



Recent Progress on XYZ states from BESIII

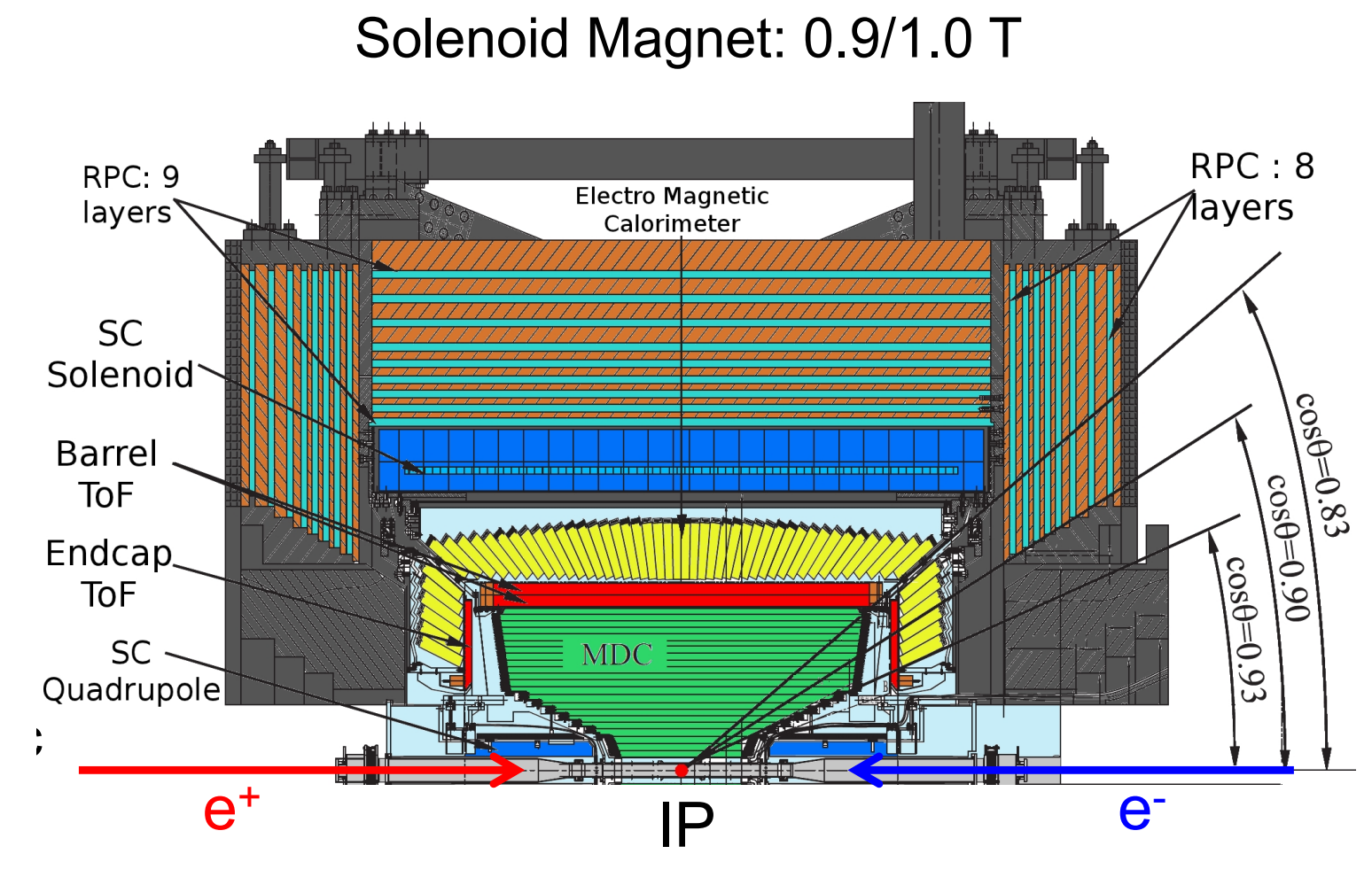
Yuping Guo (郭玉萍)

On Behalf of BESIII Collaboration

第十届XYZ研讨会

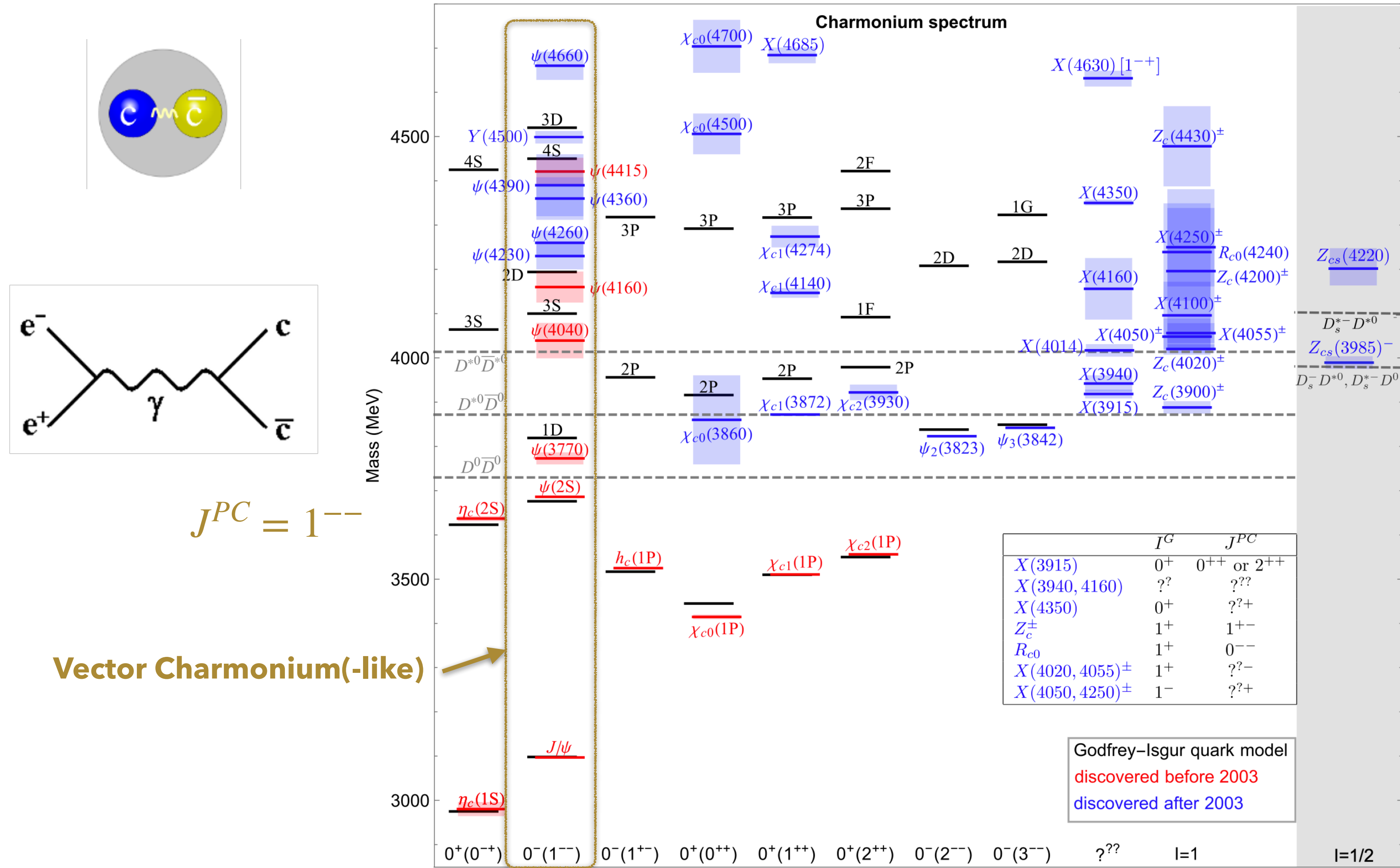
Changsha 2025.04.12

Beijing Electron Positron Collider II and BESIII

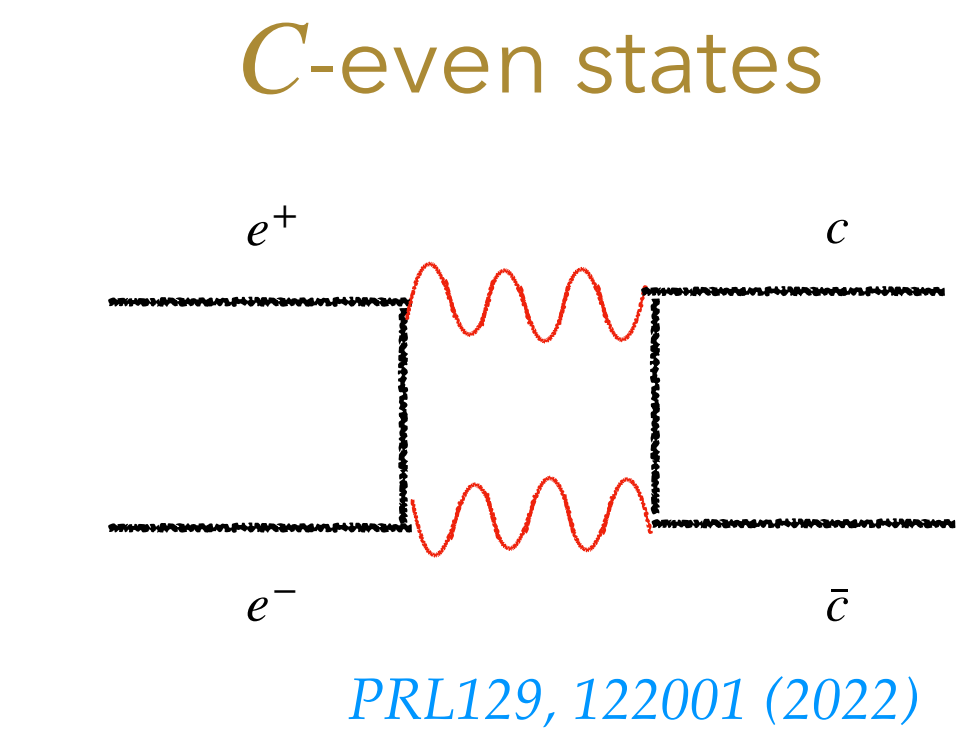
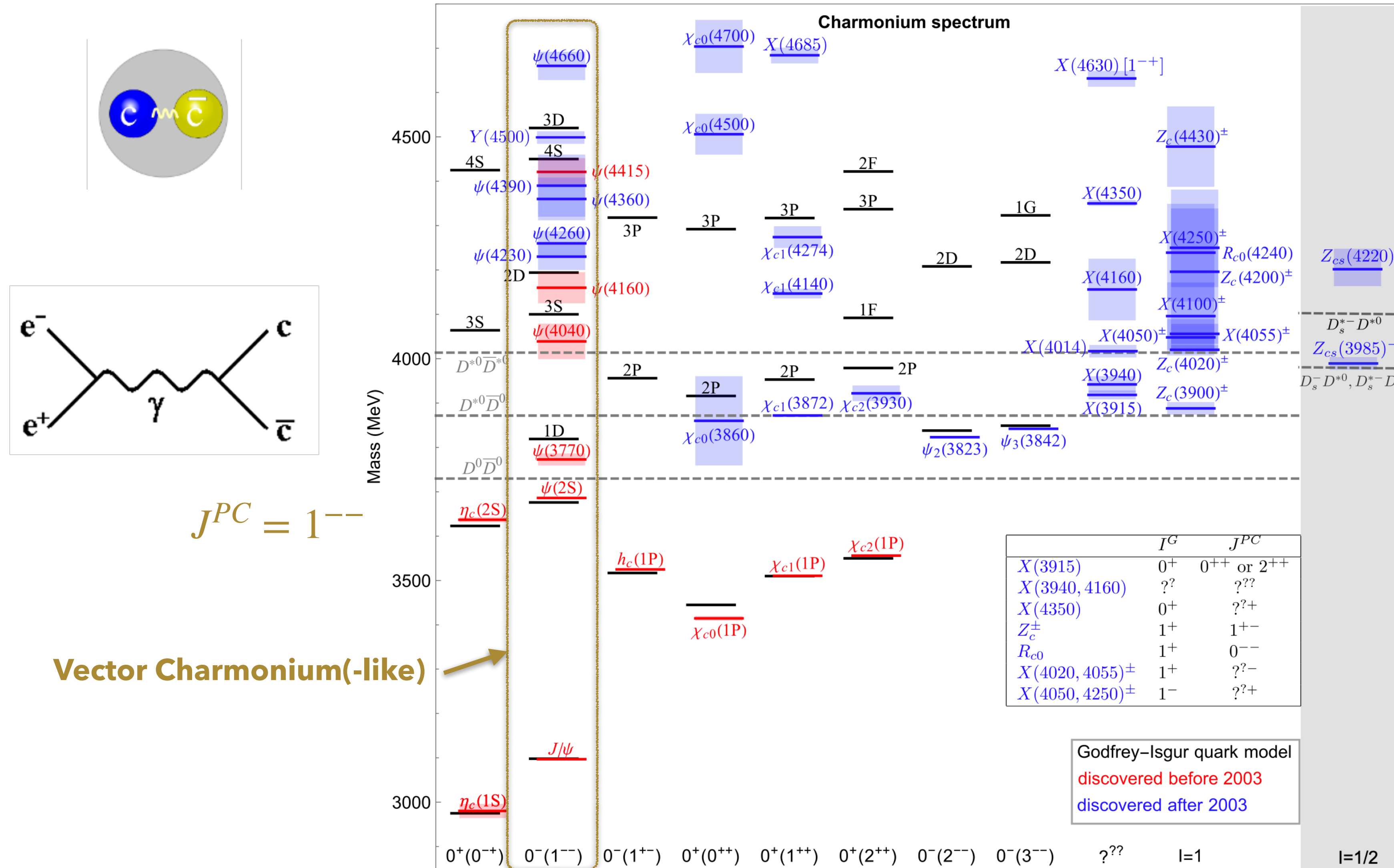


	MUC $\sigma_{R\phi}$: 2 cm
TOF	EMC
σ_T : 80 ps	$\Delta E/E$: at 1GeV
110 ps (60 ps)	2.5%
	5.0%
MDC	σ_z : 0.6 cm/ \sqrt{E}
dE/dx: 6%	
σ_p/p : 0.5% at 1GeV/c	

Charmonium Production at BESIII

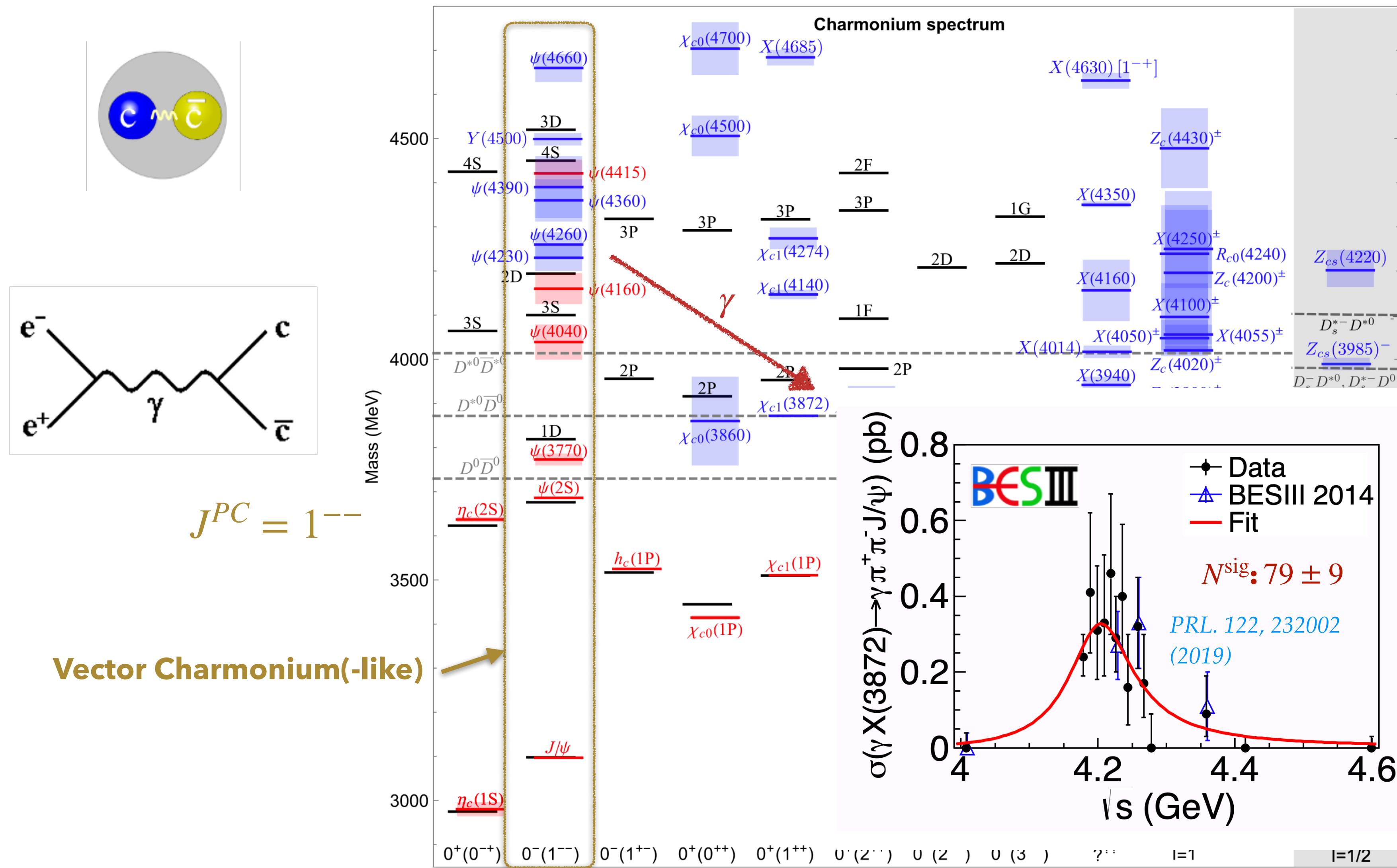


Charmonium Production at BESIII



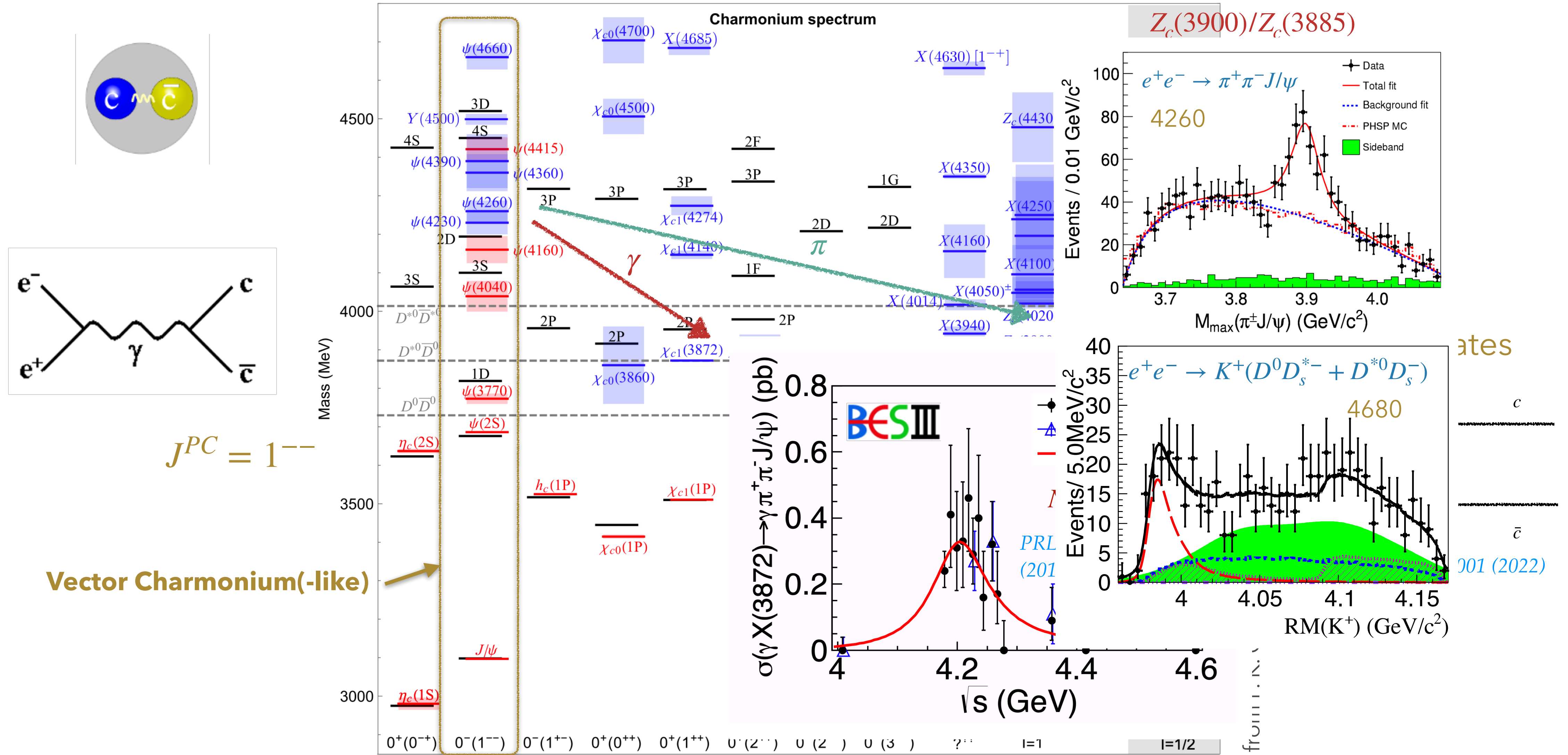
from F. K. Guo

Charmonium Production at BESIII

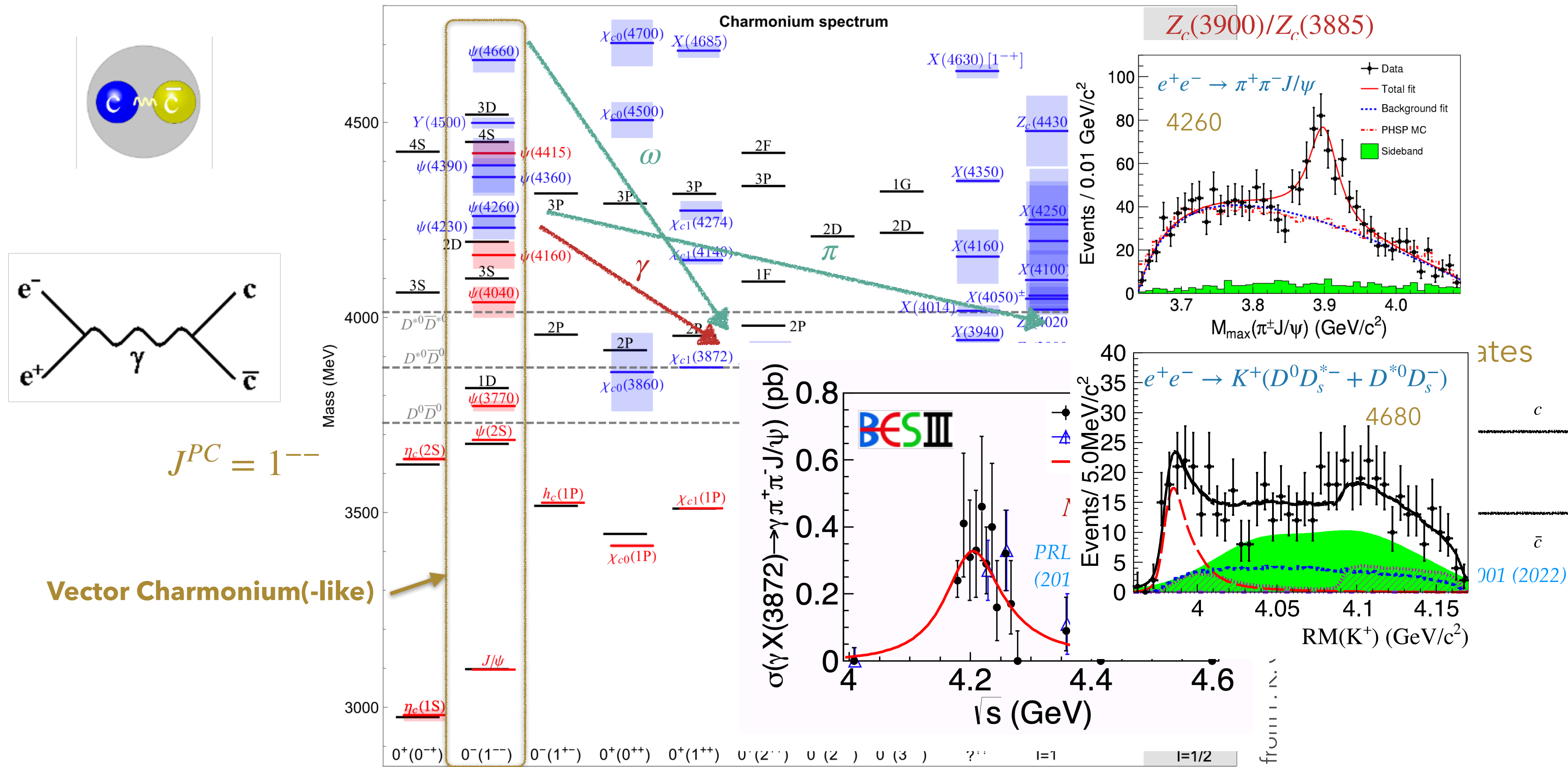


from: N. Guo

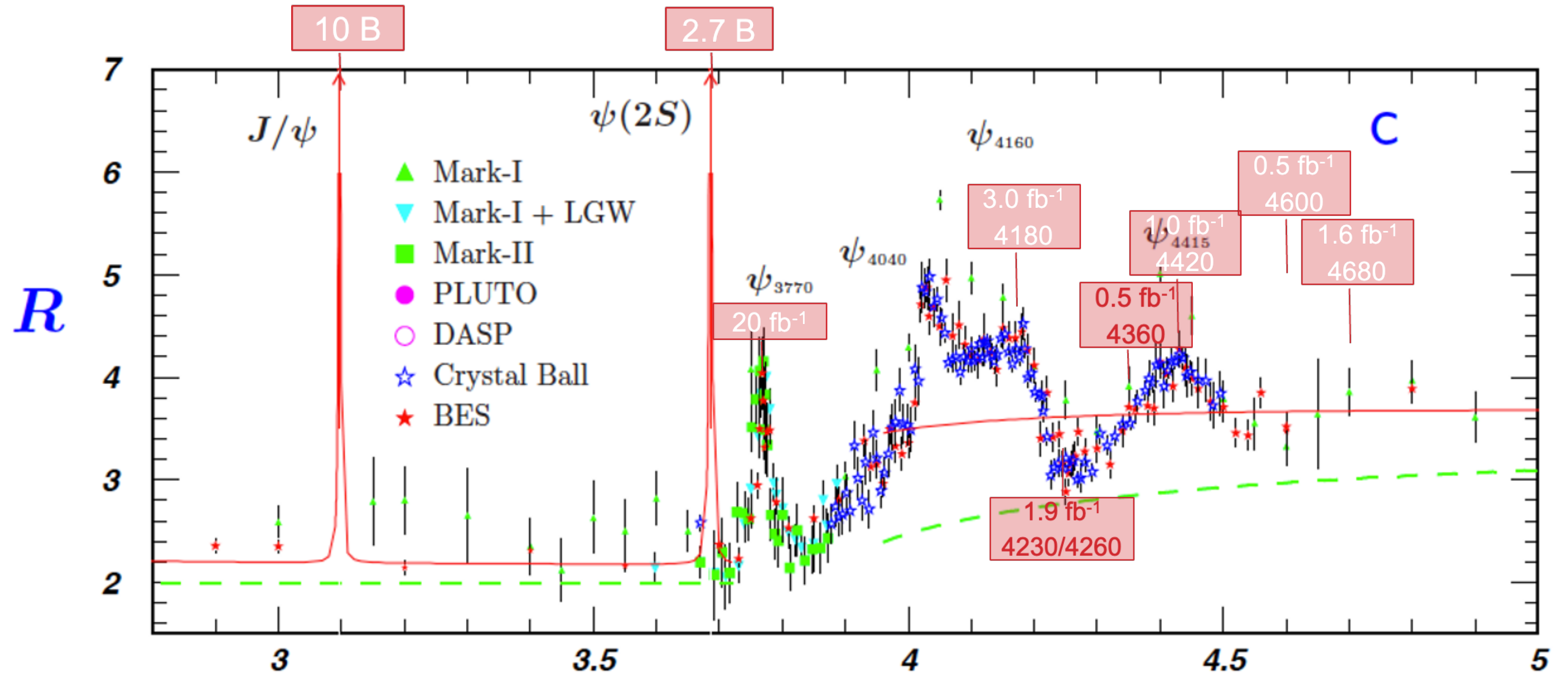
Charmonium Production at BESIII



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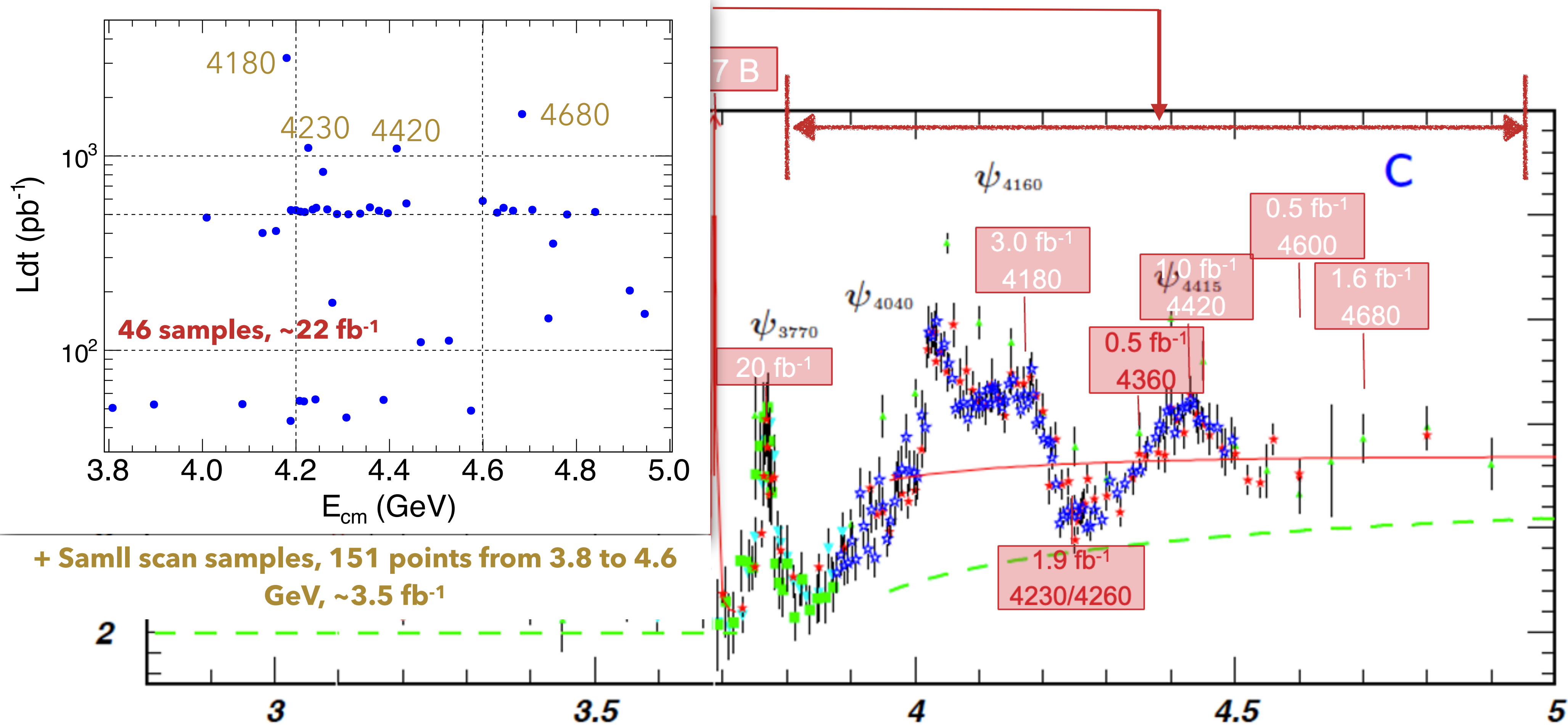


BESIII Data Samples



Can measure $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow h_i]$ (CS) with high precision using direct e^+e^- annihilation data at BESIII \Rightarrow Y states

