

第三届高能物理理论与实验融合发展研讨会

# PhaseTracer2 软件

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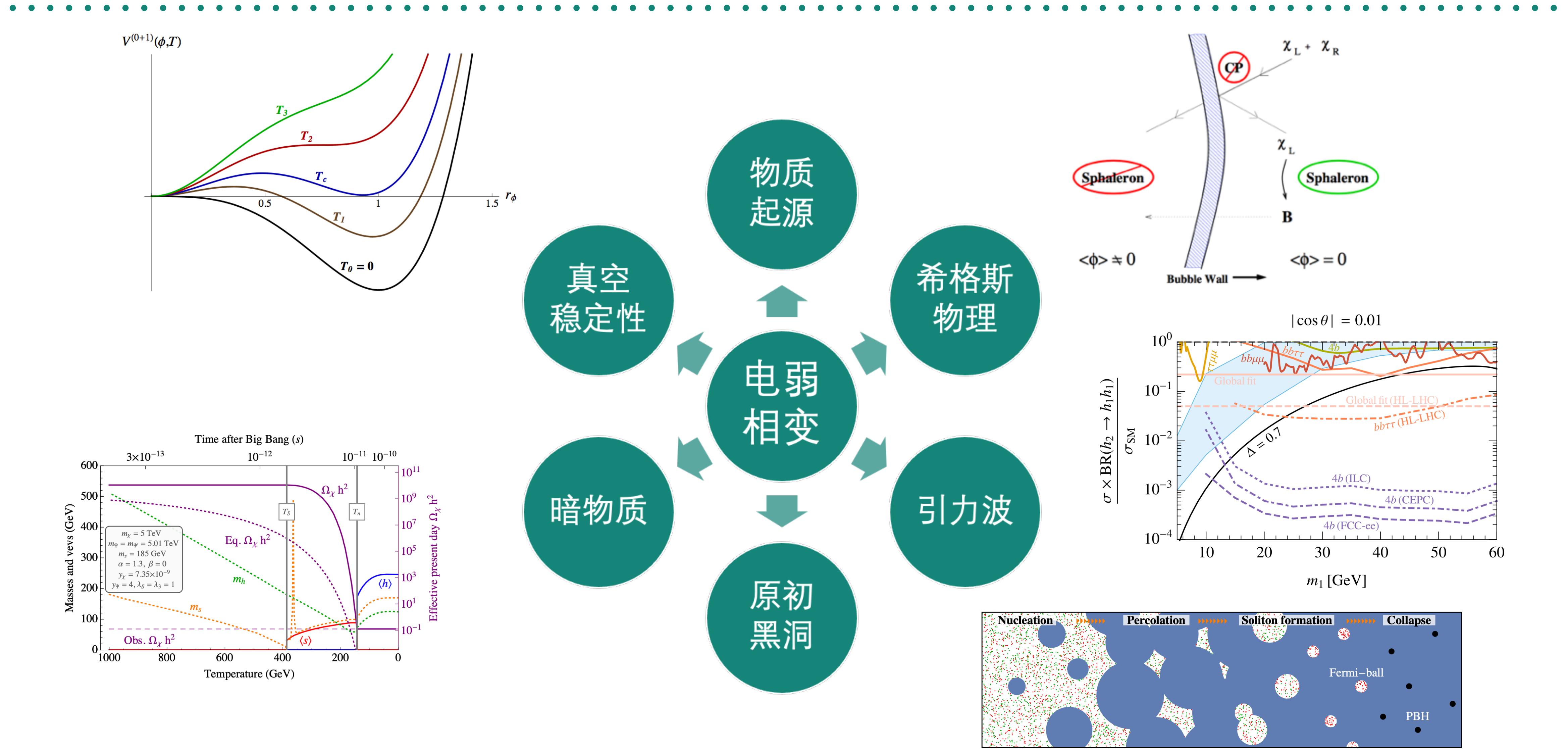
Based on <https://github.com/PhaseTracer> and arXiv:2411.xxxxx

In collaboration with Peter Athron, Csaba Balázs, Andrew Fowlie, William Searle, Yang Xiao

