

Studies of CPV in B mesons at LHCb experiment

第5届LHCb前沿物理研讨会

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On behalf of LHCb collaboration



□ Introduction

□ LHCb recent CPV results in B decays

- * Measurement of A^{CP} in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+$ decay
- * Measurement of ϕ_S in $B_S^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ decay
- * Measurement of ϕ_S in $B_S^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ decay
- * Measurement of $\sin 2\beta$ in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi K_S^0$ decays

□ Summary

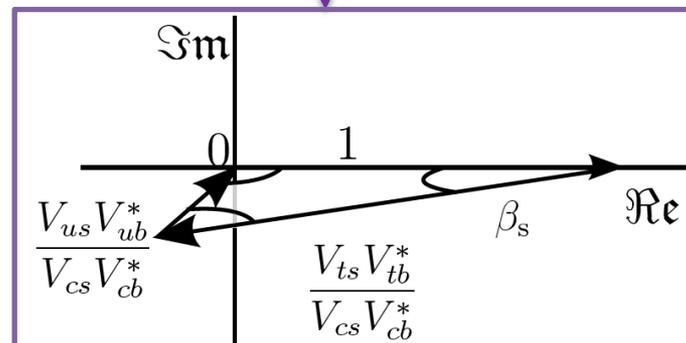
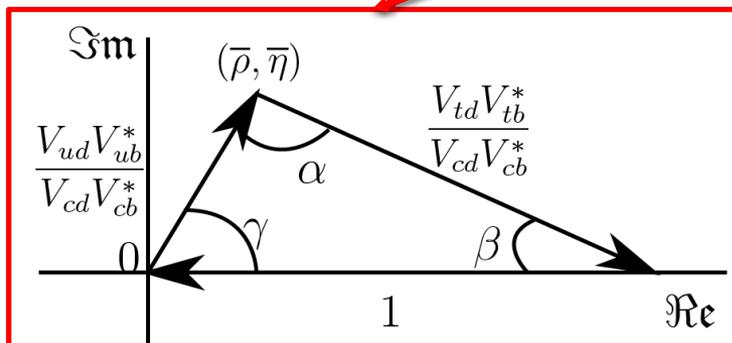
CKM in the Standard Model

- CPV is necessary for creating the matter-antimatter asymmetry
- CPV strength given by CKM in SM is too small to explain this asymmetry

Measuring CPV observables provides excellent tests of SM:
e.g. direct CPV A^{CP} , CKM angles $[\beta, \beta_s]$

$$V_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2} & \lambda & \lambda^3 e^{-i\gamma} \\ -\lambda & 1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2} & A\lambda^2 \\ \lambda^3 e^{-i\beta} & -\lambda^2 e^{-i\beta_s} & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

Wolfenstein parametrization $\lambda \approx 0.22$



□ Measurement of A^{CP} in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+$ decay

- ✓ Manshu Li, Shandong University, [Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 \(2025\) 101801](#)

□ Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ decay

- ✓ Peilian Li, UCAS, [Phys. Rev. Lett. 132 \(2024\) 051802](#)

□ Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ decay

- ✓ Kechen Li, HTU, [Phys. Rev. Lett. 131 \(2023\) 171802](#)

□ Measurement of $\sin 2\beta$ in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi K_S^0$ decays

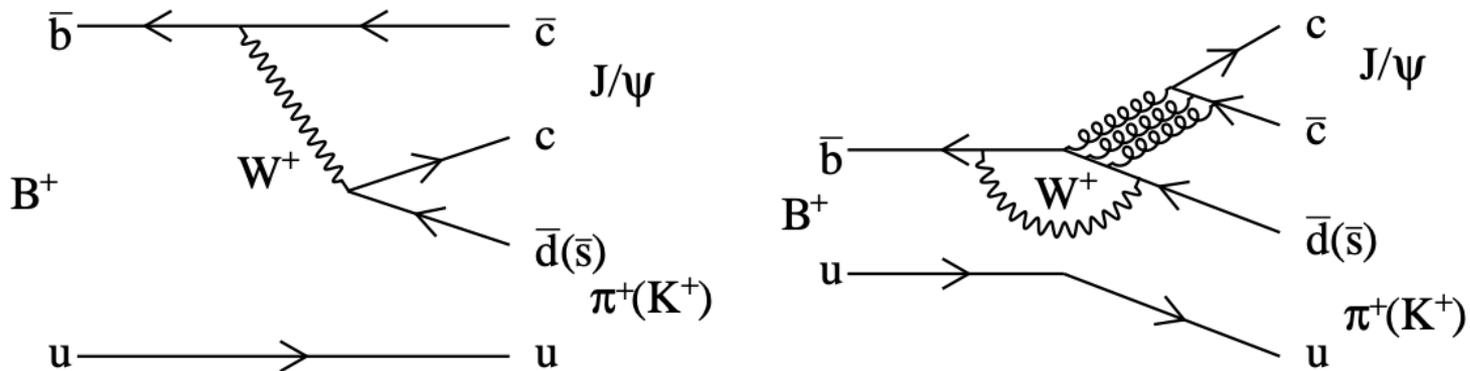
- ✓ Vukan Jevtic, TU Dortmund, [Phys. Rev. Lett. 132 \(2024\) 021801](#)