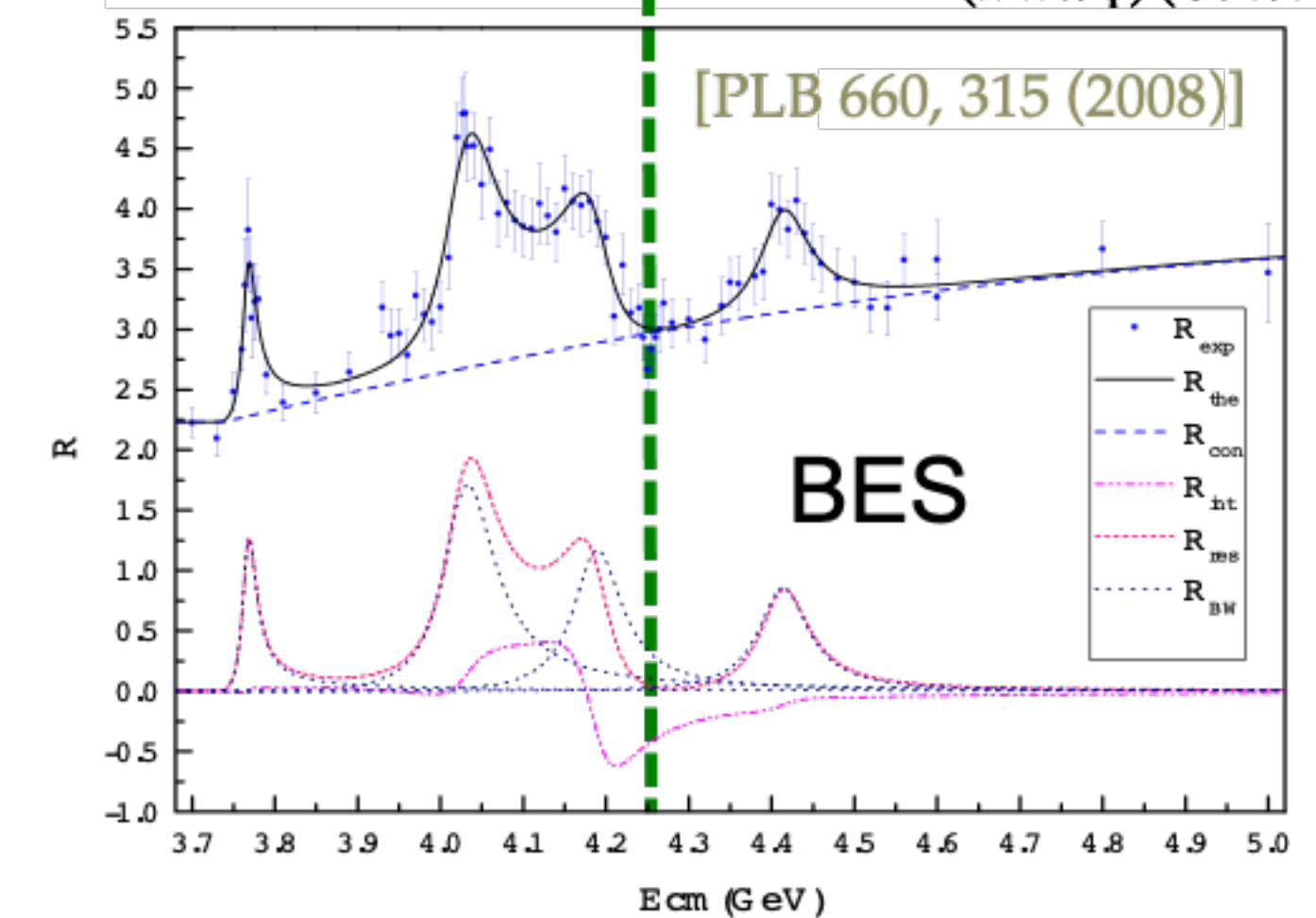
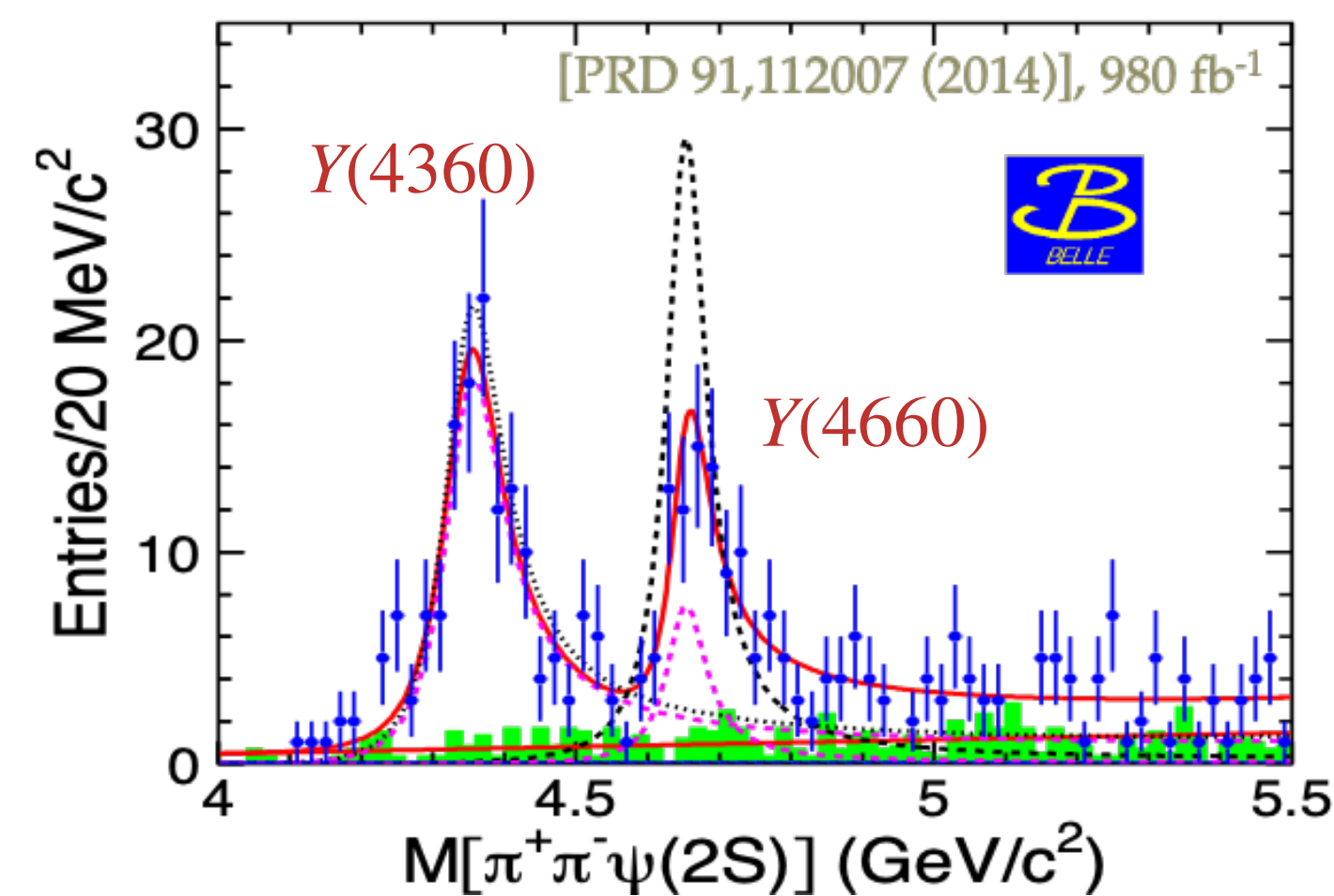
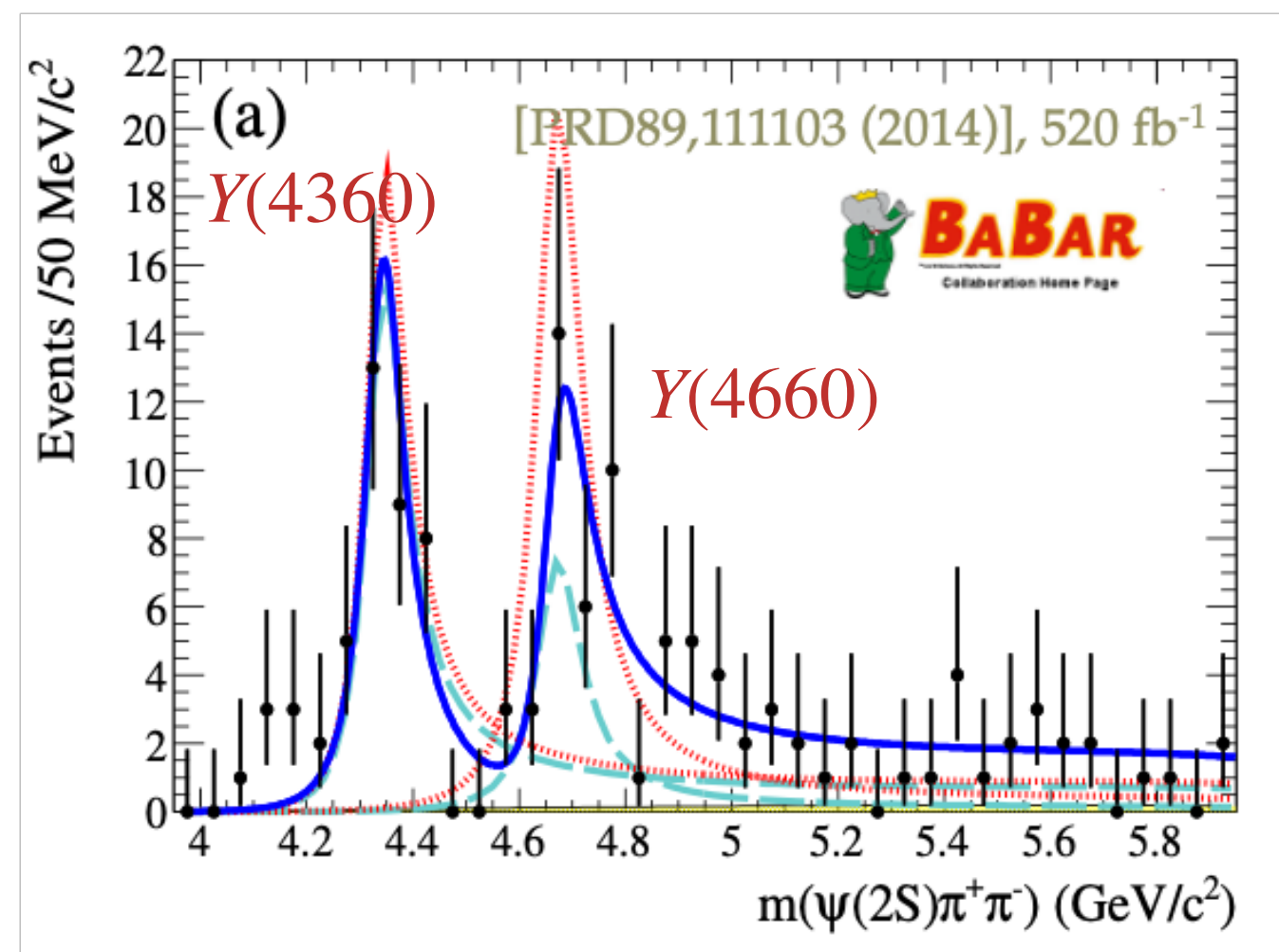
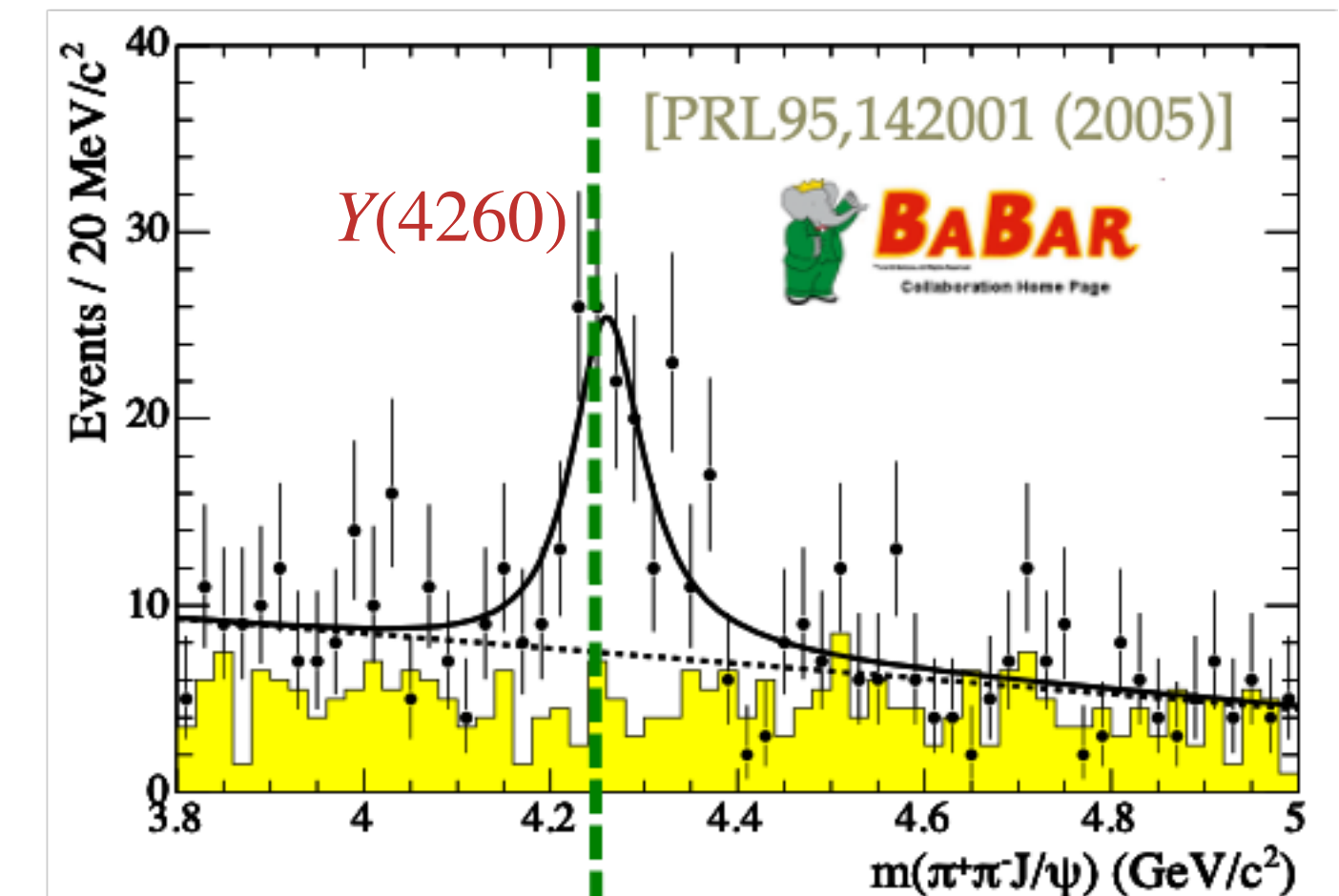
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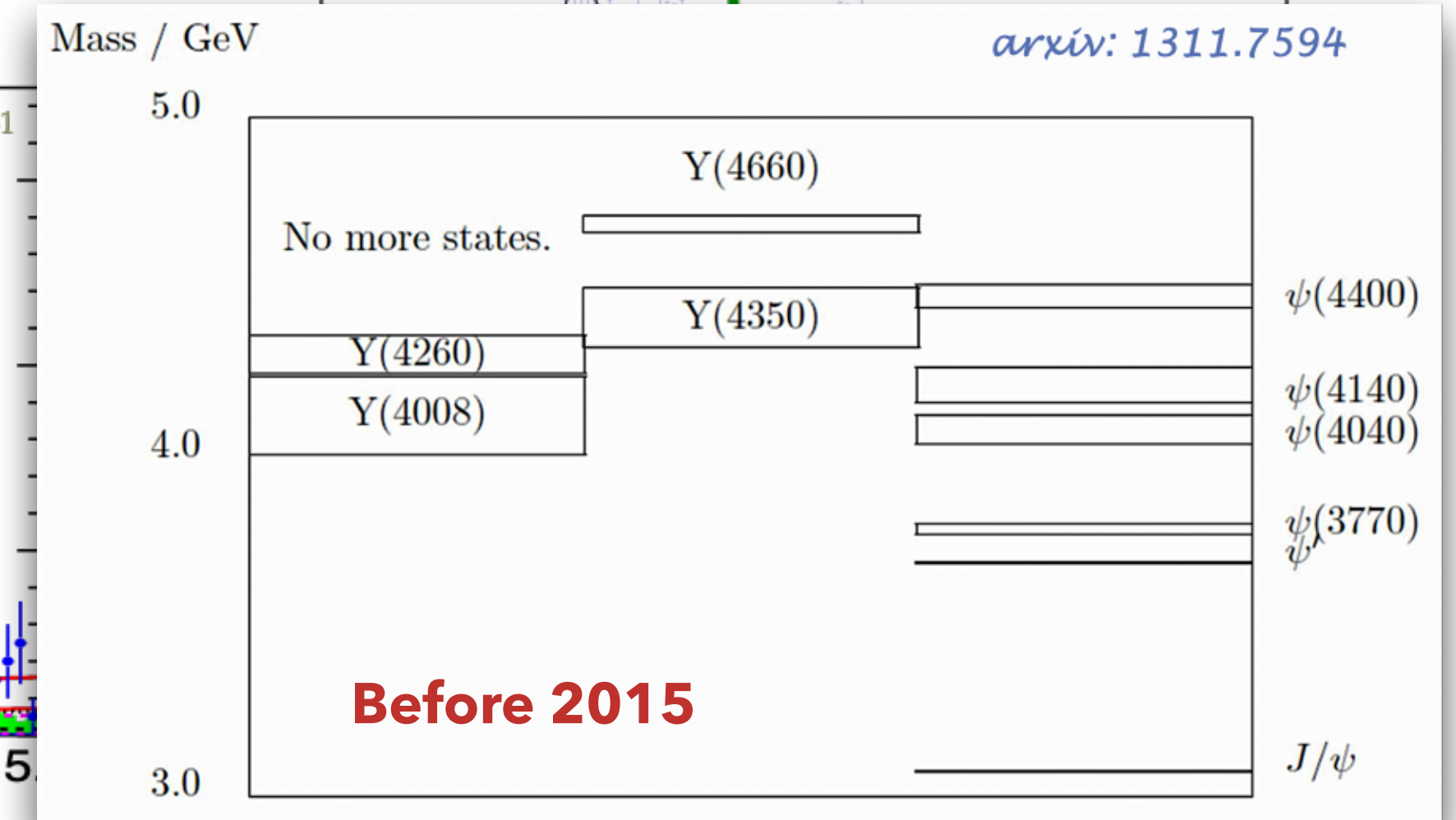
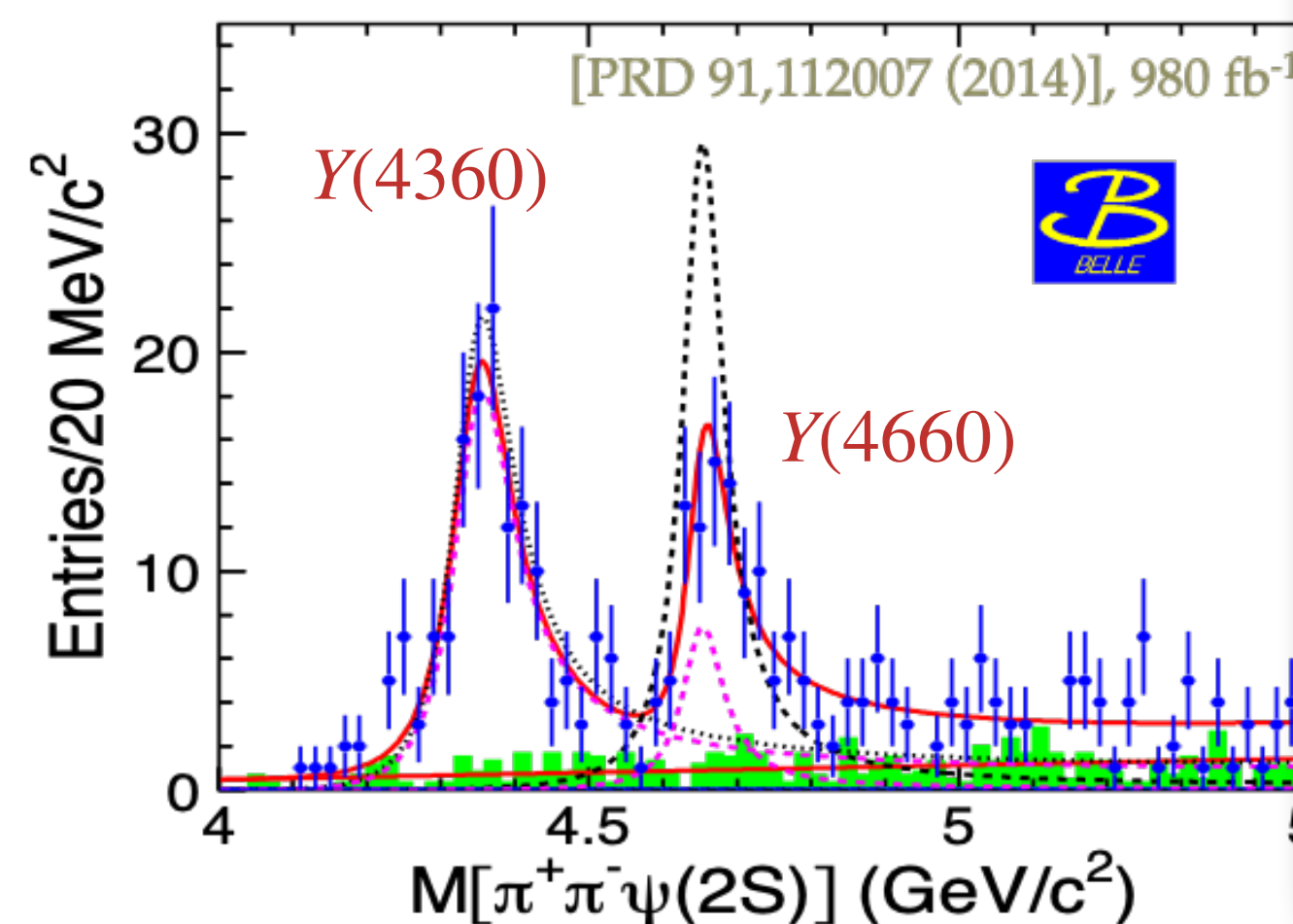
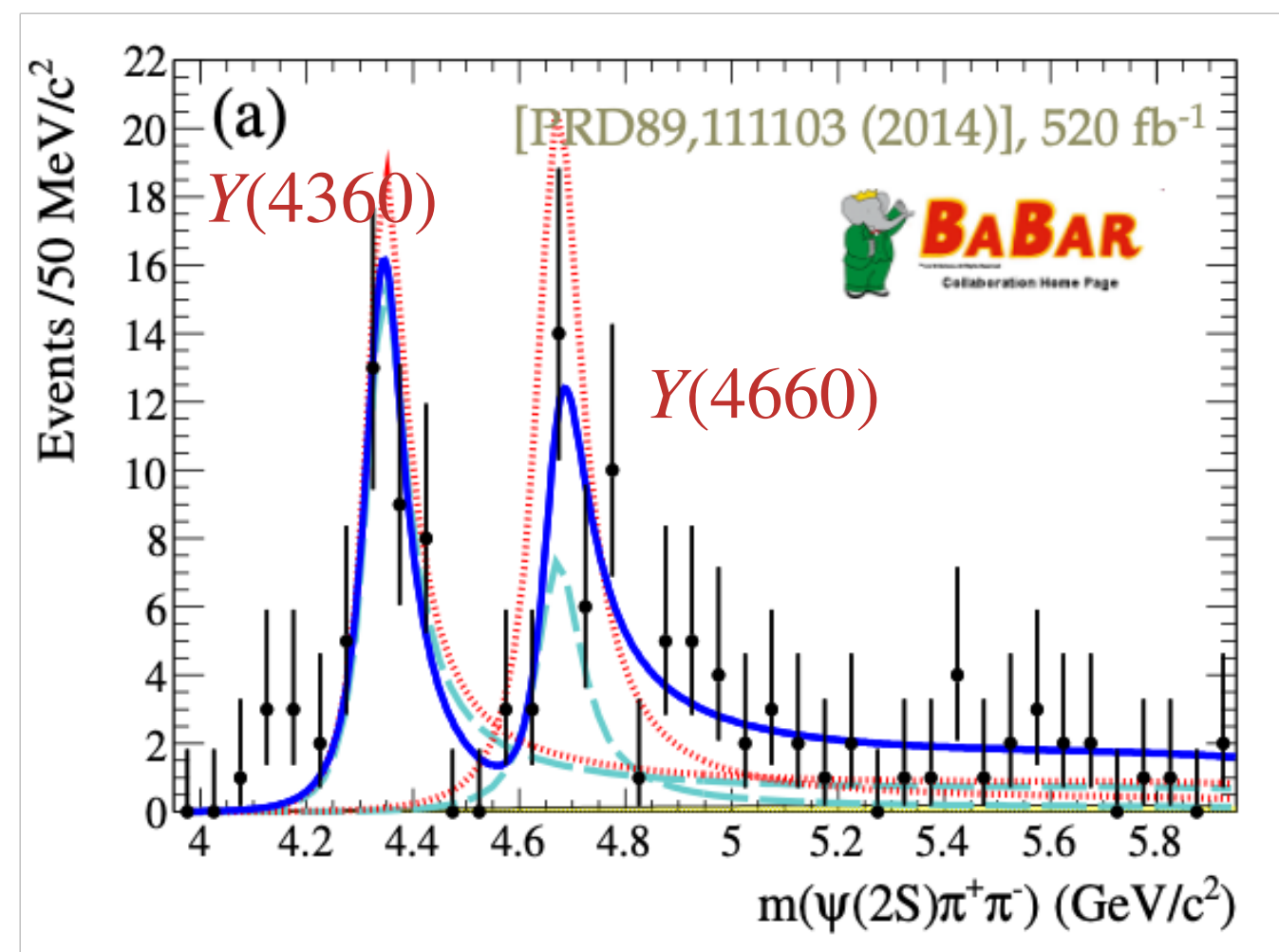
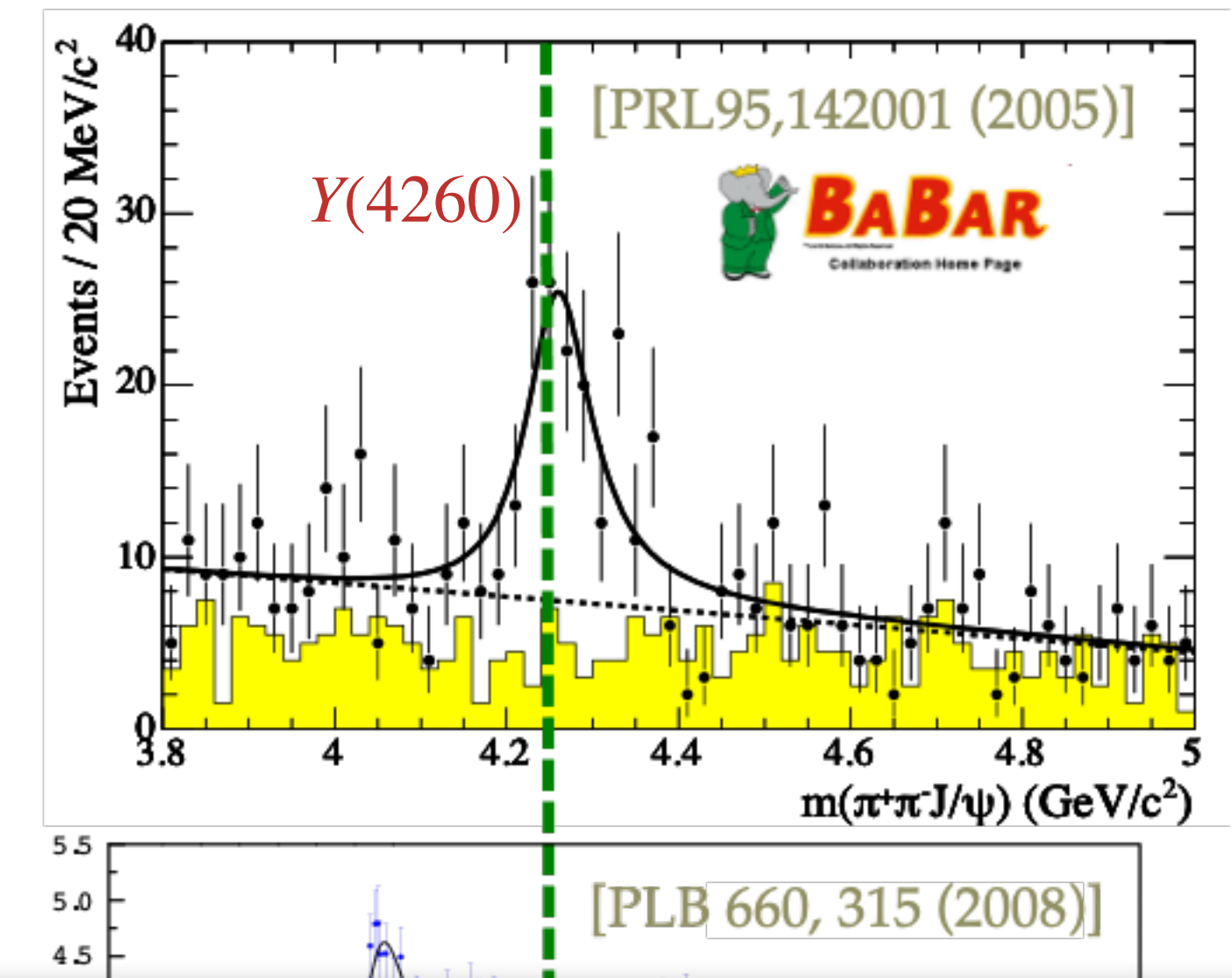
Discovery of Y States

- $Y(4260)$, discovered in ISR process at BaBar, $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}}\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$
 - Confirmed by CLEO and Belle
 - Mass > 4 GeV, above $D\bar{D}$ threshold
 - Not observed in inclusive hadron cross section
 - Not observed in open charm pair cross section
- Later, $Y(4360)$ was discovered at BaBar, $Y(4660)$ was discovered at Belle, both in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}}\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$ process



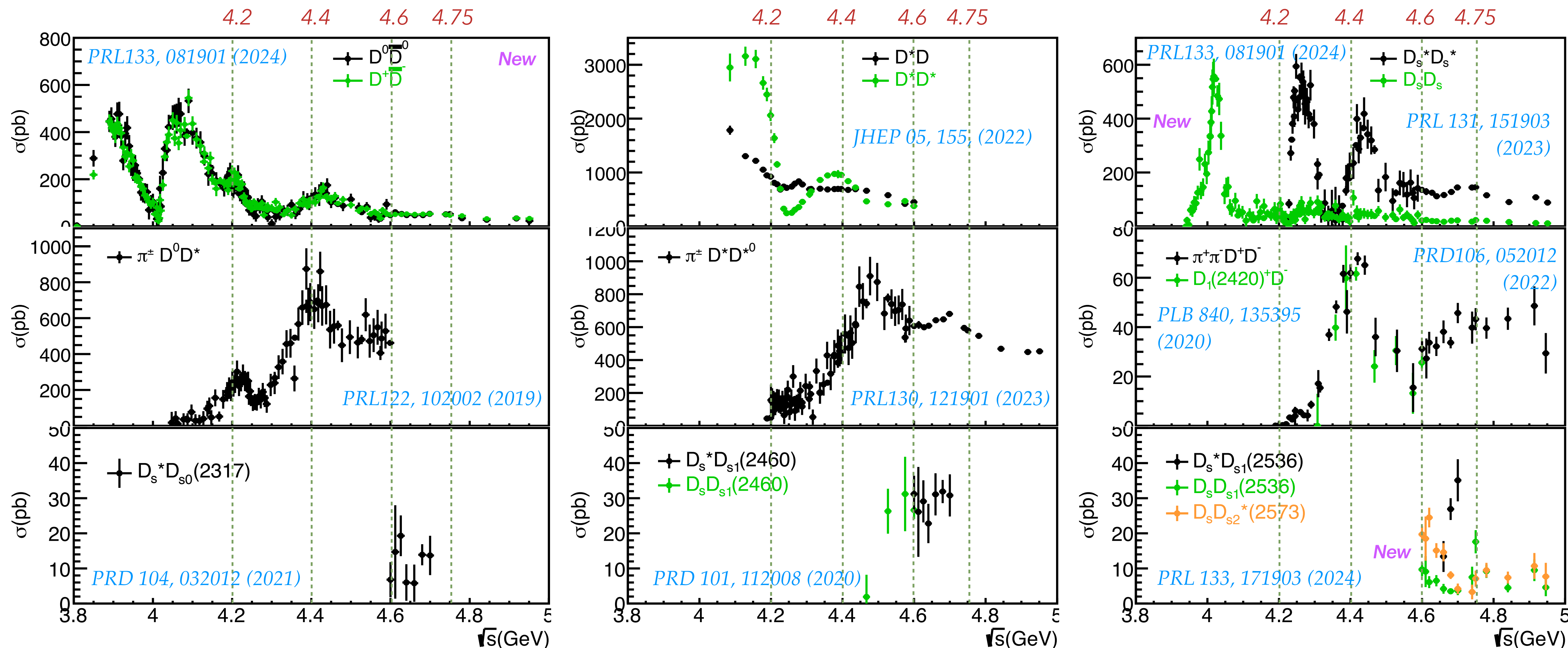
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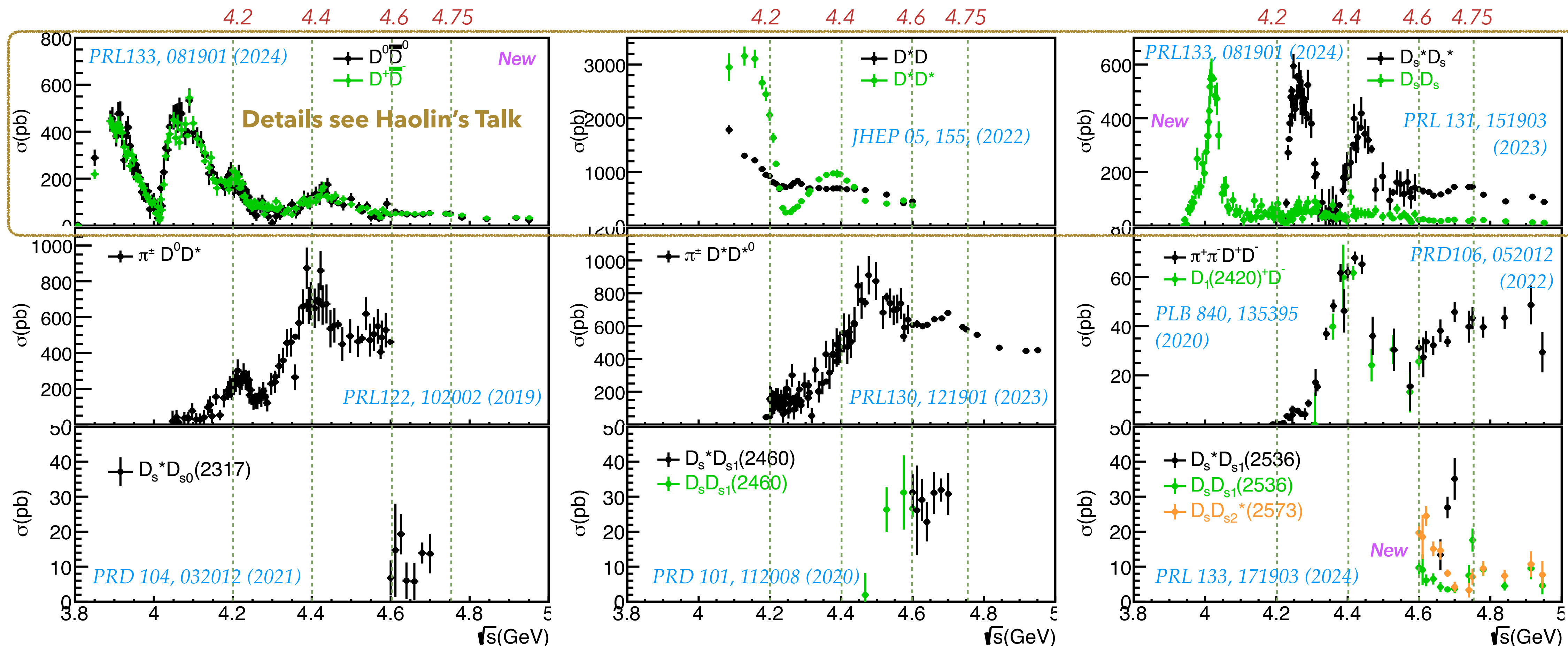
Overview of CS measurements at BESIII

- Precise cross section measurements of open charm, hidden charm, and light hadron processes



