

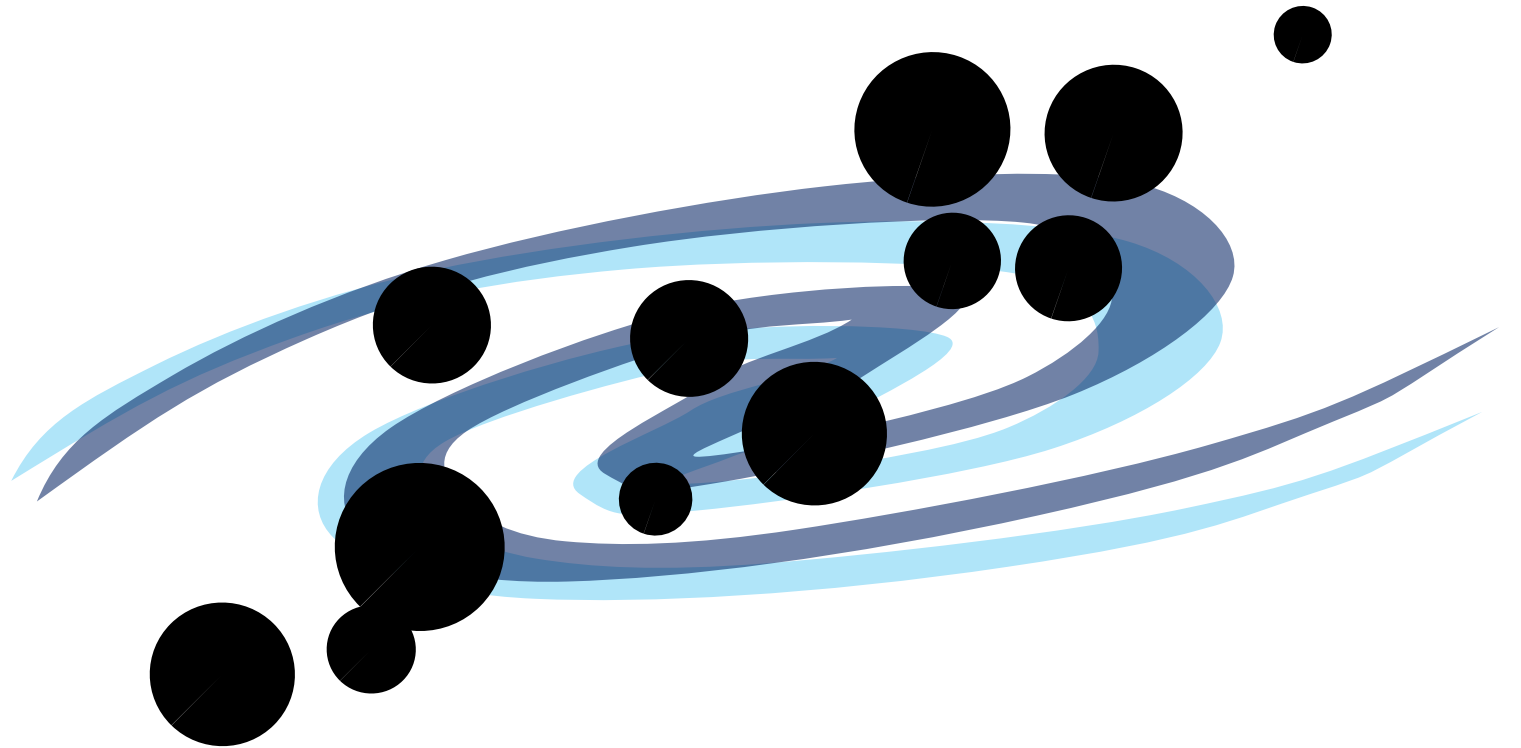
COMPOSITE DM AND COLLIDER PHENOMENOLOGY

Lingfeng Li
李凌风

ICTP-AP, UCAS

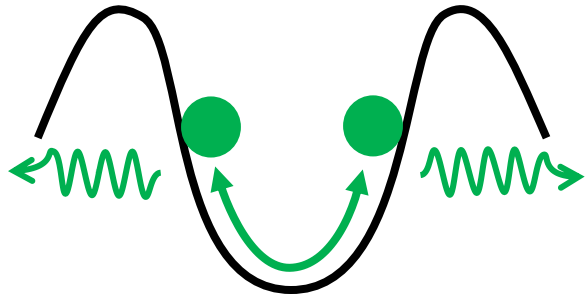
Nov. 2 2025

The 5th QFT Workshop
Beijing

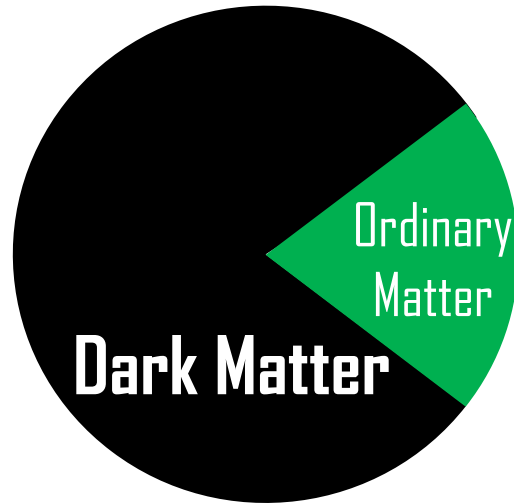


25xx.abcde H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL, E. Salvioni

See also Jianghao Yu's talk



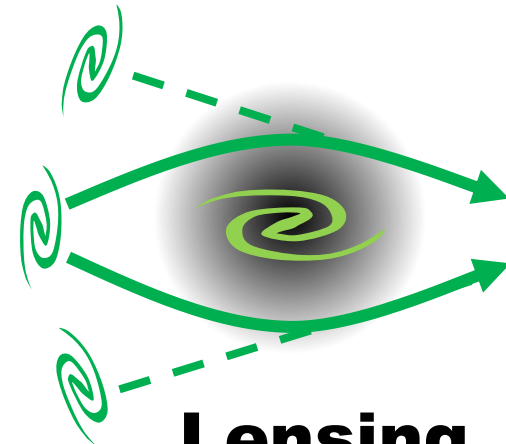
**CMB Power
Spectra**



**Large Scale
Structure**



**Galaxy
Formation**



Lensing

Hydrodynamic effects on the filtered dark matter produced by a first-order phase transition#11

Siyu Jiang (Zhongshan U., Zhuhai), Fa Peng Huang (Zhongshan U., Zhuhai), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U., CHEP and Peking U., SKLNPT) (May 3, 2023)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 108 (2023) 6, 063508 • e-Print: [2305.02218](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 14 citations

Complementary probe of dark matter blind spots by lepton colliders and gravitational waves#21

Yan Wang (Inner Mongolia Norm. U.), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., SKLNPT and Peking U., CHEP), Fa Peng Huang (Washington U., St. Louis) (Dec 7, 2020)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 104 (2021) 5, 053004 • e-Print: [2012.03920](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 14 citations

A Dark Matter Model with Non-Abelian Gauge Symmetry#98

Hao Zhang (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Qing-Hong Cao (Argonne and Chicago U., EFI), Zhao Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT and Michigan State U.) (Oct, 2009)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 82 (2010) 075003 • e-Print: [0910.2831](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 46 citations

A Dark Matter Model with Non-Abelian Gauge Symmetry#98

Hao Zhang (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Qing-Hong Cao (Argonne and Chicago U., EFI), Zhao Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT and Michigan State U.) (Oct, 2009)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 82 (2010) 075003 • e-Print: [0910.2831](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 46 citations

Effective Dark Matter Model: Relic density, CDMS II, Fermi LAT and LHC#96

Qing-Hong Cao (Argonne and Chicago U., EFI), Chuan-Ren Chen (Tokyo U., IPMU), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Hao Zhang (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT and Chicago U., EFI) (Dec, 2009)

Published in: *JHEP* 08 (2011) 018 • e-Print: [0912.4511](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 213 citations

Probing the baryogenesis and dark matter relaxed in phase transition by gravitational waves and colliders#32