Measurement of A^{CP} in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+$ decay

□ CPV in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\pi^+(K^+)$ decays

- * expected CPV at $\mathcal{O}(1\%)$ for $J/\psi\pi^+$ and negligible CPV for $J/\psi K^+$
[PRD 49 (1994) 5904, PRD 52 (1995) 242]
- * ideal decay to search for direct CP violation in b decays to charmonium
- * control channel to estimate penguin effect on $\sin 2\beta$ measurement
[PRD 79 (2009) 014030, JHEP 03 (2015) 145]

$$\Delta A^{CP} = (a_{J\psi\pi}^{\text{raw}} - a_{J\psi K}^{\text{raw}}) - (a_{J\psi\pi}^{\text{det}} - a_{J\psi K}^{\text{det}}) - (a_{J\psi\pi}^{\text{PID}} - a_{J\psi K}^{\text{PID}})$$
$$a = (N^- - N^+) / (N^- + N^+)$$



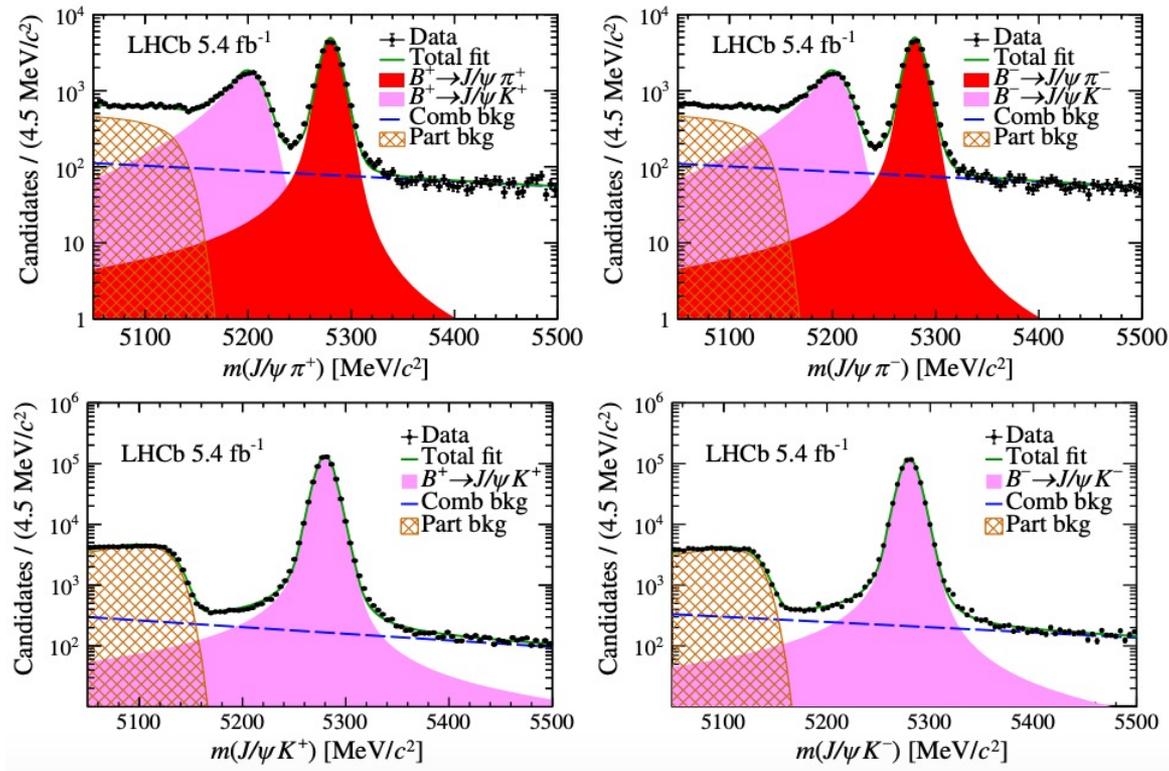
Measurement of A^{CP} in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+$ decay

Measured results

$$\Delta A^{CP} = (1.29 \pm 0.49 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-2} \text{ (Run 2)}$$