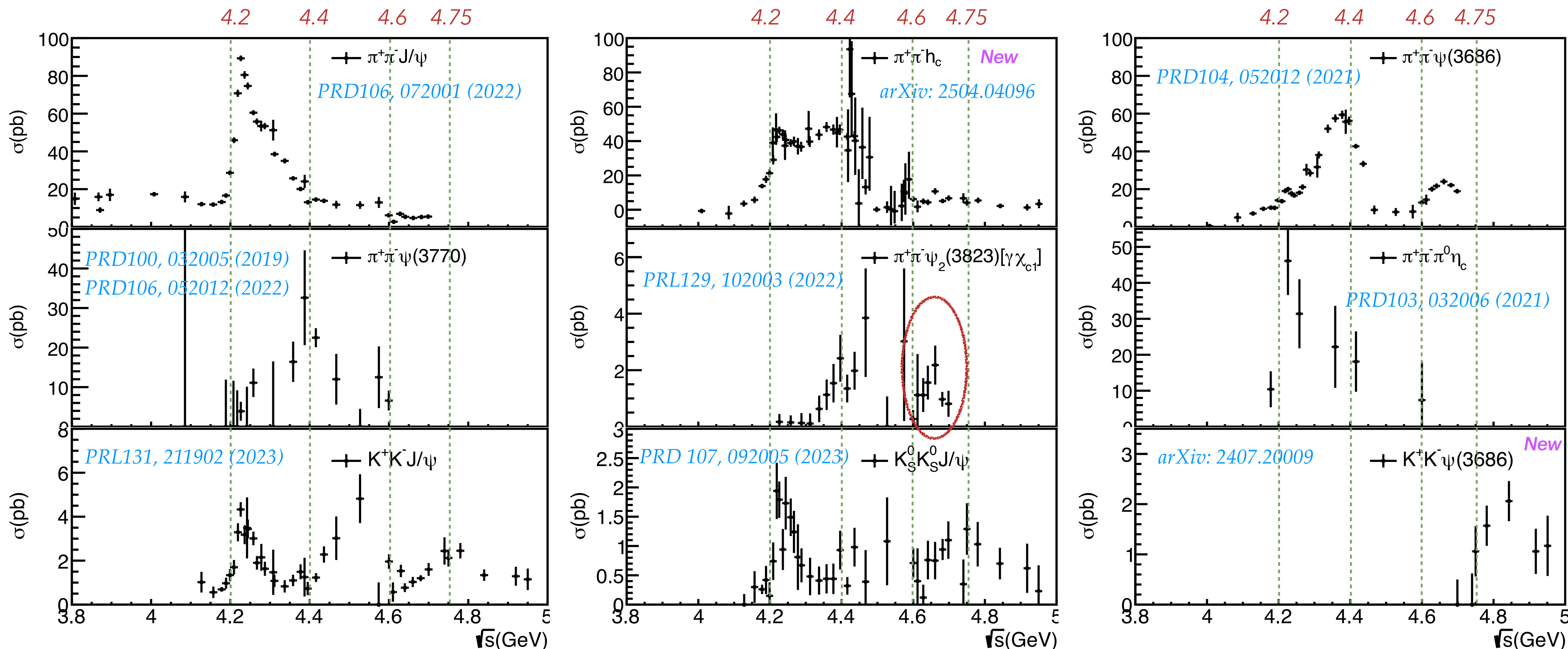
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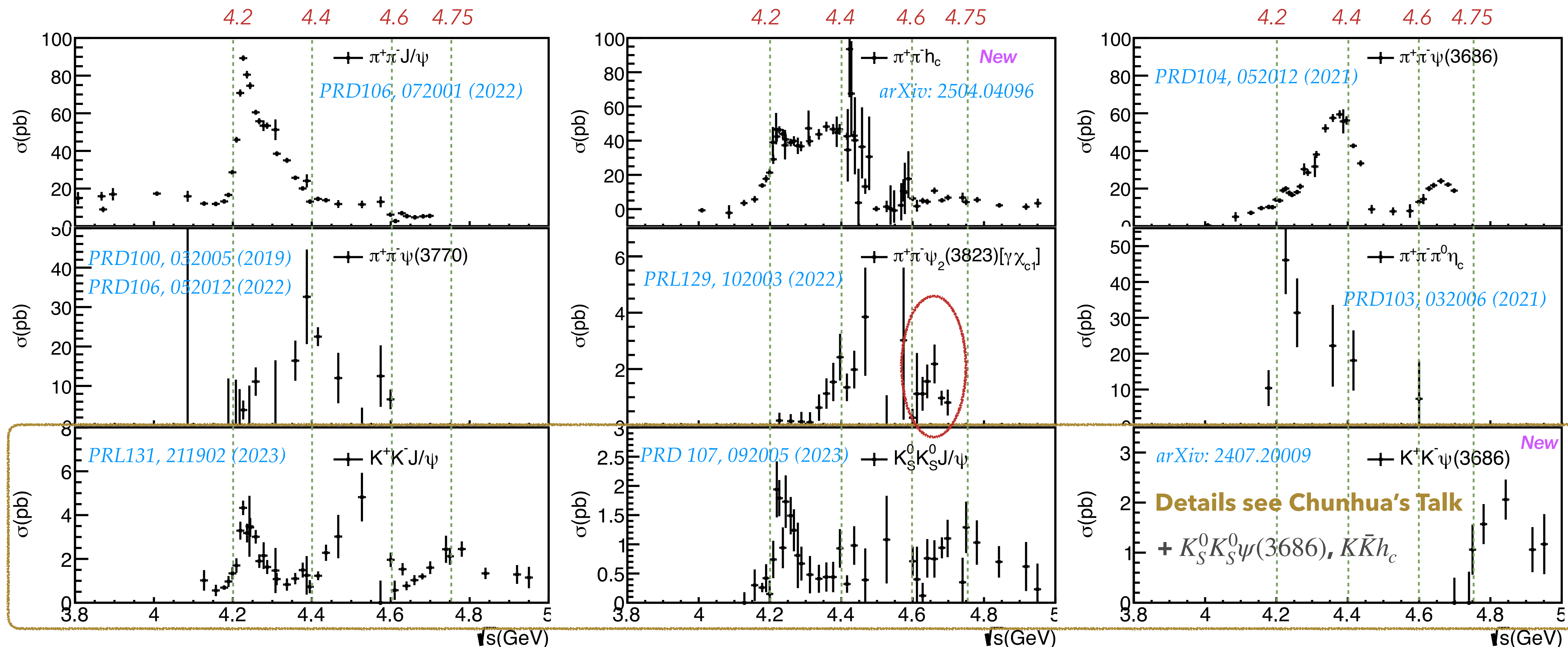
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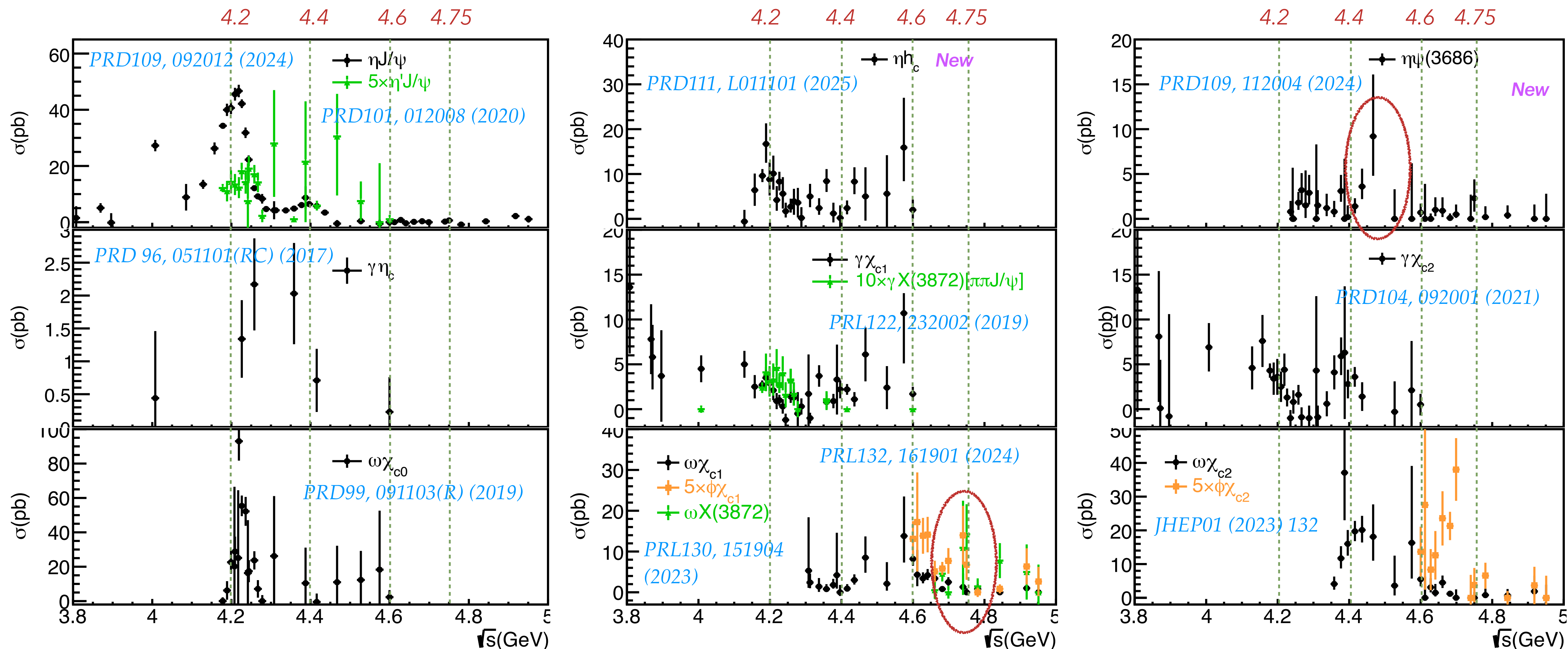
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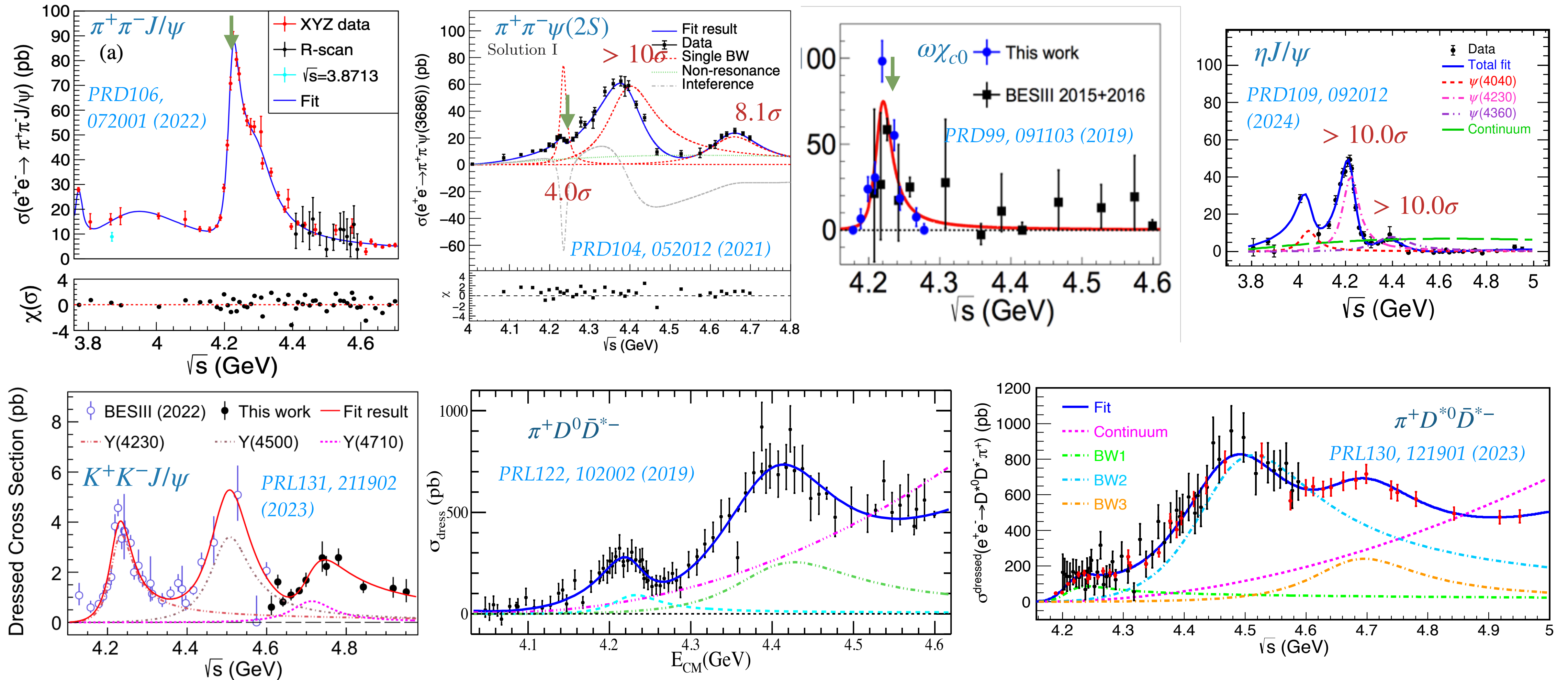
Overview of CS measurements at BESIII

- Precise cross section measurements of open charm, hidden charm, and light hadron processes



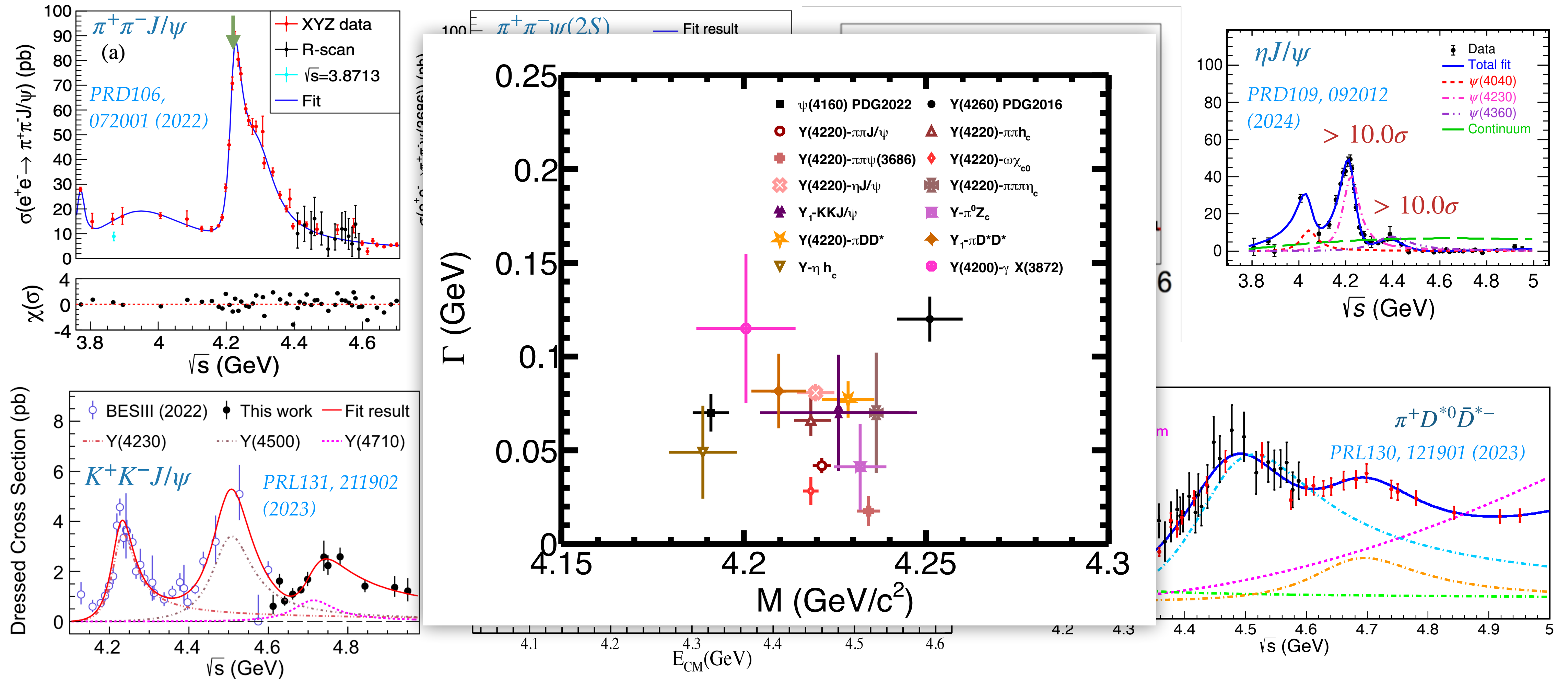
Y(4260) \Rightarrow Y(4230)

- Seen in more than 10 decay modes, including open charm final states



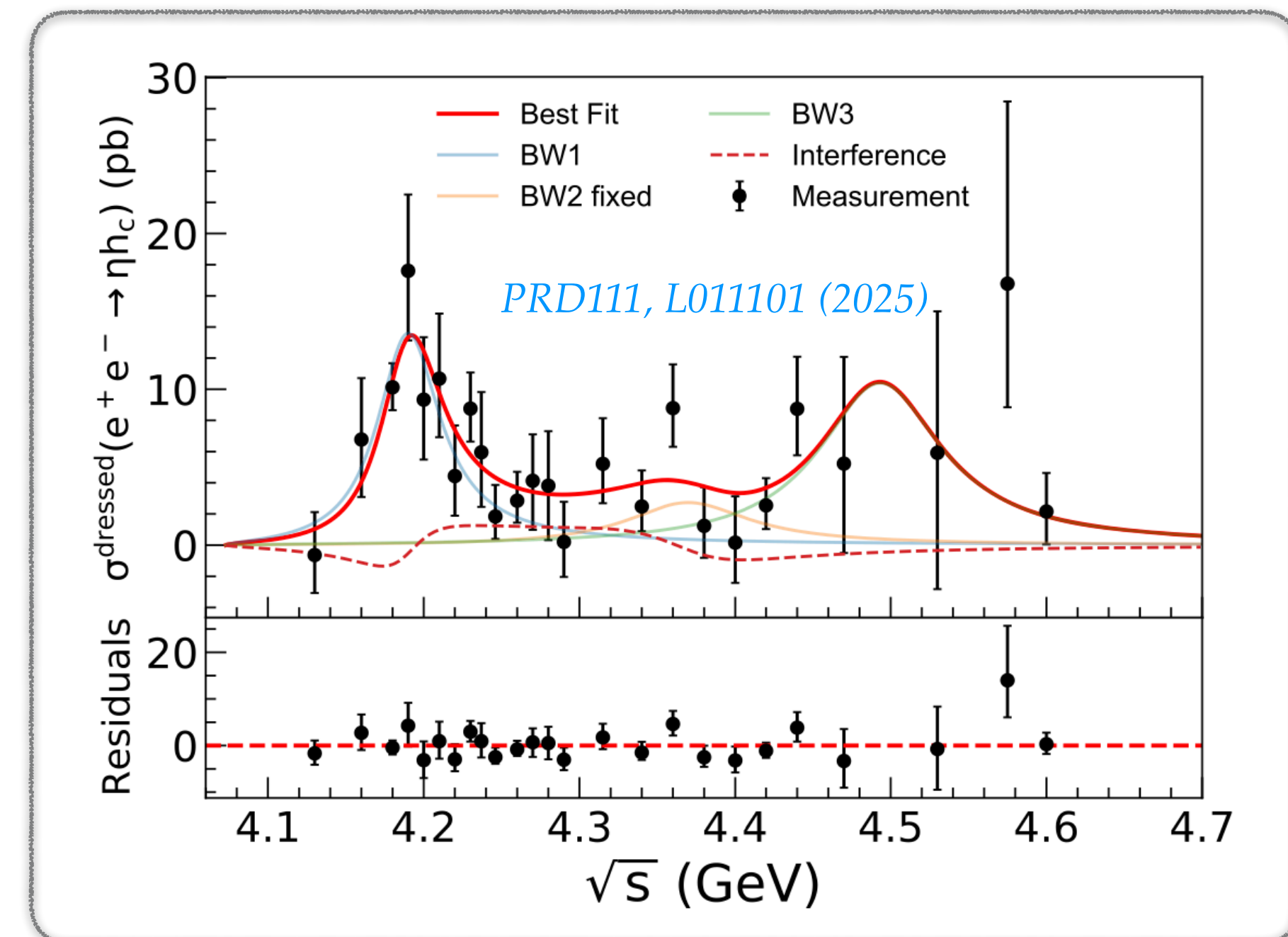
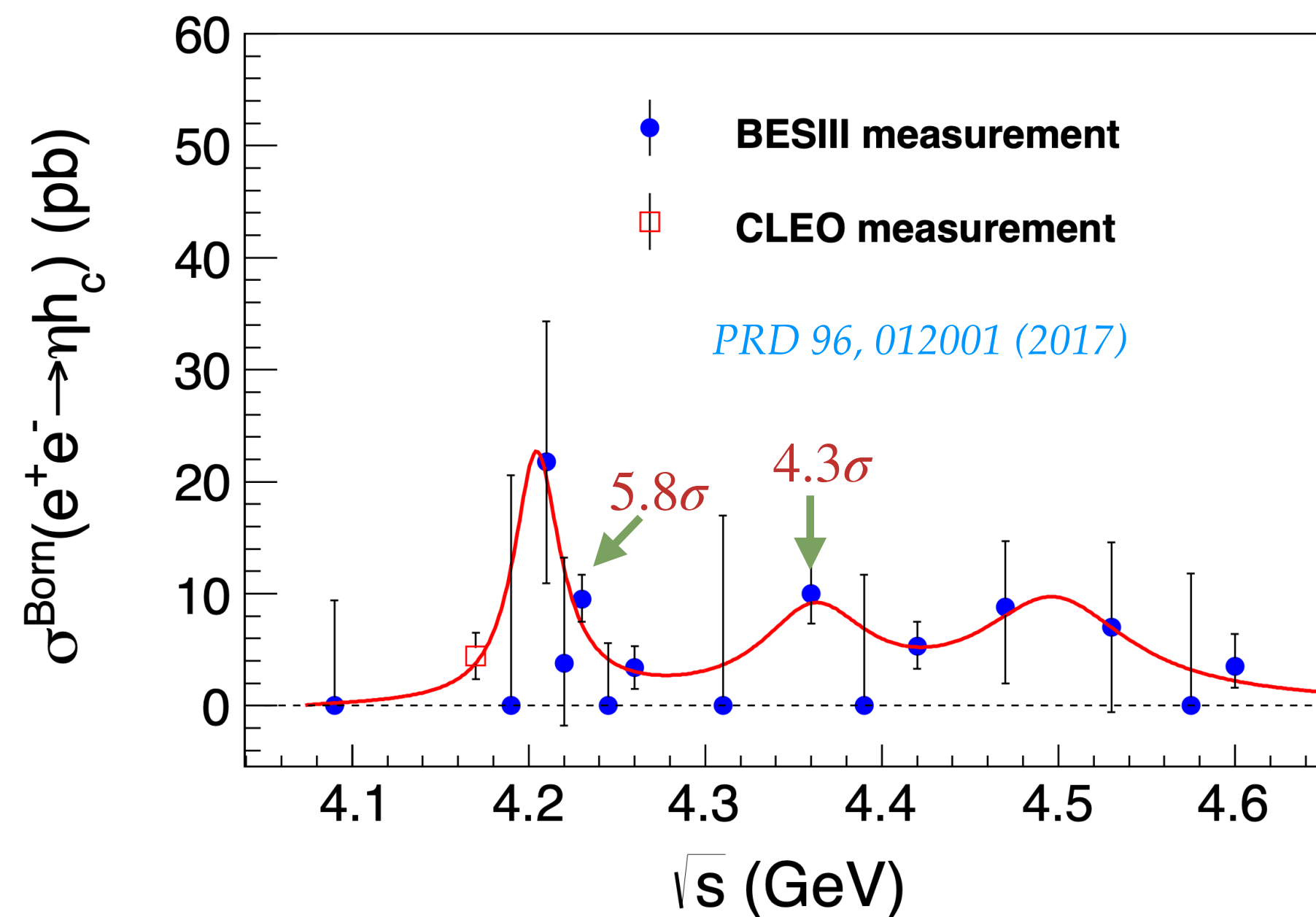
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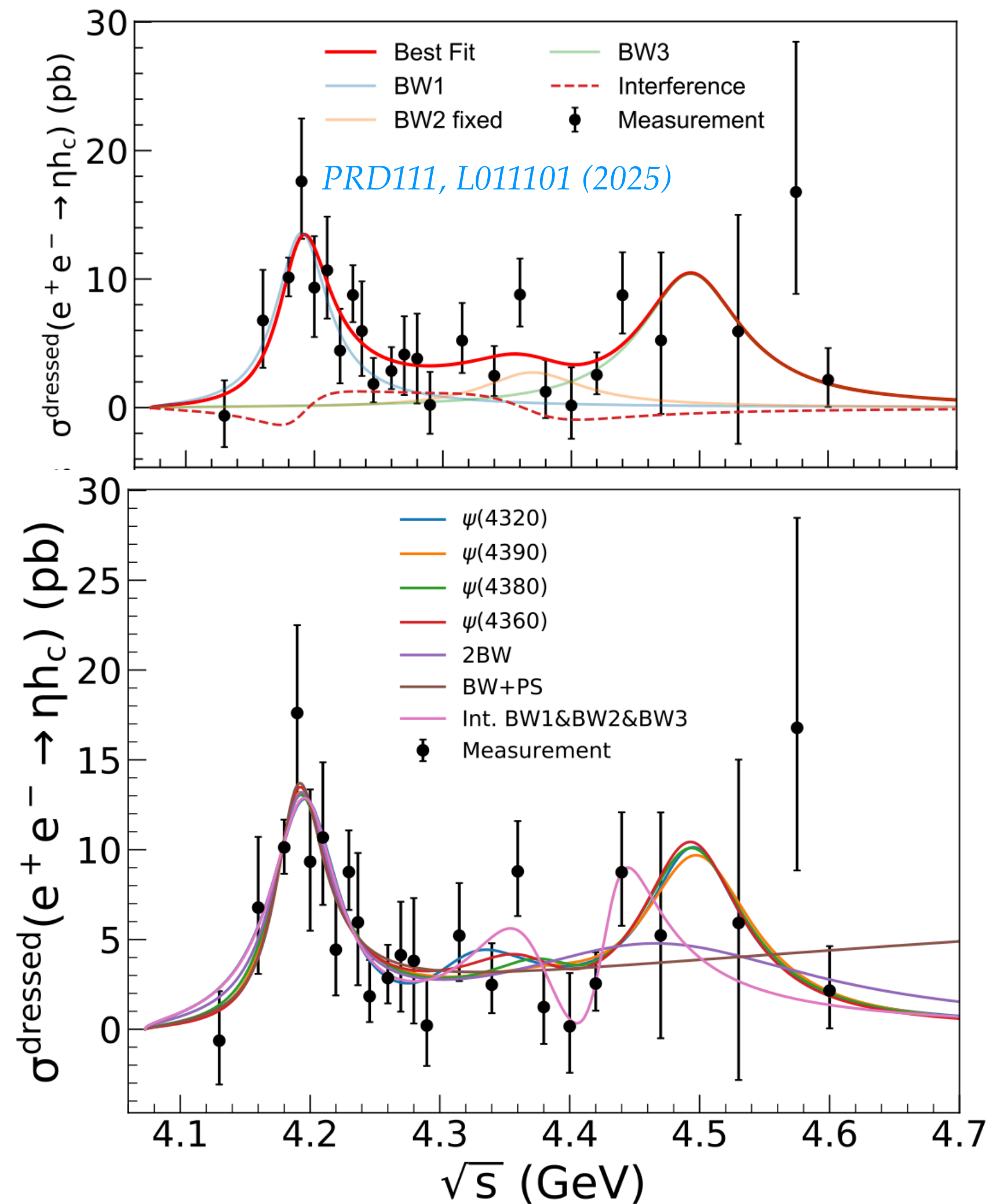


Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_c]$

- The first evidence of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_c$ was found by CLEO at $\sqrt{s}=4.17$ GeV [3σ] [PRL 107, 041803 \(2011\)](#)
- The process $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_c$ was observed for the first time at $\sqrt{s}=4.226$ GeV by BESIII, a hint of a resonance around 4.2 GeV was observed [PRD 96, 012001 \(2017\)](#)
- New data (15 fb^{-1}) between $\sqrt{s}=4.13$ to 4.6 GeV has been collected by BESIII

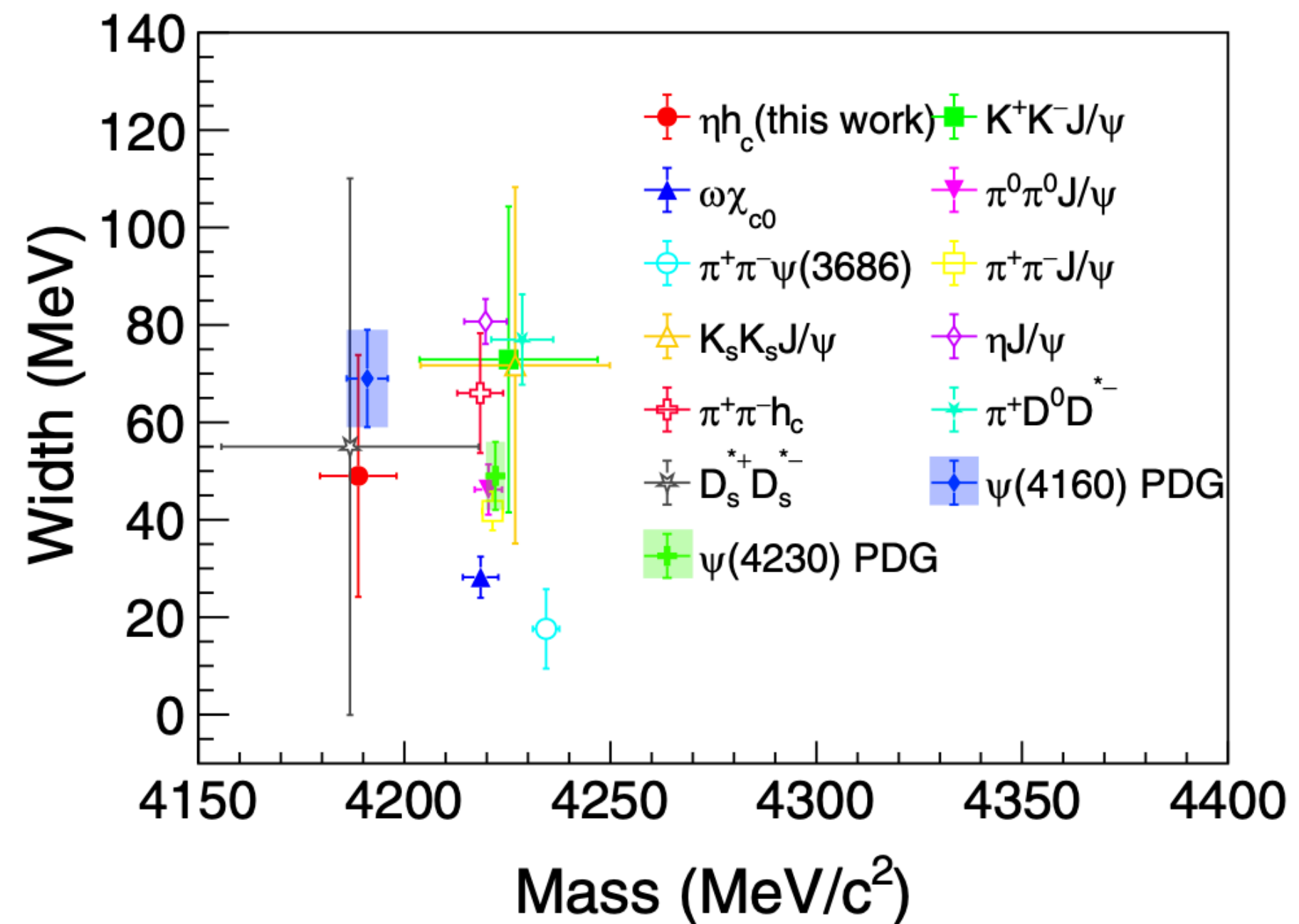


Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_c]$



- $\sigma^{\text{dressed}} = |BW_1 + BW_2 e^{i\phi}|^2 + |BW_3|^2$
- Mass and Width of BW_2 fixed to $Y(4360)$
- $M_1 = 4188.8 \pm 4.7 \pm 8.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $\Gamma_1 = 49 \pm 16 \pm 19 \text{ MeV}$
- $\Gamma_{ee} \mathcal{B} = 0.80 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.45 \text{ eV}$
- Alternative parameterizations:
 - Fix parameters of the second resonance to $Y(4320)/Y(4380)/Y(4390)$
 - Remove BW_2
 - Use sum of a BW and phase space
 - Coherent sum of three BWs
 - Statistical significance of BW_1 in all cases $> 7\sigma$

Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_c]$



The first resonance:

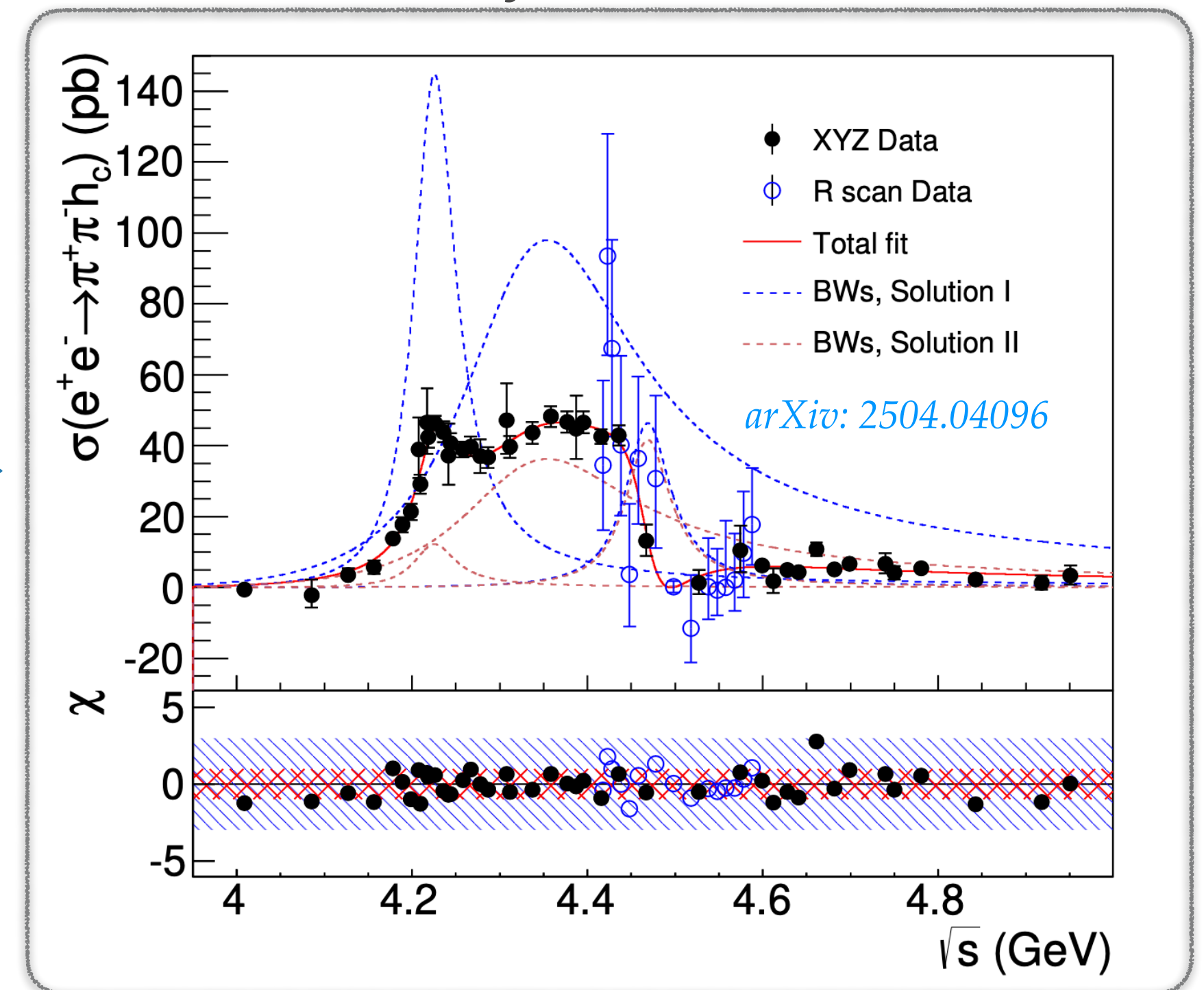
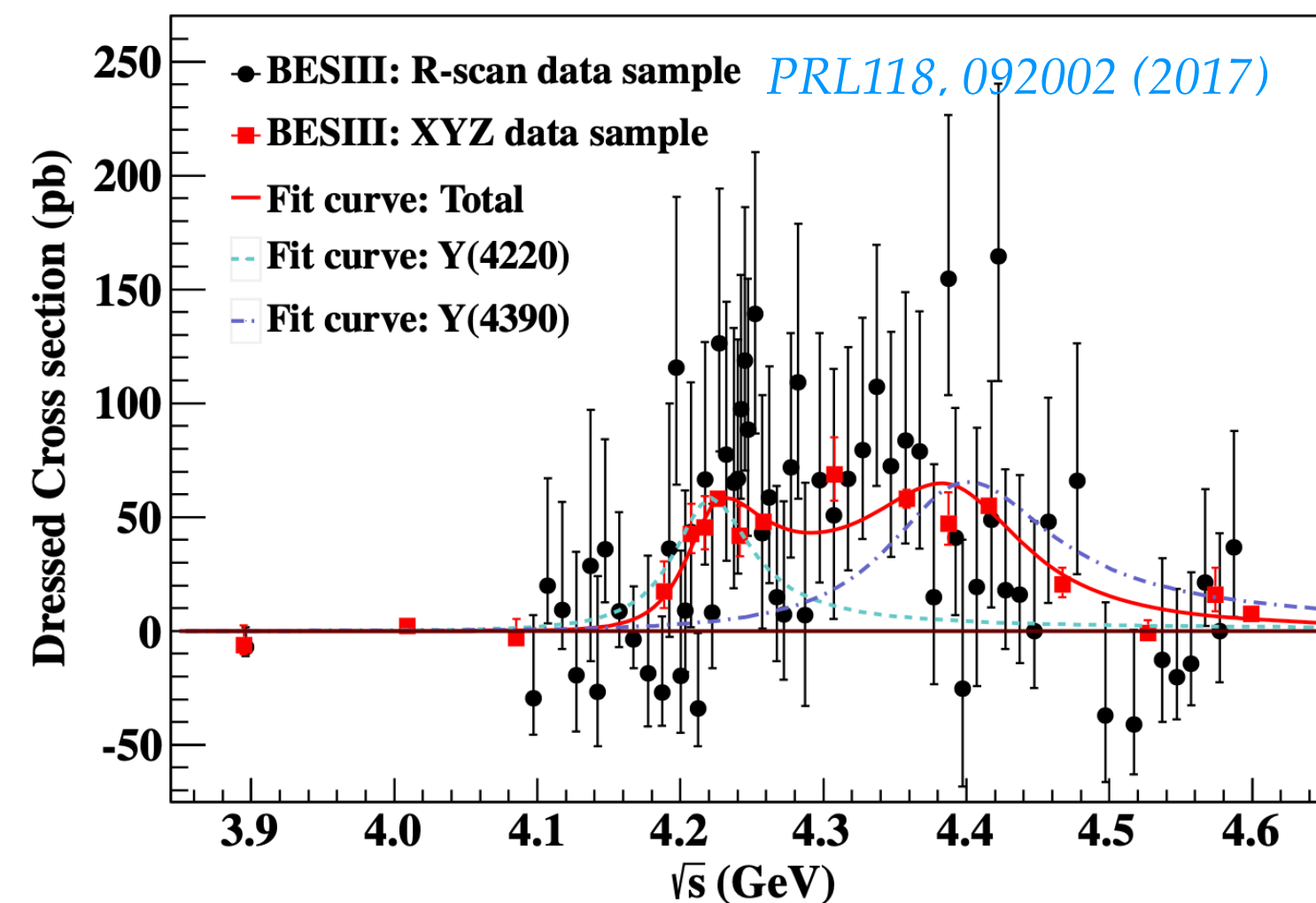
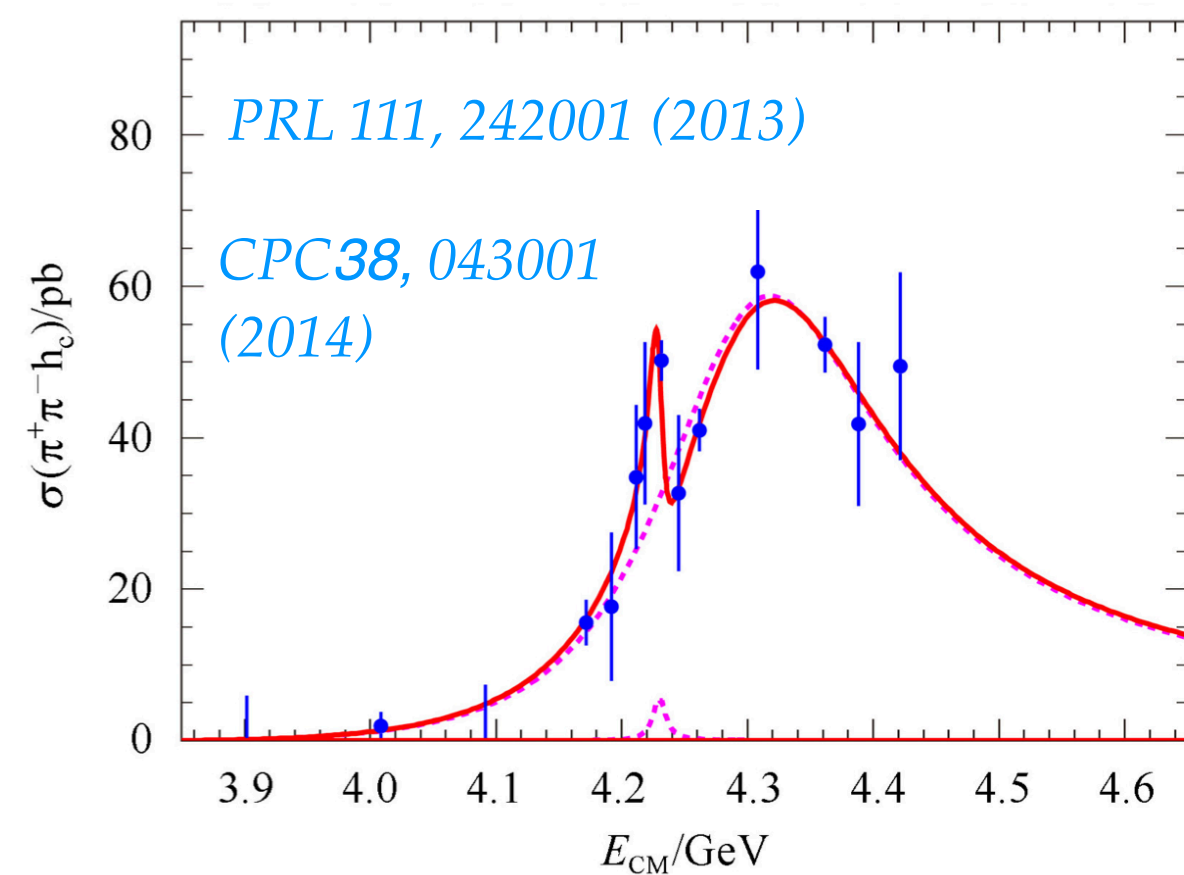
- ★ Parameters consistent with $\psi(4160)$
- ★ Mass consistent with hybrid with a mass of $(4.15 \pm 0.15) \text{ GeV}/c^2$

