

LIDINE 2025

Prototyping DarkSide-20k

ReD

~200 g LAr TPC 24+4 Ch SiPM Readout @ INFN Naples, INFN Catania, LNS

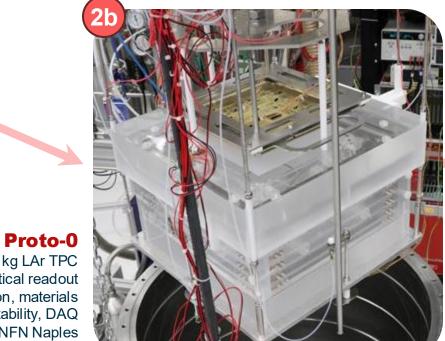


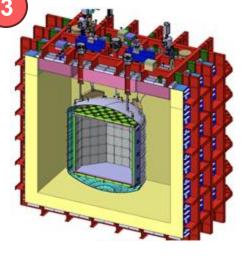


Next talk by Paolo Salomone

Mockup

800 kg LAr TPC No optical readout Test assembly, fields, cryogenics @ LNGS

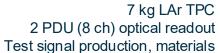




DarkSide-20k

50 ton LAr TPC 524 PDU optical readout @ LNGS

Previous talks by Ako Jamil and Marek Walczak



cryogenics, PDU stability, DAQ @ INFN Naples





General Overview

- Electroluminescence versus geometry, pressure and fields
- Shed light on S2 non-uniformity
- Test new technologies: materials, coatings, PDUs
- Test triggerless DAQ

The TPC of Proto-0

~7 kg active mass TPC

12 cm drift

Square geometry

Acrylic parts with Clevios coatings

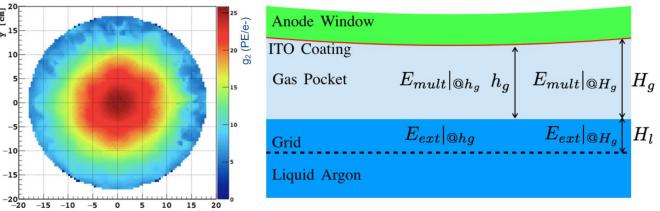
Movable diving bell / bubbler

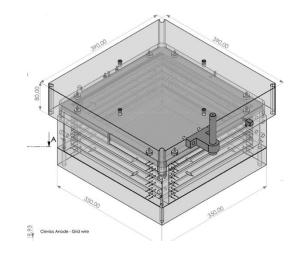
DS-20k style grid (*)

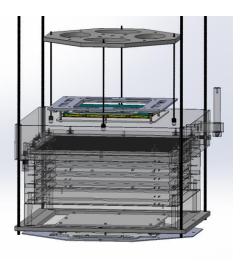
Two PDUs for optical readout

2024					
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Parts procurement	Cryogenic system commissioning	TPC Assembly warm tests	Cold Campaign Commissioning		

S2 disuniformity in DS50. Possibly explained by anode sagging.