辽宁师范大学

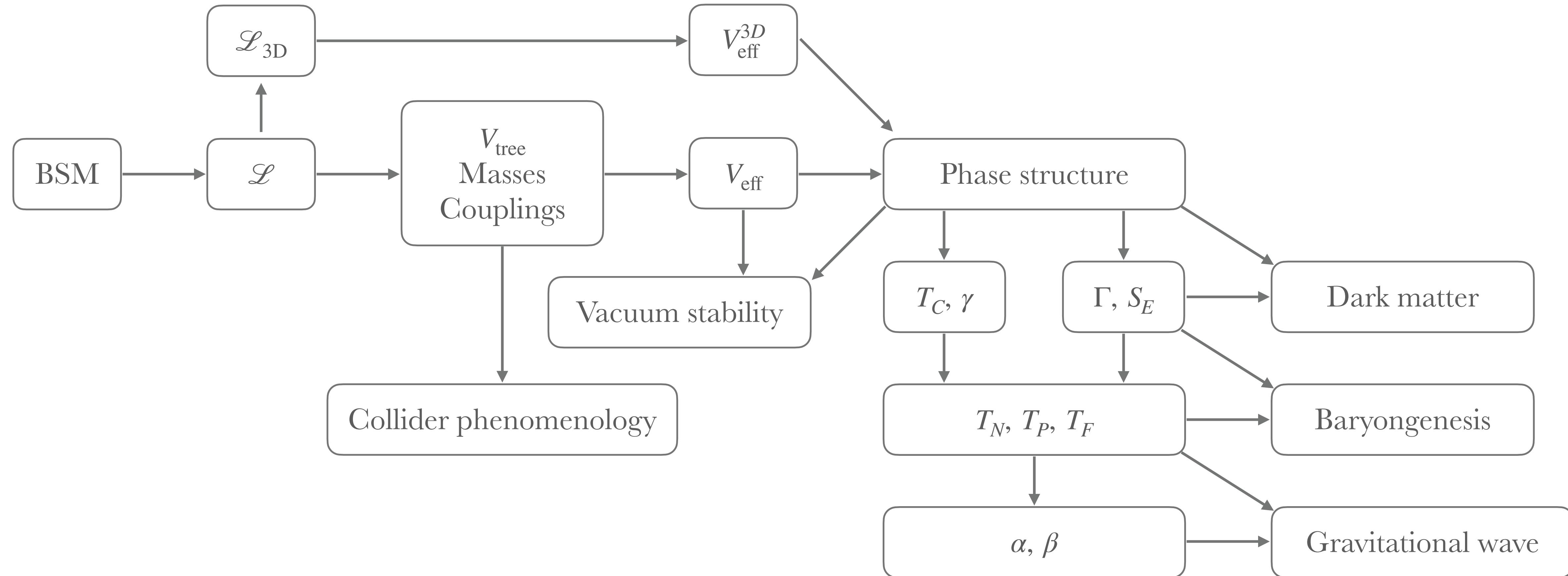
2024.11.01

# Introduction



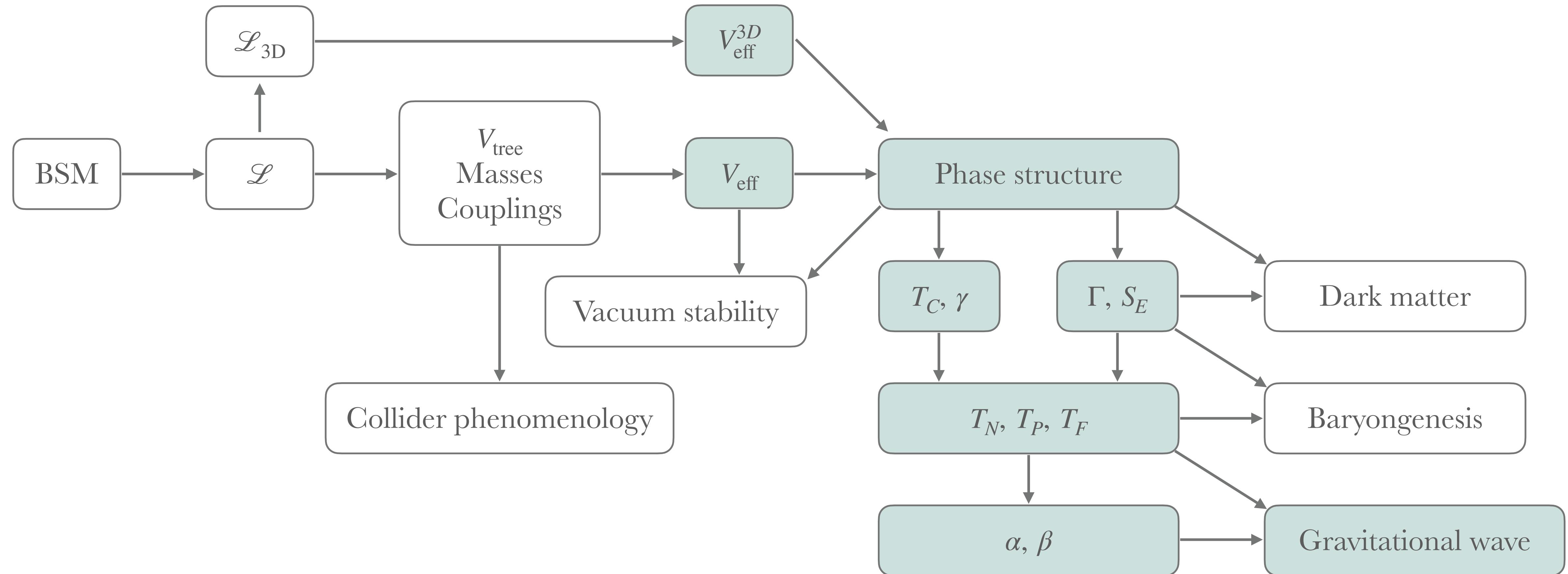
# Introduction

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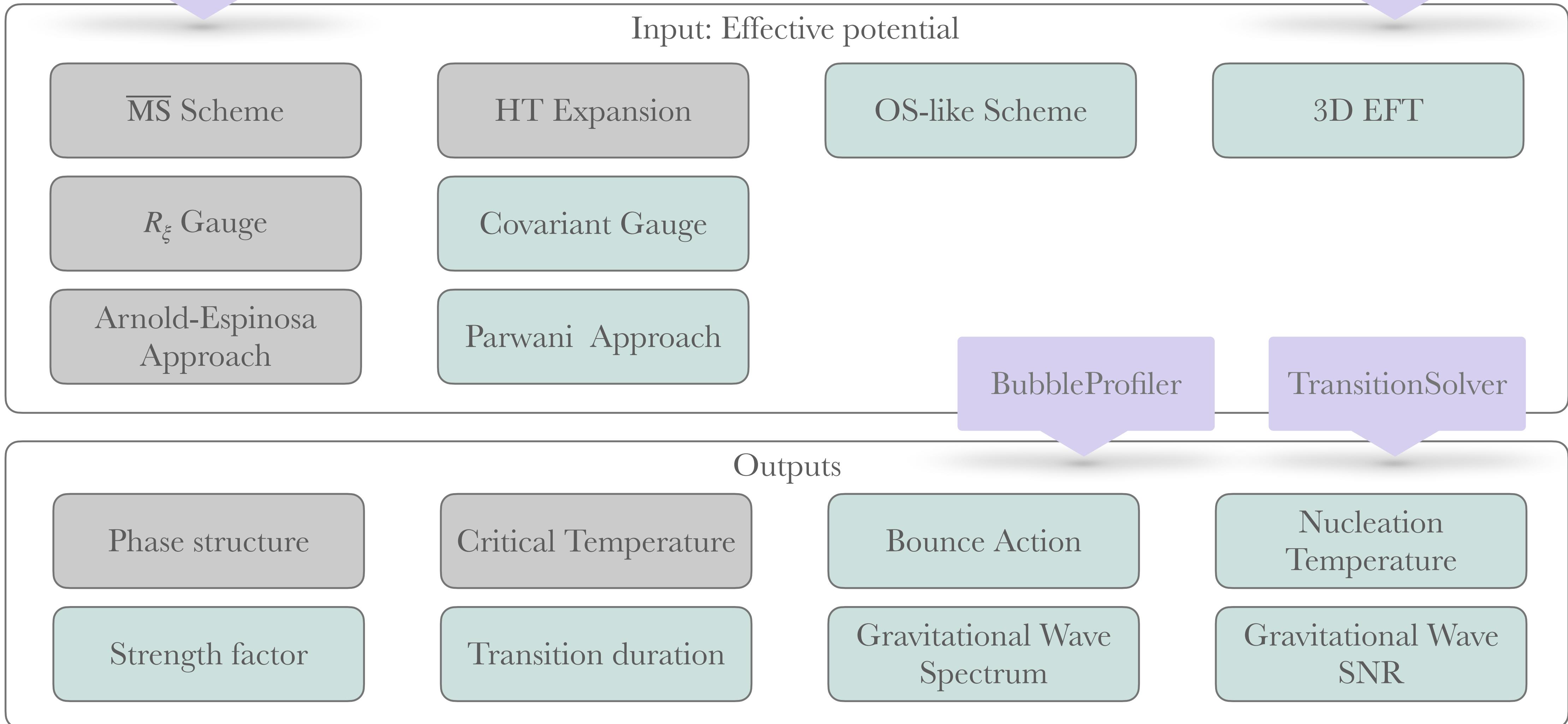
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# PhaseTracer2

FlexibleSUSY

DRalgo



# Example

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- Model: SM, Singlet extension, 2HDM, NMSSM
- Input:  $V_{\text{tree}}$ , num of fields, symmetry, field-dependent masses, Debye masses

```
31 #include "one_loop_potential.hpp"
32 #include "pow.hpp"
33 #include "SM_parameters.hpp"
34
35
36 namespace EffectivePotential {
37
38 class xSM_base : public OneLoopPotential {
39 public:
40     double V0(Eigen::VectorXd phi) const override {
41         return 0.5 * muh_sq * square(phi[0]) +
42             0.25 * lambda_h * pow_4(phi[0]) +
43             0.25 * lambda_hs * square(phi[0]) * square(phi[1]) +
44             0.5 * mus_sq * square(phi[1]) +
45             0.25 * lambda_s * pow_4(phi[1]);
46     }
47     size_t get_n_scalars() const override {
48         return 2;
49     }
50     std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> apply_symmetry(Eigen::VectorXd phi) const override {
51         auto phi1 = phi;
52         phi1[0] = - phi[0];
53         auto phi2 = phi;
54         phi2[1] = - phi[1];
55         return {phi1, phi2};
56     };
}
```

$$V_0(h, s) = \frac{\mu_H^2}{2}h^2 + \frac{\lambda_H}{4}h^4 + \frac{\mu_S^2}{2}s^2 + \frac{\lambda_S}{4}s^4 + \frac{\lambda_{HS}}{4}h^2s^2$$

$$n_{\text{scalars}} = 2$$

$$V(h, s) = V(-h, s), V(h, s) = V(h, -s)$$

# Example

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- Model: SM, Singlet extension, 2HDM, NMSSM
- Input:  $V_{\text{tree}}$ , num of fields, symmetry, field-dependent masses, Debye masses

```

58 std::vector<double> get_fermion_masses_sq(Eigen::VectorXd phi) const override {
59     return {0.5 * SM_yt_sq * square(phi[0]),
60             0.5 * SM_yb_sq * square(phi[0]),
61             0.5 * SM_ytau_sq * square(phi[0])};
62 }
63 std::vector<double> get_fermion_dofs() const override {
64     return {12., 12., 4.};
65 }
66 std::vector<double> get_scalar_thermal_sq(double T) const override {
67     const double c_h = (9. * square(SM_g) +
68                         3. * square(SM_gp) +
69                         2. * (6. * SM_yt_sq + 6. * SM_yb_sq +
70                                2. * SM_ytau_sq + 12. * lambda_h + lambda_hs)) / 48.;
71     const double c_s = (2. * lambda_hs + 3. * lambda_s) / 12.;
72     return {c_h * square(T), c_s * square(T)};
73 }
74 std::vector<double> get_scalar_debye_sq(Eigen::VectorXd phi, double xi, double T) const override{
75     const double h = phi[0];
76     const double s = phi[1];
77     const auto thermal_sq = get_scalar_thermal_sq(T);
78
79     const double mhh2 = muh_sq + 3. * lambda_h * square(h) + 0.5 * lambda_hs * square(s);
80     ...
81 }
82 std::vector<double> get_scalar_dofs() const override {
83     return {1., 1., 1., 1., 1.};
84 }
```

$$m_{b,t,\tau}^2(\phi) = \frac{y_{b,t,\tau}^2}{2} \phi_h^2$$

$$n_t = 12, n_b = 12, n_\tau = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{m}_h^2(\phi, T) = & -(\mu_h^2 + \mu_s^2) + 3(\lambda_h \phi_h^2 + \lambda_s \phi_s^2) + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{hs} (\phi_h^2 + \phi_s^2) + (c_h + c_s) T^2 \\ & + \left[ (-(\mu_h^2 - \mu_s^2) + 3(\lambda_h \phi_h^2 - \lambda_s \phi_s^2) - \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{hs} (\phi_h^2 - \phi_s^2) + (c_h - c_s) T^2)^2 \right. \\ & \left. + 4 \lambda_{hs}^2 \phi_h^2 \phi_s^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}, \end{aligned} \quad (50)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{m}_s^2(\phi, T) = & -(\mu_h^2 + \mu_s^2) + 3(\lambda_h \phi_h^2 + \lambda_s \phi_s^2) + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{hs} (\phi_h^2 + \phi_s^2) + (c_h + c_s) T^2 \\ & - \left[ (-(\mu_h^2 - \mu_s^2) + 3(\lambda_h \phi_h^2 - \lambda_s \phi_s^2) - \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{hs} (\phi_h^2 - \phi_s^2) + (c_h - c_s) T^2)^2 \right. \\ & \left. + 4 \lambda_{hs}^2 \phi_h^2 \phi_s^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}, \end{aligned} \quad (51)$$