Fa Peng Huang (IBS, Daejeon, CTPU), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CHEP and Peking U., SKLNPT) (Sep 27, 2017)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 96 (2017) 9, 095028 • e-Print: [1709.09691](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 68 citations

Diphoton and dark matter from cascade decay#39

Fa Peng Huang (Beijing, Inst. High Energy Phys.), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U., SKLNPT and Peking U. and Peking U., CHEP), Ze Long Liu (Peking U. and Peking U., SKLNPT), Yan Wang (Beijing, Inst. High Energy Phys.) (Dec 21, 2015)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 94 (2016) 5, 055025 • e-Print: [1512.06732](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 126 citations

Searching for the signal of dark matter and photon associated production at the LHC beyond leading order#63

Fa Peng Huang (Peking U.), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CHEP), Jian Wang (Peking U.), Ding Yu Shao (Peking U.) (Oct, 2012)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 87 (2013) 094018 • e-Print: [1210.0195](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 10 citations

Next-to-leading order QCD predictions for the signal of Dark Matter and photon associated production at the LHC#1

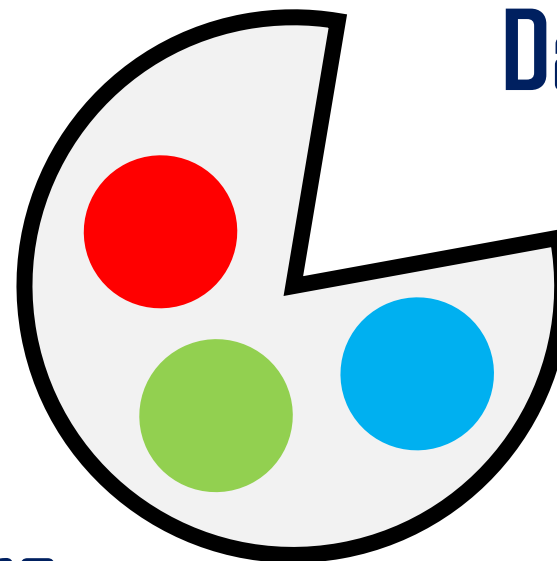
Jian Wang (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Chong Sheng Li (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Ding Yu Shao (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT), Hao Zhang (Peking U. and Peking U., CAPT) (Jul, 2011)

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 84 (2011) 075011 • e-Print: [1107.2048](#) [hep-ph]

pdf DOI cite claim reference search 14 citations



Composite DM Candidates

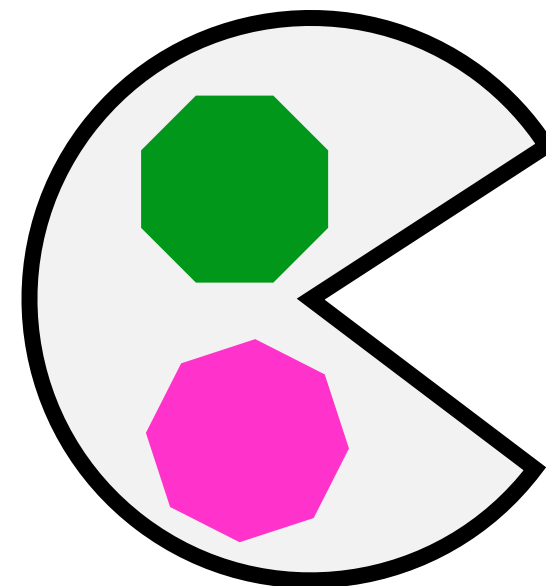
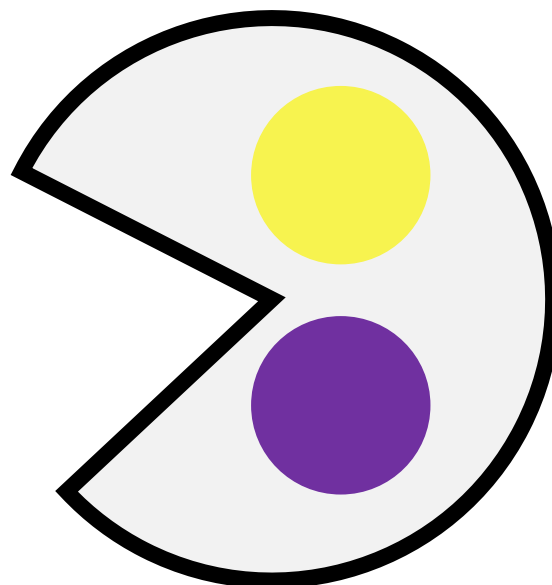


Dark Baryons



Dark R-hadrons

Dark Mesons

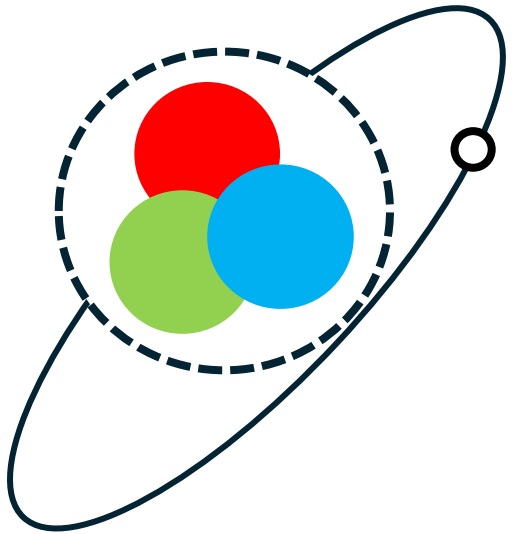


Dark Glueballs

Motivation

Z. Chacko, H.S. Goh, and R. Harnik, 0506256; G. Burdman, Z. Chacko, H.S. Goh, R. Harnik, 0609152; H-C. Cheng, LFL, E. Salvioni, and C. Verhaaren, 1803.03561

“Baryons” are Composite



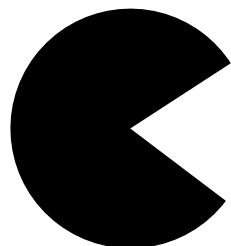
Hierarchy

GUT
FOPT
CFT



UV Model Building

“Minimal” Setup (?)



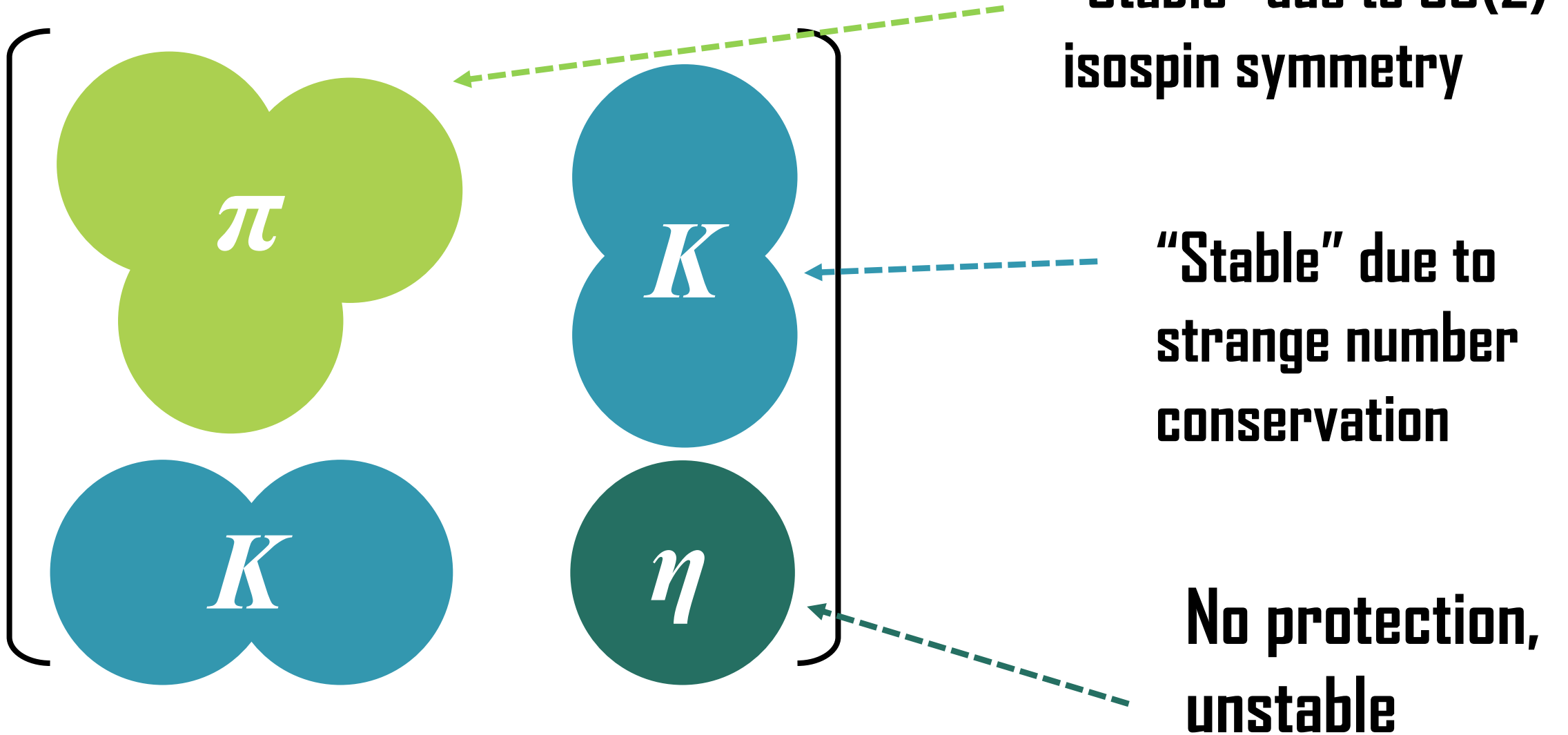
G only?



