

# B 介子两体非轻衰变研究进展

focus on the pQCD factorization approach

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# Overview

- I B physics and CP Violation
  
- II Three-scale factorization approach
  - Low energy effective hamiltonian
  - Three scale factorization
  
- III State-of-the-art PQCD prediction
  
- IV Conclusion

## B physics and CP Violation

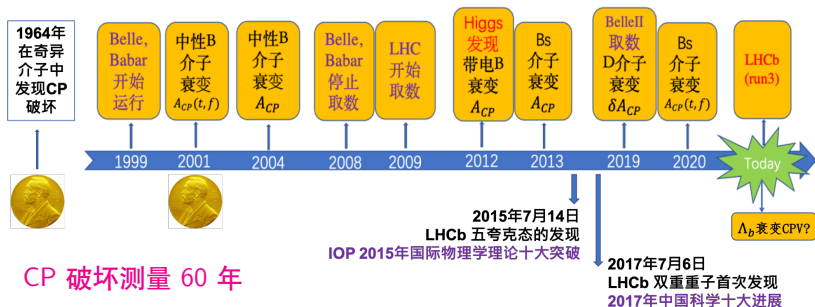
- "Matter  $\neq$  Antimatter" indicates the interaction with CPV
- Heavy flavour physics (HFP) provides many processes with CPV although it is inadequate and new mechanism of CPV is imminent

### Timeline of B physics

- 1973, CKM mechanism is proposed (4 parameters)
- 1977, CFS-E288 at FermiLab discovered  $\Upsilon$  ( $b\bar{b}$ ), *Lederman*
- 1983, CLEO found  $B^0$  meson in  $\Upsilon(4S)$  decay
- 1986, *Bigi & Santa* expected large CPV in  $B^0 \rightarrow J/\Psi K_S^0$
- 1987, ARGU measured the  $B^0 - \bar{B}^0$  oscillation  $\Rightarrow A_{CP}(t)$
- 1987, *Oddone* proposed the construction of  $B$  factories to study CPV
- 1999, BABAR, Belle started running 2001(04),  $A_{CP}(t, f)$  ( $A_{CP}$ ) in  $B^0$  decays
- 2009, LHCb played in to the game with 3-5 order more events  
2013(20),  $A_{CP}(A_{CP}(t, f))$  in  $B_s$  decays, 2012,  $A_{CP}$  in  $B^+$  decays  
2019,  $\delta A_{CP}$  in  $D$  decays; 2024  $A_{CP}$  in  $\Lambda_b$  decays ?
- **Anomalies:**  $b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$  see Qi-dong's talk, 11/3,  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $|V_{ub}|$ ,  $|V_{cb}|$

## Experimental promotion

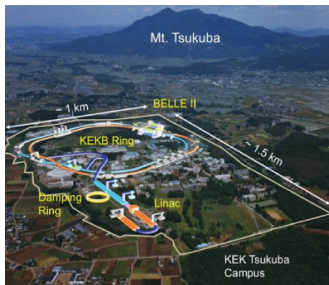
Successful running of B factories(1999-2008) and LHC(2009-2026)



CP 破坏测量 60 年

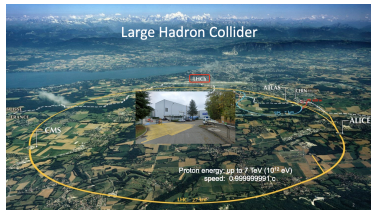
● SuperKEKB(2018-2026) [E. Kou et al. [Belle-II], 2019]

- Belle II has collected  $531 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  data so far with record peak luminosity  $4.7 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Goal:  $50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  data and peak luminosity at  $6.5 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- $|V_{ub}|$  to 1.2% in  $B \rightarrow \phi, \rho \nu, \delta A_{CP}$  in  $B \rightarrow K^* \pi, K \rho, K^* \rho, B \rightarrow VV, \alpha$  from  $B \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0, \dots$
- †  $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^0, B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0$  [Belle-II, 2021]
- † First measurement of  $CP$  asymmetry parameters in  $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0, \omega \omega$  [Belle-II, 2023,04].



● HL-LHC(2030-2033) [CERN Yellow Rep. Monogr, 2019]

- $\mathcal{L} = 23(300) \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in phase 1(2), 2 order larger than LHC,  $2 \times 10^{33(34)} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- $|V_{ub}|$  to 0.7%(0.4%) in  $B \rightarrow \pi \pi, \pi \rho, \rho \rho, C_{\pi^+ \pi^-}, S_{\pi^+ \pi^-}$  (one order improvement),  $\alpha$  from  $B \rightarrow \rho \rho, \rho \pi, \dots$
- †  $A_{\pi \pi \pi}^{\text{dir}} = (2.32 \pm 0.61) \times 10^{-3}$  [LHCb, 2023]  
Belle/Belle II result see Long-ke's talk, 11/3
- †  $\delta A_{CP}(A_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda K^+ K^-) = 0.083 \pm 0.028$  [LHCb-Paper-2024-043]



# Three-scale factorization

- i low energy effective hamiltonian
- ii three-scale factorization

## Low energy effective hamiltonian

New physics:  $\mathcal{L}_{NP}$



Electroweak scale ( $m_W$ ):  $\mathcal{L}_{EW} + \mathcal{L}_{D>4}$



Heavy quark scale ( $m_b$ ):  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{\text{CKM}} \sum_i C_i(\mu) O_i(\mu) + \mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}, D>6}$

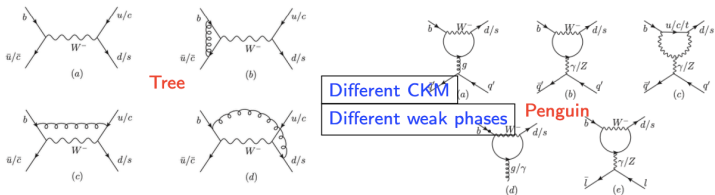


Hadron scale ( $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$ ): LCDAs, PDF, PDA

- derive the effective Hamiltonian by integrating over  $m_W$  [Buchalla 1996]
  - product of two charged currents  $\sim$  a series of local operators  $O_i$  with the weighted coefficients  $C_i$
- dynamics at the scale  $\mathcal{O}(m_W)$  is absorbed into Wilson coefficients  $C_i(\mu)$ 
  - $C_i \sim$  match the  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}$  with the full theory of weak decays [Ma 80, Inami&Lim 81, Clements 83]
- the rest go into the four fermion effective operators  $O_i(\mu)$
- the key is to calculate the hadron matrix element  $\langle M_1 M_2 | O_i | B \rangle$

definitely a QCD problem

# Low energy effective hamiltonian

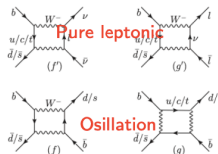
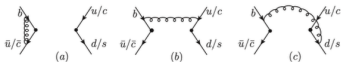


