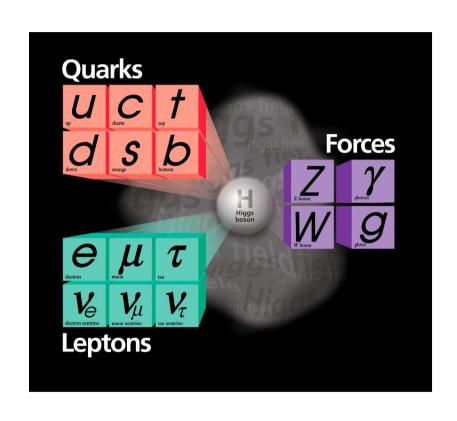
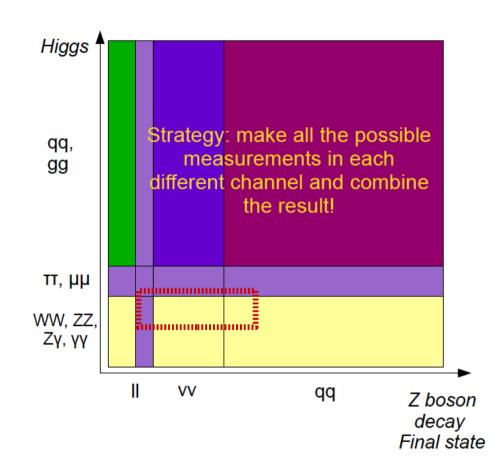


Reconstruction at future electron positron collider

Manqi

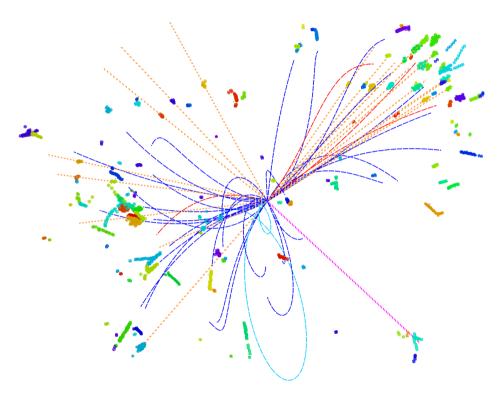
#### Jets @ CEPC

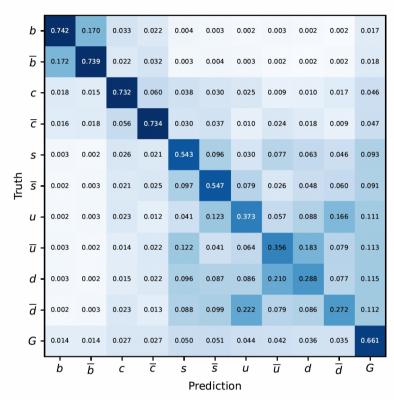




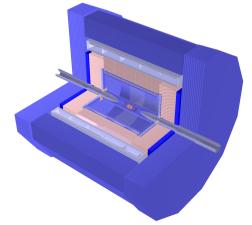
- Massive Four in Standard Model:
  - Z & W: ~ 70% goes to a pair of jets
  - Higgs: ~90% goes to jet final states
  - Top:  $t \rightarrow W + B$