Unique Dynamics & Phenomena

P. Schwaller, D. Stolarski, A. Weiler, 1502.05409; CMS, 1810.10069; S. Knapen, J. Shelton, D. Xu, 2103.01238; S. Born, R. Karun, S. Knapen, J. Shelton, 2303.04167; J. Carroasco, J. Zirita, 2307.04847

Back in the SM



Thermal Mechanisms



The messenger: heavy meson that decays,
contact with the SM



The DM meson, non-interacting



The intermediate, exists in many models



SIMP-like



Pairwise



Scattering

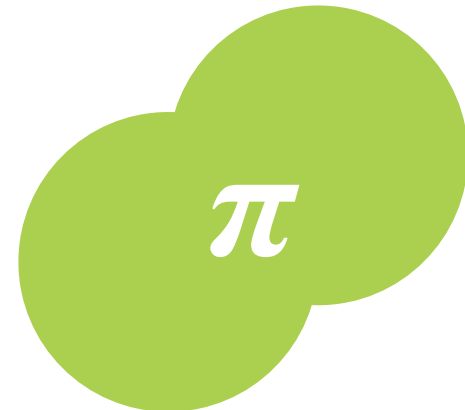
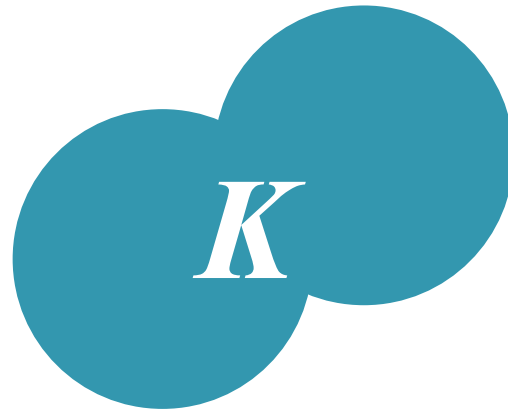
Y. Hochberg, E.
Kuflik, H.
Murayama, T.
Volansky, J.
Wacker, 1411.3727,
A. Katz, E.
Salvioni, and B.
Shakya,
2006.15148.....

The Model

Gauge group: $SO(N_c)$ $N_c \geq 4$

$SU(3)/SO(3) \Rightarrow$ 5 Goldstone bosons

Two π , two K and one η



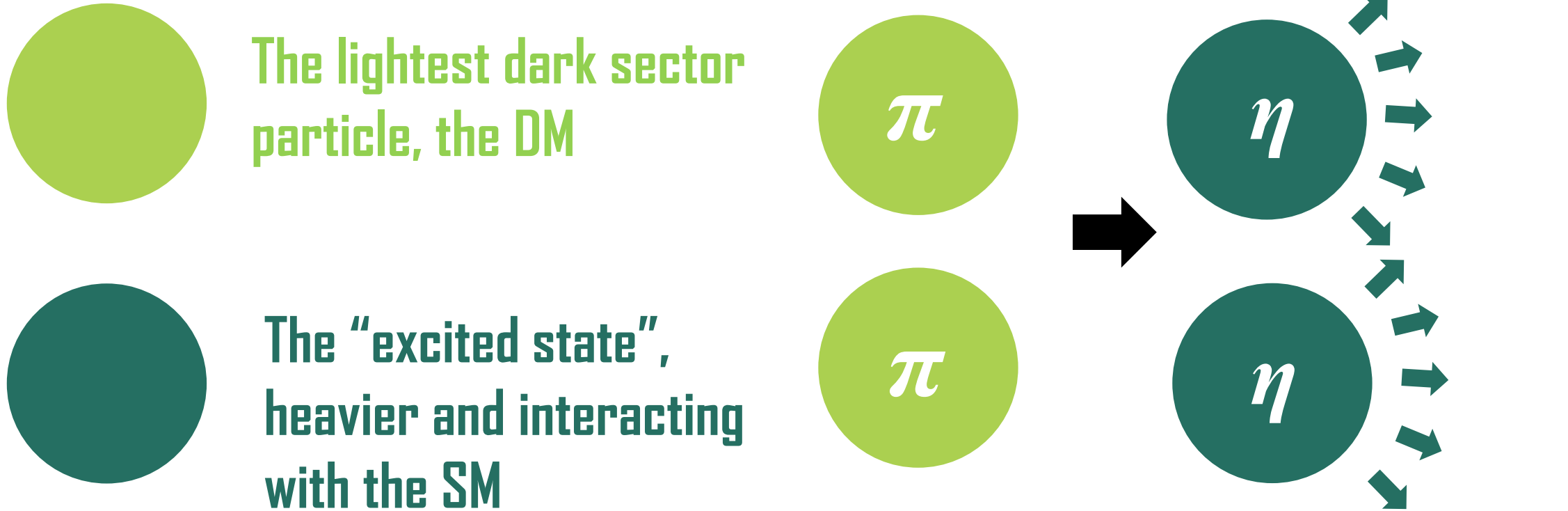
$$m_\eta = (1 + \Delta_\eta) m_\pi > m_K = (1 + \Delta_K) m_\pi > m_\pi$$

Leading ChPT Lagrangian (Low Temp)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_2 \supset & \frac{1}{24f^2} \left\{ m_{\hat{\pi}}^2 \left[\hat{\eta}_0^2 + 2\hat{\pi}_+\hat{\pi}_- + 2\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2} \right]^2 + 2(m_{\hat{K}}^2 - m_{\hat{\pi}}^2) \left[\frac{8}{9}\hat{\eta}_0^4 + 3\hat{\eta}_0^2\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}(\hat{\eta}_0\hat{K}_{+1/2}^2\hat{\pi}_- + \hat{\eta}_0\hat{K}_{-1/2}^2\hat{\pi}_+) + 2\hat{K}_{+1/2}^2\hat{K}_{-1/2}^2 + 2\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{\pi}_+\hat{\pi}_- \right] \right\} \\
 & + \frac{1}{24f^2} \left\{ 4(\partial\hat{\pi}_+)^2\hat{\pi}_-^2 + 4\hat{\pi}_+^2(\partial\hat{\pi}_-)^2 - 8\partial\hat{\pi}_+\hat{\pi}_+\partial\hat{\pi}_-\hat{\pi}_- + (\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2})^2\hat{K}_{-1/2}^2 + \hat{K}_{+1/2}^2(\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2})^2 \right. \\
 & - 2\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2} + 8\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{\pi}_+\partial\hat{\pi}_- + 8\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2}\partial\hat{\pi}_+\hat{\pi}_- \\
 & - 4\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2}\partial\hat{\pi}_+\partial\hat{\pi}_- - 4\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2}\partial\hat{\pi}_+\hat{\pi}_- - 4\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{\pi}_+\partial\hat{\pi}_- \\
 & - 4\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{\pi}_+\hat{\pi}_- - 6\hat{\eta}_0^2\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2} - 6(\partial\hat{\eta}_0)^2\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2} \\
 & + 6\hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2} + 6\hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{\eta}_0\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2} + 2\sqrt{6} \left[\partial\hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{\pi}_+ \right. \\
 & + \partial\hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{\pi}_- - \partial\hat{\eta}_0\hat{K}_{+1/2}^2\partial\hat{\pi}_- - \partial\hat{\eta}_0\hat{K}_{-1/2}^2\partial\hat{\pi}_+ - \hat{\eta}_0(\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2})^2\hat{\pi}_+ \\
 & \left. \left. - \hat{\eta}_0(\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2})^2\hat{\pi}_- + \hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{K}_{-1/2}\hat{K}_{-1/2}\partial\hat{\pi}_+ + \hat{\eta}_0\partial\hat{K}_{+1/2}\hat{K}_{+1/2}\partial\hat{\pi}_- \right] \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