Different CKM  
Different weak phases

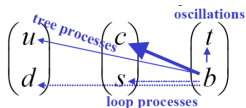


Diagrams at scale  $\mathcal{O}(m_W)$

$\alpha_s$   
Effective tree, bullet denotes  $O_i$



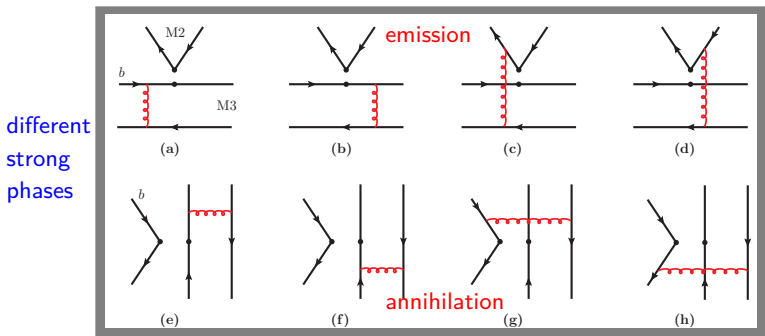
- integrating over the  $m_W$  and  $m_b$
- weak phase difference between charged and FCNC of  $b$  decays





## Low energy effective hamiltonian

- diagrams at scales  $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}) - \mathcal{O}(m_b)$ , Hadron matrix element  $\langle M_1 M_2 | O_i | B \rangle$



- factorization: detach the hard kernel  $\mathcal{H} \langle O_i \rangle$  at scale  $\mathcal{O}(m_b)$  from the hadron wave function  $\Phi_s \langle B, M_1, M_2 \text{ mesons} \rangle$  at scale  $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}})$
- $\mathcal{H}$  is calculated perturbatively order by order,  $\Phi_s$  are universal

## Low energy effective hamiltonian

- high precision calculation of Hadronic matrix element  $\langle M_1 M_2 | O_i | B \rangle$ 
  - naive factorization:  $\sim F_{B \rightarrow M_2} \otimes f_{M_1}$  [Bauer&Stech&Wirbel 1985,87]
  - generalized factorization: QCD corrections from  $O_{i=1, \dots, 10}$  [Ali&Kramer&Lü 1998,99]
  - **QCDF**: VC to  $\mathcal{M}_{t,p}$  + corrections to spectator scattering, **full NNLO** ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ ) [Beneke 2010, Bell 15, 20, Huber 16, Beneke 06,07, Jain 07]
  - **SCET**: introduces different fields in different energy regions, simple kinematics but complicated dynamics [Bauer 2001, Chay 04, Becher 15], **QCDF/SCET** [Beneke 2015]
  - $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$  decay is studied from **LCSRs** [Khodjamirian 2001,03,05]
  - high order & power corrections to  $B \rightarrow P, V$  form factors **LQCD** [HPQCD 2013] [Bharucha 2016, Wang 15,16,20, Lü 19, Beneke 17, Gubernari 19, Cheng 17,19]
- the transversal momentum is picked up in the hard scattering amplitudes to regulate the end-point singularity **PQCD**
  - **$B \rightarrow M$  FFs and the annihilation amp.** are both calculable [Keum 2001, Lü 01]
  - LO ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$ )  $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$  decays [Xiao 2007; Lü 02; Li 05, Li 06, Zou 15], [Hua 2021]
  - **partially NLO** ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ ): factorizable amplitudes [Cheng & Xiao 2021]  
effective operators [Mishima 2003, Li 05]  
hard scattering [Li 2012, Cheng 14], [Li 13, Cheng 15,15, Hua 18], [Li 14, Liu 15,16]

## Three scale factorization

- end-point singularities appear in exclusive QCD processes

†  $m_{1,2}^2 \ll Q^2$ , light-cone coordinate  $p_2 = (\frac{Q}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, 0_T)$ ,  $p_3 = (0, \frac{Q}{\sqrt{2}}, 0_T)$ ,  
 (anti)valence quarks:  $k_2 = x_2 p_2$ ,  $\bar{k}_2 = \bar{x}_2 p_2$

$\phi \propto u(1-u)$ ,  $m_0^\pi \phi^{P,\sigma} \propto m_0^\pi$

$$\pi \propto \sum_t \int du_1 du_2 \kappa_t(u_i) \frac{\alpha_s(\mu) \phi_1^\dagger(u_1) \phi_2^\dagger(u_2)}{u_1 u_2 Q^2 u_2 Q^2}$$

- pick up  $k_T$  in the internal propagators

$$\mathcal{M} \propto \sum_{t=2,3,4} \int du_1 du_2 dk_{1T} dk_{2T} \kappa_t(u_i) \frac{\alpha_s(\mu) \phi_1^\dagger(u_1) \phi_2^\dagger(u_2)}{u_1 u_2 Q^2 - (k_{1T} - k_{2T})^2}$$

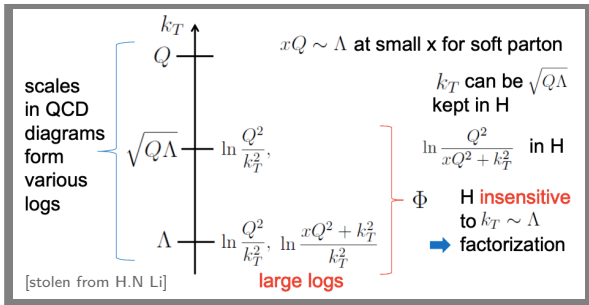
- end-point singularity at leading and subleading powers

$$\mathcal{H} \propto \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{u_1 u_2 Q^2 - k_T^2} \sim \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{u_1 u_2 Q^2} - \frac{\alpha_s(\mu) k_T^2}{(u_1 u_2 Q^2)^2} + \dots$$

- the power suppressed TMD terms becomes important at the end-points

## Three scale factorization

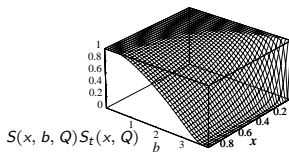
- introduce  $k_T$  to regularize the end-point singularity [Huang 1991]
- scales of transversal momentum and the large logarithms