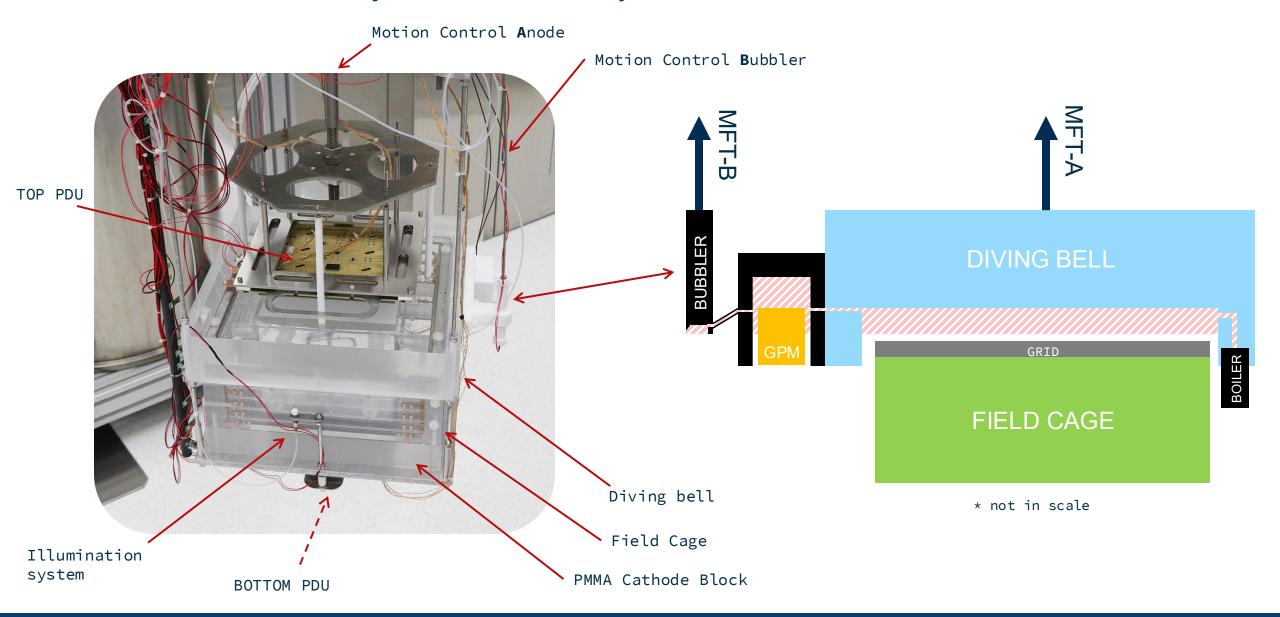




2025					
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
System upgrades	Cold Campaig		nalysis, upgrades		



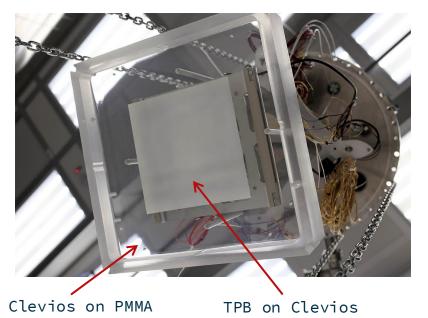
The TPC of Proto-0: Adjustable Geometry



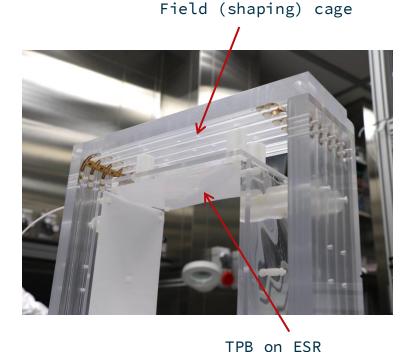




The TPC of Proto-0: Construction materials and details







- PMMA (Acrylic) components
- 10 nm Clevios coating (Anode and Cathode)
- TPB WLS (3 um) evaporated on Clevios
- Wire grid for drift/extraction field decoupling
- 200 um diameter wires
- 3 mm pitch

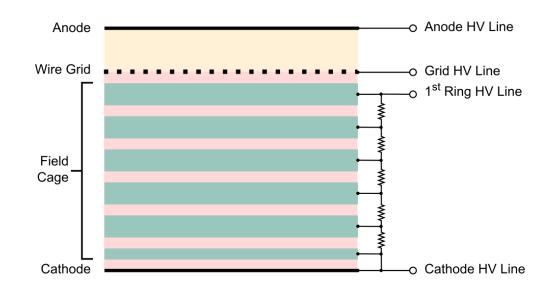
- 20x20x12 cm³ active volume
- Enclosed by ESR reflector foils evaporated with 3 um TPB
- within field shaping rings made of Clevios on PMMA panels