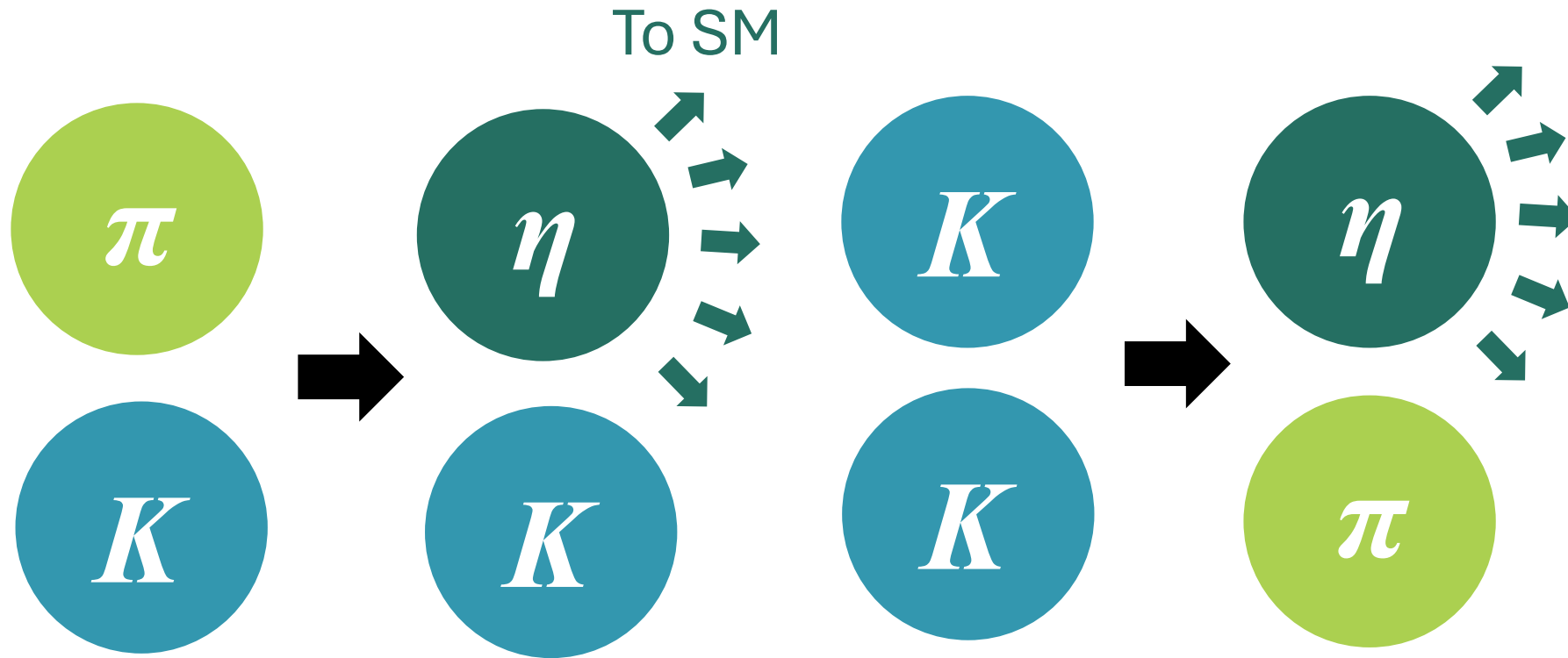
**Mass & 4-point
interaction terms**

Forbidden Composite DM



Only energetic particle can go through the mass gap, exponential sensitivity

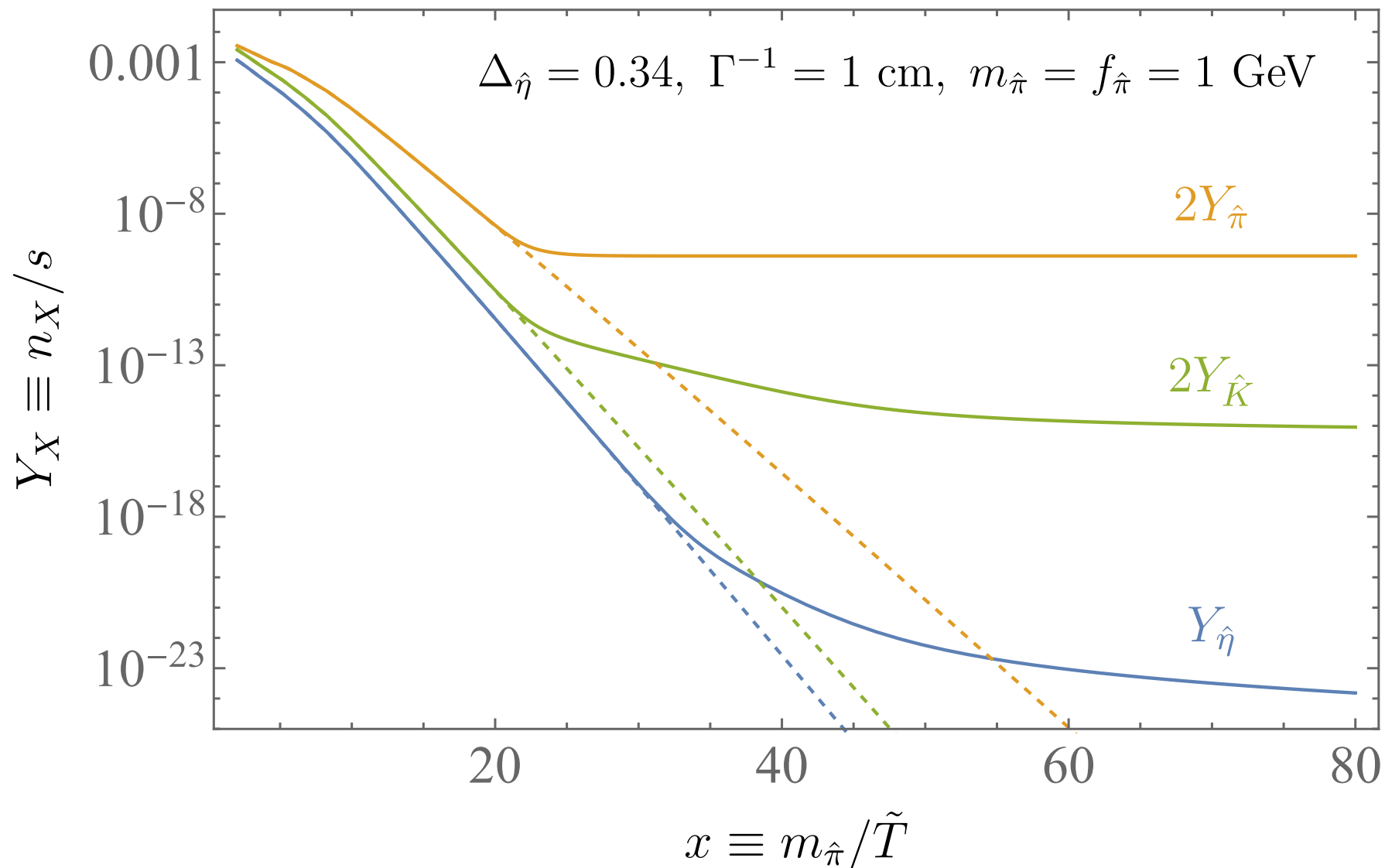
Important Alternative Processes