$$m_G^2(\phi, T) = \mu_h^2 + \lambda_h \phi_h^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{hs} \phi_s^2 + c_h T^2, \quad (52)$$

$$n_h = 1, n_s = 1, n_G = 3$$

# Example

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- Model: SM, Singlet extension, 2HDM, NMSSM
- Input:  $V_{\text{tree}}$ , num of fields, symmetry, field-dependent masses, Debye masses

```
91 // W, Z, photon
92 std::vector<double> get_vector_debye_sq(Eigen::VectorXd phi, double T) const override {
93     const double h_sq = square(phi[0]);
94     const double T_sq = square(T);
95     const double MW_T_sq = 0.25 * square(SM_g) * h_sq;
96     const double MZ_T_sq = 0.25 * (square(SM_g) + square(SM_gp)) * h_sq;
97     const double Mphoton_T_sq = 0.;

98     const double MW_L_sq = 0.25 * square(SM_g) * h_sq + 11. / 6. * square(SM_g) * T_sq;
99     const double a_L = (square(SM_g) + square(SM_gp)) * (3. * h_sq + 22. * T_sq);
101    const double b_L = std::sqrt(9. * square(square(SM_g) + square(SM_gp)) * square(h_sq)
102        + 132. * square(square(SM_g) - square(SM_gp)) * h_sq * T_sq
103        + 484. * square(square(SM_g) - square(SM_gp)) * pow_4(T));
104    const double MZ_L_sq = (a_L + b_L) / 24.;
105    const double Mphoton_L_sq = (a_L - b_L) / 24.;

106    // Mphoton_sq must be put at the end, as it will not be used in the OSlike scheme.
107    return {MW_L_sq, MZ_L_sq, Mphoton_L_sq, MW_T_sq, MZ_T_sq, Mphoton_T_sq};
108 }
109 }

110 // W, Z, photon
111 std::vector<double> get_vector_dofs() const override {
112     return {2., 1., 1., 4., 2, 2};
113 }
114 }
```

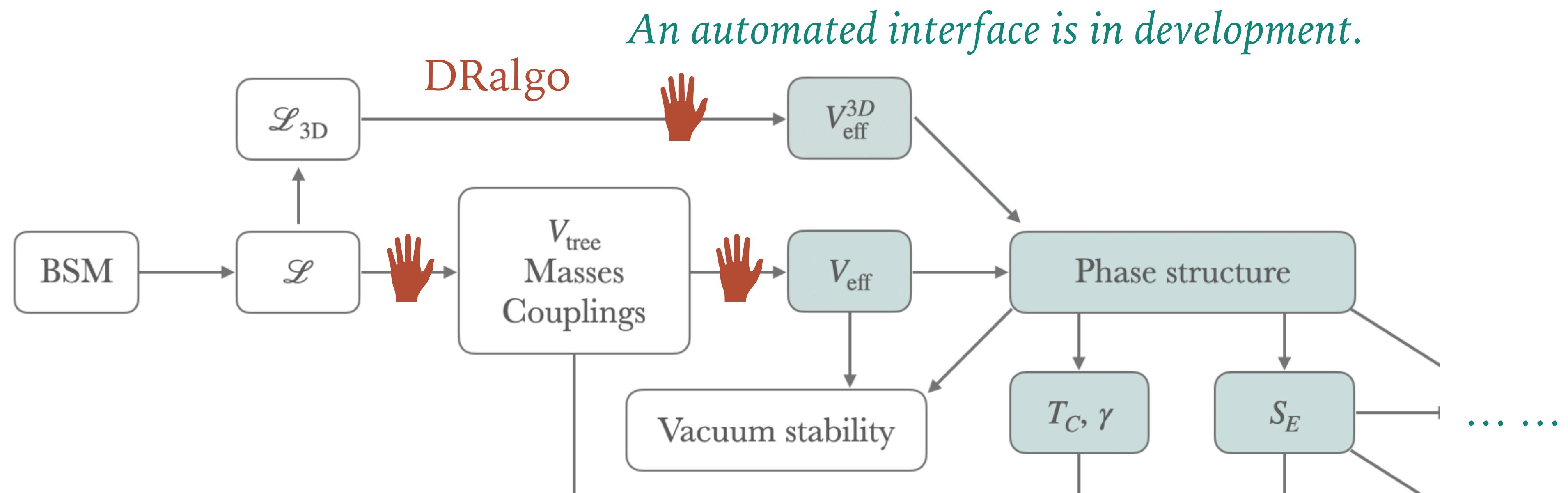
$$\begin{aligned} m_{W_T}^2(\phi) &= \frac{g^2}{4}\phi_h^2, \\ m_{W_L}^2(\phi, T) &= \frac{g^2}{4}\phi_h^2 + \frac{11}{6}g^2T^2, \\ m_{\gamma_T}^2(\phi) &= 0, \\ m_{\gamma_L}^2(\phi, T) &= \frac{1}{24} \left[ (g^2 + g'^2)(3\phi_h^2 + 22T^2) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \sqrt{9(g^2 + g'^2)^2\phi_h^4 + 44T^2(g^2 - g'^2)^2(3\phi_h^2 + 11T^2)} \right], \\ m_{Z_T}^2(\phi) &= \frac{g^2 + g'^2}{4}\phi_h^2, \\ m_{Z_L}^2(\phi, T) &= \frac{1}{24} \left[ (g^2 + g'^2)(3\phi_h^2 + 22T^2) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \sqrt{9(g^2 + g'^2)^2\phi_h^4 + 44T^2(g^2 - g'^2)^2(3\phi_h^2 + 11T^2)} \right]. \end{aligned}$$

$$n_{W_L} = 2, n_{Z_L} = 1, n_{\gamma_L} = 1, n_{W_T} = 4, n_{Z_T} = 2, n_{\gamma_T} = 2$$

# Example

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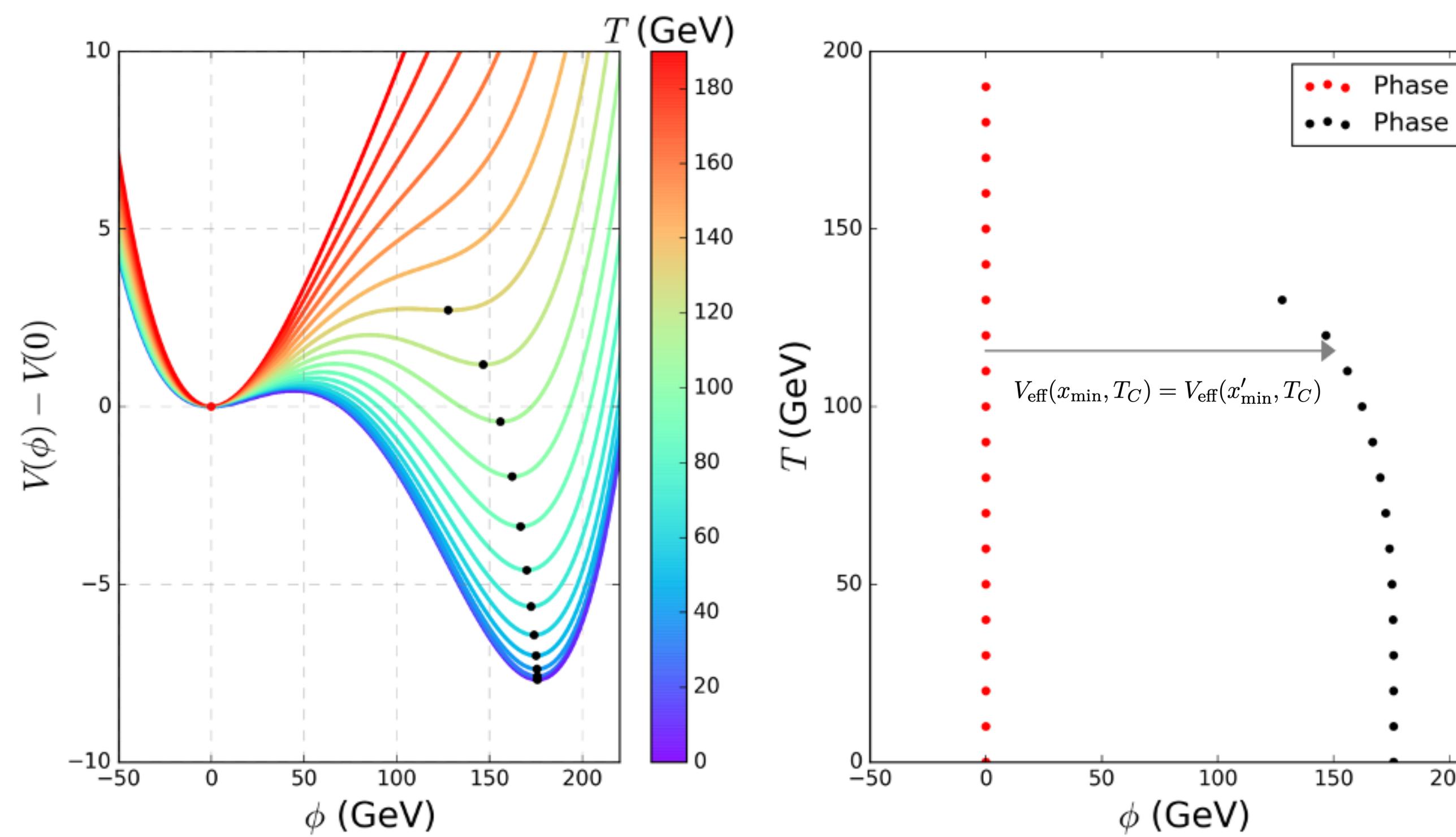
- Model: SM, Singlet extension, 2HDM, NMSSM
- Input:  $V_{\text{eff}}^{3D}$  from DRalgo



