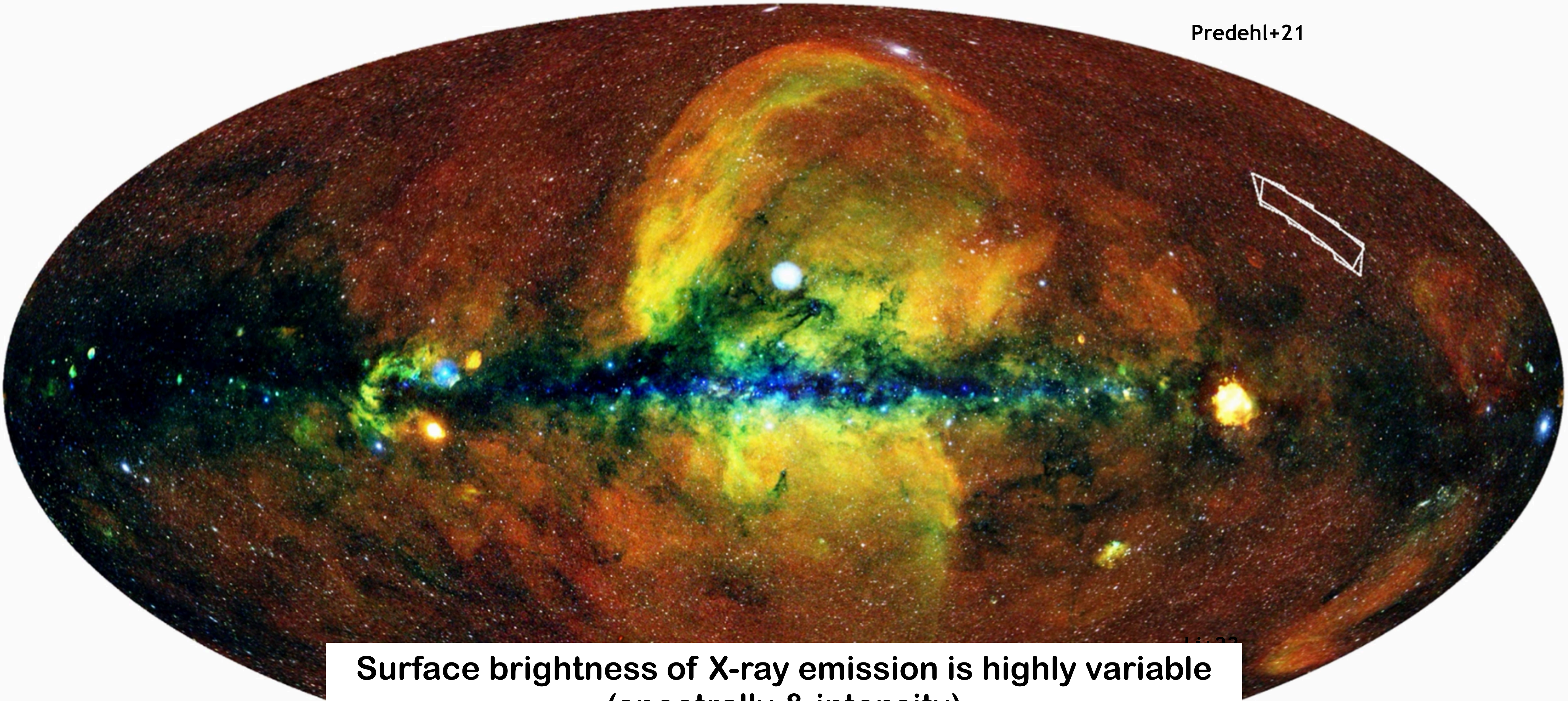
Predehl+21



Surface brightness of X-ray emission is highly variable  
(spectrally & intensity)

# The X-ray background map

Predehl+21

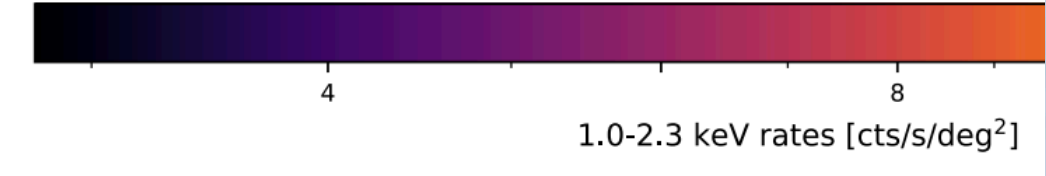
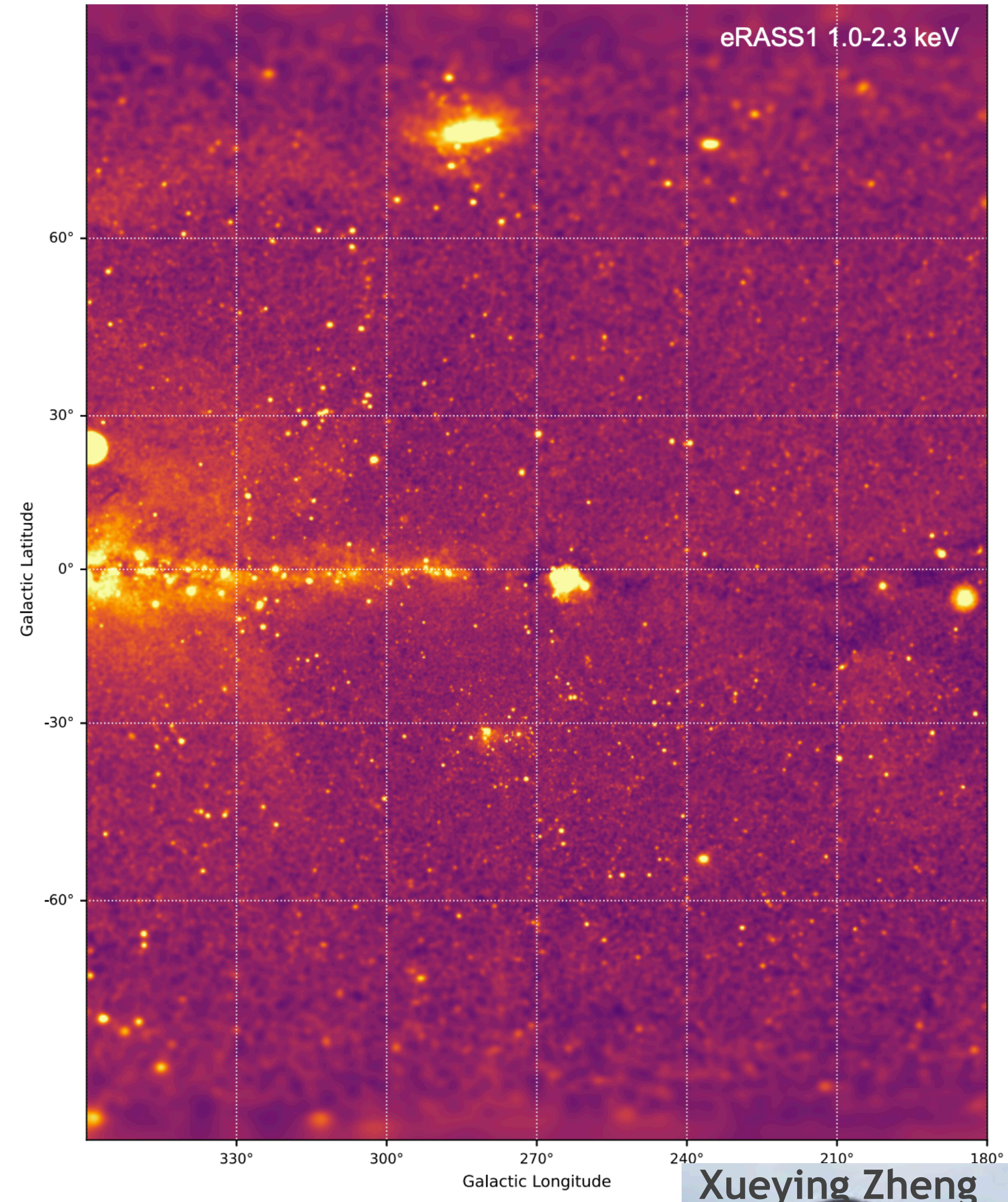
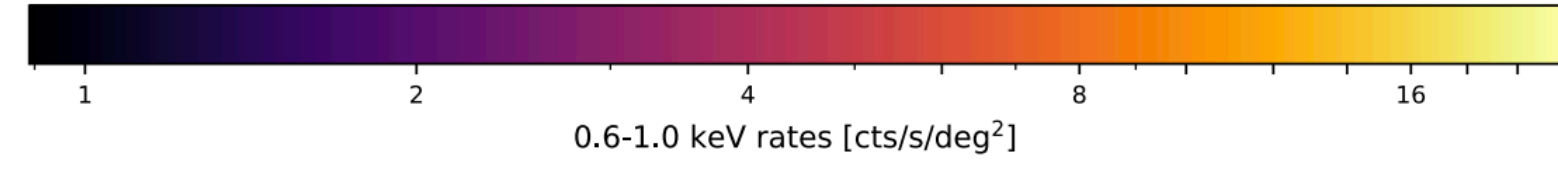
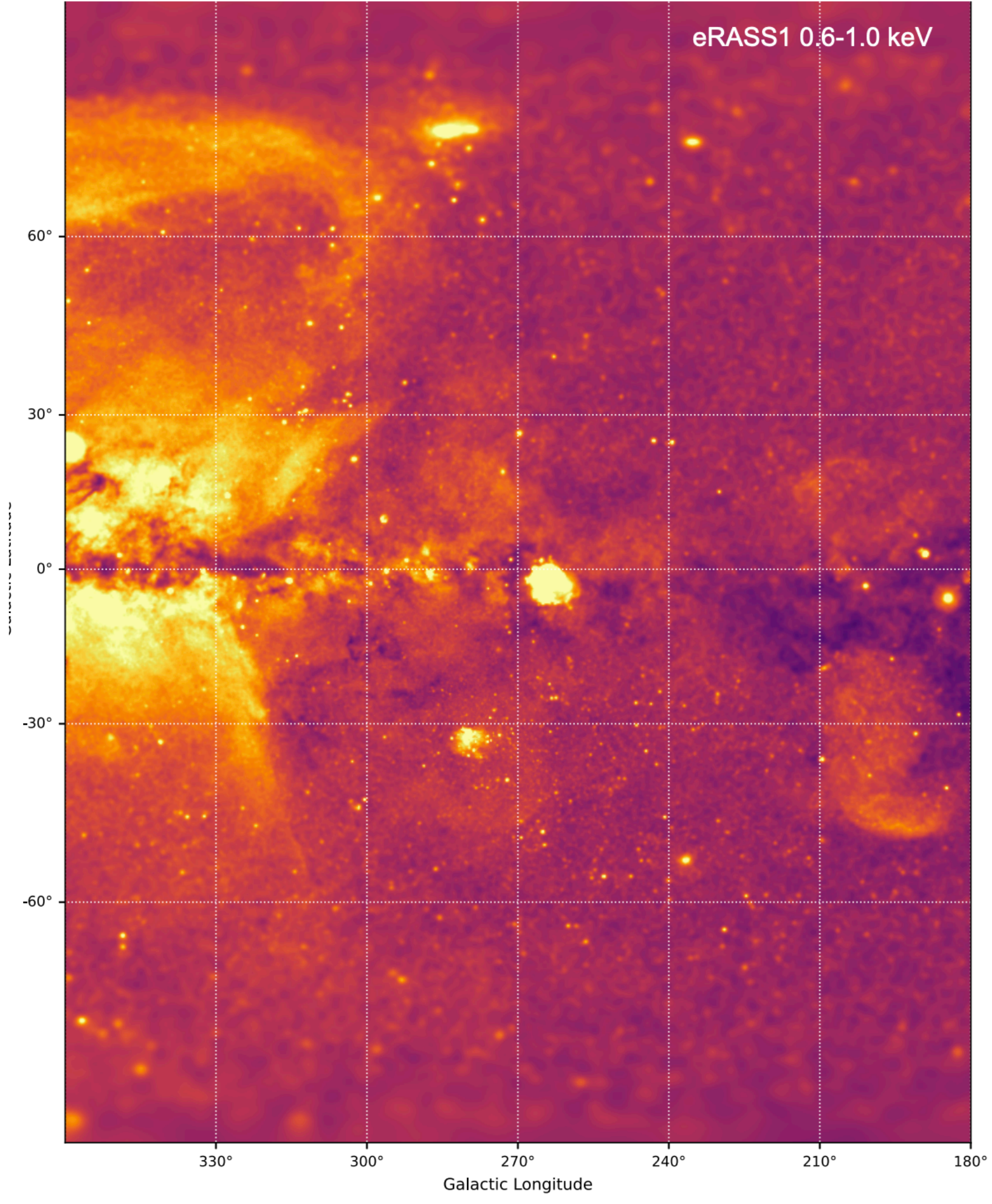
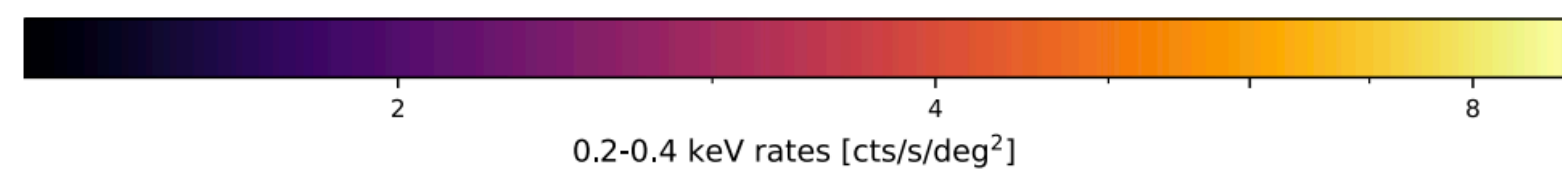
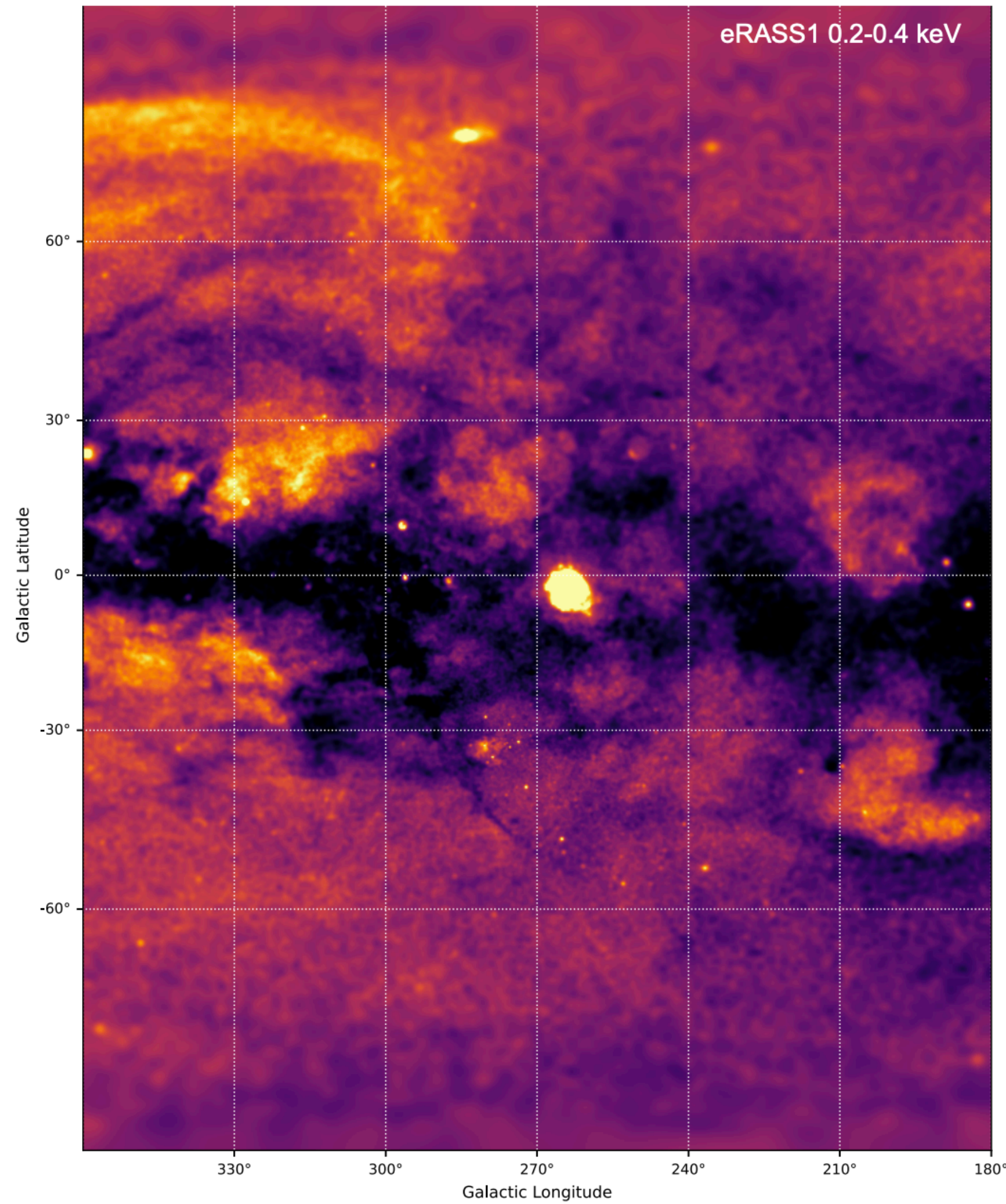


Surface brightness of X-ray emission is highly variable  
(spectrally & intensity)

Complexity increasing towards the Galactic disc

# The X-ray background half-sky map

Zheng, GP+24

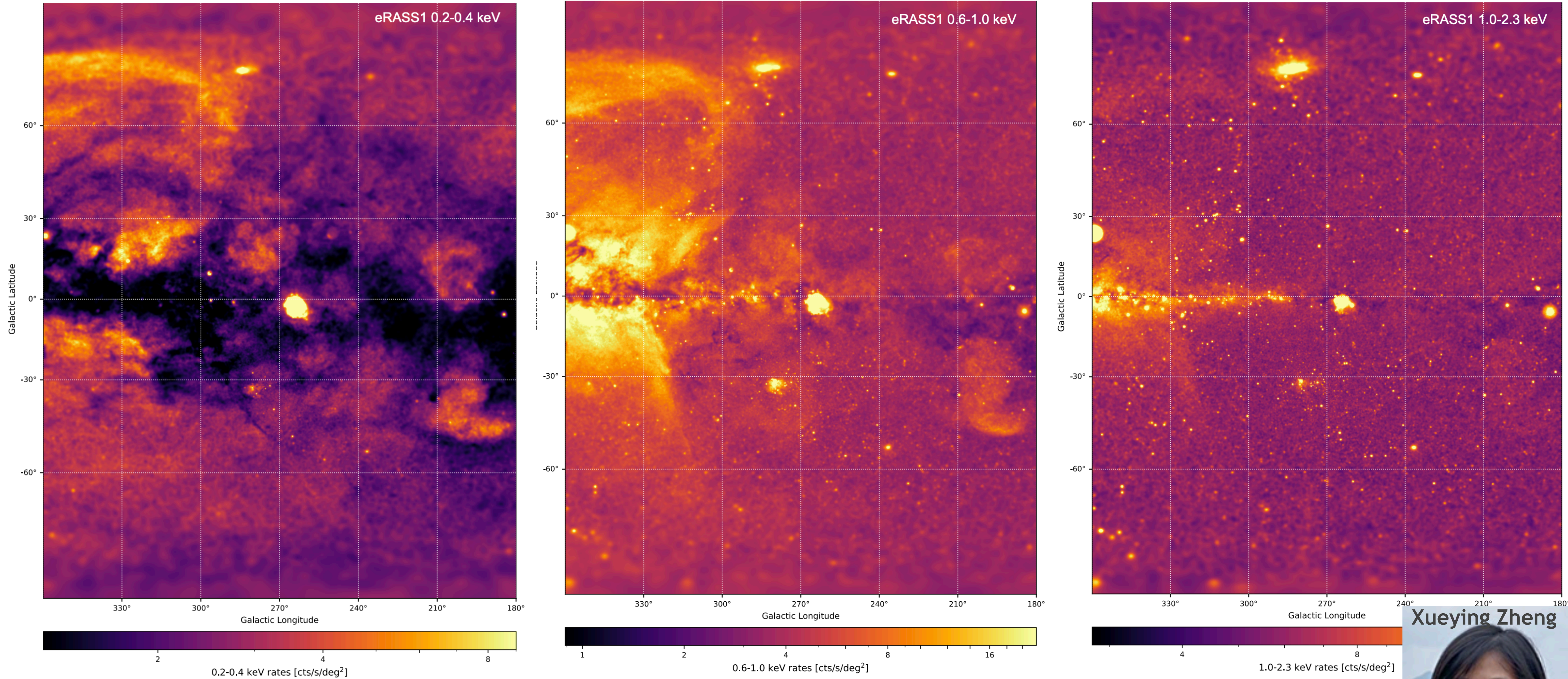


Xueying Zheng



# The X-ray background half-sky map

Zheng, GP+24



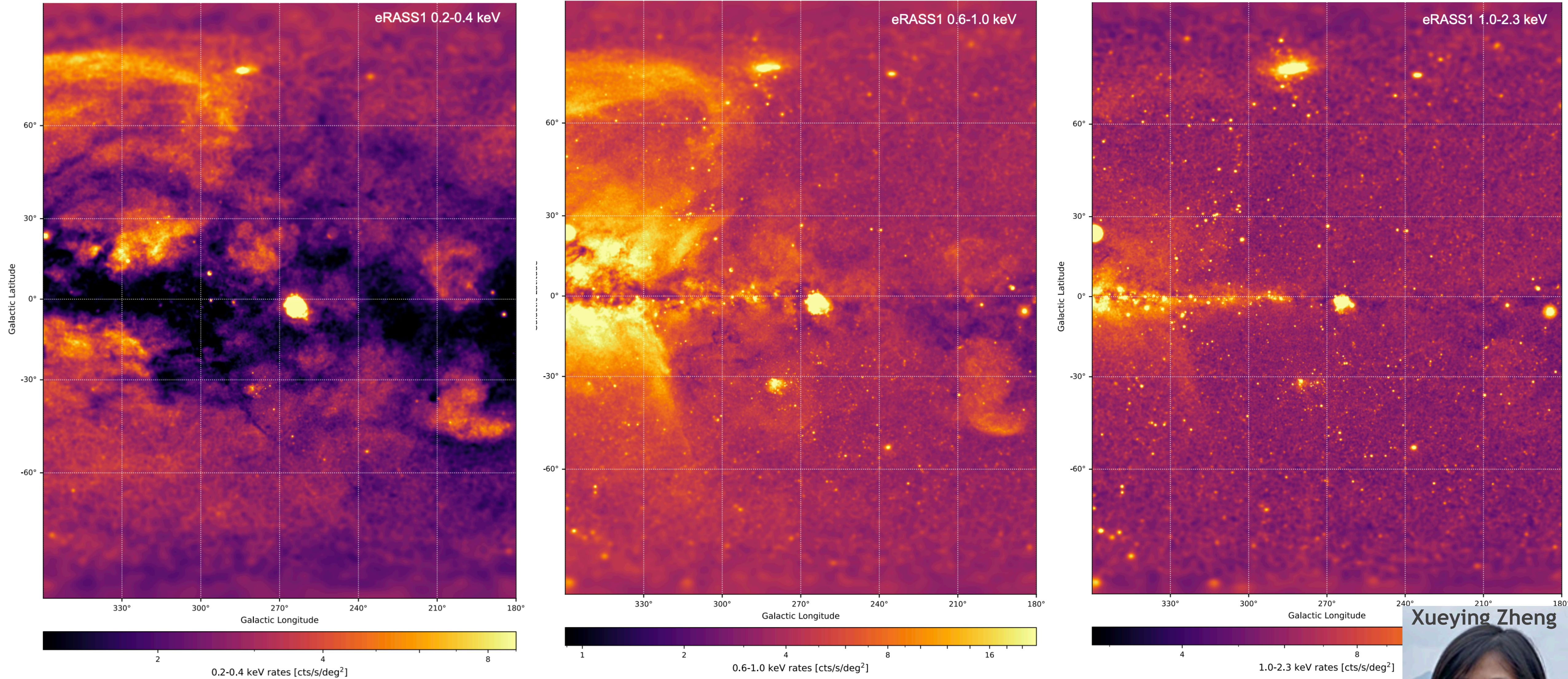
X-ray emission is highly variable (spectrally & intensity)

Xueying Zheng



# The X-ray background half-sky map

Zheng, GP+24



X-ray emission is highly variable (spectrally & intensity)

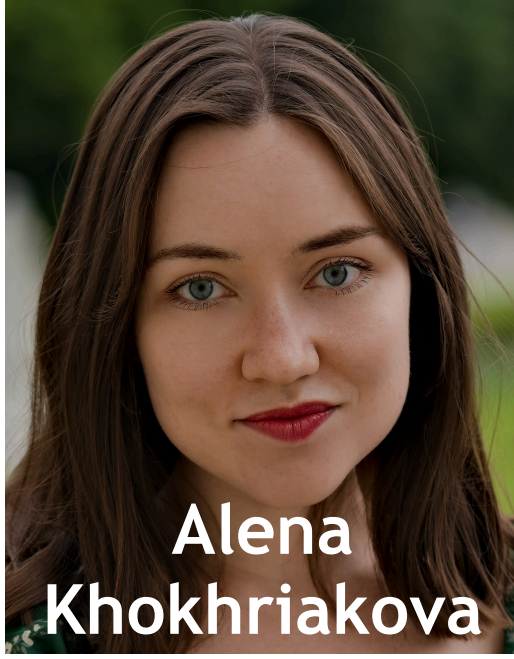
What does this imply?

Xueying Zheng



# Pulsars haloes within Monogem Ring

Khokhriakova, Becker, GP+24

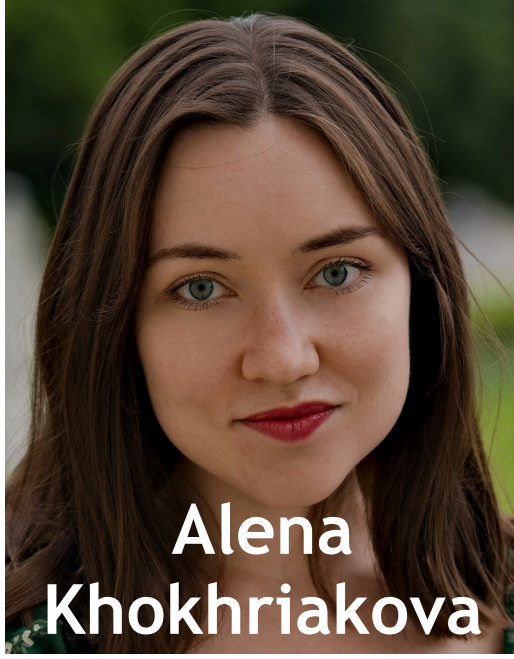


Alena  
Khokhriakova



# Pulsars haloes within Monogem Ring

Khokhriakova, Becker, GP+24

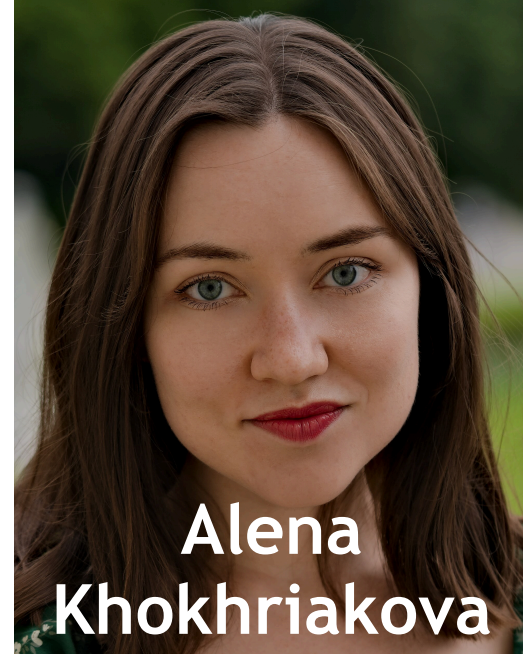


If X-ray surface  
brightness  $\gg$  diffuse  
emission (background)

→ EASY!

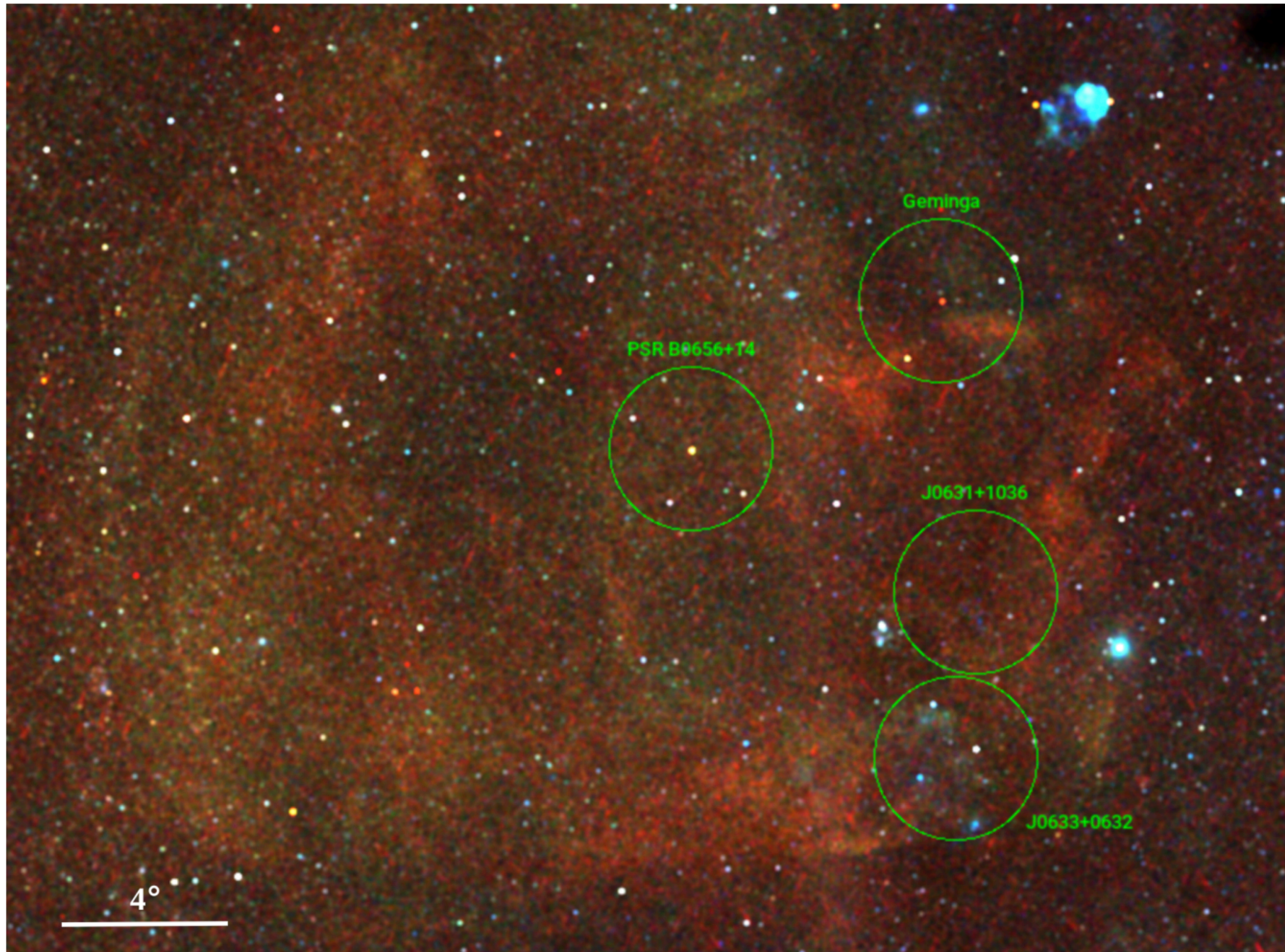
# Pulsars haloes within Monogem Ring

Khokhriakova, Becker, GP+24

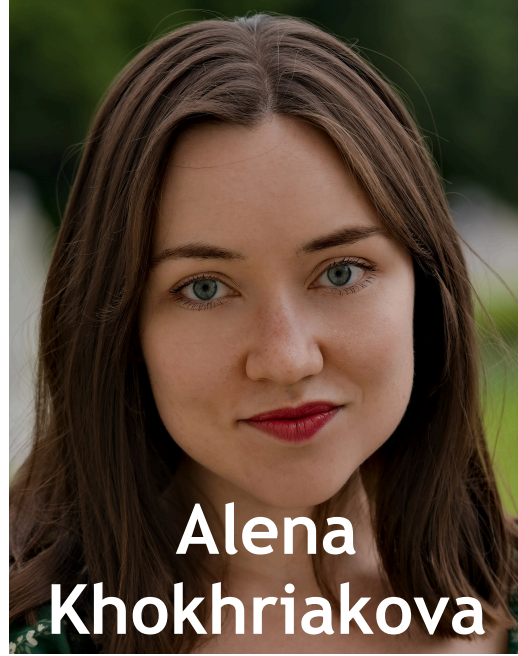


If X-ray surface  
brightness  $\gg$  diffuse  
emission (background)

→ EASY!



# Pulsars haloes within Monogem Ring



Khokhriakova, Becker, GP+24

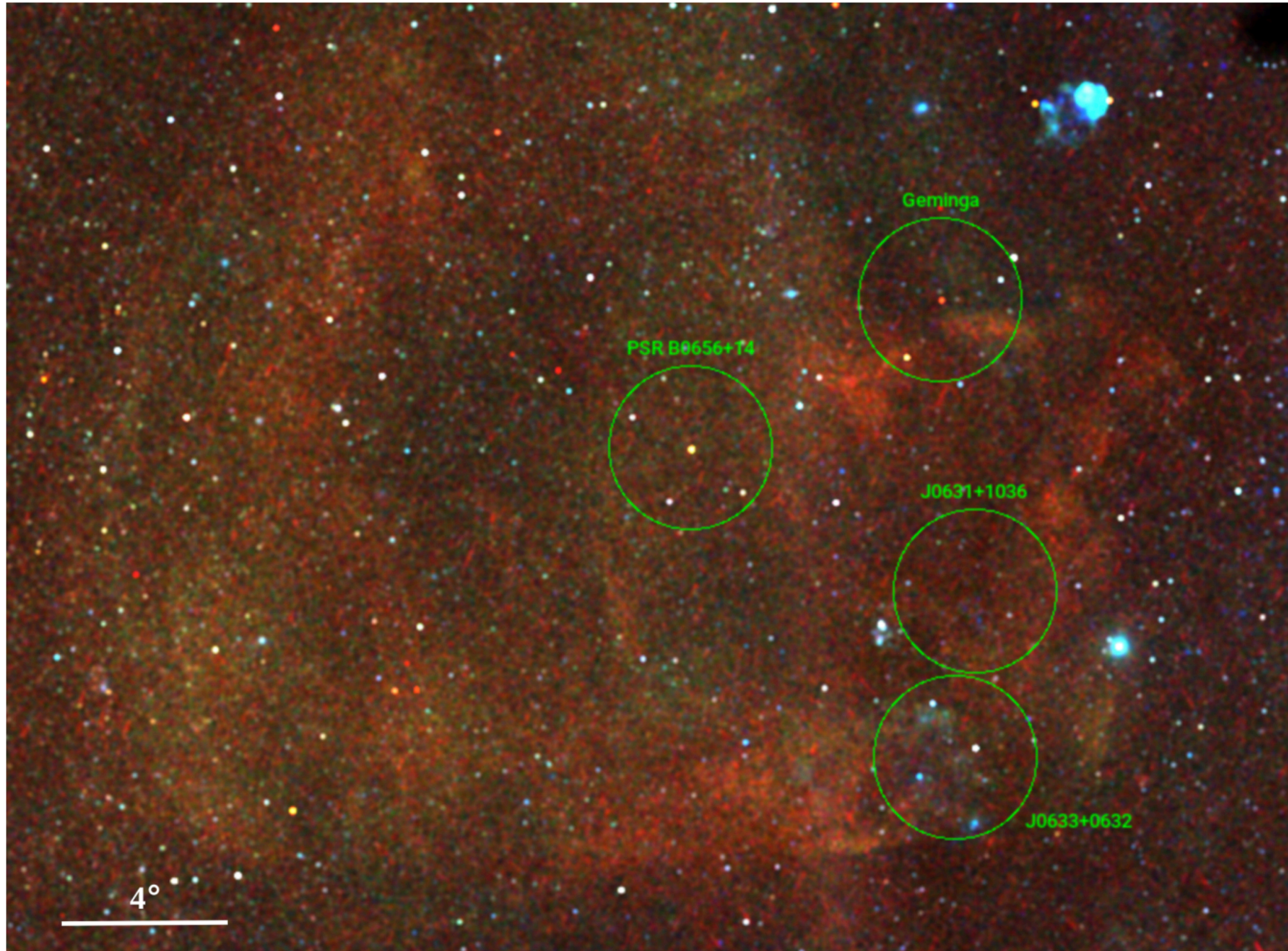
Alena  
Khokhriakova

If X-ray surface  
brightness  $\gg$  diffuse  
emission (background)

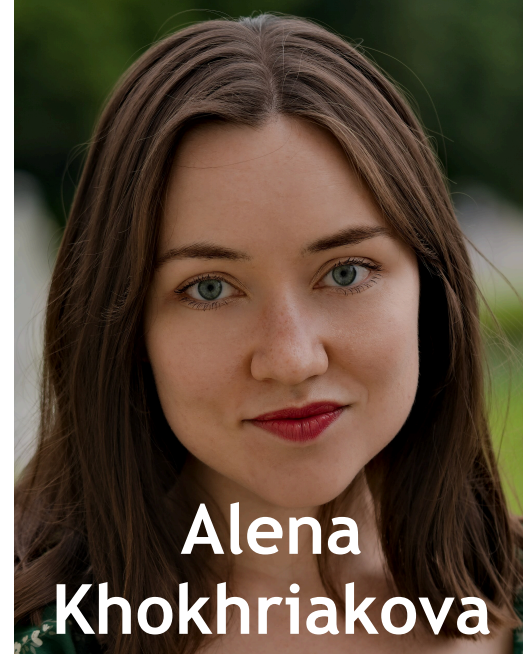
→ EASY!

If not → Complex...

Results might depend on  
which background region  
is chosen!

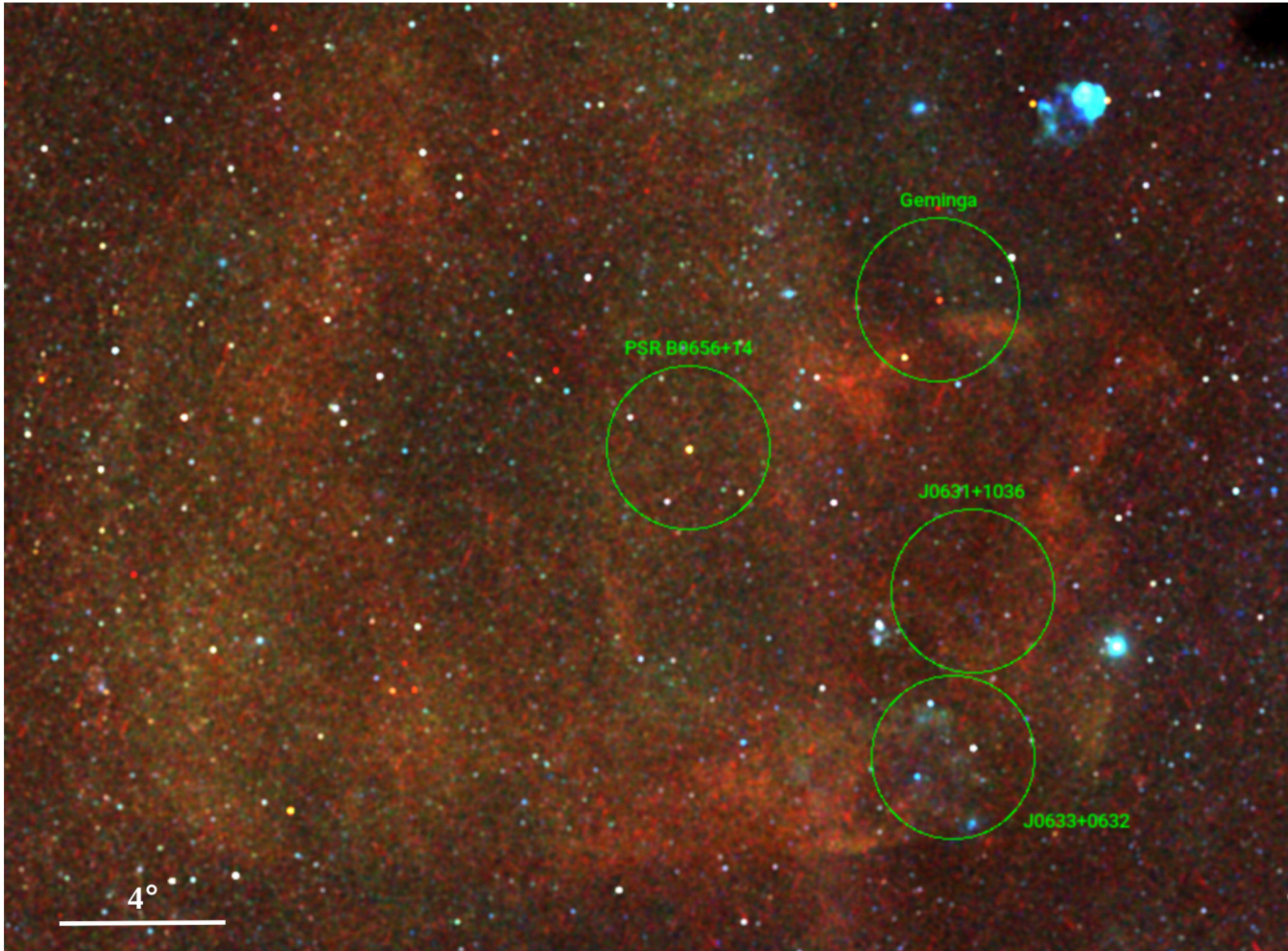


# Pulsars haloes within Monogem Ring



Alena  
Khokhriakova

Khokhriakova, Becker, GP+24



If X-ray surface  
brightness  $\gg$  diffuse  
emission (background)

→ EASY!

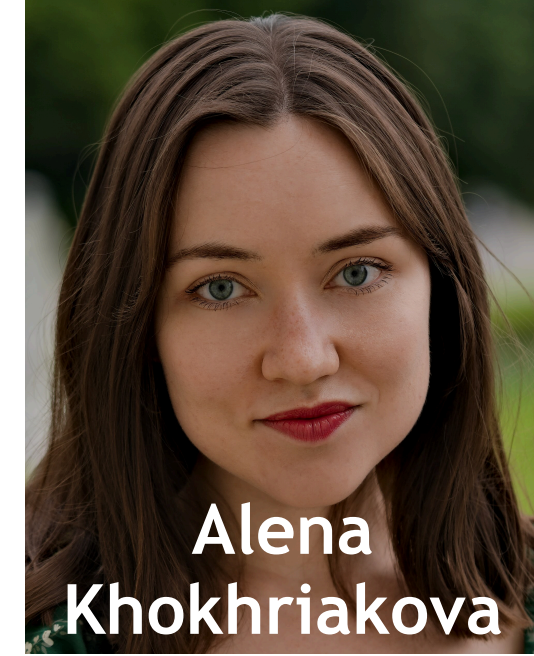
If not → Complex...

Results might depend on  
which background region  
is chosen!

No detection (as expected)  
difficult to treat background  
But see Niu+25!