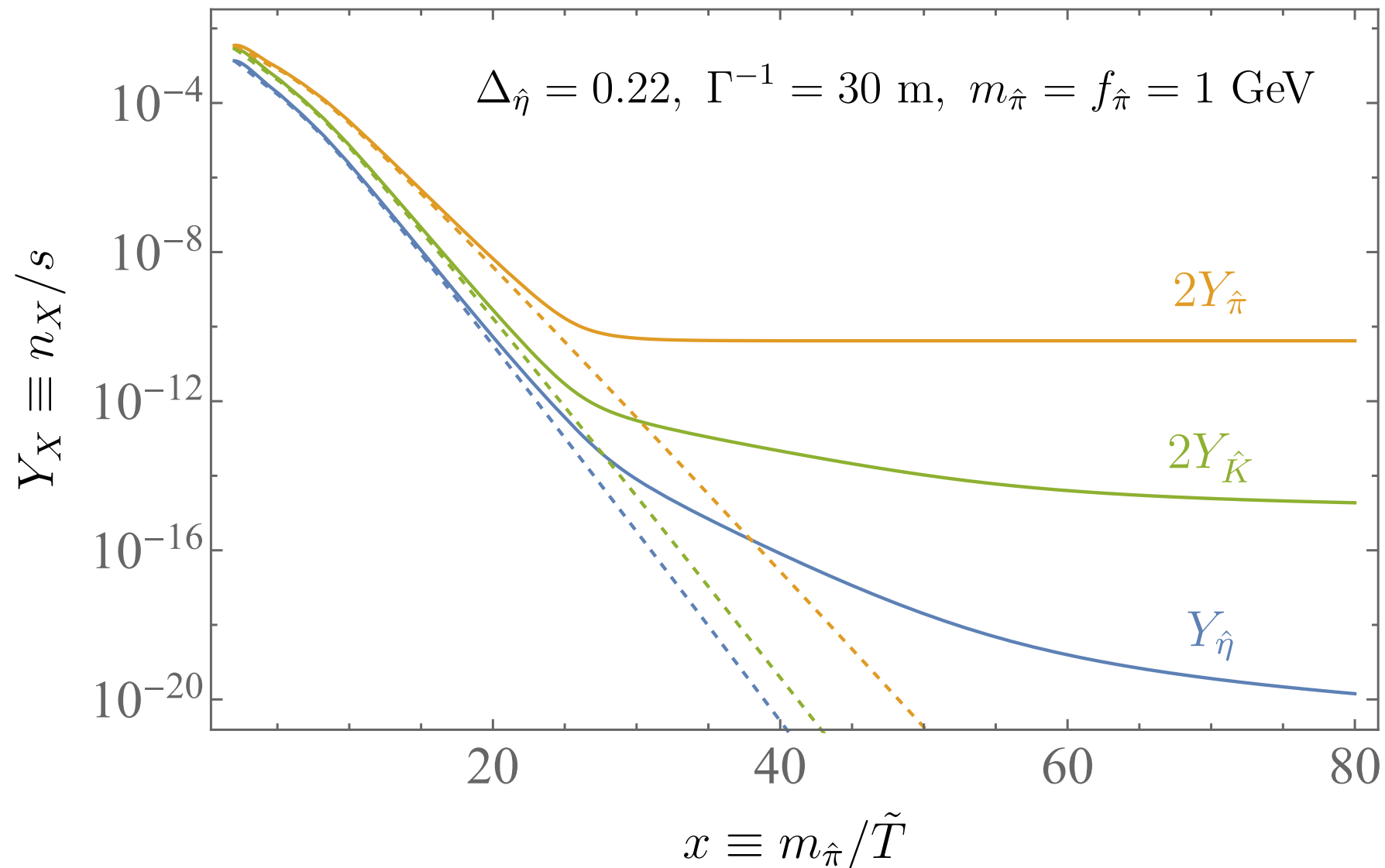
K assisted conversion, low Boltzmann suppression

K annihilation, gives indirect detection signals

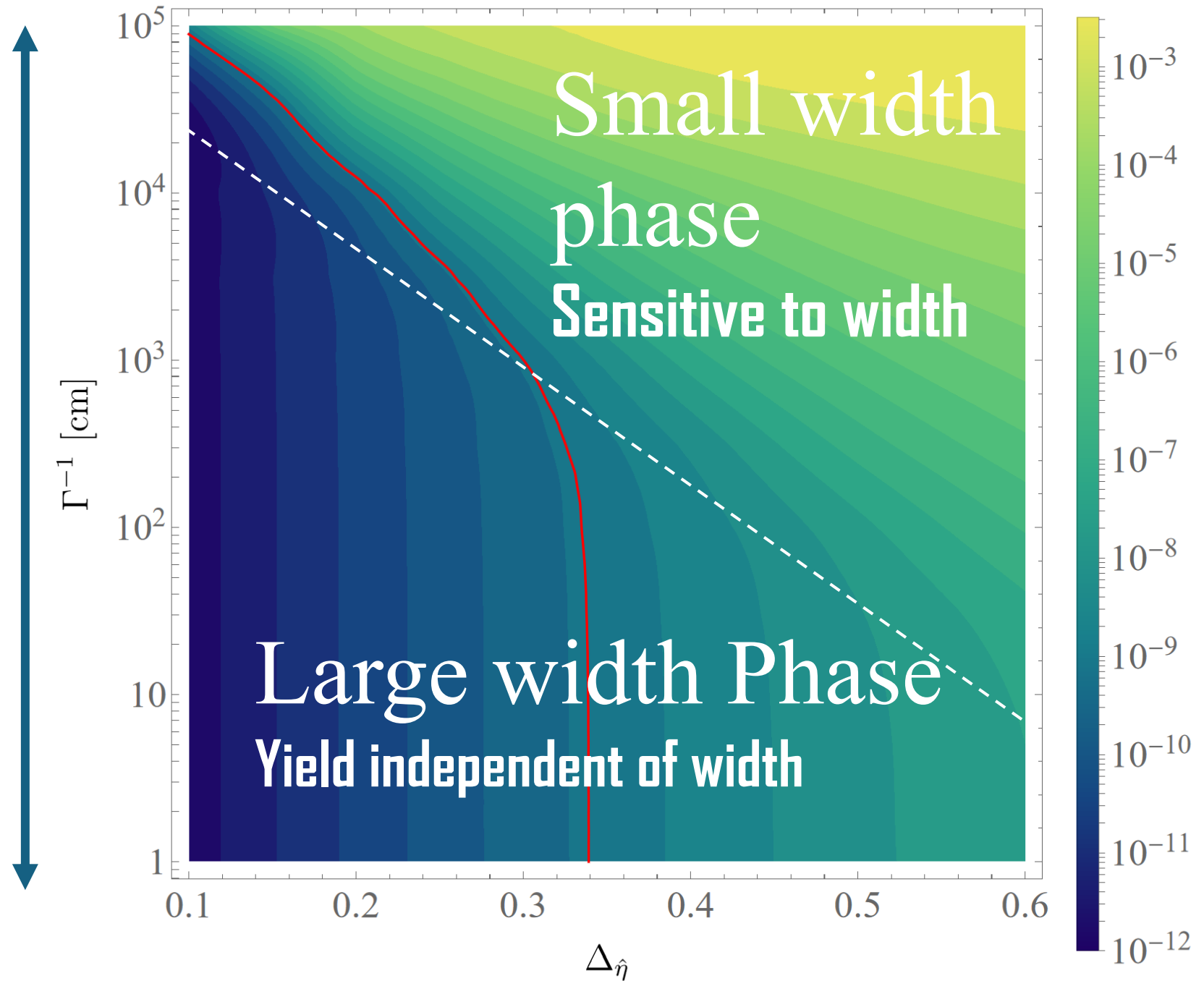
Large Decay Width Limit: Freezeout Controlled by Conversion



