



# Performance studies on benchmarking physics channels for LHCb ECAL Upgrade II

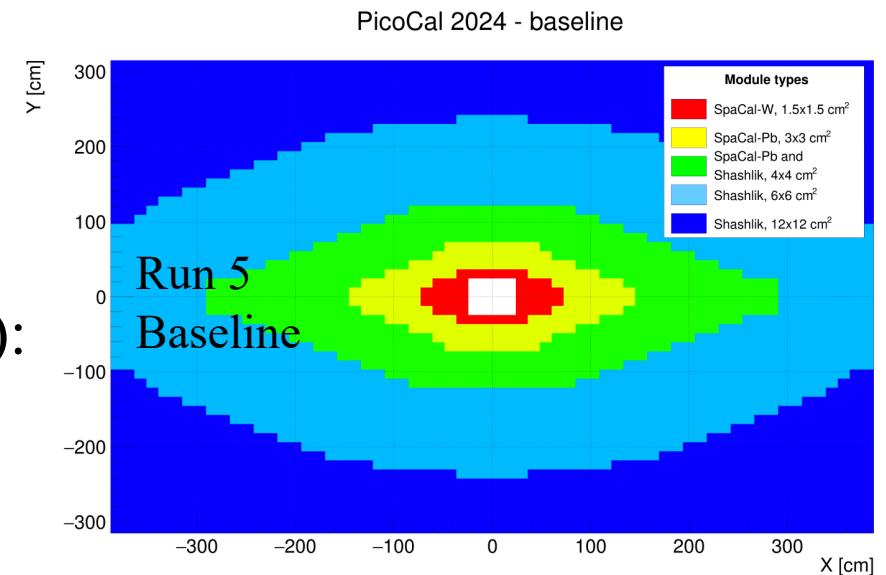
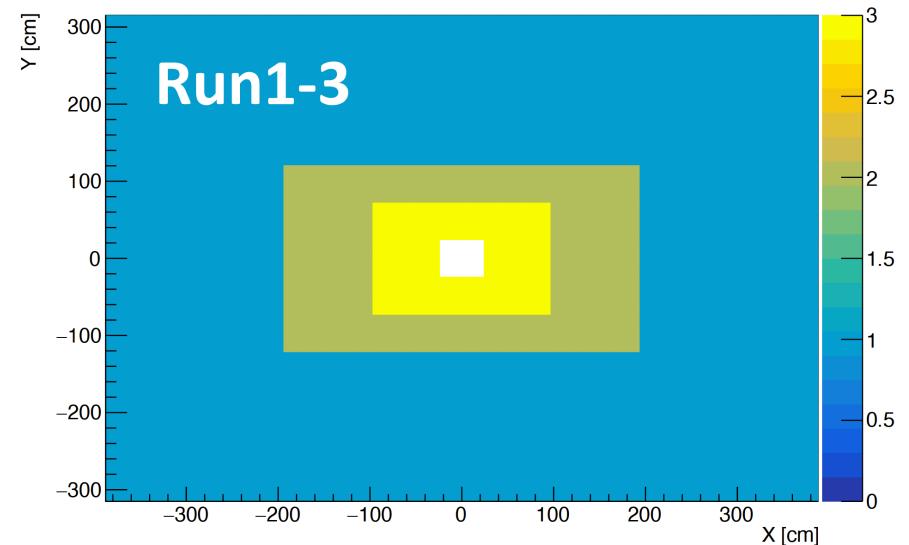
**Yiheng Luo**

On behalf of the LHCb ECAL Upgrade II R&D group  
November 16<sup>th</sup>, 2024 @Qingdao, China