# Outputs of PhaseTracer2

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## ► Phase structure



```
PhaseTracer --zsh-- 58x43
[zy@192 PhaseTracer % ./bin/run_1D_test_model
found 2 phases

==== phase key = 0 ====
Maximum temperature = 1000
Minimum temperature = 33.1513
Field at tmax = [-7.71149e-06]
Field at tmin = [-4.80989e-06]
Potential at tmax = 5.94077e-06
Potential at tmin = 2.29061e-10
Ended at tmax = Reached tstop
Ended at tmin = Jump in fields indicated end of phase

==== phase key = 1 ====
Maximum temperature = 61.7437
Minimum temperature = 0
Field at tmax = [37.8319]
Field at tmin = [81.1597]
Potential at tmax = 65886.6
Potential at tmin = -1.66587e+06
Ended at tmax = Jump in fields indicated end of phase
Ended at tmin = Reached tstop

found 1 transition

==== transition from phase 0 to phase 1 ====
changed = [true]
TC = 59.1608
false vacuum (TC) = [5.69488e-06]
true vacuum (TC) = [50.0002]
gamma (TC) = 0.845158
delta potential (TC) = 0.00117802
TN = 57.3828
false vacuum (TN) = [6.40552e-06]
true vacuum (TN) = [53.6195]

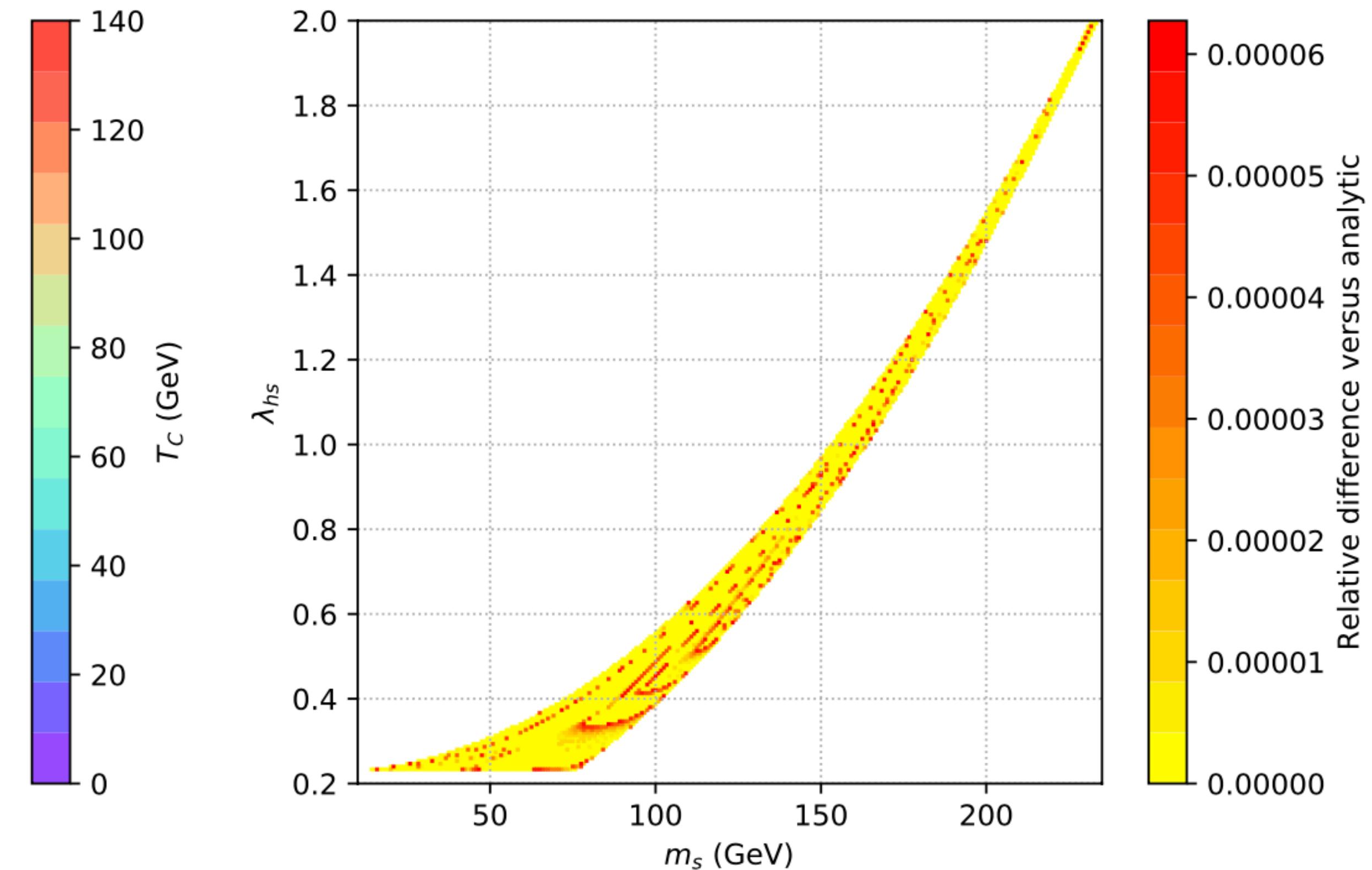
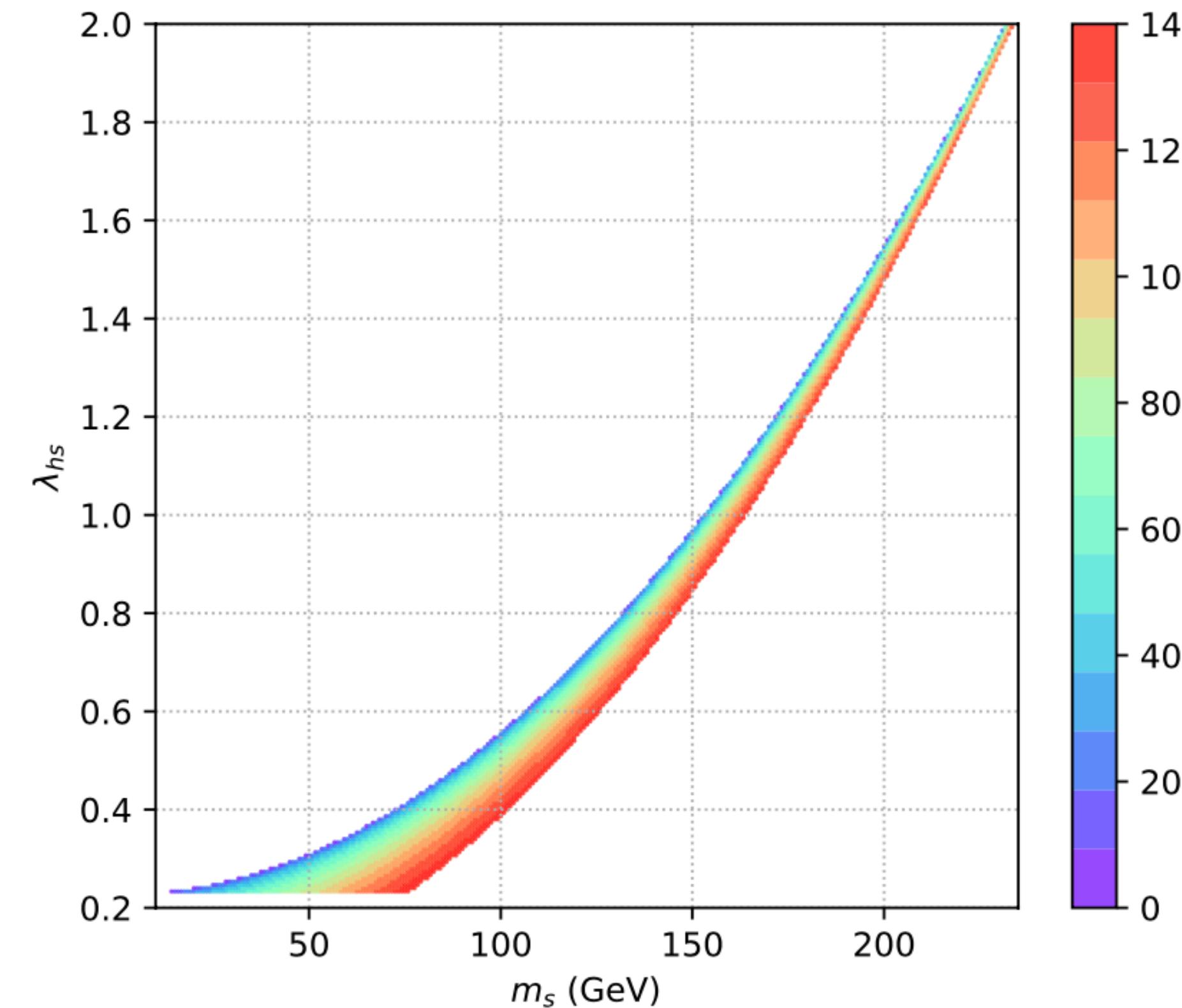
==== Gravitational wave generated at T = 57.3828
alpha = 0.00138966
beta over H = 7118.31
peak_frequency = 0.121947
peak_amplitude = 3.59588e-23
siganal to noise ratio for LISA = 3.72509e-13
zy@192 PhaseTracer %
```