- multiple scales, hence large single logarithms in  $\mathcal{H}/\Phi$  by QCD correction
- double logs in the soft-collinear regions  $\alpha_s(\mu) \ln^2(k_T^2/m_B^2)$

## Three scale factorization

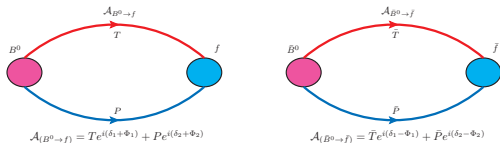
- in order to repair the perturbative expansion, do **resummation**
- $k_T$  resummation for  $\mathcal{H}$  to obtain  $S(x_i, b_i, Q)$  [Botts 1989, Li 92]
  - † decreases the inverse power of the  $q^2$  in the divergence amplitude
  - † exhibits high suppression for large transversal distances (small  $k_T$ ) interactions
- integrating over  $k_T$ , large  $\log \ln^2(x_i)$  when intermediate gluon is on shell
- threshold resummation for  $\Phi$  to obtain  $S_t(x_i, Q)$  [Li 1999]
  - † suppresses the small  $x_i$  regions
  - † repairs the self-consistency between  $\alpha_s(t)$  and hard  $\log \ln(x_1 x_3 Q^2 / t^2)$
- ‡ dynamics with  $k_T < \sqrt{Q\Lambda}$  is organized into  $S(x, b, Q)$
- ‡ dynamics in small  $x$  is suppressed by  $S_t(x, Q)$



$$\mathcal{M} = \sum_t \phi^t(u_1, b_1) \otimes \mathcal{H}_i(t, b) \otimes \phi^t(u_2, b_2) \text{Exp} \left[ -s(p^+, b) - \int_{1/b}^t \frac{d\bar{\mu}}{\bar{\mu}} \gamma_\phi(\alpha_s(\bar{\mu})) \right]$$

## Three scale factorization

Sources of strong phase (differences)  $\delta_{1,2}$  to generate  $CP$



- different topologies: emission (real,  $\delta_1 = 0$ ) and **annihilation** (plural,  $\delta_2 \neq 0$ )

$$\frac{1}{k_T^2 - x m_B^2 - i\epsilon} = \mathcal{P} \left( \frac{1}{k_T^2 - x m_B^2} \right) + i\delta(k_T^2 - x m_B^2)$$

- Sudakov exponent (NLO)
  - center of mass scattering angle and **angular distribution** of scattering hadrons
  - important in baryon decays but not in B meson decays
- NLO corrections to spectator emission amplitude from Glauber gluon
  - only supplies a sizable phase to the pion final state
  - modifies the interactions between different topological amplitudes
- on shell charm quark loop correction (NLO), **leading source in QCDF**

## State-of-the-art PQCD prediction

# $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: amplitudes

- general decomposition of Wilson coefficients for certain effective weak vertex

Weak vertex	Typical amplitudes	Wilson coefficients
$[s, s, s], [d, d, d]$	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LL}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}$	$a_3 + a_4 - \frac{a_9 + a_{10}}{2}, C_3 + C_4 - \frac{C_9 + C_{10}}{2}$
spectator meson $M_3$ ↑ $[q_1, q_2, q_3]$	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LR}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}$	$a_5 - \frac{a_7}{2}, C_5 - \frac{C_7}{2}$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{SP}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{SP}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{SP}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{SP}}$	$a_6 - \frac{a_8}{2}, C_6 - \frac{C_8}{2}$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LL}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}$	$a_4 - \frac{a_{10}}{2}, C_3 - \frac{C_9}{2}$
emission meson $M_2$ ↓	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LR}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}$	$a_6 - \frac{a_8}{2}, C_5 - \frac{C_7}{2}$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LL}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}$	$a_3 - \frac{a_9}{2}, C_4 - \frac{C_{10}}{2}$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LR}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}$	$a_5 - \frac{a_7}{2}, C_6 - \frac{C_8}{2}$
$[u, u, s], [u, u, d]$	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LL}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}$	$a_2, C_2$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LR}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}$	$a_3 + a_9, C_4 + C_{10}$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{SP}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{SP}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{SP}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{SP}}$	$a_5 + a_7, C_6 + C_8$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LL}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LL}}$	$a_1, C_1$
$[s, u, u], [d, u, u]$	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{LR}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{LR}}$	$a_4 + a_{10}, C_3 + C_9$
	$\mathcal{E}^{\text{SP}}/\mathcal{A}^{\text{SP}}, \mathcal{E}_{NF}^{\text{SP}}/\mathcal{A}_{NF}^{\text{SP}}$	$a_6 + a_8, C_5 + C_7$

- ie. decay amplitude of  $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^0$  at NLO

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{M}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^0) = & \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{ub}^* V_{us} \left[ a_1 \mathcal{A}_{\pi}^{\text{LL}} + C_1 \mathcal{A}_{NF,\pi}^{\text{LL}} + \mathcal{M}_{B \rightarrow K^0 \pi}^{(\text{ql},u)} \right] + \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{cb}^* V_{cs} \mathcal{M}_{B \rightarrow K^0 \pi}^{(\text{ql},c)} - \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{tb}^* V_{ts} \left[ \left( a_4 - \frac{a_{10}}{2} \right) \mathcal{E}_{\pi}^{\text{LL}} \right. \\
 [s, d, d] \quad & + \left( a_6 - \frac{a_8}{2} \right) \mathcal{E}_{\pi}^{\text{SP}} + \left( C_3 - \frac{C_9}{2} \right) \mathcal{E}_{NF,\pi}^{\text{LL}} + \left( C_5 - \frac{C_7}{2} \right) \mathcal{E}_{NF,\pi}^{\text{LR}} + (a_4 + a_{10}) \mathcal{A}_{\pi}^{\text{LL}} + (a_6 + a_8) \mathcal{A}_{\pi}^{\text{SP}} \\
 & \left. + (C_3 + C_9) \mathcal{A}_{NF,\pi}^{\text{LL}} + (C_5 + C_7) \mathcal{A}_{NF,\pi}^{\text{LR}} + \mathcal{M}_{B \rightarrow K^0 \pi}^{(\text{ql},t)} + \mathcal{M}_{B \rightarrow K^0 \pi}^{(\text{mp})} \right],
 \end{aligned}$$

△ the glauher gluon corrections and TMD wave functions are not taken into account in this work