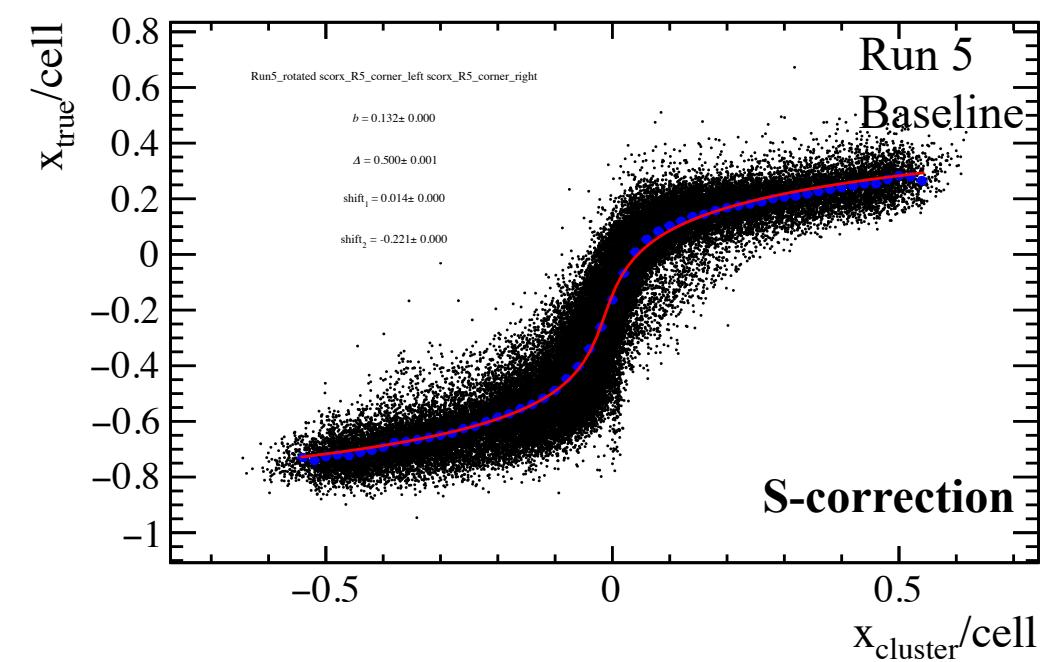
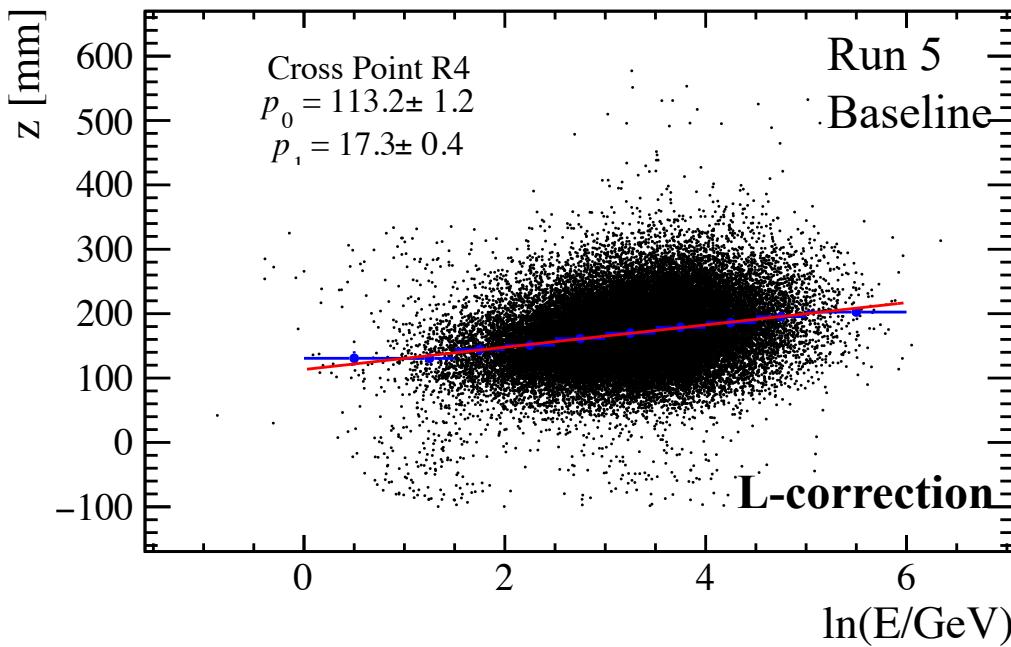
# ECAL Upgrade II scenarios

- Run1-3:  $4\times4/6\times6/12\times12\text{ cm}^2$  Shashlik
- Run 5 Baseline of Upgrade II:
  - Innermost:  $1.5\times1.5\text{ cm}^2$  SpaCal-W + GAGG fibers
  - Second inner:  $3\times3\text{ cm}^2$  SpaCal-Pb + Poly fibers
  - Outer:  $4\times4/6\times6/12\times12\text{ cm}^2$  Shashlik
  - With longitudinal segmentation: front and back sections
  - SpaCal modules rotated
- Run 5 Downscoped of Upgrade II:
  - Derived from the Baseline with single-side readout except for SpaCal regions
- Upgrade II luminosity configurations (lumi1.0, lumi1.5):
  - $\mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 1.0\times10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}, 1.5\times10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Simulation based on Hybrid-MC framework
  - Pile-up included ([see Marco's last talk for details](#))



# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ reconstruction algorithm

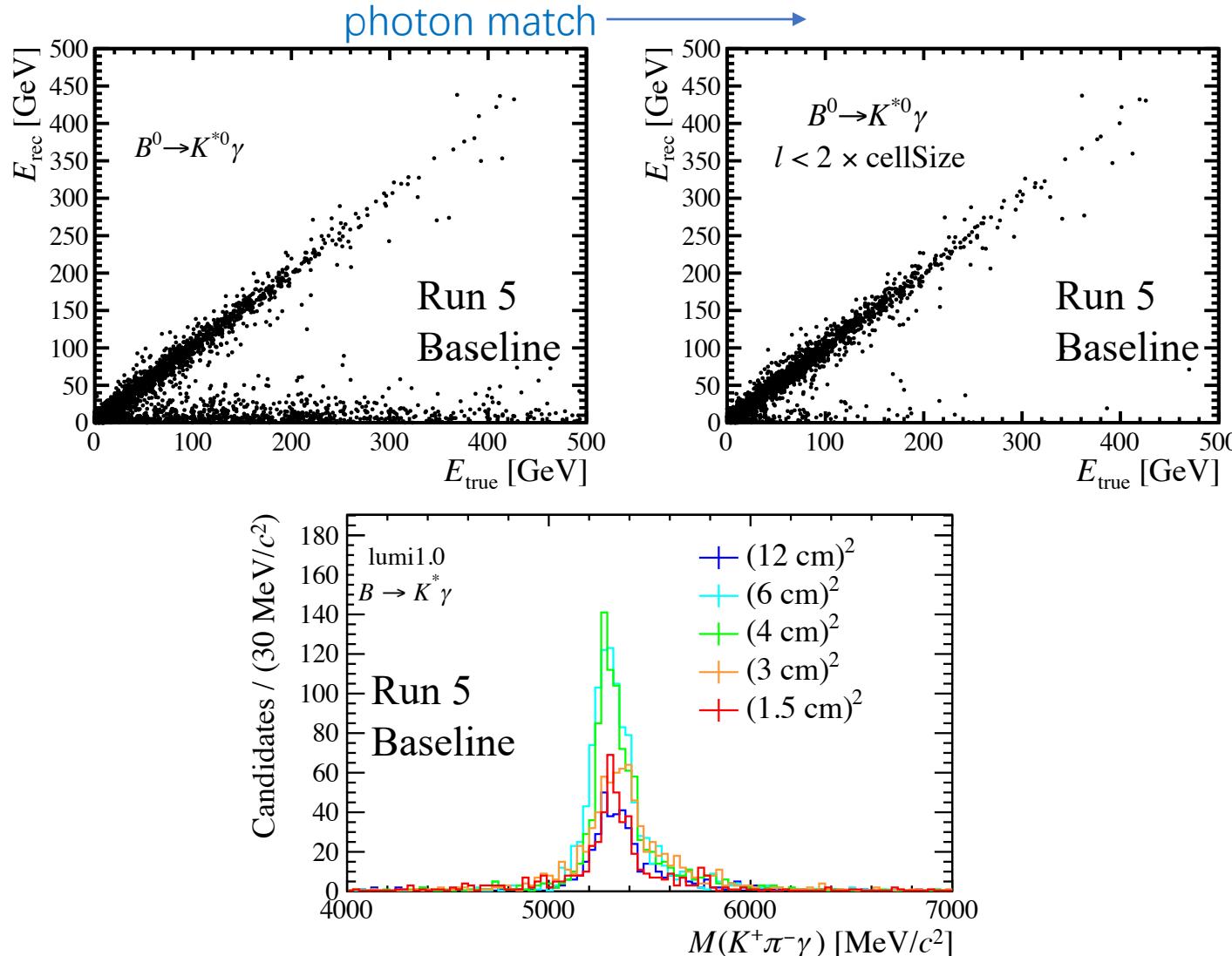
- The  $2\times 2$  clustering method with longitudinal segmentation information is used against pile-up (see Nuria's last talk for details)
- L-correction: to correct the longitudinal barycenter position  $z$  in reconstruction, taken to be ECAL surface  $z$ -coordinate
  - $z = z_0 + \text{slope} \times \ln(E) + \text{offset}$
- S-correction: to correct the transverse cluster positions  $(x_{\text{cluster}}, y_{\text{cluster}})$