# Outputs of PhaseTracer

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- Critical temperature  $T_C$

$$V_{\text{eff}}(x_{\min}, T_C) = V_{\text{eff}}(x'_{\min}, T_C)$$



# Outputs of PhaseTracer2

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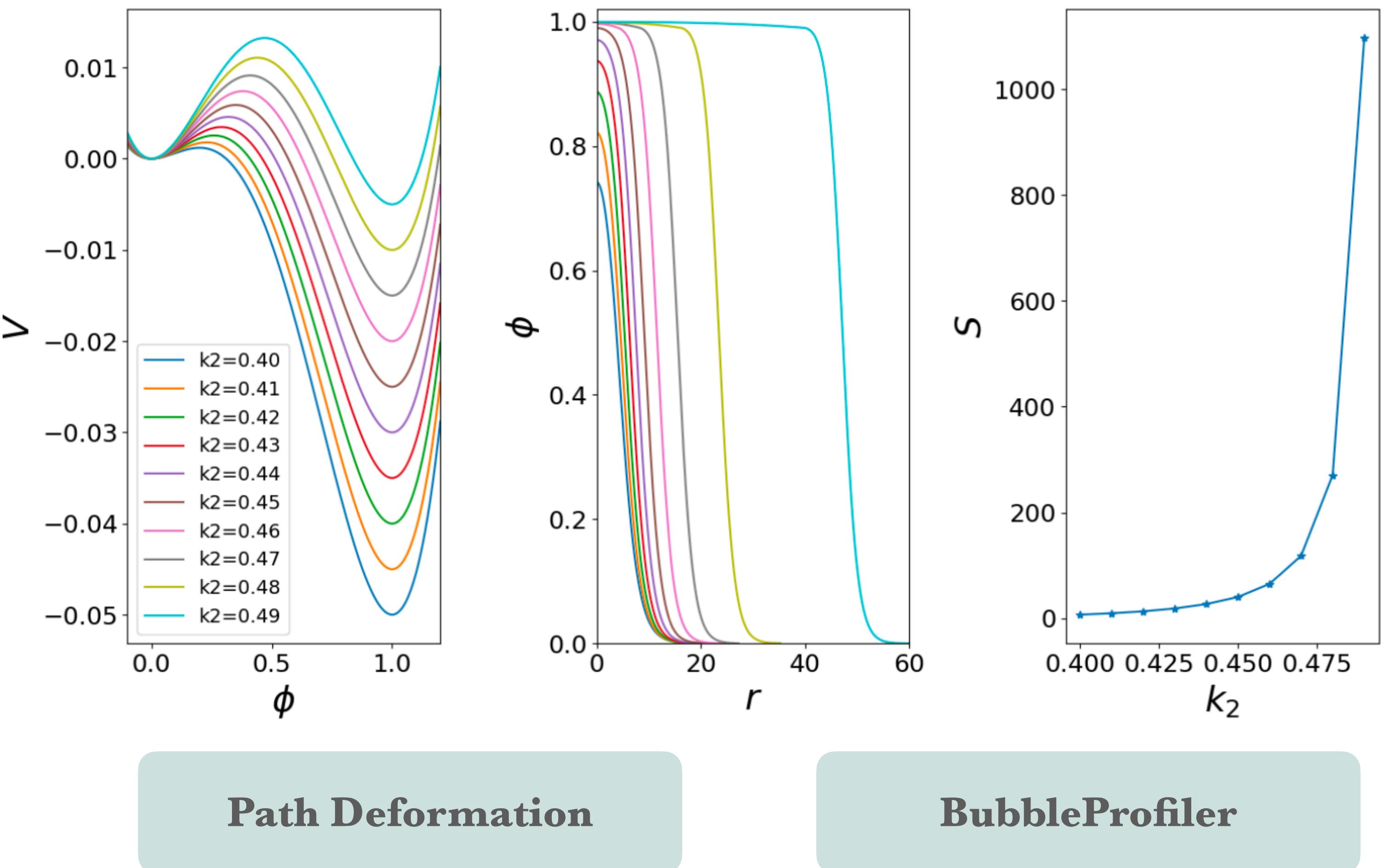
► Bounce action  $S_E$

$$\frac{\Gamma}{V} = A(T)e^{-S_E/T}[1 + \mathcal{O}(\hbar)]$$

$$S_E = \mathcal{S}_{d-1} \int_0^\infty \rho^{d-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} \dot{\phi}^2 + V(\phi) \right)$$

$$\ddot{\phi}(\rho) + \frac{d-1}{\rho} \dot{\phi}(\rho) = V'(\phi)$$

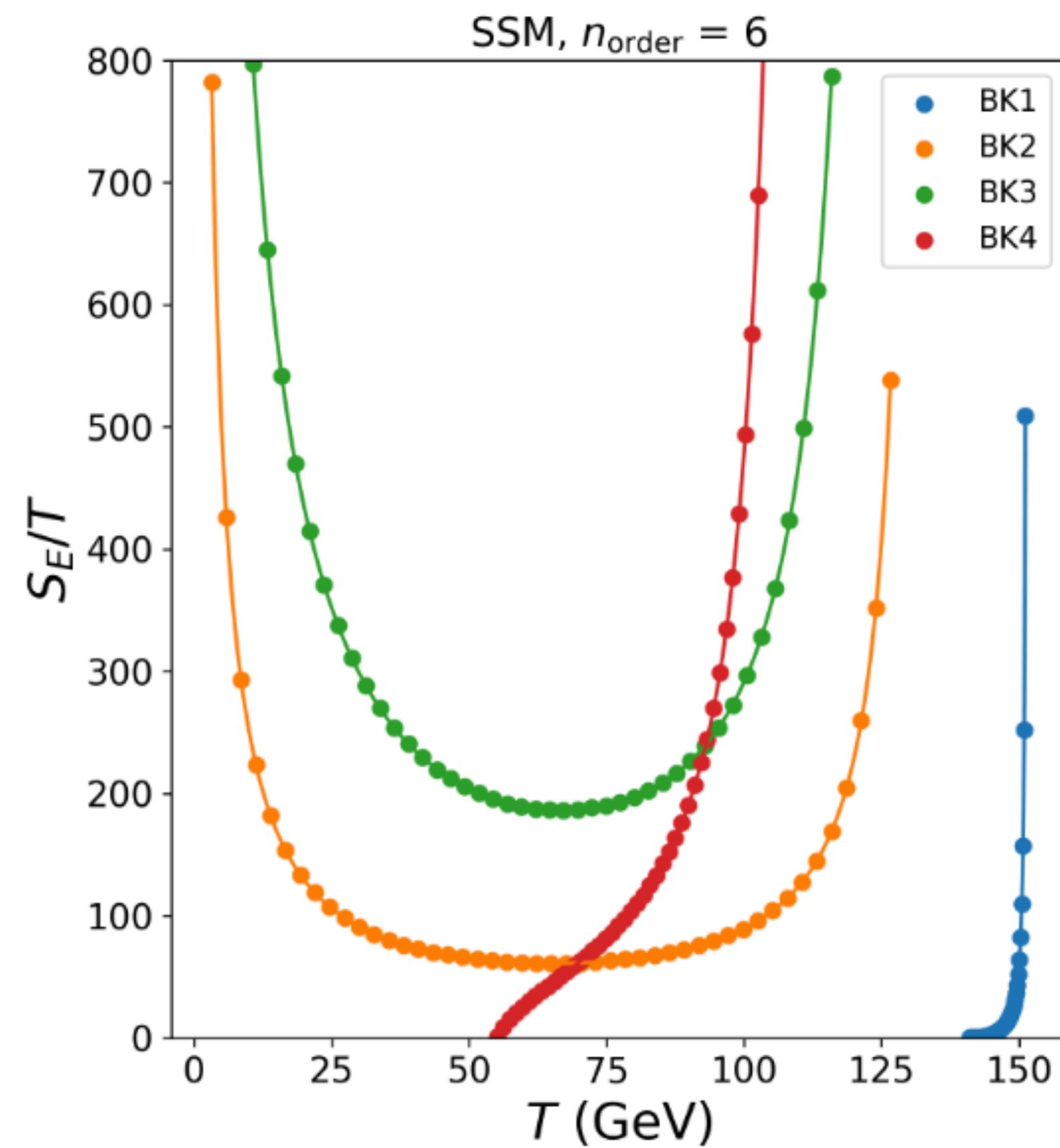
$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\phi}(\rho) &= 0 \\ \phi(\rho \rightarrow \infty) &= \phi_f \\ \dot{\phi}(\rho \rightarrow \infty) &= 0\end{aligned}$$