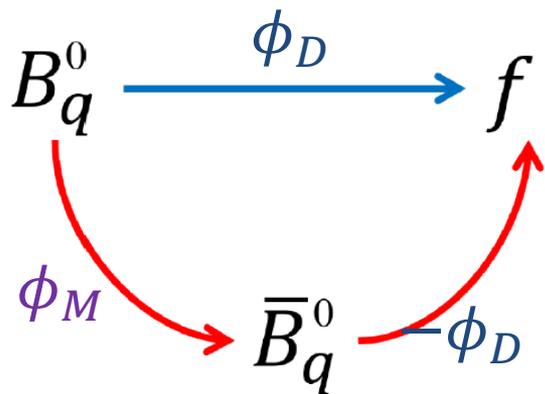
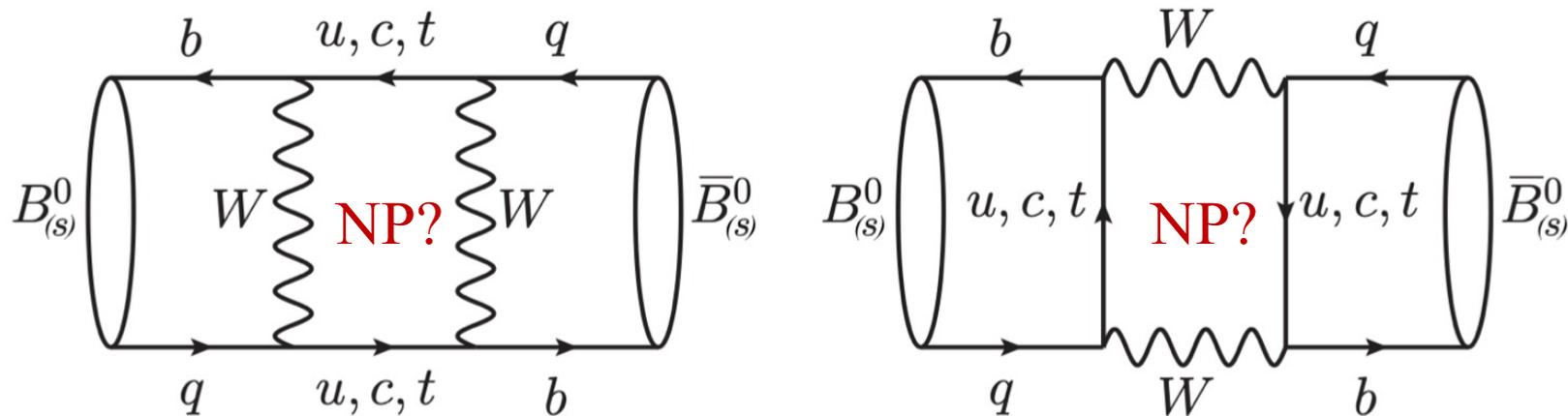
$$\Delta A^{CP} = (1.42 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-2} \text{ (Run 1+2)}$$

\Rightarrow 1st evidence (3.2σ) for direct CPV in the beauty decays to charmonium final states.