## $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: amplitudes

- operator decomposition of  $B \rightarrow PP$  decays

	Topology	Channel
Tree/color-favoured tree emission	$\{\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{T}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^0 K^+, \eta_q K^+$
	$\{\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^+ \eta_q$
	$\{\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^+ \pi^0$
QCD Penguin	$\{\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^+ K^0, \eta_s K^+, K^+ \bar{K}^0$
	$\{\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^+ \eta_s$
Color-suppressed tree emission	$\{\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^+ \pi^-$
$P_{cm}$ : Electroweak penguin	$\{\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{T}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^- K^+$
	$\{\mathbf{C}, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^0 \pi^0, \pi^0 \eta_q, \eta_q \eta_q$
	$\{\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\pi^0 K^0, \eta_q K^0$
E: tree annihilation amplitude	$\{\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$\eta_s K^0, K^0 \bar{K}^0, \pi^0 \eta_s, \eta_s \eta_s, \eta_q \eta_s$
	$\{\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{P}_{ew}\}$	$K^+ K^-$

## $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- main uncertainties of PQCD calculation: high order QCD corrections & LCDAs



- † characterized by the variation in the factorization scale
- † minimized by setting  $\mu_t$  as the largest virtuality in hard scattering
- † two-loop expression for the strong coupling

- input parameters of meson LCDAs

Meson	$\pi^\pm/\pi^0$	$K^\pm/K^0$	$\eta_q$	$\eta_s$
$m/\text{GeV}$ [108]	0.140/0.135	0.494/0.498	0.104	0.705
$f/\text{GeV}$	0.130 [108]	0.156 [108]	0.125 [114]	0.177 [114]
$m_0/\text{GeV}$	1.400	1.892 [112]	1.087	1.990
$a_1$	0	$0.076 \pm 0.004$ [113]	0	0
$a_2$	$0.270 \pm 0.047$ [14]	$0.221 \pm 0.082$ [113]	$0.250 \pm 0.150$ [115]	$0.250 \pm 0.150$ [115]
Meson	$\rho^\pm/\rho^0$	$K^{*\pm}/K^{*0}$	$\omega$	$\phi$
$m/\text{GeV}$ [108]	0.775	0.892	0.783	1.019
$f^\parallel/\text{GeV}$ [9]	0.210/0.213	0.204	0.197	0.233
$f^\perp/\text{GeV}$	0.144/0.146 [116]	0.159 [9]	0.162 [9]	0.191 [9]
$a_1^\parallel$	0	$0.060 \pm 0.040$ [117]	0	0
$a_1^\perp$	0	$0.040 \pm 0.030$ [117]	0	0
$a_2^\parallel$	$0.180 \pm 0.037$ [116]	$0.160 \pm 0.090$ [117]	$0.150 \pm 0.120$ [117]	$0.230 \pm 0.080$ [117]
$a_2^\perp$	$0.137 \pm 0.030$ [116]	$0.100 \pm 0.080$ [117]	$0.140 \pm 0.120$ [117]	$0.140 \pm 0.070$ [117]

default scale 1 GeV

## $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- anatomy of NLO corrections to  $\mathcal{B}$  and  $\mathcal{A}_{CP}$  of  $\pi\pi, \pi K$  modes

Mode	LO	+VC	+QL	+MP	+ $\nu^{\text{NLO}}$	PDG [108]
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0)$	3.58	3.89	...	...	$4.18^{+1.32}_{-0.97}$	$5.5 \pm 0.4$
$\mathcal{A}_{CP}$	-0.05	0.09	...	...	$0.08^{+0.09}_{-0.09}$	$3 \pm 4$
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$	6.97	6.82	6.92	6.76	$7.31^{+2.38}_{-1.72}$	$5.12 \pm 0.19$
$C_{\pi^+ \pi^-}$	-23.4	-27.6	-13.8	-13.3	$-12.8^{+3.5}_{-3.8}$	$-32 \pm 4$
$S_{\pi^+ \pi^-}$	-31.1	-35.5	-46.4	-37.0	$-36.4^{+1.5}_{-1.5}$	$-65 \pm 4$
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)$	0.14	0.29	0.30	0.22	$0.23^{+0.07}_{-0.05}$	$1.59 \pm 0.26$
$C_{\rho^0 \rho^0}$	-3.1	60.1	73.6	77.6	$80.2^{+5.2}_{-6.7}$	$33 \pm 22$
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^0)$	17.0	20.8	28.0	19.4	$20.3^{+8.3}_{-4.4}$	$23.7 \pm 0.8$
$\mathcal{A}_{CP}$	-1.19	-0.95	-0.06	-0.08	$-0.08^{+0.08}_{-0.08}$	$-1.7 \pm 1.6$
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 K^+)$	10.0	12.75	16.76	11.92	$12.3^{+3.8}_{-2.7}$	$12.9 \pm 0.5$
$\mathcal{A}_{CP}$	-10.9	-5.20	2.26	2.48	$2.28^{+1.61}_{-1.74}$	$3.7 \pm 2.1$
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^- K^+)$	14.3	18.0	23.9	16.4	$17.1^{+5.2}_{-3.7}$	$19.6 \pm 0.5$
$\mathcal{A}_{CP}$	-15.2	-14.2	-4.16	-5.42	$-5.43^{+2.24}_{-2.34}$	$-8.3 \pm 0.4$
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 K^0)$	5.90	8.12	10.4	6.99	$7.38^{+2.11}_{-1.50}$	$9.9 \pm 0.5$
$C_{\rho^0 K^0}$	-2.62	-7.31	-6.57	-7.97	$-7.70^{+0.21}_{-0.13}$	$0 \pm 13$
$S_{\rho^0 K^0}$	70.1	73.5	71.6	71.9	$71.9^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$58 \pm 17$

- $\mathcal{B}$ : QL cancels with MP corrections, not sensitive to VC and NLO ffs
- color-suppressed modes ( $\pi^0 \pi^0, \pi^0 K^0$ ) are more sensitive to NLO corrections
- asymmetry parameters is more sensitive to the NLO corrections
- VC (QL) flips the sign of the direct CPV of  $\pi^+ \pi^0$  and  $\pi^0 \pi^0$  ( $\pi^0 K^+$ ) modes  
 $\mathcal{A}_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0) - \mathcal{A}_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-) = 7.71^{+2.74}_{-2.92}$  (PQCD) VS  $12.0 \pm 2.4$  (Data)
- LO PQCD predicted a large direct CPV in  $\pi^- K^+, \pi^+ \pi^-$  (2000), which were confirmed subsequently by the BABRA and Belle collaborations.