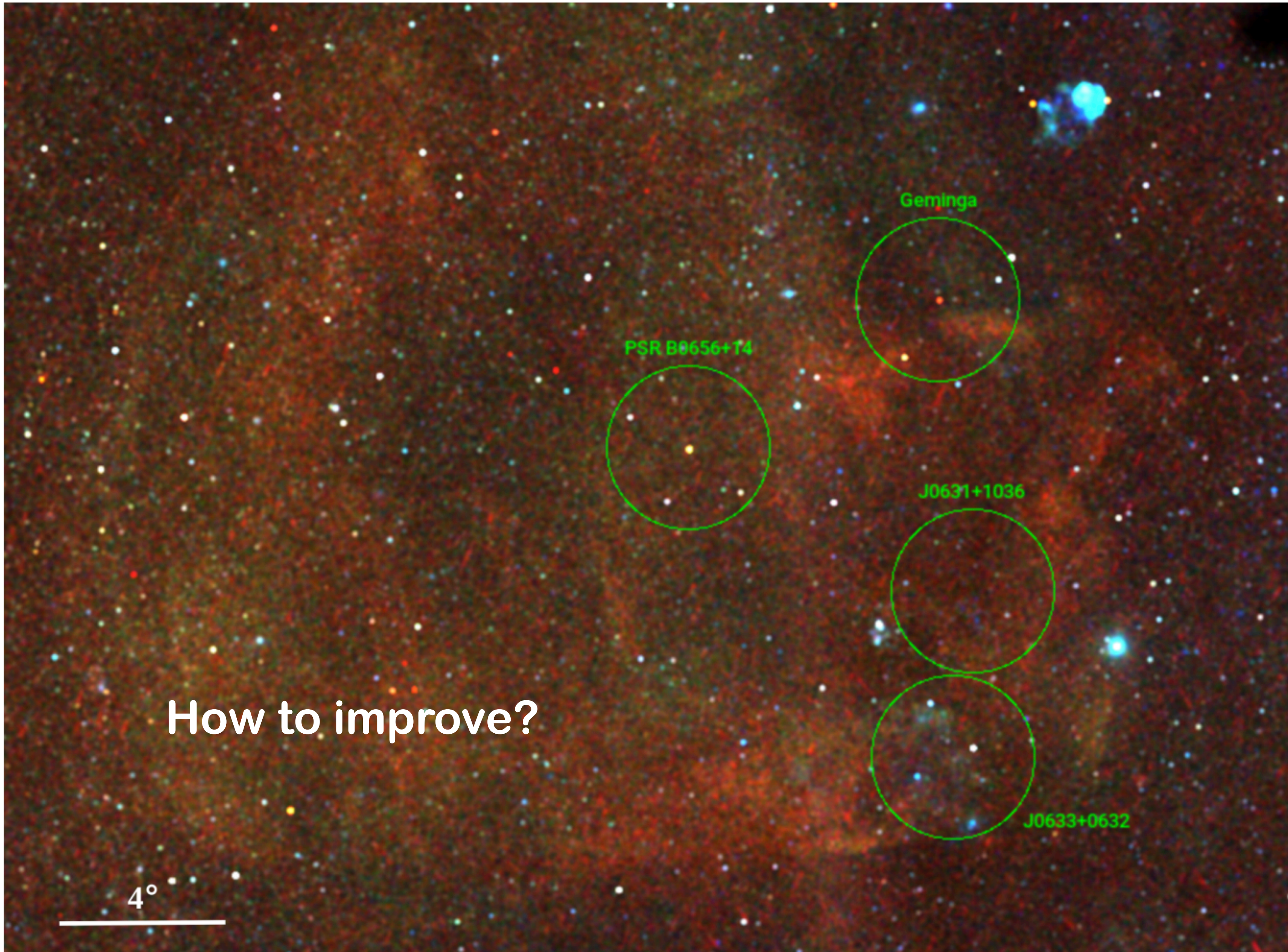
See Ruoyu's talk

# Pulsars haloes within Monogem Ring



Alena  
Khokhriakova

Khokhriakova, Becker, GP+24



How to improve?

If X-ray surface  
brightness  $\gg$  diffuse  
emission (background)

→ EASY!

If not → Complex...

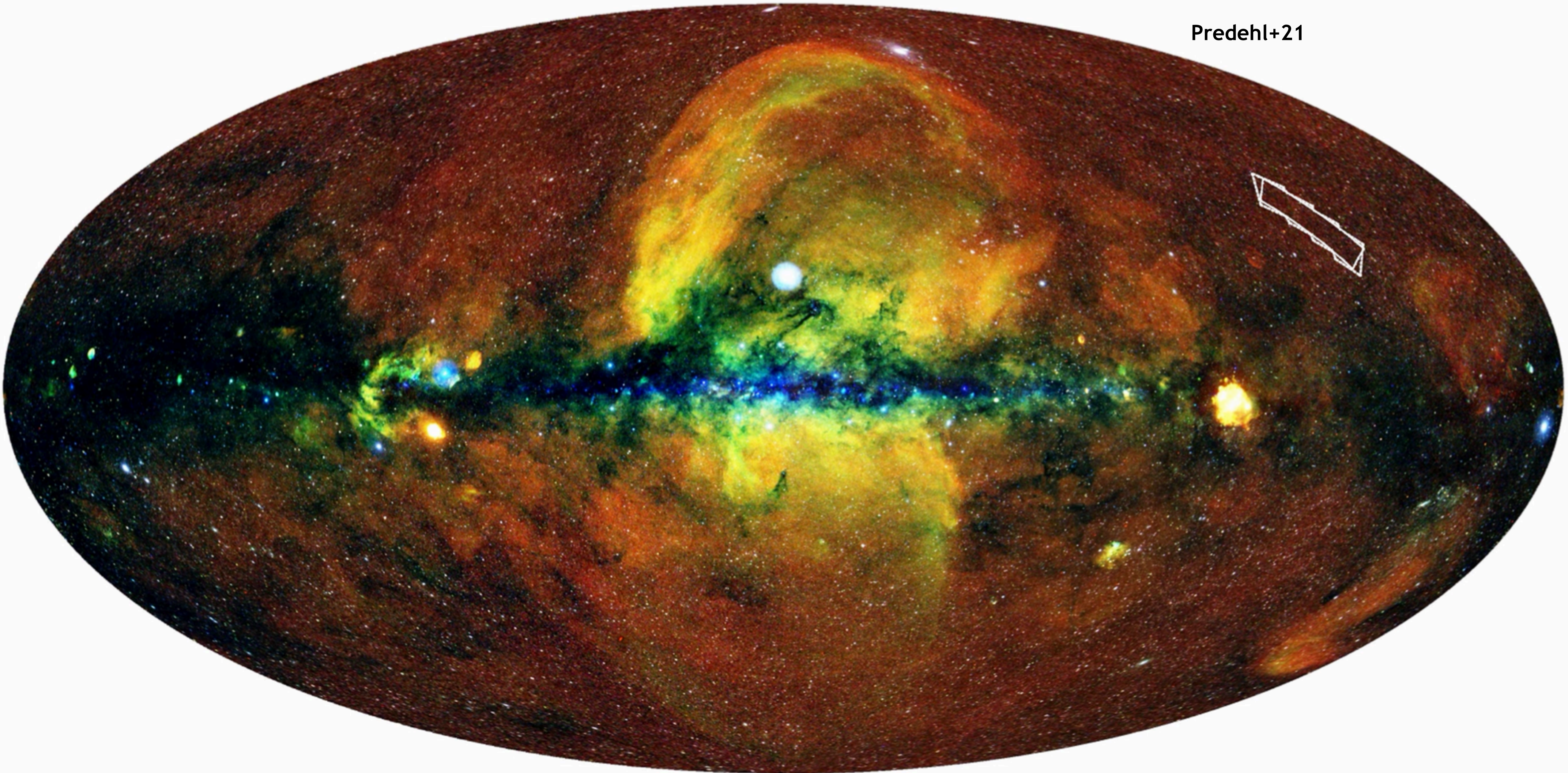
Results might depend on  
which background region  
is chosen!

No detection (as expected)  
difficult to treat background  
But see Niu+25!

See Ruoyu's talk

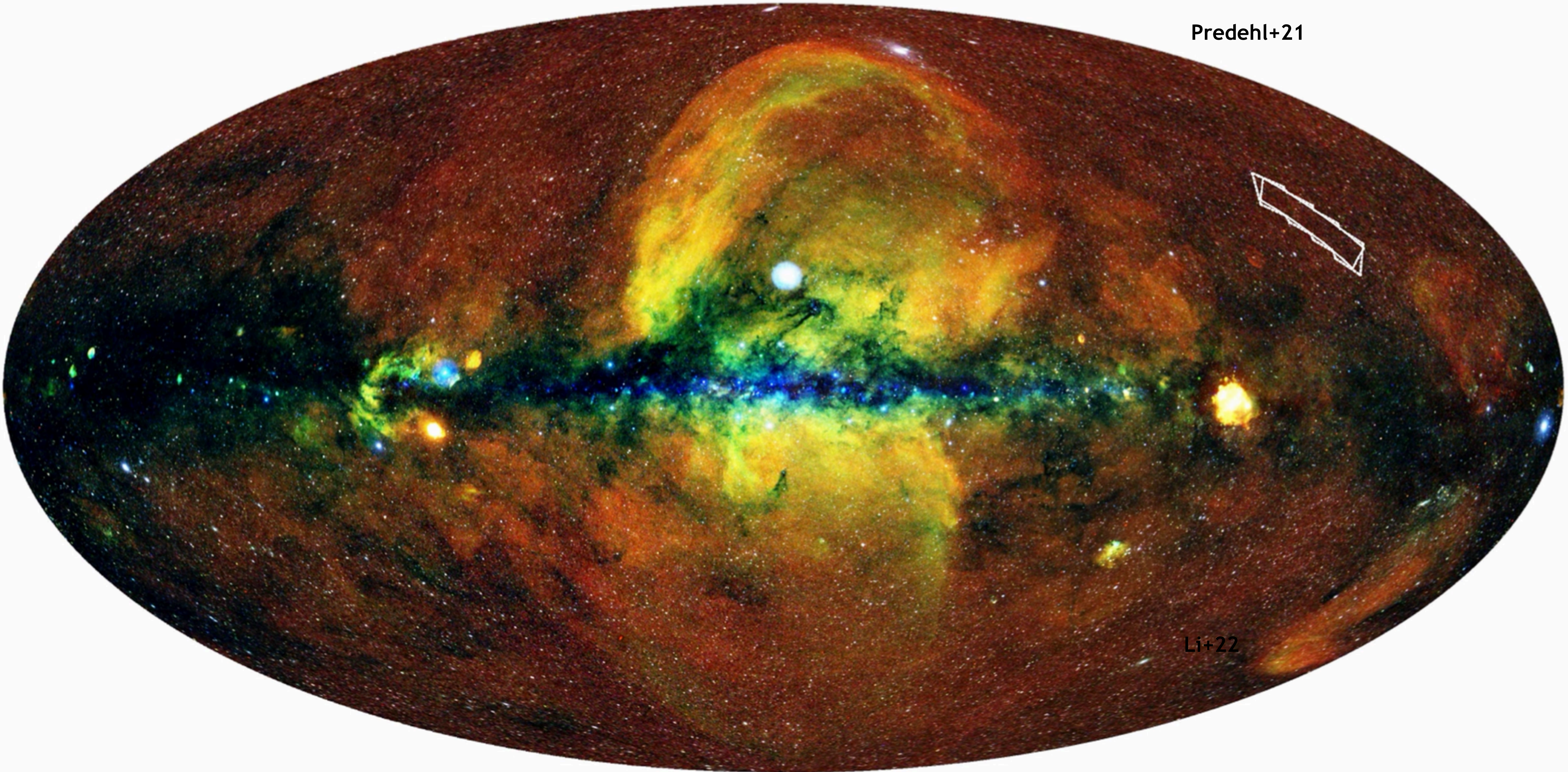
# X-ray background decomposition

Predehl+21



# X-ray background decomposition

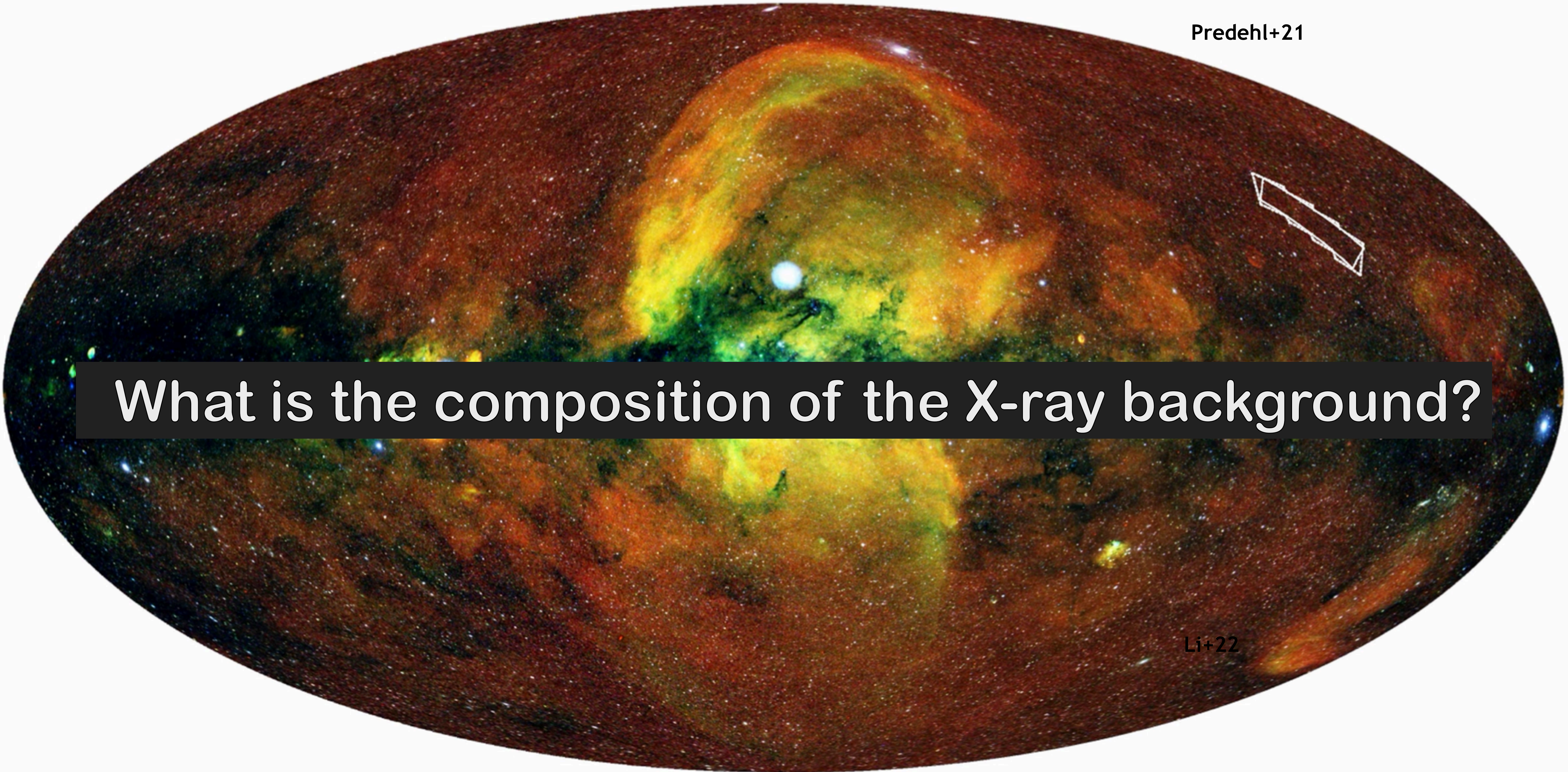
Predehl+21



Li+22

# X-ray background decomposition

Predehl+21

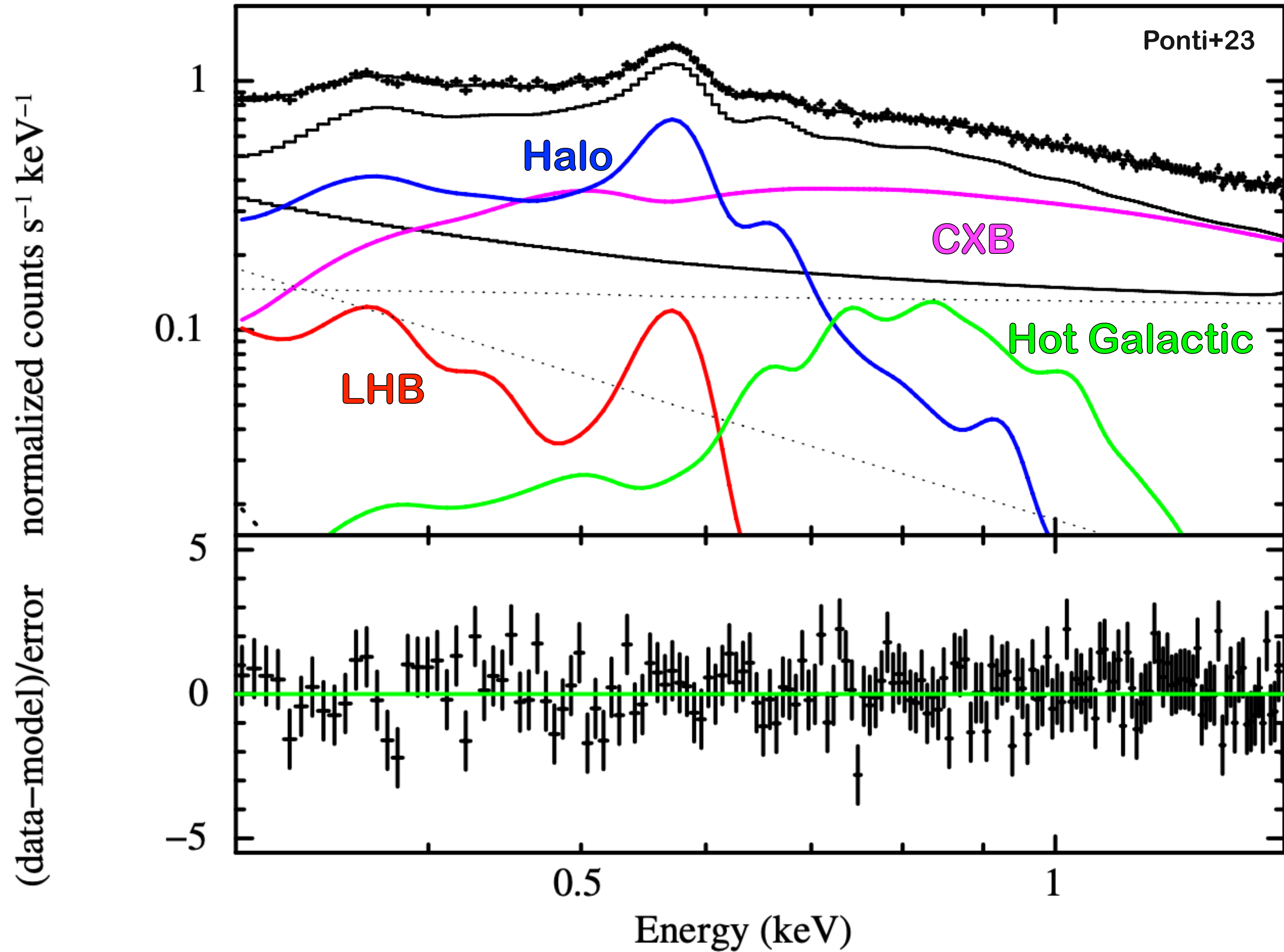


What is the composition of the X-ray background?

Li+22



# X-ray background decomposition



# X-ray background decomposition

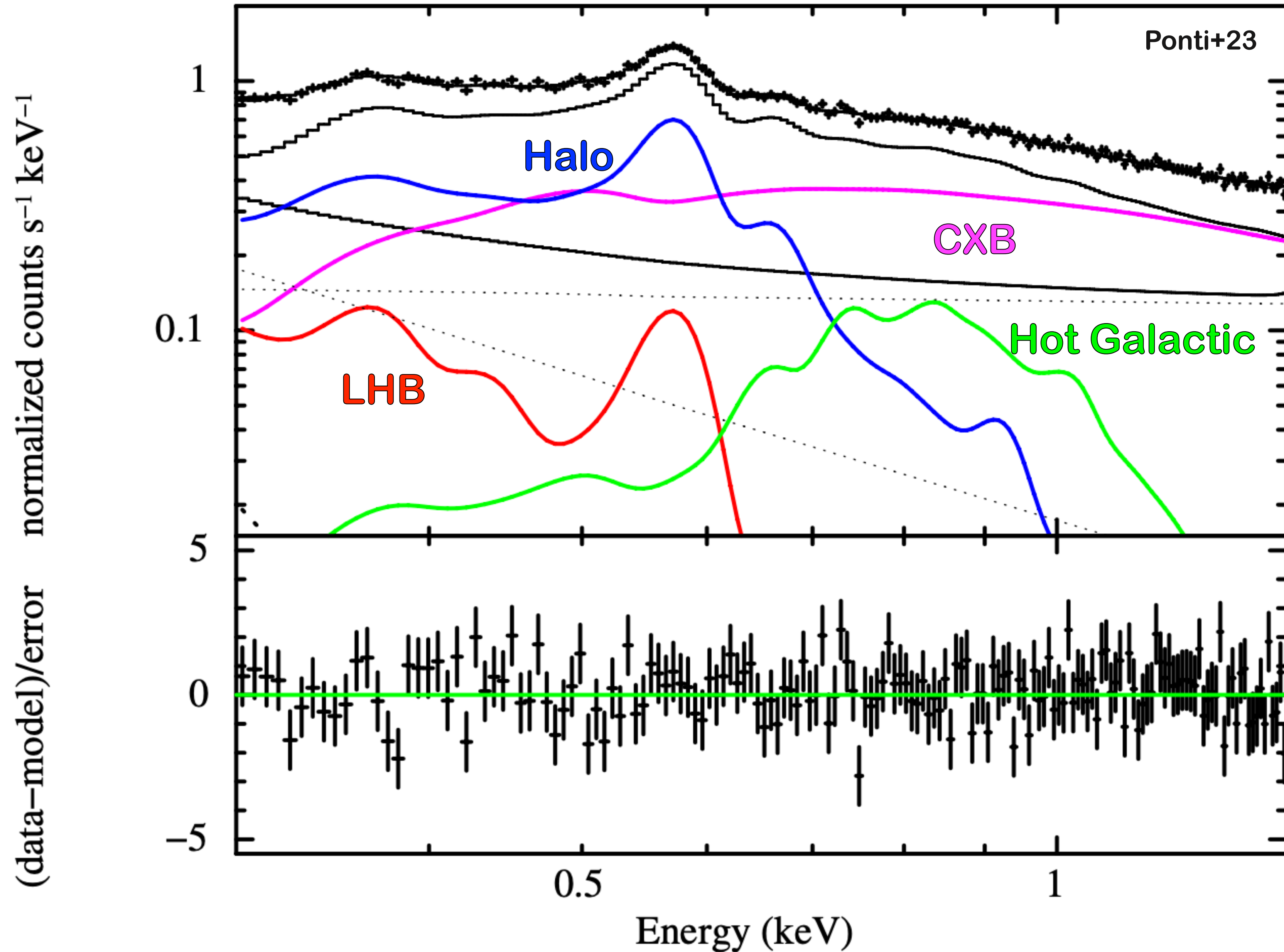


**LHB: Local hot bubble**

**Halo: Circum Galactic medium**

**CXB: Cosmic X-ray background**

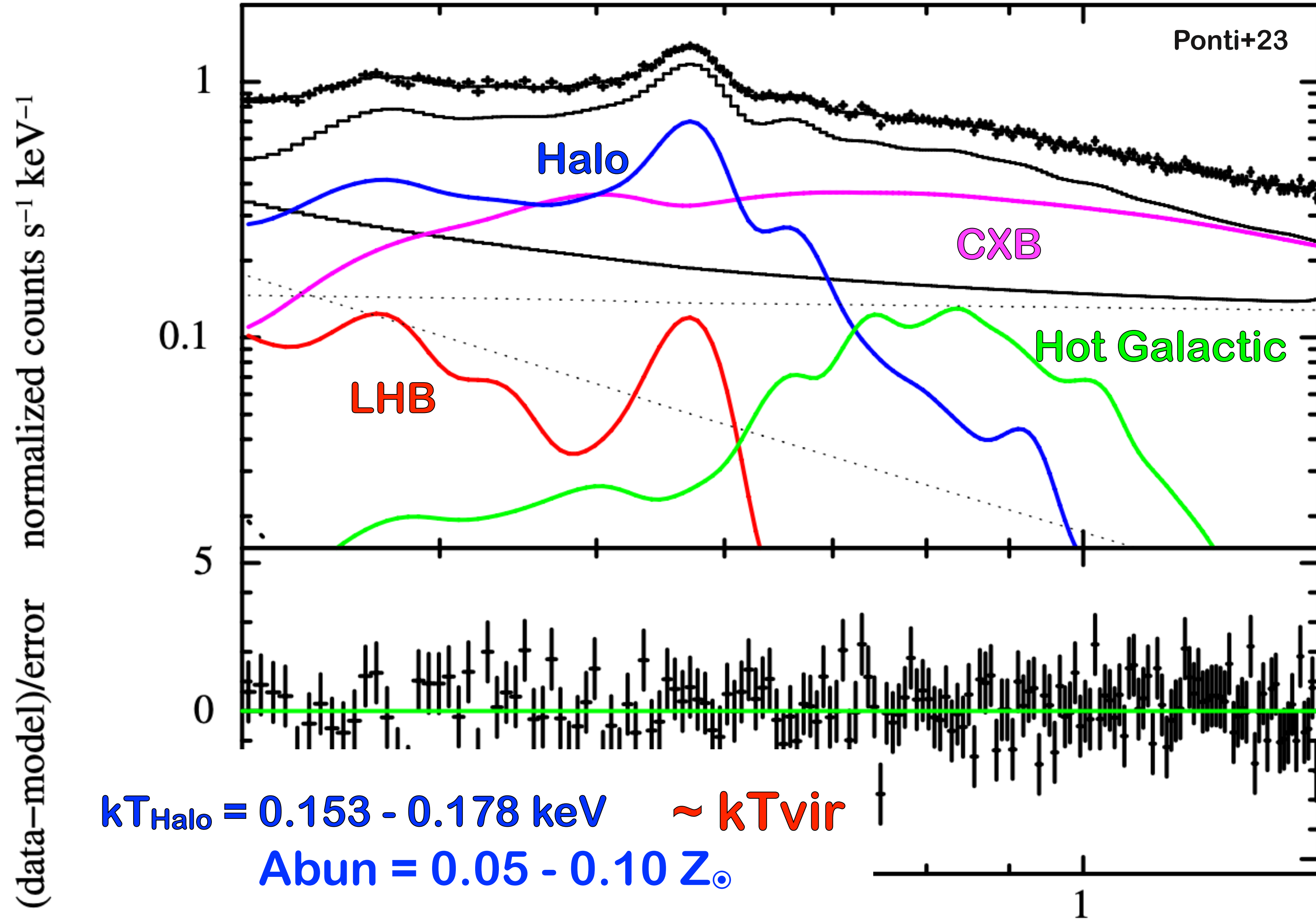
**Hot Galactic → Required!**



# X-ray background decomposition



What is the cor



normalized counts  $s^{-1} keV^{-1}$   
(data-model)/error

Ponti+23

Halo

CXB

LHB

Hot Galactic

$$kT_{\text{Halo}} = 0.153 - 0.178 \text{ keV} \quad \sim kT_{\text{vir}}$$

$$\text{Abun} = 0.05 - 0.10 Z_{\odot}$$

$$kT_{\text{hotG}} = 0.4 - 0.7 \text{ keV}$$

1

**LHB: Local hot bubble**

**Halo: Circum Galactic medium**

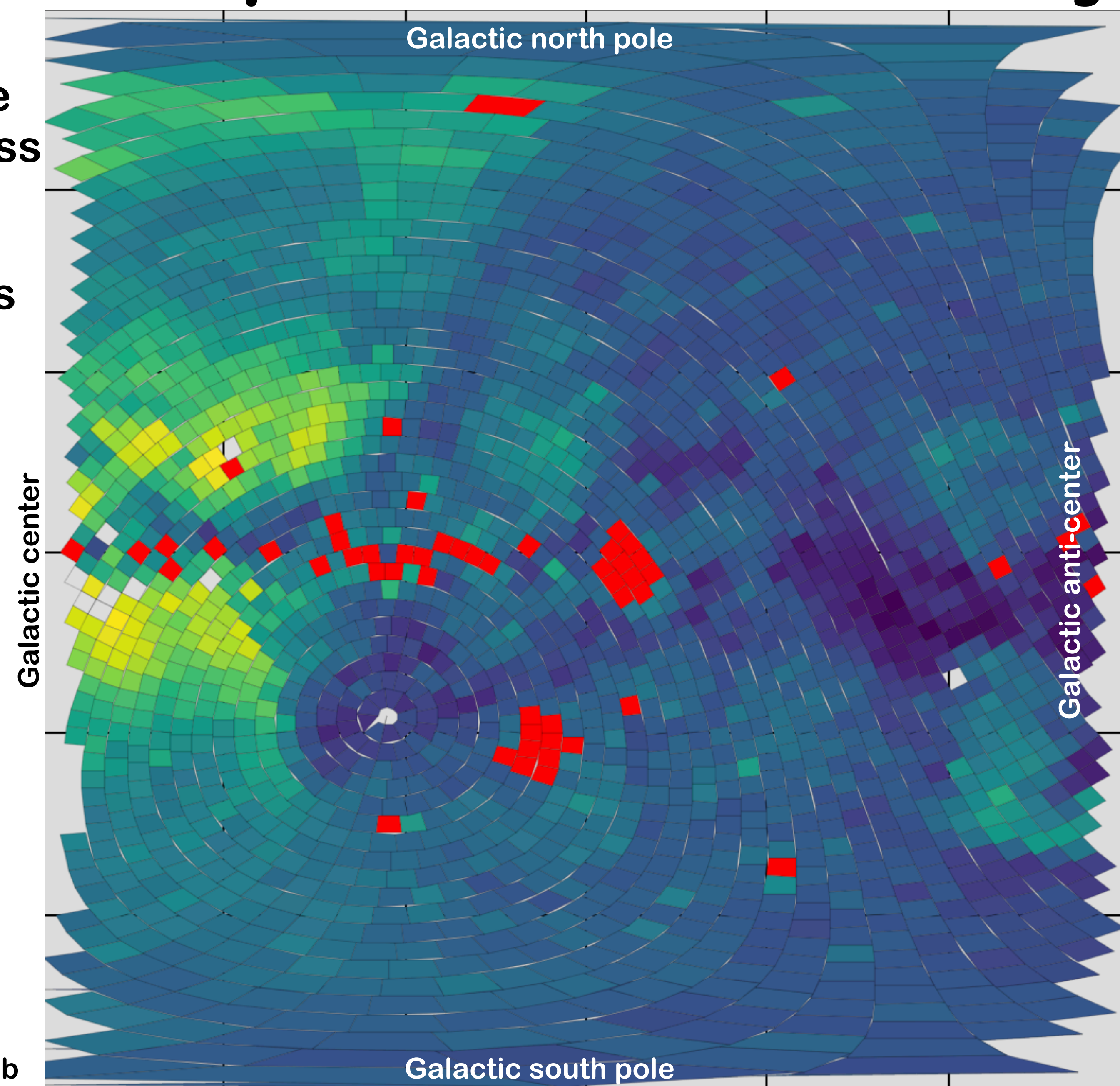
**CXB: Cosmic X-ray background**

**Hot Galactic → Required!**

# The composition of the X-ray background

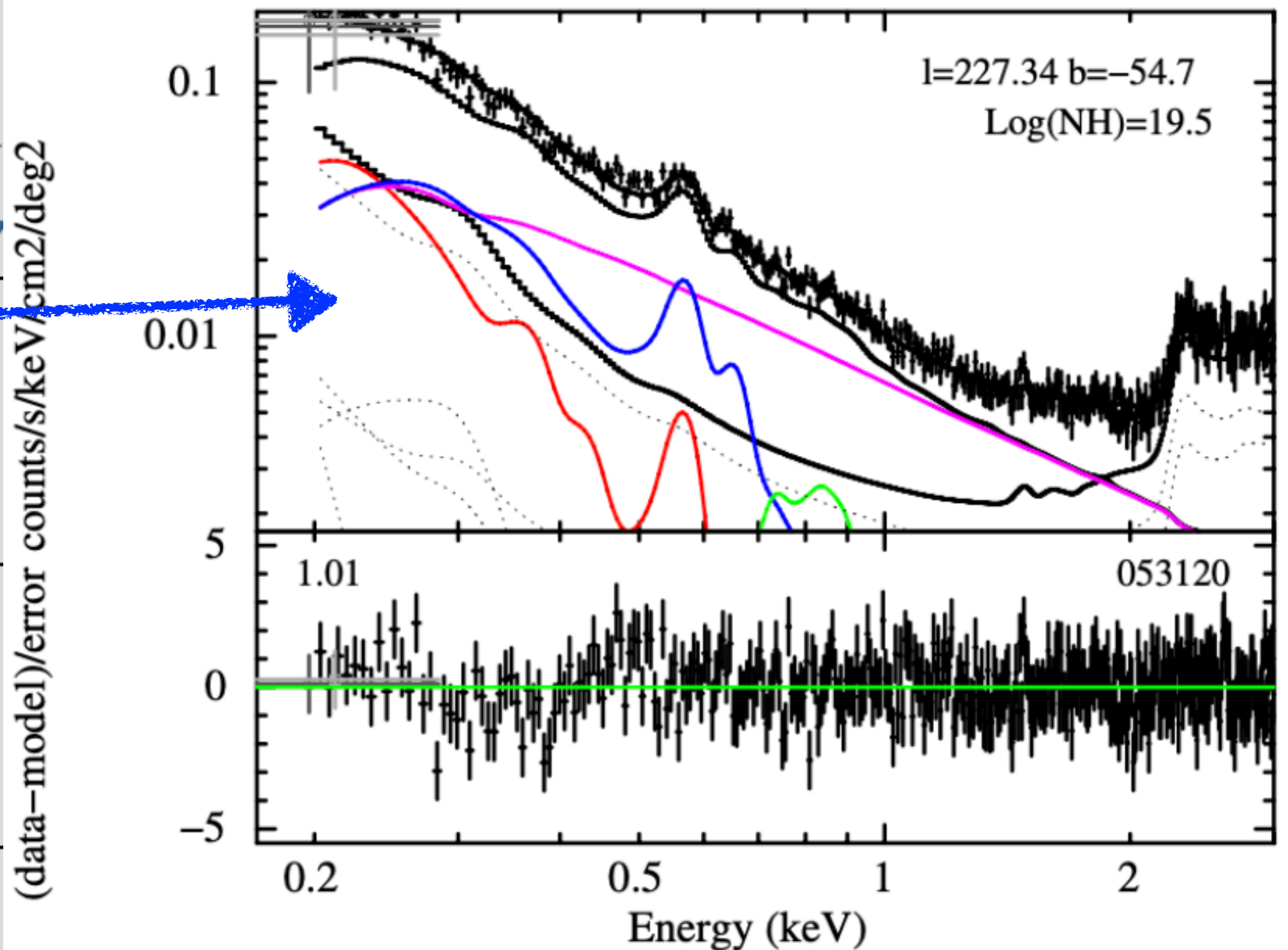
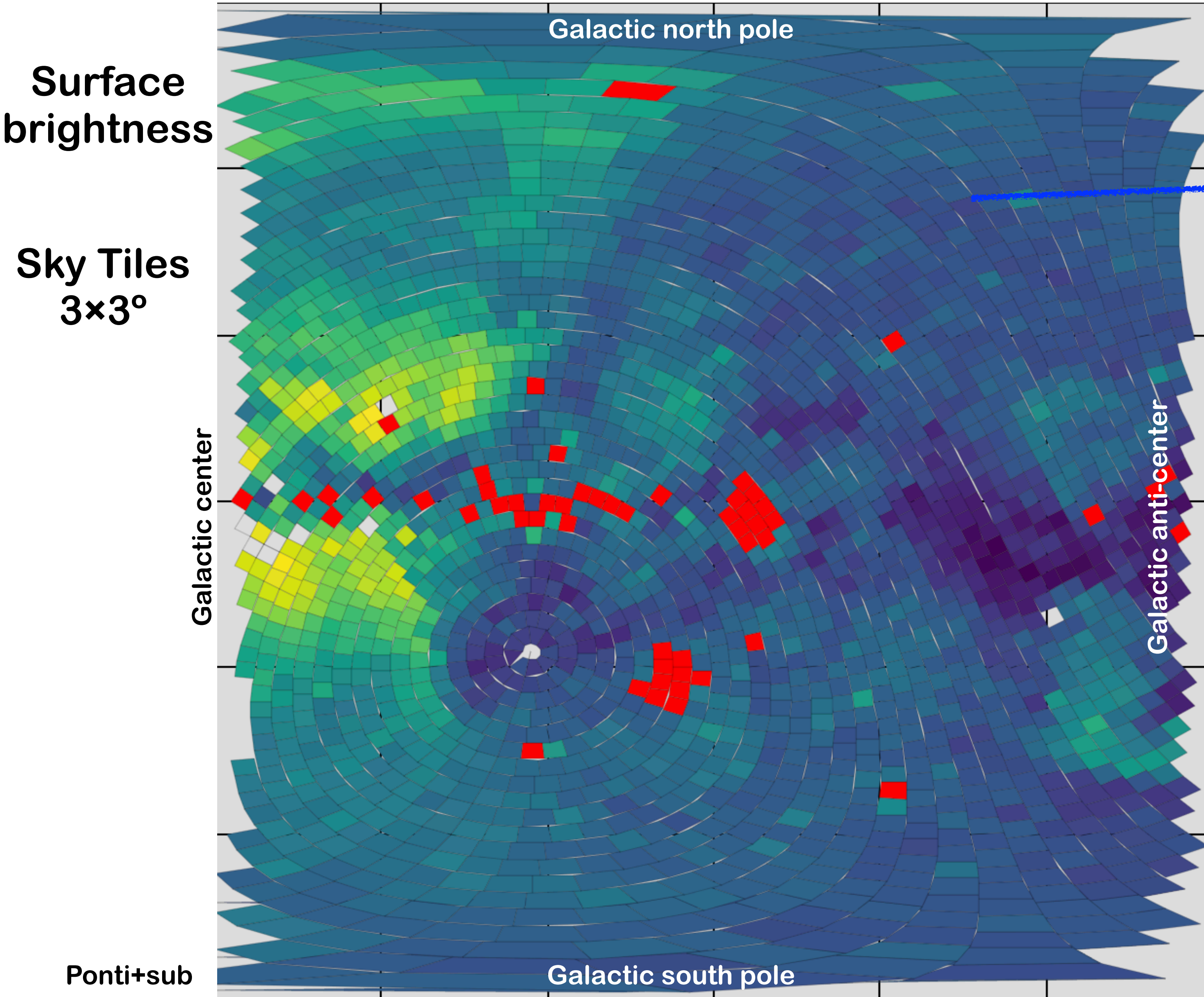
Surface  
brightness

Sky Tiles  
3×3°



Ponti+sub

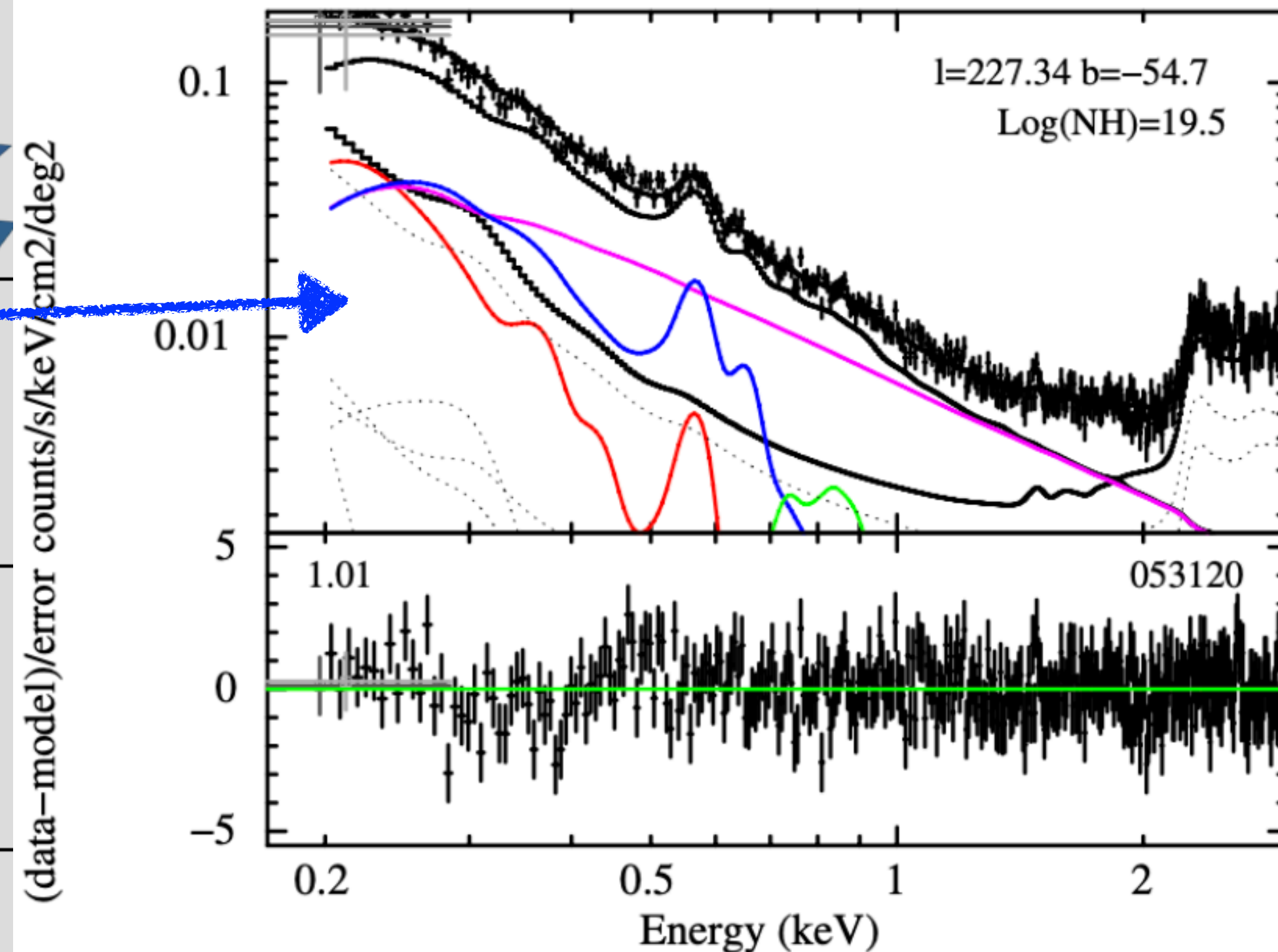
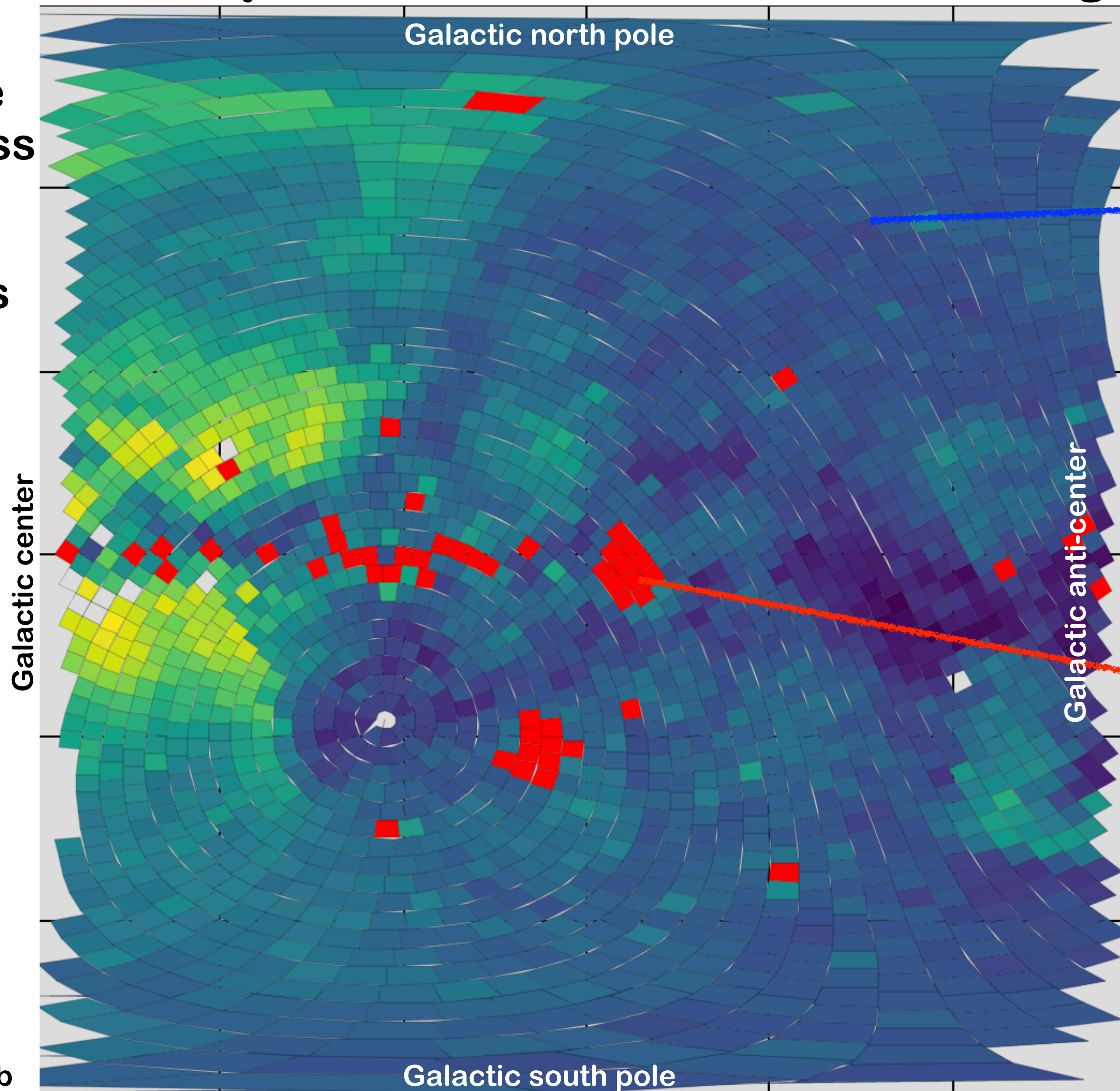
# The composition of the X-ray background