CPV in neutral B mesons

CPV of interference between mixing and decay

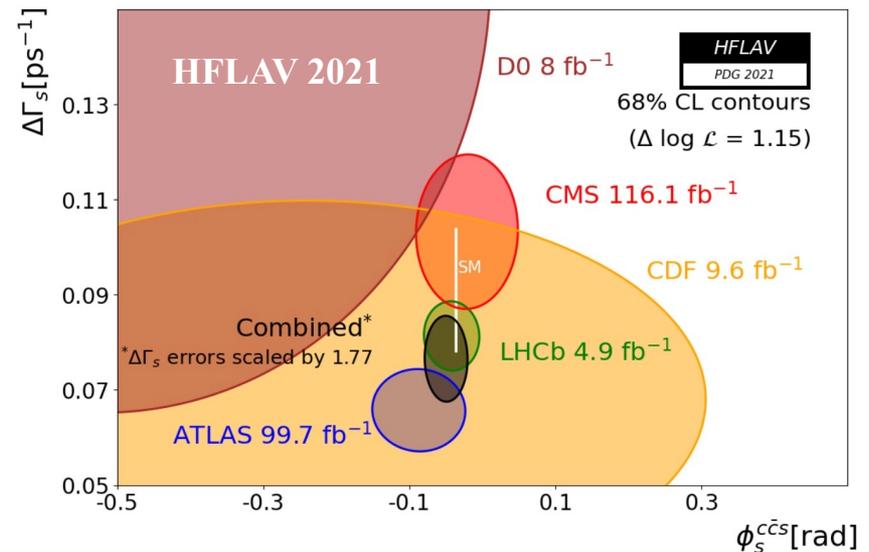
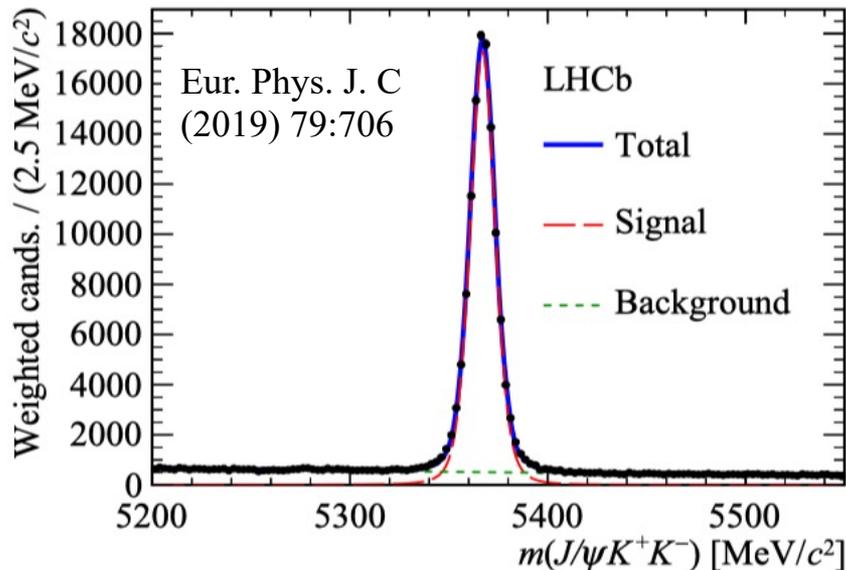


Weak phase $\phi_q = \phi_M - 2\phi_D$
 $\phi_s = -2\beta_s, \phi_d = 2\beta$
 $\Delta m_q, \Gamma_q, \Delta\Gamma_q \dots$

Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ decay

□ ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$ decay

- * precise prediction for $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$ decays, $\phi_s^{\text{tree}} = -2\beta_s = -37.0_{-0.5}^{+0.6}$ mrad [CKM fitter]
- * a stringent test of SM and a sensitive probe to NP in B_s^0 mixing
- * golden channel to measure $\phi_s = \phi_s^{\text{tree}} + \Delta\phi_s^{\text{penguin}} + \Delta\phi_s^{\text{NP}}$
- * previous average $\phi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = -50 \pm 19$ mrad [HFLAV 2021]



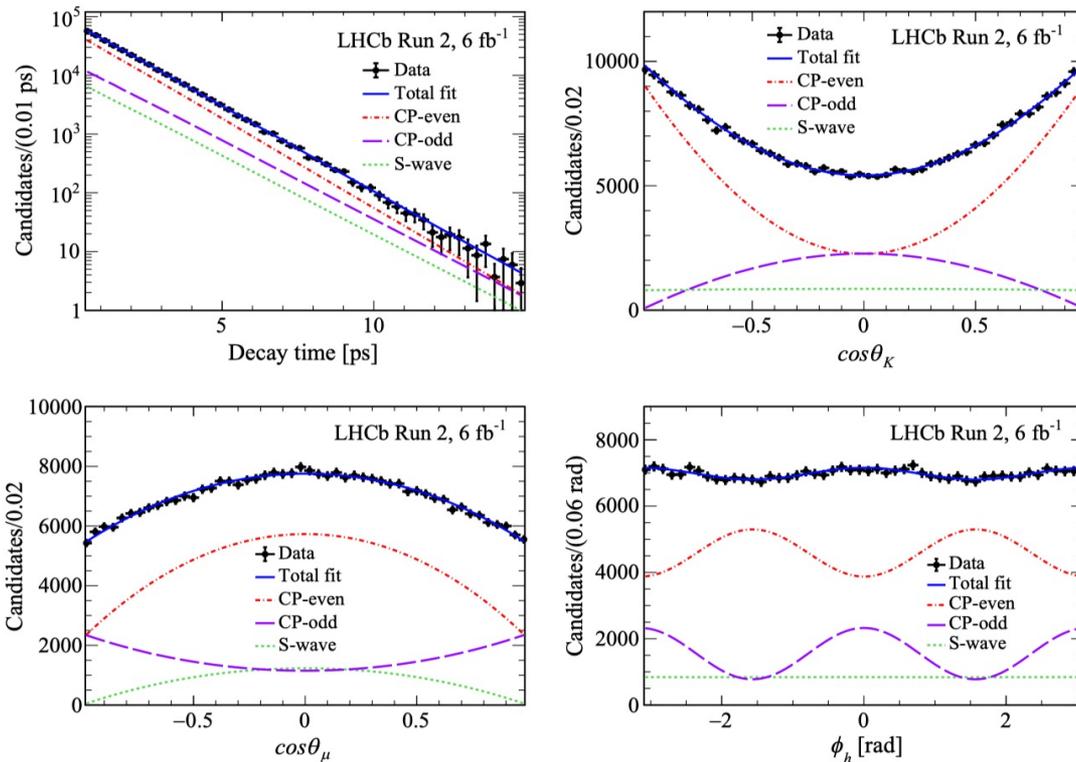
Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ decay