#### Identification of all jet species...

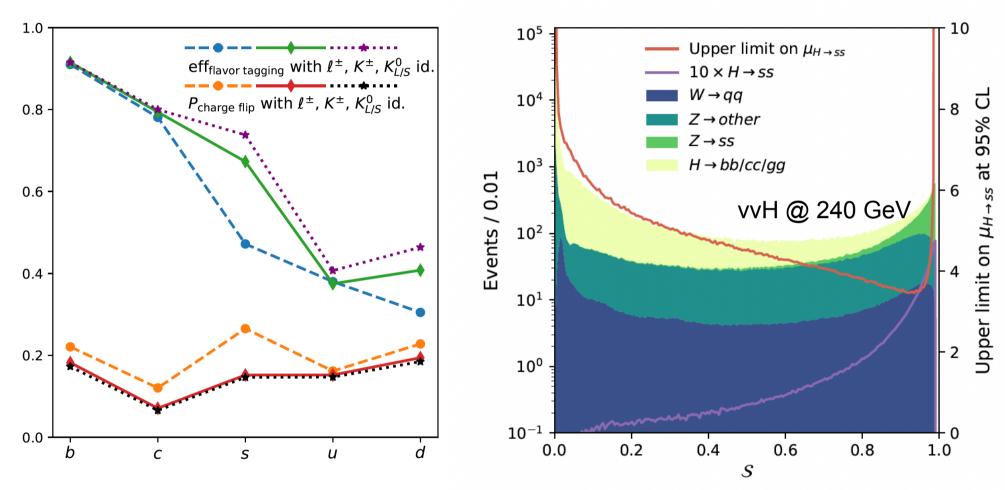




- Jet origin identification: 11 categories (5 quarks + 5 antiquarks + gluon)
- Full Simulated vvH, Higgs to two jets sample at CEPC baseline configuration: CEPC-v4 detector, reconstructed with Arbor + ParticleNet (Deep Learning Tech.)



# Performance with different PID scenarios & H→ss measurements



Flavor tagging: type that maximize {L\_q + L\_q\_bar, L\_g}

If quark jet: jet charge ~ compare {L\_q, L\_q\_bar}

Remark: current jet flavor tagging efficiency & jet charge flip rates are projections of the 11-dim arrays produced by Jet origin id

#### Benchmark analyses: Higgs rare/FCNC

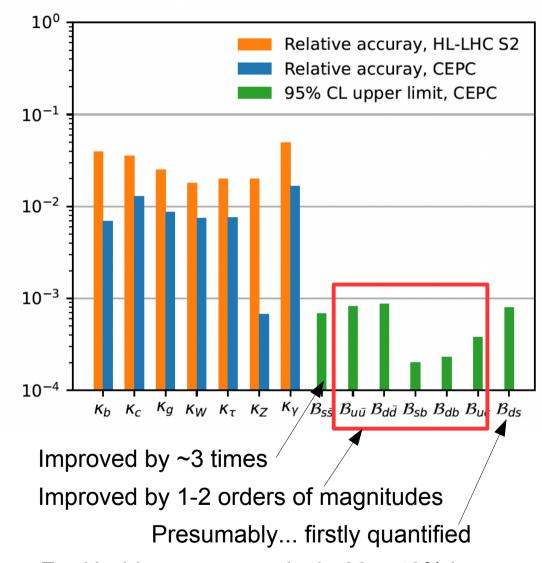


TABLE I: Summary of background events of  $H \to b\bar{b}/c\bar{c}/gg$ , Z, and W prior to flavor-based event selection, along with the expected upper limits on Higgs decay branching ratios at 95% CL. Expectations are derived based on the background-only hypothesis.

	Bkg. $(10^3)$			Upper limit $(10^{-3})$ $s\bar{s}$ $u\bar{u}$ $d\bar{d}$ $sb$ $db$ $uc$ $ds$						
	H	Z	W	$sar{s}$	$u ar{u}$	$dar{d}$	sb	db	uc	ds
$ u \bar{\nu} H$	151	20	2.1	0.81	0.95	0.99	0.26	0.27	0.46	0.93
$\mu^+\mu^-H$	50	25	0	2.6	3.0	3.2	0.5	0.6	1.0	3.0
$e^+e^-H$	26	16	0	4.1	4.6	4.8	0.7	0.9	1.6	4.3
$ \nu\bar{\nu}H $ $ \mu^{+}\mu^{-}H $ $ e^{+}e^{-}H $ Comb.	-	-	-	0.75	0.91	0.95	0.22	0.23	0.39	0.86

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  - [50] Alexander Albert et al. Strange quark as a probe for new physics in the Higgs sector. In *Snowmass 2021*, 3 2022.
- [59] J. de Blas et al. Higgs Boson Studies at Future Particle Colliders. *JHEP*, 01:139, 2020.
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For H->bb, cc, gg: results in 20 – 40% improvement in relative accuracies (preliminary)...

### Next step

- Jet origin id:
  - Not only critical for Higgs measurements, but beneficial for all measurements with jets – weak mixing angle, flavor, etc.
  - "World leading performance of tagger", "A game changer and opens new horizon for precision flavor studies at all future experiments."
- Next steps:
  - Apply to Particle Flow Reconstruction, in progress
- General question from Reconstruction
  - Categorization (identification),
  - Grouping (Clustering),
  - Evaluation.