PRD92, 114019 (2015)

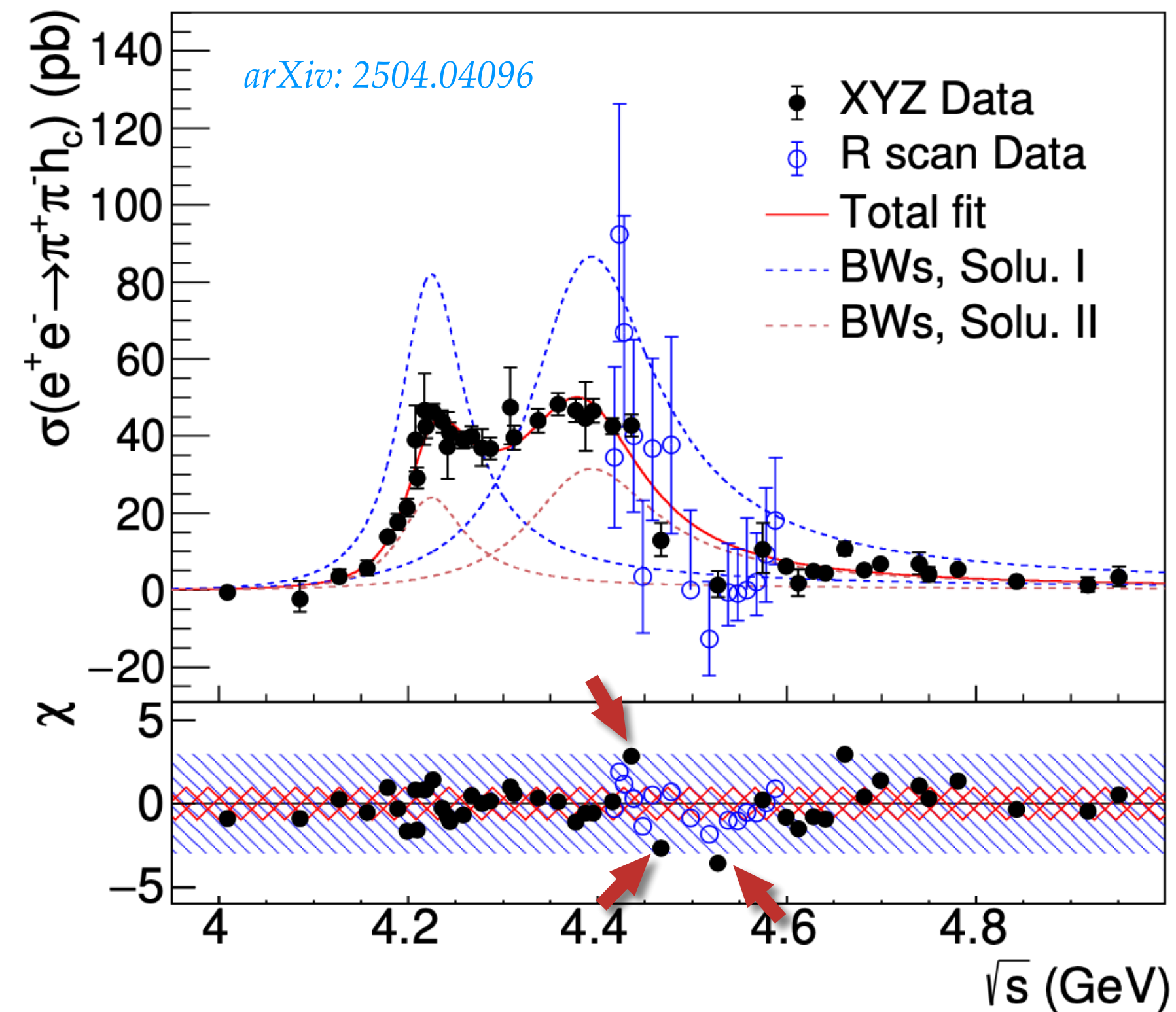
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Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c]$

- The $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c$ process was observed by CLEO at $\sqrt{s}=4.17$ GeV [10σ] [PRL107, 041803 \(2011\)](#)
- The cross section of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c$ was measured by BESIII at \sqrt{s} from 3.9 to 4.6 GeV, two resonant structures was observed [PRL118, 092002 \(2017\)](#)
- New data (27 data samples) between $\sqrt{s}=4.18$ to 4.95 GeV has been collected by BESIII



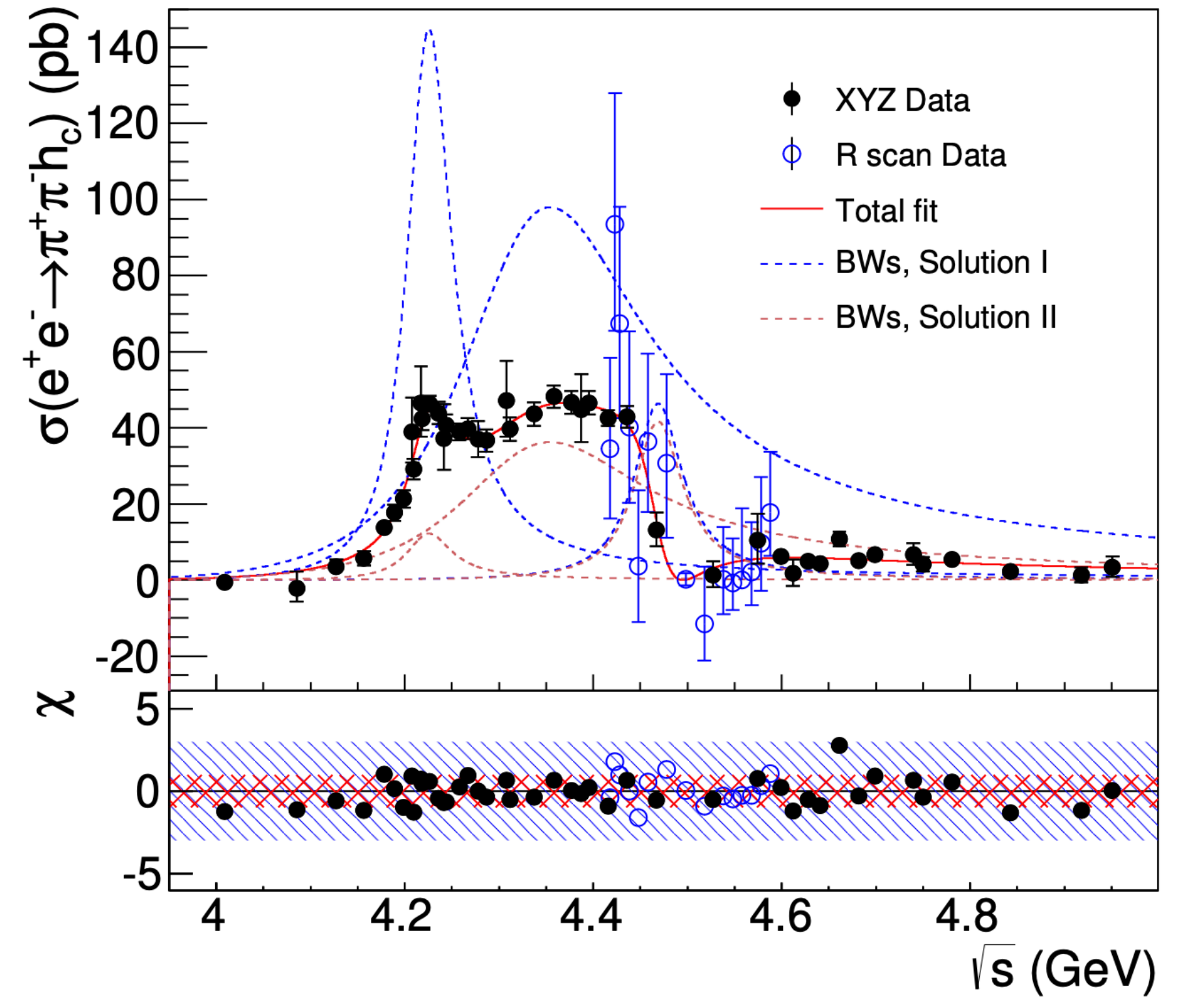
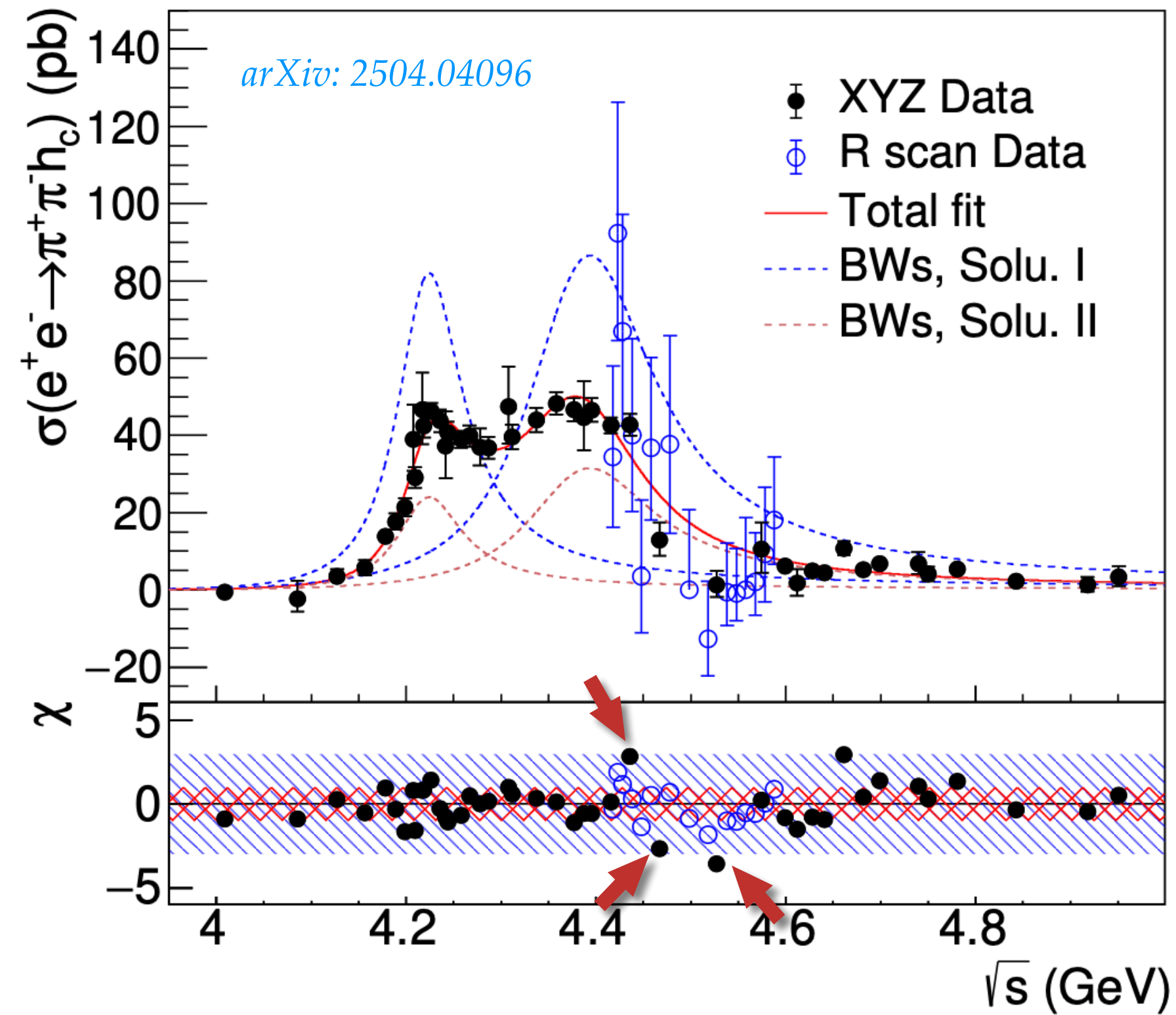
Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c]$



- Test of resonance structures:

- Starting with two coherent BWs, add one more BW, two more BWs, one more BW and a continuum term
- Check significance of each additional term
- **Baseline model:** $\sigma^{\text{dressed}} = |BW_1 + BW_2e^{i\phi_2} + BW_3e^{i\phi_3}|^2$
- Significance of the third resonance: 5.4σ
- Significance of additional contribution smaller than 1σ

Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c]$



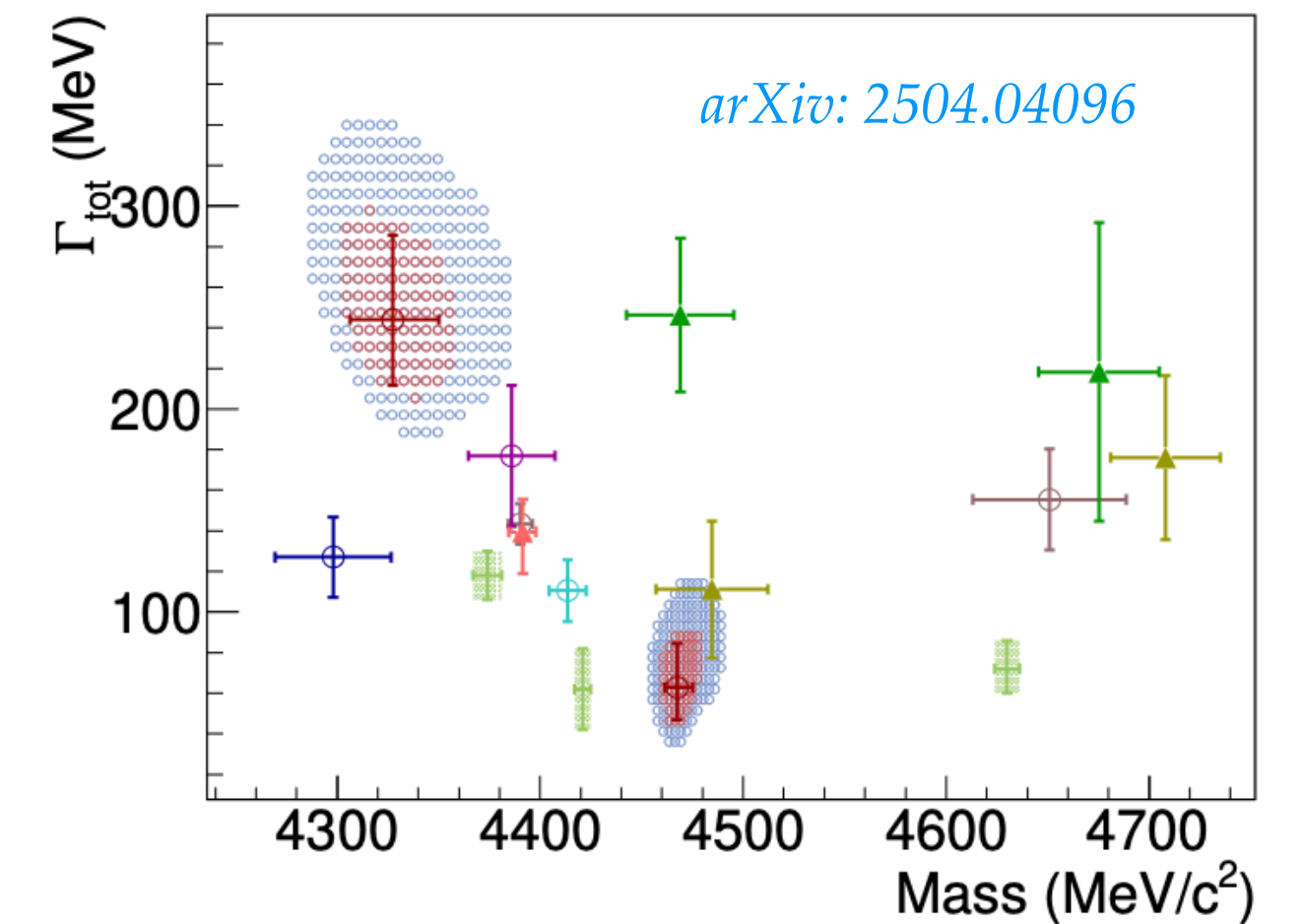
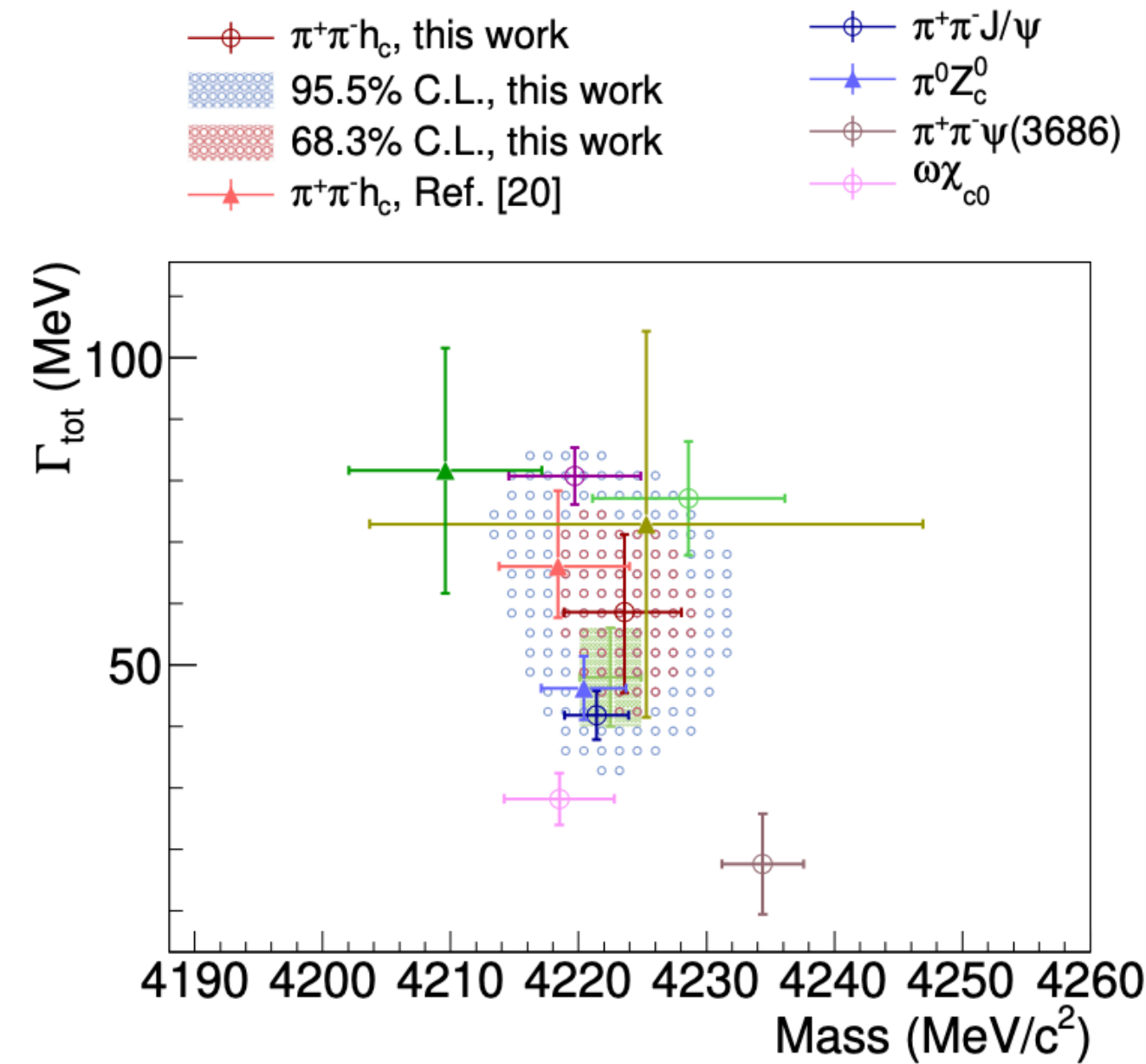
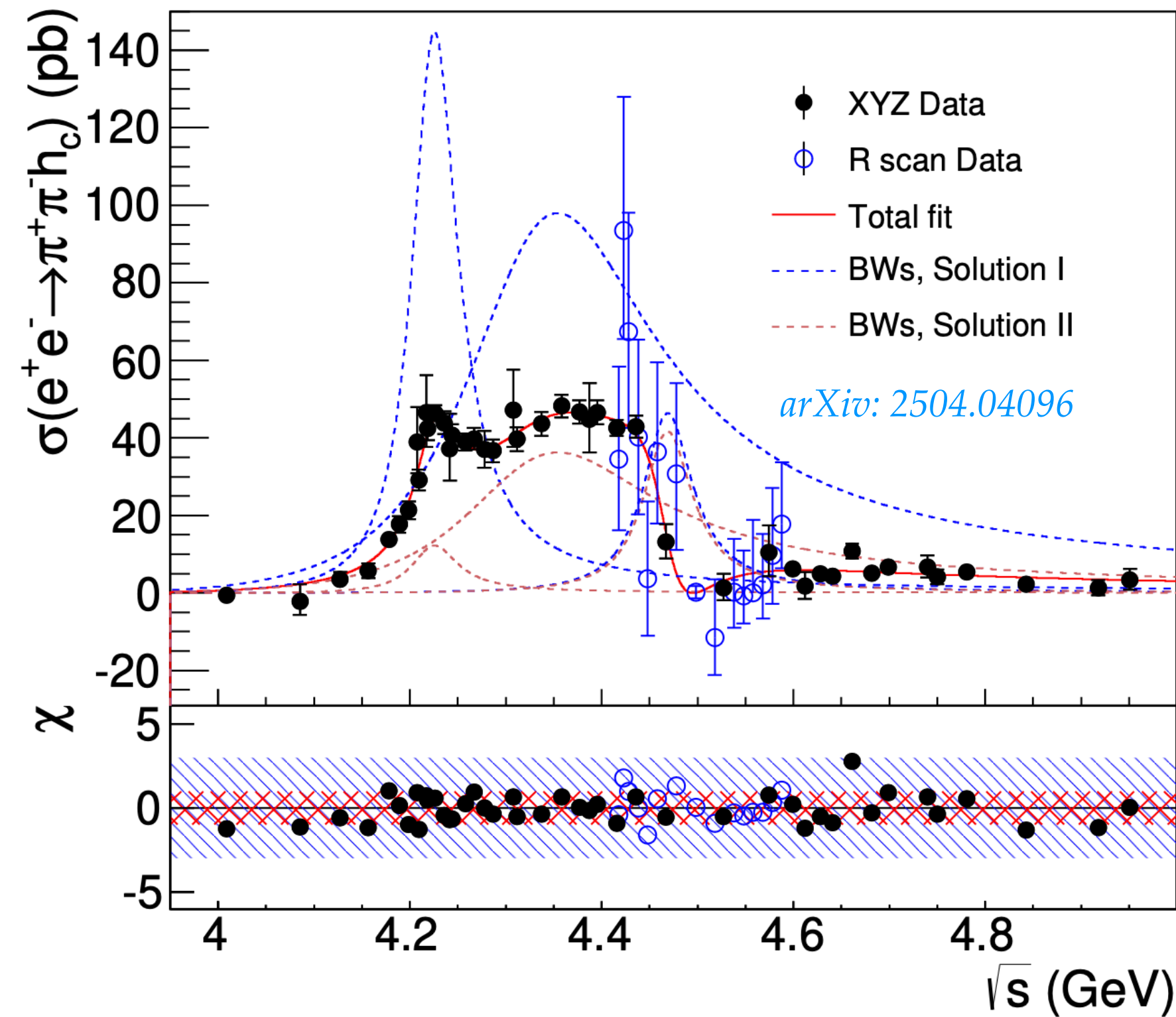
Cannot be described by two coherent BWs

more BW, two
term

$$|BW_3 e^{i\phi_3}|^2$$

larger than 1σ

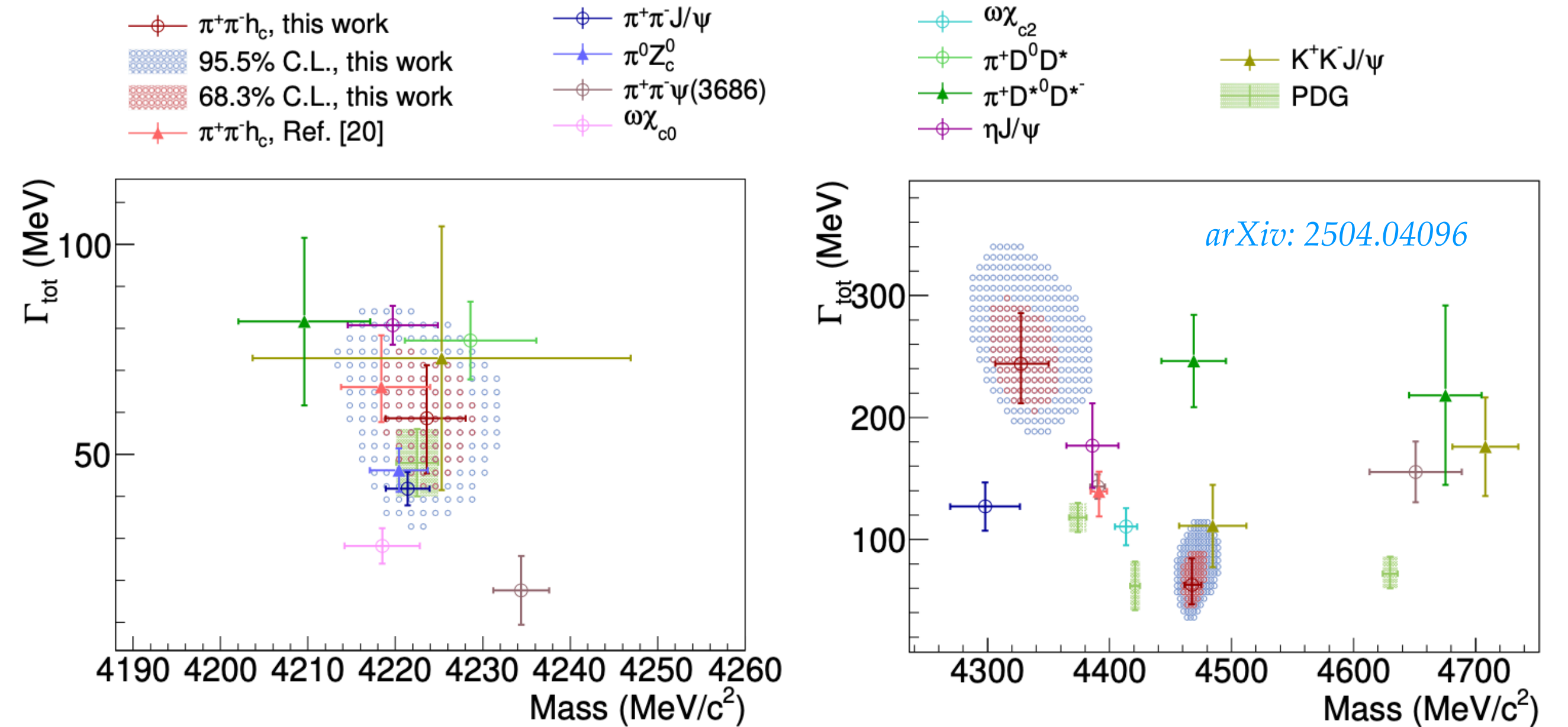
Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c]$



Resonance	Parameter	this measurement (3BW)	this measurement (2BW)	previous measurement
R_1	M (MeV/c^2)	$4223.6^{+3.6+2.6}_{-3.7-2.9}$	4219.7 ± 3.4	$4218.4 \pm 4.0 \pm 0.9$
	Γ_{tot} (MeV)	$58.5^{+10.8+6.7}_{-11.4-6.5}$	83.8 ± 5.5	$66.0 \pm 9.0 \pm 0.4$
R_2	M (MeV/c^2)	$4327.4^{+20.1+10.7}_{-18.8-9.3}$	4382.6 ± 6.0	$4391.6 \pm 6.3 \pm 1.0$
	Γ_{tot} (MeV)	$244.1^{+34.0+23.9}_{-27.1-18.0}$	163.1 ± 10.4	$139.5 \pm 16.1 \pm 0.6$
R_3	M (MeV/c^2)	$4467.4^{+7.2+3.2}_{-5.4-2.7}$	—	4421 ± 4
	Γ_{tot} (MeV)	$62.8^{+19.2+9.8}_{-14.4-6.6}$	—	62 ± 20 (from PDG)
	χ^2/ndf	41.9/70	78.5/66	—

Update of $\sigma[e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c]$

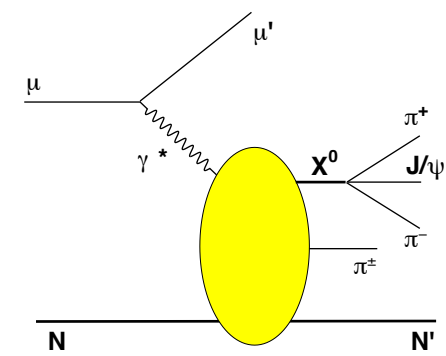
- Parameters of R_1 consistent with previous measurement and $\psi(4230)$
- Mass of R_2 consistent with $\psi(4360)$, but width much broader
- Parameters of R_3 consistent with $\psi(4500)$, and a hybrid state [PRD107, 054034 \(2023\)](#)
- No obvious resonance structure is found at around $\psi(4660)$
- In $S - D$ mixing scheme, $4S - 3D$, $5S - 4D$ states are located in this mass region, only three structures are observed in this mode [PRD99, 114003 \(2019\)](#)
- Mass of R_2/R_3 compatible with $\psi(3D)$ [PRD100, 074016 \(2019\)](#)



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Search for $\tilde{X}(3872)$ in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\tilde{X}$

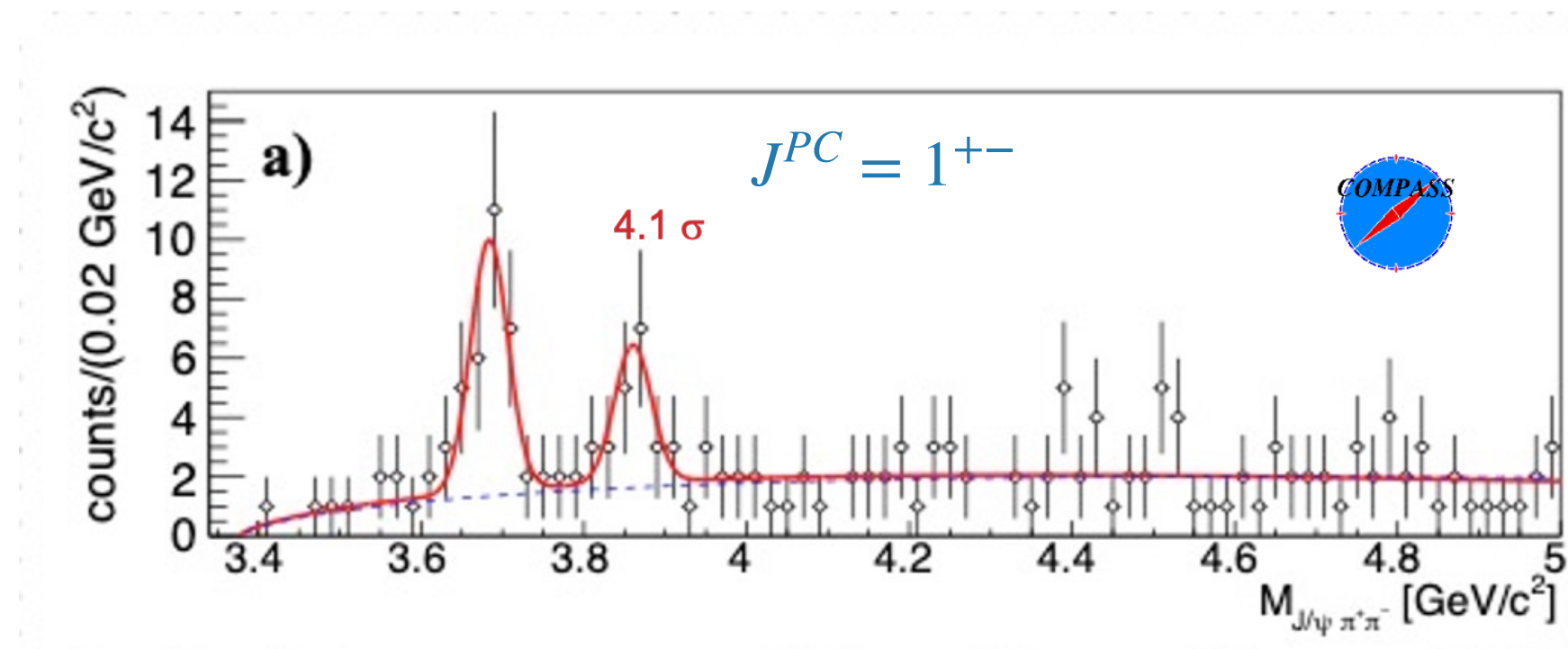
- 8.9 fb⁻¹ data sample from 4.288 to 4.951 GeV