# Outputs of PhaseTracer2

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- Nucleation temperature  $T_N$ , strength factor  $\alpha$ , transition's duration



$$N(T) = \int_{T_C}^T dT' \frac{\Gamma(T') P_f(T')}{T' H^4(T')}$$

$$\frac{S_E(T_N)}{T_N} \sim 140$$

$$\alpha = \frac{D\theta}{\pi^2 g_* T_*^4 / 30} = \frac{1}{\pi^2 g_* T_*^4 / 30} \left( V(\phi) - \frac{T}{4} \frac{\partial V(\phi, T)}{\partial T} \right) \Big|_{\phi_t}^{\phi_f}$$

$$\beta(T) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{S_E}{T} \right) = TH(T) \frac{d}{dT} \left( \frac{S_E}{T} \right)$$

+ TransitionSlover

# Outputs of PhaseTracer2

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## ➤ Gravitational Wave

- Bubble collisions

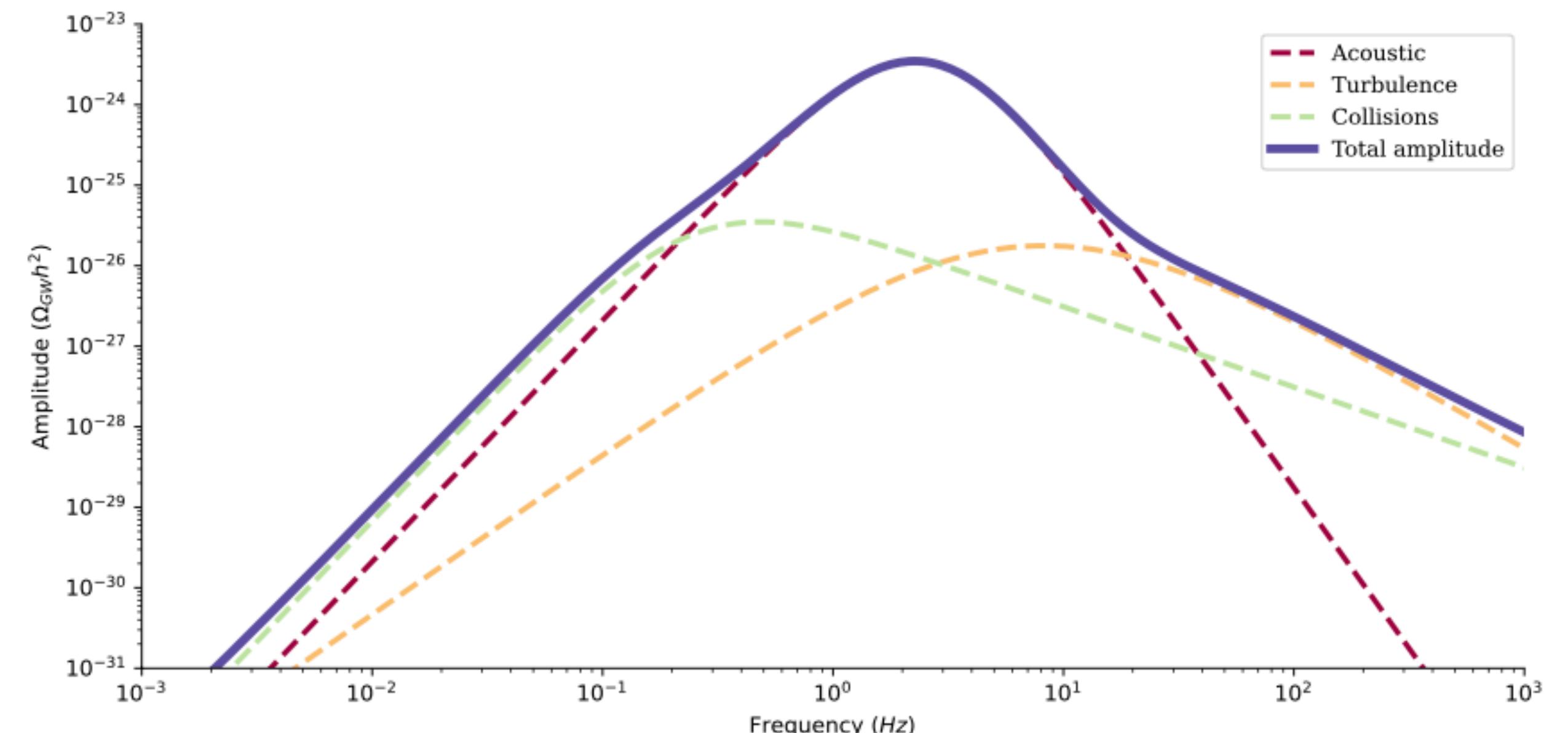
$$\Omega_{\text{col}}^{\text{env}} h^2 = 1.67 \times 10^{-5} \Delta \left( \frac{100}{g_*} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \frac{H_*}{\beta} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\kappa_\phi \alpha}{1 + \alpha} \right)^2 \times S_{\text{env}}(f), \quad (82)$$

- Turbulence

$$\Omega_{\text{turb}} h^2 = 3.35 \times 10^{-4} \left( \frac{H_*}{\beta} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa_{\text{turb}} \alpha}{1 + \alpha} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{100}{g_*} \right)^{1/3} v_w \times \frac{(f/f_{\text{turb}})^3}{[1 + (f/f_{\text{turb}})]^{11/3} (1 + 8\pi f/H_0)}, \quad (88)$$

- Sound waves

$$\Omega_{\text{sw}} h^2 = 2.061 F_{\text{gw},0} \Gamma^2 \bar{U}_f^4 S_{\text{sw}}(f) \tilde{\Omega}_{\text{gw}} \times \min(H_* R_*/\bar{U}_f, 1) (H_* R_*) h^2, \quad (91)$$

