

Dihadron spin correlations in unpolarized high energy collisions

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The emergence of spin correlations through quantum entanglement in unpolarized high-energy collisions offers a unique opportunity to investigate spin-dependent fragmentation functions, even with unpolarized experiments. In a series of studies [1-5], we investigated the longitudinal and transverse spin correlations of back-to-back dihadrons produced in unpolarized e^+e^- , pp and ep collisions. We demonstrate the phenomenological application of quantum entanglements.

References

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