# The composition of the X-ray background

Surface  
brightness

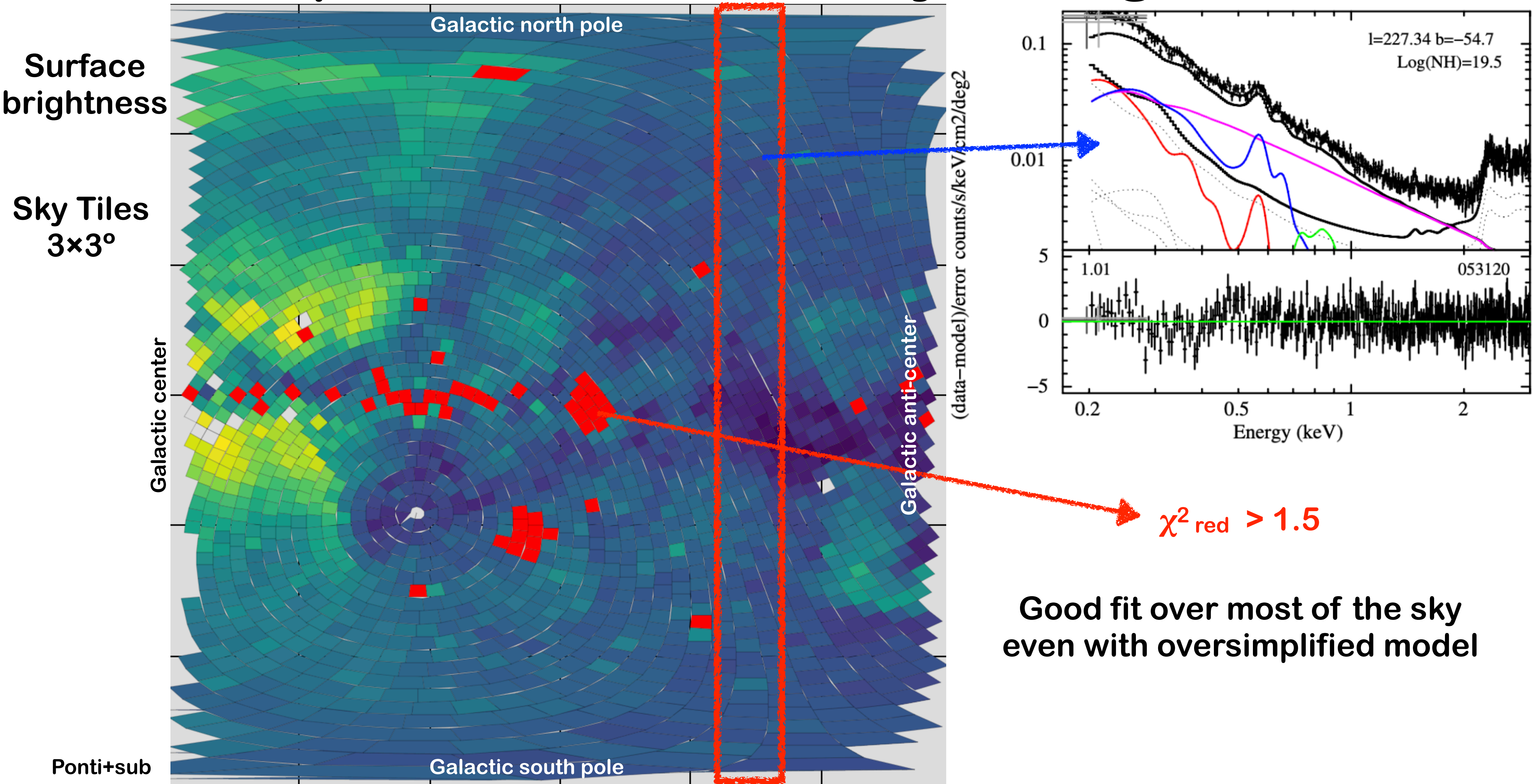
Sky Tiles  
3×3°



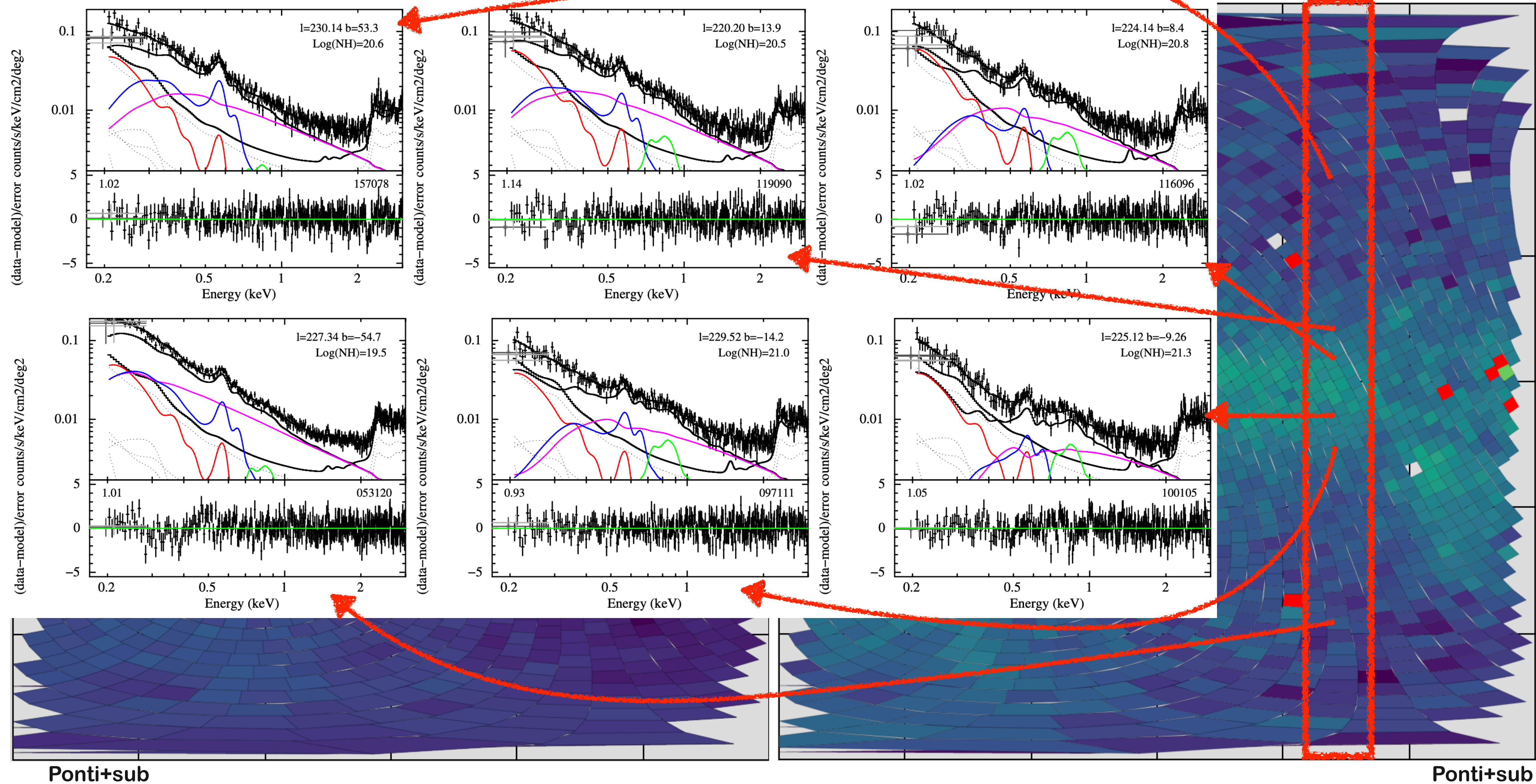
$\chi^2_{red} > 1.5$

Good fit over most of the sky  
even with oversimplified model

# The composition of the X-ray background

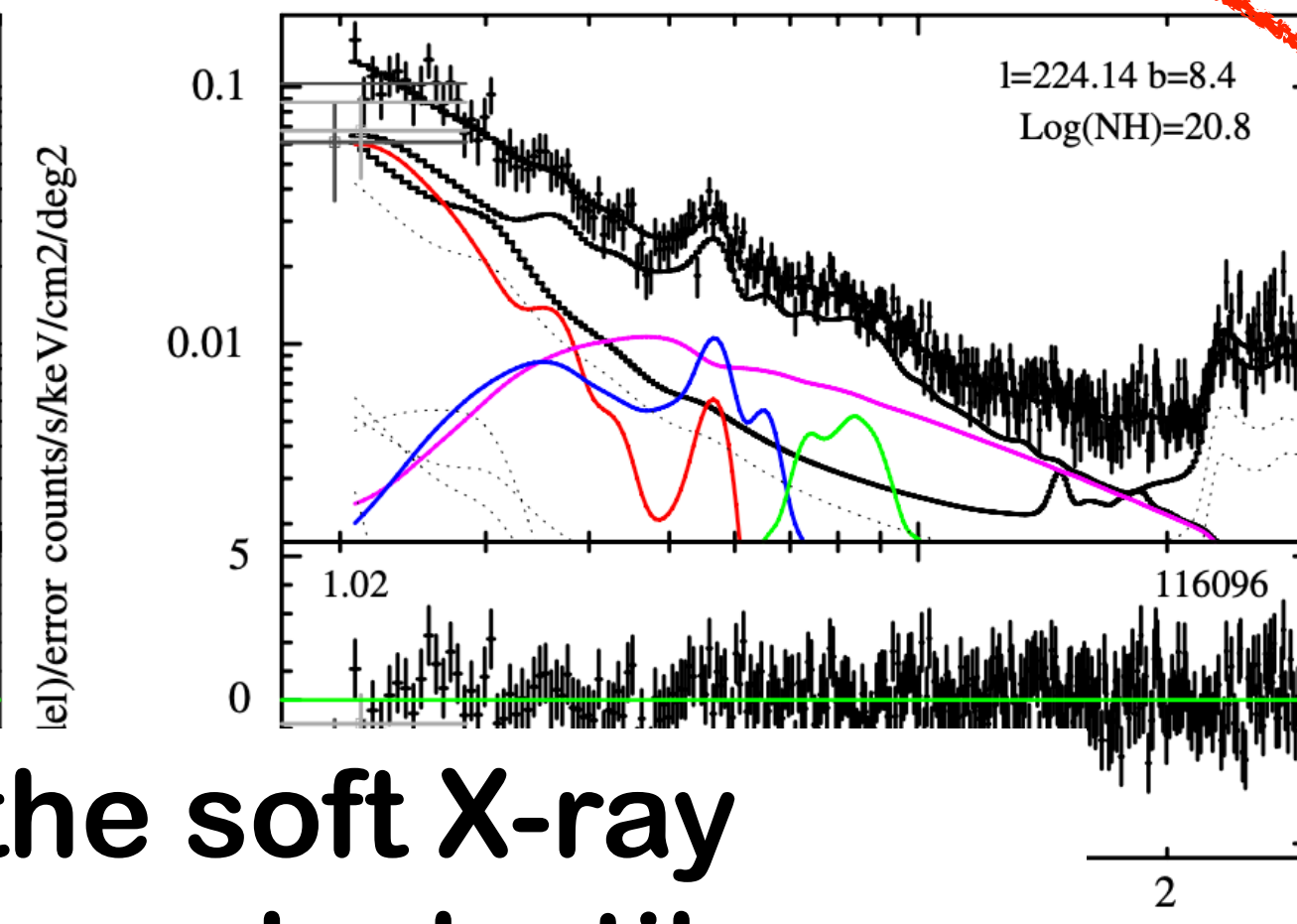
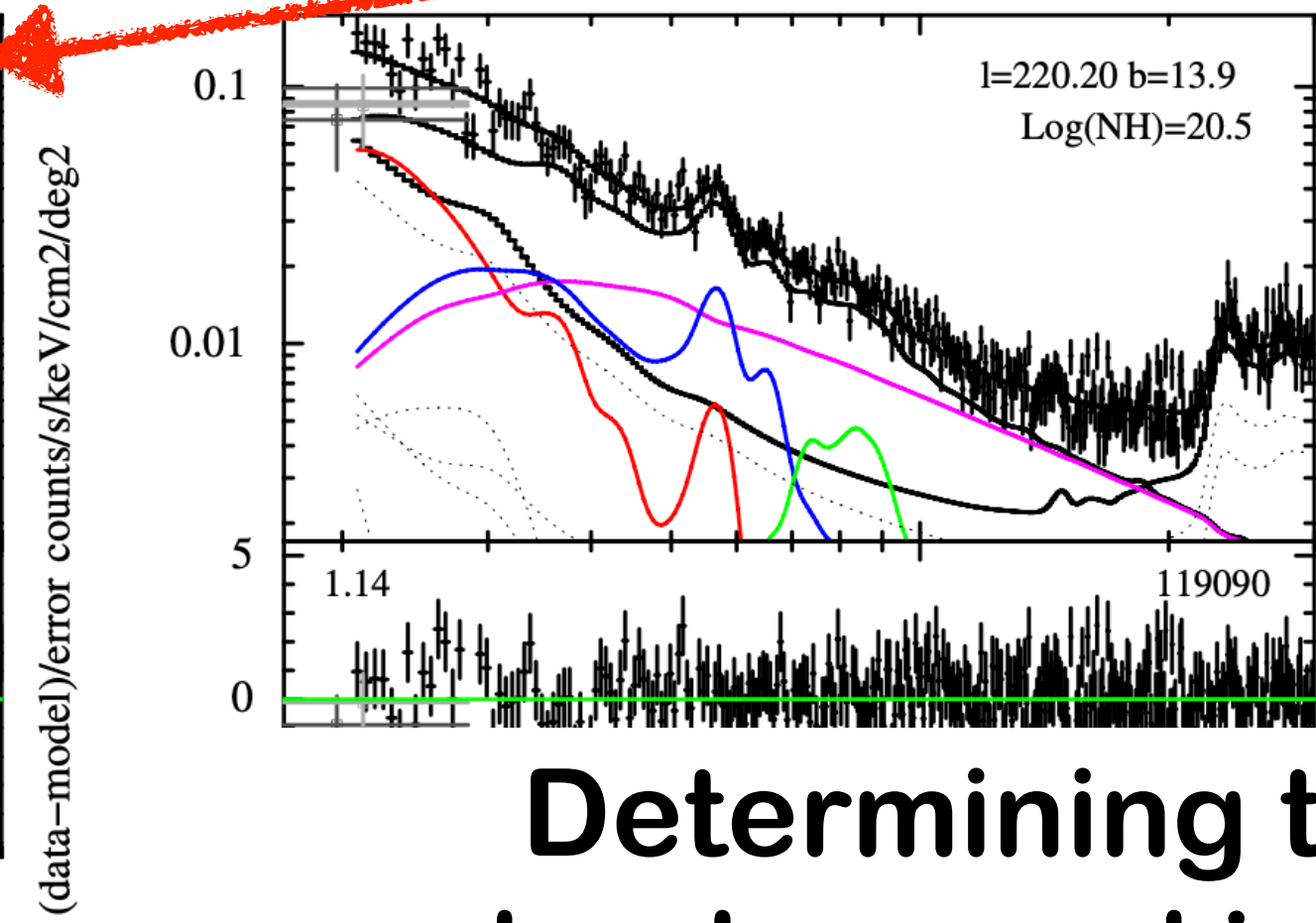
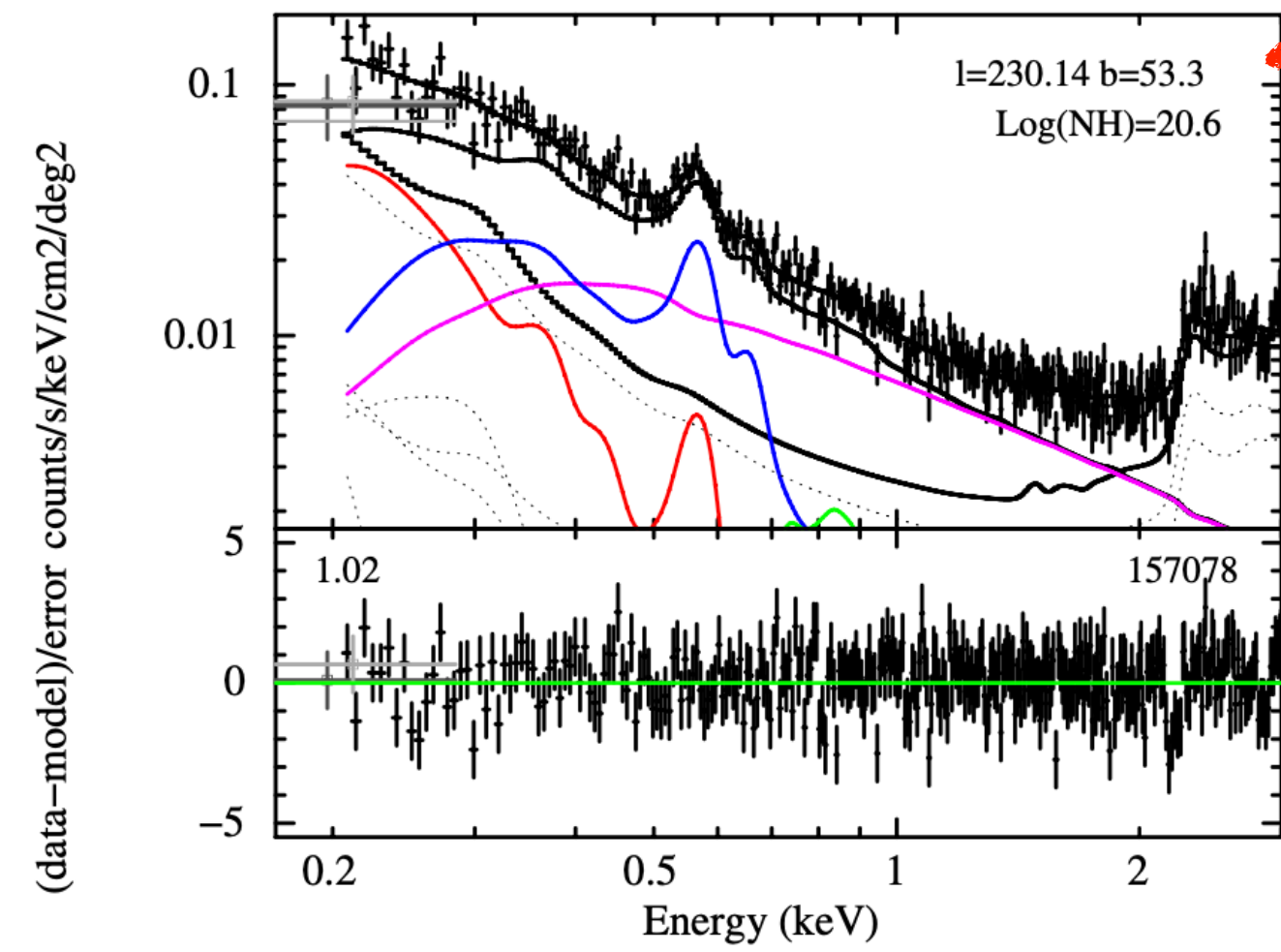


# Spectral variations over the half-sky

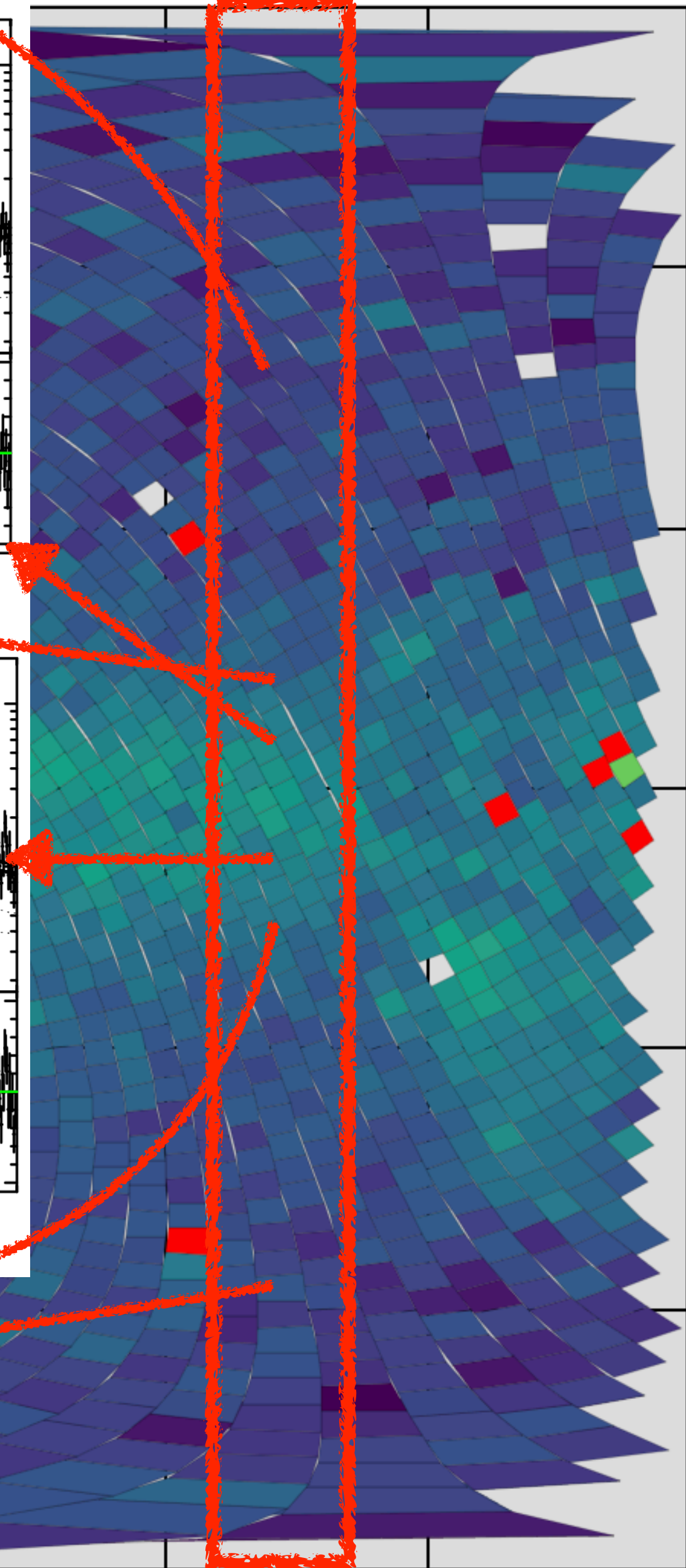
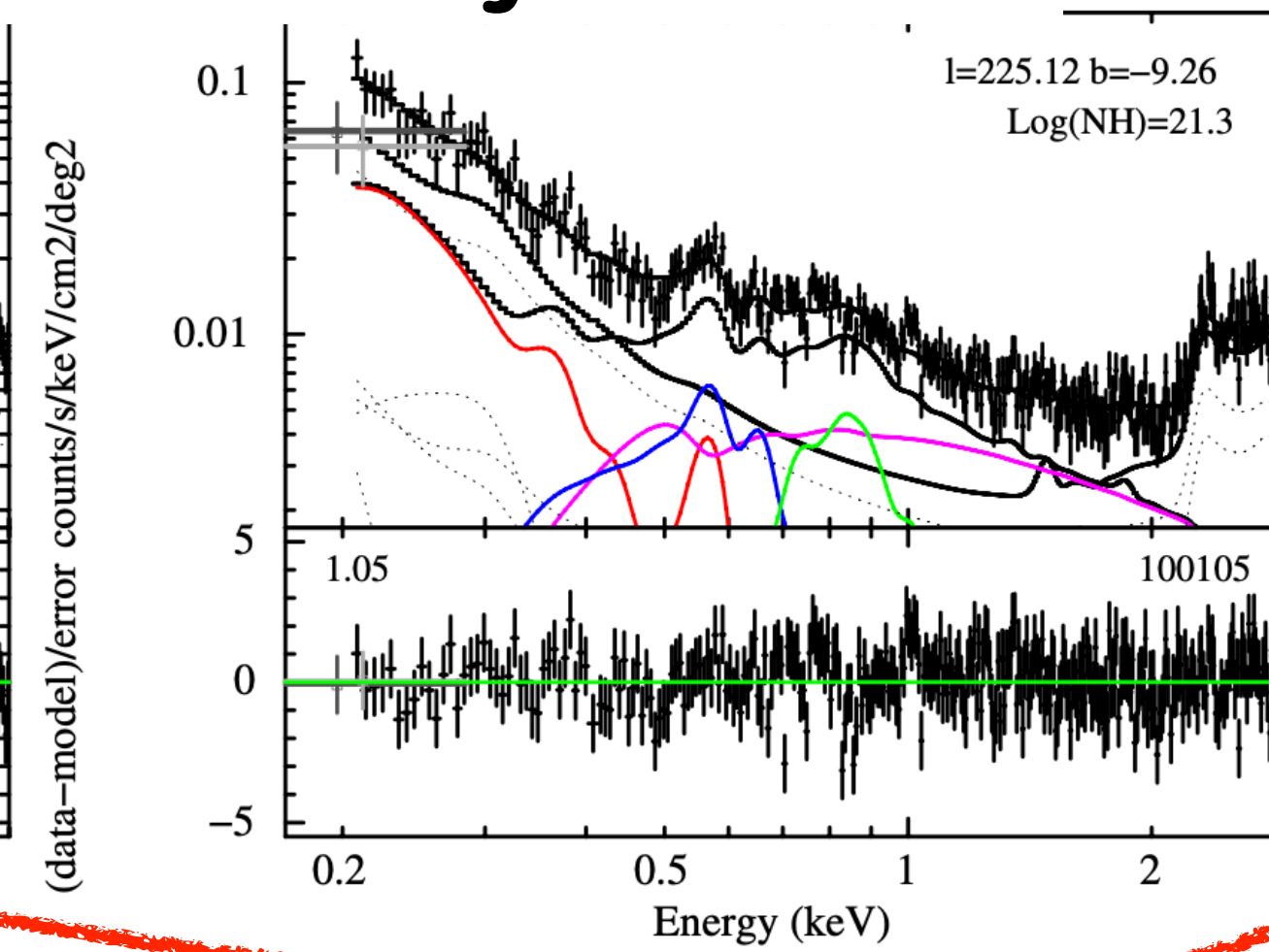
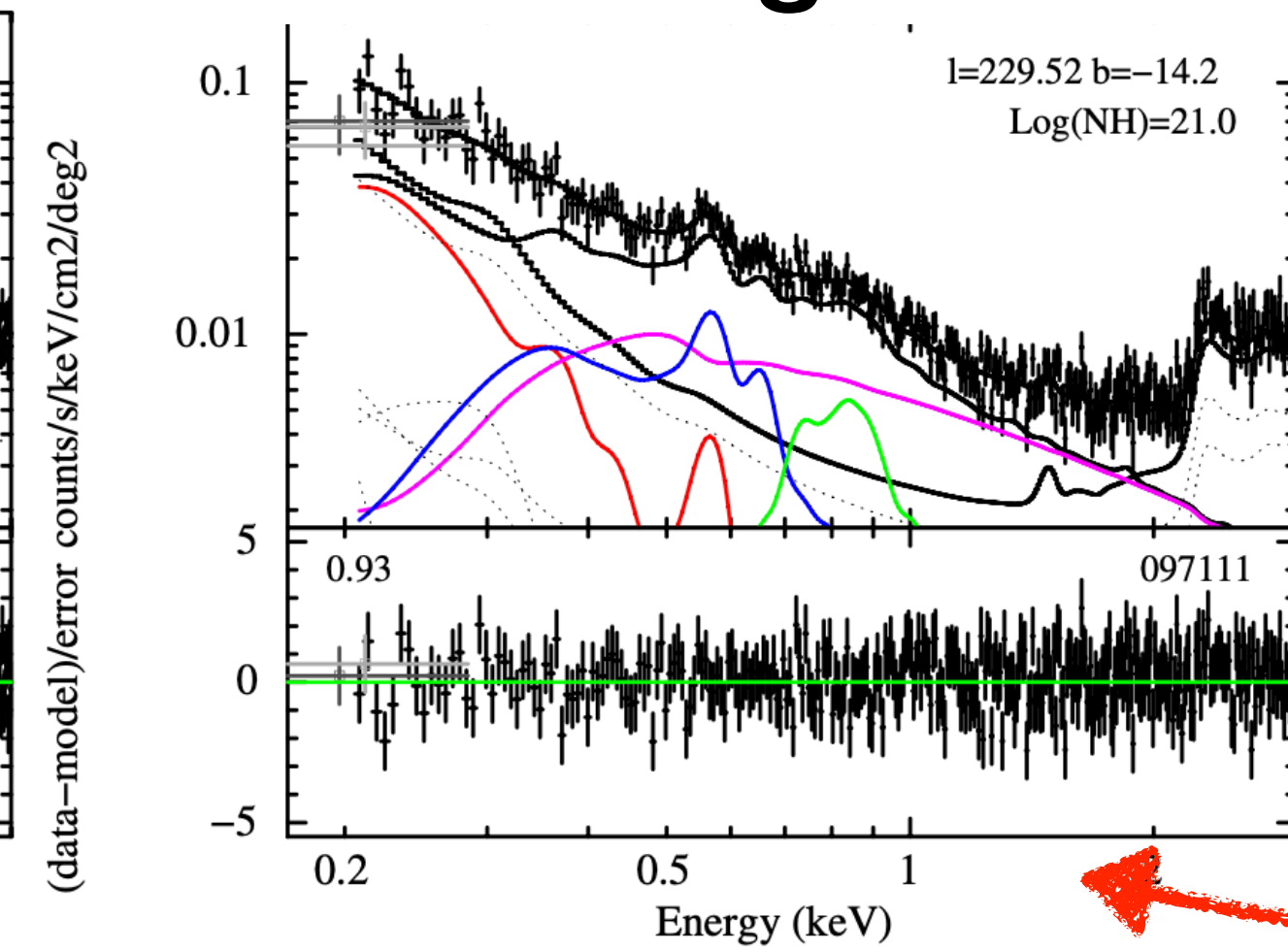
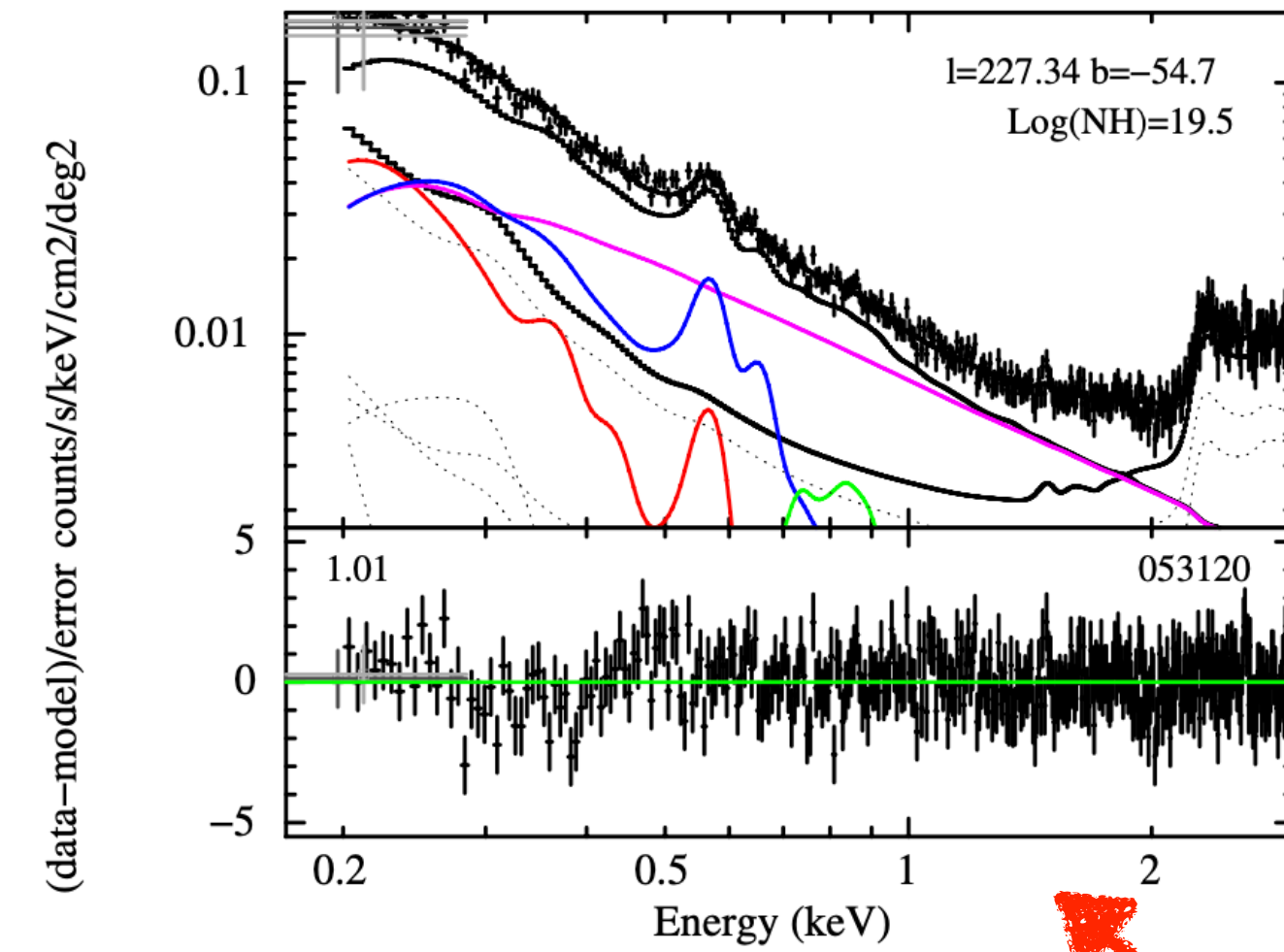




# Spectral variations over the half-sky



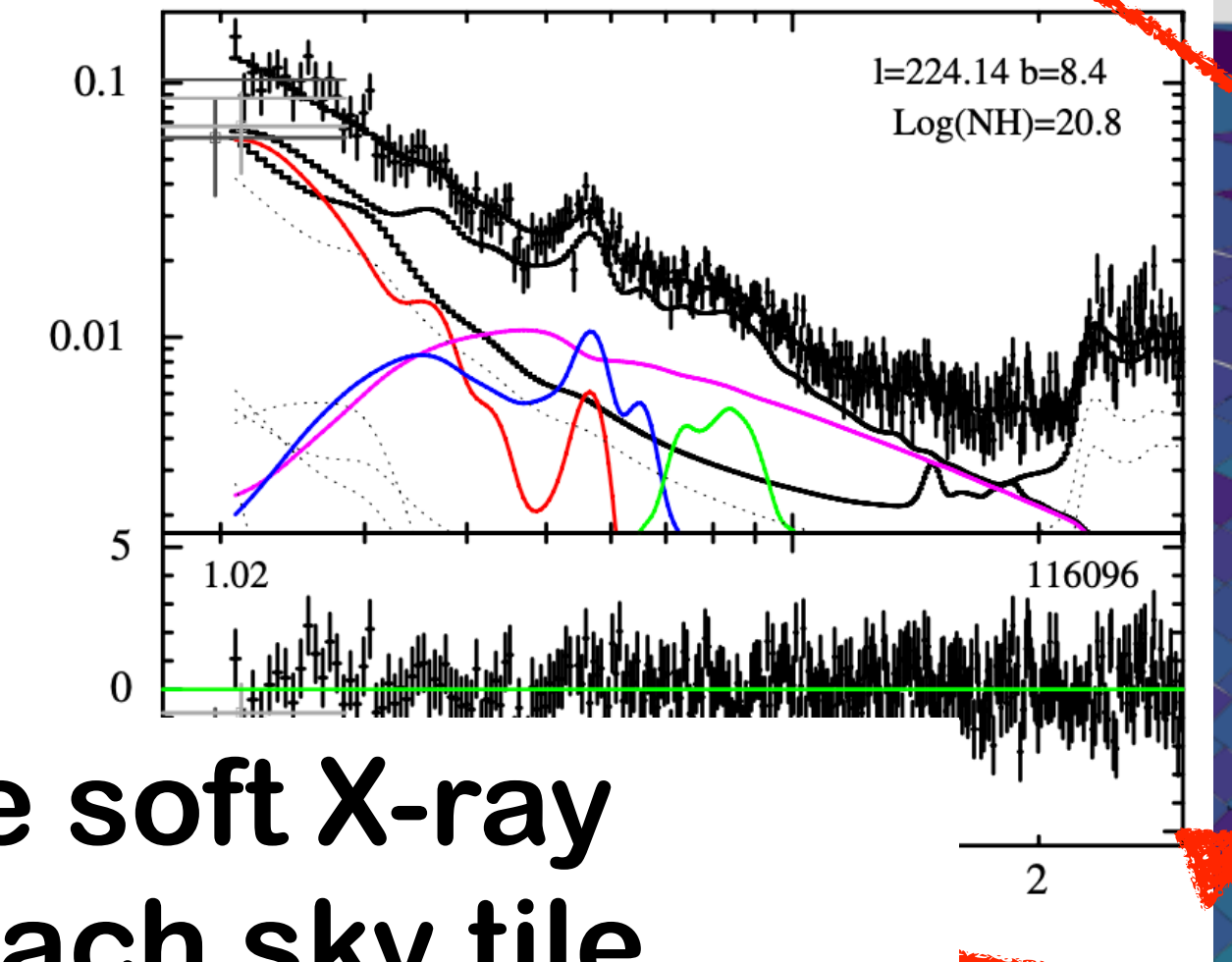
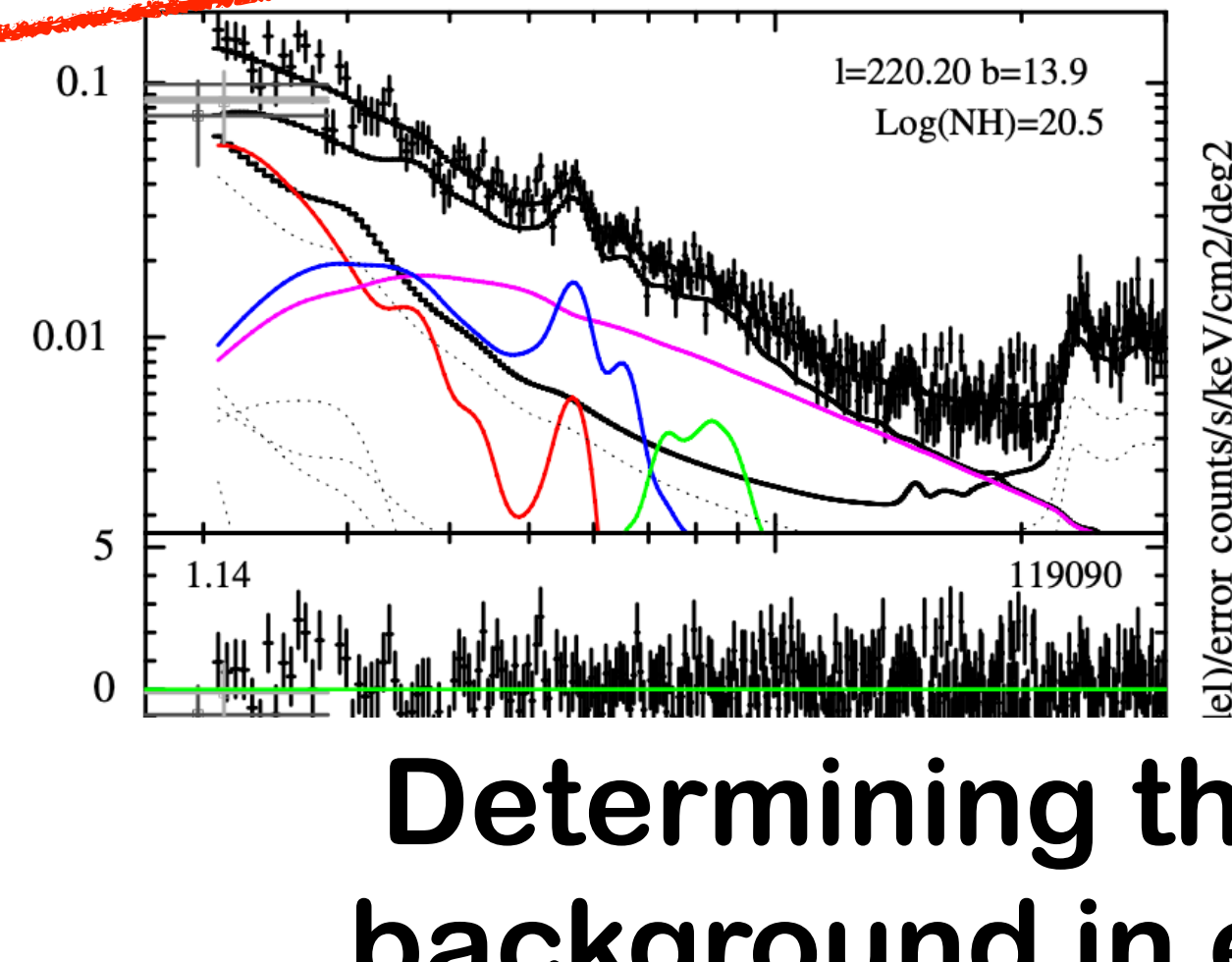
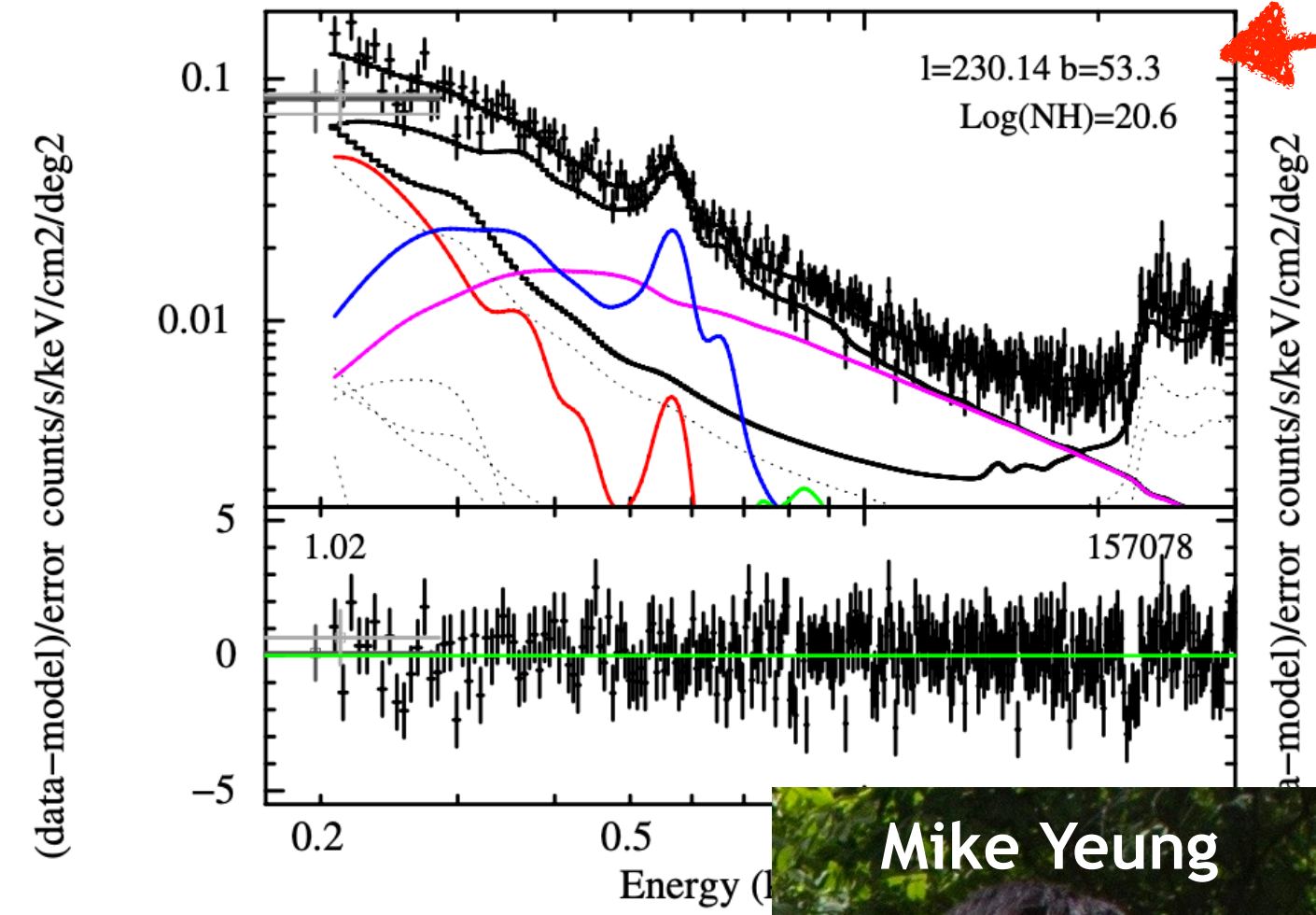
Determining the soft X-ray background in each sky tile