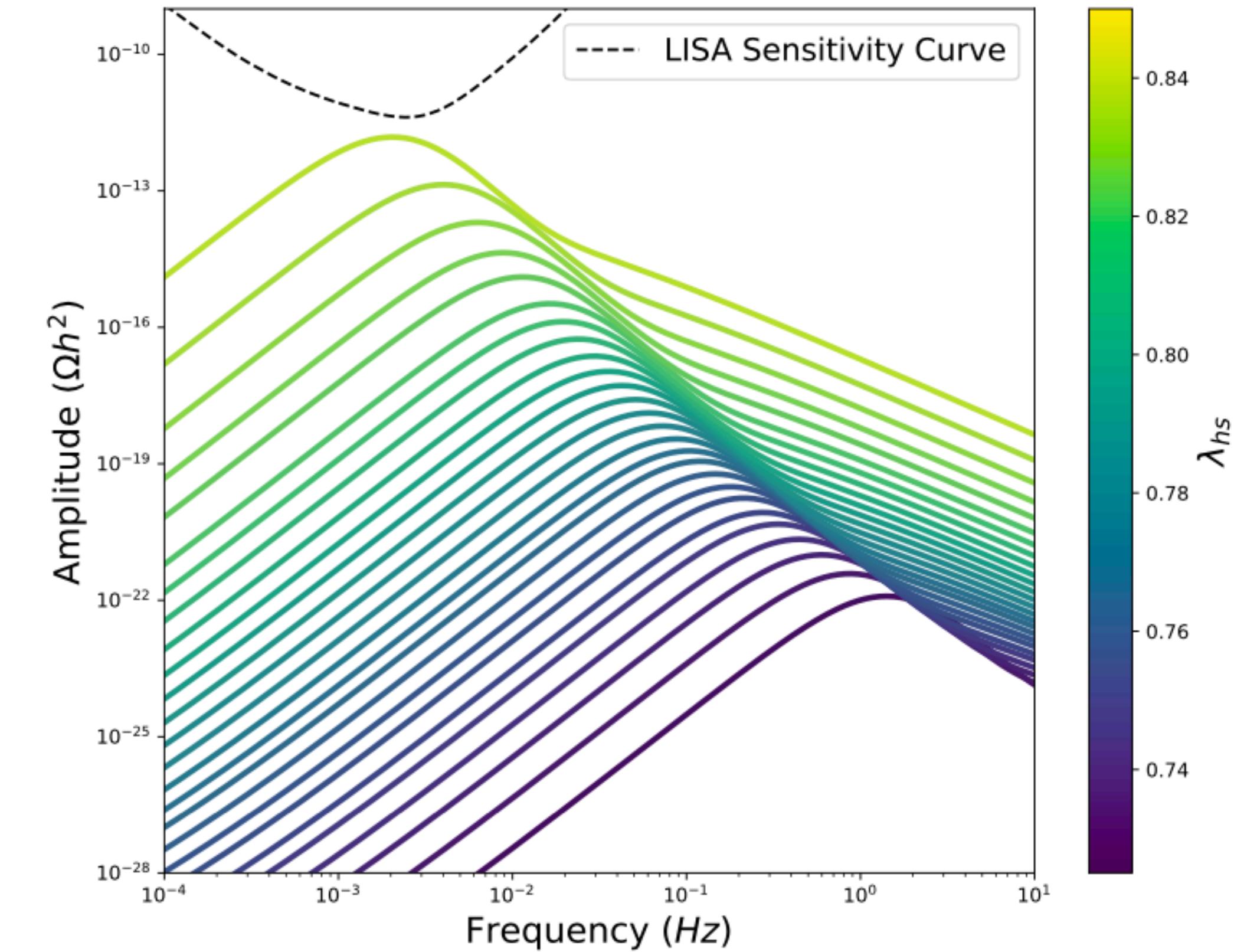
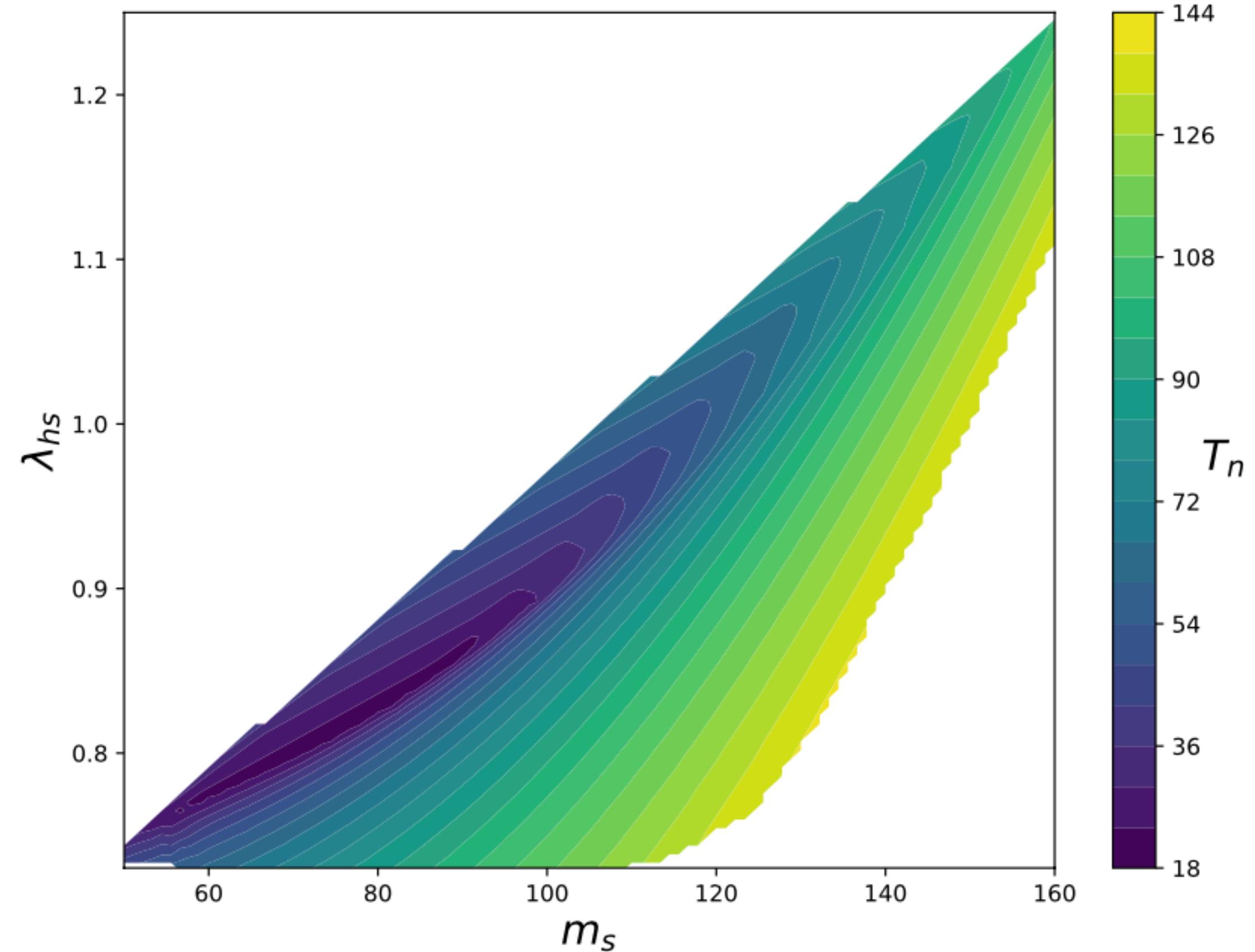