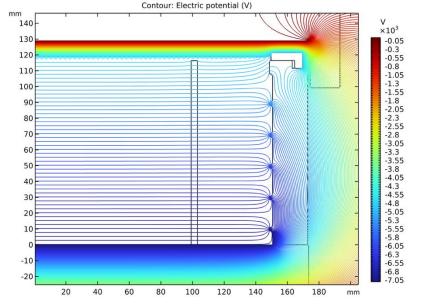


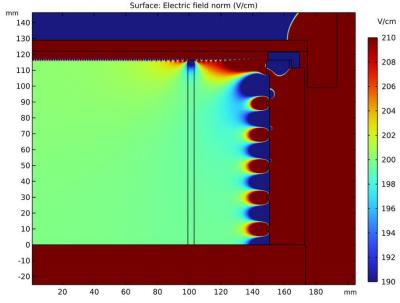
Field Generation

- Anode: Clevios (10 nm)
 - Positive, up to 4kV
- Cathode: Clevios (10 nm)
 - Negative, up to -12kV
- Grid: SS Wire Grid
- Field shaping rings:
 - 100 nm Clevios
 - Precision voltage divider, 1.25G0hm total
- Tested drift fields up to 1000 V/cm
- Electroluminescence field up to 6.7 kV/cm
- COMSOL predicted uniformity of ~1% in the active volume



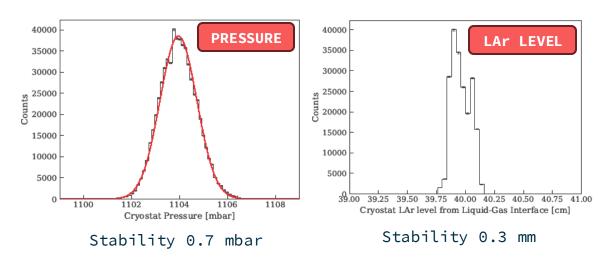


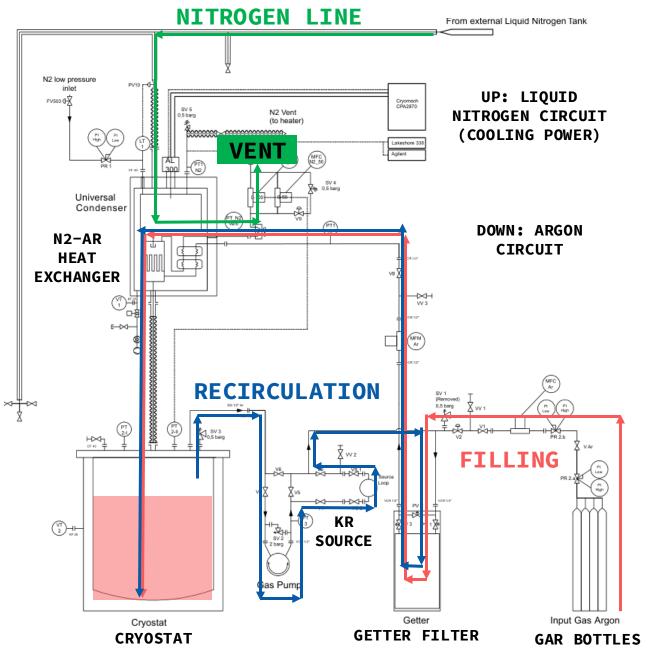




The Cryogenic System

- Condensation tower:
 - 200 L Cryostat in ISO6 cleanroom
 - LN-heat exchanger for noble-gas liquefaction running either on LN or GN condensed with a cold-head
 - SAES Getter Molecular filter for purification
 - Sub-mbar cryostat pressure stability
 - LabView + Midas slow control systems
 - Gaseous source injection system
 - Filling speed 65 slpm (5 L/h of LAr)

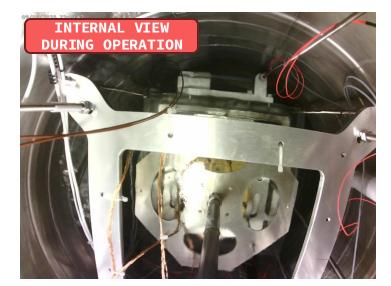


















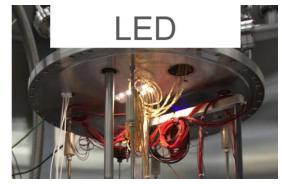
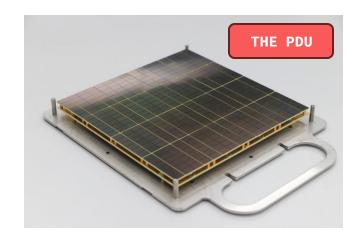