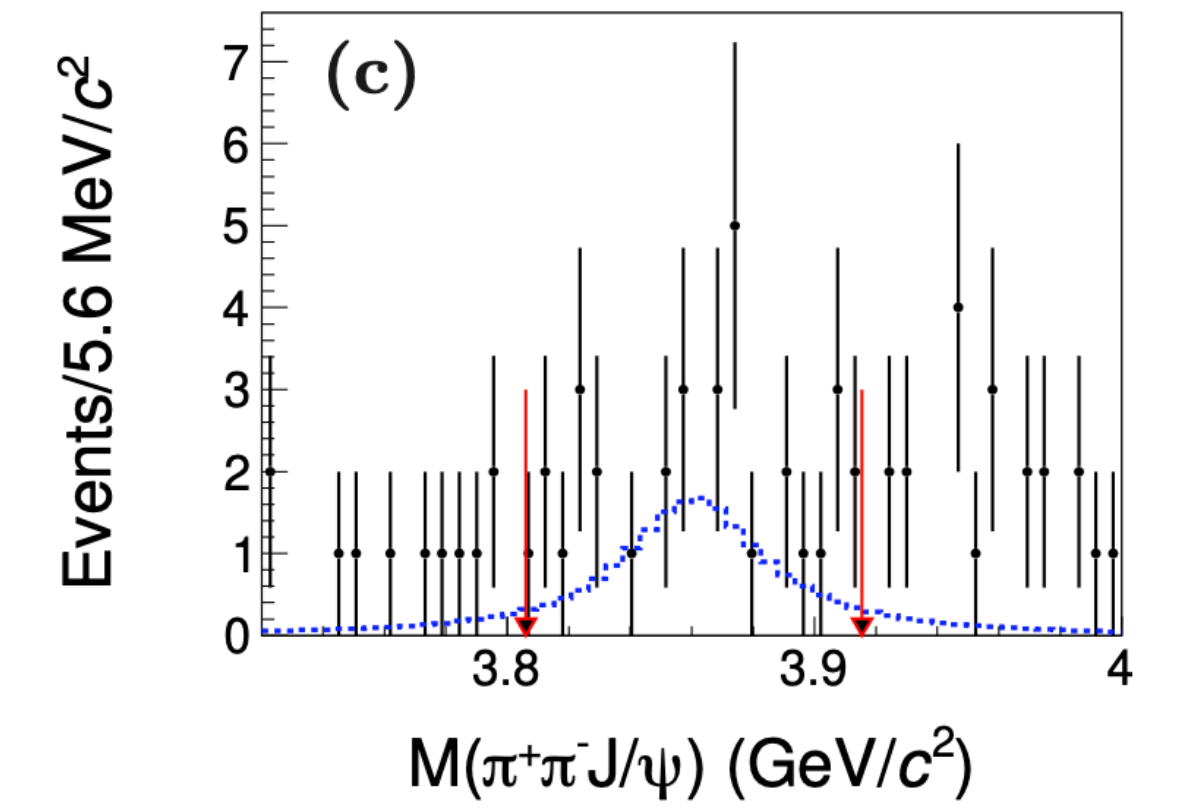
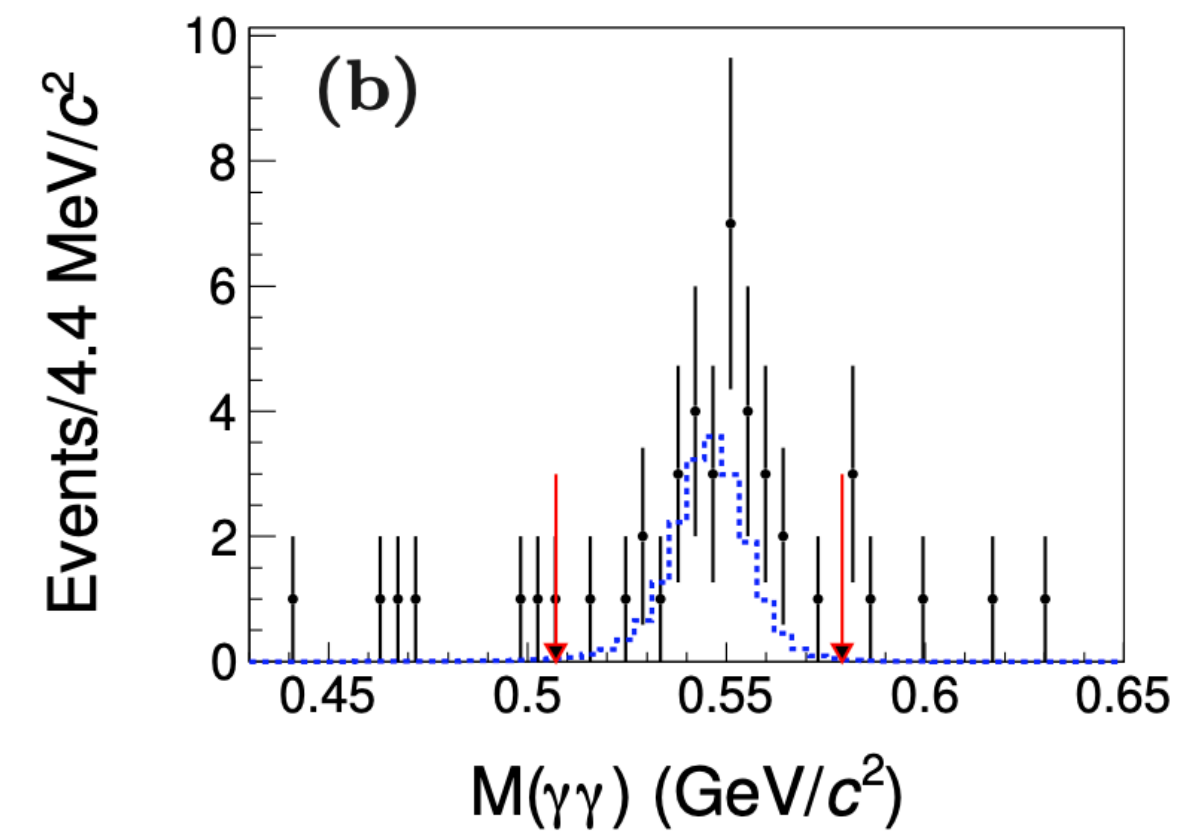
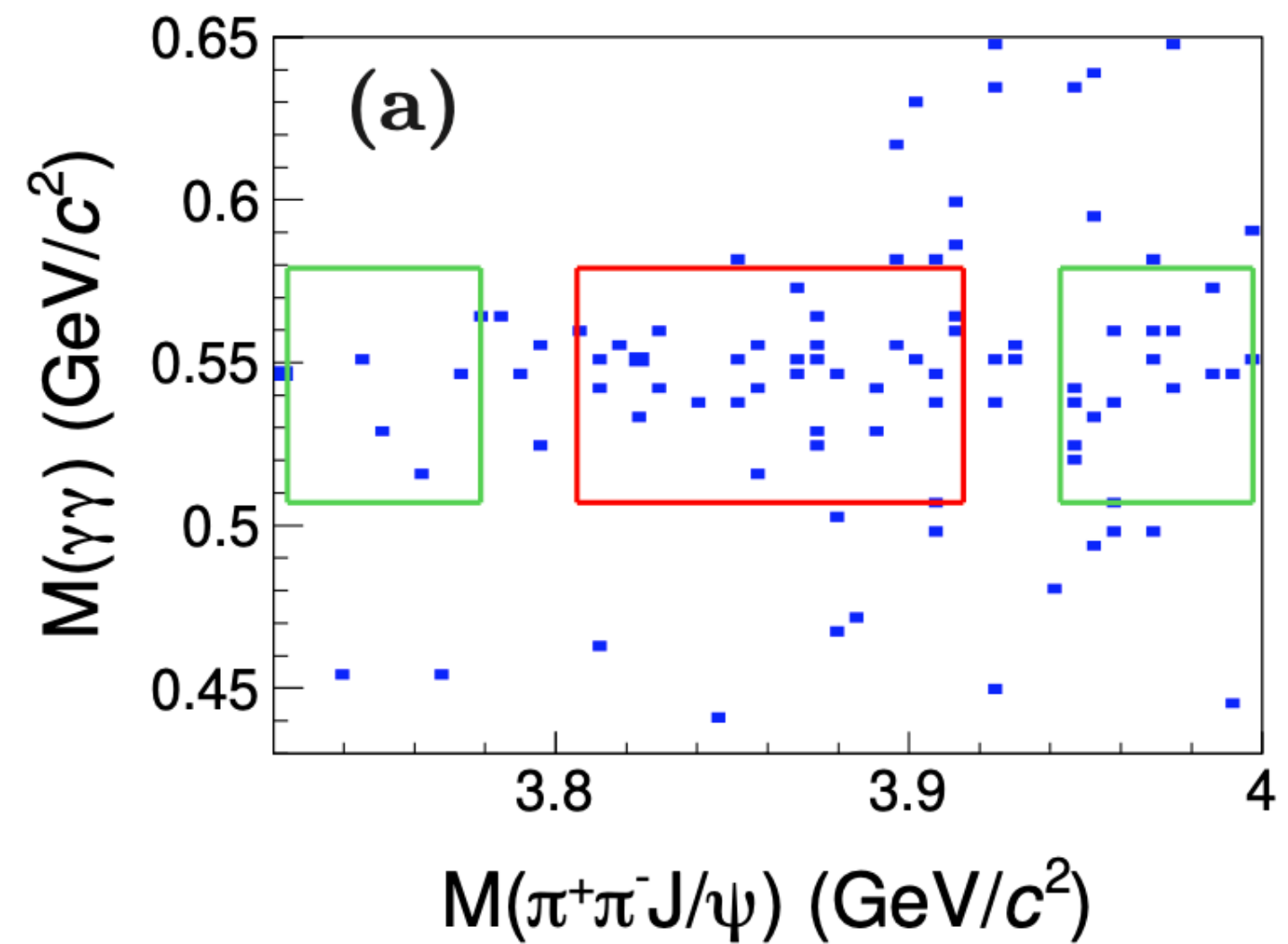
$$\gamma^* N \rightarrow X[\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi]\pi^\pm N'$$

PLB 783, 334-340 (2018)

PRD109, 112004 (2024)

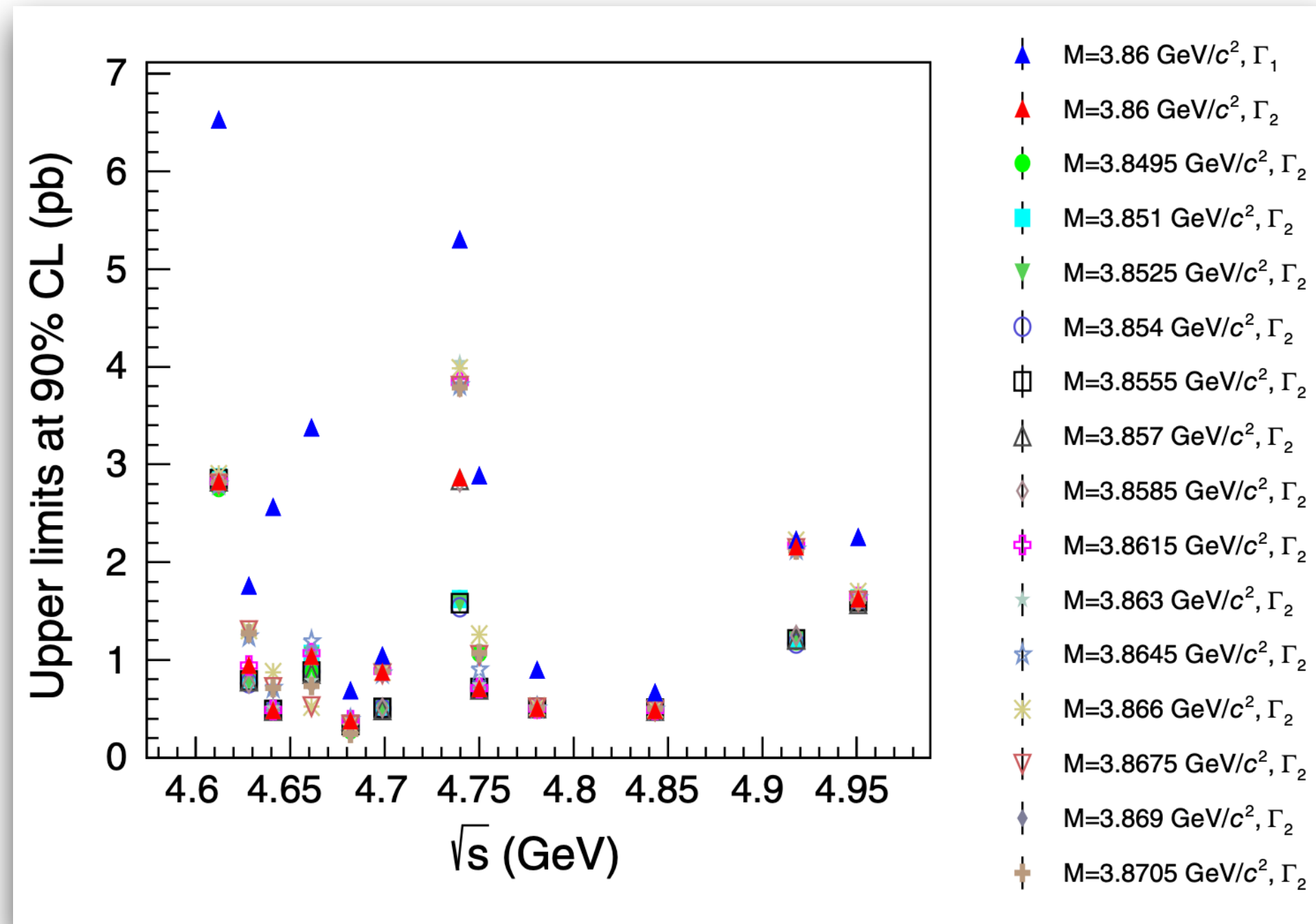


$[(3860.0 \pm 10.4) \text{ MeV}/c^2, < 51 \text{ MeV}]$



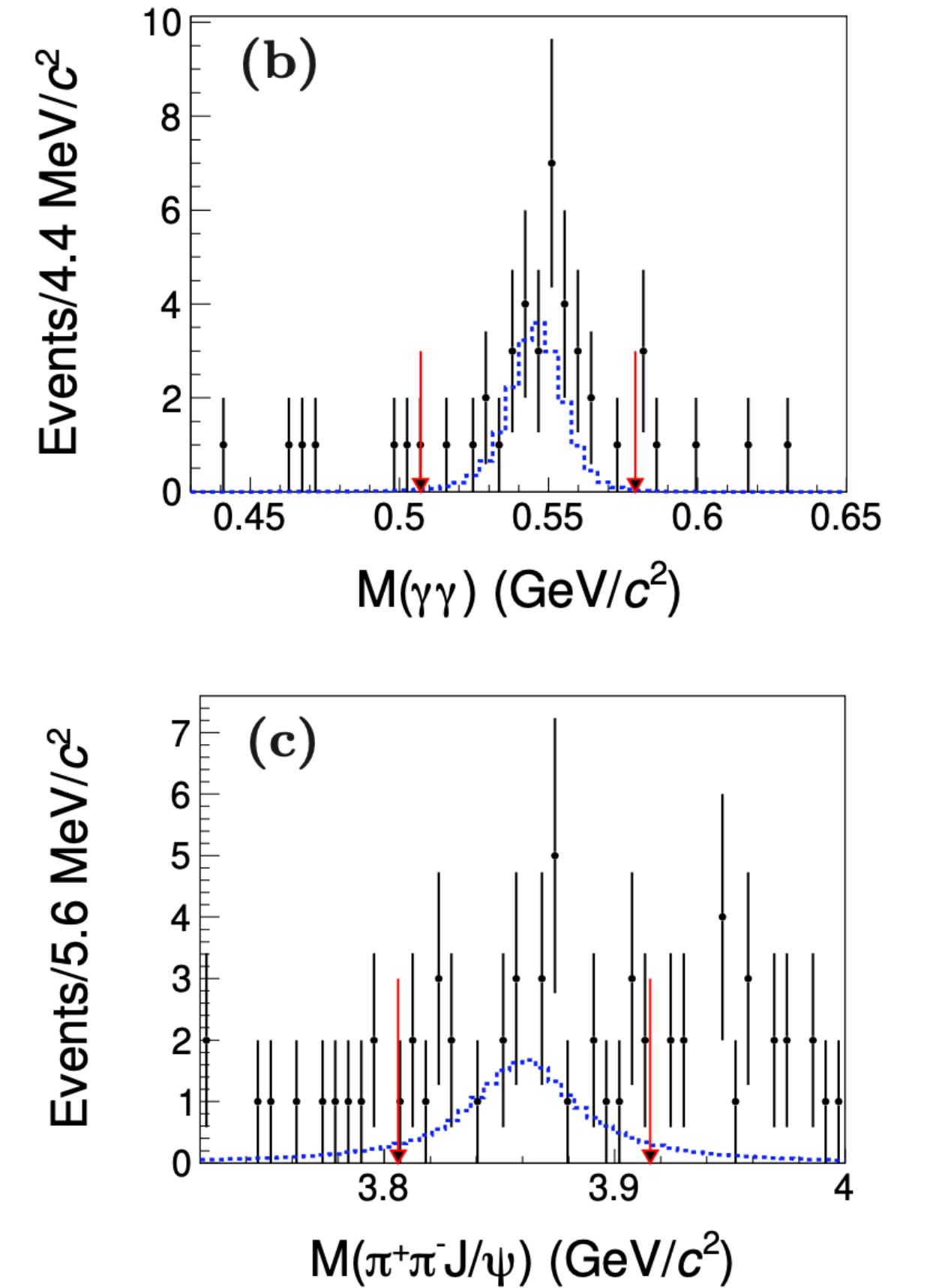
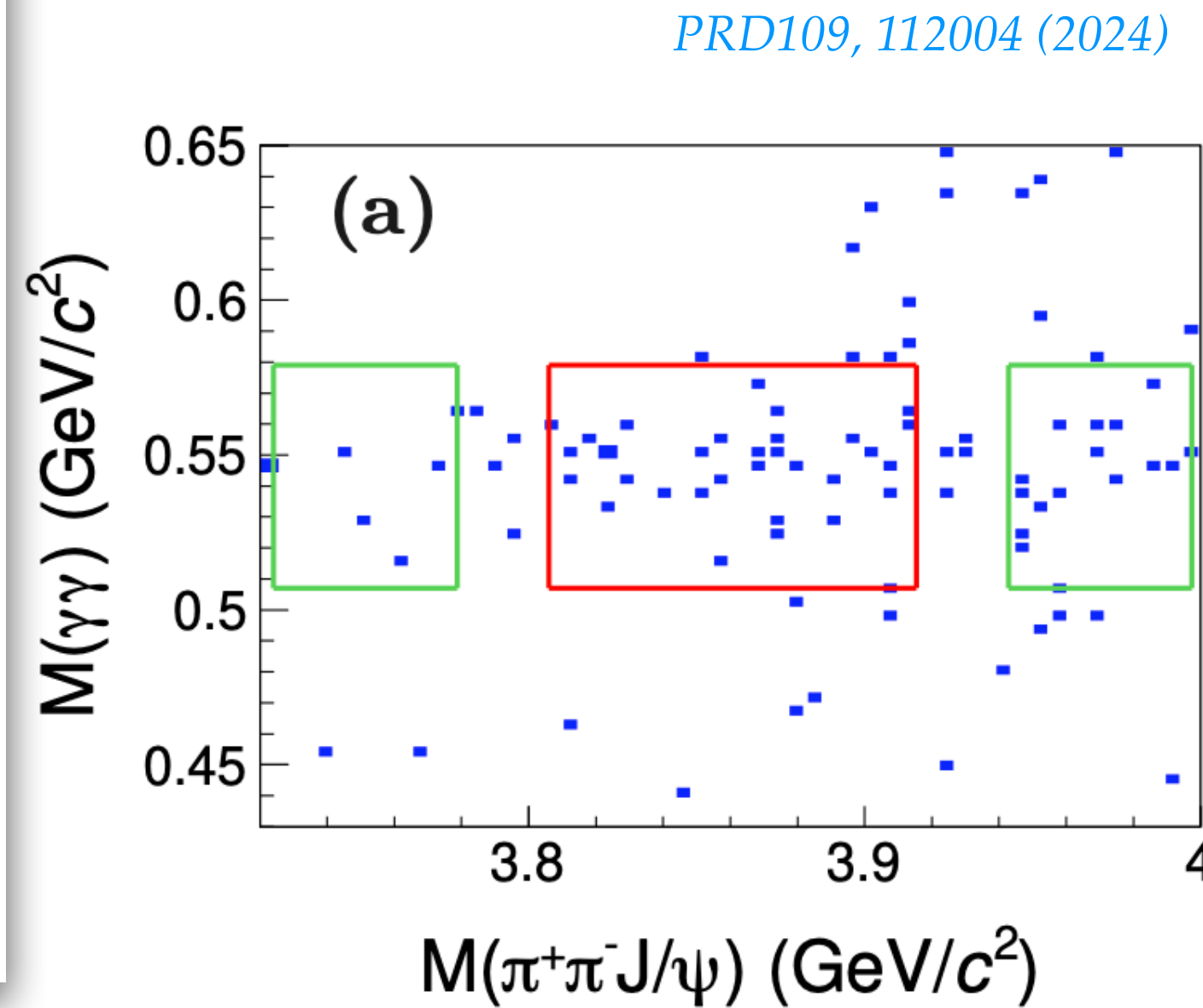
Search for $\tilde{X}(3872)$ in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\tilde{X}$

- 8.9 fb⁻¹ data sample from 4.288 to 4.951 GeV



$\Gamma_1 = 51 \text{ MeV}$, COMPASS U.L.

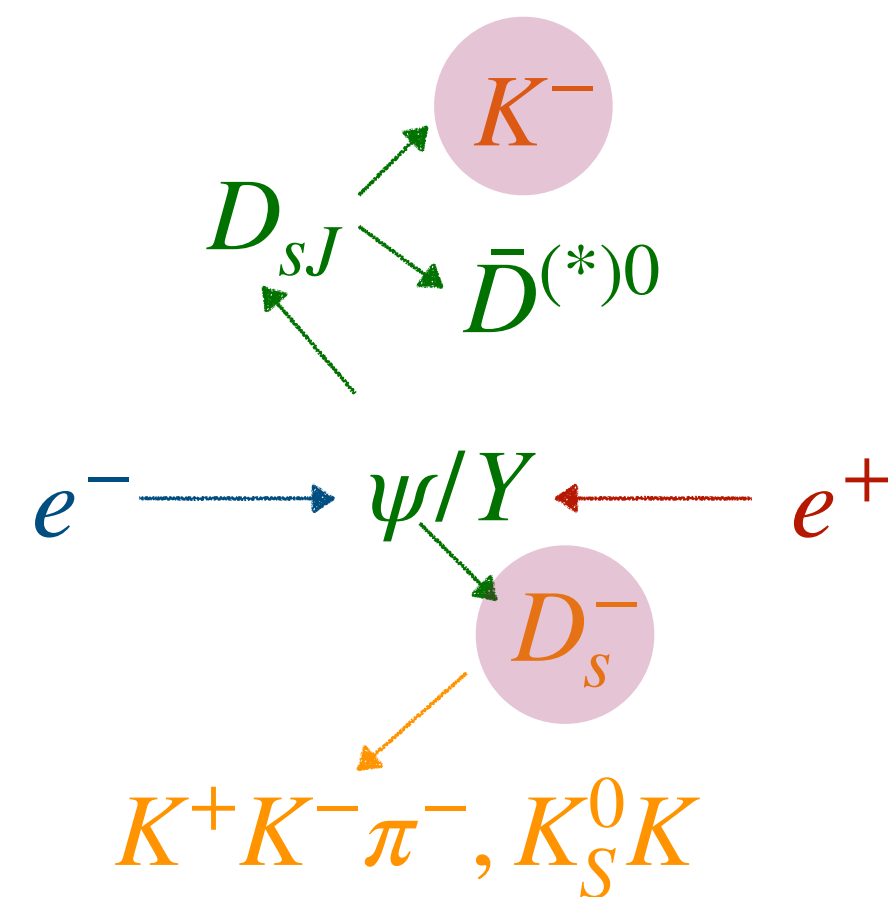
$\Gamma_2 = 1.19 \text{ MeV}$, X(3872)



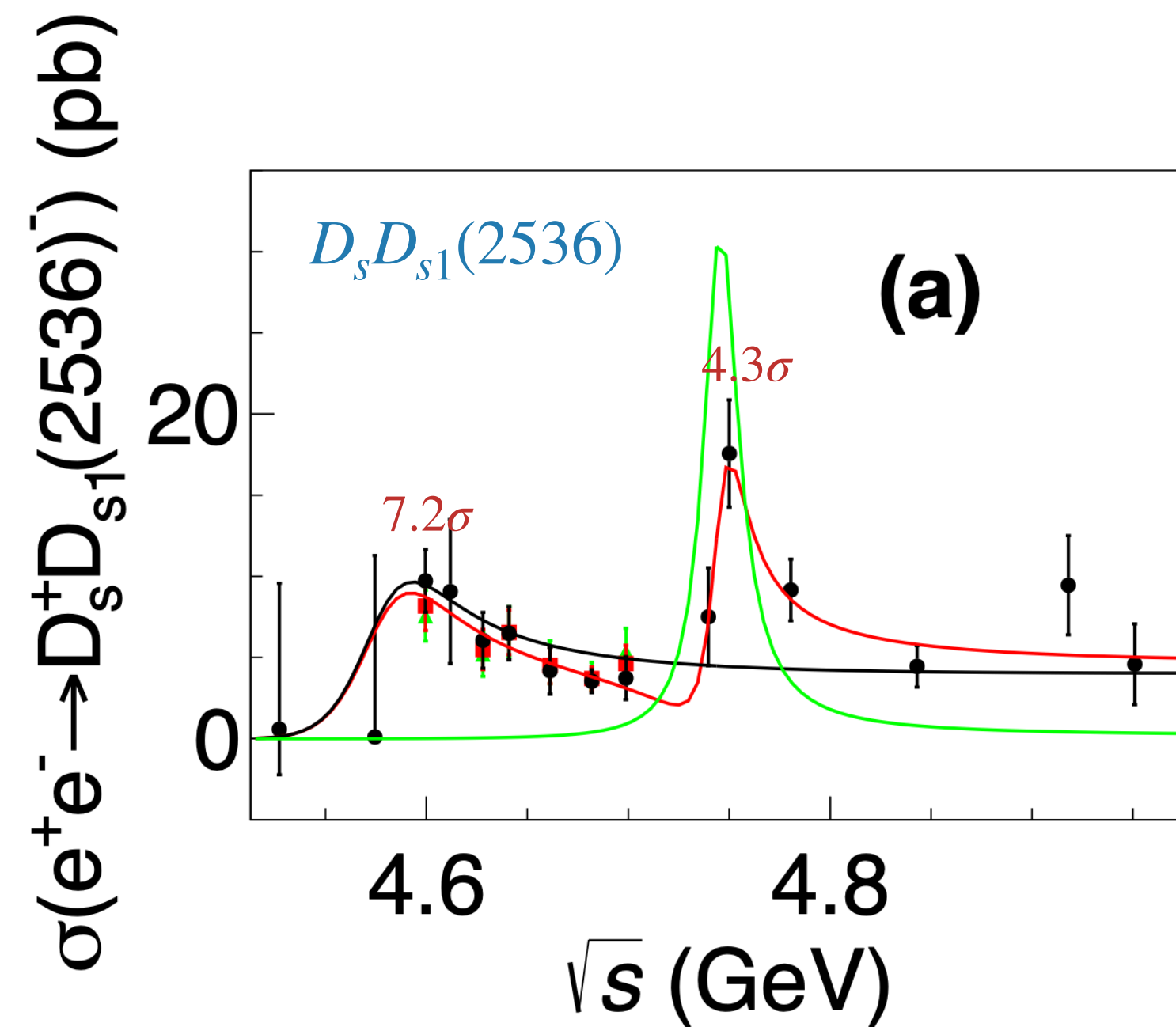
$e^+e^- \rightarrow D_s D_{s1}(2536)$ and $D_s D_{s2}^*(2573)$

- 15 data samples corresponding to a total integrated lum. of 6.6 fb^{-1} from $\sqrt{s}=4.53$ to 4.95 GeV

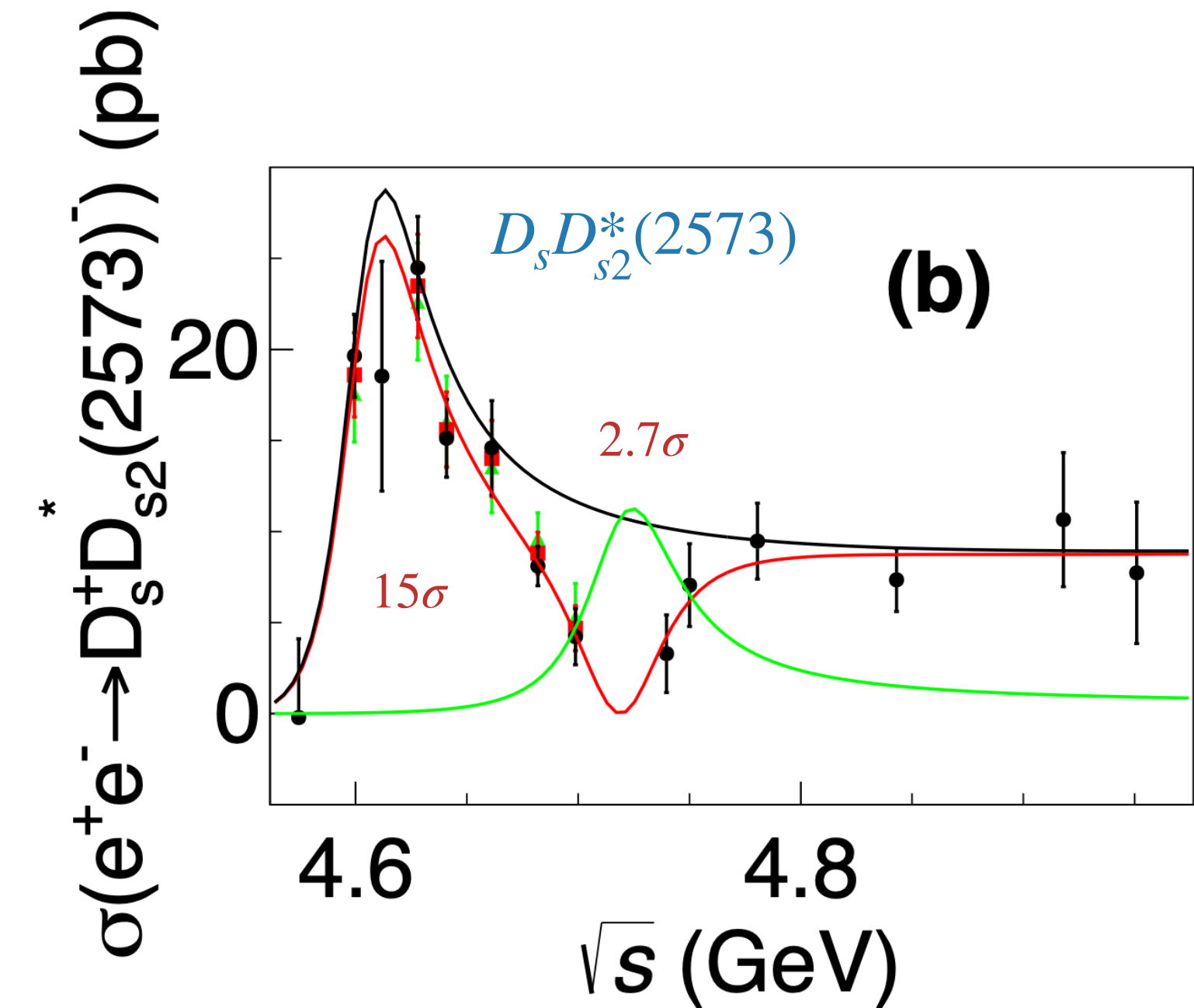
Partial reconstruction



PRL 133, 171903 (2024)



	R1	R2
Mass (MeV/c ²)	4584[14, 68]	4749.9[8.2, 6.7]
Width (MeV)	57[12, 211]	24.9[8.0, 7.8]