Perform a time-dependent angular analysis

$$\phi_s^{J/\psi\phi} = -39 \pm 22 \pm 6 \text{ mrad}$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_s^{J/\psi\phi} = 0.085 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

- consistent with SM, no CPV observed
- most precise measurement



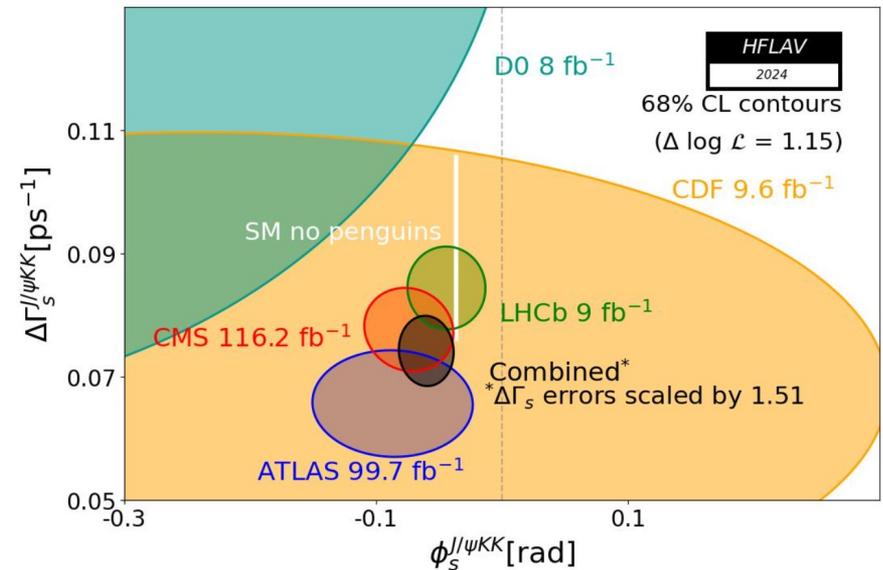
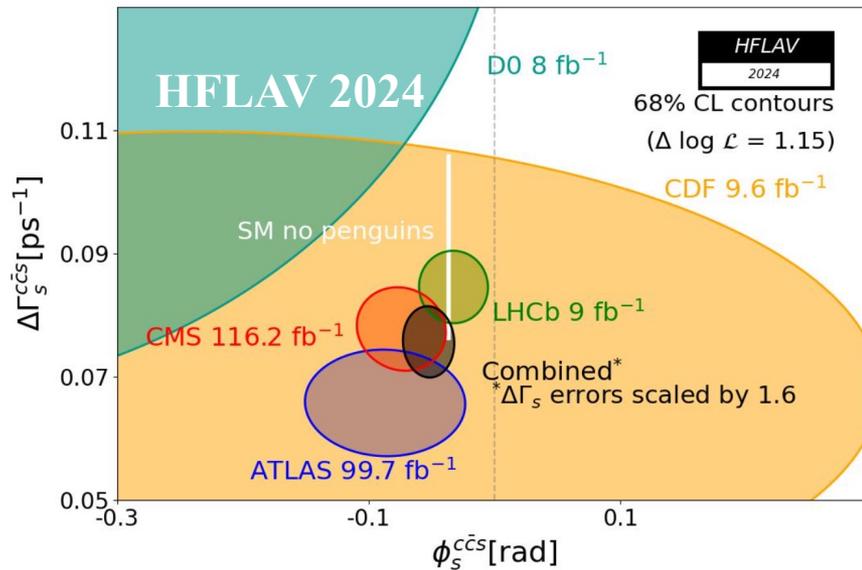
Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ decay