# $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- updated PQCD results for  $\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow PP)$  (in units of  $10^{-6}$ )

Mode	PQCD	SCET1 [125]	SCET2 [125]	QCDF [127]	PDG [108]
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^0$	$20.3^{+6.3+0.1}_{-4.4-0.1}$	...	...	$21.7^{+13.4}_{-9.1}$	$23.7 \pm 0.8$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 K^+$	$12.3^{+3.8+0.1}_{-2.7-0.1}$	...	...	$12.5^{+6.8}_{-4.8}$	$12.9 \pm 0.5$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta' K^+$	$52.0^{+15.0+2.1}_{-10.8-0.7}$	$69.5 \pm 28.4$	$69.3 \pm 27.7$	$74.5^{+63.6}_{-31.6}$	$70.4 \pm 2.5$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta K^+$	$6.68^{+2.26+1.85}_{-1.60-0.96}$	$2.7 \pm 4.8$	$2.3 \pm 4.5$	$2.2^{+2.0}_{-1.3}$	$2.4 \pm 0.4$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^0$	$1.36^{+0.46+0.02}_{-0.34-0.02}$	...	...	$1.8^{+1.1}_{-0.7}$	$1.31 \pm 0.17$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^+$	$4.18^{+1.30+0.22}_{-0.94-0.22}$	$4.45$	...	$5.9^{+2.6}_{-1.6}$	$5.5 \pm 0.4$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \eta'$	$2.00^{+0.57+0.36}_{-0.42-0.31}$	$2.4 \pm 1.3$	$2.8 \pm 1.3$	$3.8^{+1.6}_{-0.8}$	$2.7 \pm 0.9$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \eta$	$2.62^{+0.78+0.45}_{-0.57-0.40}$	$4.9 \pm 2.0$	$5.0 \pm 2.1$	$5.0^{+1.5}_{-0.9}$	$4.02 \pm 0.27$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^- K^+$	$17.1^{+5.2+0.1}_{-3.3-0.1}$	...	...	$19.3^{+11.4}_{-7.4}$	$19.6 \pm 0.5$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 K^0$	$7.38^{+2.11+0.03}_{-1.50-0.04}$	...	...	$8.6^{+5.4}_{-3.6}$	$9.9 \pm 0.5$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0$	$52.3^{+14.9+2.1}_{-10.8-0.3}$	$63.2 \pm 26.3$	$62.2 \pm 25.4$	$70.9^{+59.1}_{-29.8}$	$66 \pm 4$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta K^0$	$4.63^{+1.57+1.51}_{-1.09-0.79}$	$2.4 \pm 4.4$	$2.3 \pm 4.4$	$1.5^{+1.7}_{-1.1}$	$1.23^{+0.27}_{-0.24}$
$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 K^0$	$1.48^{+0.47+0.01}_{-0.33-0.00}$	...	...	$2.1^{+1.3}_{-0.8}$	$1.21 \pm 0.16$
$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$0.046^{+0.058+0.009}_{-0.039-0.008}$	...	...	$0.1 \pm 0.04$	$0.078 \pm 0.015$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$7.31^{+2.35+0.38}_{-1.68-0.36}$	$5.35$	...	$7.0^{+0.8}_{-1.0}$	$5.12 \pm 0.19$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta'$	$0.23^{+0.07+0.01}_{-0.05-0.01}$	$0.61$	...	$1.1^{+1.2}_{-0.5}$	$1.59 \pm 0.26$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta$	$0.20^{+0.05+0.02}_{-0.03-0.01}$	$2.3 \pm 2.8$	$1.3 \pm 0.6$	$0.42^{+0.28}_{-0.15}$	$1.2 \pm 0.6$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta$	$0.20^{+0.06+0.02}_{-0.04-0.01}$	$0.88 \pm 0.68$	$0.68 \pm 0.62$	$0.36^{+0.13}_{-0.11}$	$0.41 \pm 0.17$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta \eta$	$0.37^{+0.09+0.08}_{-0.07-0.07}$	$0.69 \pm 0.71$	$1.0 \pm 1.5$	$0.32^{+0.15}_{-0.08}$	$< 1$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta \eta'$	$0.29^{+0.07+0.06}_{-0.05-0.06}$	$1.0 \pm 1.6$	$2.2 \pm 5.5$	$0.36^{+0.27}_{-0.13}$	$< 1.2$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta' \eta'$	$0.42^{+0.09+0.13}_{-0.07-0.11}$	$0.57 \pm 0.73$	$1.2 \pm 3.7$	$0.22^{+0.16}_{-0.08}$	$< 1.7$

$\eta_q - \eta_s$  mixing  
 $\checkmark \eta_q - \eta_s - \eta_g$  mixing  
 [Fan 2012]

$\checkmark$  Glauber gluon effect  
 [Liu 2014]

- NLO corrections are important in penguin dominated models  $\pi K, \eta' K$  and pure annihilation mode  $K^0 K^0$
- LO PQCD  $\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \sim 6 \times 10^{-6}$  (2007), confirmed by CDF (2011)

# $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- updated PQCD results for the CPV of  $B \rightarrow PP$  decays (in units of  $10^{-2}$ )