Ponti+sub

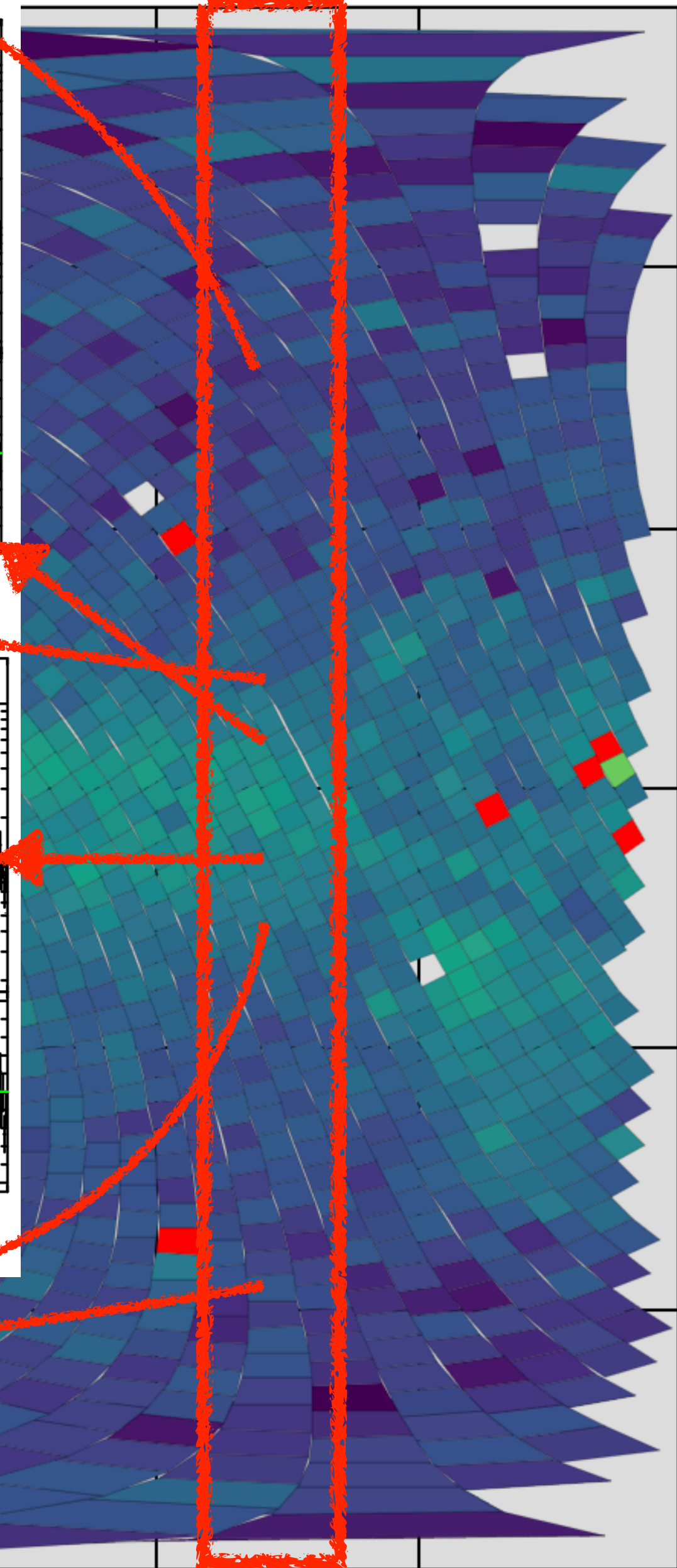
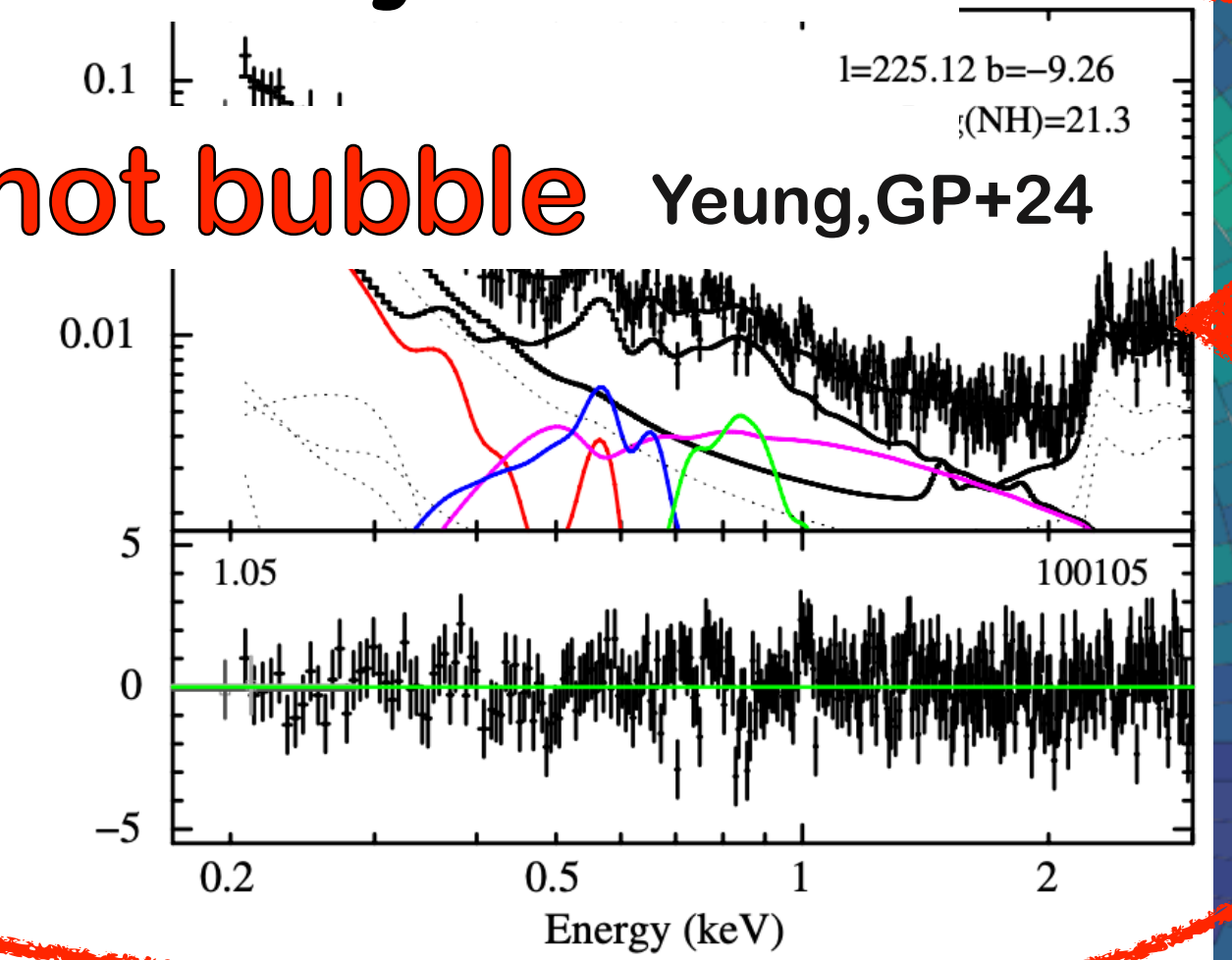
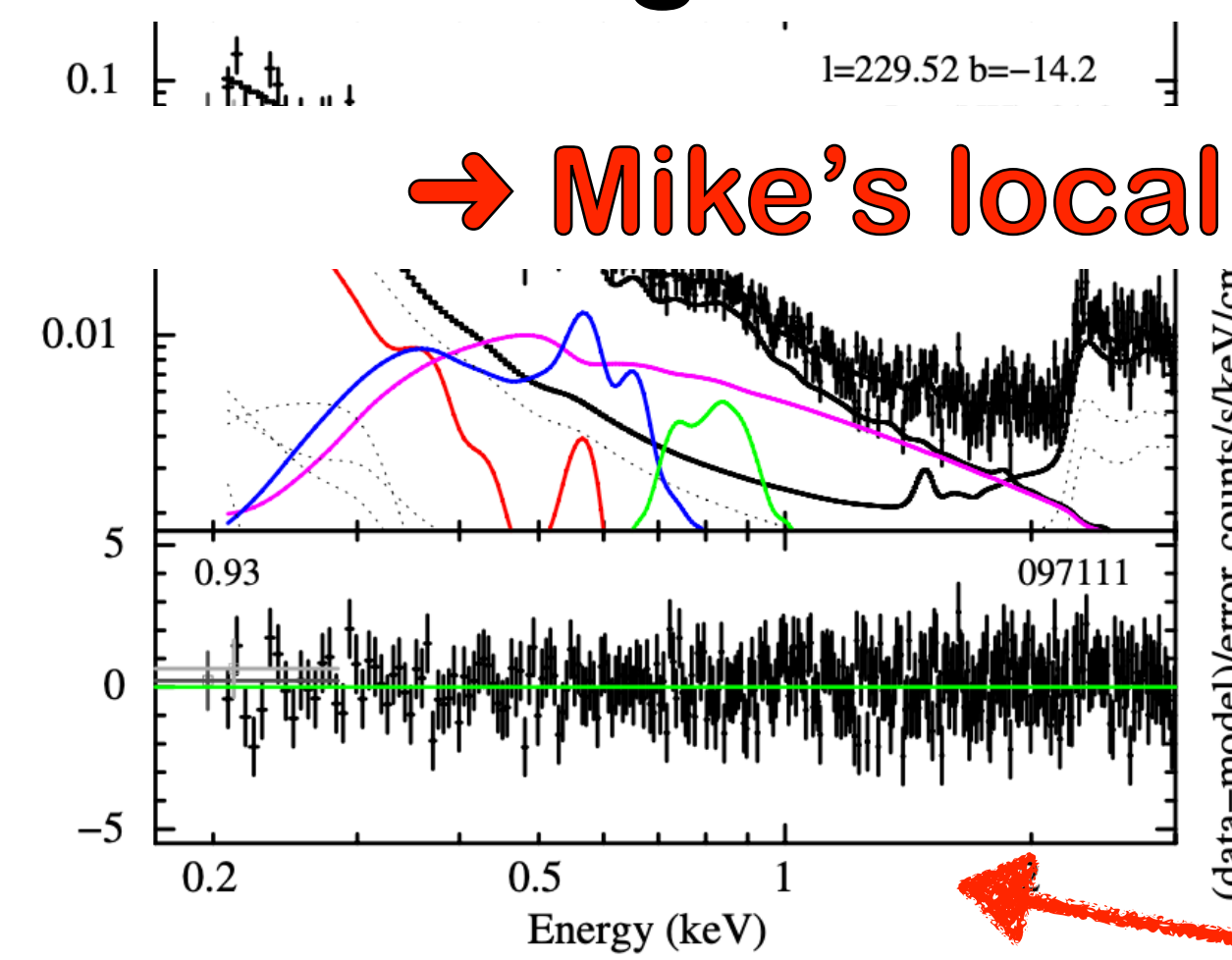
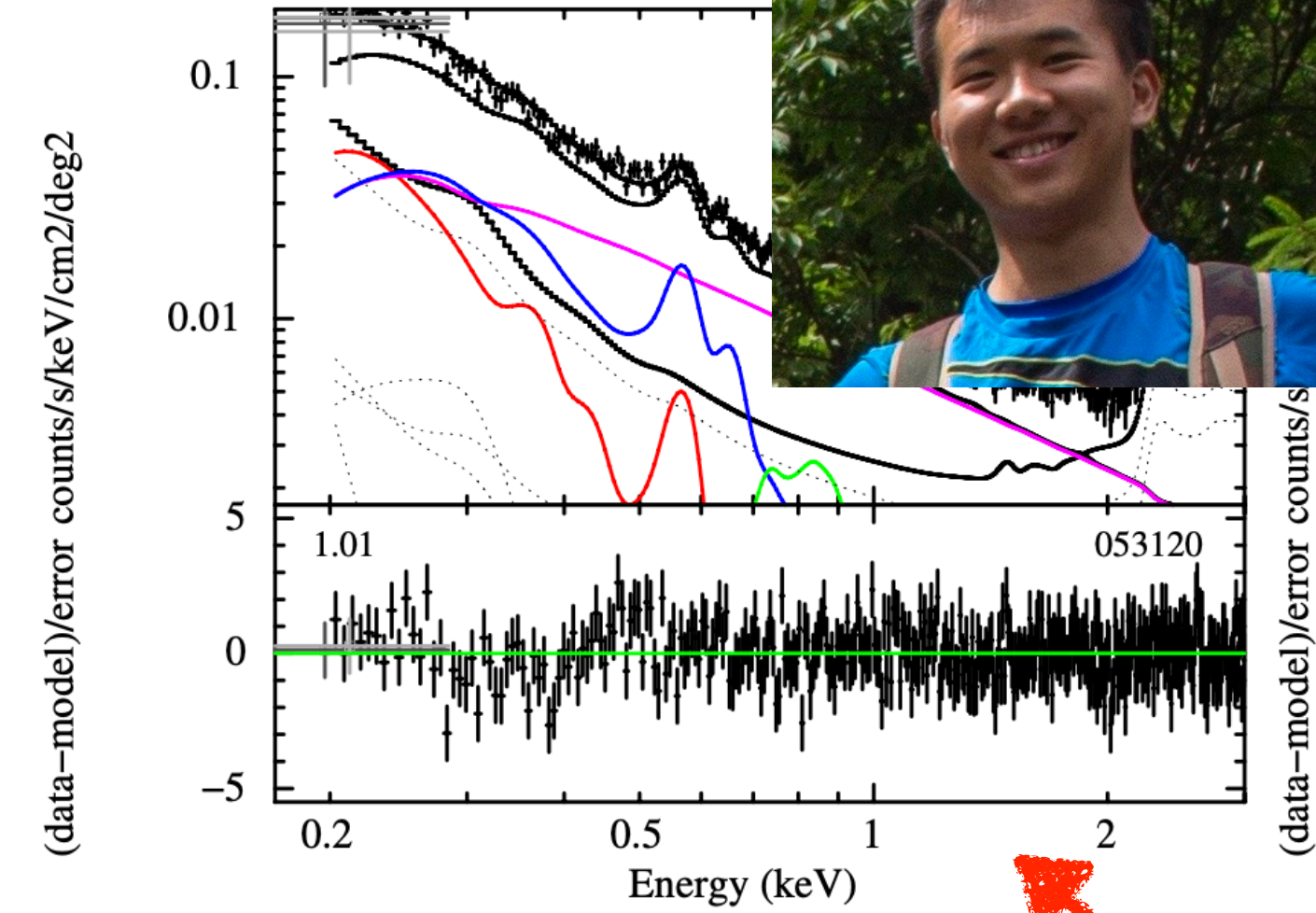
Ponti+sub

# Spectral variations over the half-sky



Determining the soft X-ray background in each sky tile

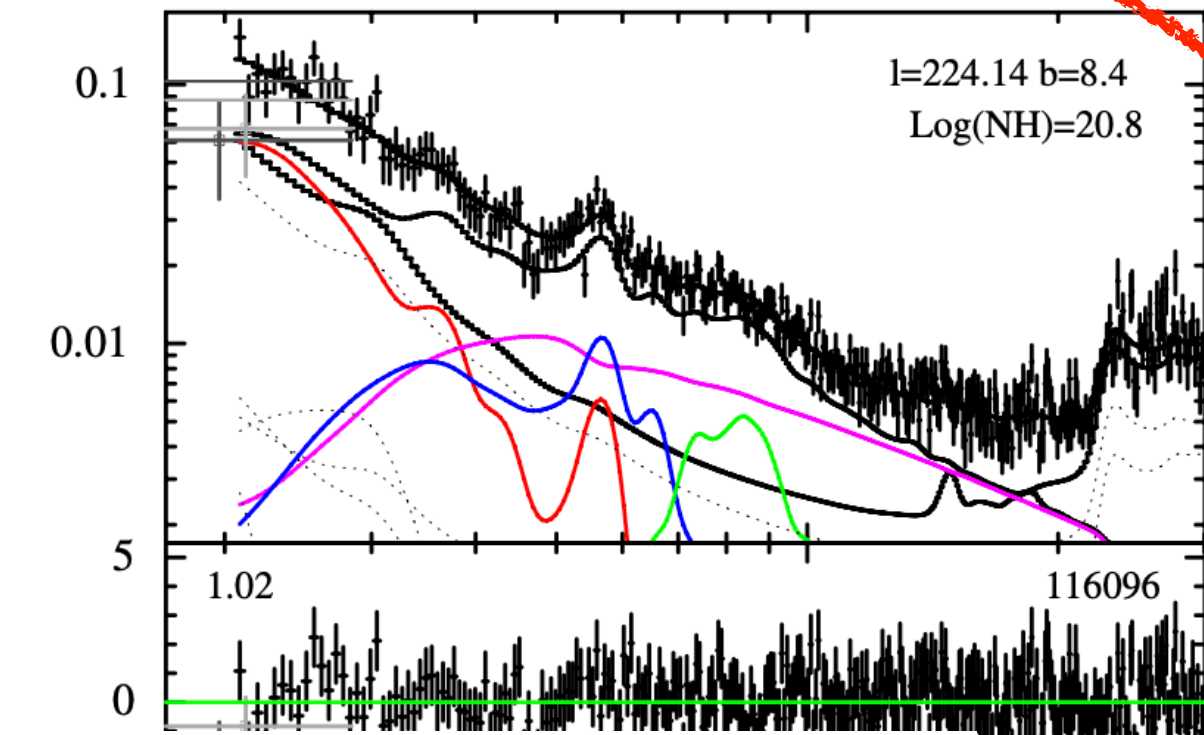
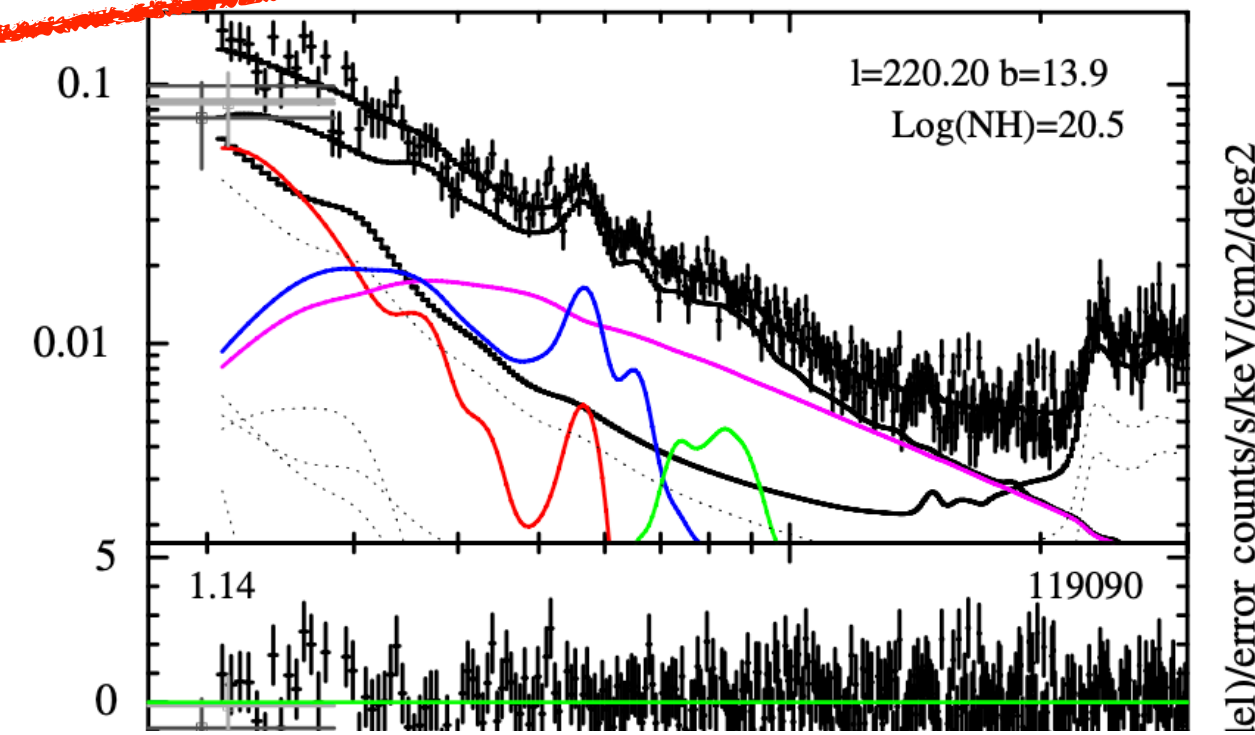
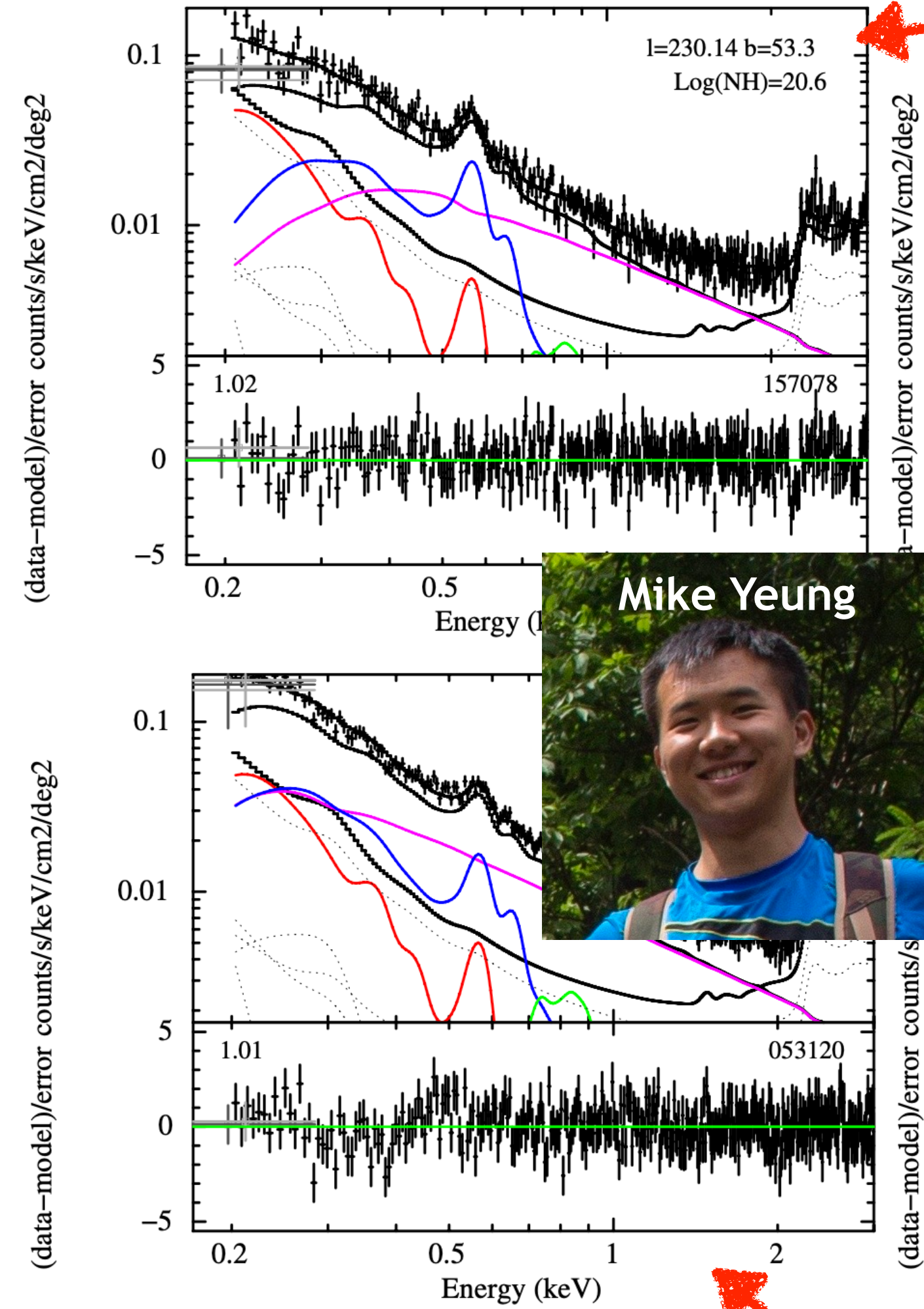
→ Mike's local hot bubble Yeung, GP+24



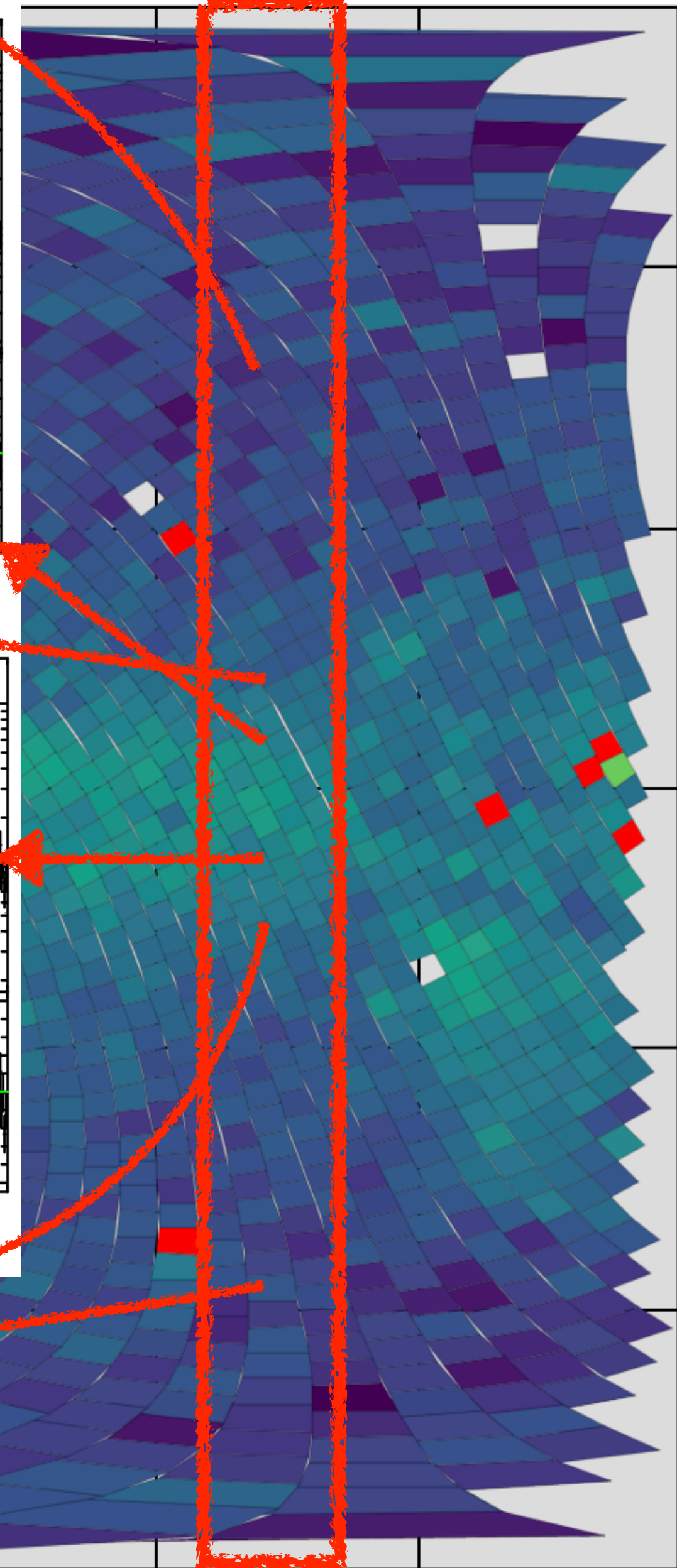
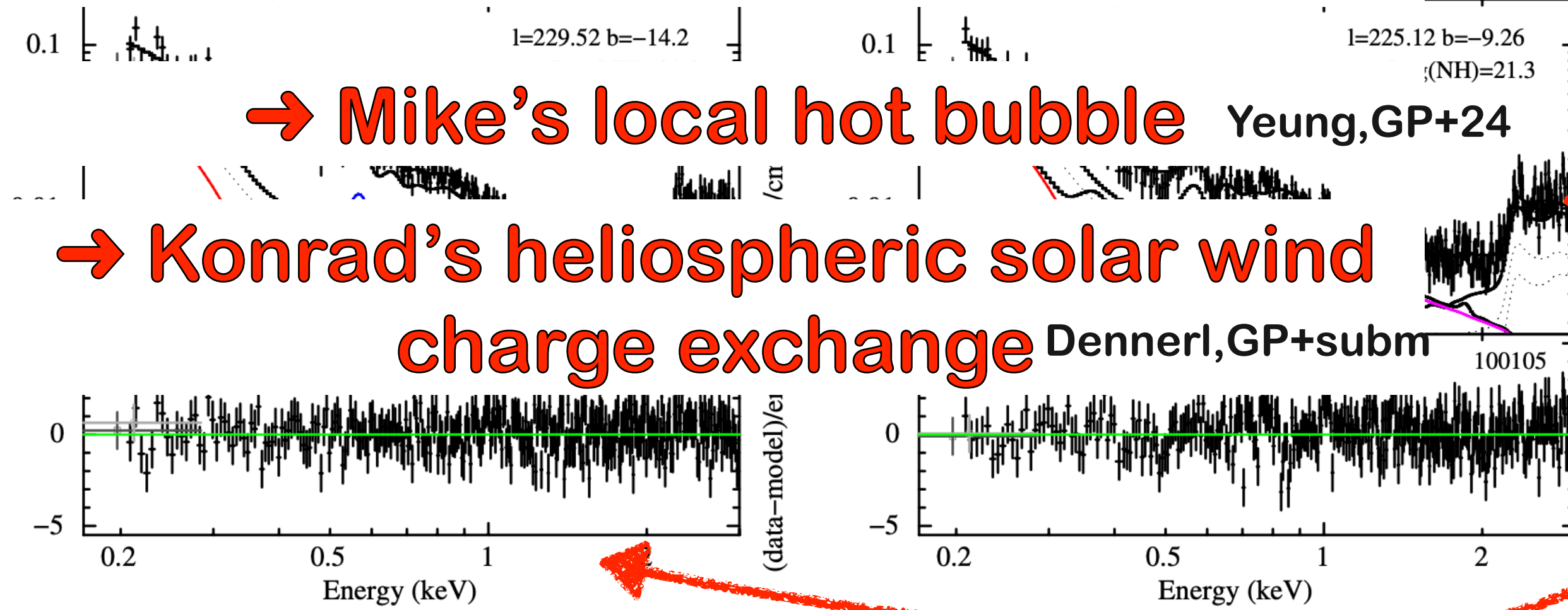
Ponti+sub

Ponti+sub

# Spectral variations over the half-sky



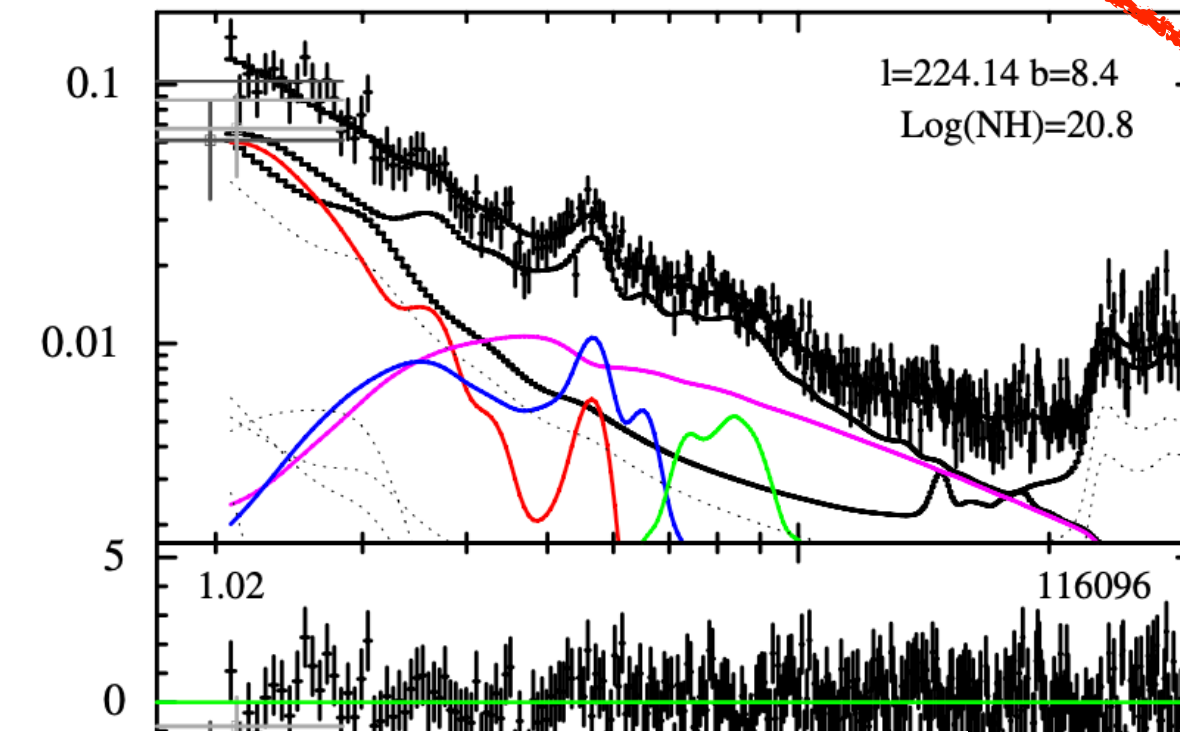
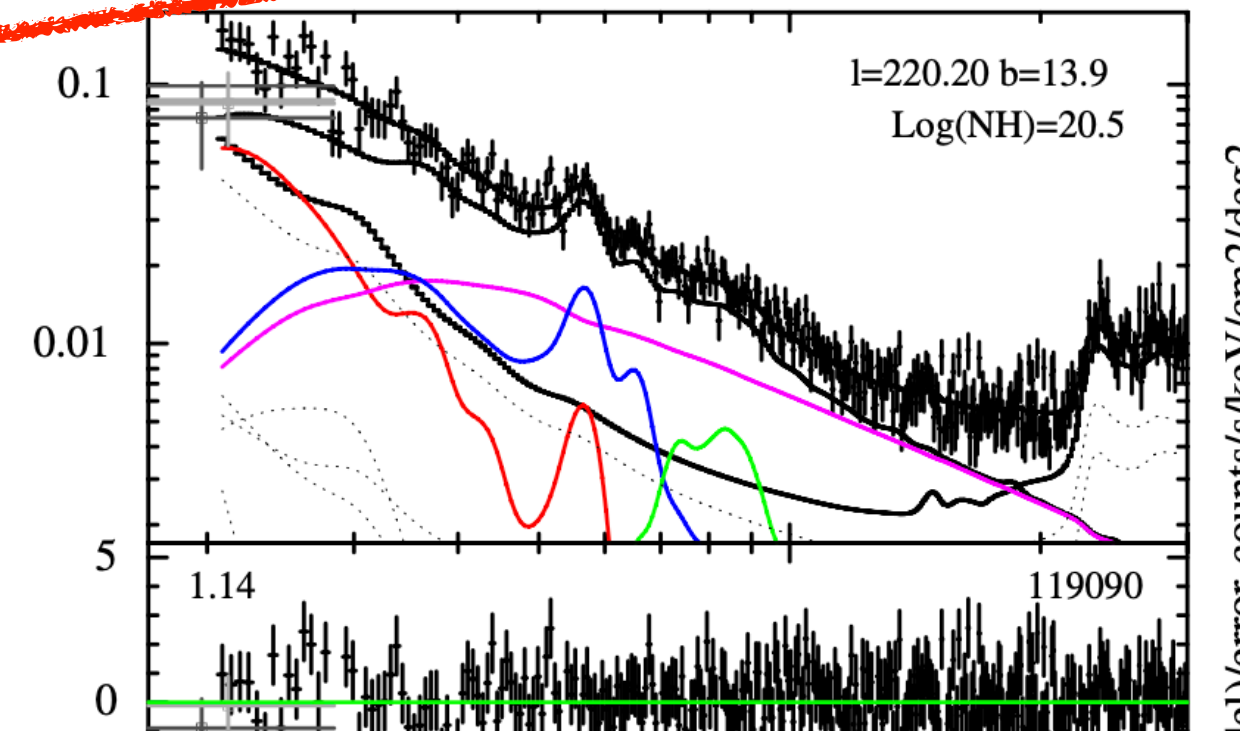
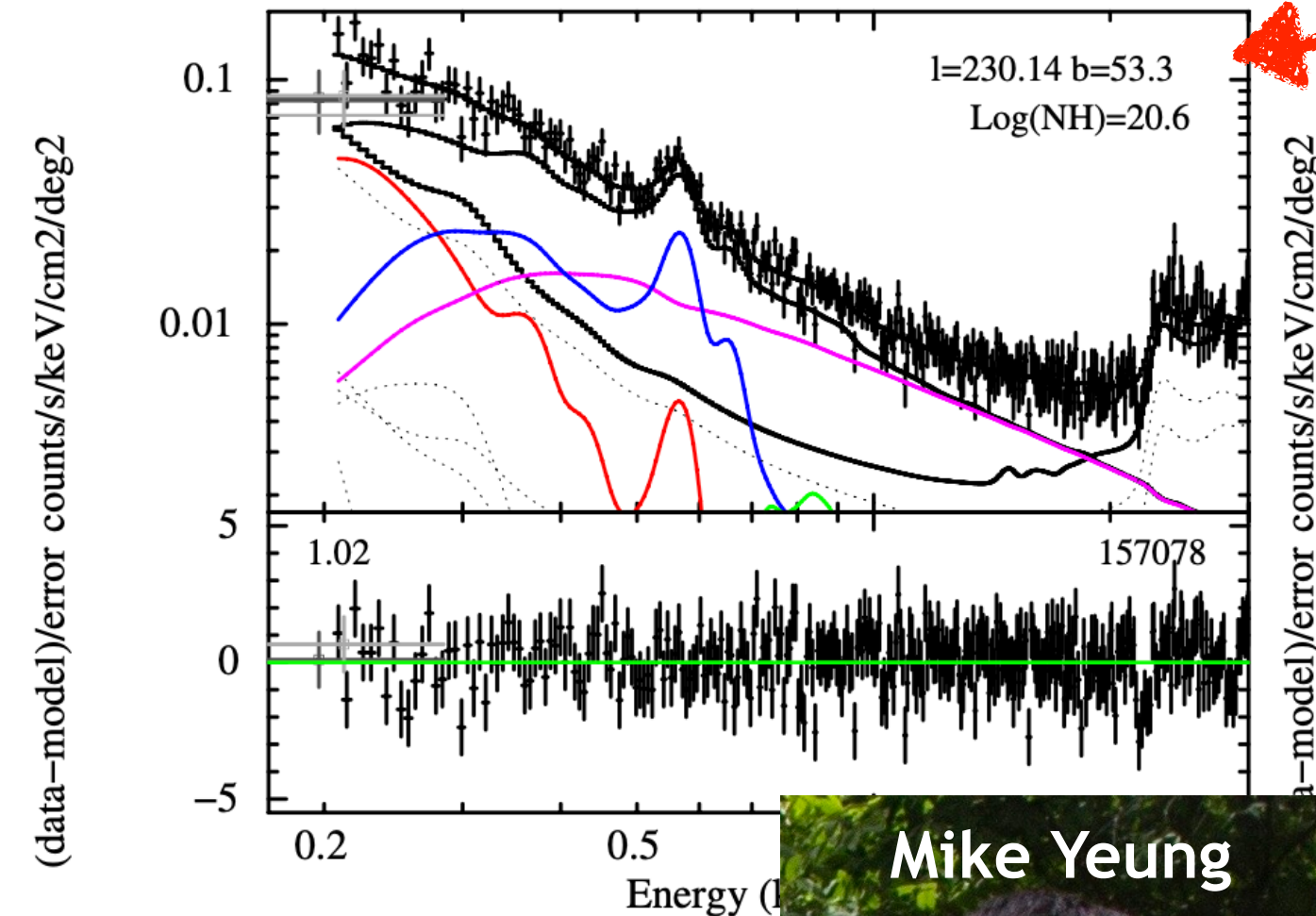
Determining the soft X-ray background in each sky tile