Small Decay Width Limit: Freezeout Controlled by the Decay



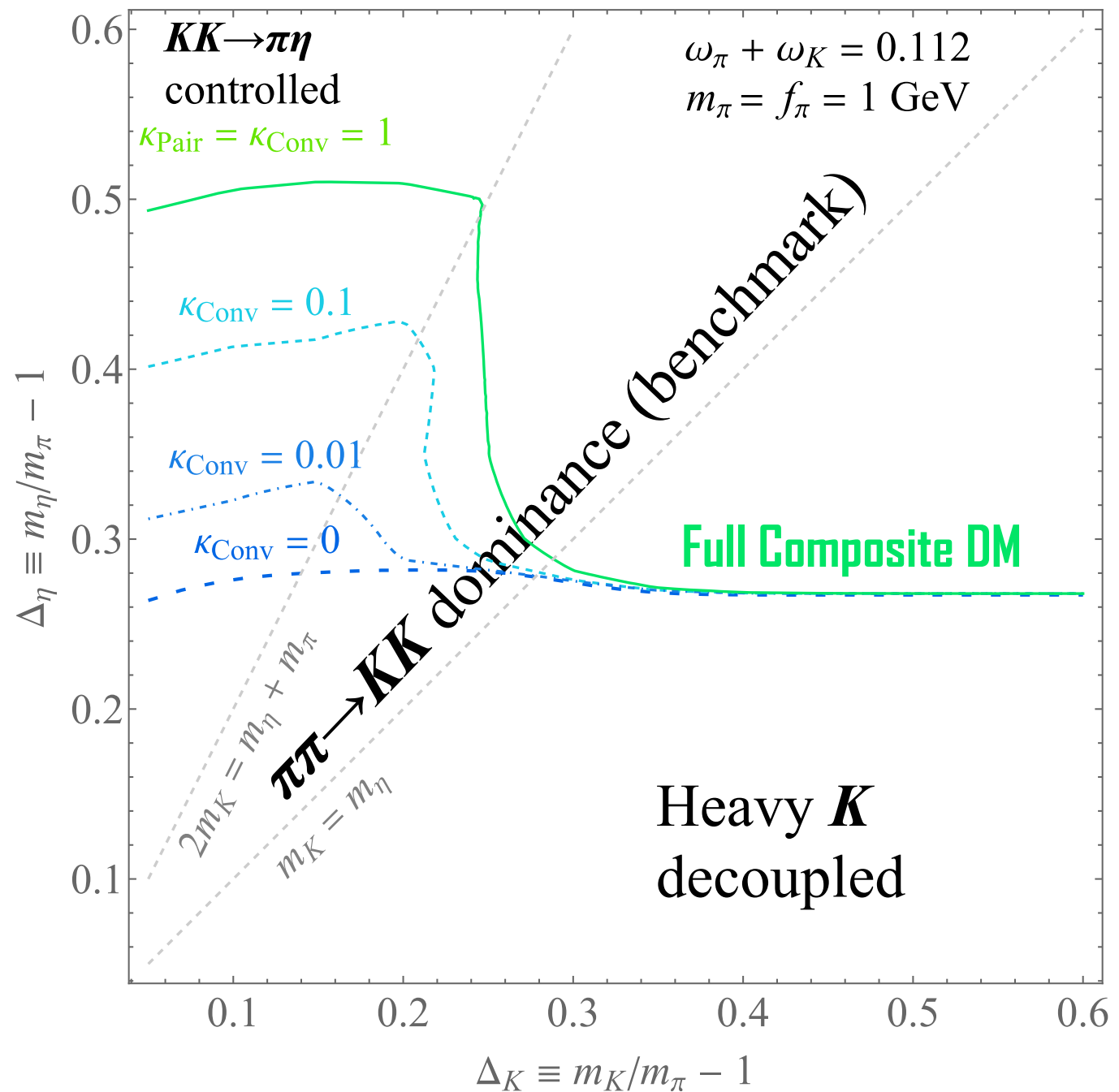
Decay at Human/Lab Length Scales



Extended Phases

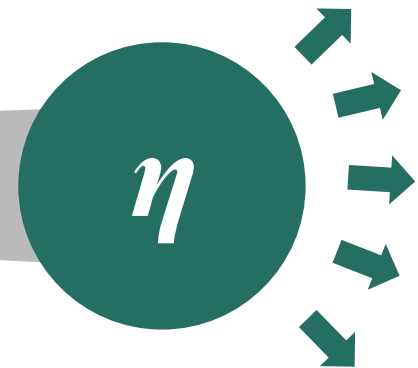
At least 3 extra dynamic phases recognized

* Assuming all processes having similar cross sections, not necessarily true for realistic models

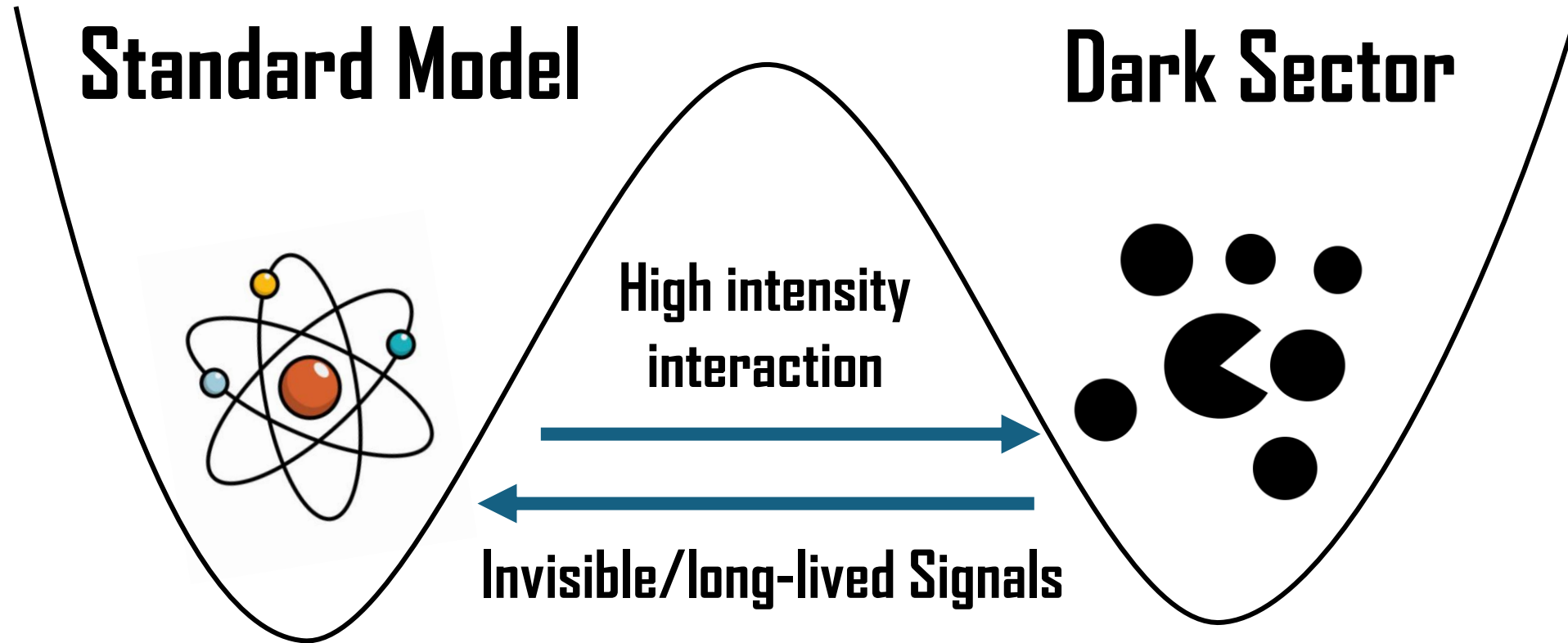


How to give η a finite lifetime back to the SM?

$$\Gamma < 10^{-12} \text{ GeV}$$



Portal to the Dark Sector



$$\epsilon \mathcal{O}_{\text{SM}} J_{\text{Dark}}$$

Relevant portal: small couplings to keep hidden

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^n} \mathcal{O}_{\text{SM}} J_{\text{Dark}}$$