Latest combined results

$$\phi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = -52 \pm 13 \text{ mrad}$$

$$\phi_s^{J/\psi\phi} = -60 \pm 14 \text{ mrad}$$

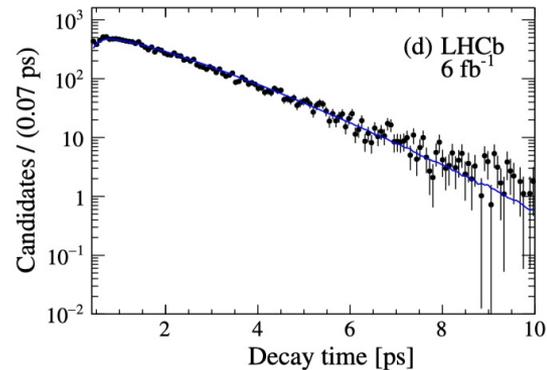
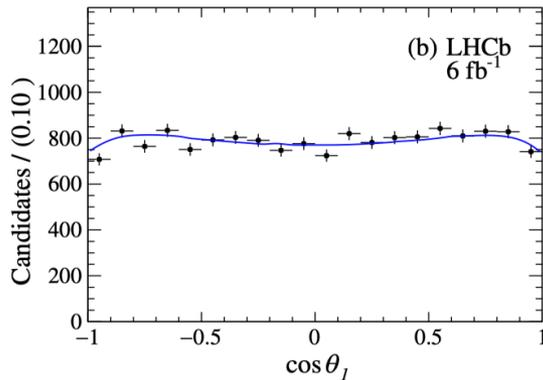
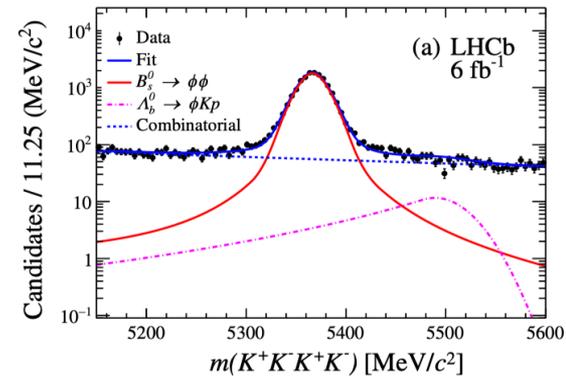
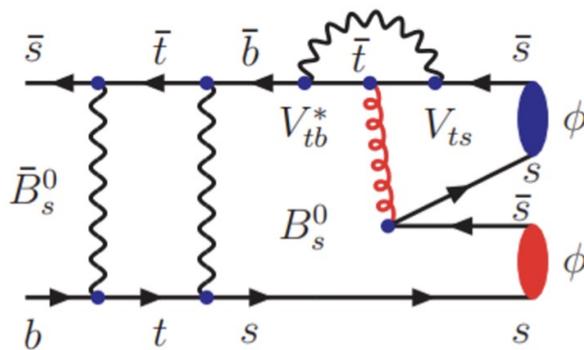
\Rightarrow 1st evidence for CPV



Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ decay

□ ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi(K^+K^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$ decay

- * penguin-dominated decay via $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$
- * **close to zero** due to a cancellation of mixing and decay weak phases
- * sensitive probe to NP in mixing and decay



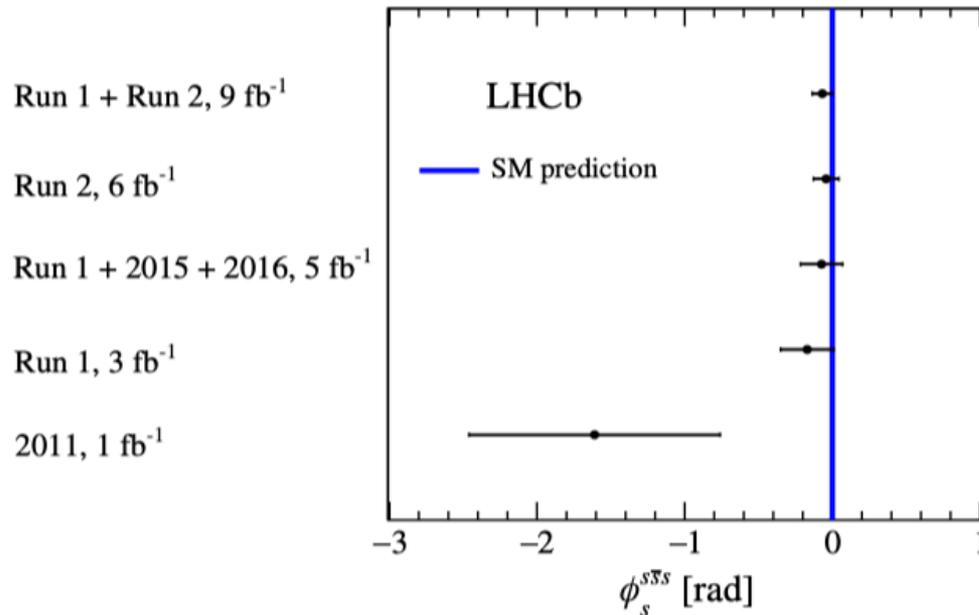
Measurement of ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ decay