- E-correction: to correct the energy leakage
  - depends on  $E$ , distance to seed cell center
- Using single photons for calibration purposes

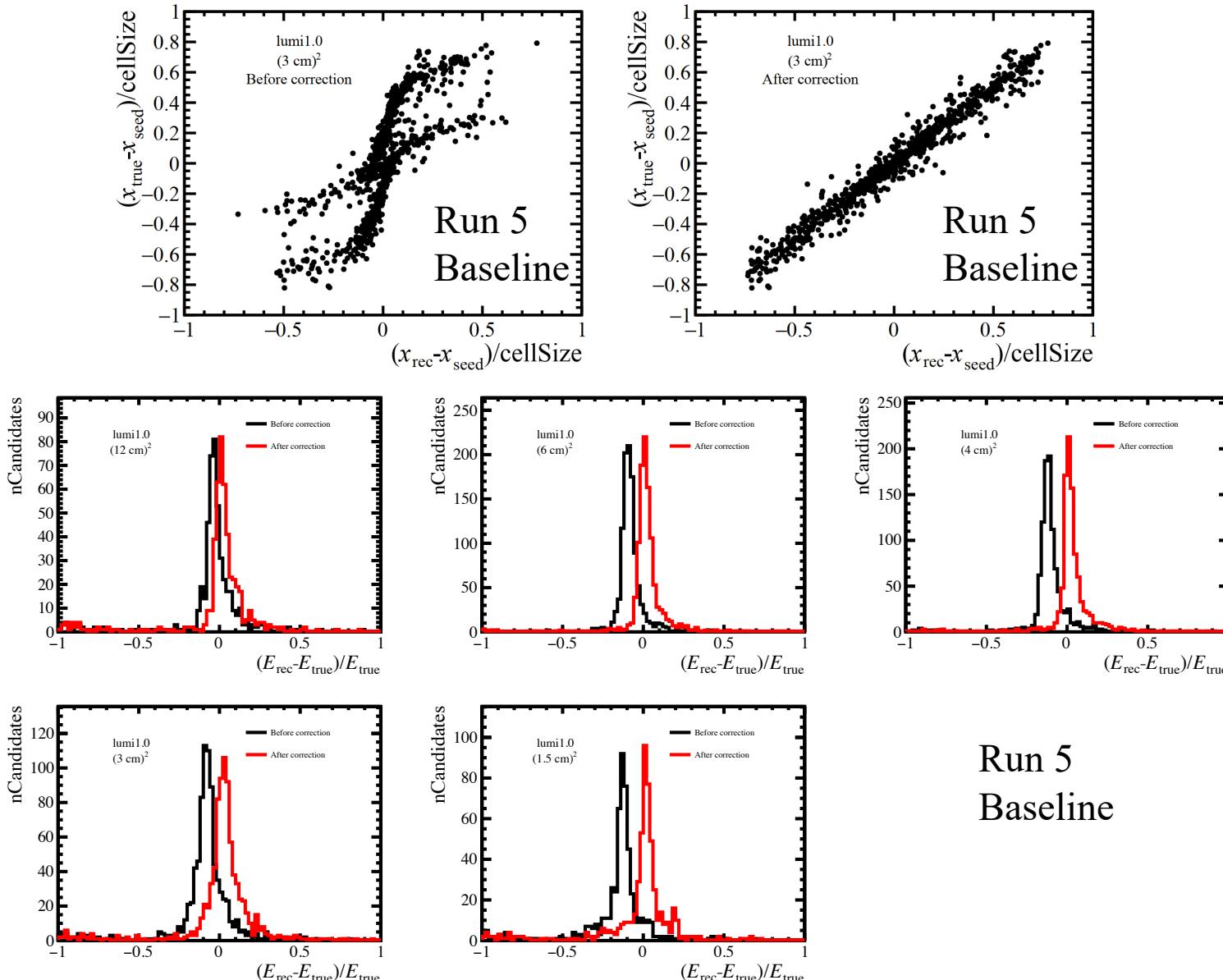
# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ photon truth match