Mode	PQCD	SCET1 [125]	SCET2 [125]	QCDF [127]	PDG [108]
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K_S^0$	$-0.08^{+0.08+0.02}_{-0.09-0.02}$	...	...	$0.28^{+0.09}_{-0.10}$	$-1.7 \pm 1.6$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 K^+$	$2.28^{+1.53+0.50}_{-1.65-0.57}$	...	...	$4.9^{+6.3}_{-5.8}$	$3.0 \pm 2.1$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta K^+$	$-1.83^{+0.40+0.77}_{-0.40-1.03}$	$-1 \pm 1$	$7 \pm 1$	$0.45^{+1.4}_{-1.1}$	$0.4 \pm 1.1$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta K^+$	$-7.75^{+1.06+0.81}_{-0.99-0.43}$	$33 \pm 31$	$-33 \pm 40$	$-14.5^{+18.6}_{-28.1}$	$-37 \pm 8$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K_S^0$	$1.83^{+1.93+0.14}_{-1.87-0.18}$	...	...	$-6.4 \pm 2.0$	$14$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^+$	$0.08^{+0.06+0.07}_{-0.06-0.04}$	...	...	$-0.11^{+0.06}_{-0.03}$	$3 \pm 4$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \eta'$	$68.9^{+2.4+1.0}_{-2.4-0.9}$	$21 \pm 21$	$2 \pm 18$	$1.6^{+10.6}_{-13.8}$	$6 \pm 16$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \eta$	$24.8^{+3.6+0.8}_{-3.3-0.7}$	$5 \pm 29$	$37 \pm 29$	$-5.0^{+8.7}_{-10.8}$	$-14 \pm 7$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^- K^+$	$-5.43^{+1.86+1.26}_{-1.92-1.34}$	...	...	$-7.4^{+4.6}_{-5.0}$	$-8.3 \pm 0.4$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 K_S^0$	$-7.70^{+0.17+0.12}_{-0.09-0.09}$	...	...	$-10.6^{+6.2}_{-5.7}$	$C_{\pi^0 K^0} = 0 \pm 13$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta K_S^0$	$71.9^{+0.3+0.5}_{-0.3-0.5}$	...	...	$79.0^{+7.2}_{-5.7}$	$S_{\pi^0 K^0} = 58 \pm 17$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0$	$-2.65^{+0.10+0.07}_{-0.10-0.11}$	$1.1 \pm 1.4$	$-2.7 \pm 1.2$	$3.0^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$	$C_{\eta K^0} = -6 \pm 4$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta K_S^0$	$69.8^{+0.1+0.1}_{-0.1-0.1}$	$70.6$	$71.5$	$67.0 \pm 1.4$	$S_{\eta K^0} = 63 \pm 6$
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta K_S^0$	$-7.88^{+0.14+0.06}_{-0.10-0.02}$	$21 \pm 21$	$-18 \pm 23.2$	$-23.6^{+16.0}_{-29.0}$	...
$B^0 \rightarrow \eta K_S^0$	$70.0^{+0.2+0.2}_{-0.3-0.1}$	$69$	$79$	$79.0^{+8.9}_{-8.5}$	...
$B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$	$-17.3^{+0.6+0.4}_{-0.4-0.3}$	...	...	$-10.0^{+1.2}_{-2.0}$	$C_{K_S^0 K_S^0} = 0 \pm 40$
$B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$	$5.34^{+1.05+0.53}_{-1.06-0.49}$	...	...	...	$S_{K_S^0 K_S^0} = -80 \pm 50$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$-12.8^{+3.3+1.1}_{-3.1-1.1}$	...	...	$17.0^{+4.5}_{-8.8}$	$C_{\pi^+ \pi^-} = -32 \pm 4$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$-36.4^{+0.5+1.4}_{-0.4-1.4}$	...	...	$-69^{+20.6}_{-13.5}$	$S_{\pi^+ \pi^-} = -65 \pm 4$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	$-80.2^{+5.2+0.4}_{-6.7-0.2}$	...	...	$57.2^{+33.7}_{-40.4}$	$C_{\pi^0 \pi^0} = -33 \pm 22$
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	$53.5^{+8.7+3.1}_{-8.4-3.0}$	...	...	...	...

$\eta_q - \eta_s$  mixing

✓  $\eta_q - \eta_s - \eta_g$  mixing

[Fan 2012]

Belle II, PRL.131.111803 (2023)

$-0.04 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.05$

$0.75 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.04$

# $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- updated PQCD results for the CPV of  $B^+ \rightarrow PV$  decays (in units of  $10^{-2}$ )

large CPV predictions

large CPV in rare decay

$\eta_q$ - $\eta_s$  mixing  
?  $\eta_q$ - $\eta_s$ - $\eta_g$  mixing

Mode	PQCD	SCET1 [128]	SCET2 [128]	QCDF [127]	PDG [108]
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta' K^{*+}$	$1.54^{+9.05+14.9}_{-8.16-9.74}$	$2.7^{+27.4}_{-19.5}$	$2.6^{+26.7}_{-32.9}$	$65.5^{+35.7}_{-63.9}$	$-26 \pm 27$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta K^{*+}$	$-34.5^{+2.5+0.9}_{-2.4-0.8}$	$-2.6^{+5.4}_{-3.4}$	$-1.9^{+3.4}_{-3.6}$	$-9.7^{+7.3}_{-8.0}$	$2 \pm 6$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^* \omega$	$31.5^{+0.6+0.1}_{-1.1-0.7}$	$11.6^{+18.2}_{-20.4}$	$12.3^{+16.6}_{-17.3}$	$22.1^{+19.6}_{-18.2}$	$-2 \pm 4$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K^{*0}$	$-0.94^{+0.26+0.04}_{-0.29-0.03}$	0	0	$0.4^{+4.5}_{-4.2}$	$-4 \pm 9$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 K^{*+}$	$-0.01^{+4.40+1.12}_{-4.87-1.26}$	$-17.8^{+30.4}_{-24.7}$	$-12.9^{+12.0}_{-12.2}$	$1.6^{+11.5}_{-4.2}$	$-39 \pm 21$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \rho^0$	$58.7^{+4.3+3.2}_{-4.0-2.8}$	$9.2^{+15.2}_{-16.1}$	$16.0^{+20.5}_{-22.5}$	$45.4^{+36.1}_{-30.2}$	$37 \pm 10$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^0 \rho^+$	$0.99^{+0.01+0.13}_{-0.01-0.18}$	0	0	$0.3^{+0.5}_{-0.3}$	$-3 \pm 15$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \bar{K}^{*0}$	$21.3^{+6.2+1.2}_{-5.7-1.4}$	$-3.6^{+6.1}_{-5.3}$	$-4.4^{+4.1}_{-4.1}$	$-8.9^{+3.0}_{-2.6}$	$12 \pm 10$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \phi$	$-1.93^{+0.66+0.66}_{-0.60-0.42}$	0	0	$0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$2.4 \pm 2.8$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \phi$	0.0	...	...	0.0	$1 \pm 5$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \omega$	$-29.8^{+0.5+1.1}_{-0.4-0.8}$	$0.5^{+19.1}_{-19.6}$	$2.3^{+13.4}_{-13.2}$	$-13.2^{+12.4}_{-10.9}$	$-4 \pm 5$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \rho^0$	$14.9^{+0.4+0.5}_{-0.4-0.6}$	$-10.8^{+13.1}_{-12.7}$	$-19.2^{+15.6}_{-13.5}$	$-9.8^{+11.9}_{-10.5}$	$0.9 \pm 1.9$
$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \rho^+$	$-7.31^{+0.06+0.07}_{-0.02-0.03}$	$15.5^{+17.0}_{-19.0}$	$12.3^{+9.4}_{-10}$	$9.7^{+8.3}_{-10.8}$	$2 \pm 11$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta' \rho^+$	$29.0^{+0.4+0.0}_{-0.4-0.1}$	$-19.8^{+66.6}_{-37.6}$	$-21.7^{+135.9}_{-24.3}$	$1.4^{+14.0}_{-11.9}$	$26 \pm 17$
$B^+ \rightarrow \eta \rho^+$	$-13.0^{+0.1+0.1}_{-0.1-1.5}$	$-6.6^{+21.5}_{-21.3}$	$-9.1^{+16.7}_{-15.8}$	$-8.5^{+6.5}_{-5.3}$	$11 \pm 11$