Irrelevant portal: Hidden behind EFT

The EW Portal Back to SM

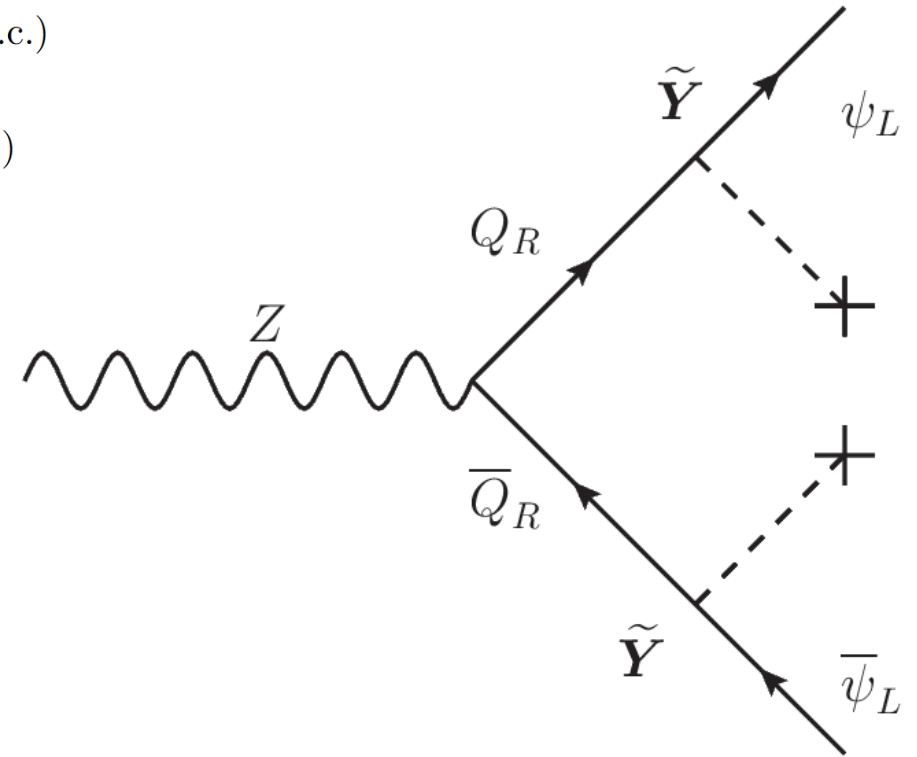
$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} \supset Q_i^c{}^T (M_Q)_{ij} \epsilon Q_j + Q_i^T H Y_{ij} \epsilon \psi_j + Q_i^c{}^T \tilde{H} \tilde{Y}_{ij} \epsilon \psi_j + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}}^{Q+Q^c} = & \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{|y_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} - \frac{|\tilde{y}_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} \right) (\psi_1^\dagger \bar{\sigma}^\mu \psi_1 + \psi_2^\dagger \bar{\sigma}^\mu \psi_2) + \left(\frac{|y_3|^2}{M_{Q_3}^2} - \frac{|\tilde{y}_3|^2}{M_{Q_3}^2} \right) \psi_3^\dagger \bar{\sigma}^\mu \psi_3 \right] (iH^\dagger D_\mu H + \text{h.c.}) \\ & - \left[\frac{y_1 \tilde{y}_1}{M_{Q_1}} |H|^2 (\psi_1^T \epsilon \psi + \psi_2^T \epsilon \psi_2) + \frac{y_3 \tilde{y}_3}{M_{Q_3}} |H|^2 (\psi_3^T \epsilon \psi_3) + \text{h.c.} \right] \\ & + |H|^2 \left\{ \left(\frac{|y_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} + \frac{|\tilde{y}_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} \right) (\psi_1^\dagger i \not{D} \psi_1 + \psi_2^\dagger i \not{D} \psi_2) + \frac{|\tilde{y}_3|^2}{M_{Q_3}^2} \psi_3^\dagger i \not{D} \psi_3 + \text{h.c.} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (4.3)$$

Mass < 1 GeV : decay to $\mu\mu$

Mass > 1 GeV: hadronic decays

$$\Gamma_{\hat{\eta}} \sim \frac{y^4 f_{\hat{\pi}}^2 m_{\hat{\eta}} m_\mu^2}{M_Q^4} \ll \text{GeV}$$



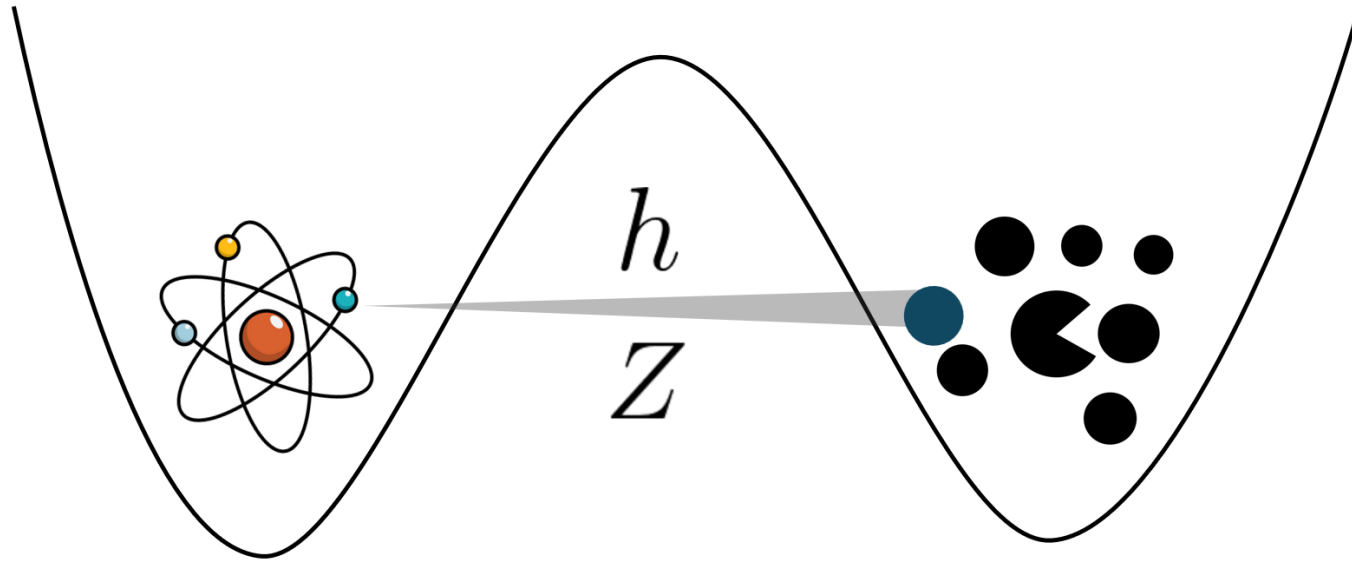
2408.13304 H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL