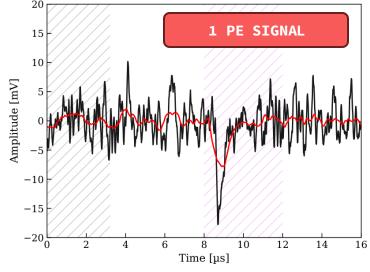


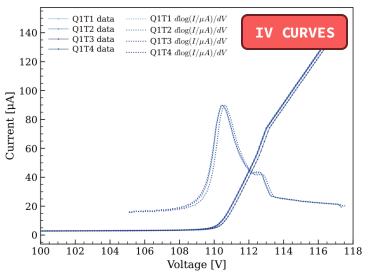


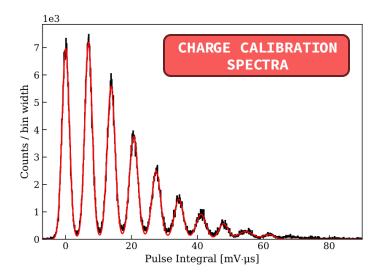
Photo-Electronics in Proto-0

- 2 pre-production PDUs for optical readout in Proto-0
- Qualified in LN at the PDU
 Test Facility See talk by D. Rudik
- Operated at 7V overvoltage
- PDU Specifics
 - 20x20 cm² active surface
 - 384 NUV-HD-Cryo SiPMs
 - 4 total differential channels (100 cm² per ch.)
 - 7 V o.v. ↔ ~140V PDU bias (partitioned across 4 SiPMs)
- 1PE Ampl. ~14 mV (7V o.v.)
- SNR~6 $\left(\frac{Amp \, 1_{PE}}{baseline \, rms} \, \Theta \, 7V \, \text{o.v.}\right)$









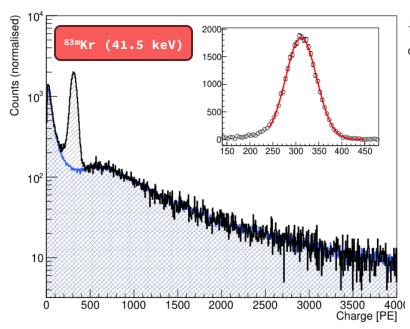






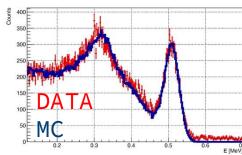
Single phase characterization

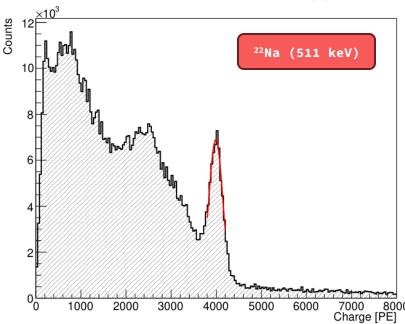
Light Yield at null field LY(7V o.v.) = 5.2 PE/keV

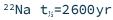


- 83Rb (solid) t₁₈=90d \rightarrow 83mKr (gas) t₁₅=2h
- → (diffusion in LAr)
- → 41.5 keV emission