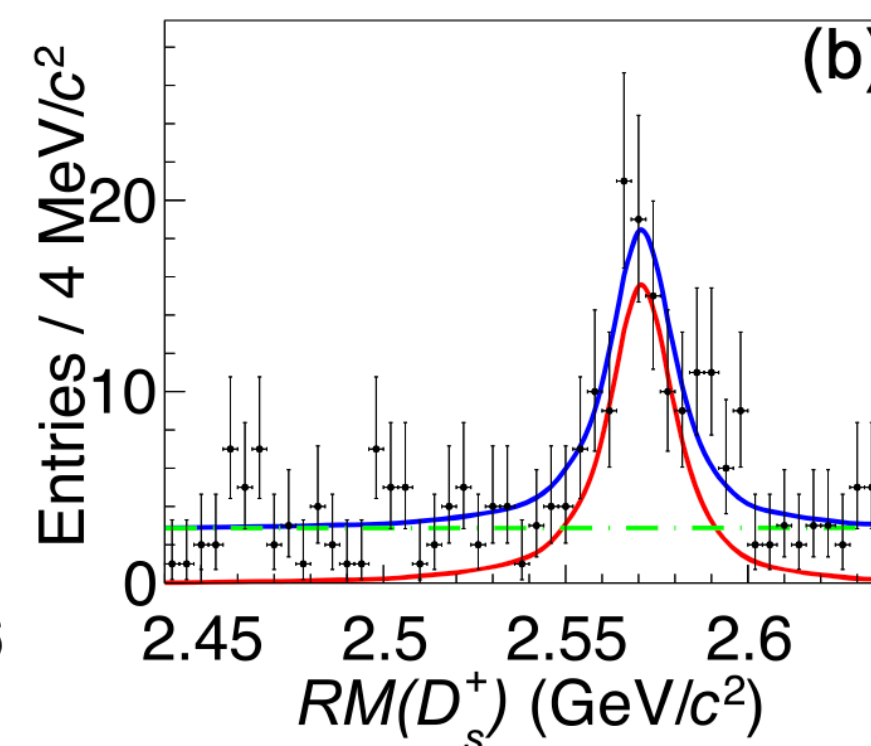
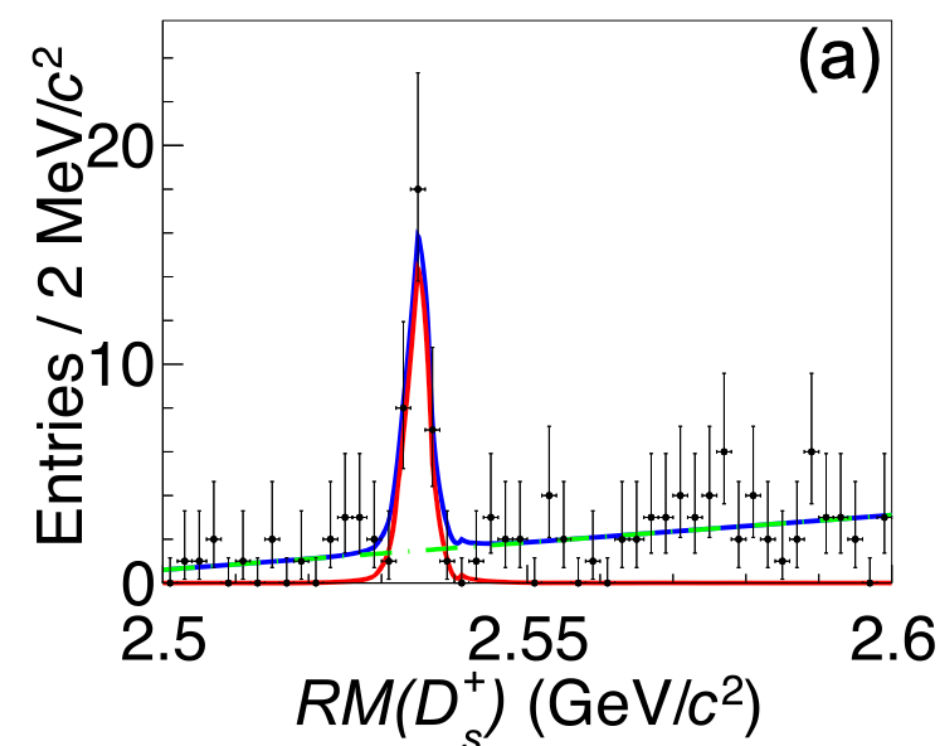
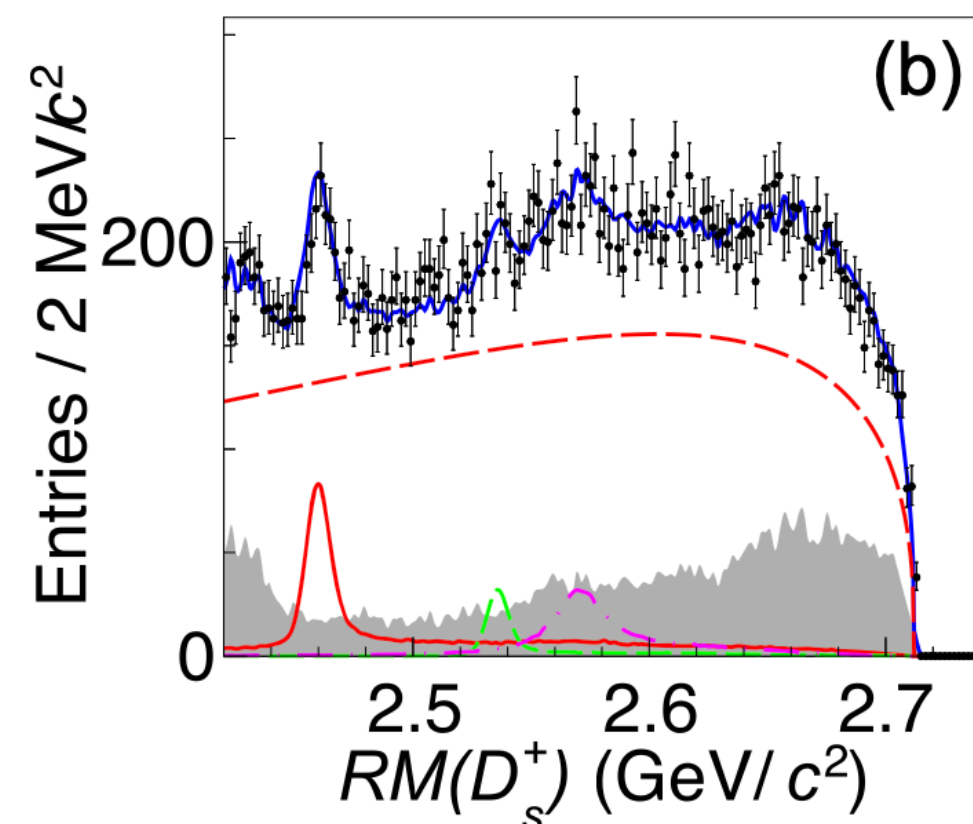
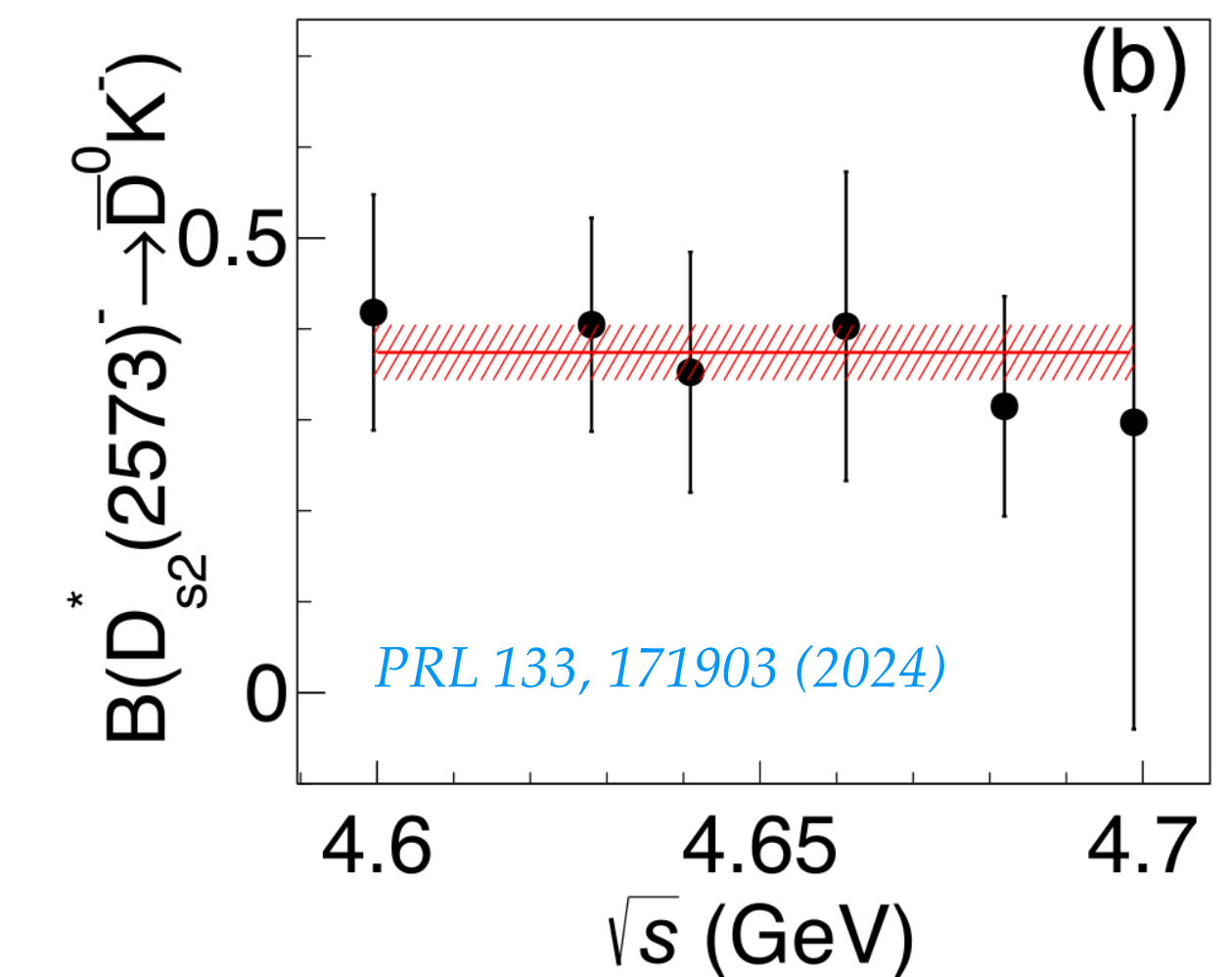
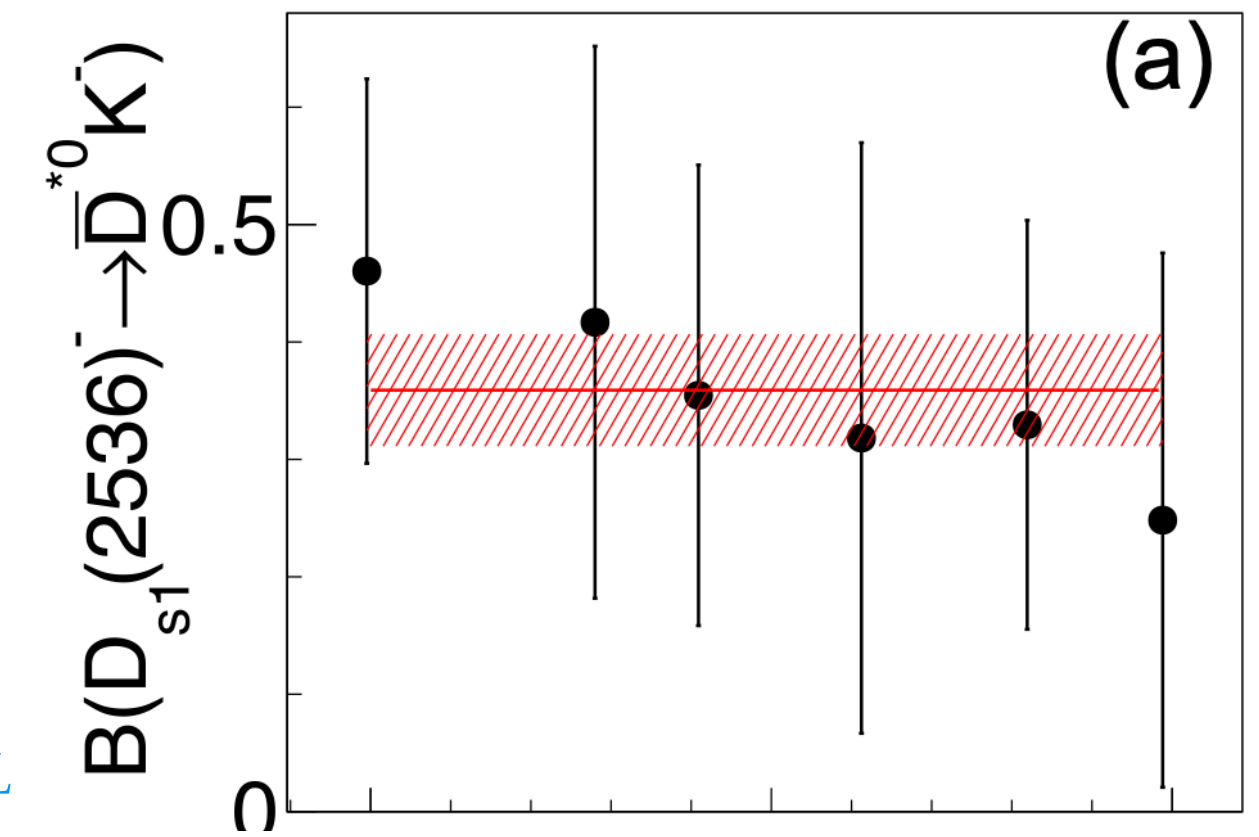


	R1	R2
Mass (MeV/c ²)	4603.1[3.9, 0.8]	4720[13, 2]
Width (MeV)	45.2[5.7, 0.7]	50[12, 1]

Decay Property of $D_{s1}(2536)$ and $D_{s2}^*(2573)$

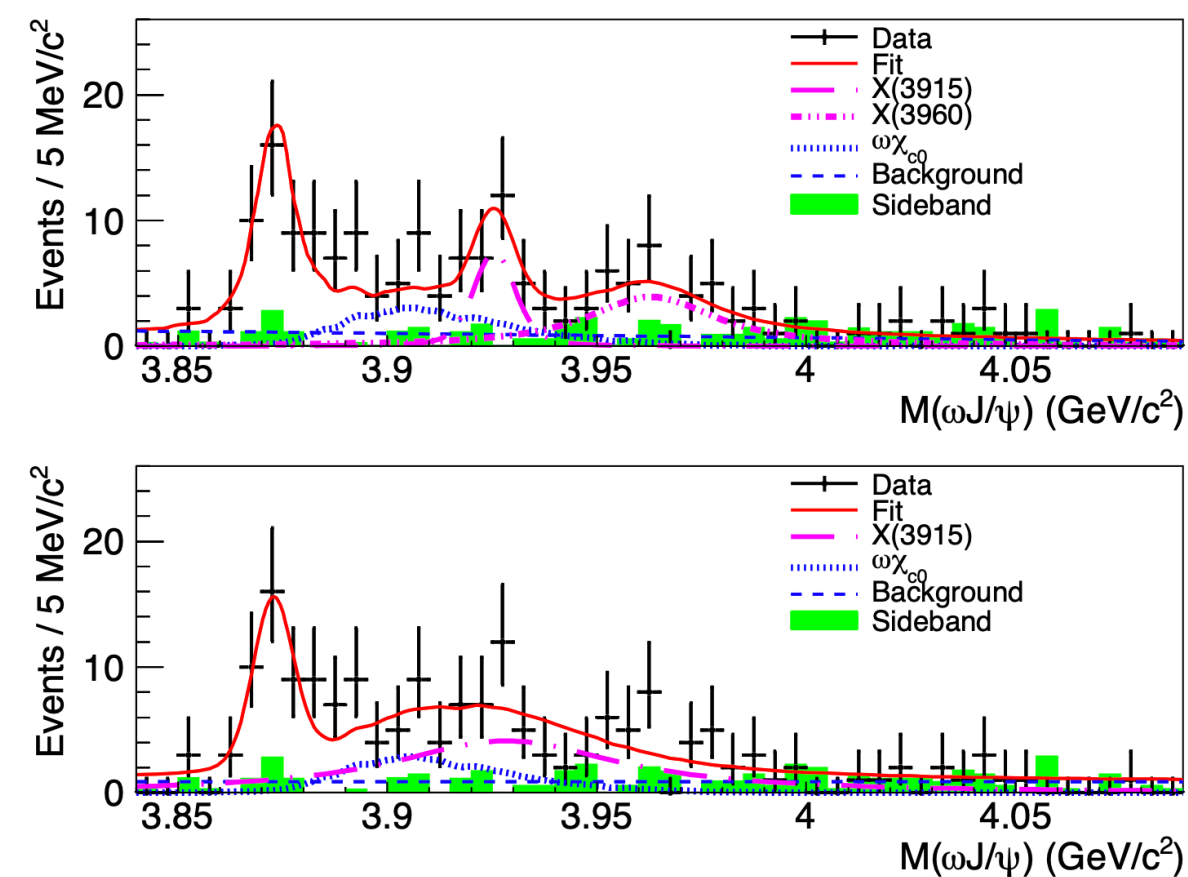
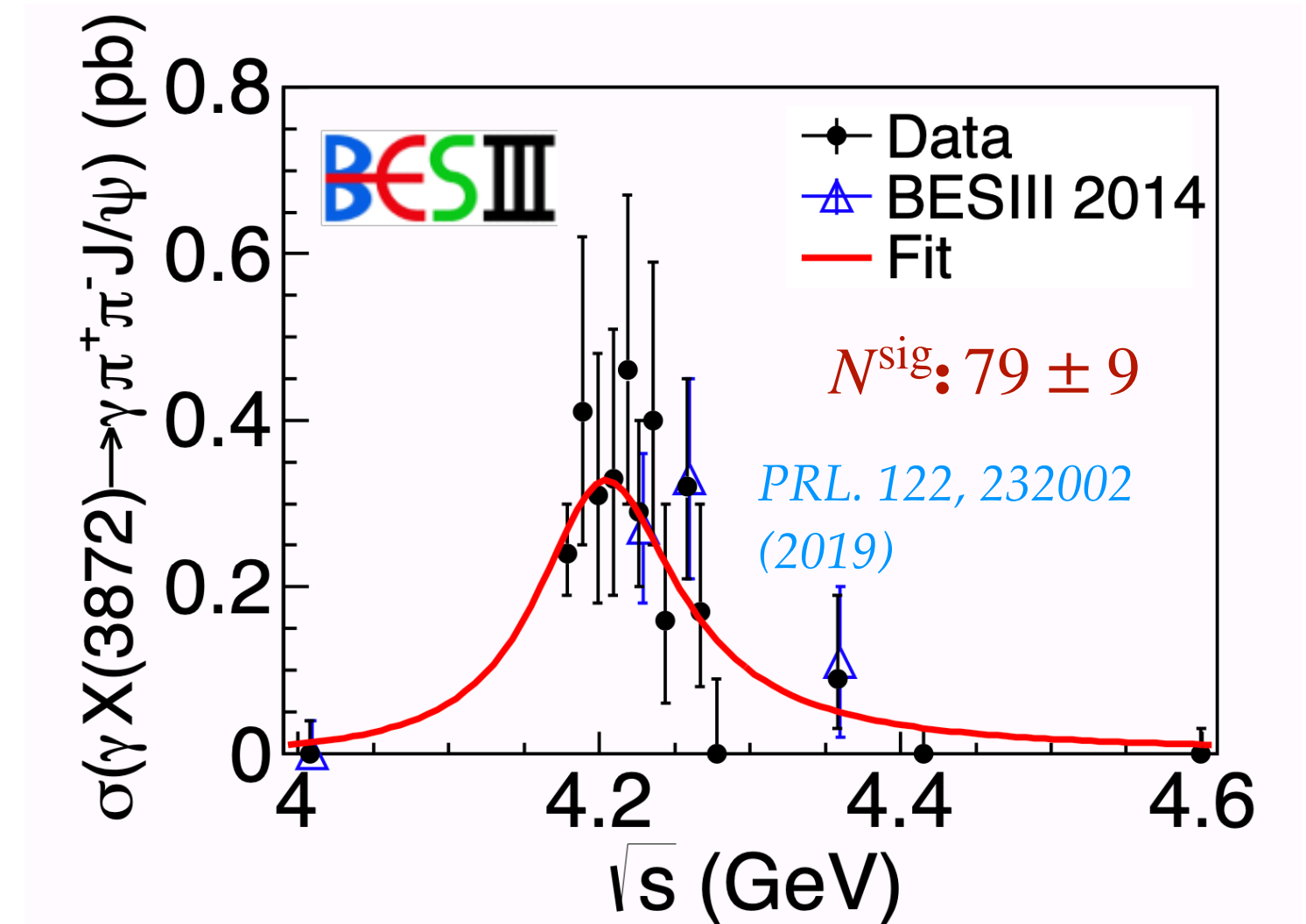
- ML fit to the exclusive and inclusive CS: $L_i(\sigma_{i,j}^{\text{inc}}, \delta_{i,j}^{\text{inc}}, \sigma_{i,j}^{\text{exc}}, \delta_{i,j}^{\text{exc}}; \sigma_{i,j}, B_i) = \prod_{j=1}^6 L_{i,j}^{\text{inc}} L_{i,j}^{\text{exc}}$
- The absolute branching fractions are:
 - $B(D_{s1}(2536)^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^{*0}K^-) = (35.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 3.5) \%$
 - $B(D_{s2}(2573)^{* -} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0K^-) = (37.4 \pm 3.1 \pm 4.6) \%$
 - In tension with predictions based on the assumption that they are dominated by a bare $c\bar{s}$ component

PRD93, 034035 (2016); PRL 128, 112001 (2022)

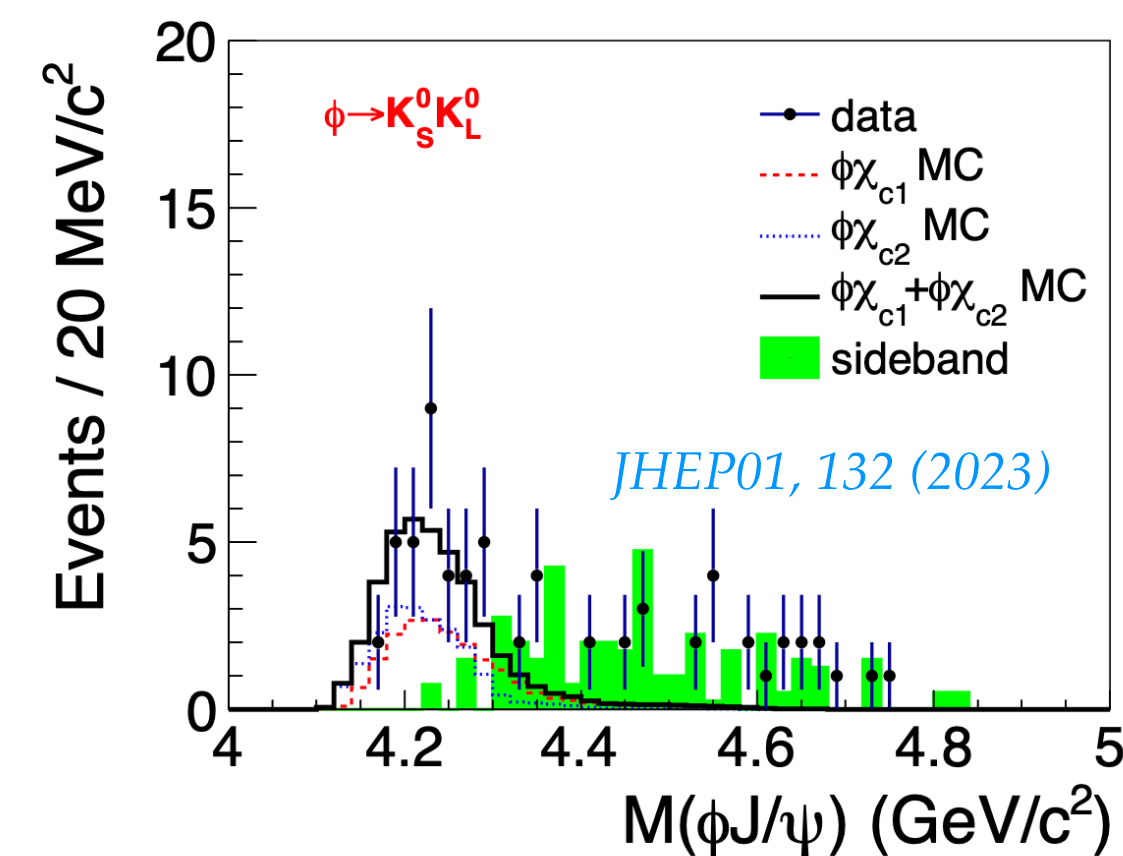
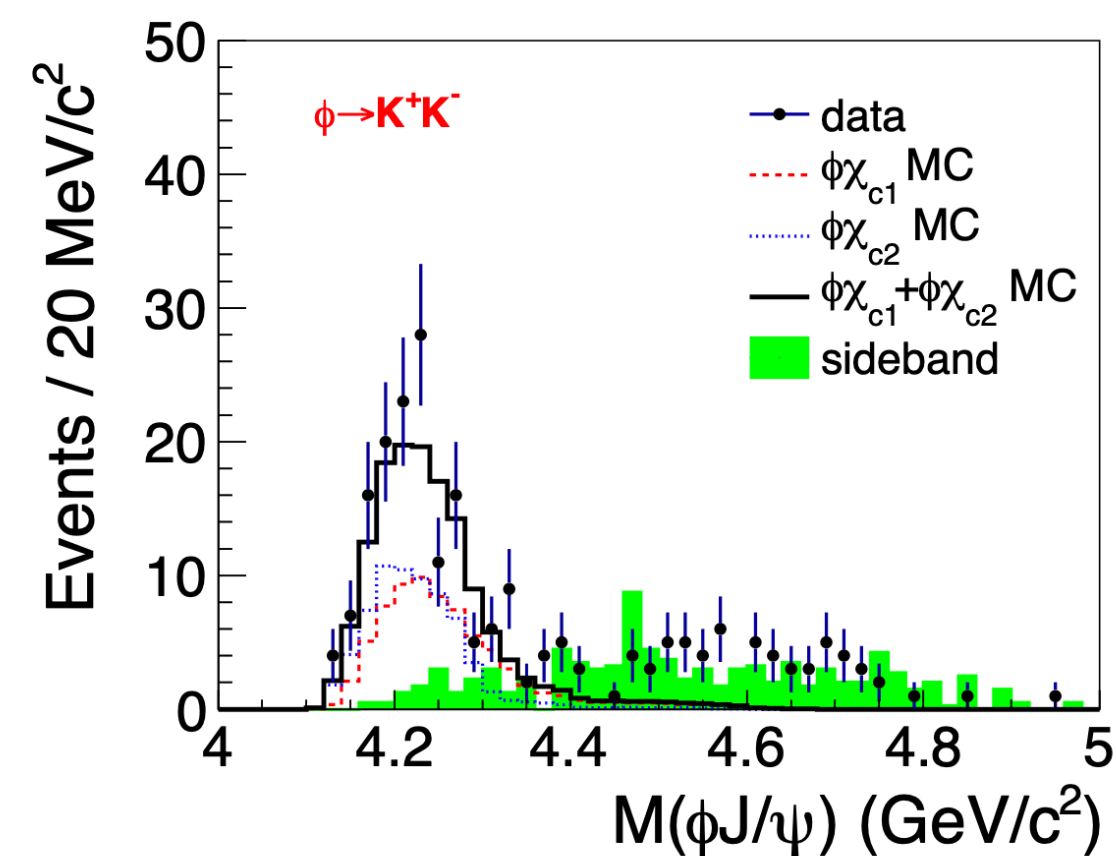


C-even States

- Small production rate in radiative transition process
- Radiative and hadronic transitions to $X(3872)$ are observed at BESIII
- Several decay modes of $X(3872)$ have been searched: $\pi^0\chi_{c1}$ [observed], $\pi\pi\chi_{c0,1,2}$, $\pi\chi_{c0,2}$, $\pi\pi\eta$, $\gamma\psi_2(3823)$ [not found]
- Found evidence of $X(3915)/X(3960)$ [$\omega J/\psi$ mode], no obvious signal for $X(4140)$, $X(4274)$, $X(4500)$ [$\phi J/\psi$ mode], no evidence of $X_2(4013)$ [$D\bar{D}$ mode]

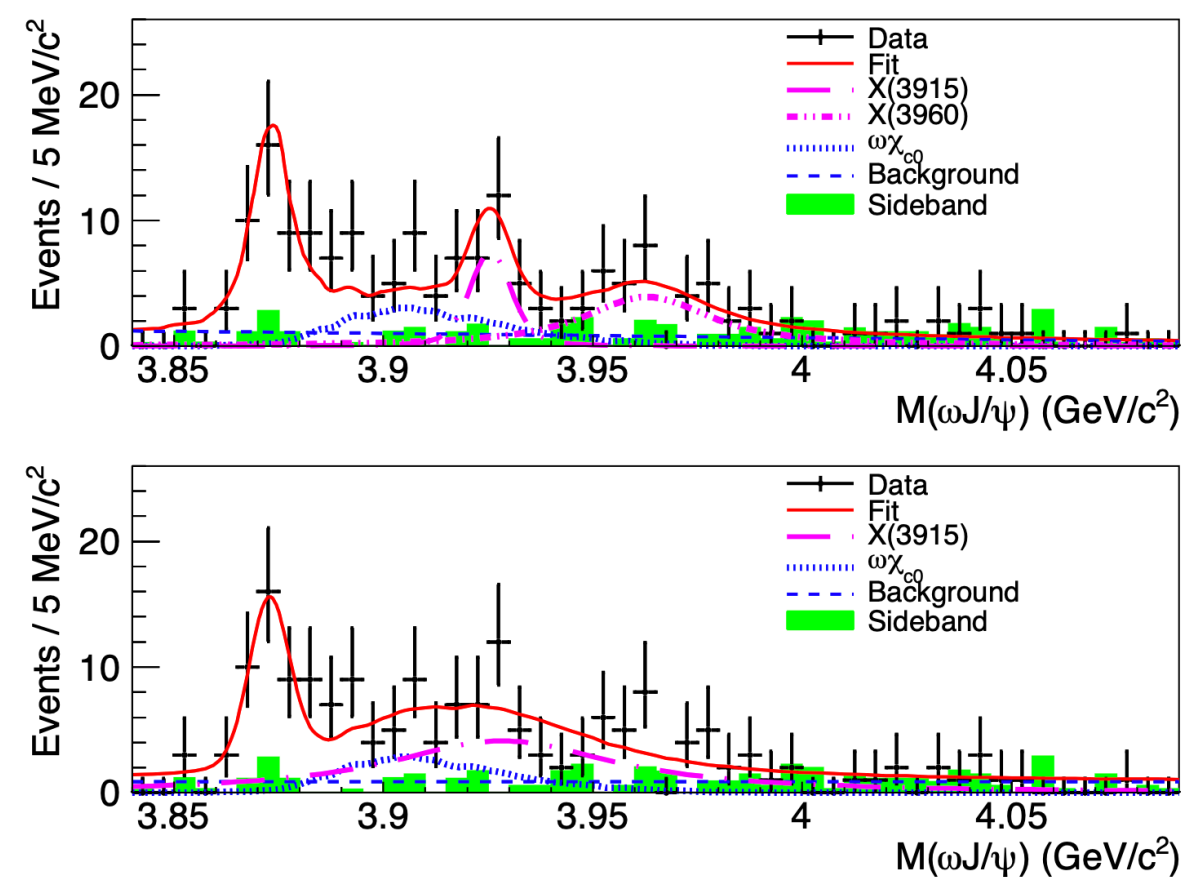
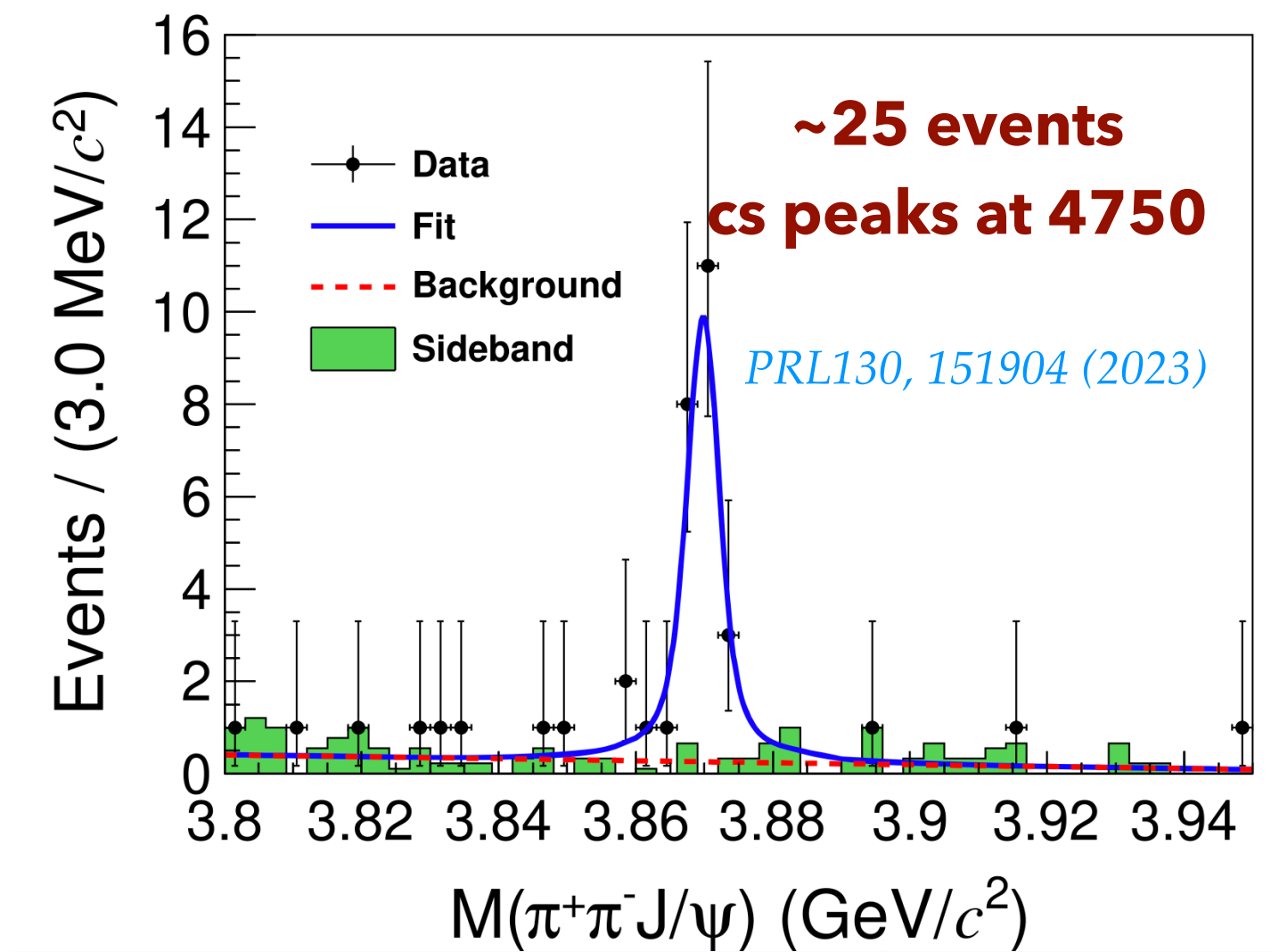


PRL 122, 232002 (2019)

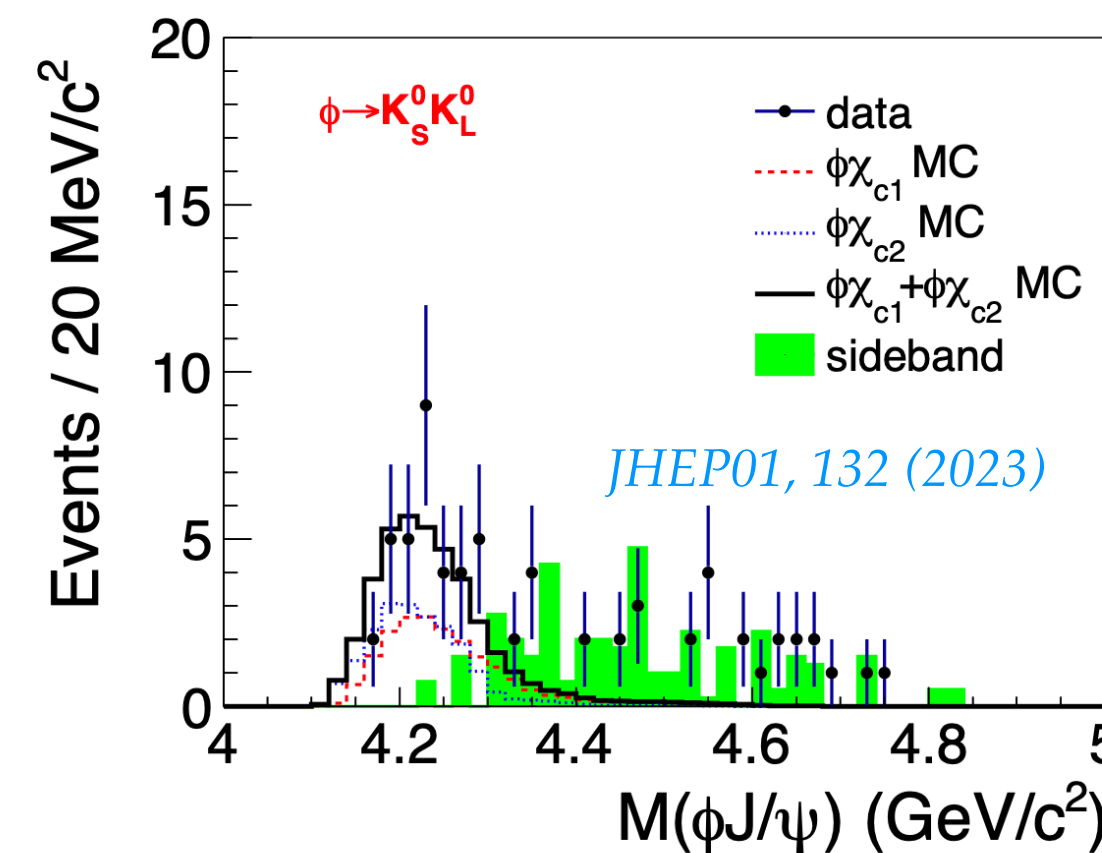
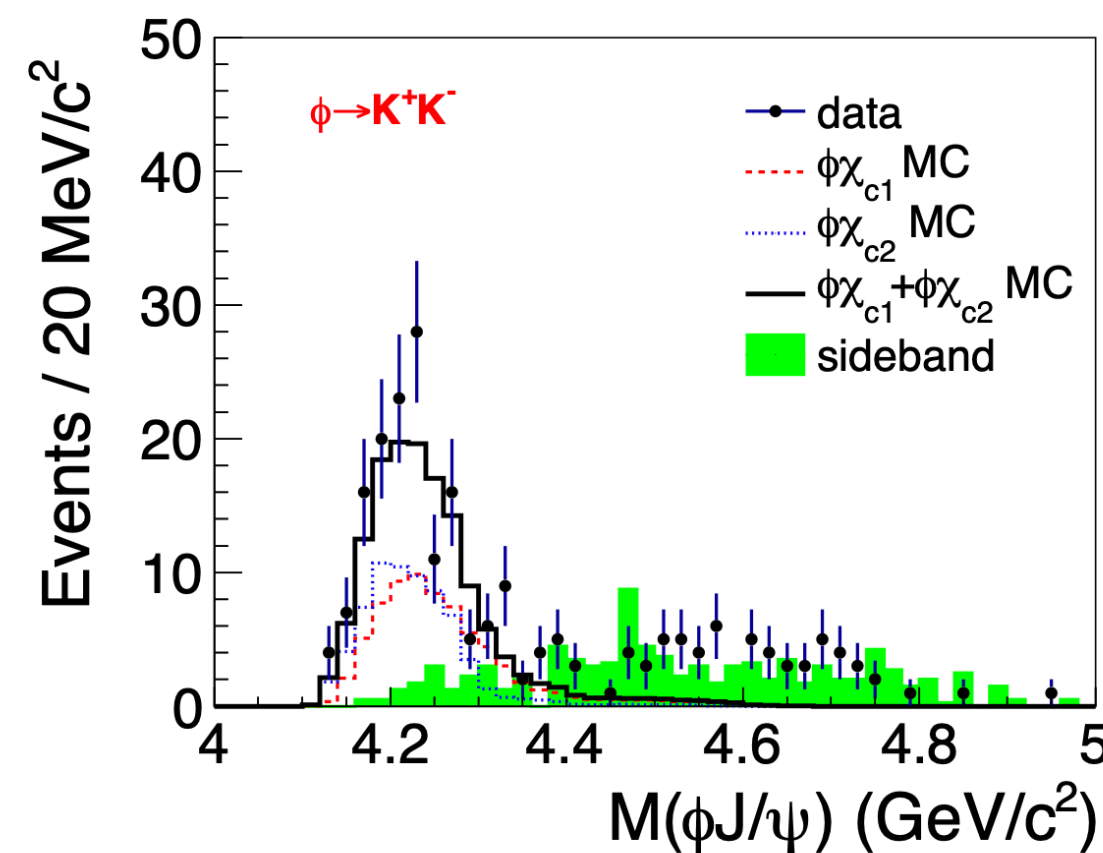