Ponti+sub

Ponti+sub

# Spectral variations over the half-sky

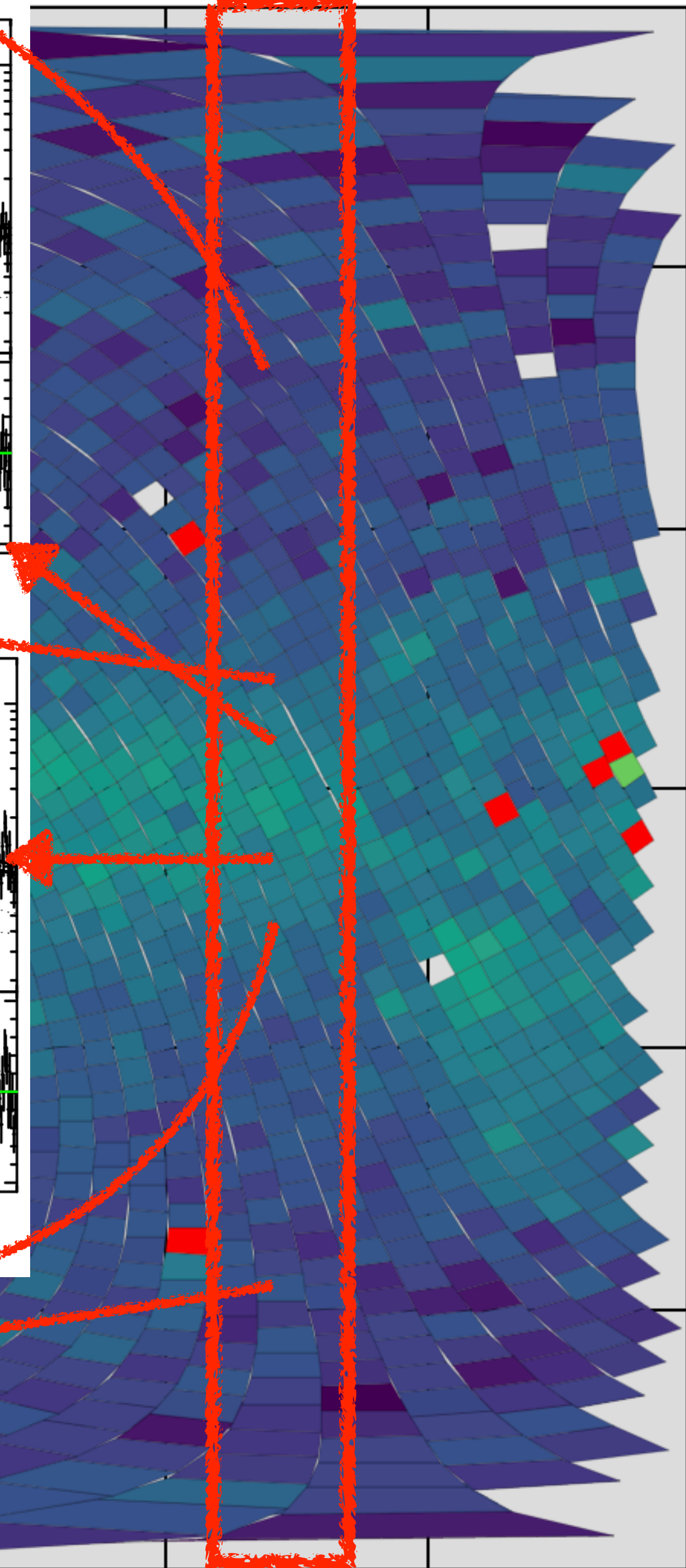
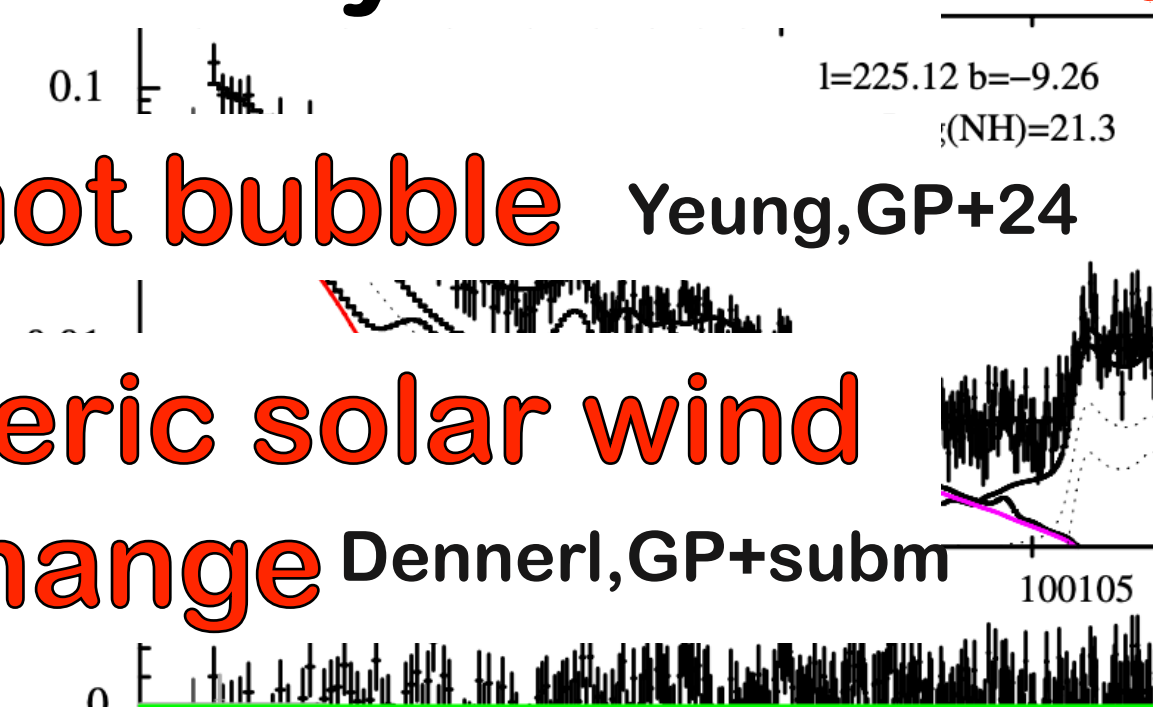
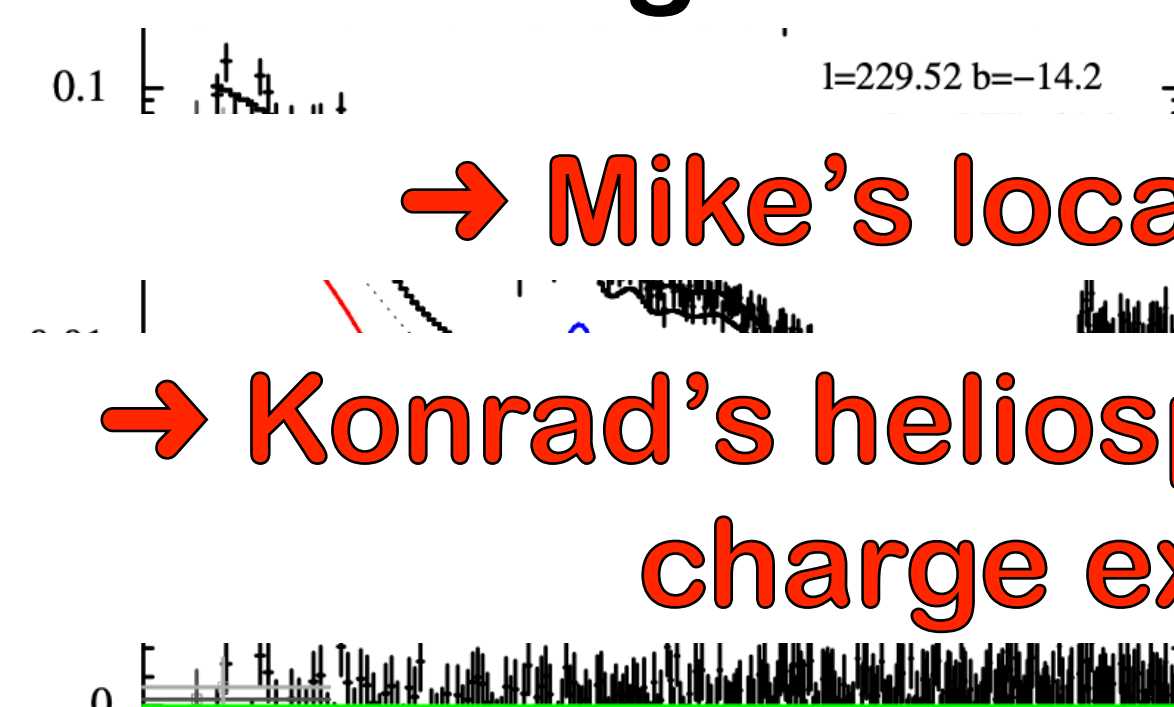
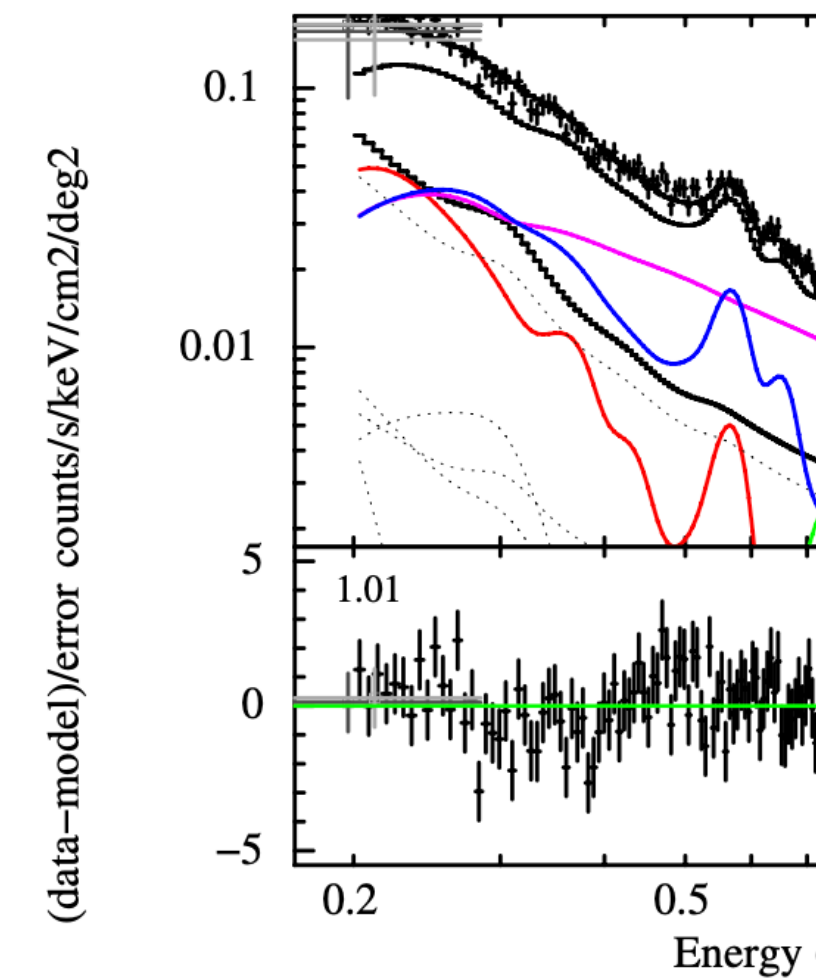


Determining the soft X-ray background in each sky tile

→ Mike's local hot bubble Yeung, GP+24

→ Konrad's heliospheric solar wind charge exchange Dennerl, GP+subm

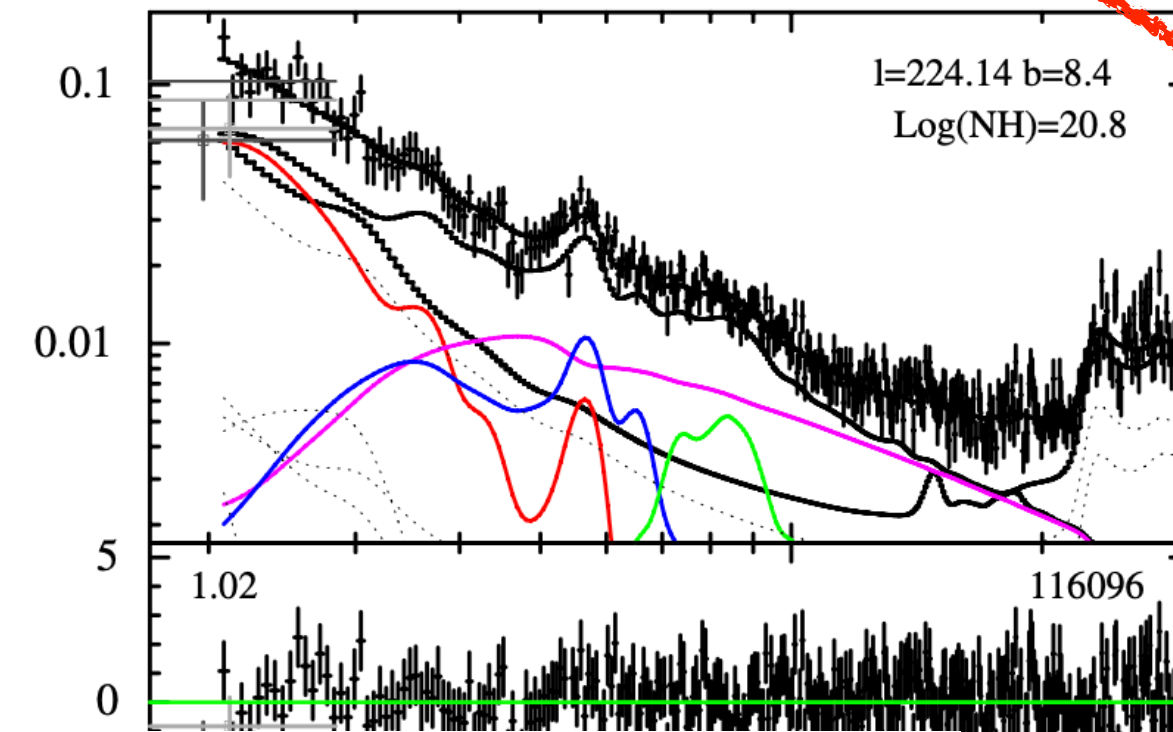
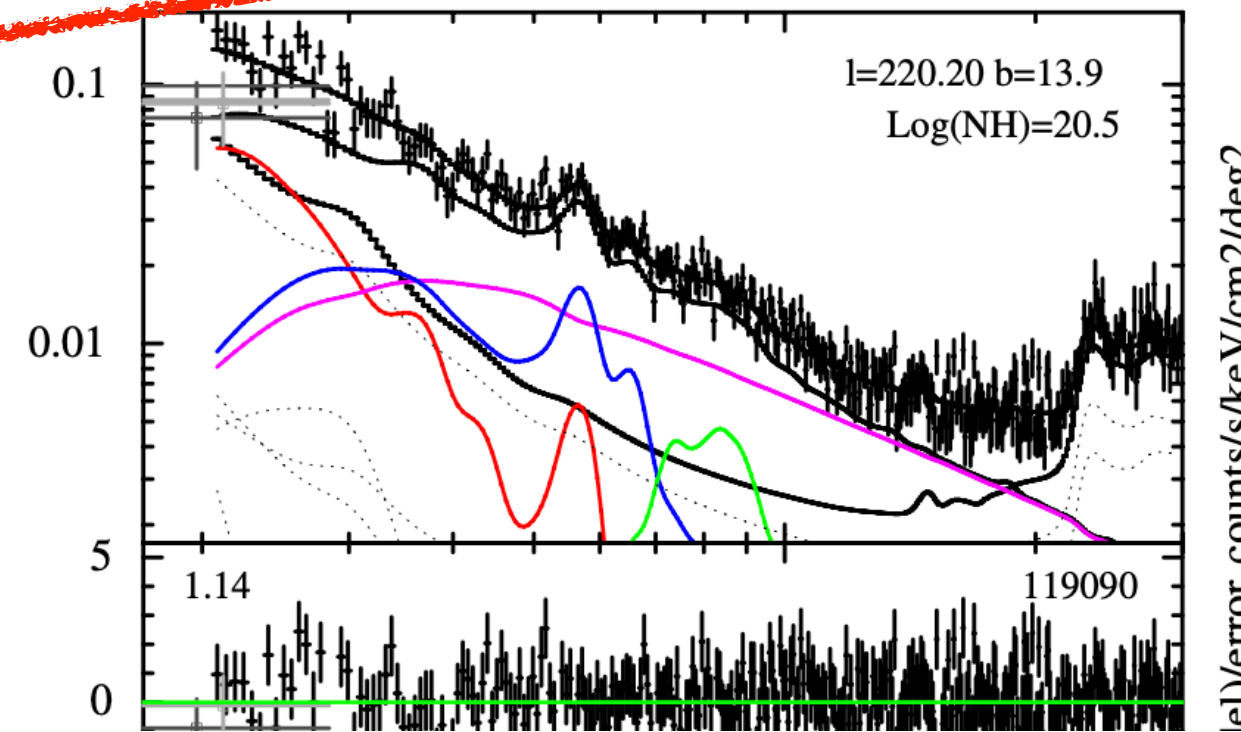
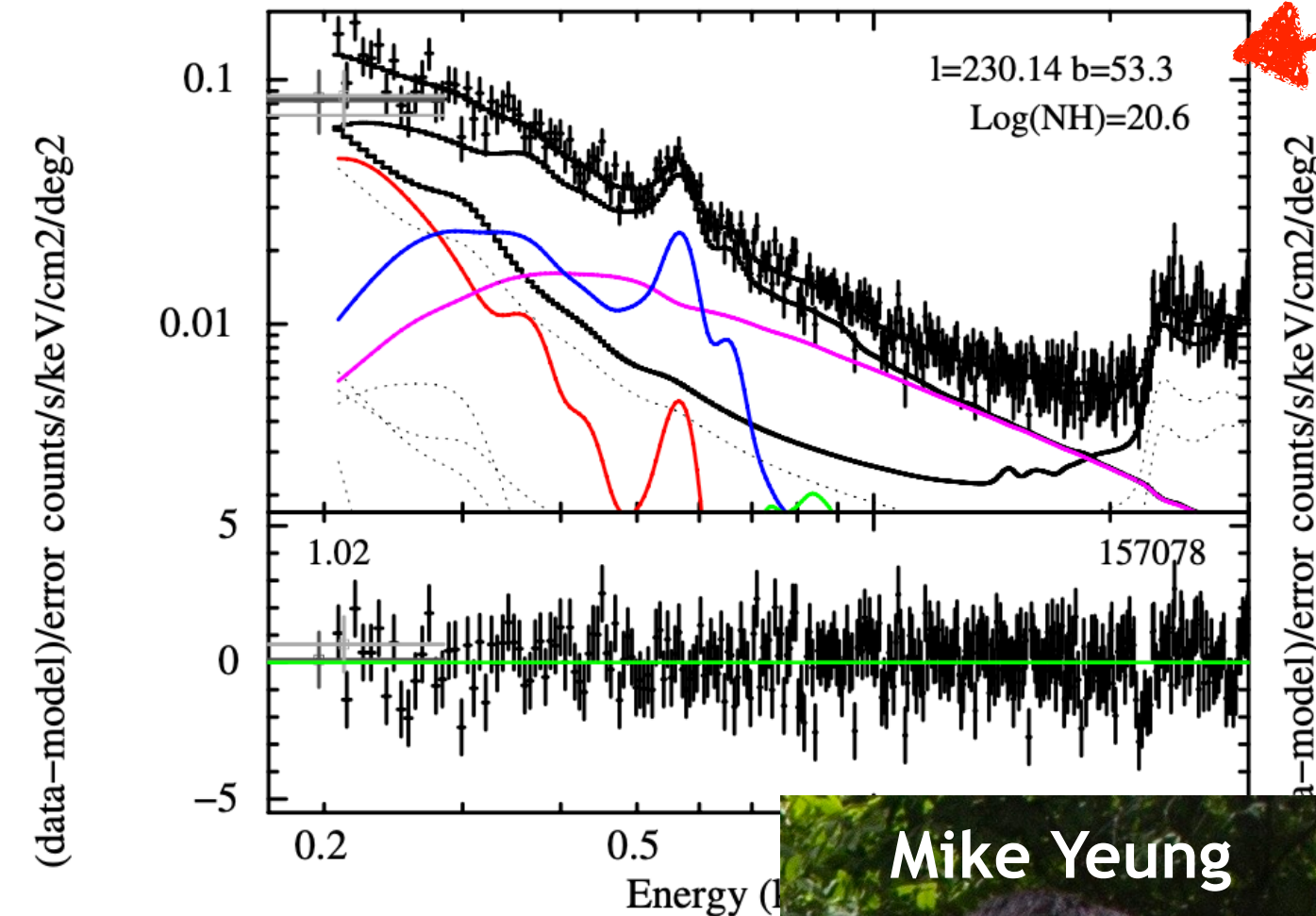
→ Mike & Martin's characterisation of eROSITA bubble



Ponti+sub

Ponti+sub

# Spectral variations over the half-sky



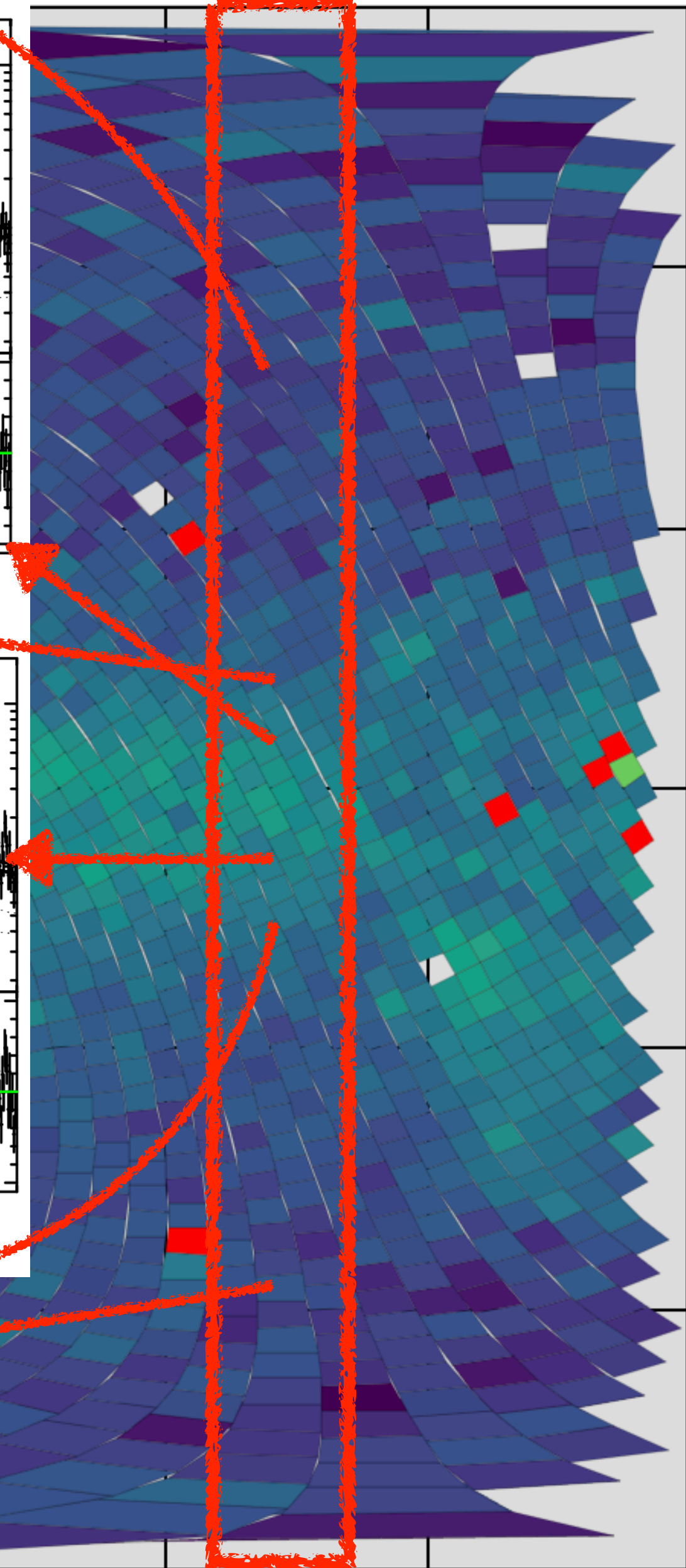
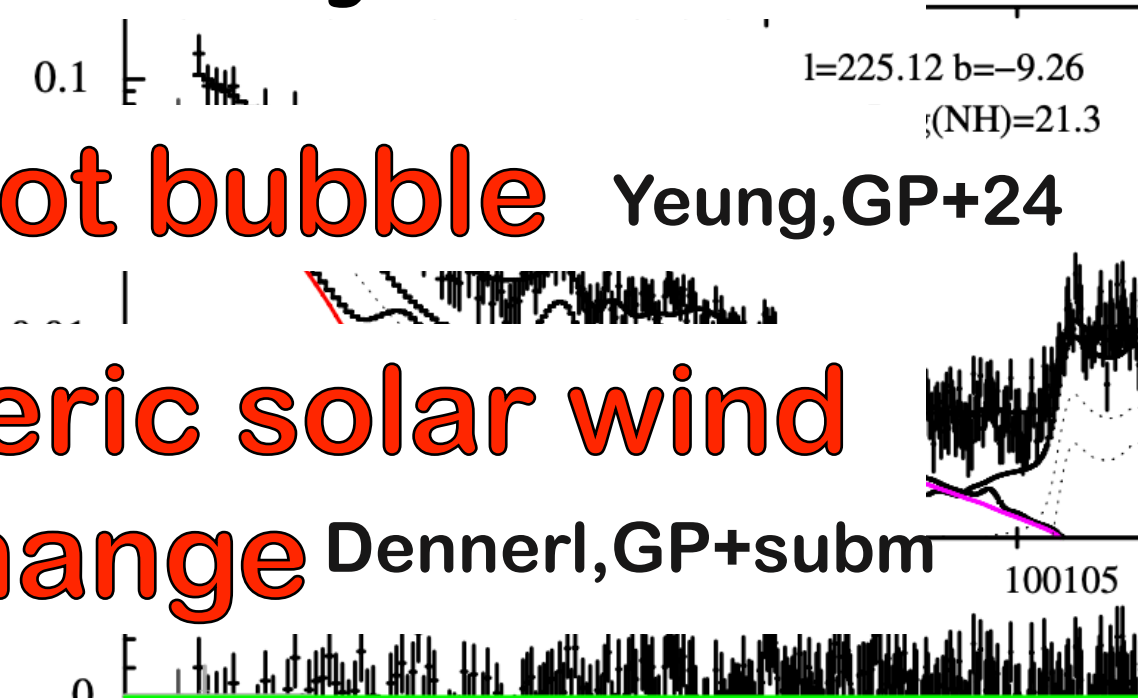
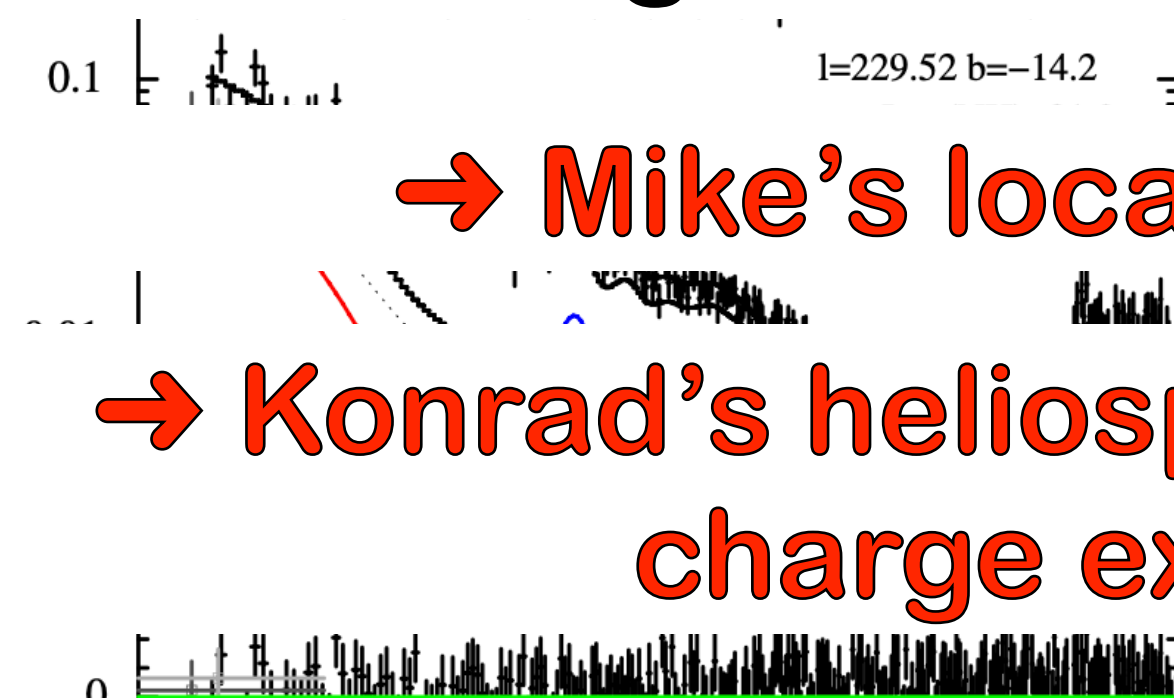
Determining the soft X-ray background in each sky tile

→ Mike's local hot bubble

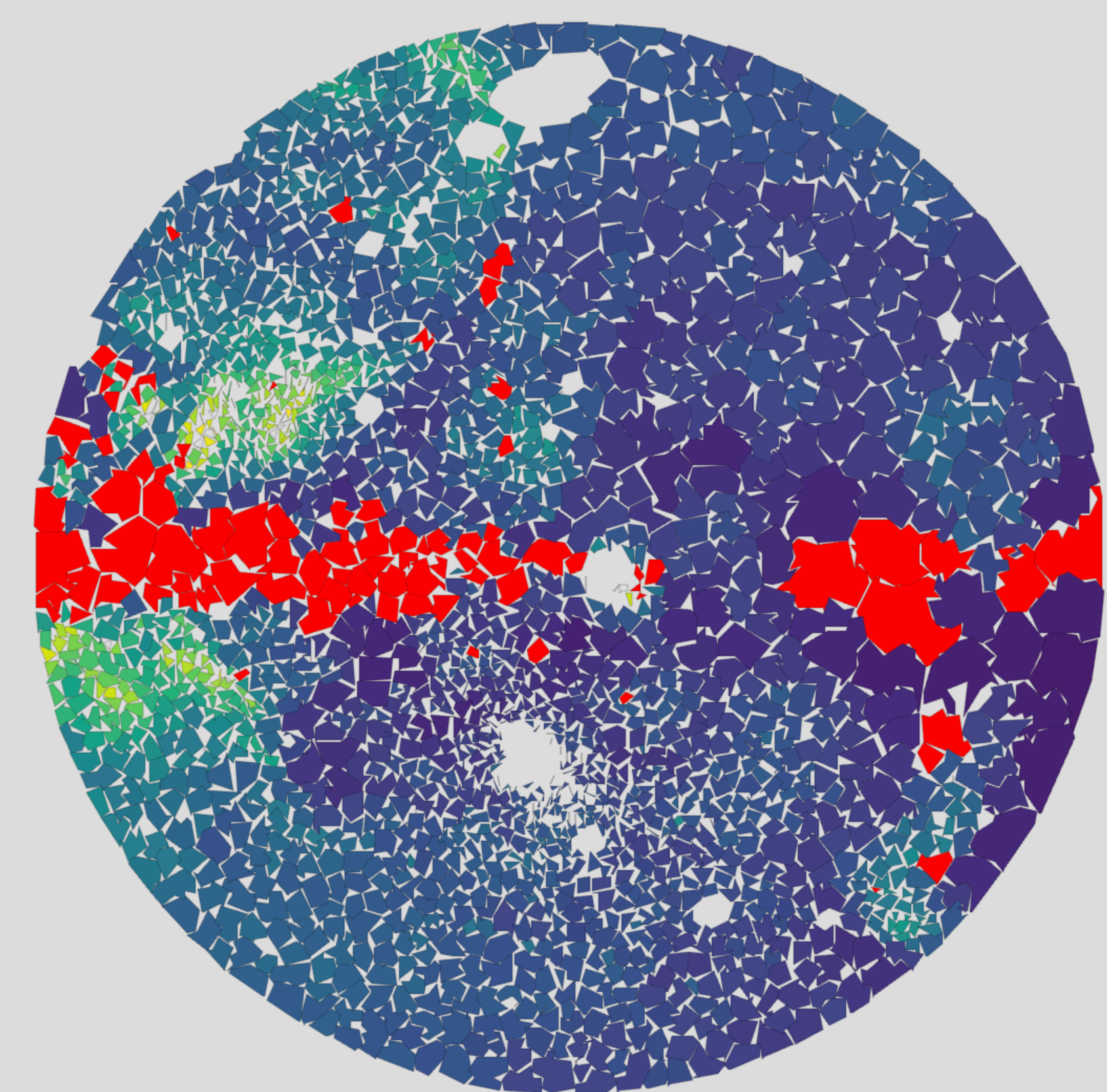
→ Konrad's heliospheric solar wind charge exchange

→ Mike & Martin's characterisation of eROSITA bubble

Measuring CGM physical properties from spectra



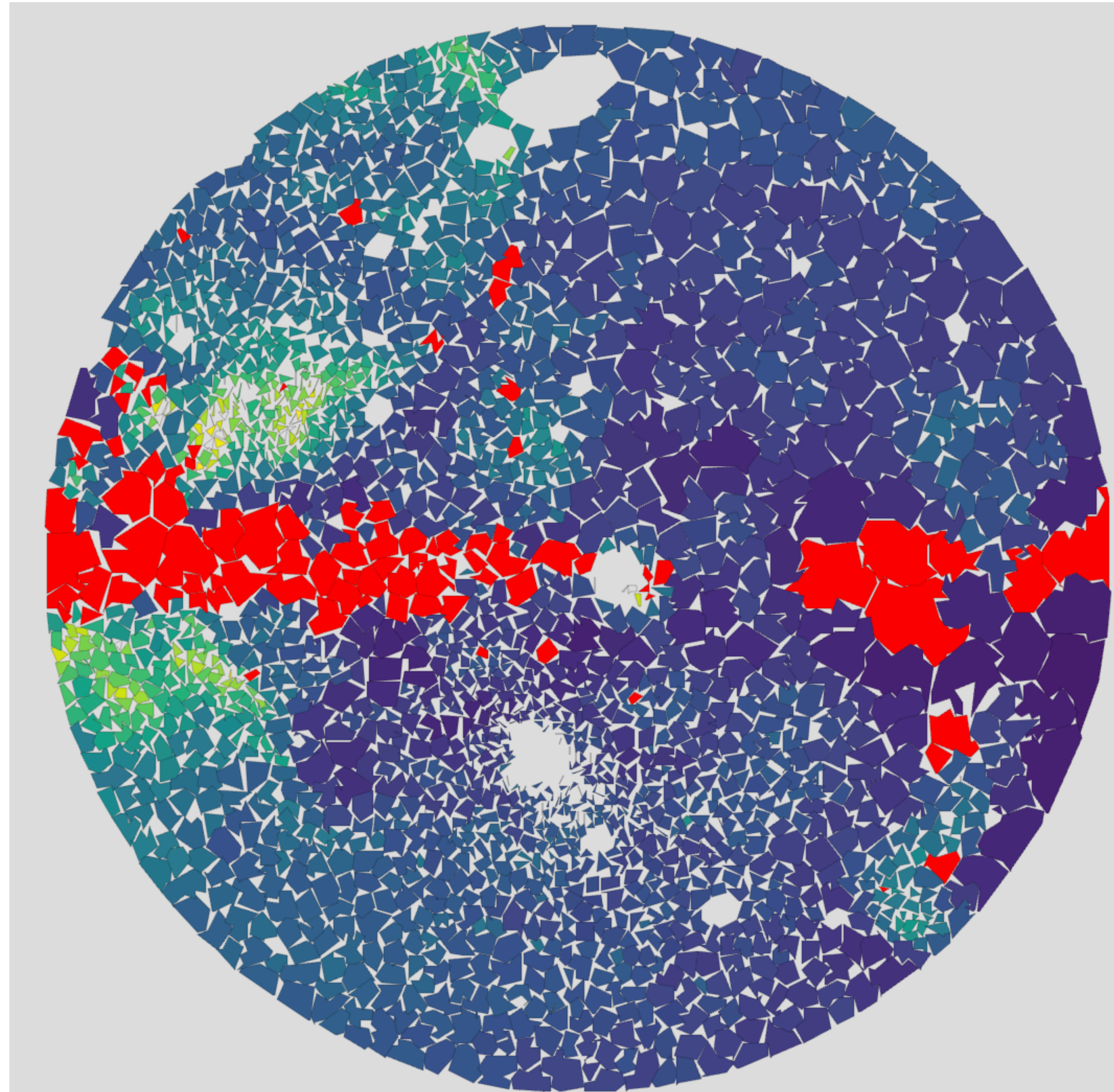
# Spectral variations over the half-sky



# Spectral variations over the half-sky

eROSITA spectra and best fit model  
for each region in the western  
Galactic hemisphere

[https://erosita.mpe.mpg.de/dr1/  
AllSkySurveyData\\_dr1/DiffuseBkg/](https://erosita.mpe.mpg.de/dr1/AllSkySurveyData_dr1/DiffuseBkg/)

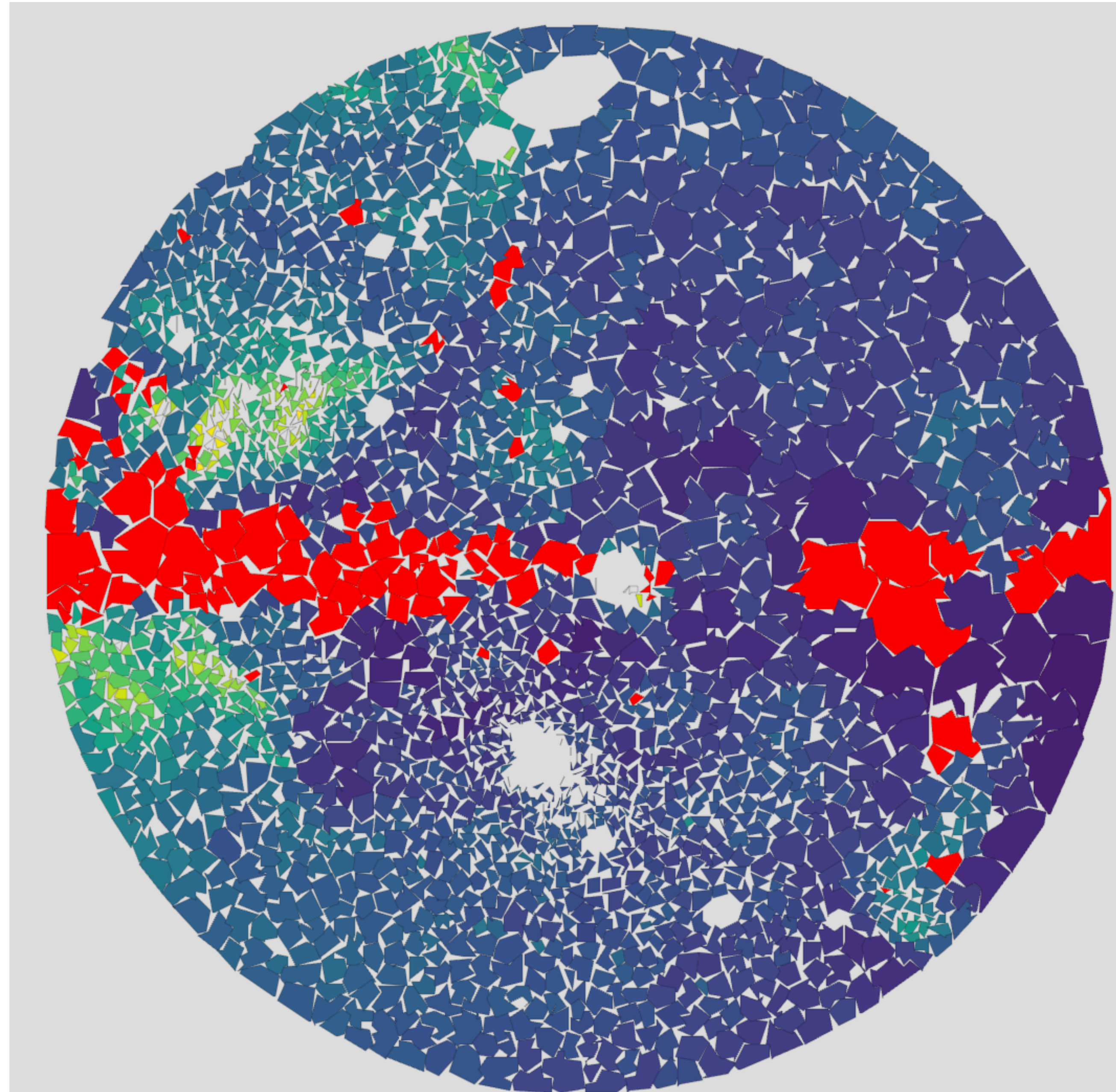


# Spectral variations over the half-sky

eROSITA spectra and best fit model  
for each region in the western  
Galactic hemisphere

[https://erosita.mpe.mpg.de/dr1/  
AllSkySurveyData\\_dr1/DiffuseBkg/](https://erosita.mpe.mpg.de/dr1/AllSkySurveyData_dr1/DiffuseBkg/)

What about the Galactic center?





**Do we need an outflow from Galactic center?**

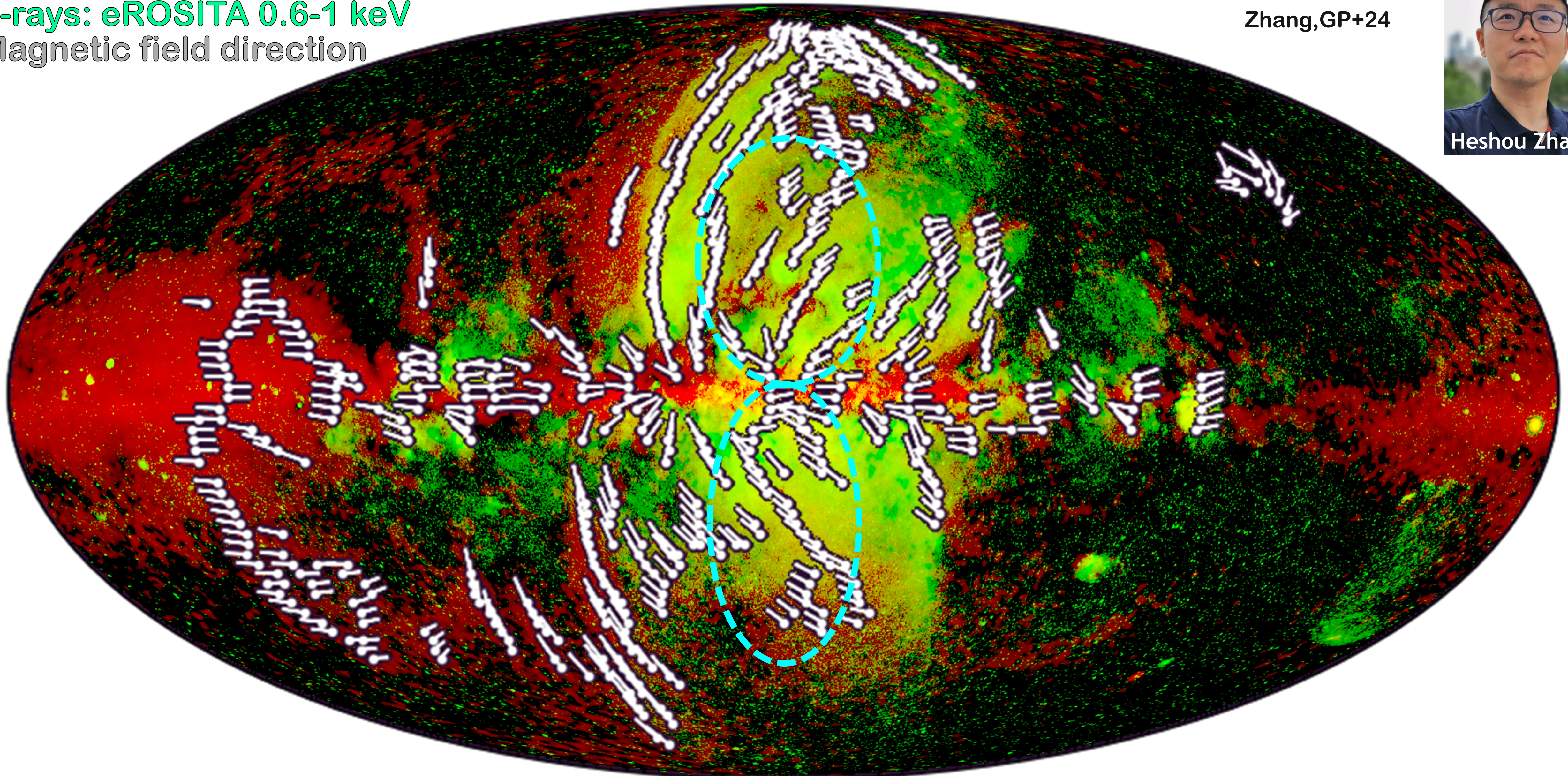
# Do we need an outflow from Galactic center?