- Truth-matched photons are used to study energy and timing resolution
  - photon match works well
  - signal mass peaks well reproduced without background



# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ corrected position and energy

- Both reconstructed position and energy after L, S and E-corrections are closer to the true values



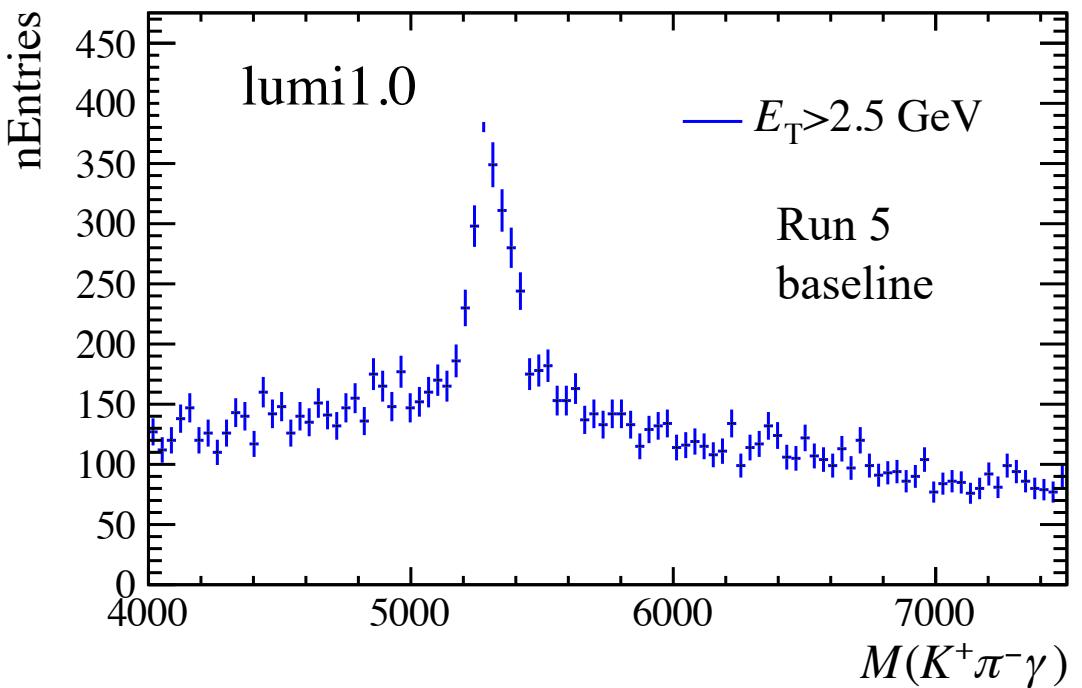
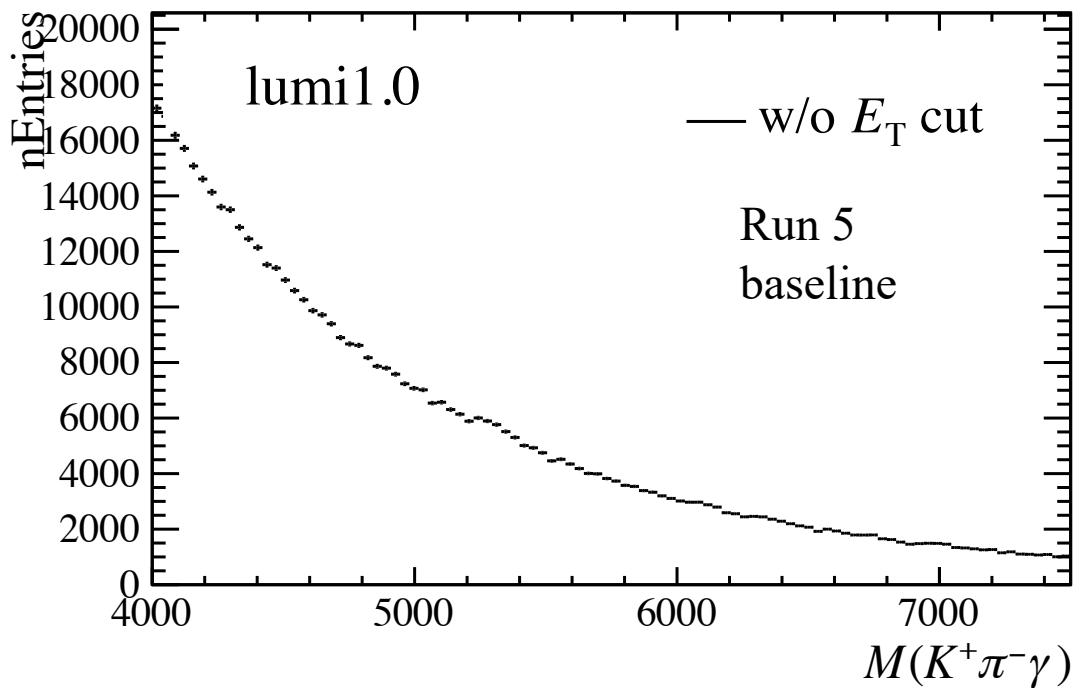
Run 5  
Baseline

# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ performance study

- To study the overall performance, additional  $K^+\pi^-$  backgrounds are added
  - $K^+\pi^-$  background fraction is fixed according to Run 2 data assuming the same tracking performance
  - $792 < M(K^+\pi^-) < 992 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
  - kaons and pions have  $p_T > 500 \text{ MeV}$  and momentum smeared as  $\frac{\delta p_{x,y,z}}{p_{x,y,z}} = 1\%$
- Several background components are considered
  - signal  $K^{*0}$  + background photon
  - background  $K^{*0}$  or combinatorial  $K^+\pi^-$  + signal/background photon

