

# $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ improvements

Physics benchmarks

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In the crystal bar at the center of our ECAL barrel module, our resolution is at its lowest, expecially for higher energies



32-sided polygon: Interleaved arrangement of regular and inverted trapezoids.

Crack region generally at  $5.625^\circ = \frac{360^\circ}{32} \times \frac{1}{2}$  from the center of a module, covers around 3°



#### Crack Region study



## Other differential distributions

-> We also studied the Photon Energy Resolution and Photon Energy Scale relative to  $cos(\theta)$ 



3 values to be checked more in depth:  $|cos(\theta)| = 0, 0.1, 0.8$ 

### Specific cos values to check

For  $|\cos(\theta)| = 0.1, 0.8 \ (\theta = 84.26^{\circ} \& 95.74^{\circ}, 36.87^{\circ} \& 143.13^{\circ})$ 

We saw a clear an increase in resolution and decrease in scale which is explainable by the fact that these values are in crack regions (different types of crack regions)



->  $\theta = 84.26^{\circ}\&95.74^{\circ}$ : Crack region between two cells of ECAL ->  $\theta = 36.87^{\circ}\&143.13^{\circ}$ : Crack region between Barrel and Endcap

### Specific cos values to check

As for  $cos(\theta) = 0$  ( $\theta = 90^{\circ}$ ) Ratio of unconverted photons = 5.6%



-> This is due to interference with TPC Gas Chamber

## Differential distributions relative to $\phi$

225k events generated to scan the resolution evolution over a 22.5° variation of phi (0.1° step with  $\approx$  1k events)



Checking the differential distributions for  $cos(\theta)$  in crack region (  $94^{\circ} < \theta < 97^{\circ}$  )

Scanning resolution for  $\phi$  varying between two cracks

Using results from Energy Scale in diphoton channel for calibration in order to fix the shift in invariant mass

Calculating  $E_{ECAL}/E_{Total}$  to check for leakage