Polarised synchrotron intensity: WMAP 22.8 GHz

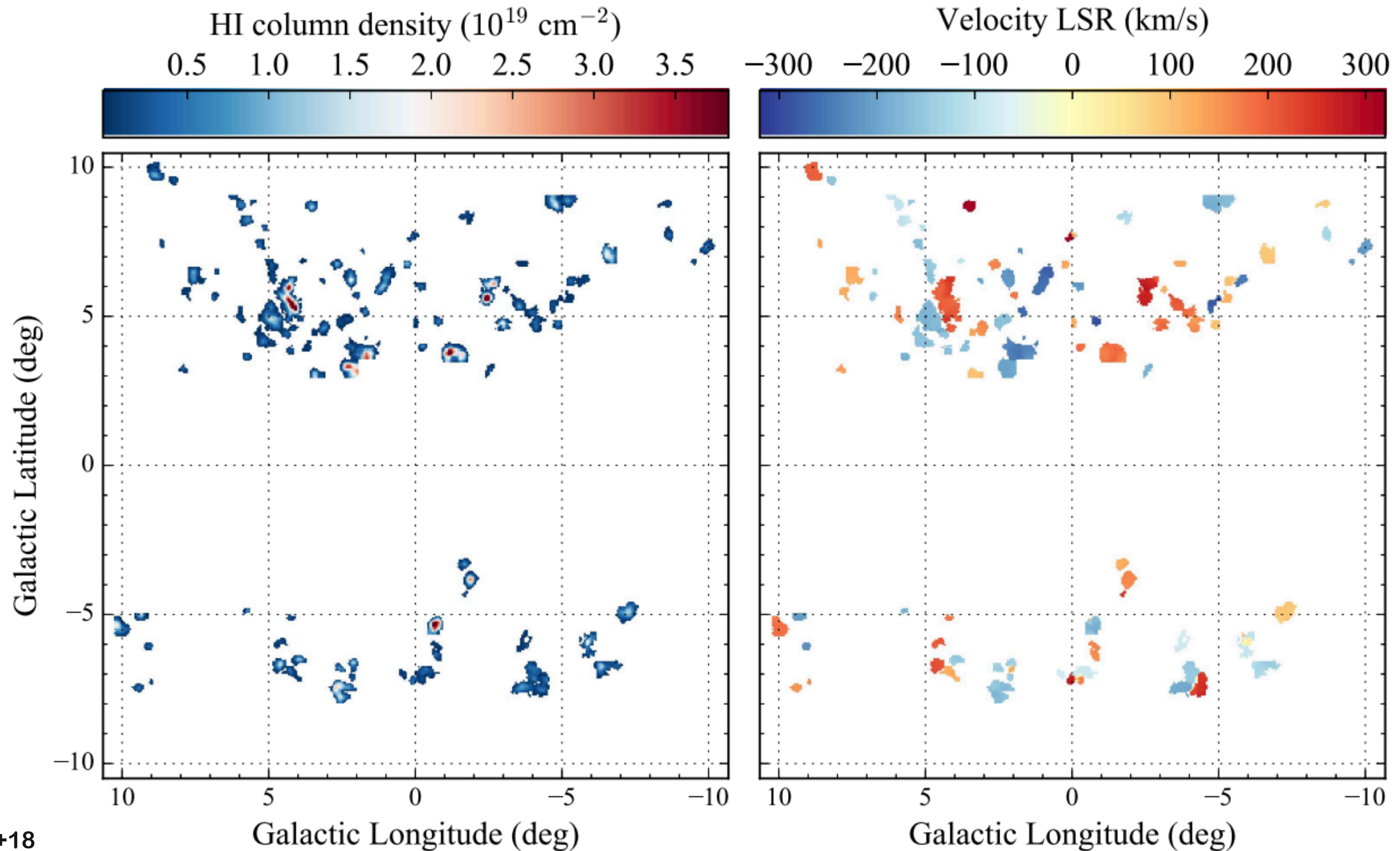
X-rays: eROSITA 0.6-1 keV

Magnetic field direction

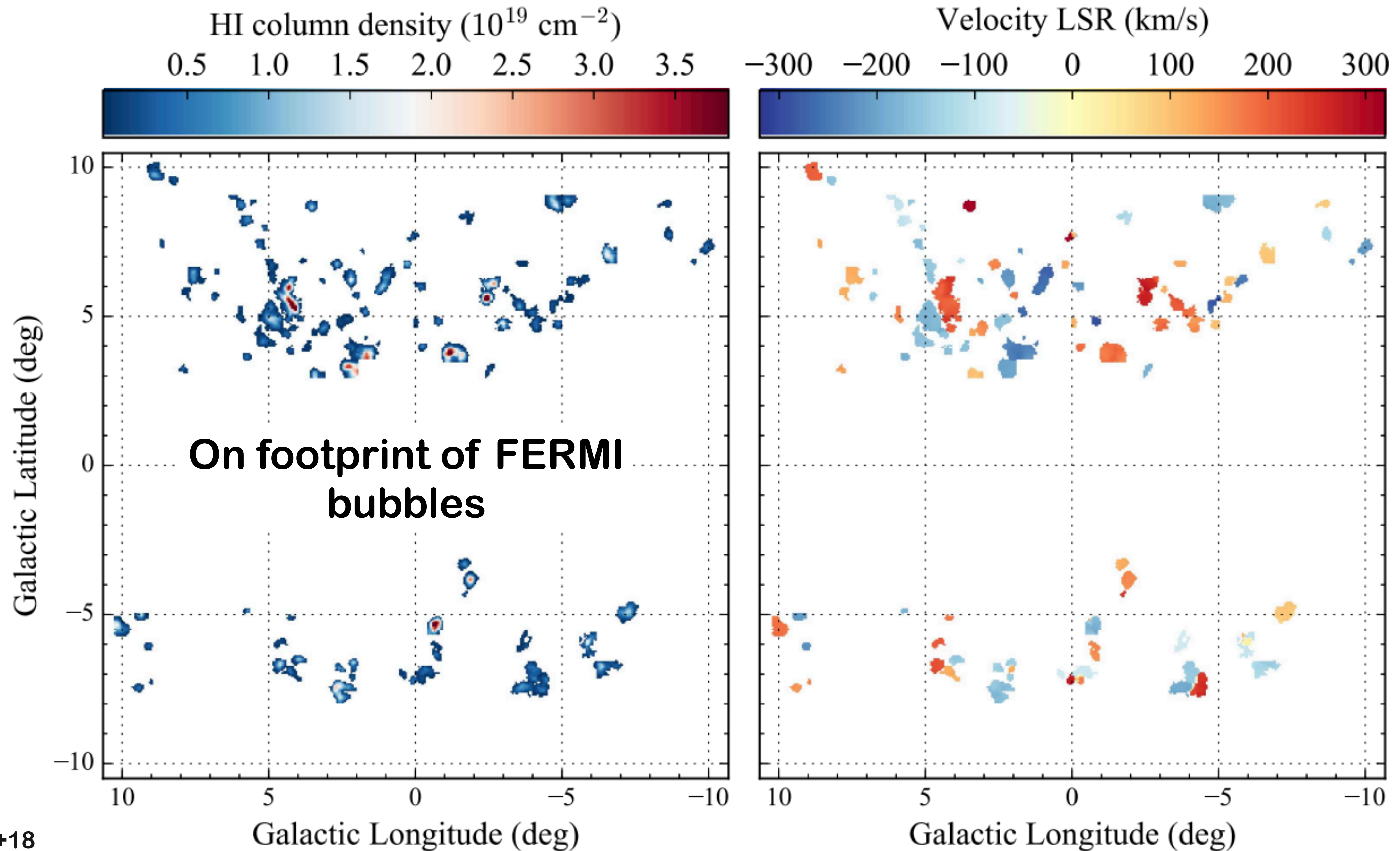
Zhang, GP+24



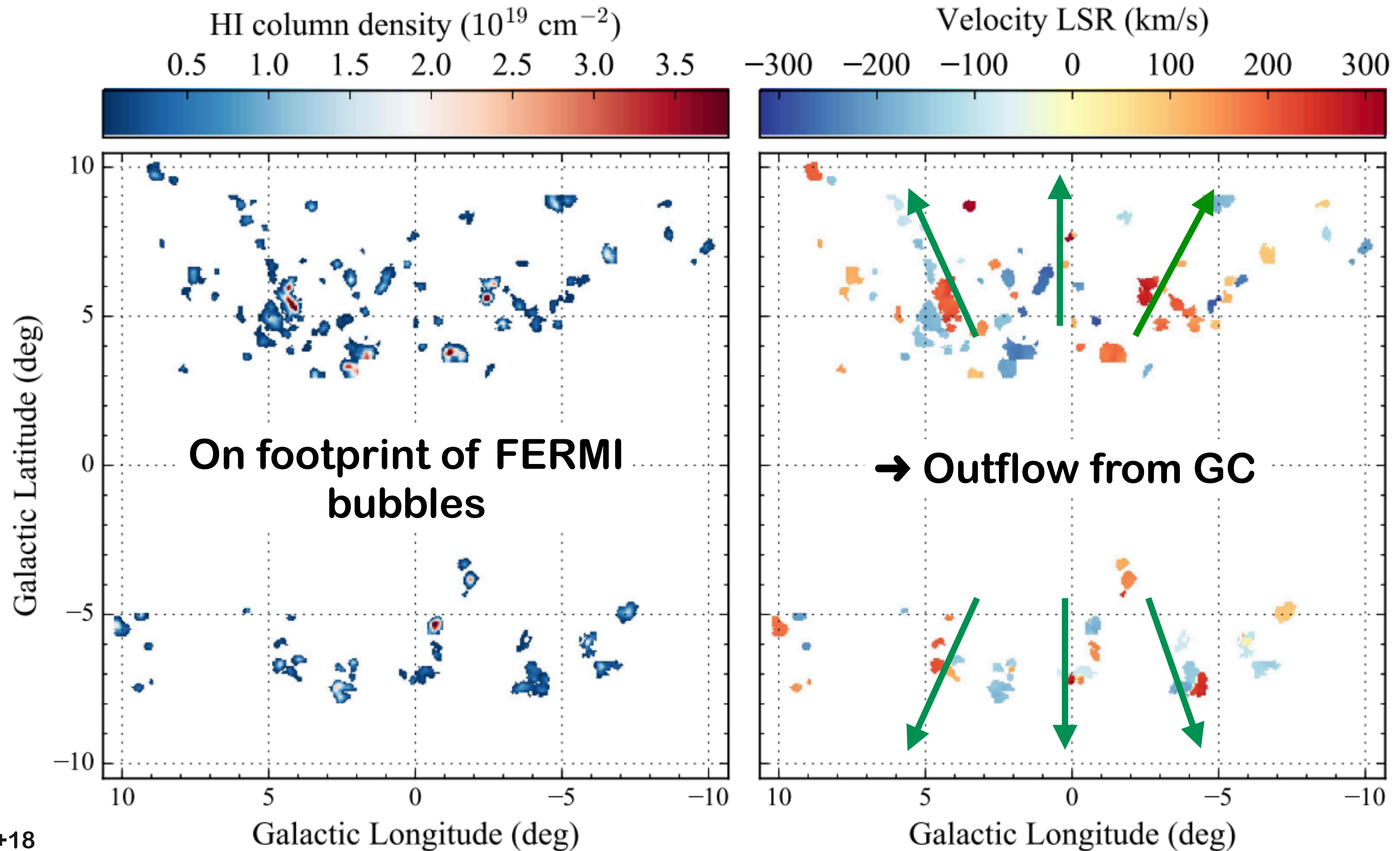
# The cold outflowing and accelerating clouds



# The cold outflowing and accelerating clouds

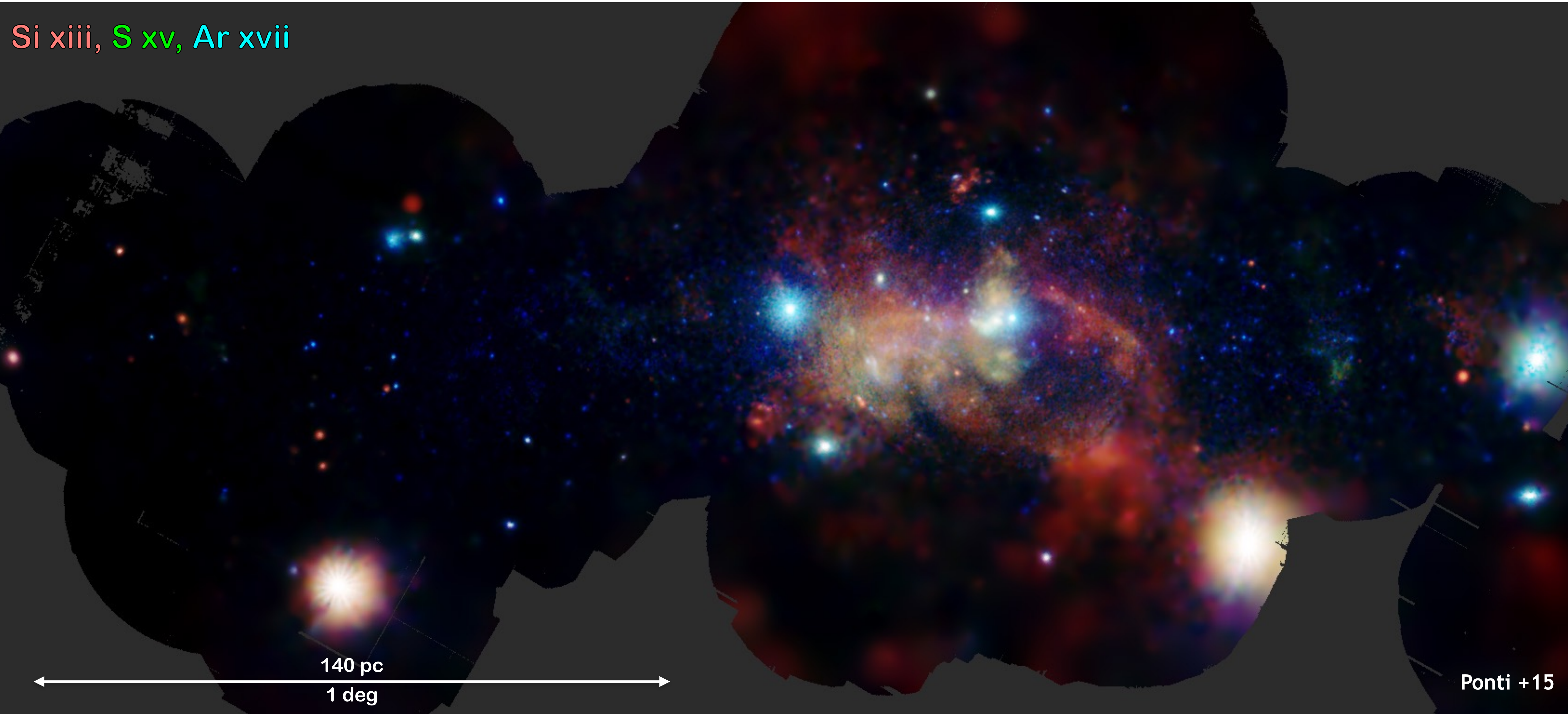


# The cold outflowing and accelerating clouds



# Hot plasma to trace past activity

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii



140 pc  
1 deg

Ponti +15

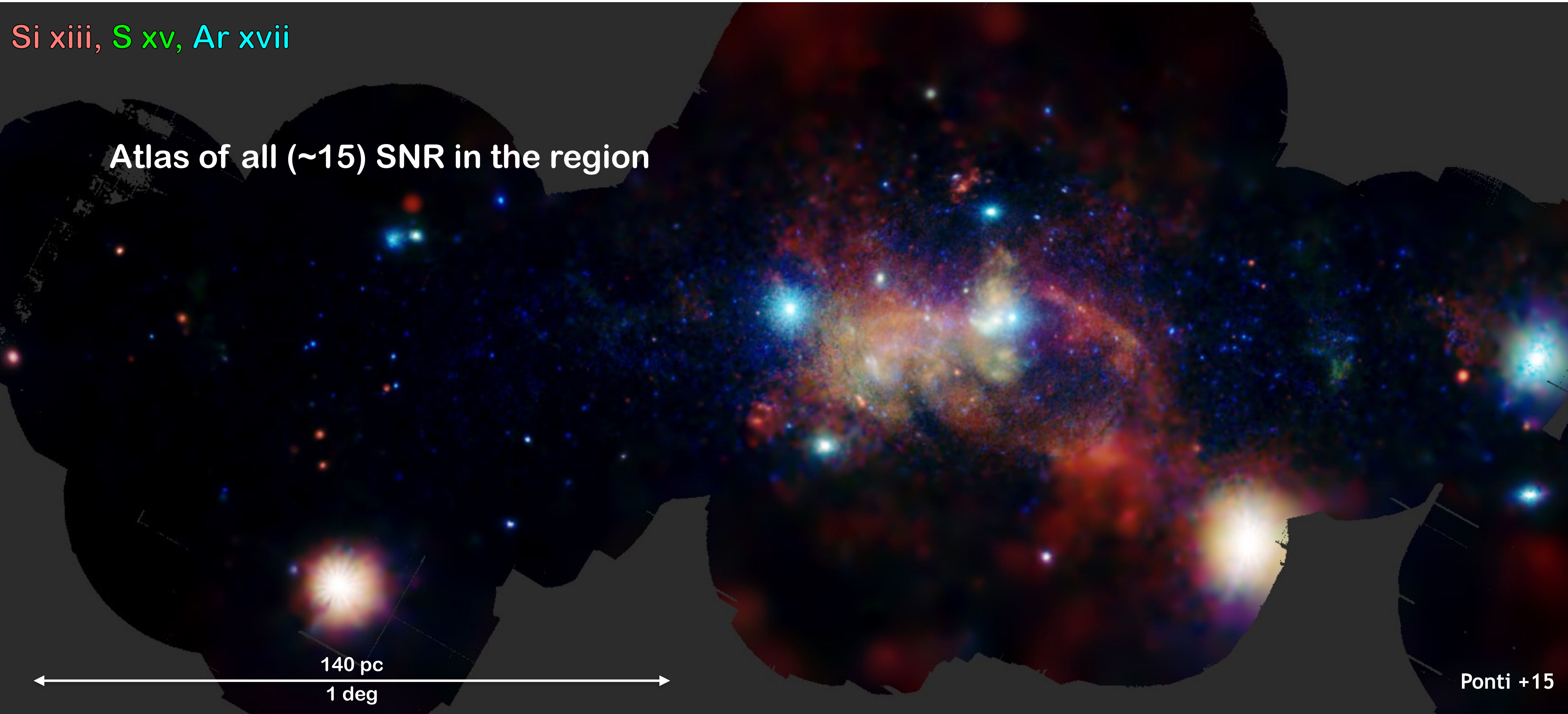
Ponti +15

Ponti +15

# Hot plasma to trace past activity

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all (~15) SNR in the region



Ponti +15

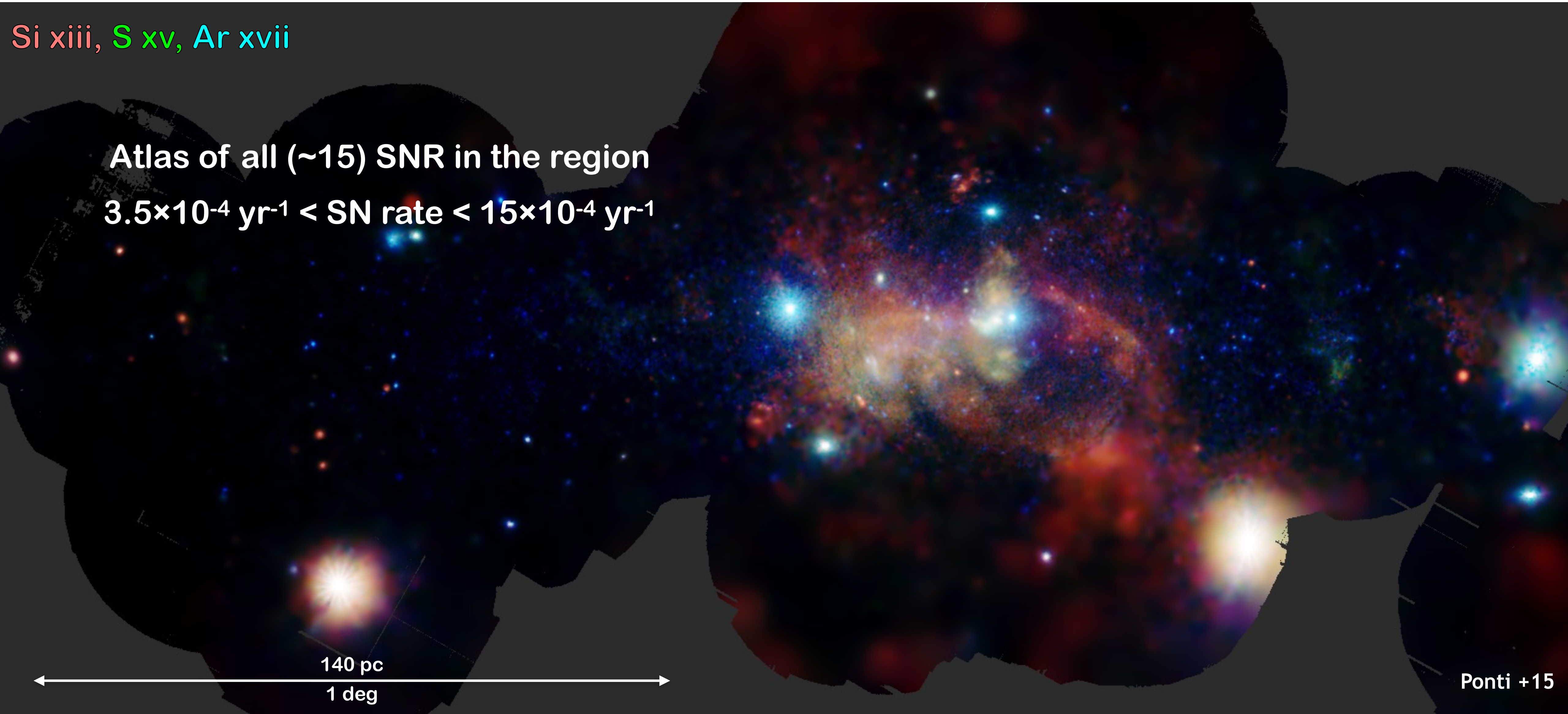
Ponti +15

Ponti +15

# Hot plasma to trace past activity

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all ( $\sim 15$ ) SNR in the region  
 $3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$



Ponti +15

Ponti +15

Ponti +15



# Hot plasma to trace past activity

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all ( $\sim 15$ ) SNR in the region

$3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

Massive kinetic energy input  $\sim 1.1 \times 10^{40} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$

140 pc  
1 deg

Ponti +15

Ponti +15

Ponti +15

# Hot plasma to trace past activity

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Atlas of all ( $\sim 15$ ) SNR in the region

$3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

Massive kinetic energy input  $\sim 1.1 \times 10^{40} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$

→ Powering outflows to  
Galactic center lobe?

Law +11; Crocker +11; 12;  
Yoast-Hull +14; Jouvin +15

140 pc  
1 deg

Ponti +15

# Hot plasma to trace past activity

Si xiii, S xv, Ar xvii

Are there non thermal components?



Reflection (6.4 keV)

Atlas of all (~15) SNR in the region

$3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1} < \text{SN rate} < 15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

Massive kinetic energy input  $\sim 1.1 \times 10^{40} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$

→ Powering outflows to  
Galactic center lobe?

Law +11; Crocker +11; 12;  
Yoast-Hull +14; Jouvin +15

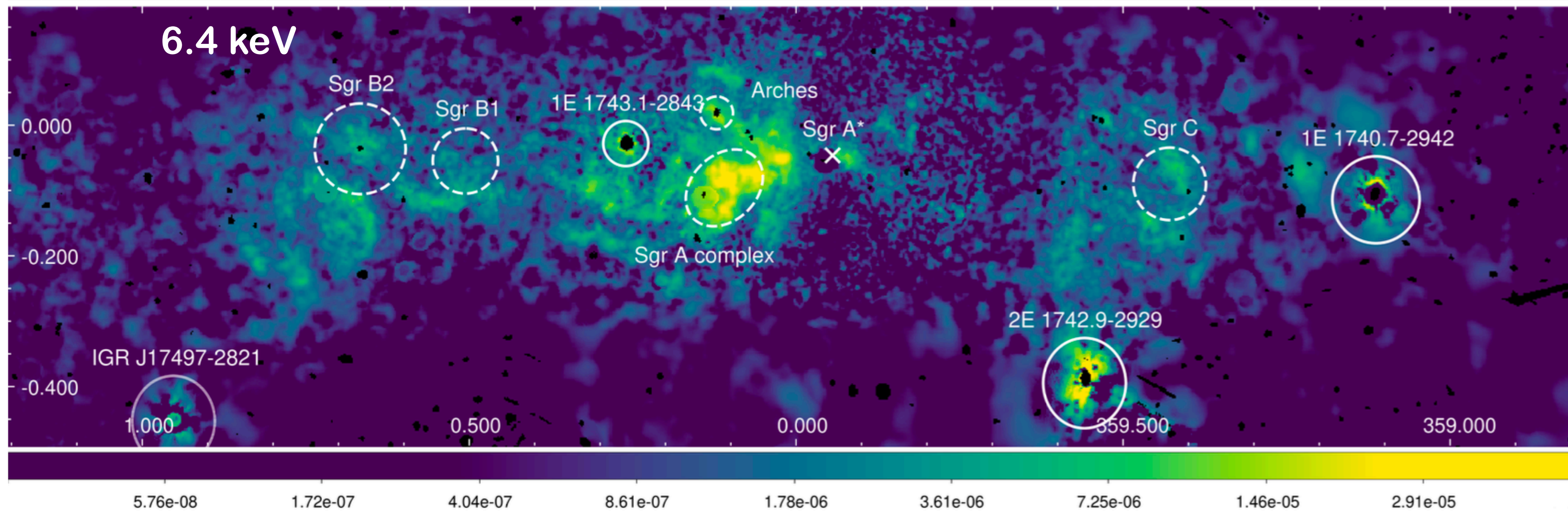
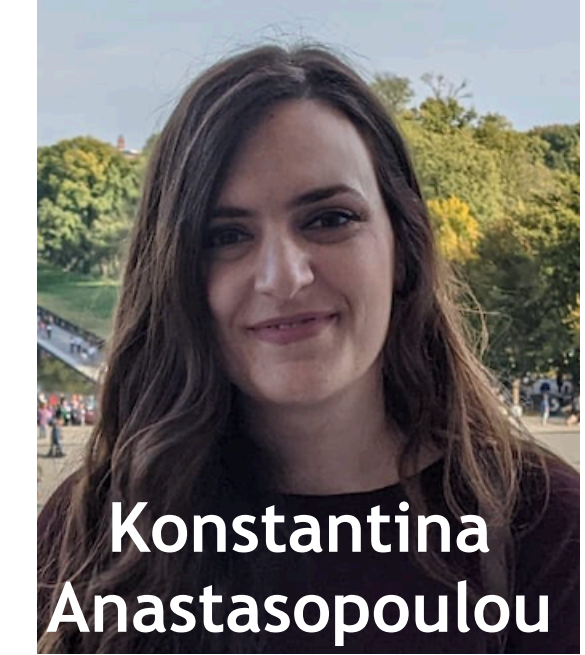
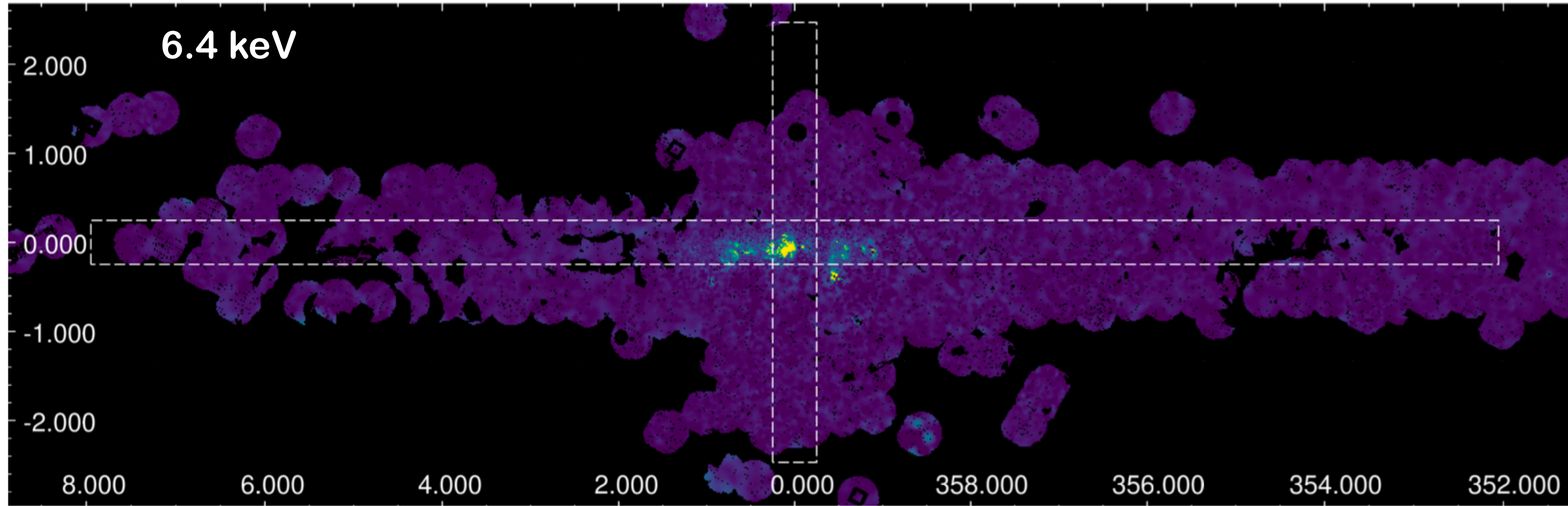
140 pc  
1 deg

Ponti +15

Ponti +15

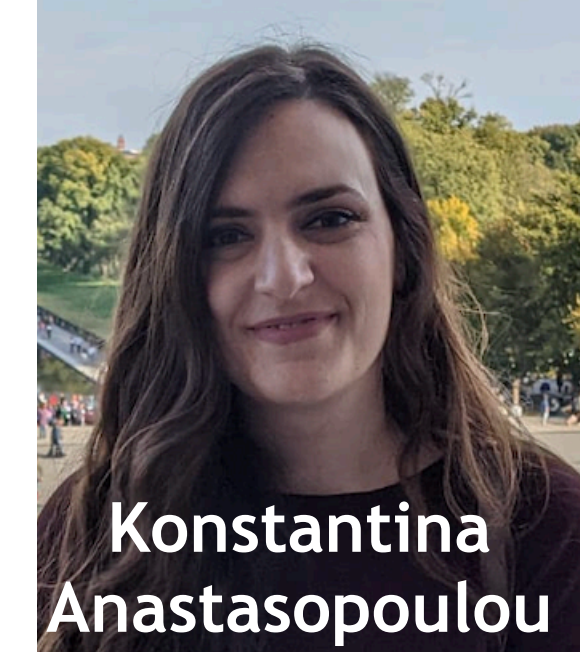
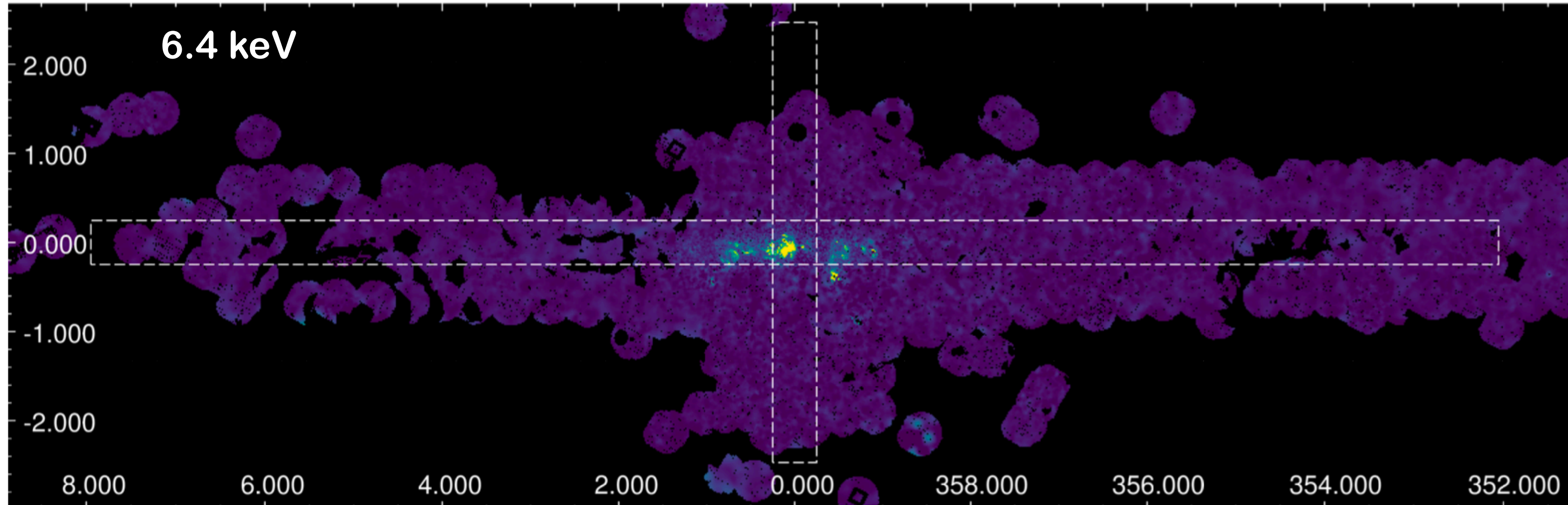
Ponti +15

# How is the non thermal emission distributed?

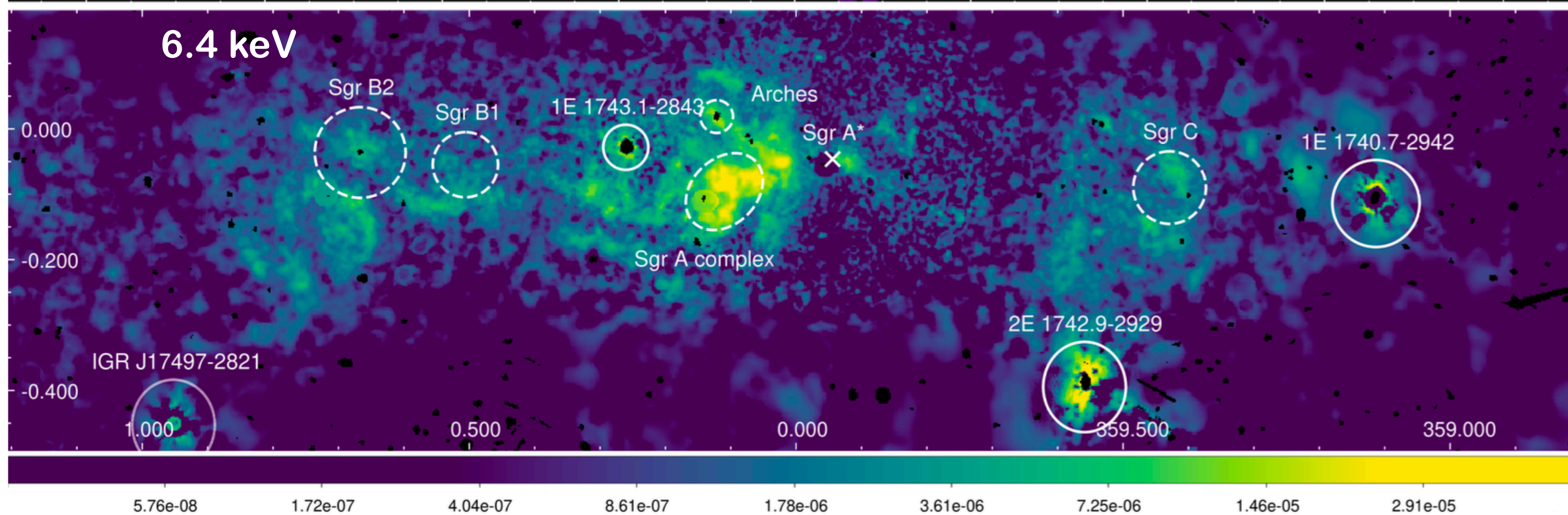


Anastasopoulou+sub.

# How is the non thermal emission distributed?

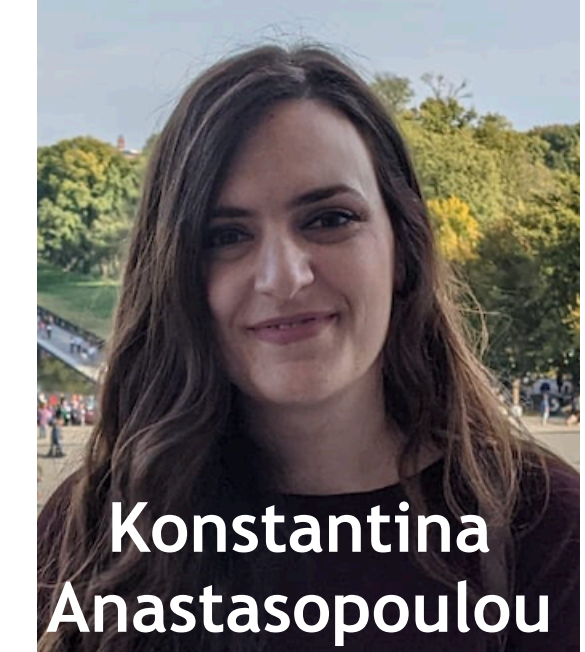
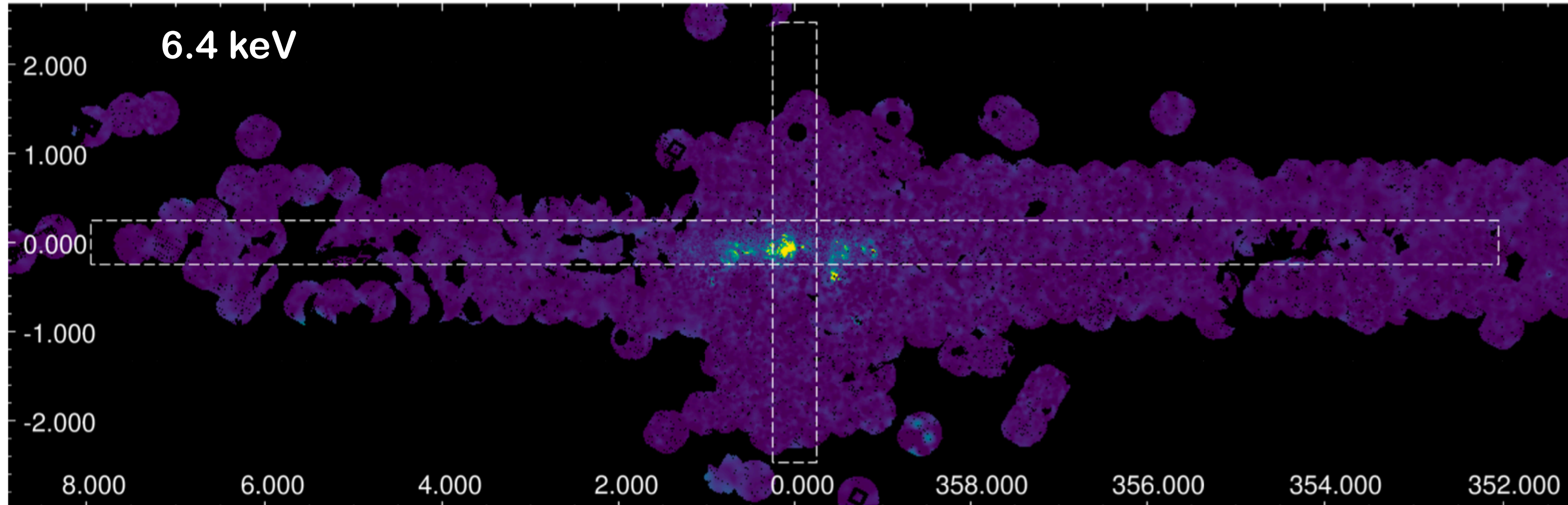


**Non-thermal component (reflection 6.4 keV)**  
→ **central molecular zone**

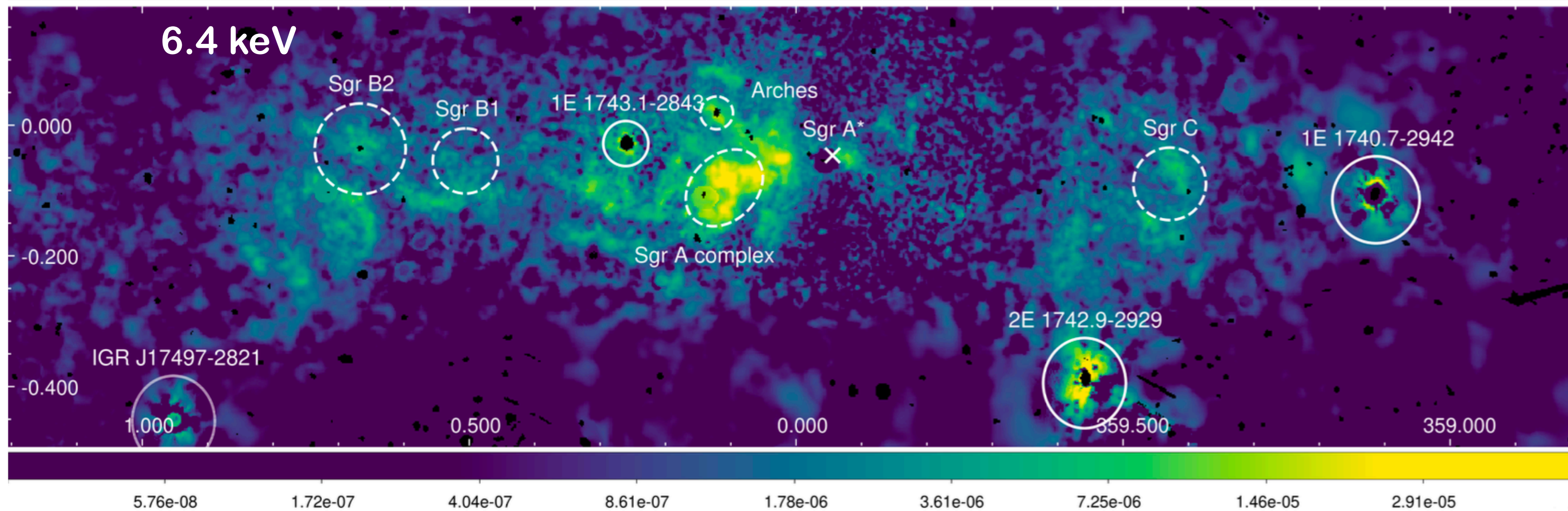


Anastasopoulou+sub.