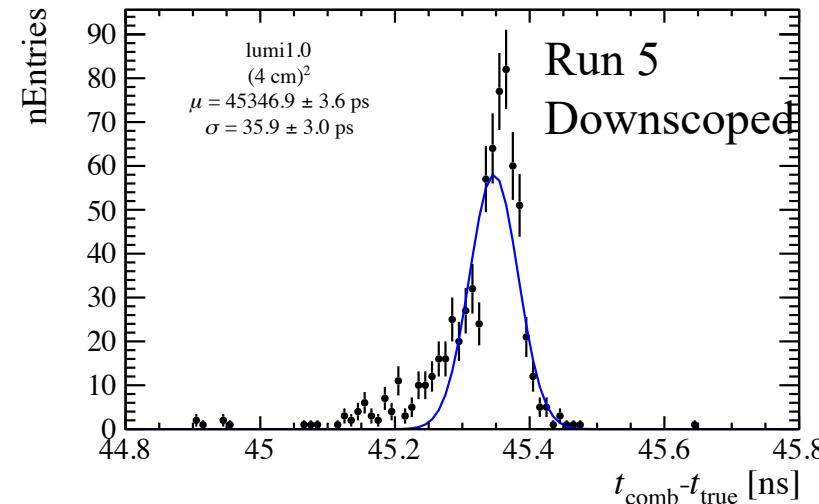
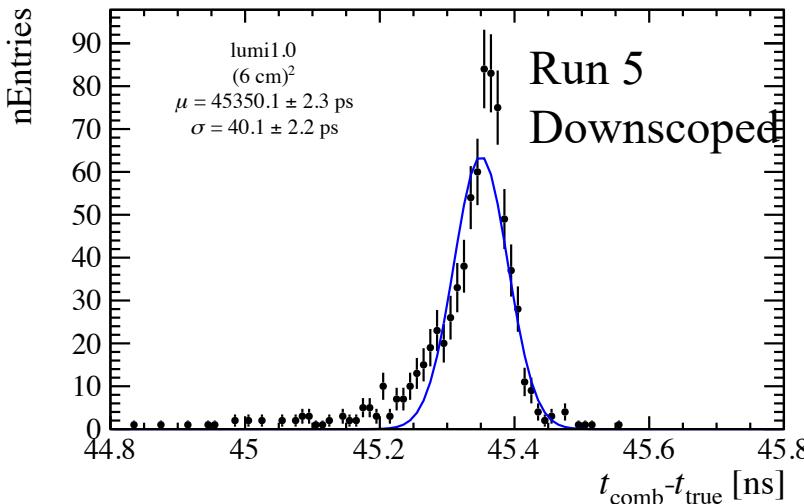
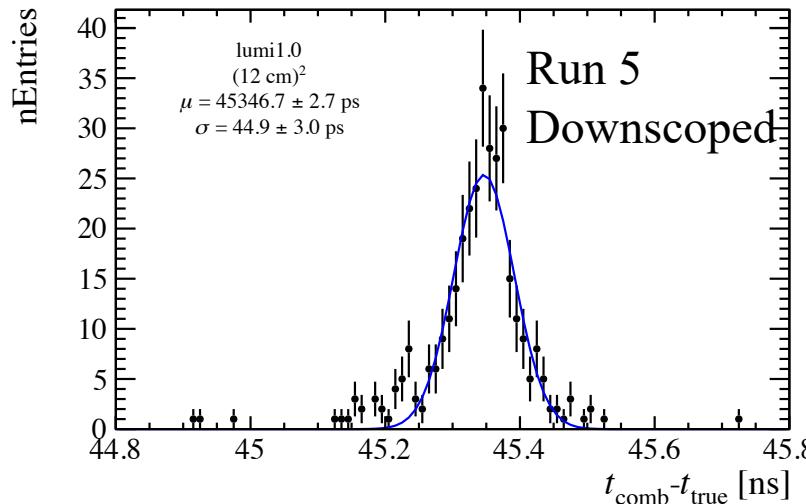
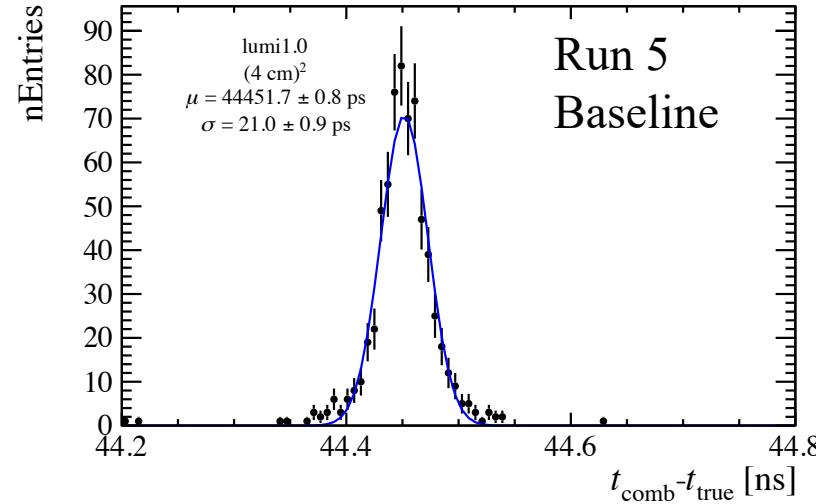
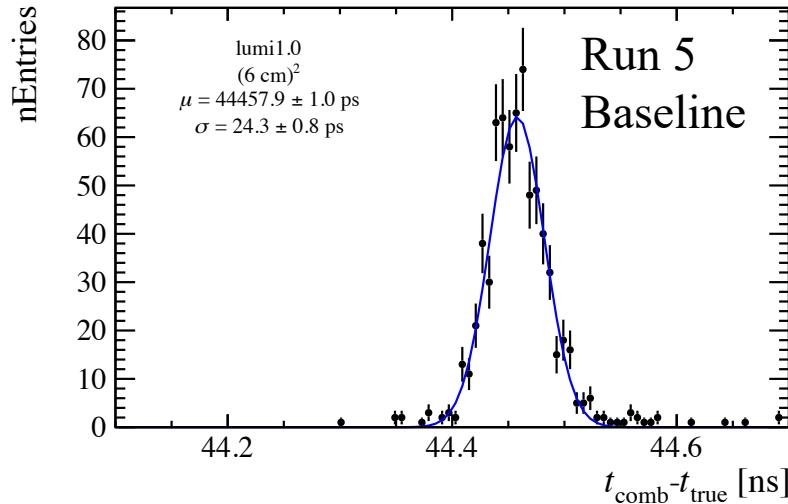
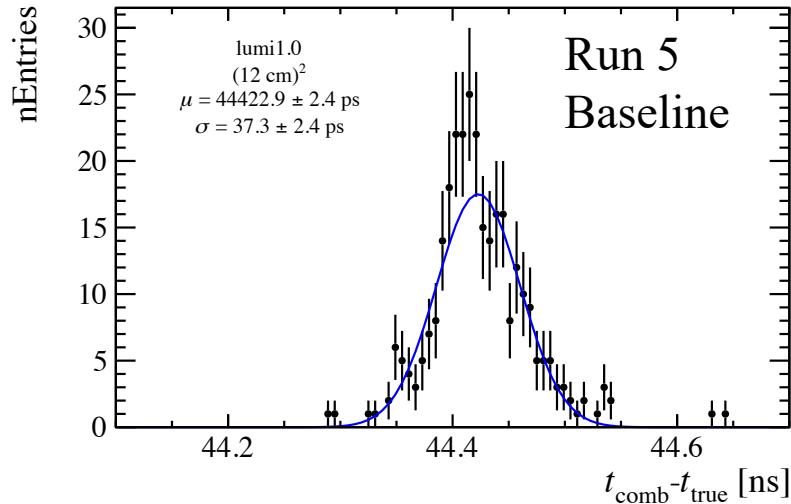
# Mass distributions with backgrounds