Measured results

$$\phi_s^{s\bar{s}s} = -42 \pm 75 \pm 9 \text{ mrad (Run 2)}$$

$$\phi_s^{s\bar{s}s} = -74 \pm 69 \text{ mrad (Run 1+2)}$$

- consistent with SM, no CPV observed
- most precise measurement



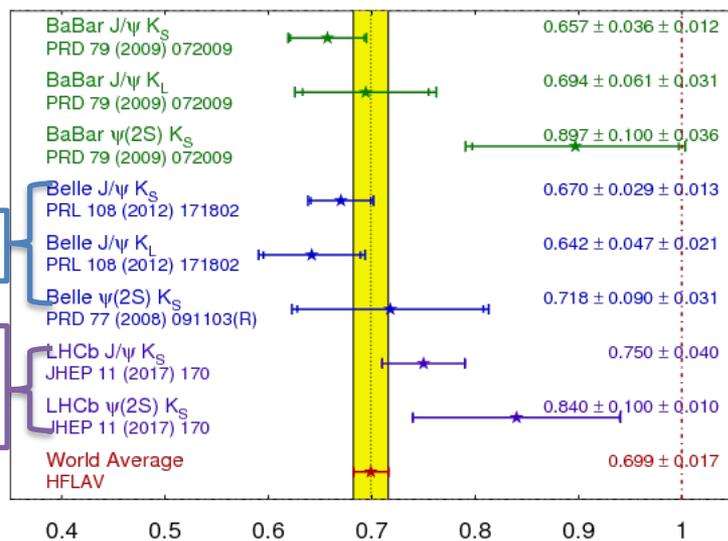
Measurement of $\sin 2\beta$ in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi K_S^0$ decays

□ $\sin 2\beta$ in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi K_S^0 (\pi^+ \pi^-)$ decay

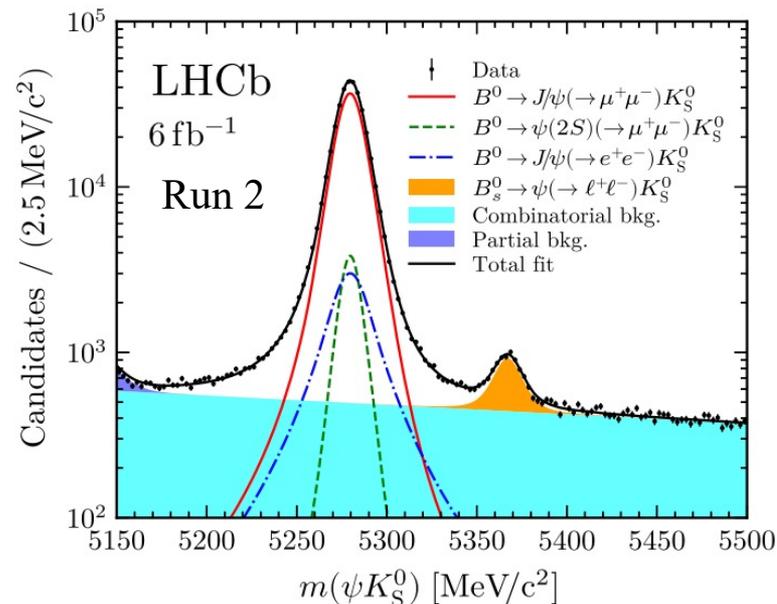
- * precise prediction $\sin 2\beta^{\text{tree}} = 0.7155^{+0.0079}_{-0.0071}$ [CKM fitter]
- * golden channel to measure $\sin 2\beta = \sin(2\beta^{\text{tree}} + \Delta\phi_d^{\text{penguin}} + \Delta\phi_d^{\text{NP}})$
- * previous average $\sin 2\beta = 0.699 \pm 0.017$ [HFLAV 2021]

Dominated by Belle

$$\sin(2\beta) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1) \quad \text{HFLAV 2021}$$