# How is the non thermal emission distributed?



**Non-thermal component  
(reflection 6.4 keV)  
→ central  
molecular zone**



**Consistent with  
past flare of Sgr A\***

**Are CR observed at  $\sim 10^2$  kpc from discs?**

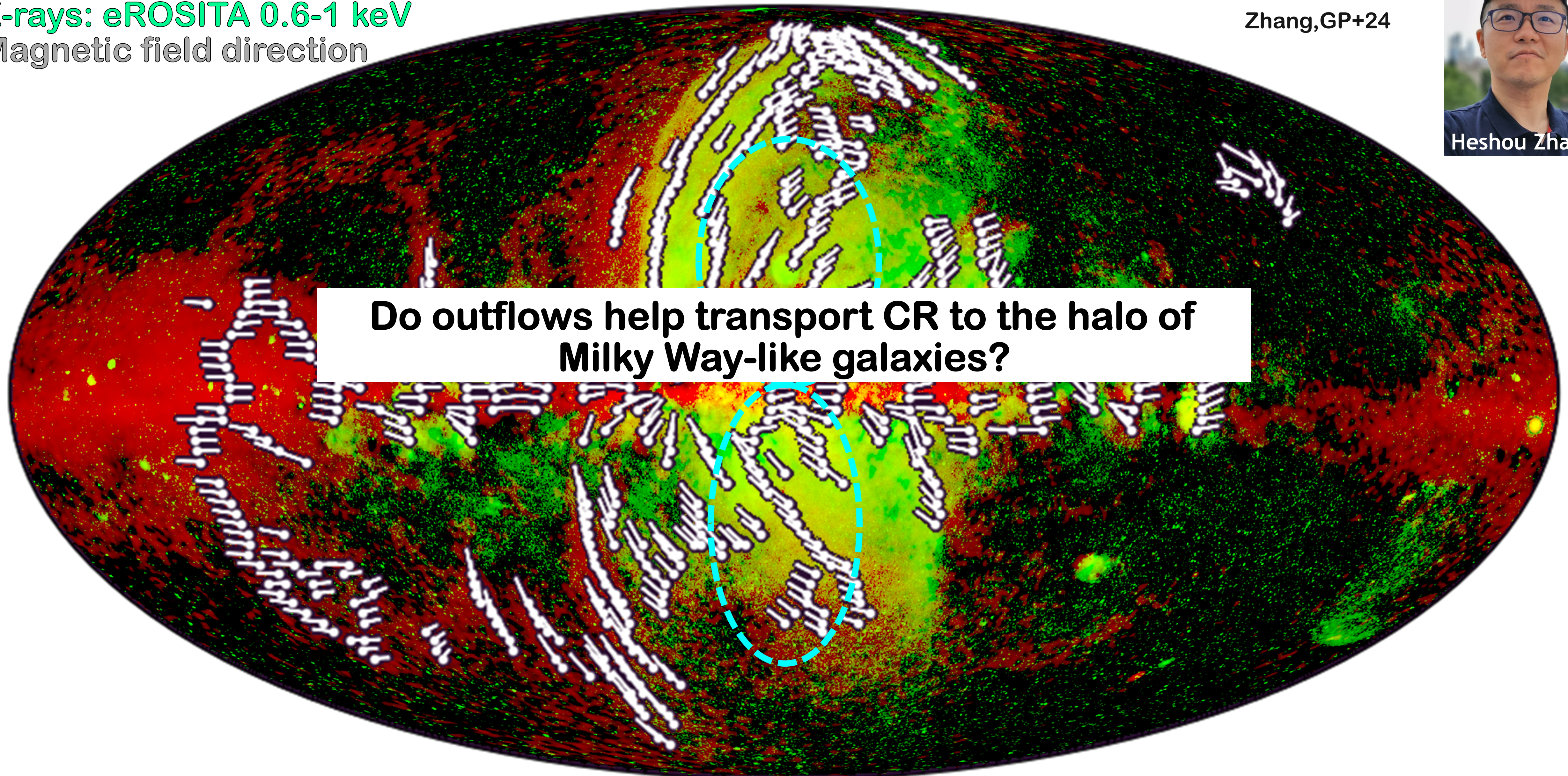
# Are CR observed at $\sim 10^2$ kpc from discs?

Polarised synchrotron intensity: WMAP 22.8 GHz

X-rays: eROSITA 0.6-1 keV

Magnetic field direction

Zhang, GP+24

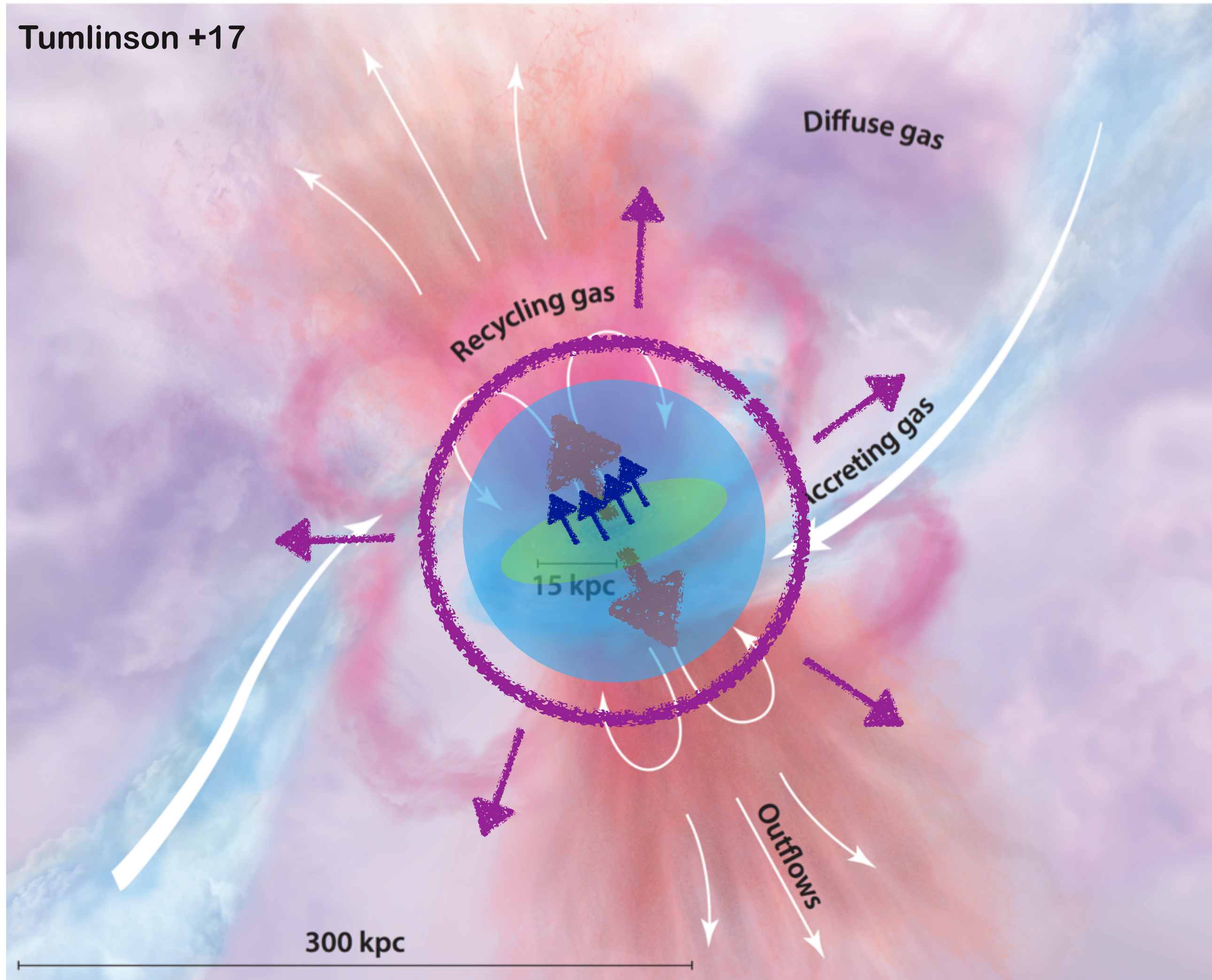


Do outflows help transport CR to the halo of Milky Way-like galaxies?



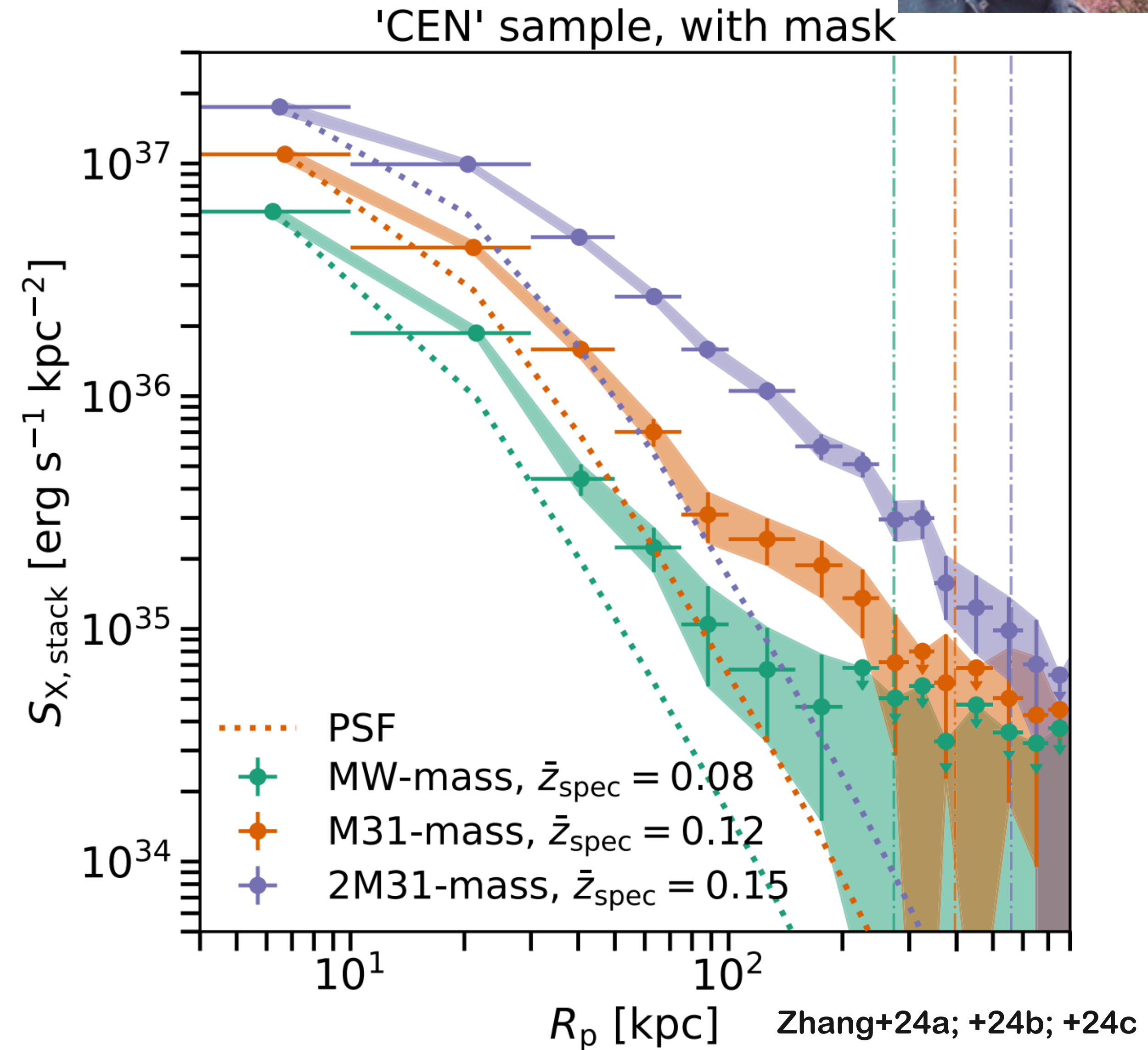
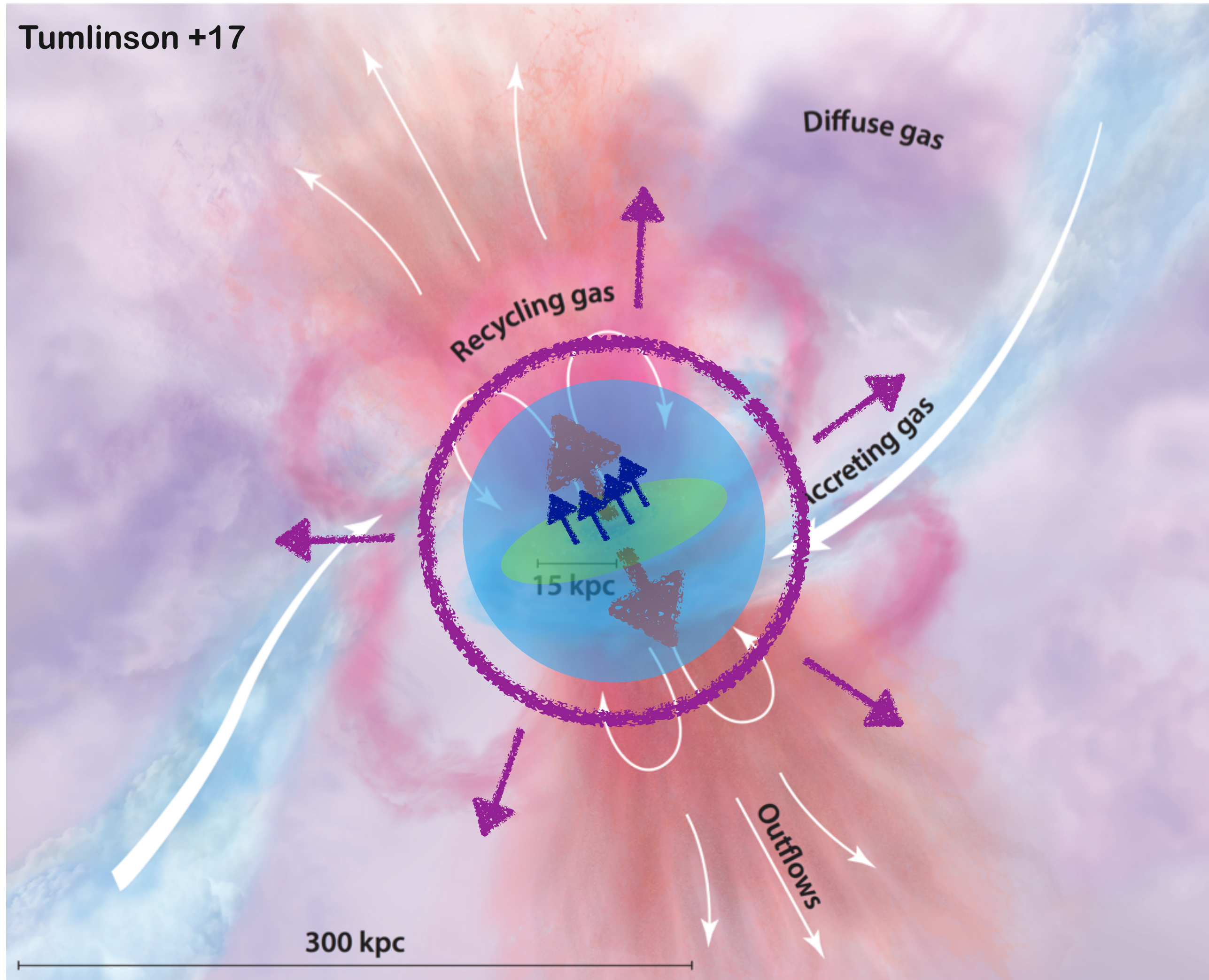
# eROSITA stack of $\sim 10^4$ MW-like galaxies

Yi Zhang



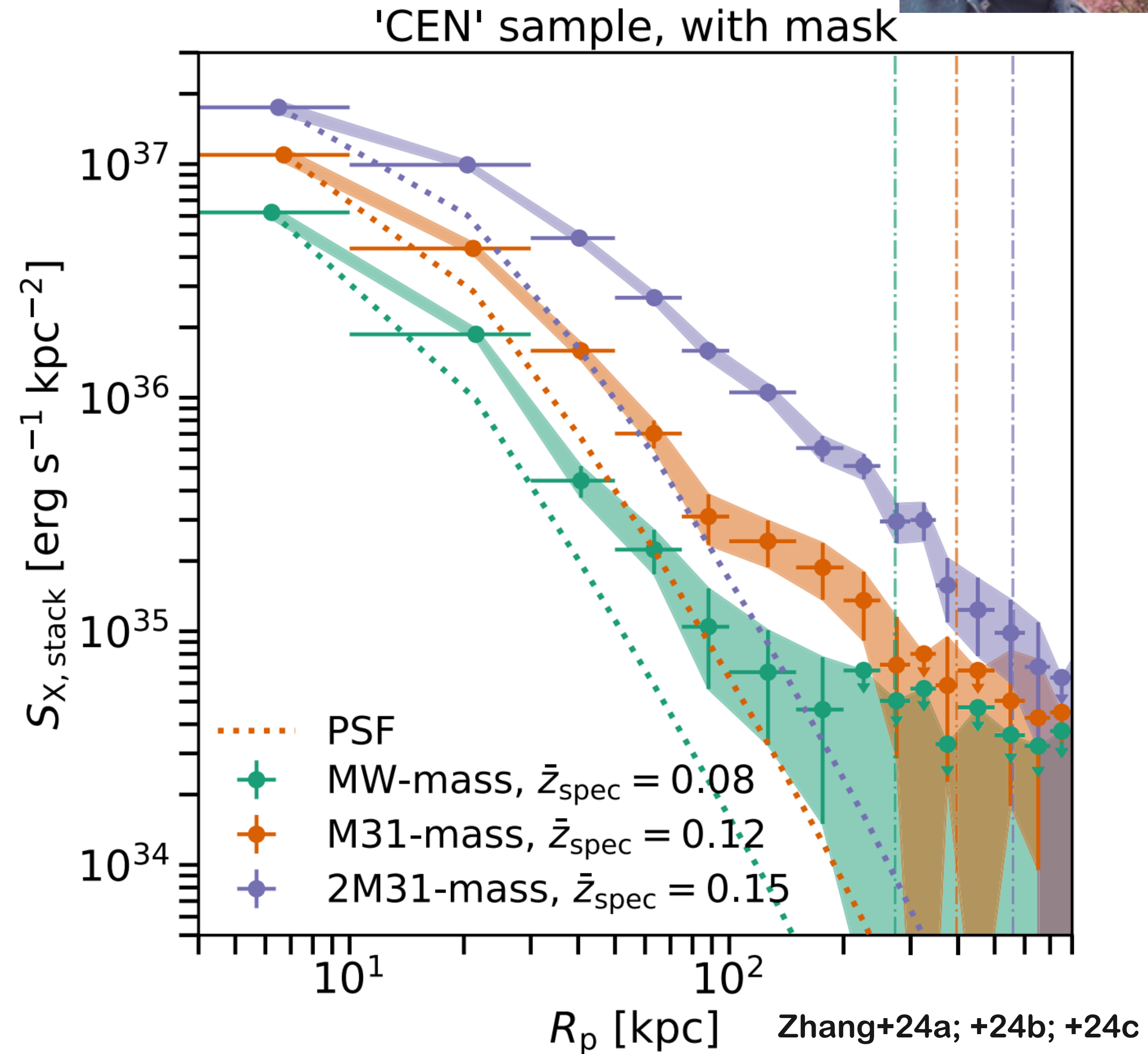
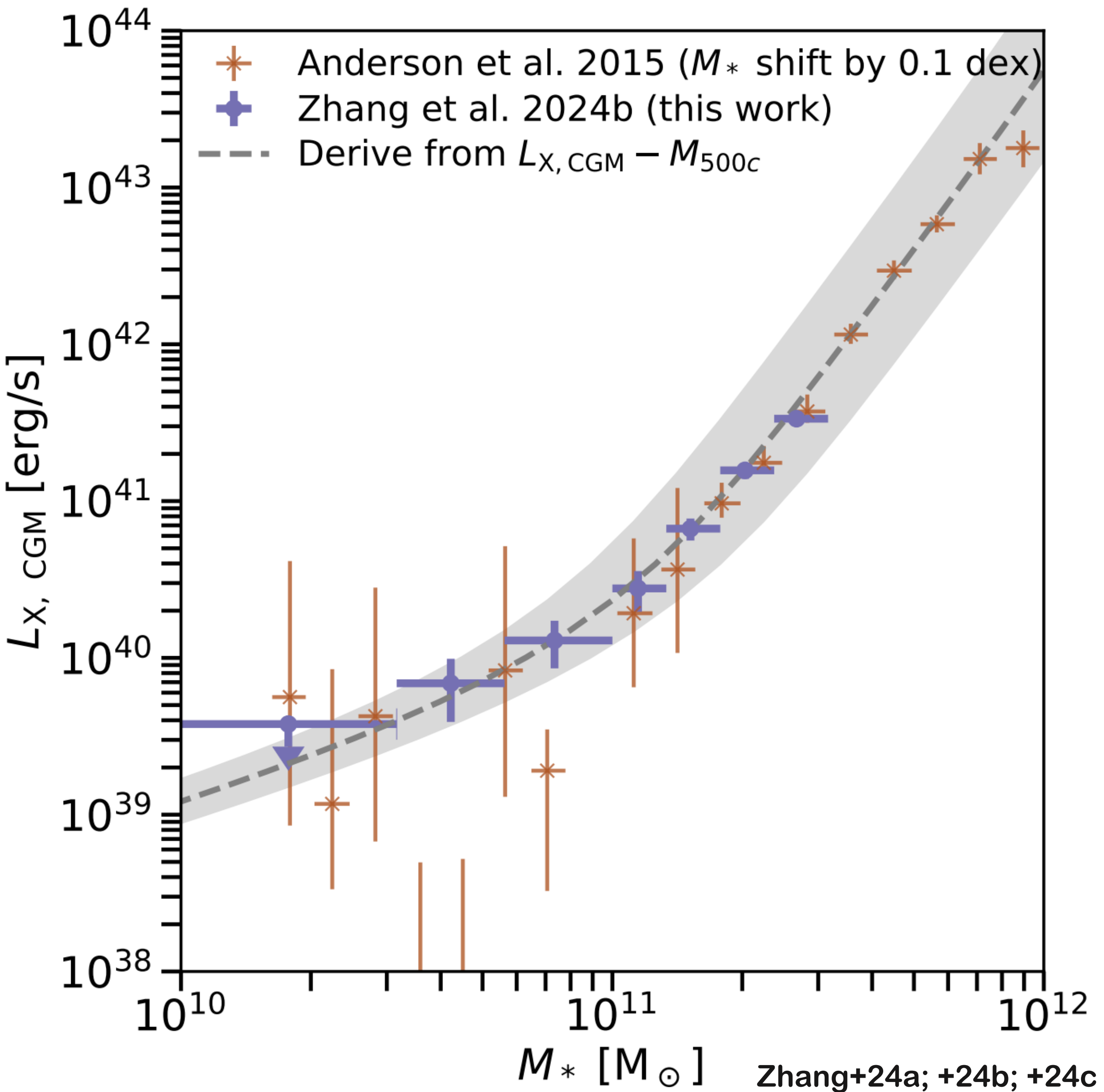
# eROSITA stack of $\sim 10^4$ MW-like galaxies

Yi Zhang



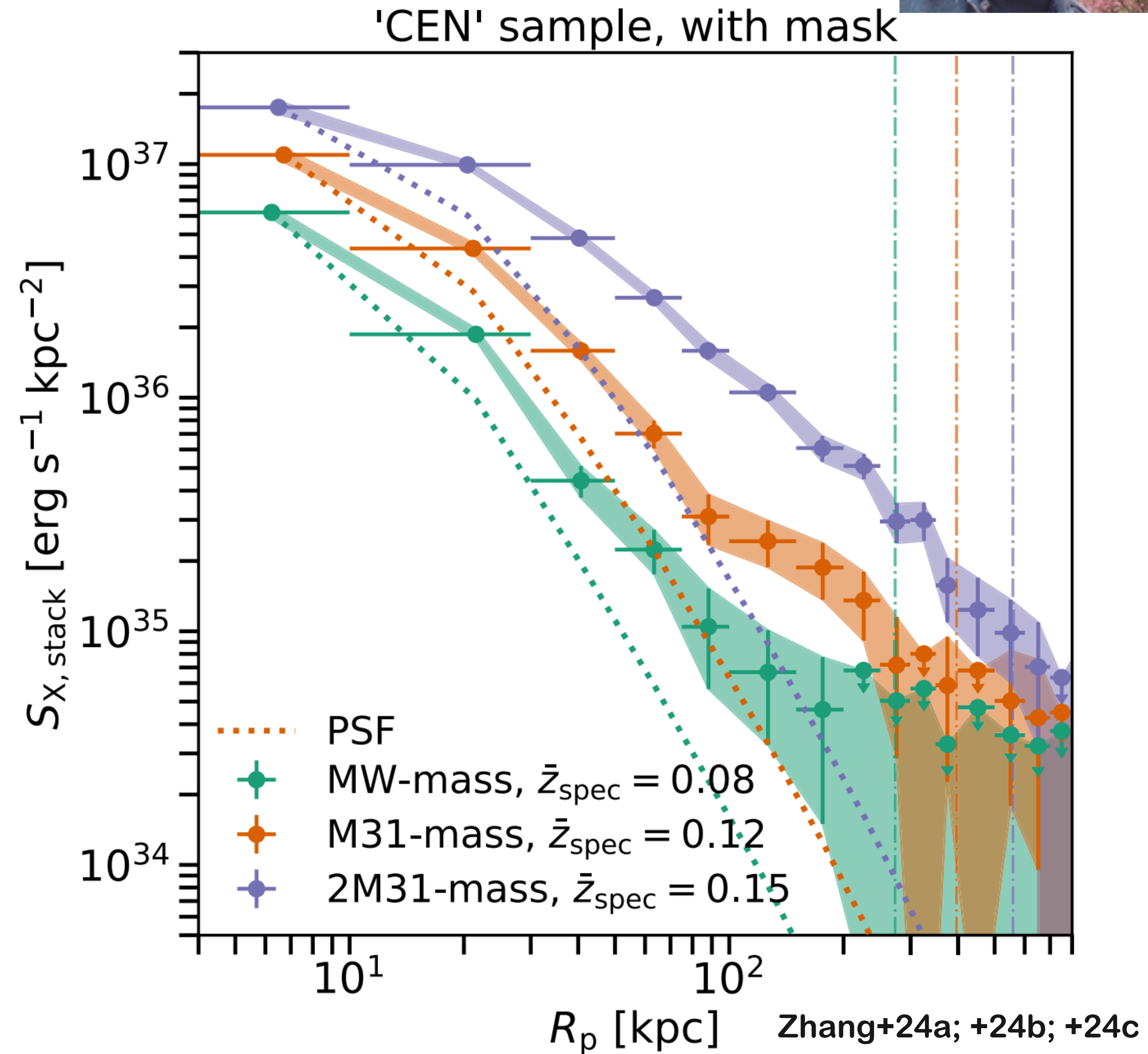
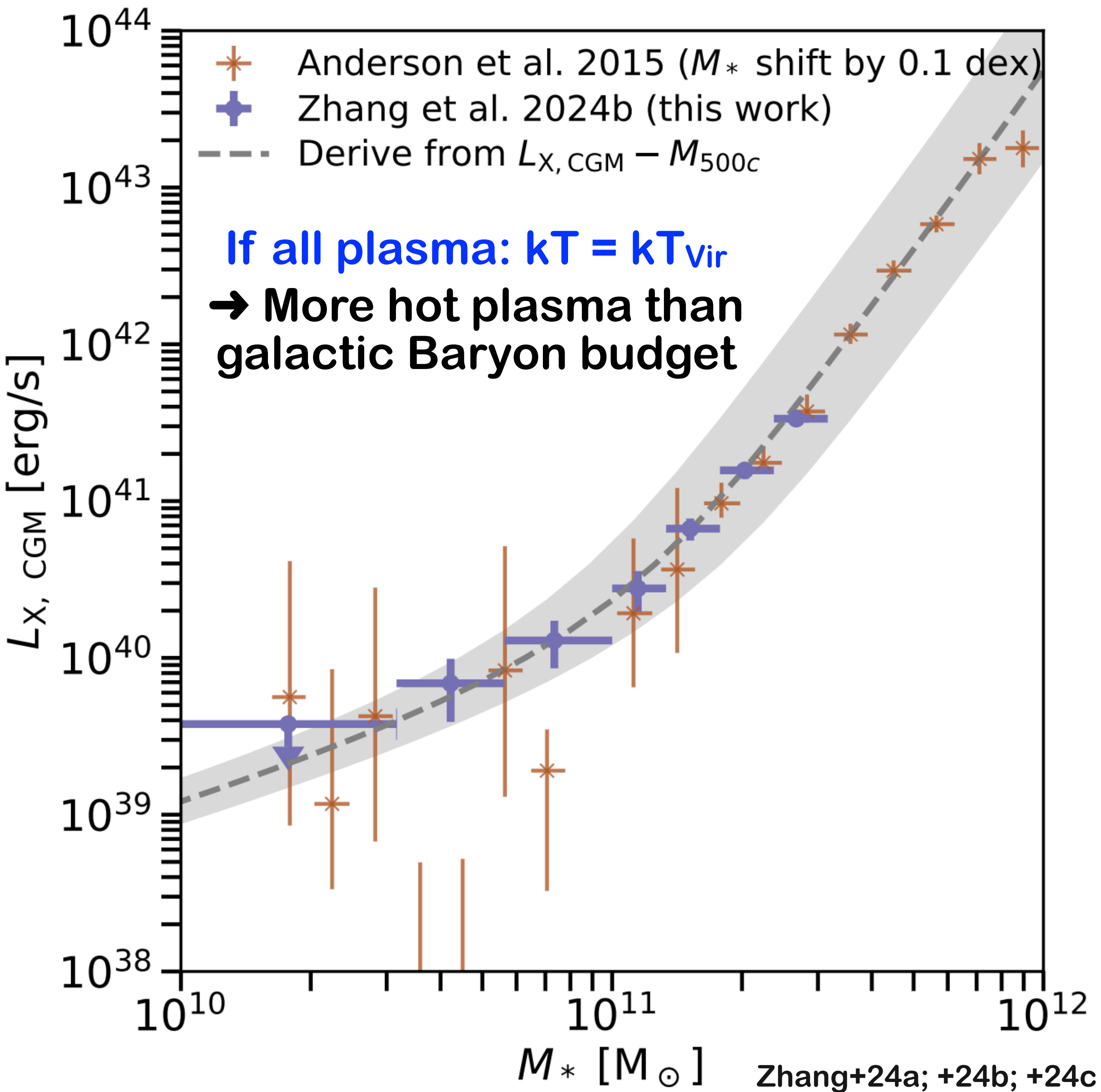
# eROSITA stack of $\sim 10^4$ MW-like galaxies

Yi Zhang



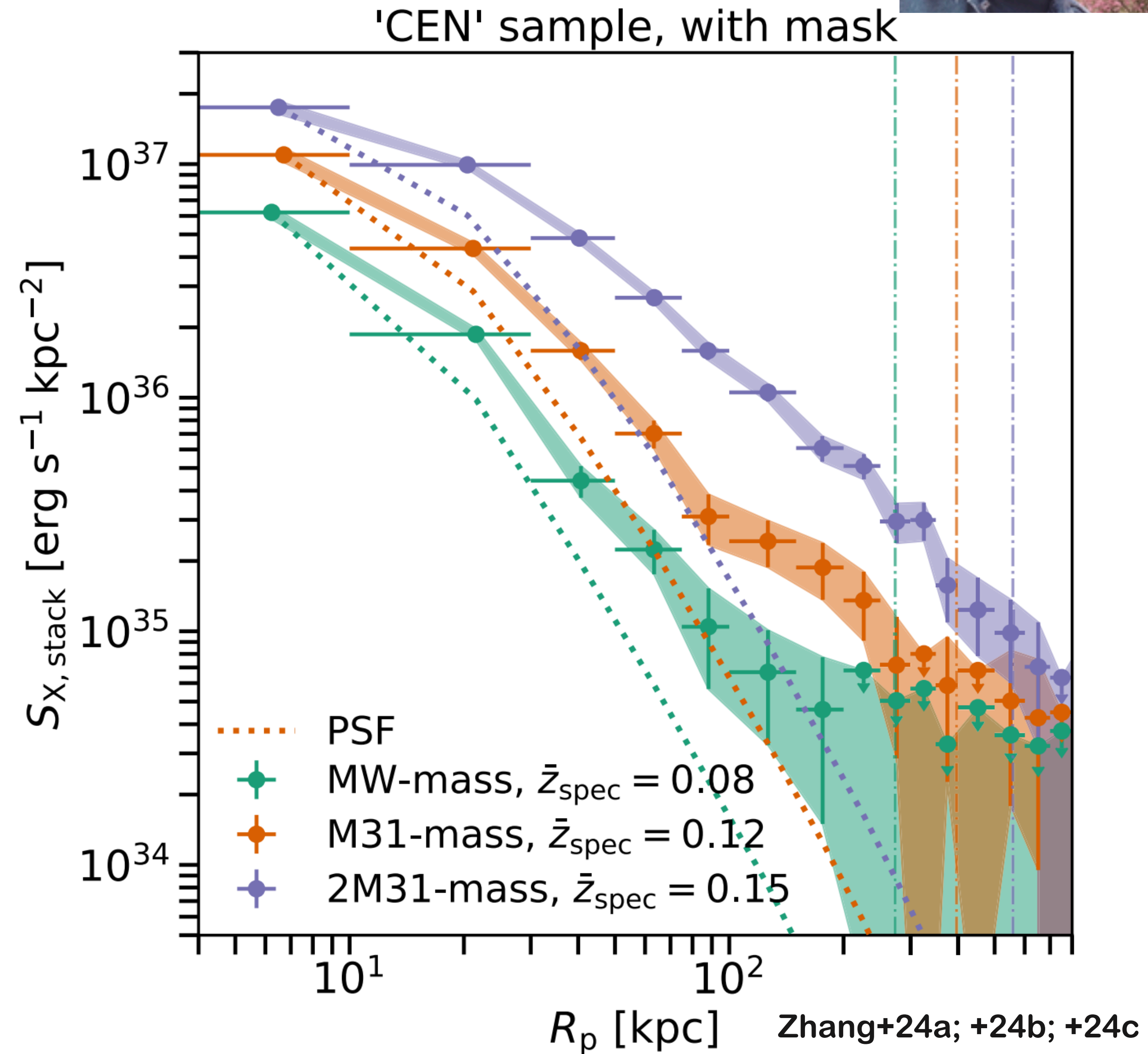
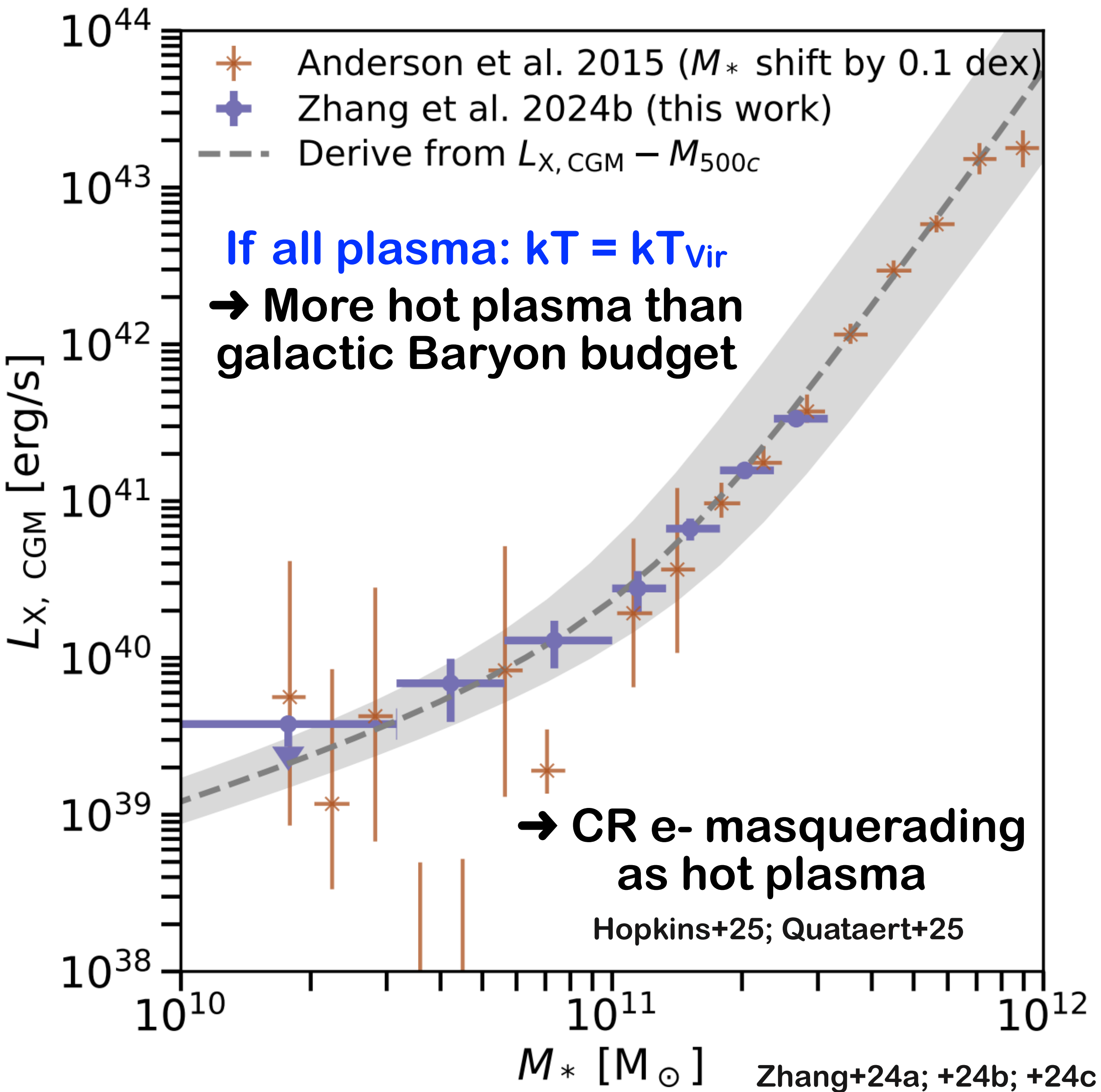
# eROSITA stack of $\sim 10^4$ MW-like galaxies

Yi Zhang



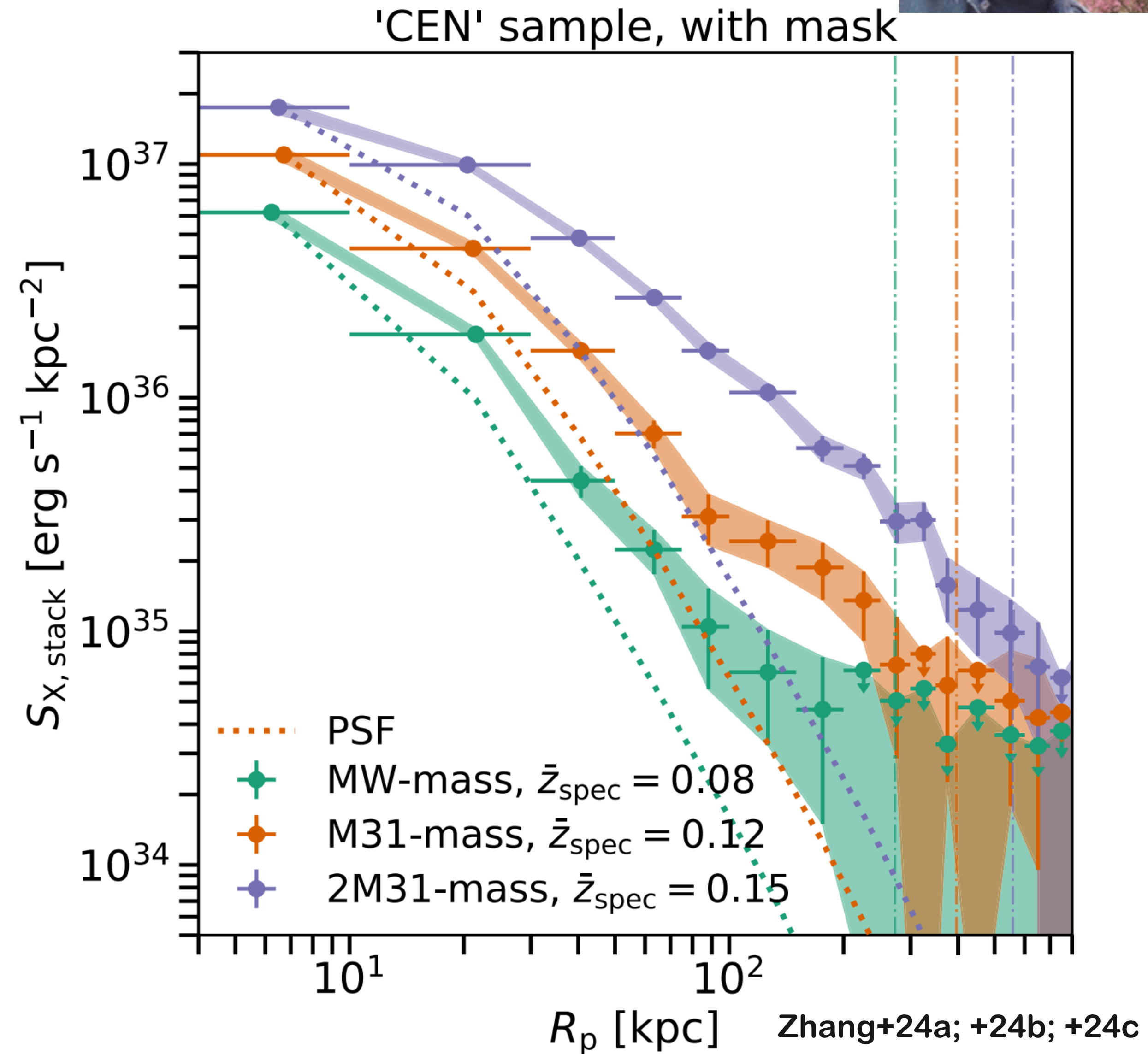
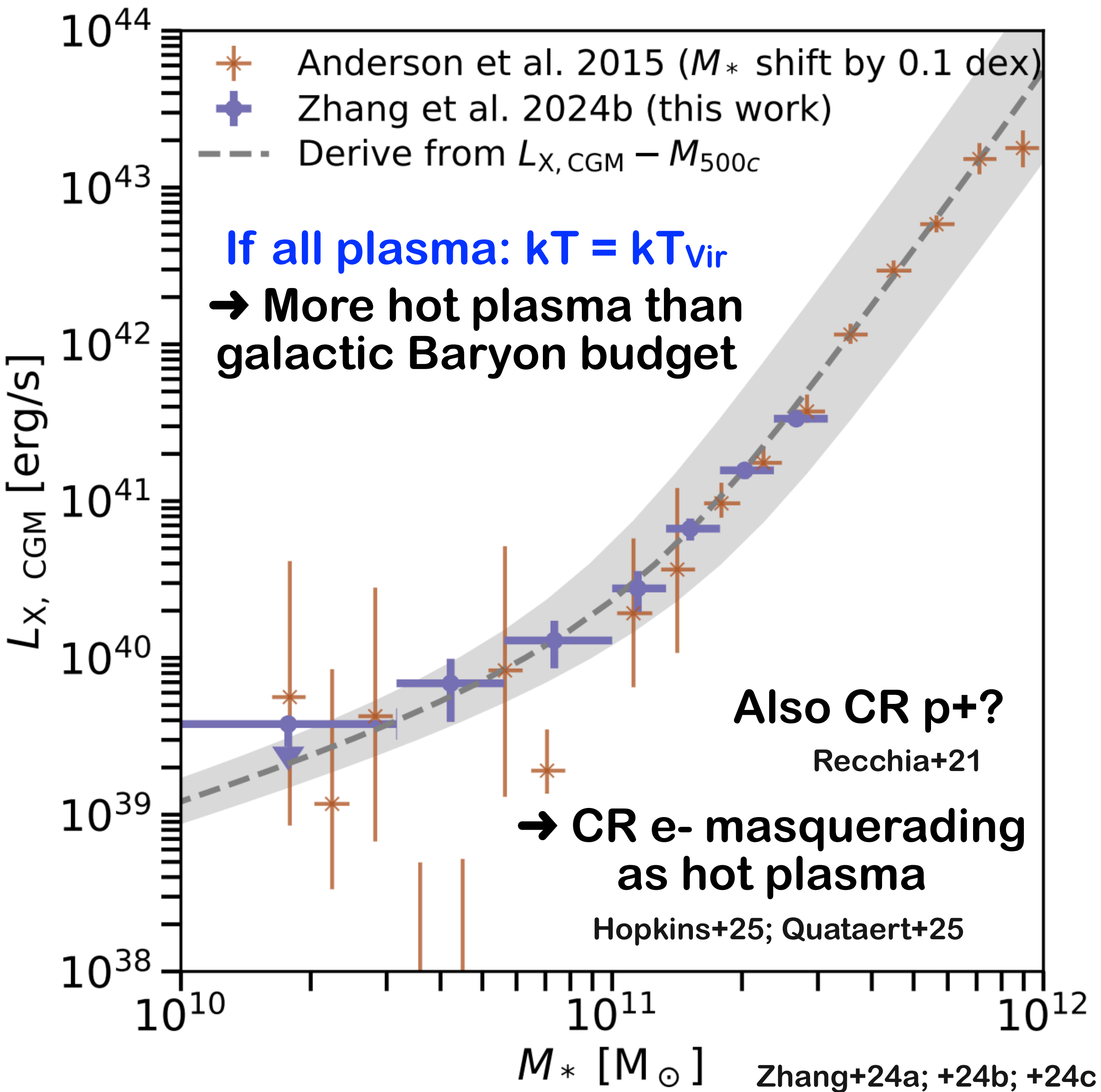
# eROSITA stack of $\sim 10^4$ MW-like galaxies