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Jet-Origin Identification and Its Application at an Electron-Positron Higgs Factory

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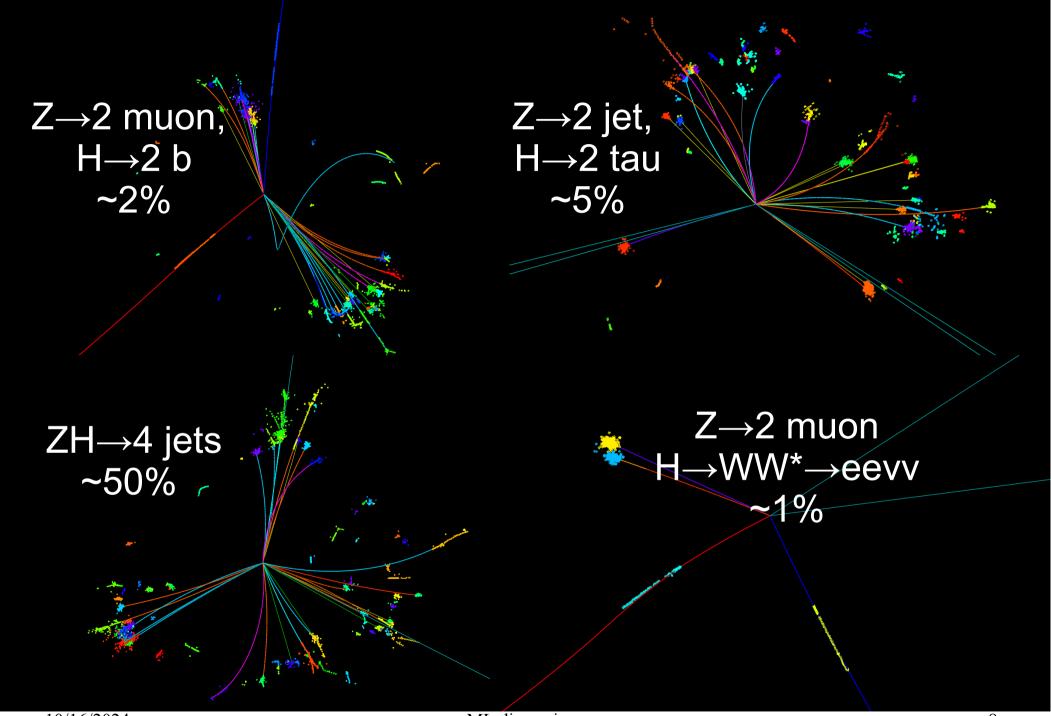
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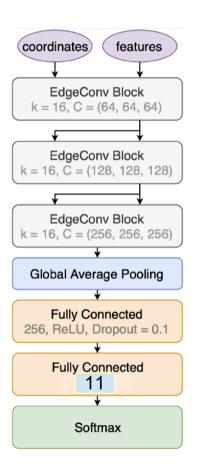
<sup>5</sup>CERN, EP Department, CH-1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland

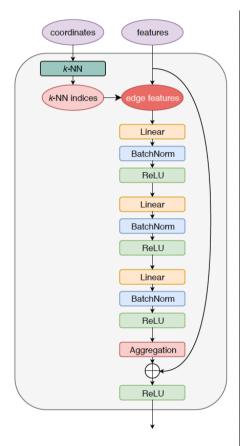
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## Back up



#### Particle Net: IO





Variable	Definition					
Δ	difference in pseudorapidity between					
$\Delta\eta$	the particle and the jet axis					
$\Delta\phi$	difference in azimuthal angle between					
	the particle and the jet axis					
$logp_T$	logarithm of the particle's $p_T$					
logE	logarithm of the particle's energy					
$log \frac{p_T}{p_T(jet)}$	logarithm of the particle's $p_T$ relative to the jet $p_T$					
$log rac{p_T}{p_T(jet)} \ log rac{E}{E(jet)}$	logarithm of the particle's energy relative to the jet energy					
$\Delta R$	angular separation between the particle					
	and the jet axis $(\sqrt{(\Delta \eta)^2 + (\Delta \phi)^2})$					
d0	transverse impact parameter of the track					
d0err	uncertainty associated with the measurement of the ${\rm d}0$					
z0	longitudinal impact parameter of the track					
z0err	uncertainty associated with the measurement of the $z0$					
charge	electric charge of the particle					
isElectron	if the particle is an electron					
isMuon	if the particle is a muon					
isChragedKaon	if the particle is a charged Kaon					
isChragedPion	if the particle is a charged Pion					
isProton	if the particle is a proton					
isNeutralHadron	if the particle is a neutral hadron					
is Photon	if the particle is a photon					

Table 3. The input variables used in ParticleNet for jet flavor tagging at the CEPC.

Output: likelihoods to different categories