Update with 3 channels



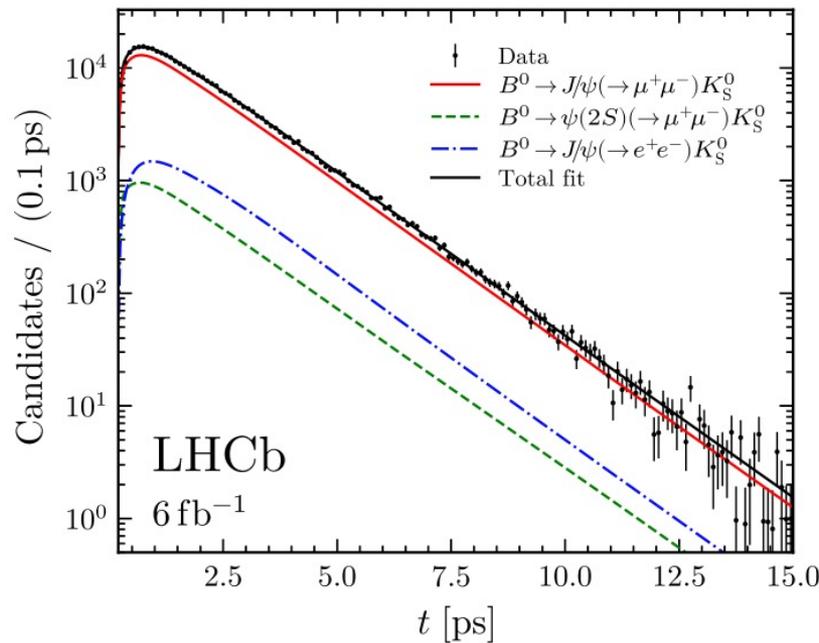
Measurement of $\sin 2\beta$ in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi K_S^0$ decays

Perform a time-dependent analysis

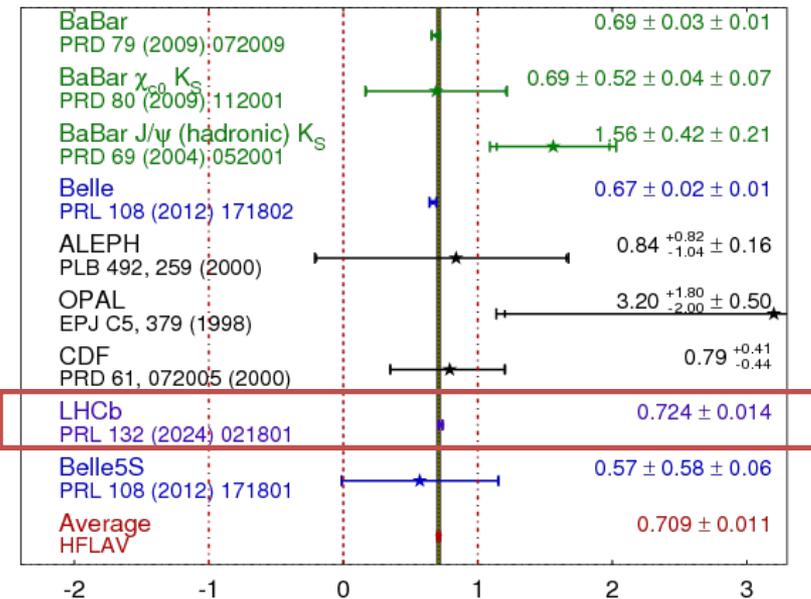
$$\sin 2\beta = 0.717 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.008 \text{ (Run 2)}$$

$$\sin 2\beta = 0.724 \pm 0.014 \text{ (Run 1+2)}$$

- consistent with SM
- 1st time to dominate this measurement



$\sin(2\beta) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1)$ **HFLAV**
Moriond 2024
PRELIMINARY



□ **LHCb performed CPV studies in B decays with full Run 2 data, giving the most precise measurements:**

- ✓ A^{CP} in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+$ decay, 1st evidence
- ✓ ϕ_S in $B_S^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ and $B_S^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ decays
- ✓ $\sin 2\beta$ in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi K_S^0$ decays, 1st time to dominate

□ **Prospects for Run 3 (2024-2026) :**

- ✓ chance to observe CPV in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+$ decay
- ✓ chance to see an evidence for ϕ_S @ LHCb
- ✓ chance to observe CPV for ϕ_S @ LHC



Backup

Controlling the penguin effects

- $\sigma(\phi_s) \sim 0.016$ comparable with the estimation of $\Delta\phi_s^{\text{penguin}} \sim 1^\circ \approx 0.017$
 → Better control of penguin effect necessary!
- Combined analysis of penguin contributions in ϕ_s and ϕ_d , using SU(3) flavor symmetry
 J.Phys.G 48 (2021) 6, 065002
- More experimental measurements come soon!

$$\phi_d = \sin(2\beta^{\text{tree}}) + \Delta\phi_d^{\text{penguin}} + \phi_d^{\text{NP}}$$

$$\phi_s = \phi_s^{\text{tree}} + \Delta\phi_s^{\text{penguin}} + \phi_s^{\text{NP}}$$