Yi Zhang



# eROSITA stack of $\sim 10^4$ MW-like galaxies

Yi Zhang



# Conclusions

# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)**



# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)  
But analysis becomes difficult, if expected surface brightness  $\ll$  X-ray background...**

# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)  
But analysis becomes difficult, if expected surface brightness  $\ll$  X-ray background...**

**Characterisation of X-ray background over western Galactic hemisphere**

Ponti +23; Yeung,GP+24; Zheng,GP+24a,b; Locatelli,GP+24a,b; Ponti+subm; Dennerl,GP+subm

# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)  
But analysis becomes difficult, if expected surface brightness  $\ll$  X-ray background...**

## **Characterisation of X-ray background over western Galactic hemisphere**

**Ponti +23; Yeung,GP+24; Zheng,GP+24a,b; Locatelli,GP+24a,b; Ponti+subm; Dennerl,GP+subm**

**The Galactic outflow is partly powered from the central degree**

# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)  
But analysis becomes difficult, if expected surface brightness  $\ll$  X-ray background...**

## **Characterisation of X-ray background over western Galactic hemisphere**

Ponti +23; Yeung,GP+24; Zheng,GP+24a,b; Locatelli,GP+24a,b; Ponti+subm; Dennerl,GP+subm

**The Galactic outflow is partly powered from the central degree**

**Non thermal component at the GC is concentrated within central molecular zone and consistent  
with reflection of a past flare of Sgr A\***

Stel,GP+23+24; Anastasopoulou+subm

# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)  
But analysis becomes difficult, if expected surface brightness  $\ll$  X-ray background...**

## **Characterisation of X-ray background over western Galactic hemisphere**

Ponti +23; Yeung,GP+24; Zheng,GP+24a,b; Locatelli,GP+24a,b; Ponti+subm; Dennerl,GP+subm

**The Galactic outflow is partly powered from the central degree**

**Non thermal component at the GC is concentrated within central molecular zone and consistent  
with reflection of a past flare of Sgr A\***

Stel,GP+23+24; Anastasopoulou+subm

**We detect extended ( $10^2$  kpc) X-ray emission around Milky Way-like galaxies**

**→ slightly supervirial hot plasma** Zhang+24a; +24b; +24c

# Conclusions

**X-ray coverage of UHE sources can provide interesting information (e.g. measure B field)  
But analysis becomes difficult, if expected surface brightness  $\ll$  X-ray background...**

## **Characterisation of X-ray background over western Galactic hemisphere**

Ponti +23; Yeung,GP+24; Zheng,GP+24a,b; Locatelli,GP+24a,b; Ponti+subm; Dennerl,GP+subm

**The Galactic outflow is partly powered from the central degree**

**Non thermal component at the GC is concentrated within central molecular zone and consistent  
with reflection of a past flare of Sgr A\***

Stel,GP+23+24; Anastasopoulou+subm

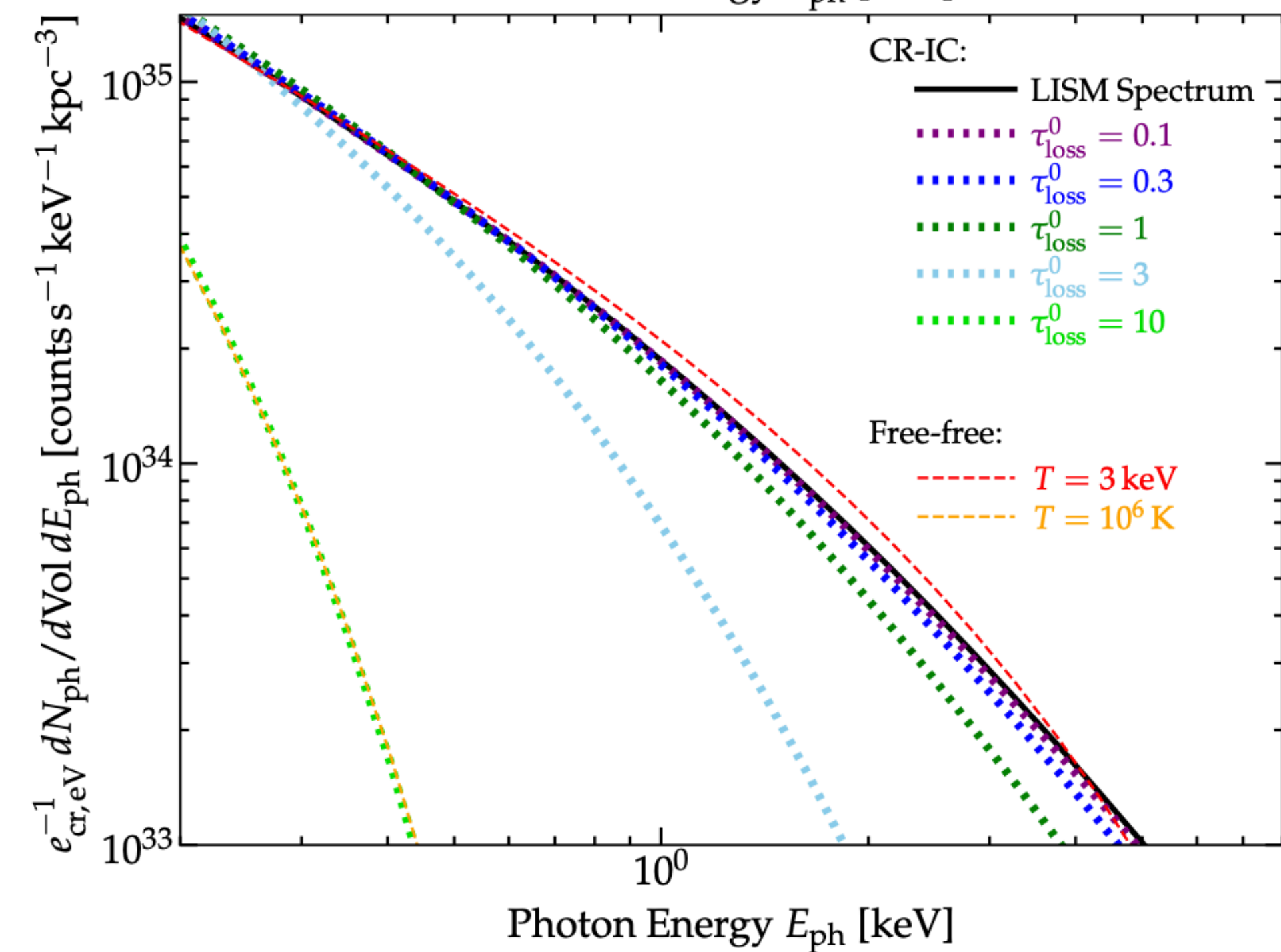
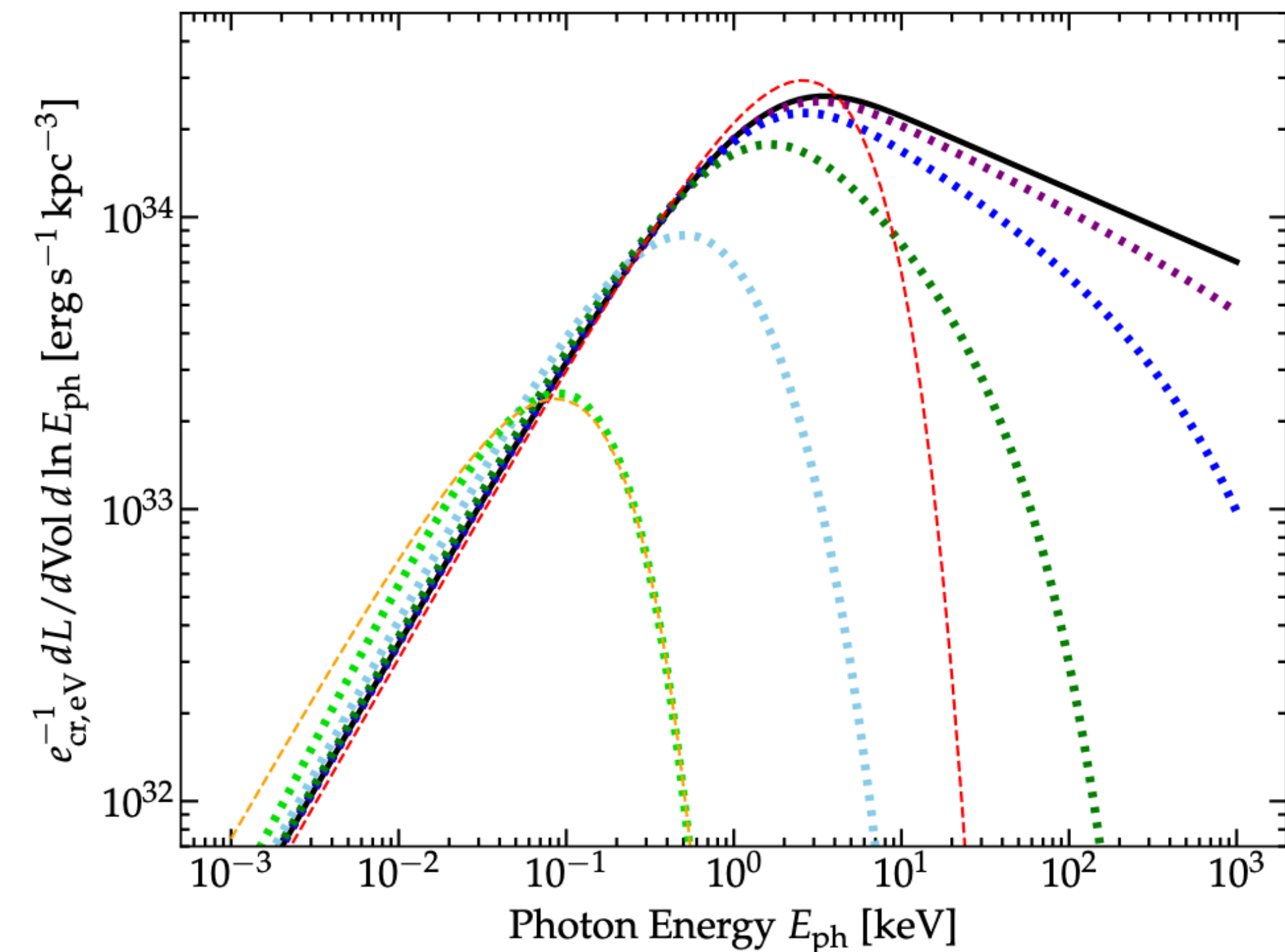
**We detect extended ( $10^2$  kpc) X-ray emission around Milky Way-like galaxies**

**→ slightly supervirial hot plasma** Zhang+24a; +24b; +24c

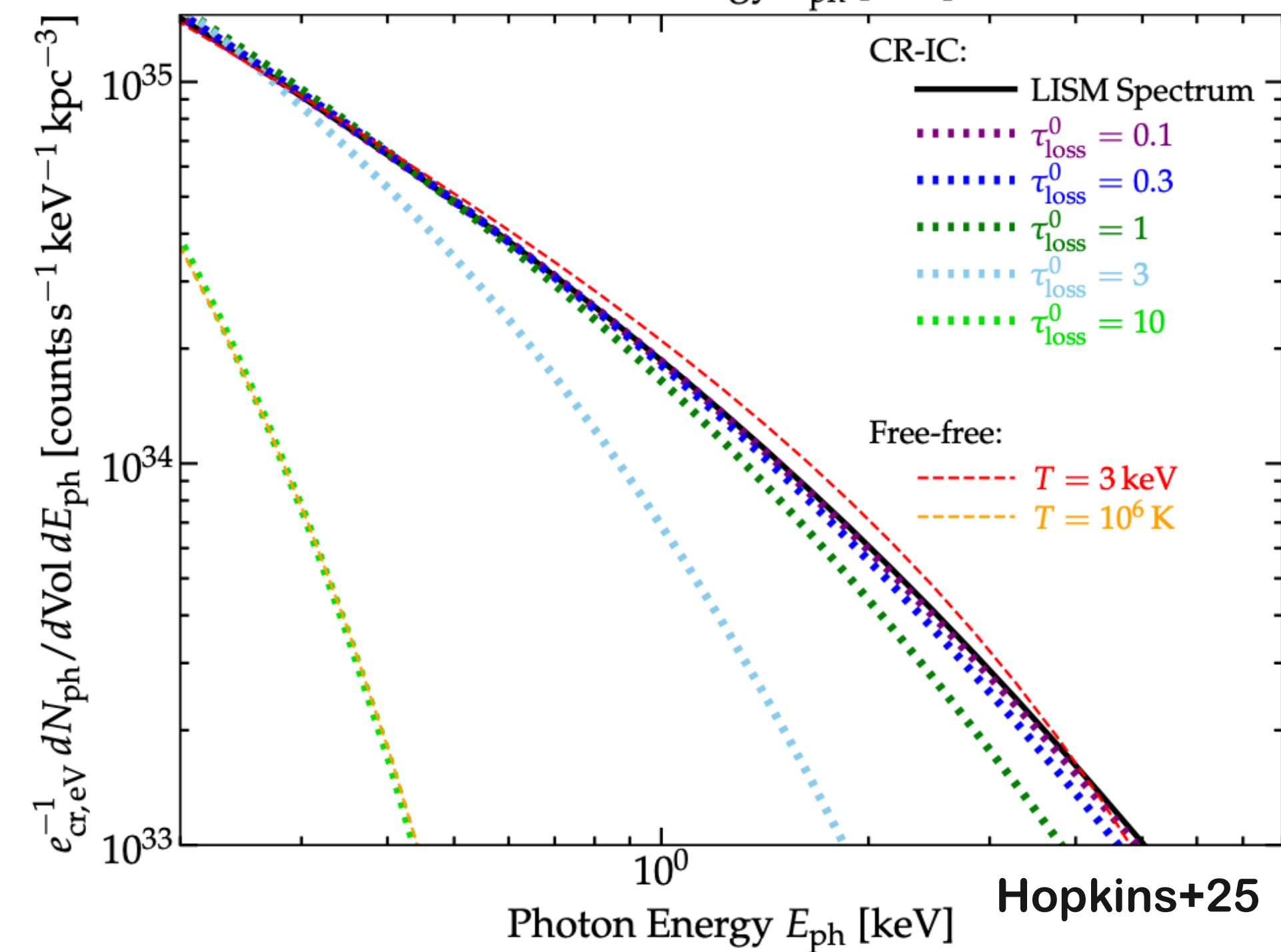
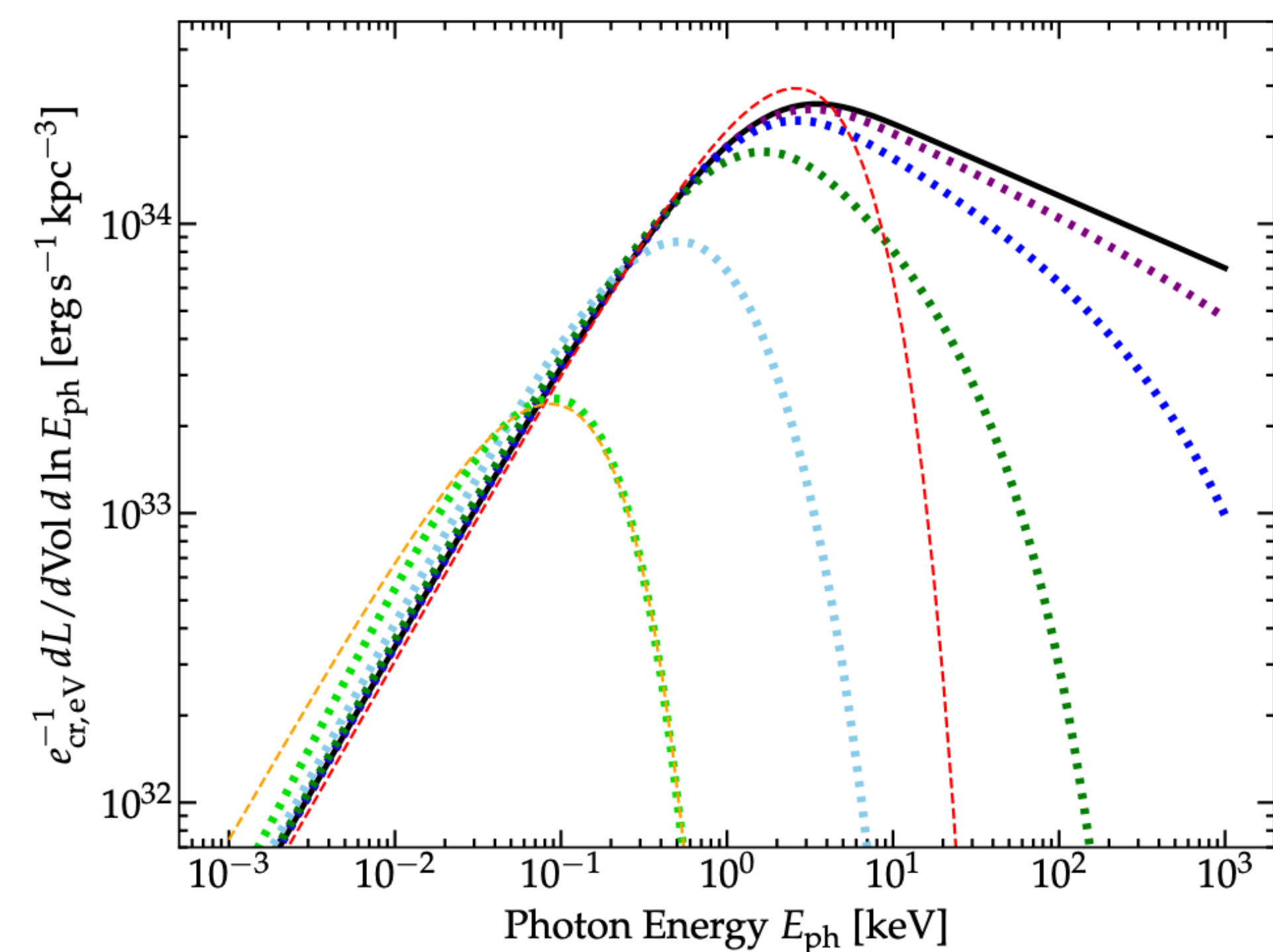
**But possible contribution from cosmic ray electrons or protons**

Recchia+21; Hopkins+25; Quataert+25

# CR e- on CMB as hot CGM

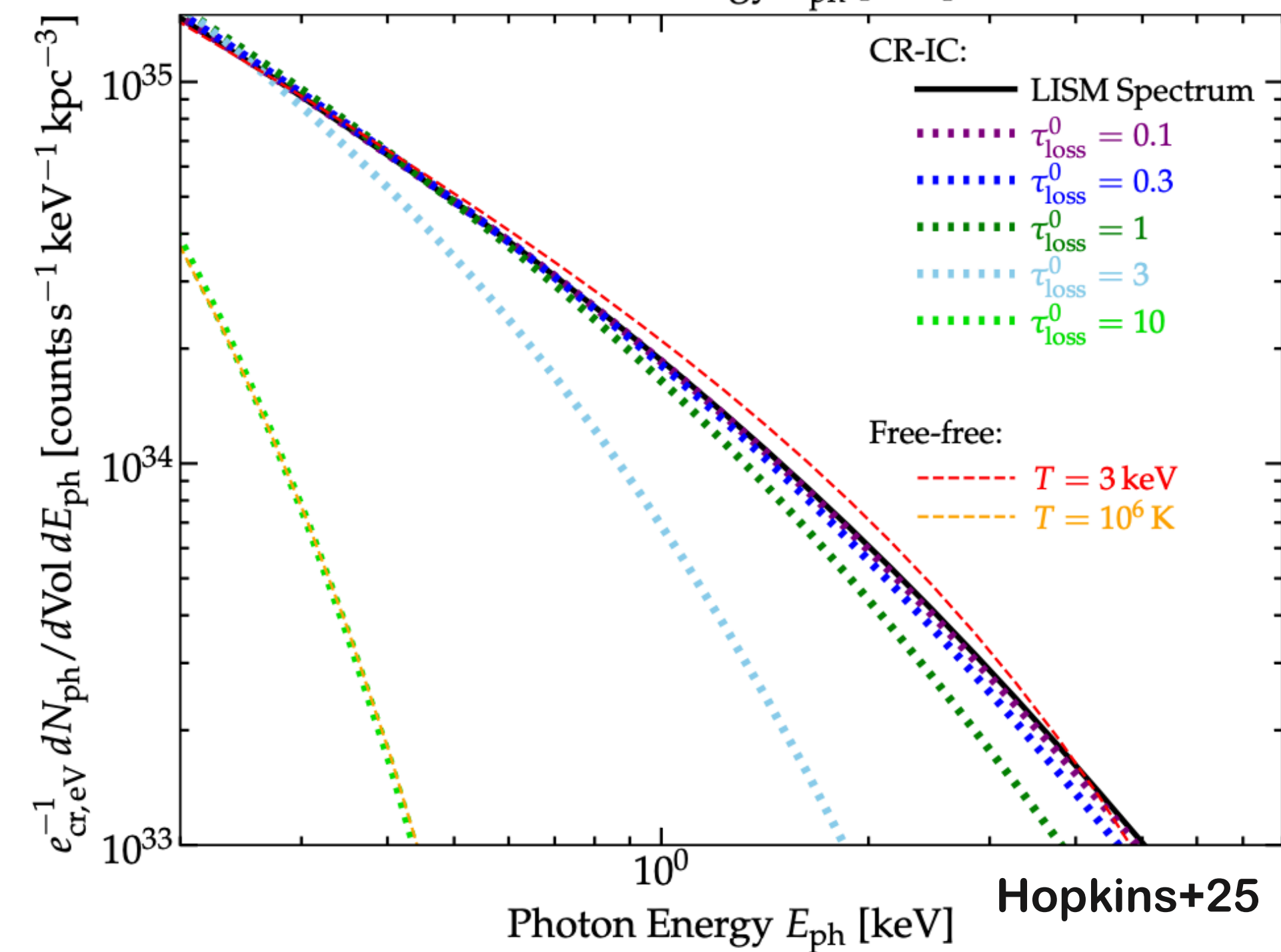
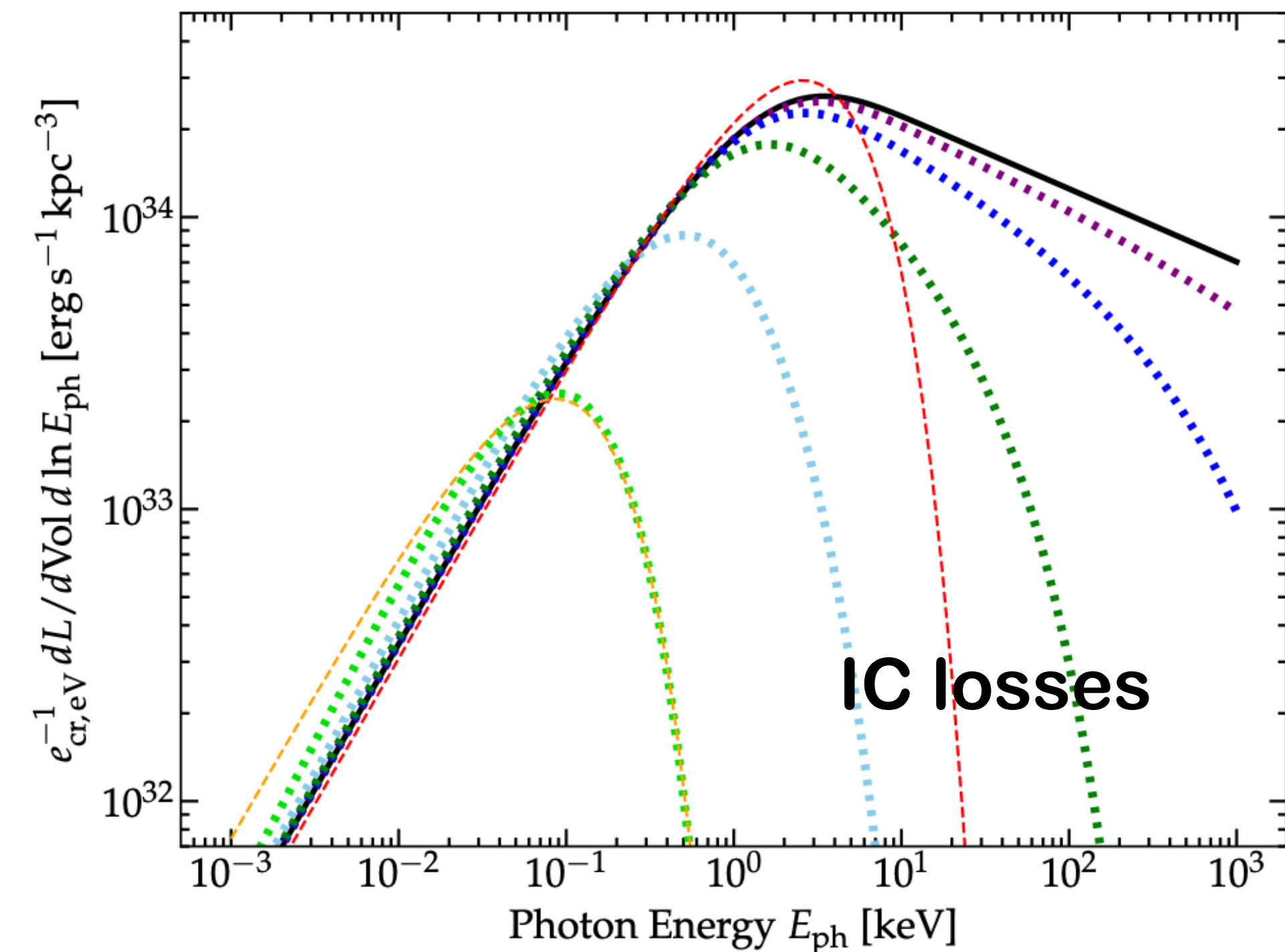


# CR e- on CMB as hot CGM



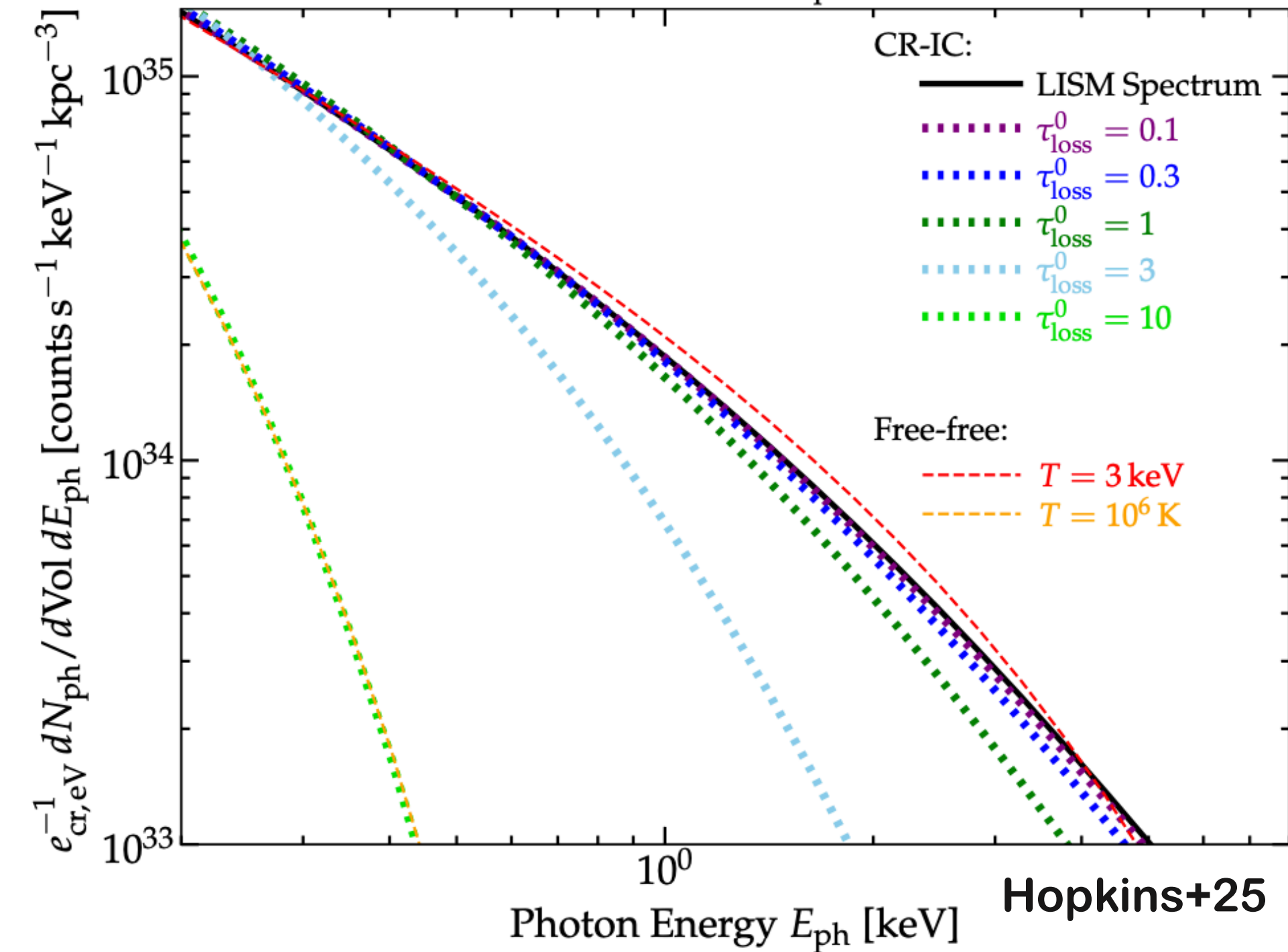
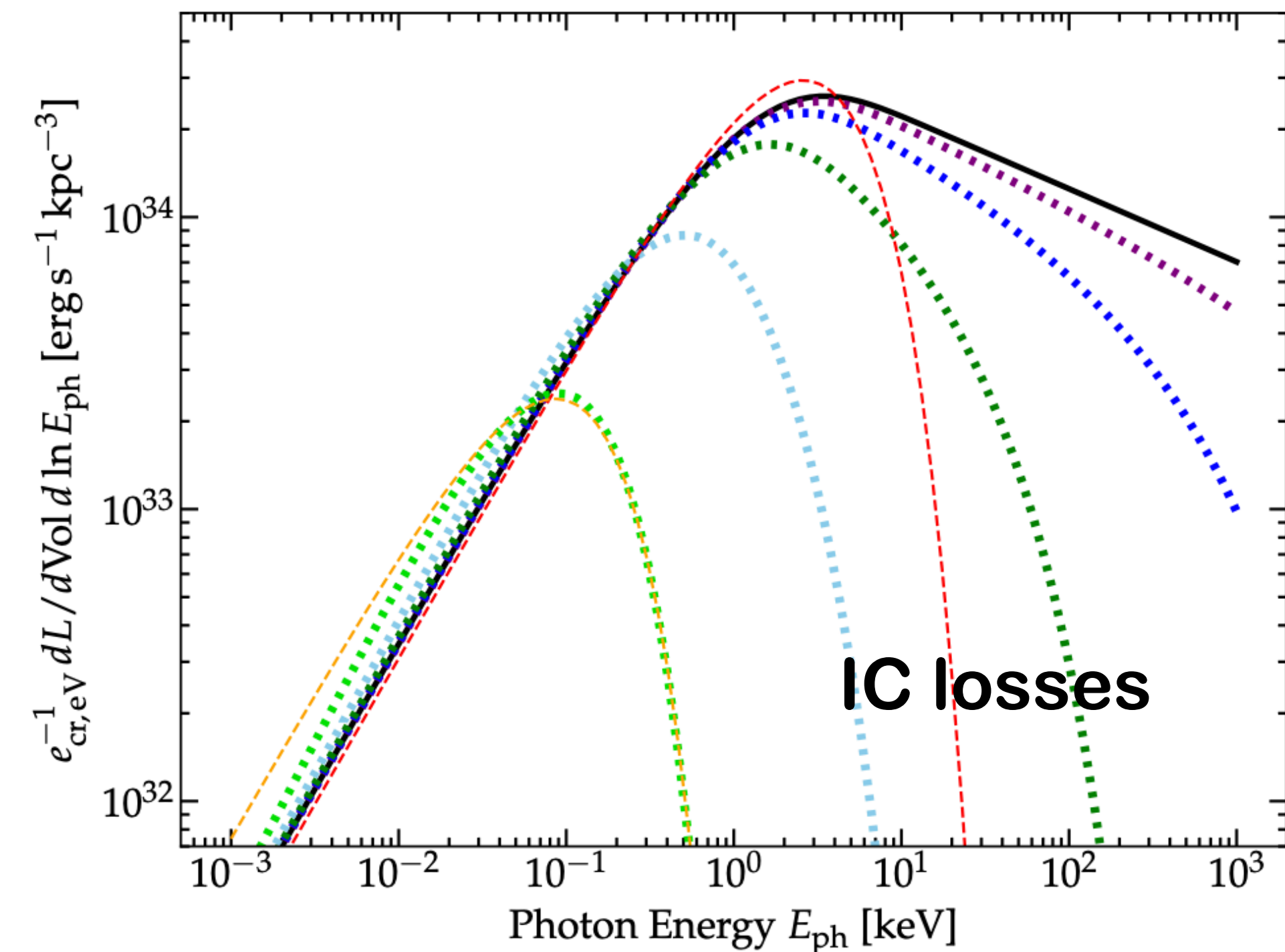


# CR e- on CMB as hot CGM



# CR e- on CMB as hot CGM

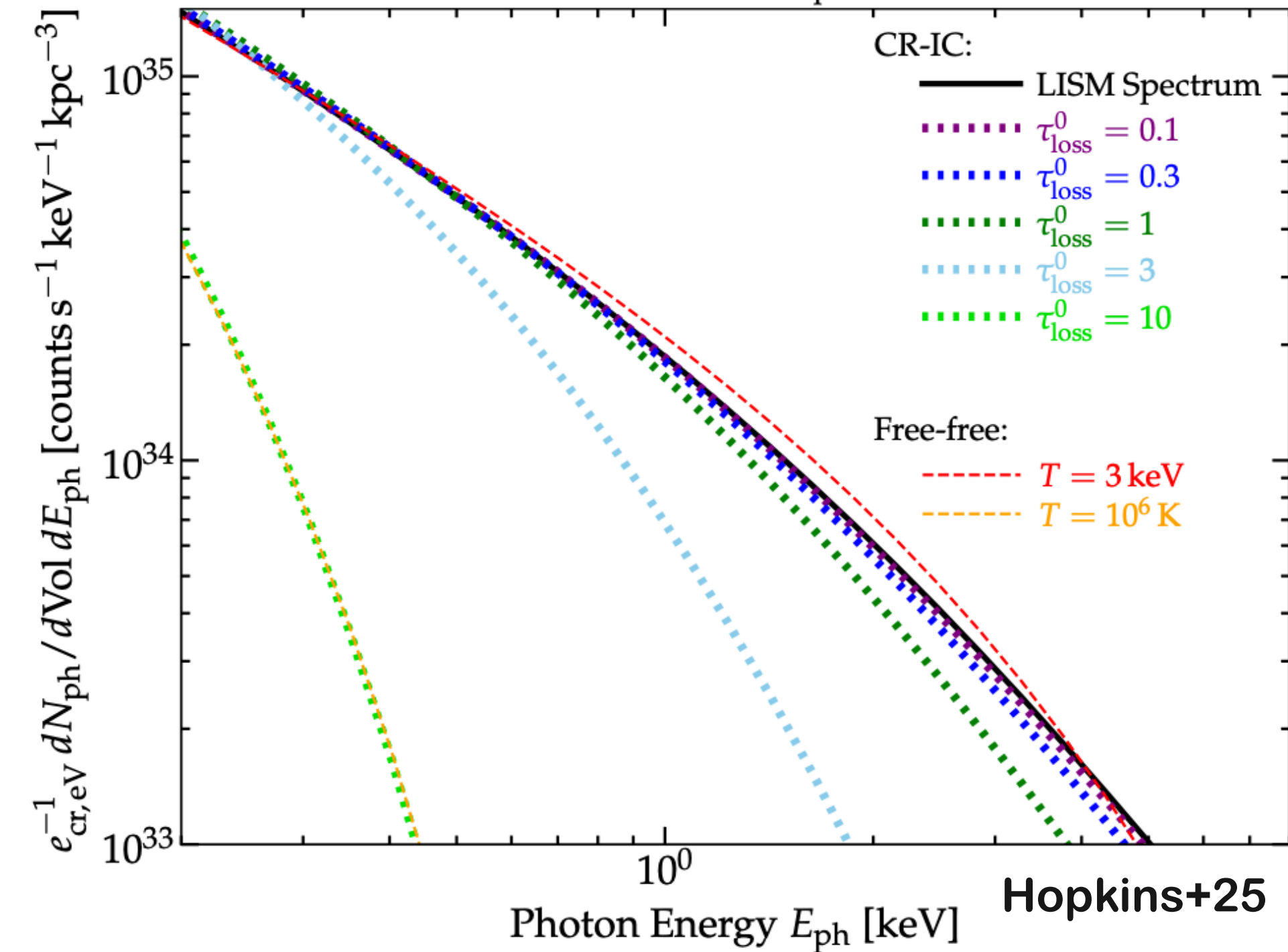
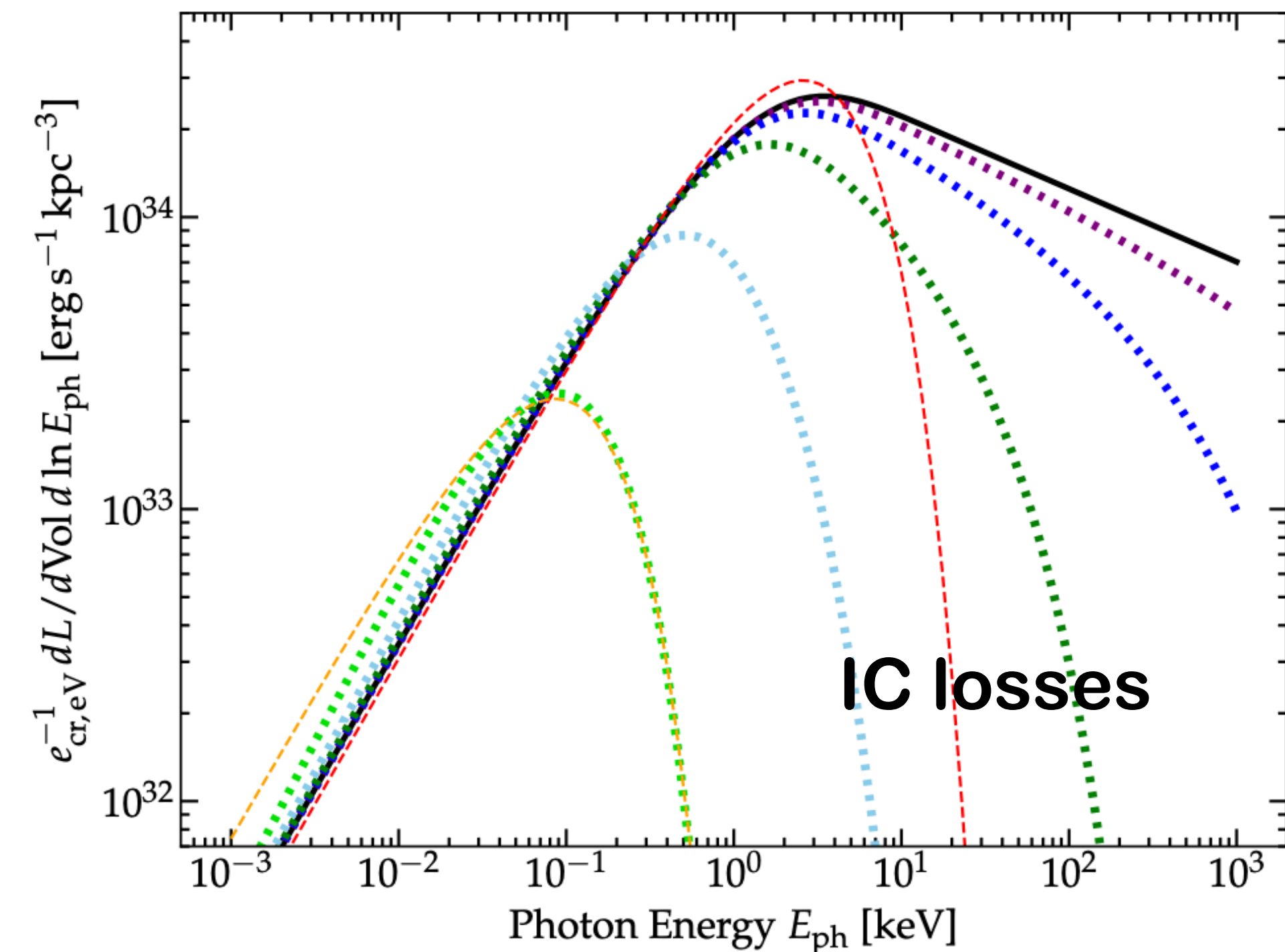
CR e- on CMB



# CR e- on CMB as hot CGM

CR e- on CMB

With IC losses



# CR e- on CMB as hot CGM

CR e- on CMB

With IC losses

Similar to hot plasma with  $kT \sim 0.2$  keV