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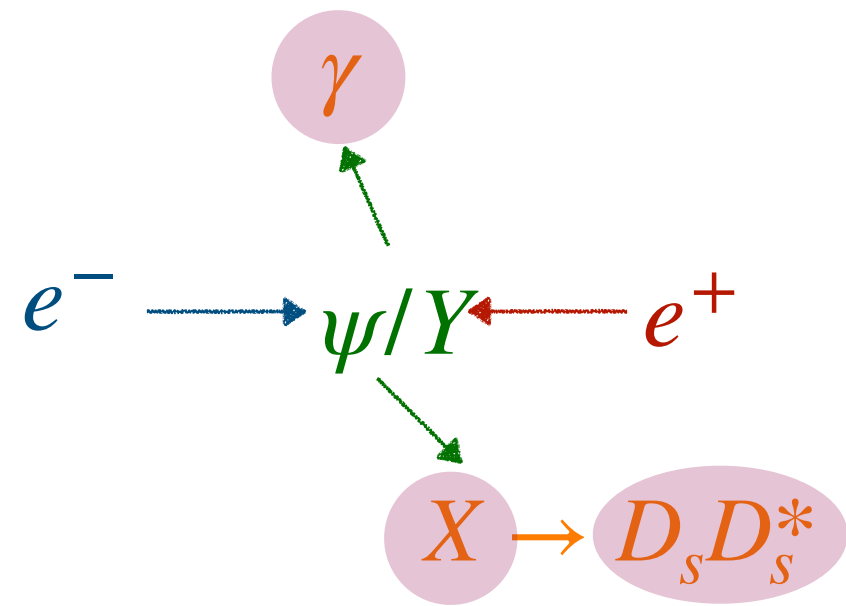
PRL 122, 232002 (2019)



JHEP01, 132 (2023)

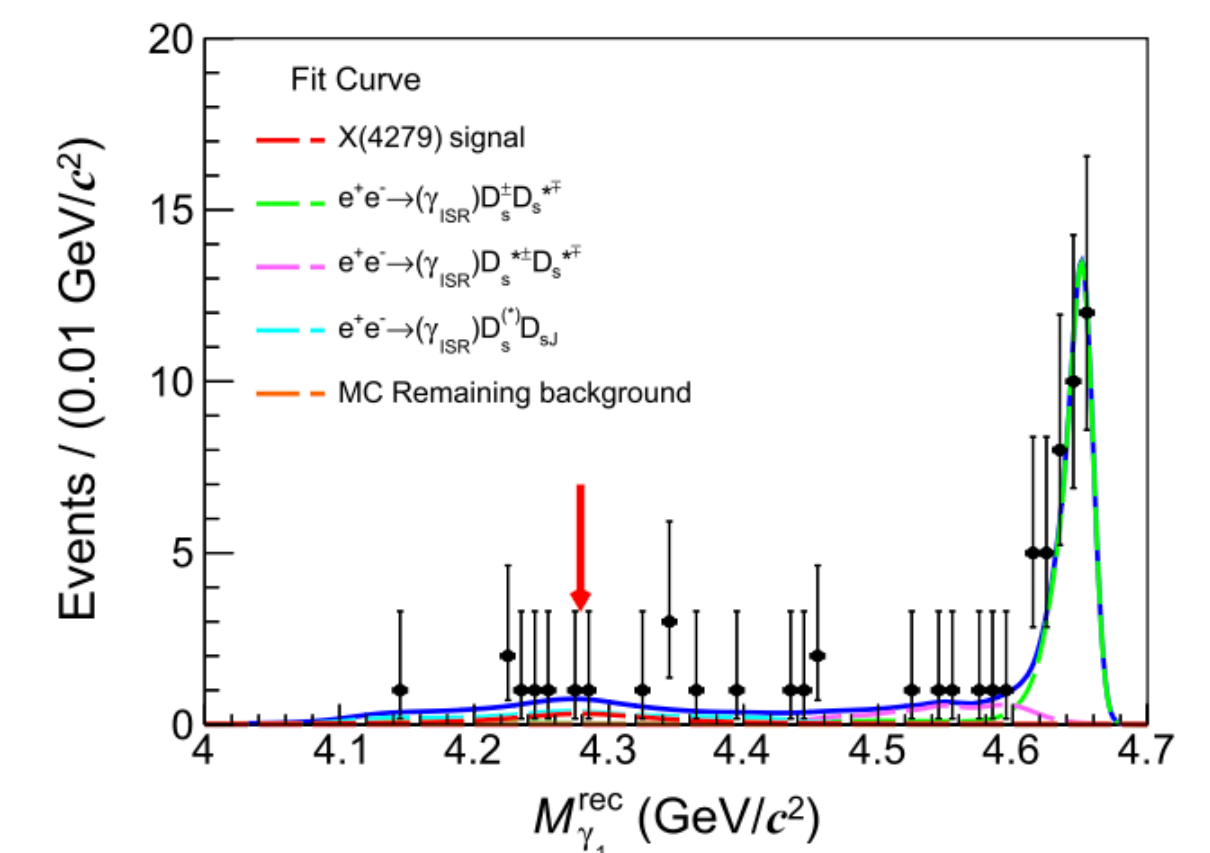
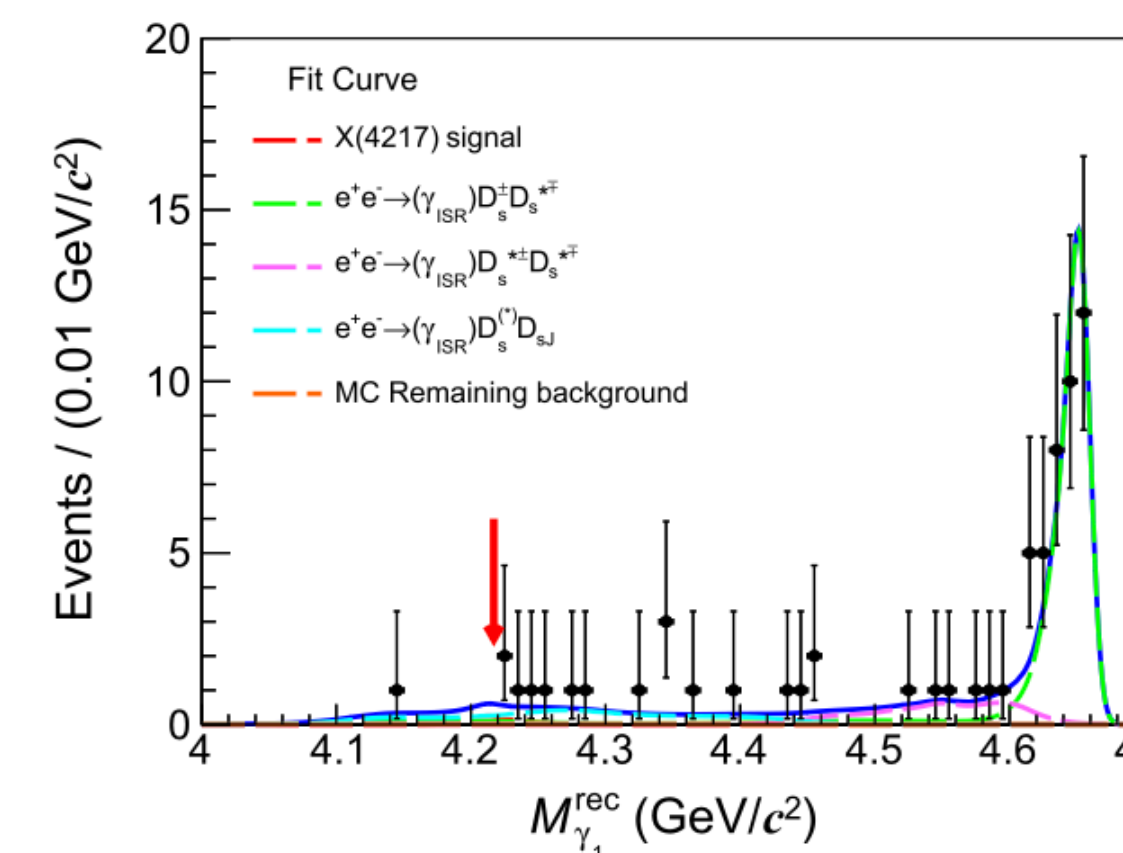
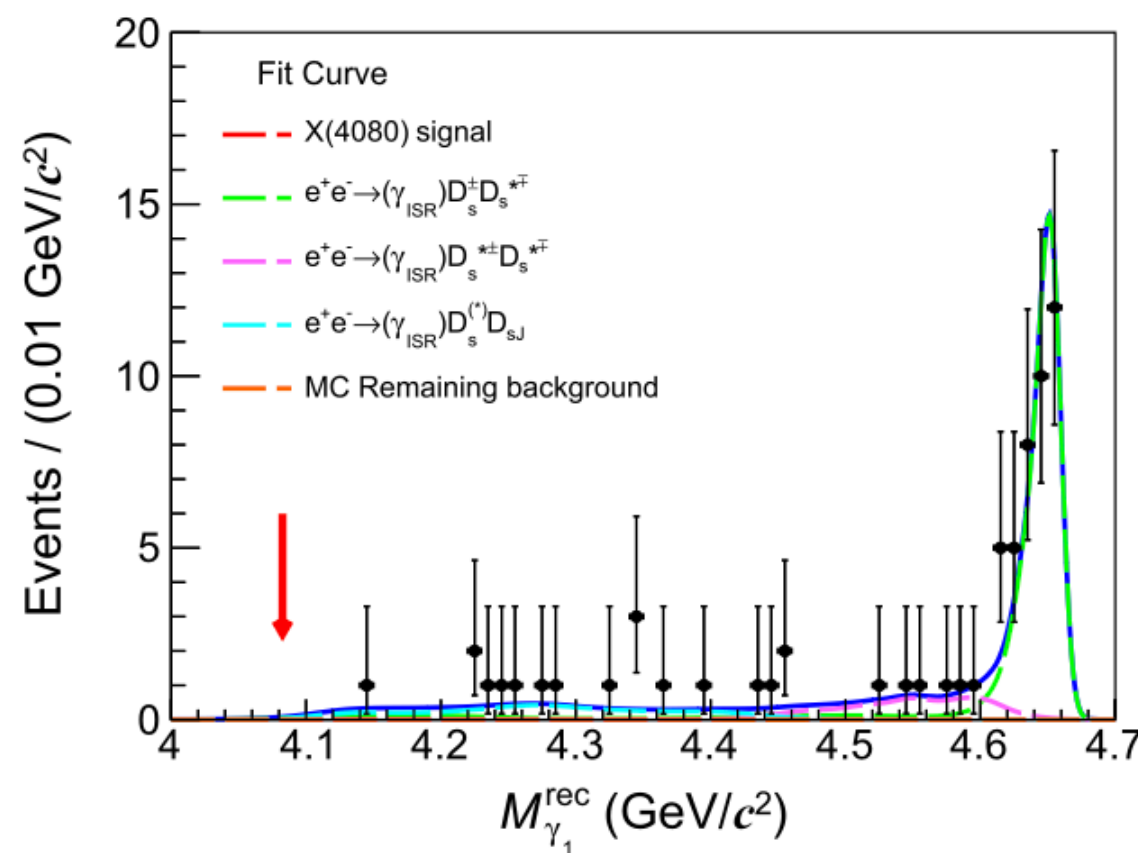
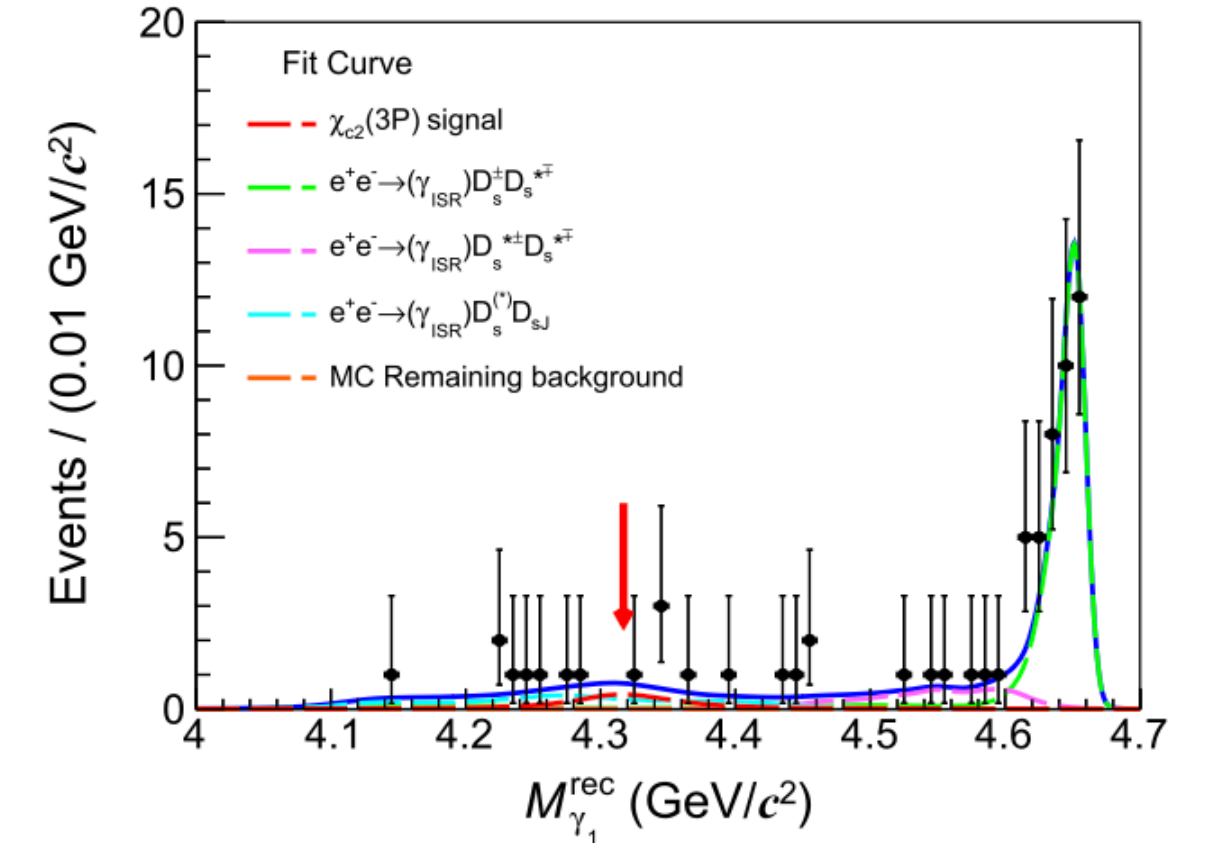
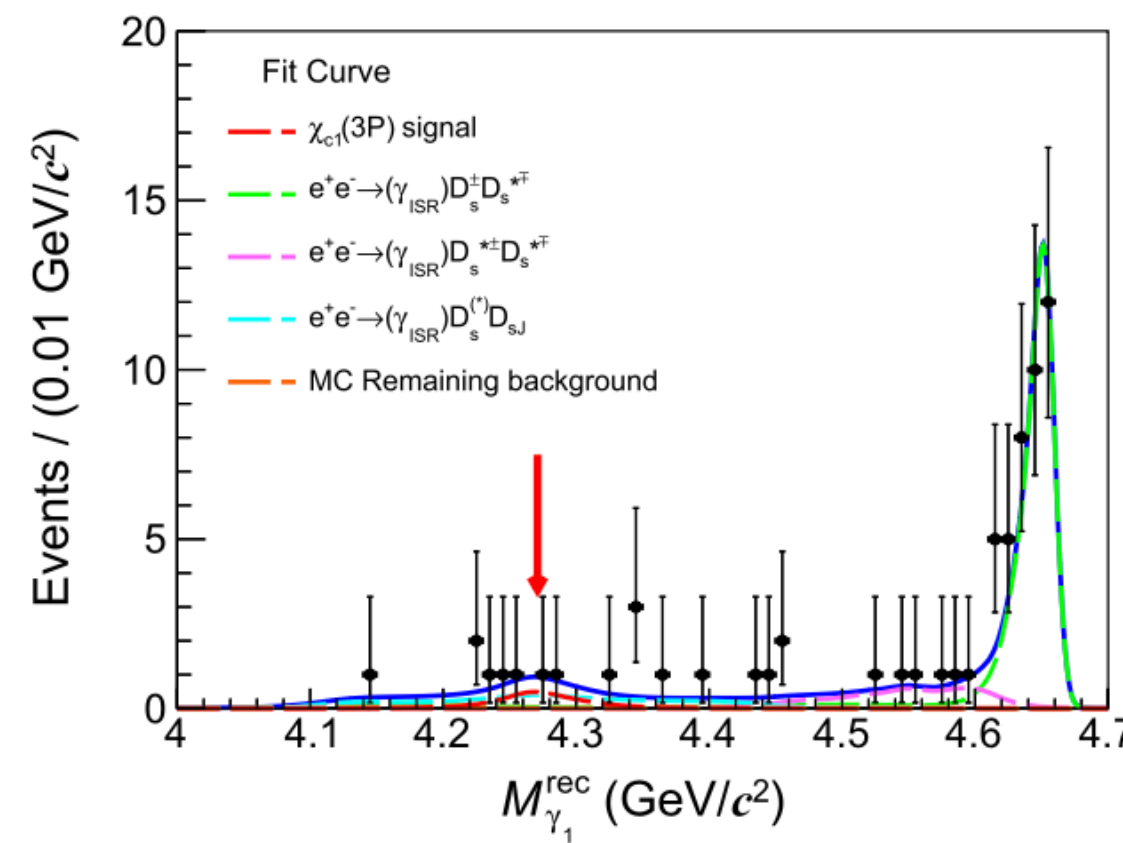
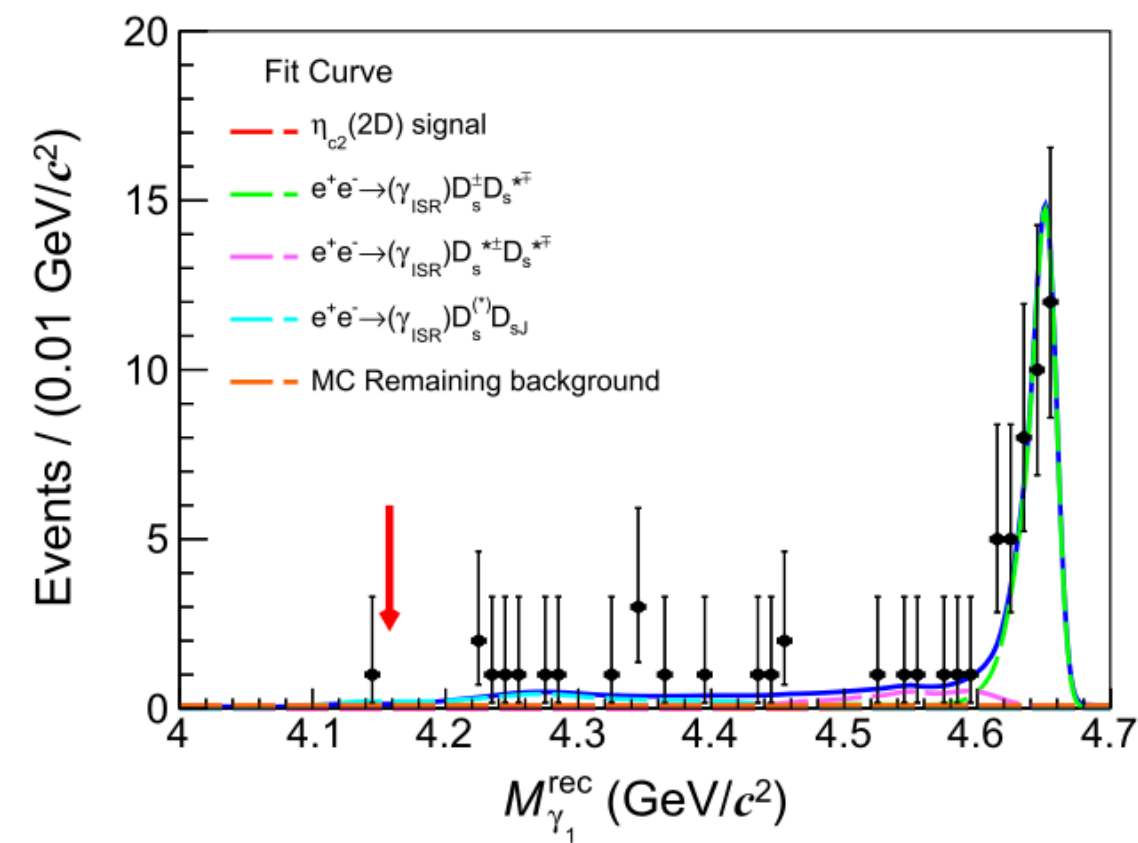
C-even States in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma D_s^\pm D_s^{*\mp}$

- Full reconstruction method, $D_s^* \rightarrow \gamma D_s$, $D_s \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi, K_S^0K$, 4680 data sample



State	J^{PC}
$\eta_{c2}(2D)$ [4]	2^{-+}
$\chi_{c1}(3P)$ [4]	1^{++}
$\chi_{c2}(3P)$ [4]	2^{++}
$X(4080)$ [9]	1^{++}
$X(4217)$ [10–12]	1^{-+}
$X(4279)$ [10–12]	0^{-+}

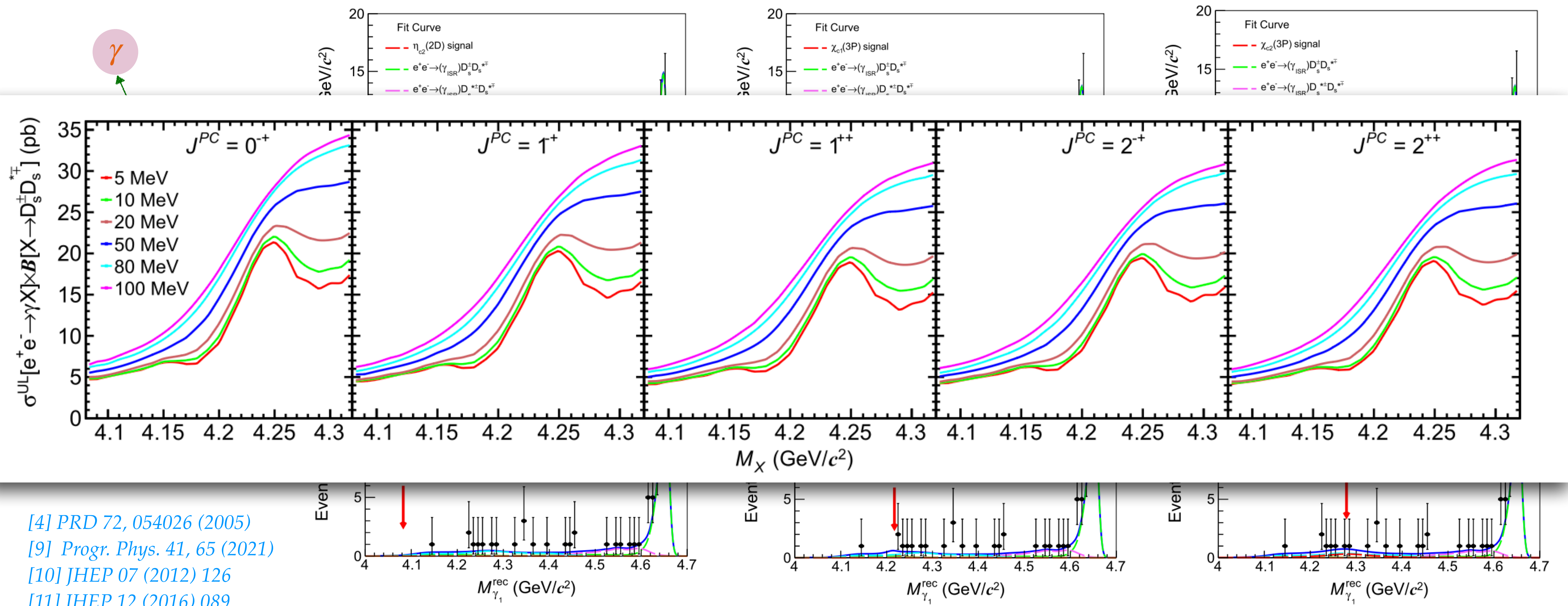
- [4] PRD 72, 054026 (2005)
 [9] Progr. Phys. 41, 65 (2021)
 [10] JHEP 07 (2012) 126
 [11] JHEP 12 (2016) 089
 [12] PRD 102, 014023 (2020)



PRD110, 032017 (2024)

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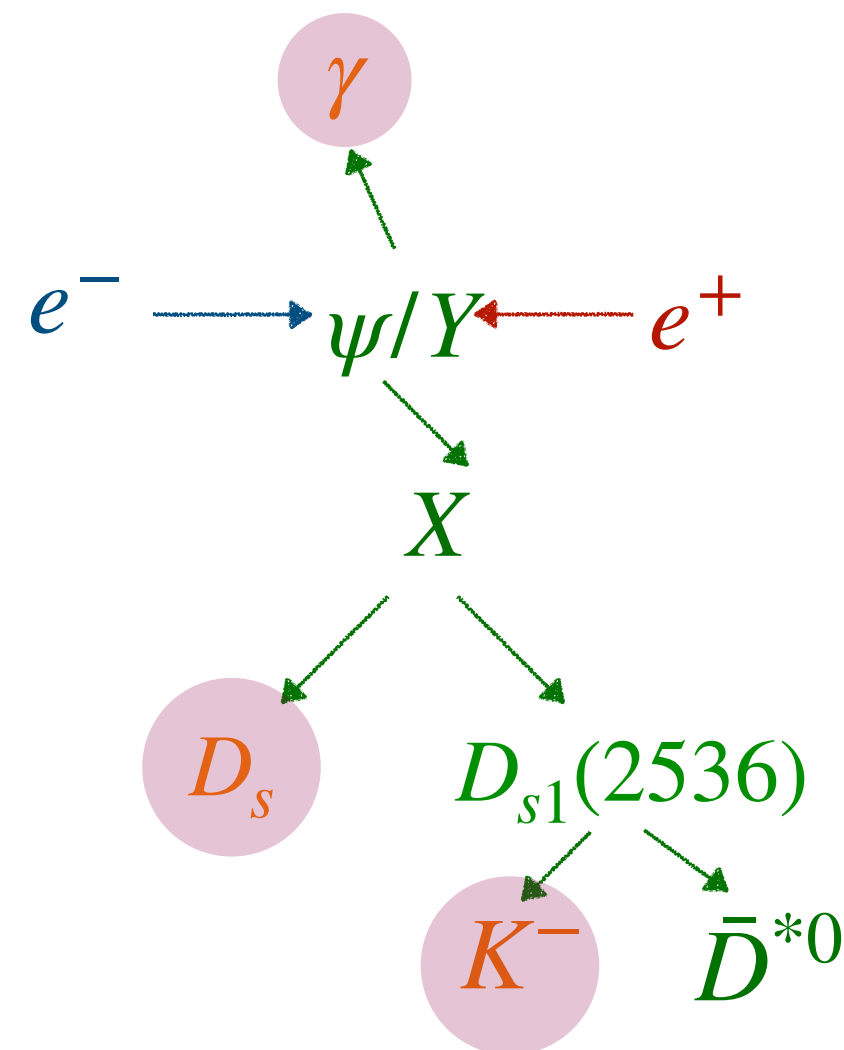


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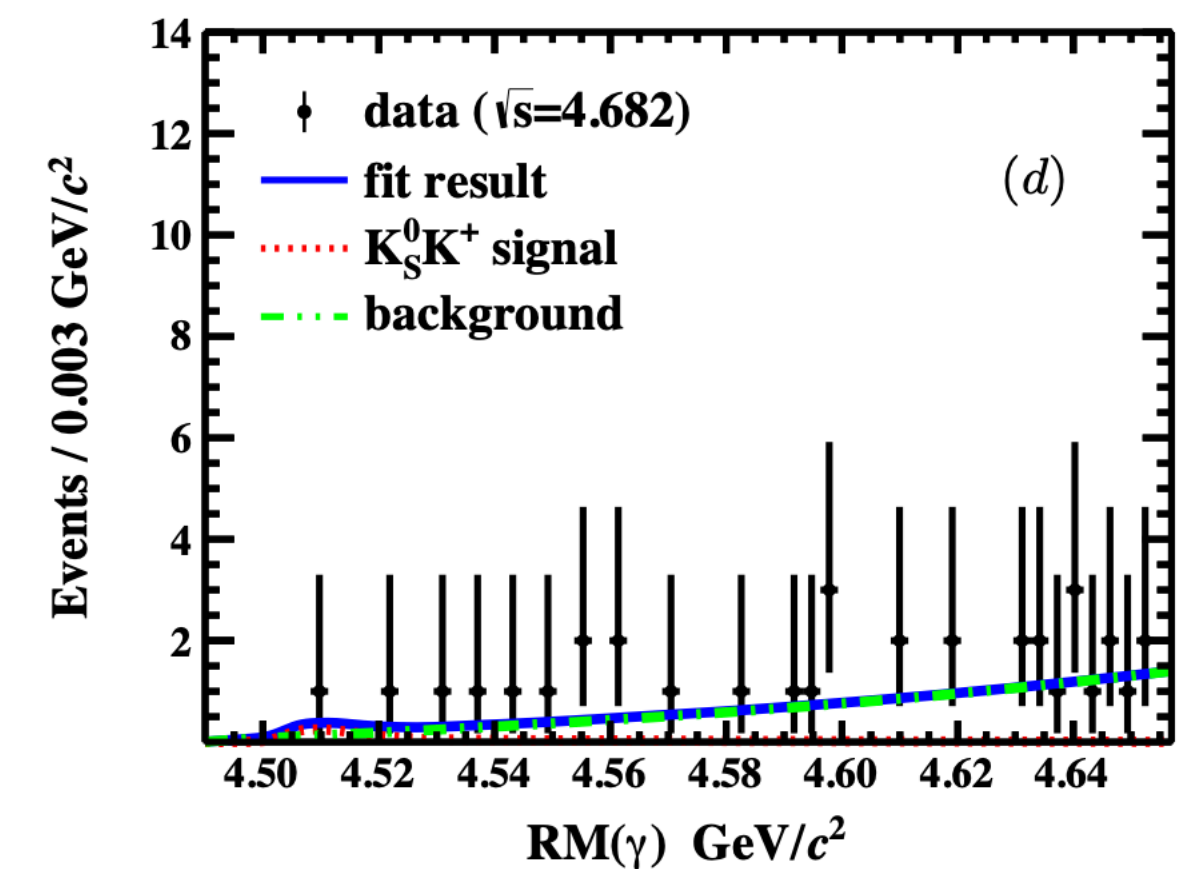
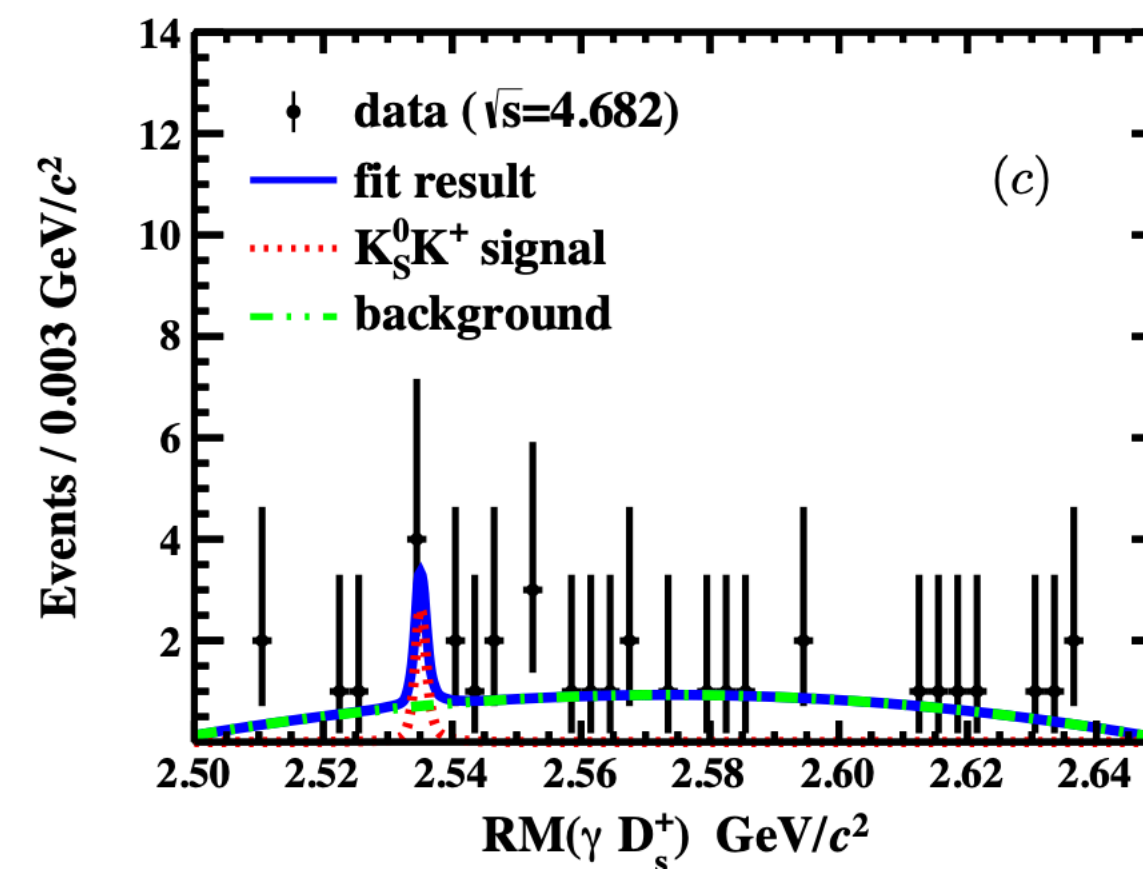
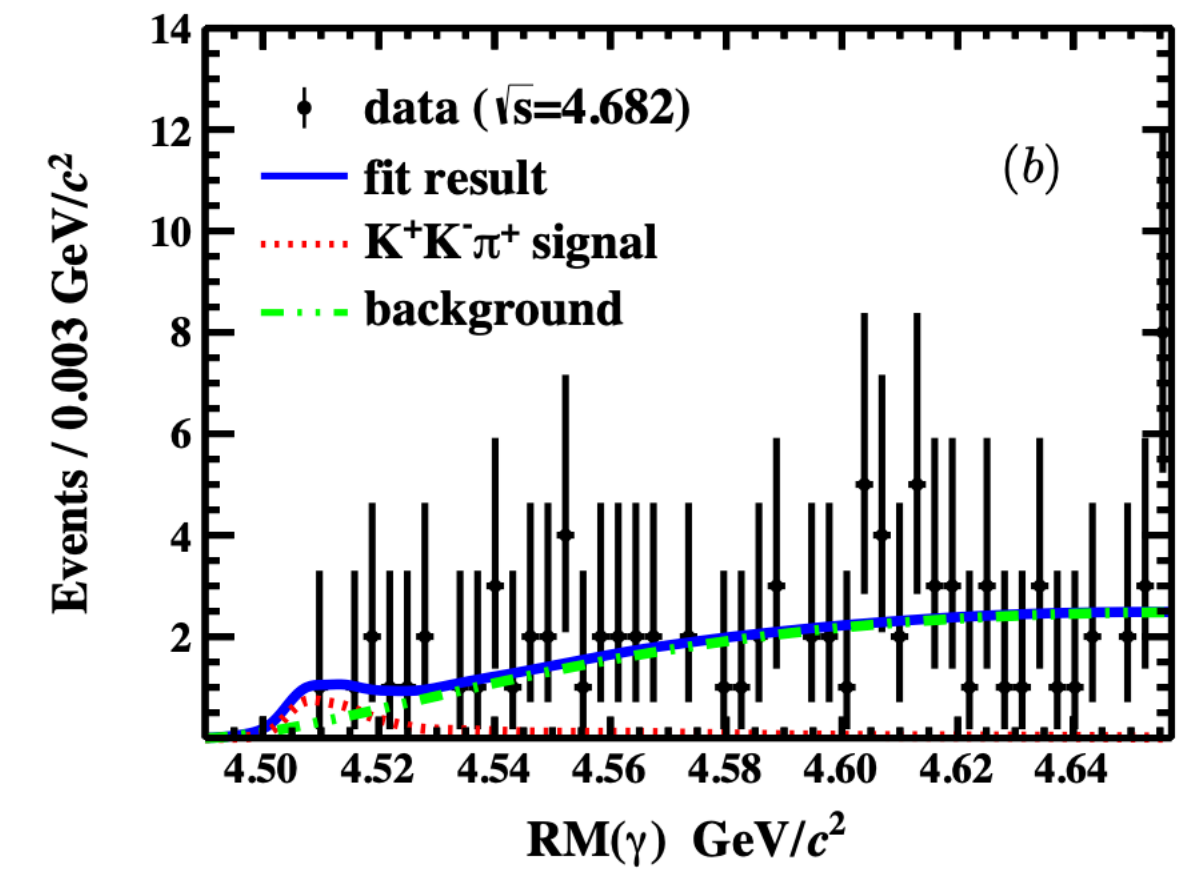
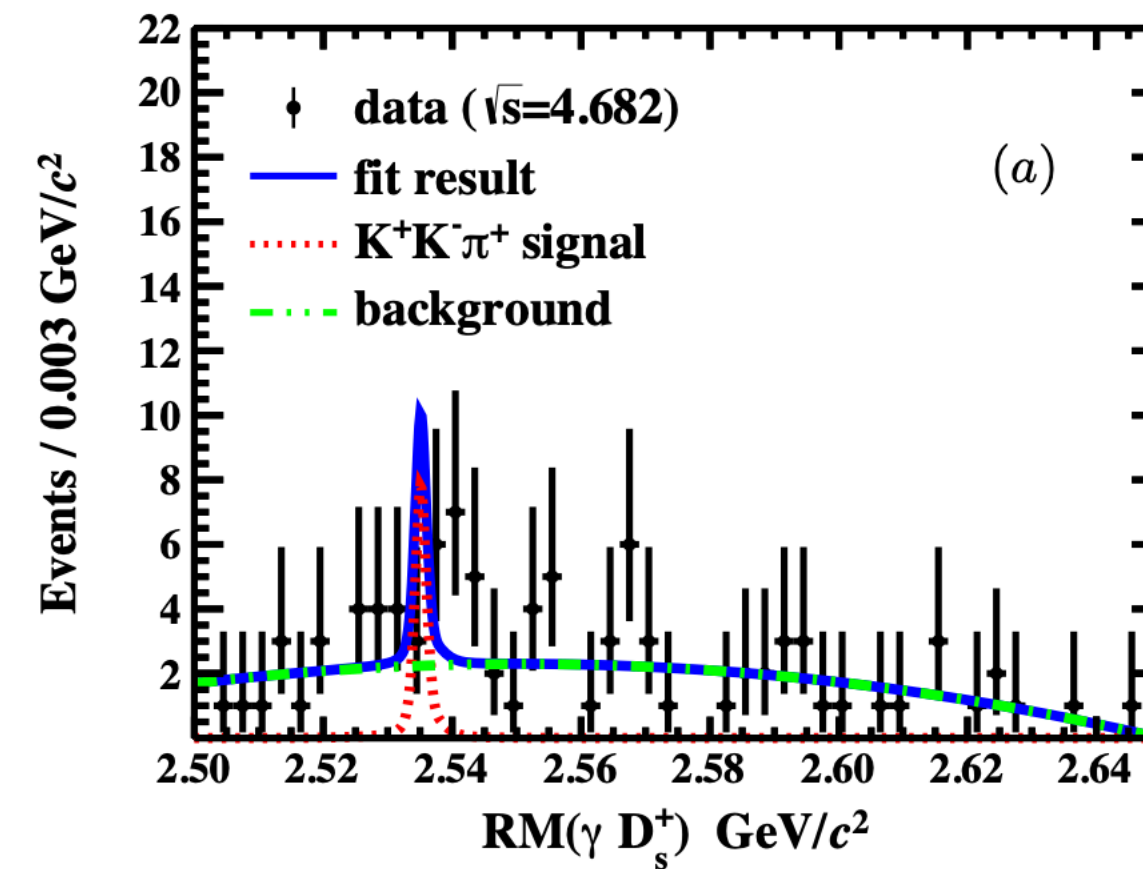
PRD110, 032017 (2024)