+ TransitionSlover

# Outputs of PhaseTracer2

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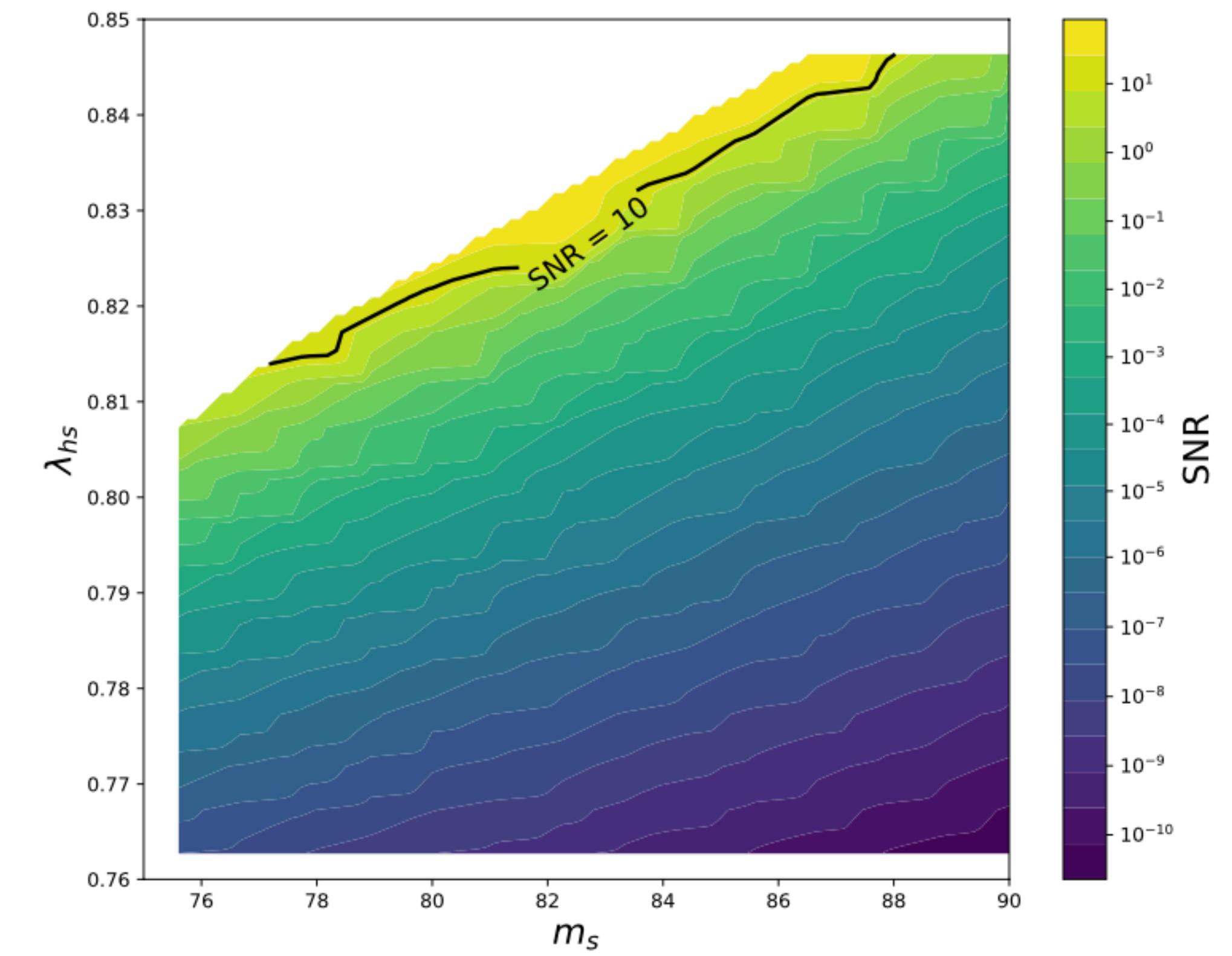
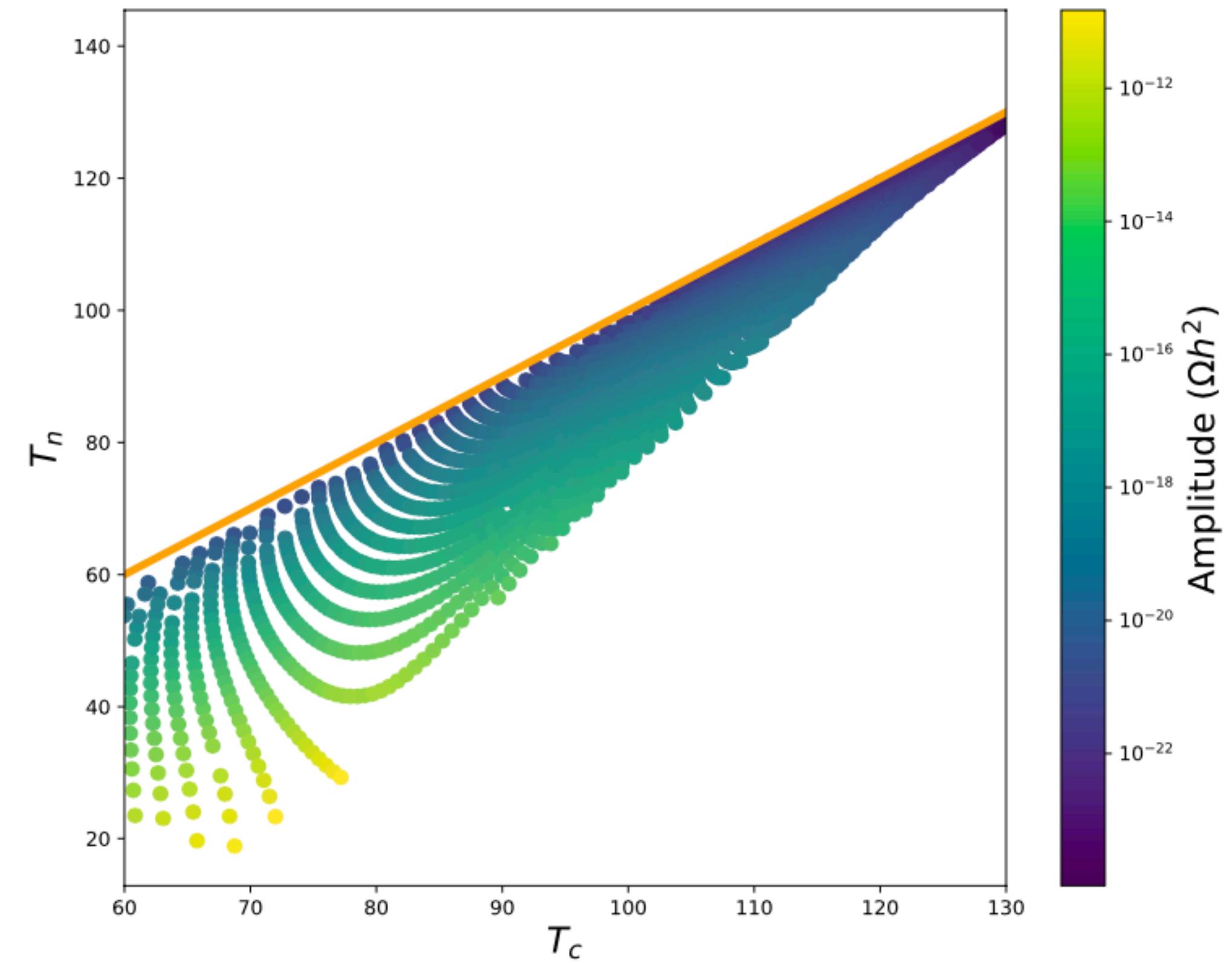
## ► Gravitational Wave



# Outputs of PhaseTracer2

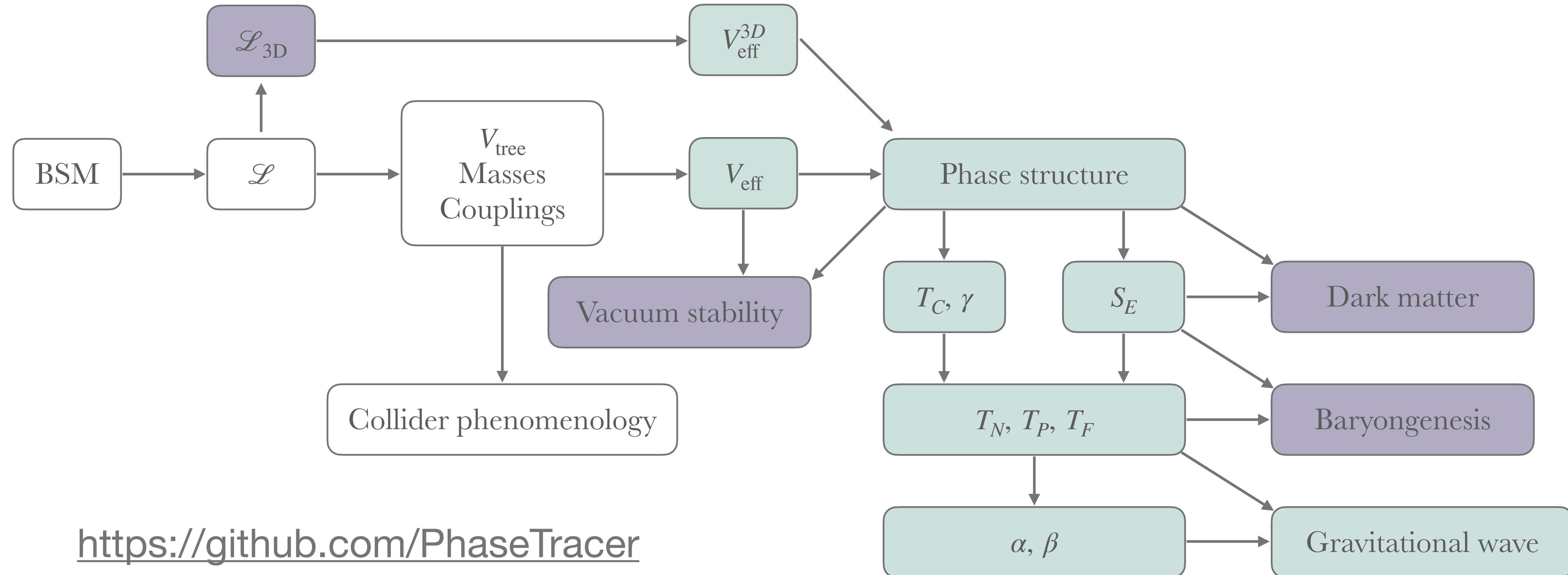
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## ► Gravitational Wave



# Summary and outlook

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Thank you!

# PhaseTracer2 vs. CosmoTransitions

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- Nucleation temperature  $T_N$

	$T_C$	$T_N$	False VEV	True VEV	Time
CosmoTransitions	109.4	84.24	[231.1, -136.8]	[286.4, 382.2]	7.62 s
PhaseTracer	109.4	84.25	[231.1, -136.8]	[286.4, 382.2]	4.70 s