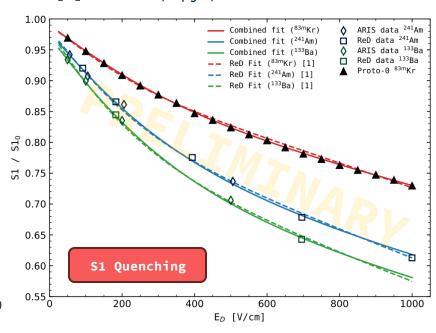




- \rightarrow β + emitter
- → 2 back-to-back γs
- → 511 keV emission



[1] 10.1140/epjc/s10052-021-09801-6







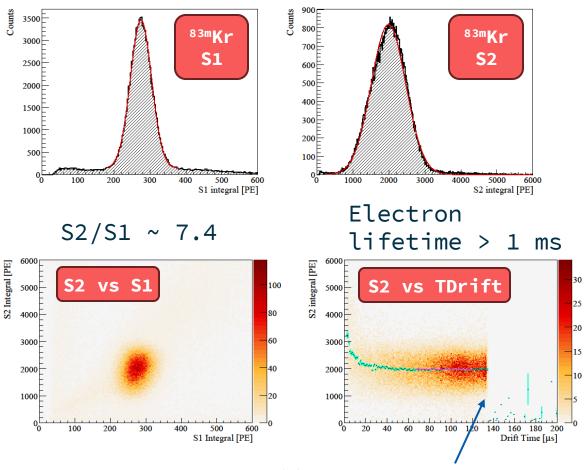


Two-phase characterization

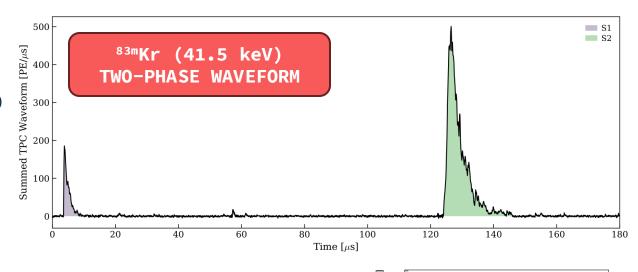
Fields: Gas 5200 kV/cm / Drift: 200 V/cm

Gas Pocket size: 7.0(2) mm (3.0(2) mm LAr above grid)

Gas Pocket pressure: 1160(11) mbar

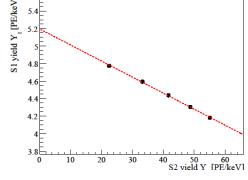


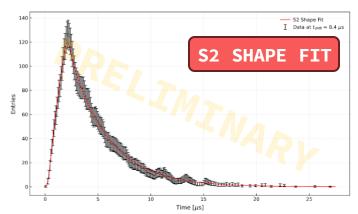
Sharp drift time max. ~133.5(1) us \rightarrow $\mathbf{v_e}$ = 0.899 mm/us (theoretical at 88.5K, 200V/cm: $\mathbf{v_e}$ = 0.899 mm/us [lar.bnl.gov]



Doke Plot Analysis g1 ~ 0.10 PE/ph g2 ~ 6 PE/e⁻ $(W_{ph} = 19.5(10) \text{ eV})$

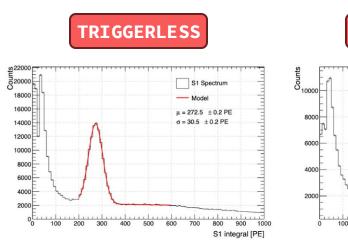
* Not directly compatible with DS20K due to different optical efficiency

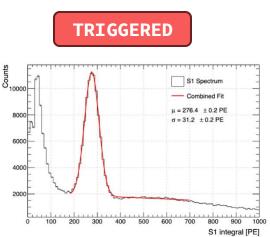


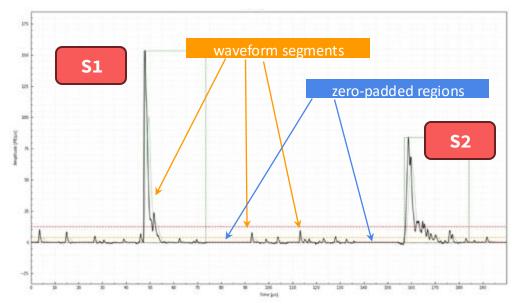


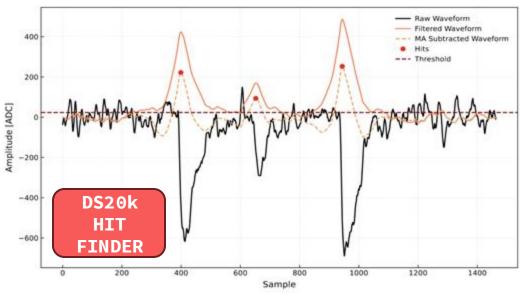
Triggerless DAQ Tests

- PDU signals digitized with CAEN VX2745 (as DS20k): 16 bit, 125 MS/s, 64 channels, IDR 4 V
- Custom firmware via OpenFPGA inspired to DS-20k DAQ system
- Trigger based on individual channel Time over Threshold
- Test bench for the triggerless acquisition foreseen for DS-20k