C-even States in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma D_s^\pm D_{s1}^\mp(2536)$

- Search for molecular state with $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$
PRD89, 114013 (2014)
- Partial reconstruction method, 5.8 fb^{-1} ,
 $\sqrt{s} = 4.61 - 4.95 \text{ GeV}$
- Mass of X set to 4.503 GeV

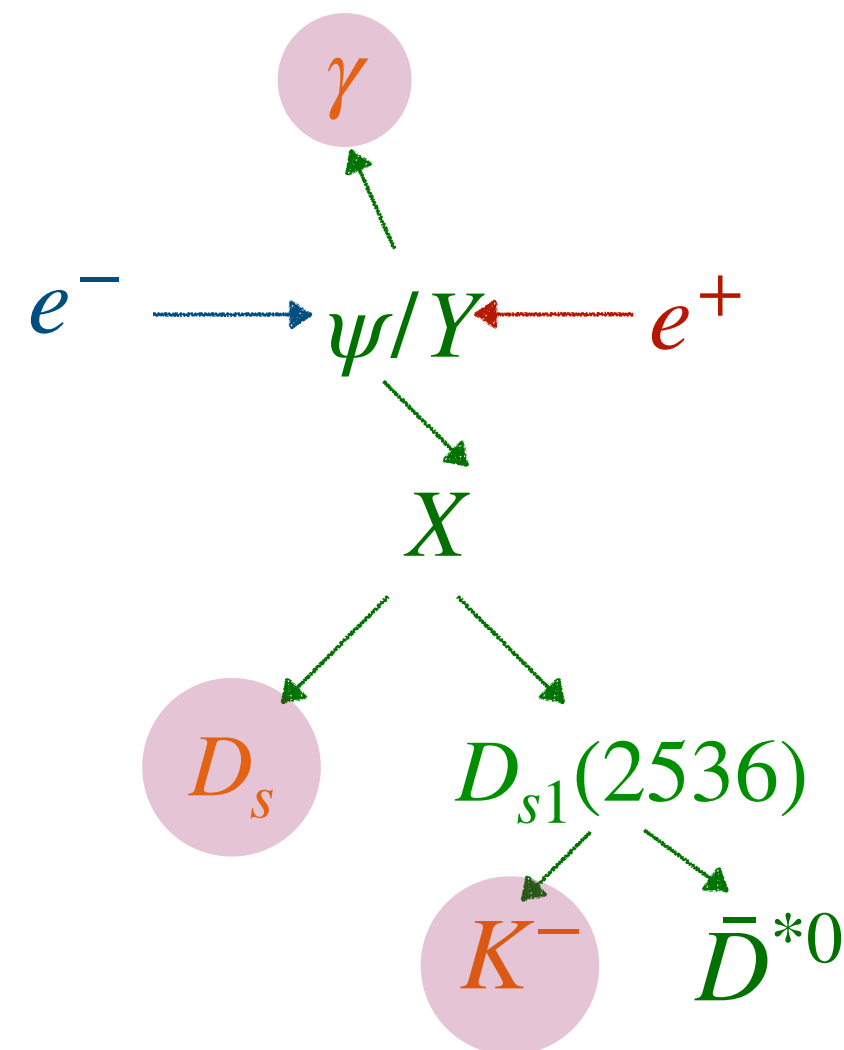


[arXiv:2503.11015](https://arxiv.org/abs/2503.11015)

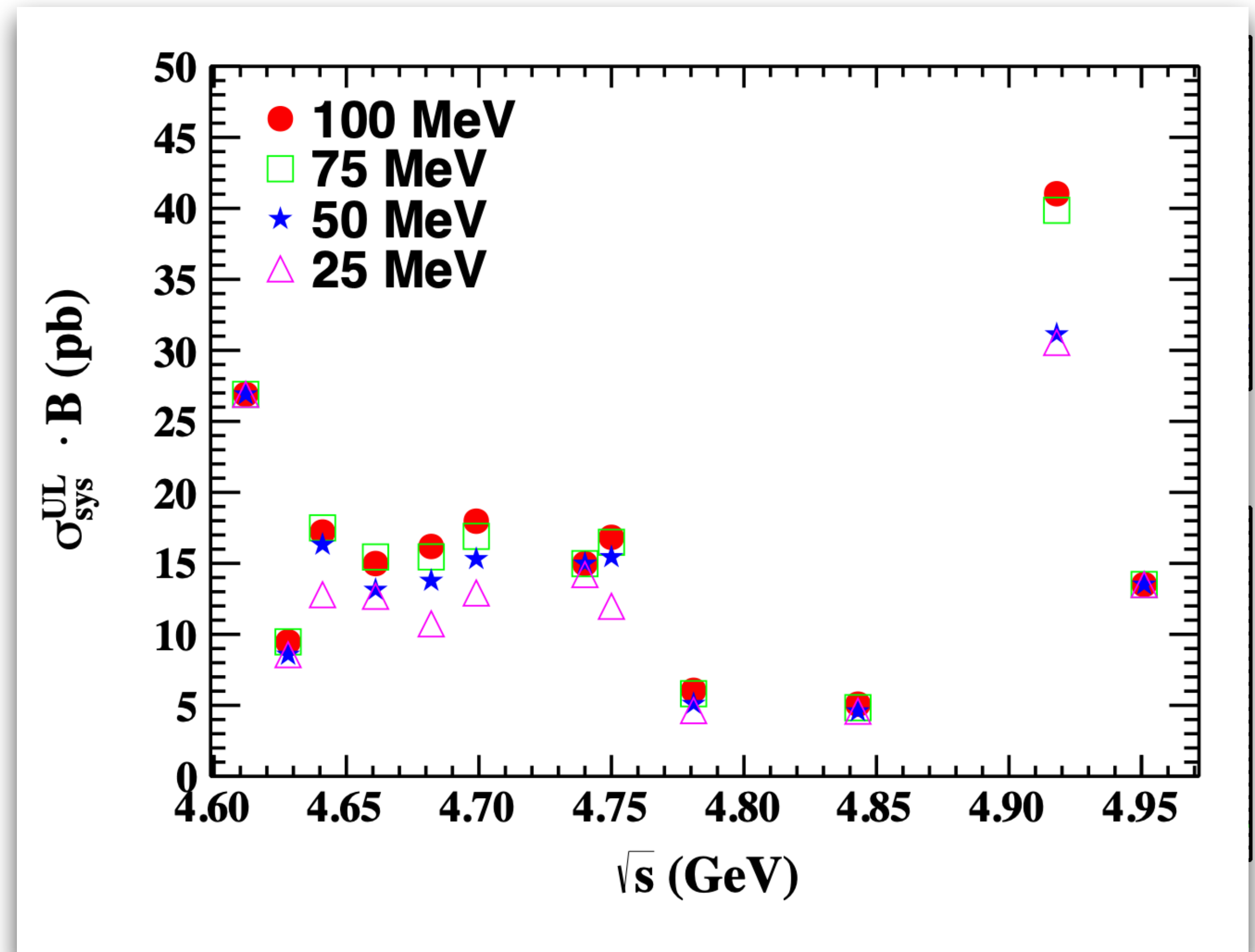


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Summary

- Benefit from the **fine scan data samples** collected between $\sqrt{s}=3.8$ to 4.95 GeV, good performance of BEPCII and BESIII, the properties of charmonium and charmoniumlike states have been studied
 - $Y(4260)$ has fine structure, cross section enhancement around $Y(4230)$ is observed in more than 10 decay modes: $\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$, $\pi^+\pi^-h_c$, $\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$, $\omega\chi_{c0}$, $\eta J/\psi$, $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\eta_c$, K^+K^-J/ψ , $\pi^0Z_c(3900)$, πDD^* , πD^*D^* , ηh_c , $\gamma X(3872)$
 - Discovered **new** charmonium-like states $Y(4500)$ and $Y(4710)/Y(4790)$
 - **Cross section of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c$** has been measured with improved precision up to 4.95 GeV, the cross section between 4.3 and 4.45 GeV exhibits a plateau-like shape and drops sharply around 4.5 GeV
 - **Enhancement around 4.2 GeV** observed from the cross section of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_c$
 - The cross-section line shapes are very complicated, **more sophisticated analysis** may determine the pole positions of these states better and help to understand their nature
 - Study of C-even states from radiative/hadronic transition process suffers from low statistics
- BEPCII is upgrading, **increase the luminosity at $\sqrt{s}=4.7$ GeV by a factor of 3**, and extend the \sqrt{s} up to **5.6 GeV** starting from 2028, more exciting results are expected!

Summary

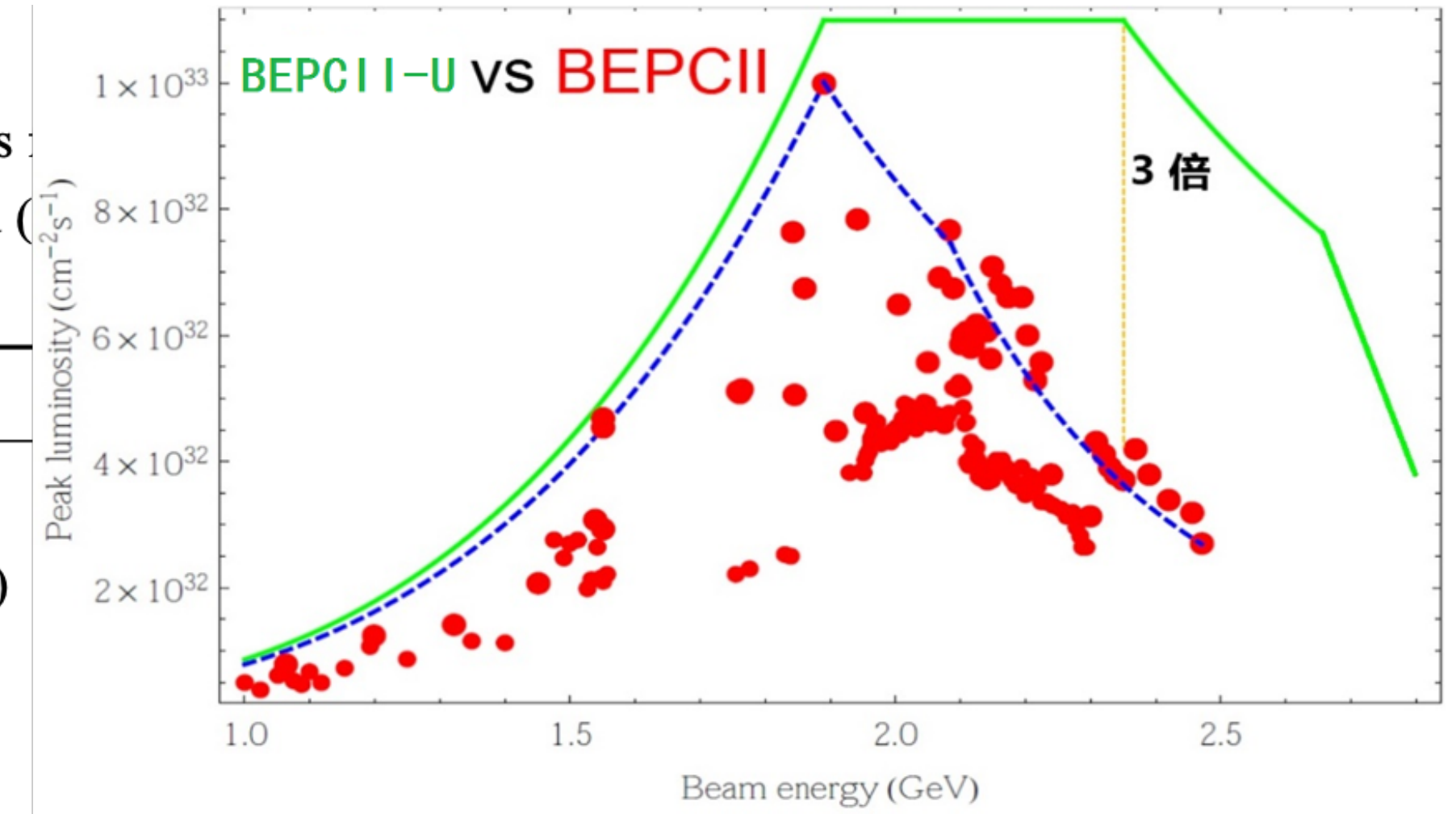
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Thank You!

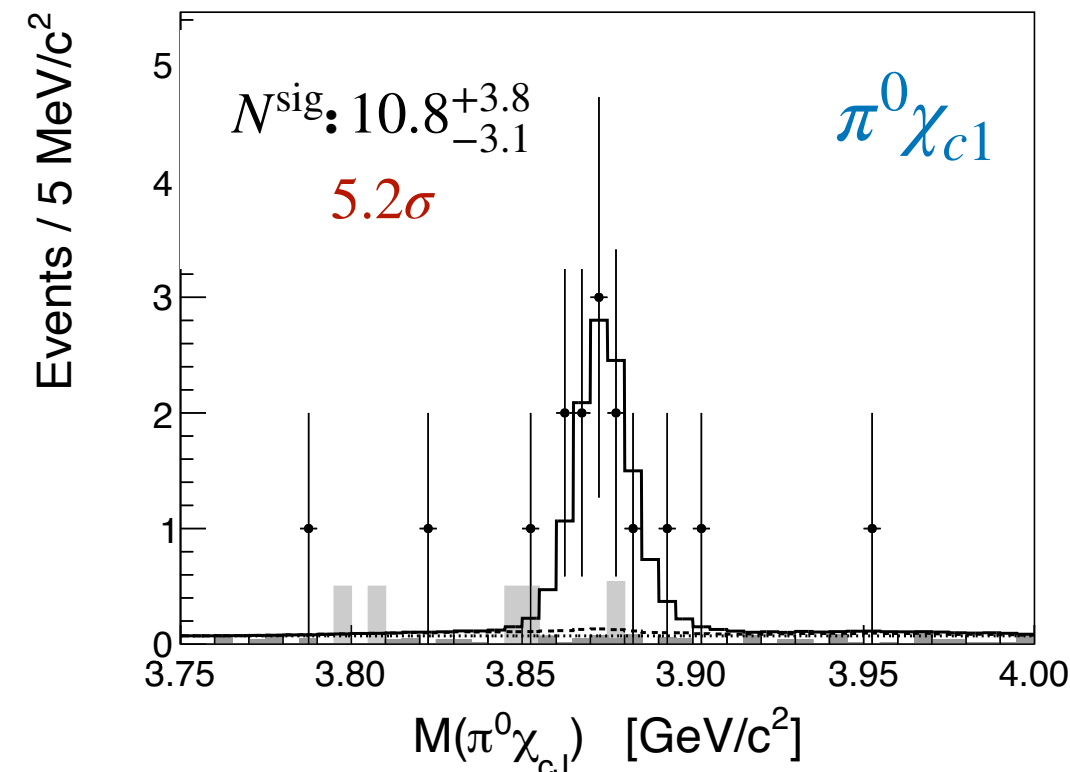
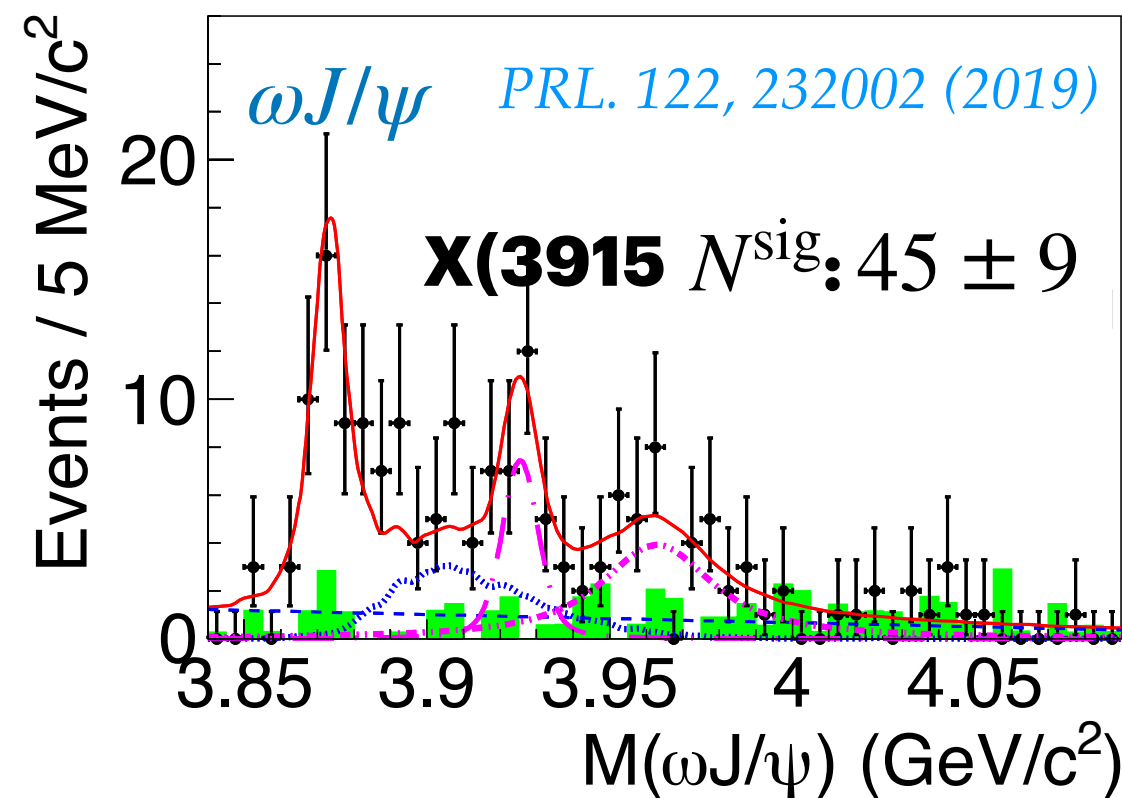
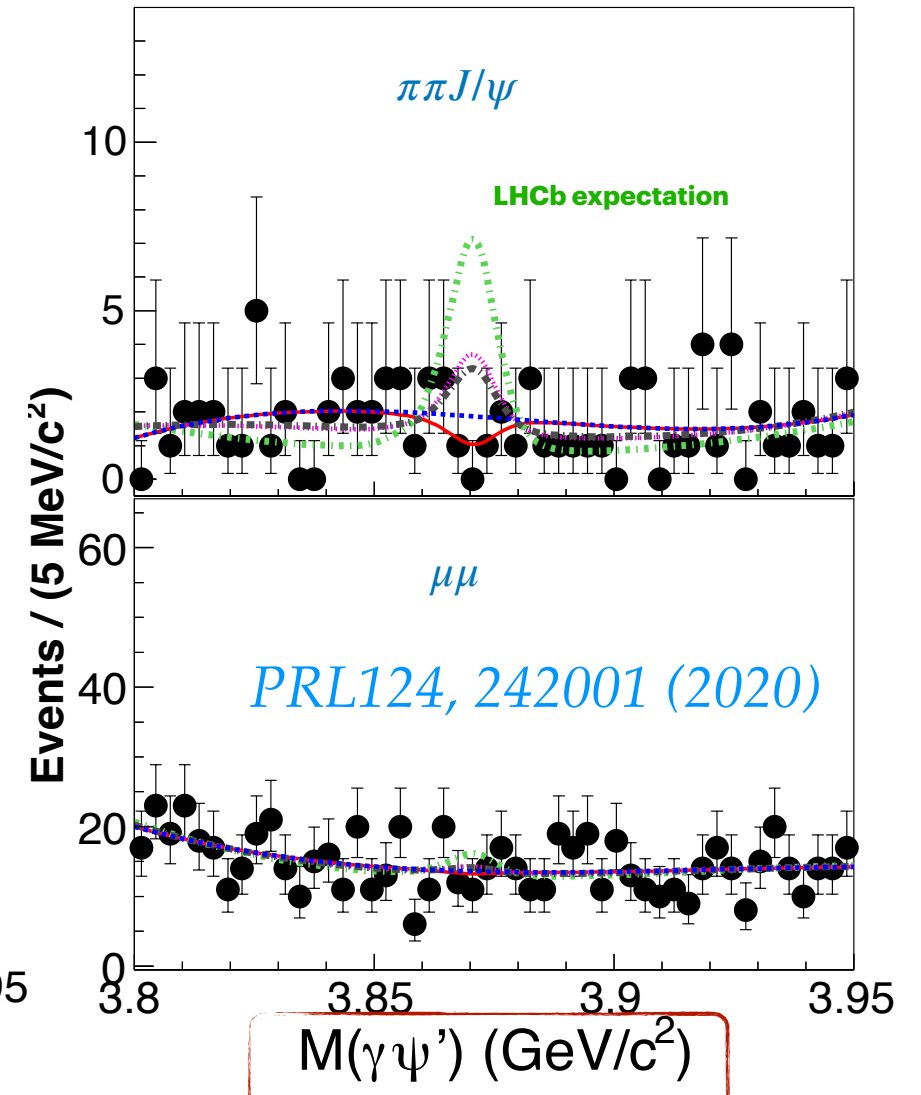
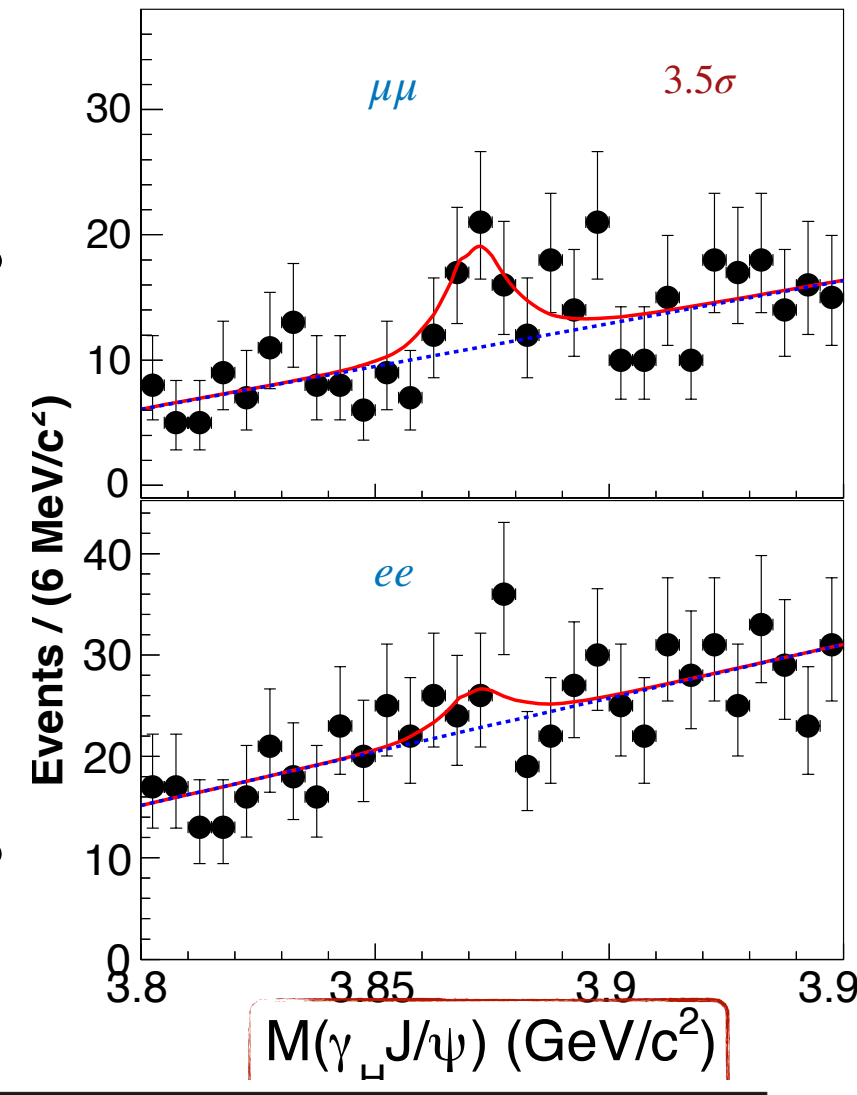
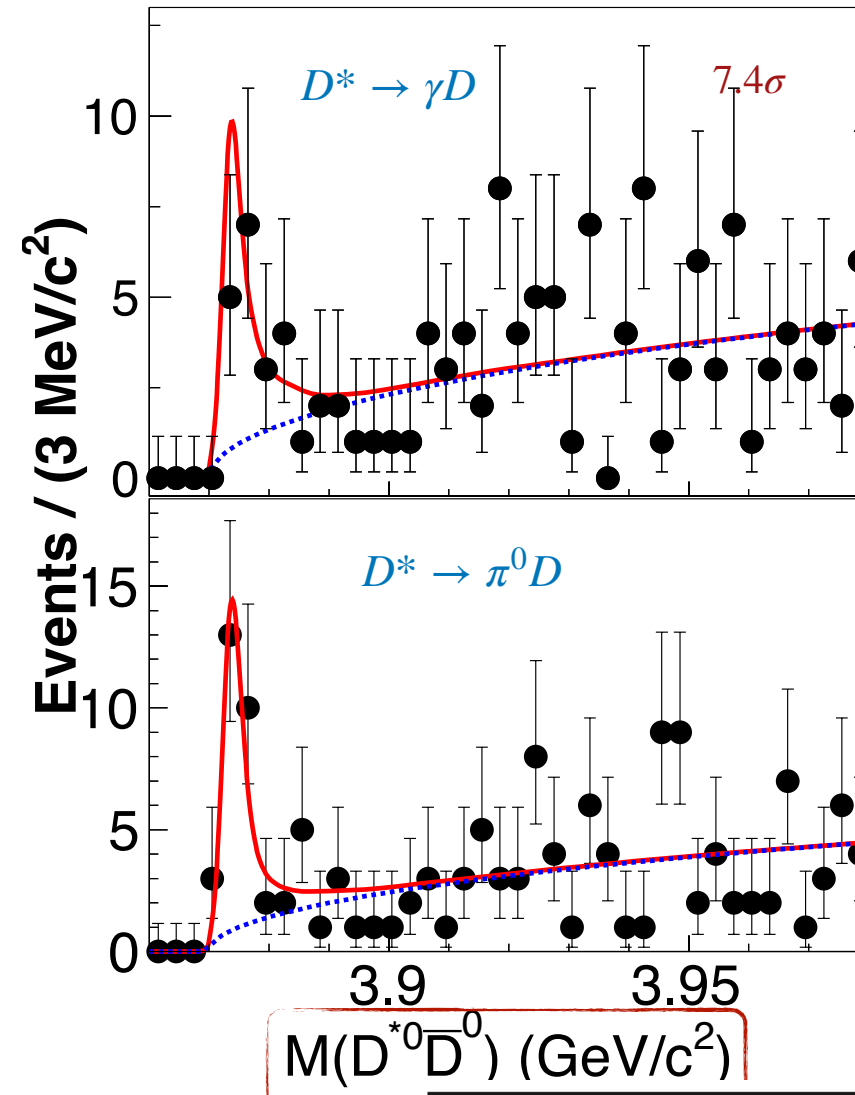
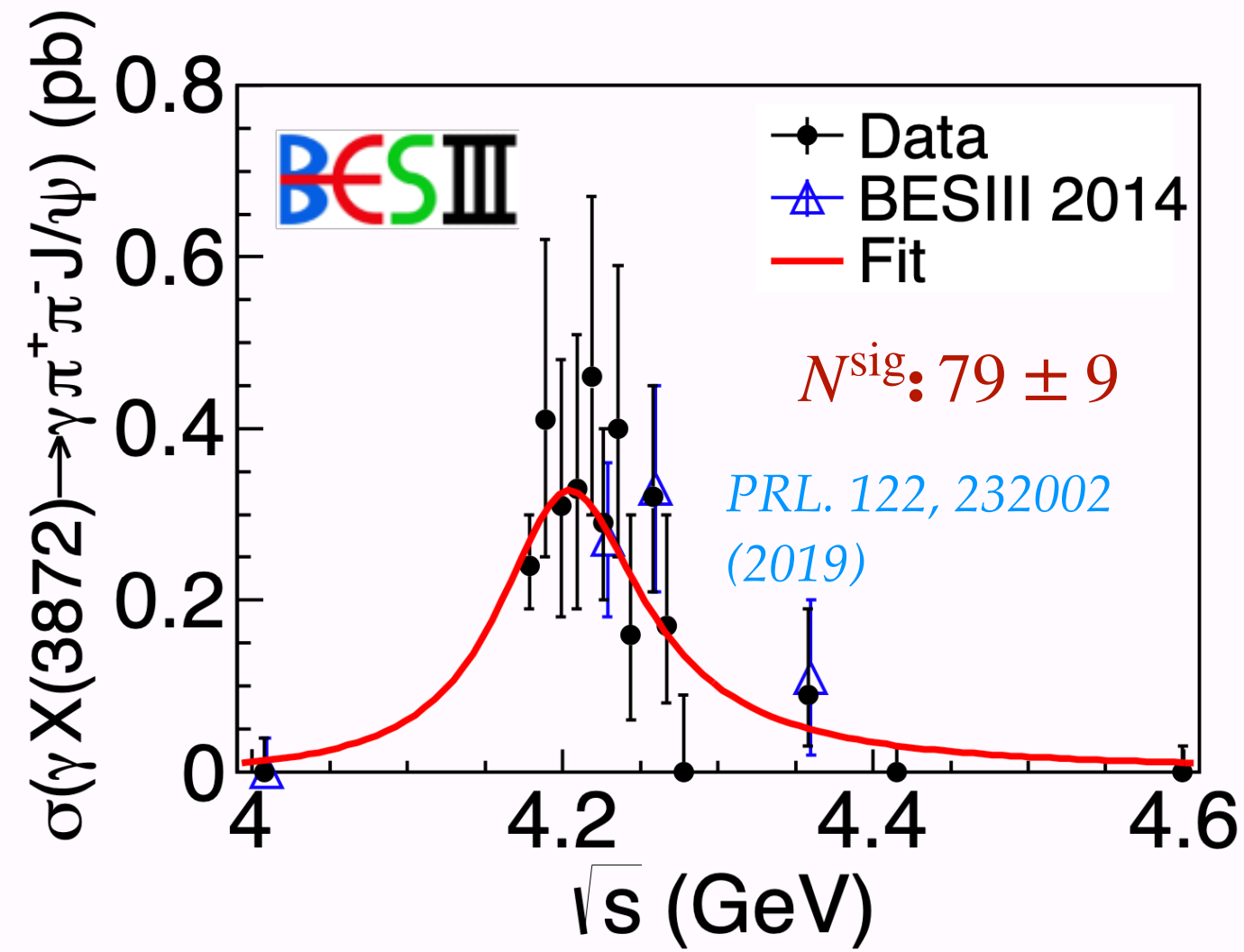
Future Data Samples

Table 7.1. List of data samples collected by BESIII/BEPCII up to 2019, and the proposed samples. The most column shows the number of required data taking days with the current (T_C) and upgraded (T_U) implementation and beam current increase.

Energy	Physics motivations	Current data		
1.8 - 2.0 GeV	R values Nucleon cross-sections	N/A		
2.0 - 3.1 GeV	R values Cross-sections	Fine scan (20 energy points)		
J/ψ peak	Light hadron & Glueball J/ψ decays	3.2 fb^{-1} (10 billion)		
$\psi(3686)$ peak	Light hadron & Glueball Charmonium decays	0.67 fb^{-1} (0.45 billion)		
$\psi(3770)$ peak	D^0/D^\pm decays	2.9 fb^{-1}	20.0 fb^{-1}	610/360 days
3.8 - 4.6 GeV	R values XYZ /Open charm	Fine scan (105 energy points)	No requirement	N/A
4.180 GeV	D_s decay XYZ /Open charm	3.2 fb^{-1}	6 fb^{-1}	140/50 days
4.0 - 4.6 GeV	XYZ /Open charm Higher charmonia cross-sections	16.0 fb^{-1} at different \sqrt{s}	30 fb^{-1} at different \sqrt{s}	770/310 days
4.6 - 4.9 GeV	Charmed baryon/ XYZ cross-sections	0.56 fb^{-1} at 4.6 GeV	15 fb^{-1} at different \sqrt{s}	1490/600 days
4.74 GeV	$\Sigma_c^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$ cross-section	N/A	1.0 fb^{-1}	100/40 days
4.91 GeV	$\Sigma_c \bar{\Sigma}_c$ cross-section	N/A	1.0 fb^{-1}	120/50 days
4.95 GeV	Ξ_c decays	N/A	1.0 fb^{-1}	130/50 days



X(3872) Decay Property



mode	ratio	UL	mode	ratio	UL
$\gamma J/\psi$	0.79 ± 0.28	-	$D^{*0} \bar{D}^0 + c.c.$	11.77 ± 3.09	-
$\gamma \psi'$ 2.8σ lower	-0.03 ± 0.22	< 0.42	$\gamma D^+ D^-$	$0.00^{+0.48}_{-0.00}$	< 0.99
$\gamma D^0 \bar{D}^0$	0.54 ± 0.48	< 1.58	$\omega J/\psi$	$1.6^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.2$ [18]	-
$\pi^0 D^0 \bar{D}^0$	-0.13 ± 0.47	< 1.16	$\pi^0 \chi_{c1}$	$0.88^{+0.33}_{-0.27} \pm 0.10$ [31]	-

Ratio	90% C.L Upper Limit
$\frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^0 \chi_{c0})}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi)}$	3.6
$\frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^0 \chi_{c0})}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^0 \chi_{c1})}$	4.5
$\frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \chi_{c0})}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi)}$	0.56
$\frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \chi_{c0})}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi)}$	1.7

PRD 105, 072009 (2022)