- measured direct CPV in  $B \rightarrow PV$  is significantly larger than that in  $B \rightarrow PP$
- it is hard to measure  $B \rightarrow PV$  decays precisely  $\Leftarrow$  vector meson is not stable
- cascade decay  $B \rightarrow PV \rightarrow PPP$ , hard to resolve see Wen-fei's talk, 11/3
- dimeson light-cone distribution amplitudes provide a possible solution [Cheng, Khodjomirian, Virto 2017, 2019, Cheng 2021]

# $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- updated PQCD prediction of  $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow VV)$  (in units of  $10^{-6}$ )

Mode	PQCD	SCET [130]	QCDF [127,131]	PDG [108]
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ K^{*0}$	$9.40^{+1.43+1.05}_{-1.34-0.95}$	$8.93 \pm 3.18$	$9.2^{+3.8}_{-5.5}$	$9.2 \pm 1.5$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 K^{*+}$	$6.25^{+1.12+0.59}_{-0.84-0.53}$	$4.64 \pm 1.37$	$5.5^{+1.4}_{-2.5}$	$4.6 \pm 1.1$
$B^+ \rightarrow \omega K^{*+}$	$5.48^{+1.52+0.81}_{-1.36-0.66}$	$5.56 \pm 1.60$	$3.0^{+2.5}_{-1.5}$	$< 7.4$
$B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^{*+}$	$12.3^{+1.7+1.5}_{-1.4-1.4}$	$9.86 \pm 3.39$	$10.0^{+12.4}_{-3.5}$	$10.2 \pm 2.0$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \bar{K}^{*0}$	$0.66^{+0.12+0.09}_{-0.09-0.08}$	$0.52 \pm 0.18$	$0.6^{+0.3}_{-0.3}$	$0.91 \pm 0.29$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^+$	$14.0^{+1+0.4}_{-3.0-0.4}$	$22.1 \pm 3.7$	$20.06^{+4.5}_{-2.1}$	$24.0 \pm 1.9$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \omega$	$10.9^{+2.8+1.0}_{-2.1-0.9}$	$19.2 \pm 3.1$	$16.9^{+3.6}_{-1.8}$	$15.9 \pm 2.1$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \phi$	$0.042^{+0.011+0.004}_{-0.008-0.003}$	$0.005 \pm 0.001$	...	$< 3.0$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^- K^{*+}$	$8.72^{+1.27+0.97}_{-0.96-0.87}$	$10.6 \pm 3.2$	$8.9^{+4.9}_{-5.6}$	$10.3 \pm 2.6$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 K^{*0}$	$5.37^{+0.58+0.14}_{-0.29-0.39}$	$5.87 \pm 1.87$	$4.6^{+3.6}_{-3.6}$	$3.9 \pm 1.3$
$B^0 \rightarrow \omega K^{*0}$	$5.93^{+0.89+1.74}_{-0.73-1.55}$	$3.82 \pm 1.39$	$2.5^{+2.5}_{-1.5}$	$2.0 \pm 0.5$
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^{*0}$	$11.8^{+1.6+1.5}_{-1.3-1.5}$	$9.14 \pm 3.14$	$10.0 \pm 0.5$	...
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$	$0.38^{+0.09+0.02}_{-0.06-0.01}$	$0.48 \pm 0.16$	$0.6^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$	$0.83 \pm 0.24$
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*+} K^{*-}$	$0.17^{+0.02+0.05}_{-0.02-0.03}$	...	$0.16^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$< 2.0$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^-$	$22.7^{+6.3+0.6}_{-4.8+0.6}$	$27.7 \pm 4.1$	$25.5^{+2.8}_{-3.0}$	$27.7 \pm 1.9$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$	$0.54^{+0.16+0.04}_{-0.11-0.04}$	$1.00 \pm 0.29$	$0.9^{+1.9}_{-0.5}$	$0.96 \pm 0.15$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \omega$	$0.76^{+0.14+0.12}_{-0.11-0.12}$	$0.59 \pm 0.19$	$0.08^{+0.36}_{-0.16}$	$< 1.6$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \phi$	$0.019^{+0.005+0.002}_{-0.004-0.001}$	$\sim 0.002$	...	$< 3.3$
$B^0 \rightarrow \omega \omega$	$1.21^{+0.24+0.31}_{-0.19-0.24}$	$0.39 \pm 0.13$	$0.7^{+1.1}_{-0.4}$	$1.2 \pm 0.4$
$B^0 \rightarrow \omega \phi$	$0.018^{+0.005+0.003}_{-0.004-0.005}$	$\sim 0.002$	...	$< 0.7$
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi \phi$	$0.029^{+0.002+0.006}_{-0.002-0.006}$	...	...	$< 0.027$

isospin symmetry  
smallness of  $\mathcal{B}(\rho^0 \rho^0)$

$\mathcal{B}(\rho^+ \rho^-) \sim 2\mathcal{B}(\rho^+ \rho^0)$

VS (no new physics violates QCD isospin symmetry)

PQCD:  $\sim 1.6$

Data:  $\sim 1$

PQCD:  $\mathcal{B}(\rho^0 \rho^0) \sim 2\mathcal{B}(\rho^+ \rho^0)$

Data:  $\mathcal{B}(\rho^0 \rho^0) \sim \mathcal{B}(\pi^0 \pi^0)$

0.89 Glauber gluon

inconsistency between two B factories

Belle, PRL.133.1081801(2024)

$1.53 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.17$

- NLO corrections are important in rare modes  $\rho^+ \phi, \rho^0 \rho^0(\omega, \rho), \omega \omega(\phi)$