- The background level increases significantly after adding  $K^+\pi^-$  backgrounds
- With the application of the photon  $E_T$  cut, the signal peak can be effectively seen



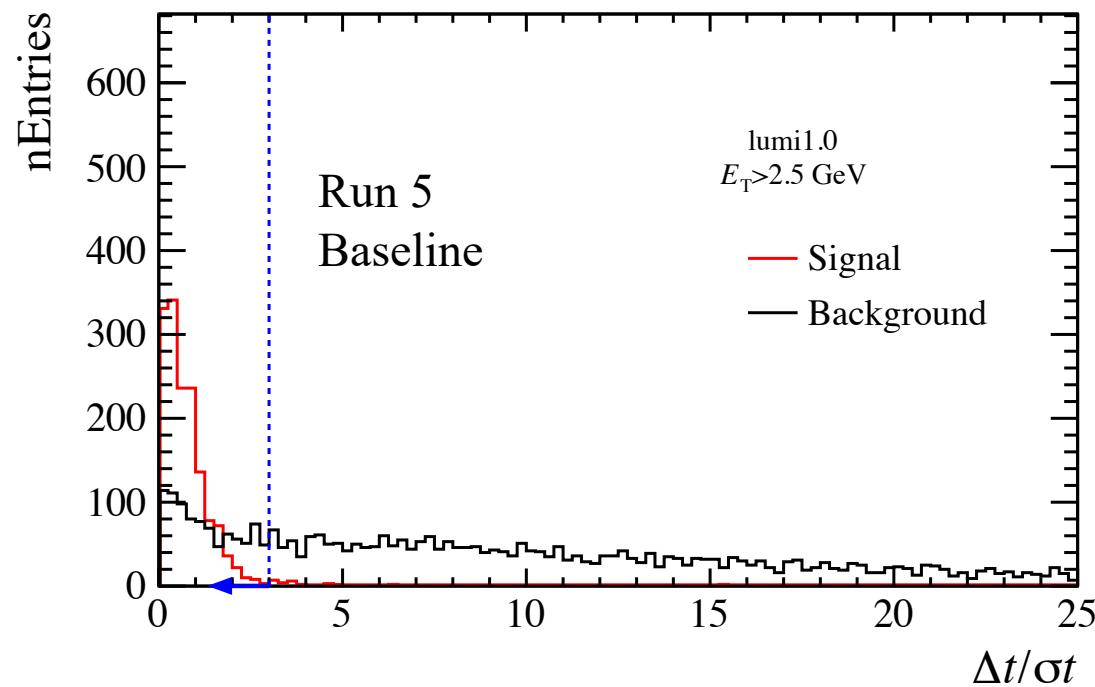
# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ timing resolution

- Timing resolution obtained as weighted average of front & back section time for Baseline
- Timing resolution degrades notably in Downscoped single-sided readout regions