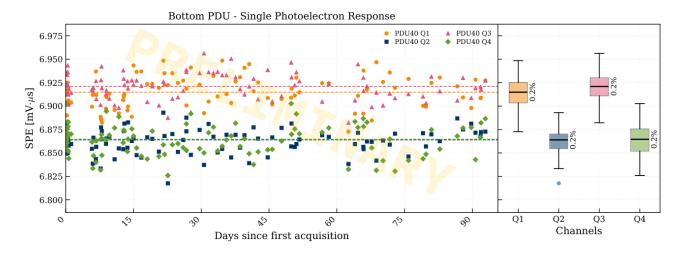


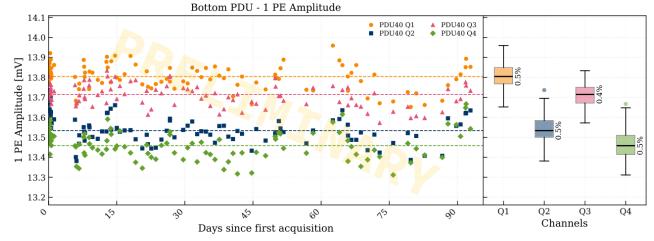
Long term PDU stability analysis

- Key parameters stable over 3 months
- No ageing effect or drift

Highest relative variations reported for:

- 1 PE Charge: 0.4%
- 1 PE Amplitude: 0.8%
- Signal-to-Noise Ratio: < 1%
- Baseline fluctuations: 0.08%





Electroluminescence study

 Study EL Photon Yield (Y) vs pressure, geometry and fields

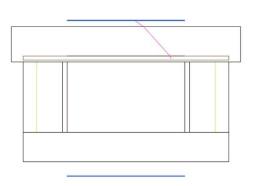
Gain definition: $\langle S2 \rangle = g_2 N_e$

Signal formation: $\langle S2 \rangle = h_{GP} Y \varepsilon^{S2} N_e$

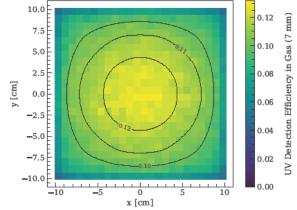
 $\rightarrow Y = \frac{1}{h_{GP}} \frac{g_2}{\varepsilon^{S2}}$ From Doke plot or single electron signals

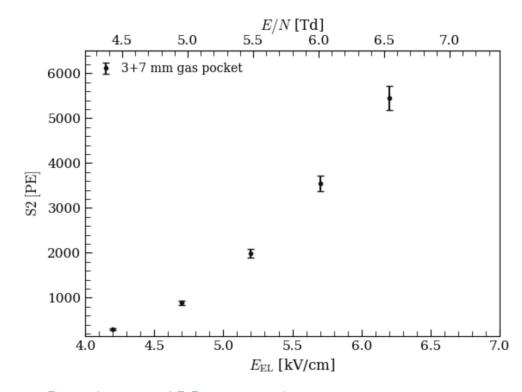
 h_{GP} from capacitive level meter

(0.2 mm resolution)



Detection efficiency from Monte Carlo





- Analysis still ongoing to extract Y in all tested configurations
- Future run: investigate EL with two internal sources (83mKr 41.5 keV and 241Am 59.5 keV)
- Improve several aspects to reduce systematics

Conclusions

- Proto-0 is a key asset for the DarkSide-20k
 - Provides feedback on materials, photosensors, cryogenics, daq, offline analysis
 - Small scale demonstrator of final design choice of DS-20k
 - Complementarity with Mockup program
- Electroluminescence data acquired, analysis ongoing
- Objective of the next runs:
 - Shed light on systematics
 - Study EL with lower energy emission
 - Integrate and test DarkSide-20k DCS system