# $B \rightarrow PP, PV, VV$ decays: numerics

- updated PQCD results for the  $f_L$  of  $B^+ \rightarrow VV$  decays (in units of  $10^{-2}$ )

Mode	PQCD <sub>LO</sub> [51]	PQCD	SCET [130]	QCDF [127,131]	HFLAV [134]
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ K^{*0}$	$70.0 \pm 5.0$	$76.6^{+1.5}_{-1.4}$	$45.0 \pm 18.0$	$48.0^{+52.0}_{-40.0}$	$48 \pm 8$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 K^{*+}$	$75.0^{+4.0}_{-5.0}$	$80.0^{+1.5}_{-1.5}$	$42.0 \pm 14.0$	$67.0^{+31.0}_{-48.0}$	$78 \pm 12$
$B^+ \rightarrow \omega K^{*+}$	$64.0 \pm 7.0$	$77.4^{+0.5}_{-0.9}$	$53.0 \pm 14.0$	$67.0^{+32.0}_{-39.0}$	$41 \pm 19$
$B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^{*+}$	$57.0^{+6.3}_{-5.9}$	$68.7^{+1.3}_{-1.5}$	$51.0 \pm 16.4$	$49.0^{+51.0}_{-43.0}$	$50 \pm 5$
$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \bar{K}^{*0}$	$74.0 \pm 7.0$	$82.4^{+1.1}_{-1.1}$	$50.0 \pm 16.0$	$45.0^{+55.0}_{-38.0}$	$82^{+15}_{-21}$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^+$	$98.0 \pm 1.0$	$96.9^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$\sim 100$	$96.0 \pm 2.0$	$95 \pm 1.6$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \omega$	$97.0 \pm 1.0$	$96.3^{+0.3}_{-0.4}$	$97.0 \pm 1.0$	$96.0^{+2.0}_{-3.0}$	$90 \pm 6$
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \phi$	$95.0 \pm 1.0$	$81.3^{+1.9}_{-1.8}$	$\sim 100$	...	...
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^- K^{*+}$	$68.0^{+5.0}_{-4.0}$	$75.7^{+1.5}_{-1.4}$	$55 \pm 14$	$53.0^{+45.0}_{-32.0}$	$38 \pm 13$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 K^{*0}$	$65.0^{+4.0}_{-5.0}$	$71.0^{+1.5}_{-1.3}$	$61.0 \pm 13.0$	$39.0^{+60.0}_{-51.0}$	$17.3 \pm 2.6$
$B^0 \rightarrow \omega K^{*0}$	$65.0 \pm 5.0$	$77.7^{+0.4}_{-0.9}$	$40.0 \pm 20.0$	$58.0^{+44.0}_{-17.0}$	$69 \pm 11$
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^{*0}$	$56.5^{+5.8}_{-5.9}$	$69.5^{+1.2}_{-1.5}$	$51.0 \pm 16.4$	$50.0^{+51.0}_{-44.0}$	$49.7 \pm 1.7$
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$	$58.0 \pm 8.0$	$68.8^{+5.3}_{-5.3}$	$50.0 \pm 16.0$	$52.0^{+48.0}_{-49.0}$	$74 \pm 5$
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*+} K^{*-}$	$\sim 100.0$	$\sim 100.0$	...	...	$\sim 100.0$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^-$	$95.0 \pm 1.0$	$93.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$99.1 \pm 0.3$	$92.0^{+1.0}_{-1.0}$	$99.0^{+2.1}_{-1.9}$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$	$12.0^{+16.0}_{-2.0}$	$80.9^{+1.9}_{-1.9}$	$87.0 \pm 5.0$	$92.0^{+7.0}_{-37.0}$	$71^{+8}_{-9}$
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \omega$	$67.0^{+8.0}_{-8.0}$	$74.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$58.0 \pm 14.0$	$52.0^{+12.0}_{-44.0}$	...
$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \phi$	$95.0 \pm 1.0$	$81.3^{+1.9}_{-1.8}$	$\sim 100$	...	...
$B^0 \rightarrow \omega \omega$	$66.0^{+10.0}_{-11.0}$	$88.4^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$	$64.0 \pm 15.0$	$94.0^{+4.0}_{-20.0}$	...
$B^0 \rightarrow \omega \phi$	$94.0^{+2.0}_{-3.0}$	$80.8^{+0.8}_{-1.4}$	$\sim 100$	...	...
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi \phi$	$97.0 \pm 1.0$	$99.9^{+0.0}_{-0.0}$	...	...	...

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 $0.87 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.13$

- † LO PQCD predicted  $f_L \sim 0.7$  in penguin dominated  $B \rightarrow VV$  by annihilation mechanism (2002), before the observation of "polarization puzzle".



## Conclusion

- state-of-the-art PQCD calculations with including the current well-known NLO and sub-leading power corrections
- $K\pi, K\rho, K\omega, K\phi$  and  $K^*\rho, K^*\omega, K^*\phi$  channels ✓✓  $K^*\pi, K^*K$  channels ✓
- $f_L$  in  $K^*\rho, K^*\omega, K^*\phi$  channels is still larger than the HFLAV result  
LD effect in  $B \rightarrow K^*$  transition ? NLO corrections to  $B \rightarrow V$  form factors ? width effect of the intermediate vector resonant (four-body decays) ?
- $\eta^{(\prime)}$  involved channels do not consist well with data  
the complicate mixing mechanism  $\eta_q-\eta_s-\eta_g$  ?
- CPV of charged (neutral)  $B$  decays is (not) sensitive to the new added two power correction (heavy quark expansion), especially for the channels with at least one  $\eta^{(\prime)}$  in the final state

## Conclusion

- predictions in  $K_S^0\pi^0, \omega\omega$  modes are confirmed
- what's the next ? CPV or  $\eta\eta, \eta\eta', \eta'\eta'$  ?

Our results for  $\mathcal{B}$  and  $f_L$  agree well with predictions from next-to-leading-order (NLO) perturbative QCD (PQCD) [23], but not from leading-order (LO) PQCD [19]. This indicates that NLO corrections and power-suppressed terms play an important role in color-suppressed  $b \rightarrow (u, d)$  decays. Such a role would help clarify the puzzle in  $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$ , where the measured  $f_L$  is significantly higher than the LO PQCD prediction [19]. Our result for  $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \omega\omega)$  is significantly higher than the prediction from soft collinear effective theory [22]. Our result for  $A_{CP}$  shows no significant CP violation, consistent within uncertainties with CKM unitarity. Belle, PRL.133.1081801(2024)

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Thank you for your patience.