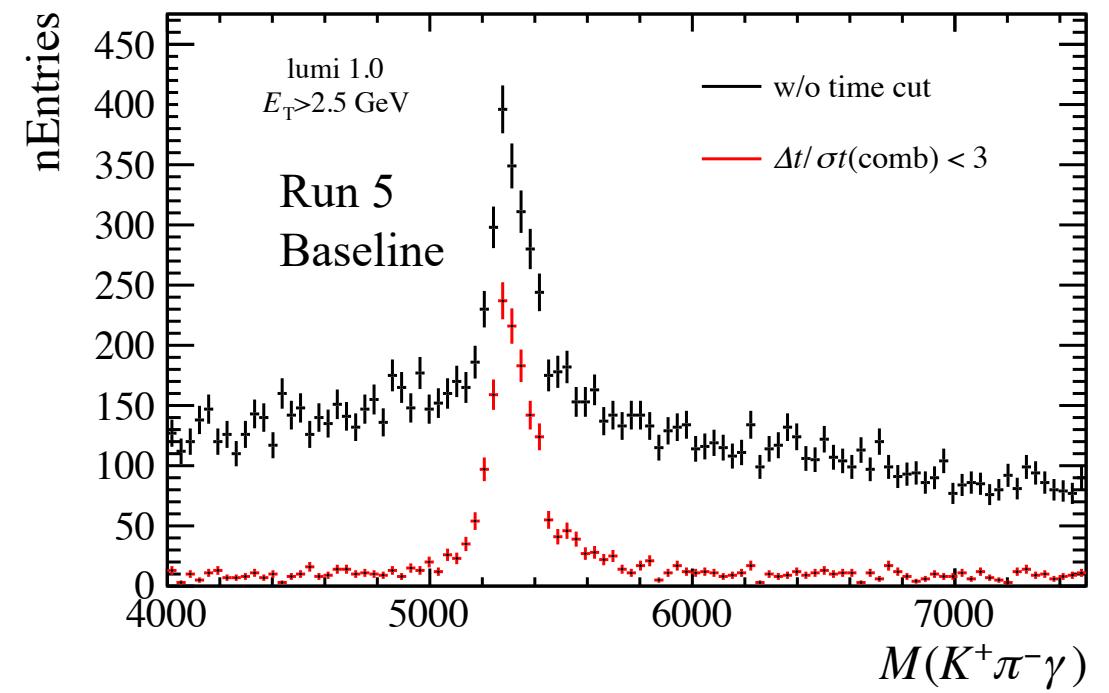


# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ timing cut

- A cut on the arrival time of the photon is effective to reduce the background

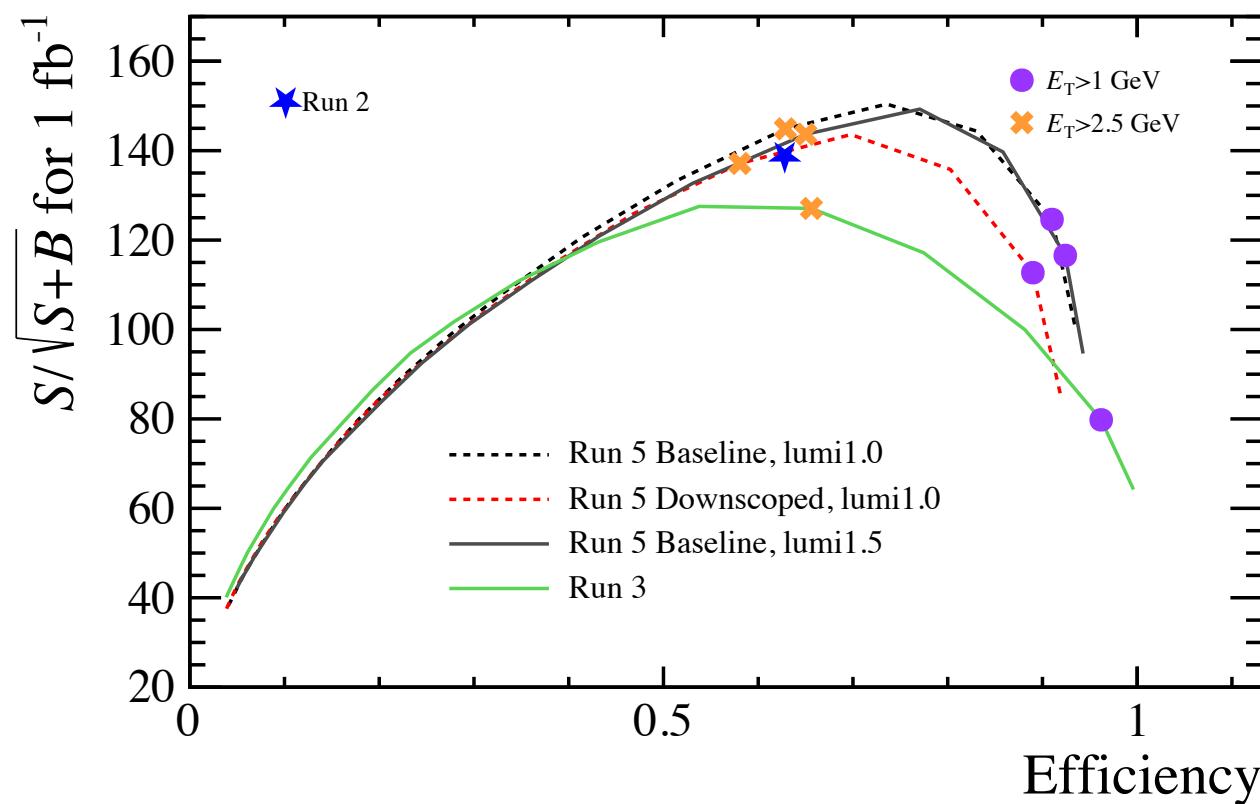


$$\Delta t = t_{\text{rec}} - (t_{\text{prod}} + t_{\text{flight}})$$



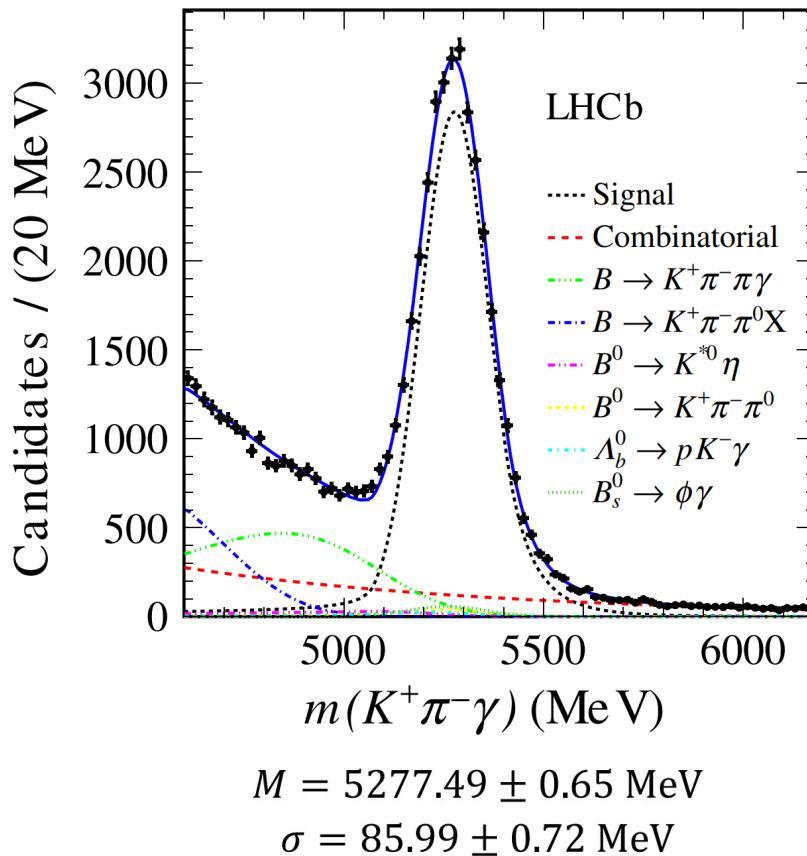
# Comparison of performance

- The performance is compared between different PicoCal scenarios
  - significance =  $S/\sqrt{S+B}$
- Higher peak luminosity in the Run 5 Baseline slightly reduces significance
- **Downscoped** configuration's poorer time resolution leads to decreased performance compared to the Baseline
- Run 5 scenarios, with timing cut, generally perform better than **Run 3** without it.
- It is promising to achieve the target performance of **Run 2** with Upgrade II.

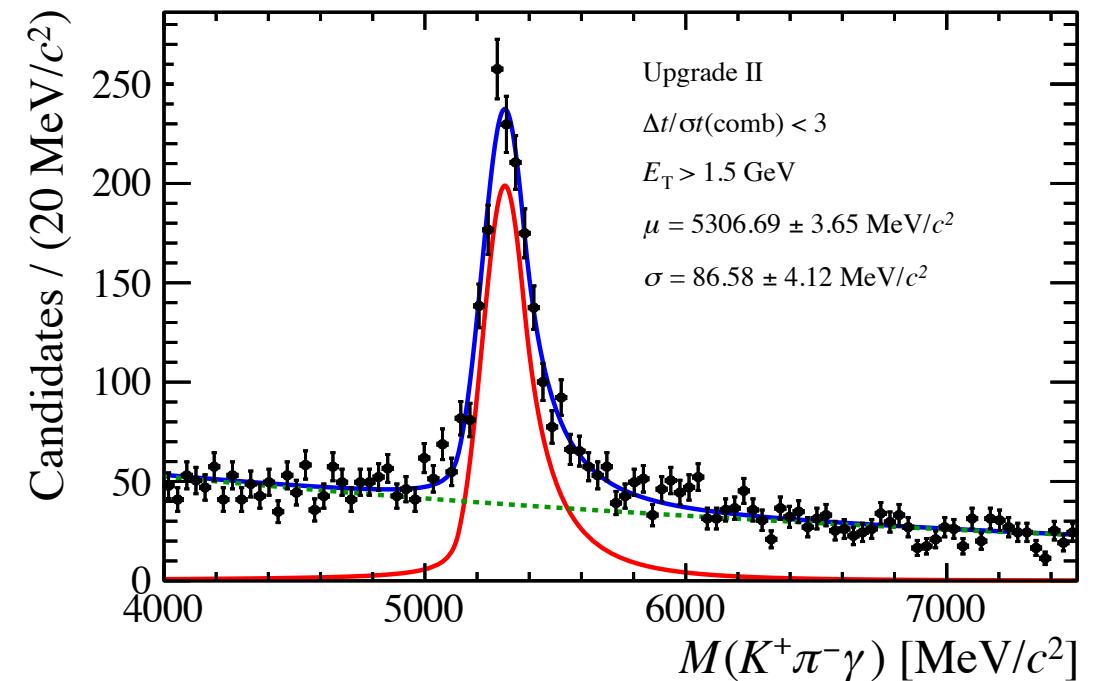


# $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ mass fit

- Run 2 [[Phys. Rev. Lett. 123 \(2019\) 031801](#)]



- Run 5 Baseline, lumi1.0



- Mass resolution close to the Run 2 result
- Mass peak shifted upwards due to pile-up

# Summary and Prospects

- The  $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$  decay is studied based on hybrid-MC framework for the ECAL Upgrade II
  - L, S and E-corrections for Upgrade II scenarios are calculated and applied
  - Good timing resolution is achieved and proven effective in reducing backgrounds
  - Performance studies outlined in the scoping document indicate the PicoCal design holds promise for achieving good performance
- Prospects
  - Clustering should fully harness the potential of longitudinal segmentation and timing information
  - The impact of timing resolution from the tracking system is being investigated through joint VELO-ECAL simulation

Thank you!