2401.08785 H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL, E. Salvioni

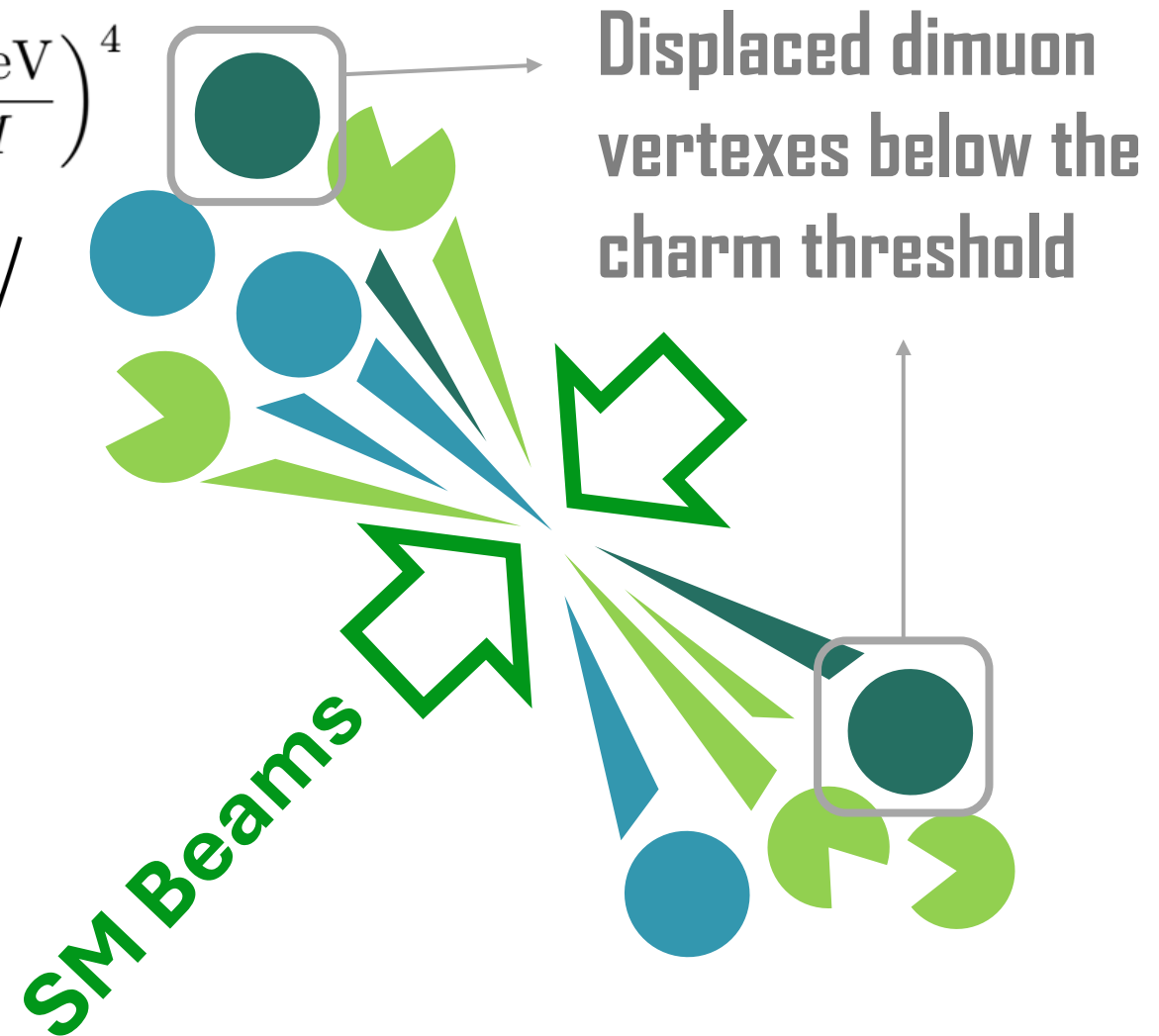
2110.10691 H-C. Cheng, LFL, E. Salvioni

Pheno in the (mid-)UV: Dark Showers & Long-Lived Particles

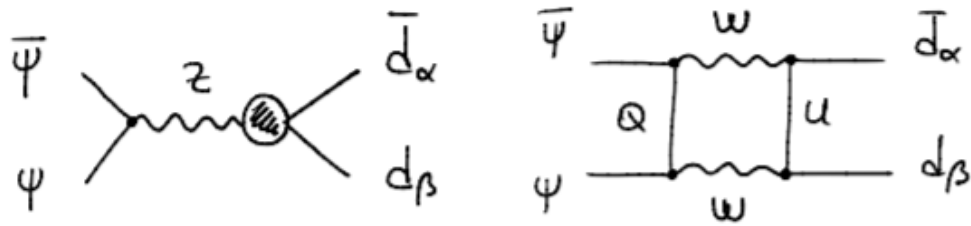
$$\text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \psi' \bar{\psi}') \approx 1.8 \times 10^{-4} \left(\frac{N_d \text{Tr}(\mathbf{Y} \mathbf{Y}^\dagger \mathbf{Y} \mathbf{Y}^\dagger)}{3} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{M} \right)^4$$



Lead to exotic Higgs and Z decays
Always good to keep an eye on them



The Pheno in the IR: “Flavor Portal” to the Dark Sector



$$\Rightarrow \frac{\mathcal{K}}{M^2} (\bar{d}_i \gamma^\mu d_j) (\bar{\psi} \gamma_\mu \psi)$$

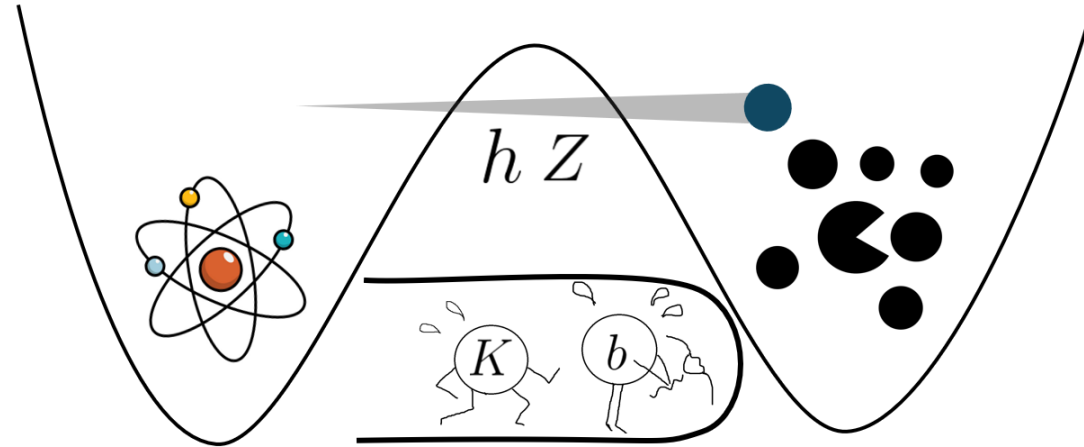
$$x_q \equiv m_q^2 / M_W^2$$

$$\mathcal{K}_q \equiv x_q \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}^2}{M_W^2} + \frac{-7x_q + x_q^2}{2(1-x_q)} - \frac{4x_q - 2x_q^2 + x_q^3}{(1-x_q)^2} \log x_q$$



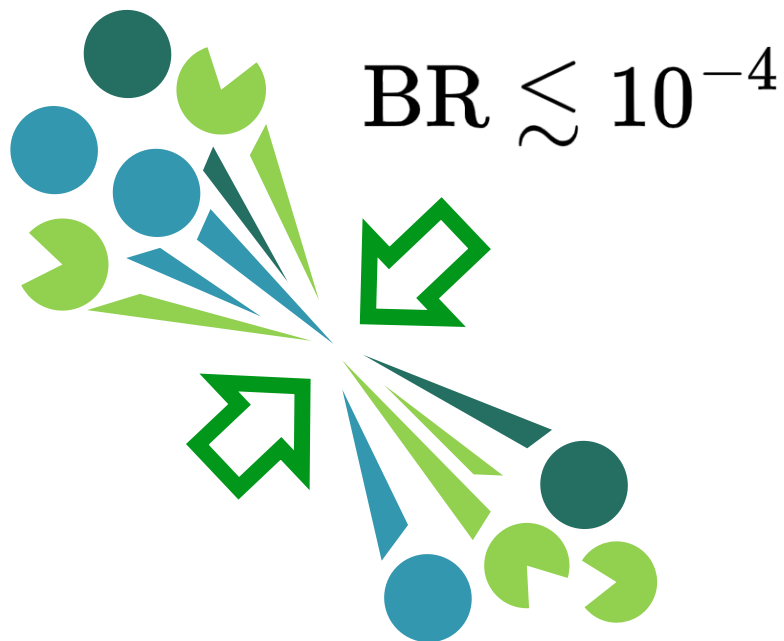
$$\text{BR}(B^{+,0} \rightarrow \{K^+ \hat{\pi}, K^{*0} \hat{\pi}\}) \approx \{0.92, 1.1\} \times 10^{-8} \left(\frac{1 \text{ PeV}}{f_a} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\mathcal{K}_t}{10} \right)^2$$

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \hat{\pi}) \approx 3.9 \times 10^{-11} \left(\frac{1 \text{ PeV}}{f_a} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\mathcal{K}_t}{10} \right)^2$$

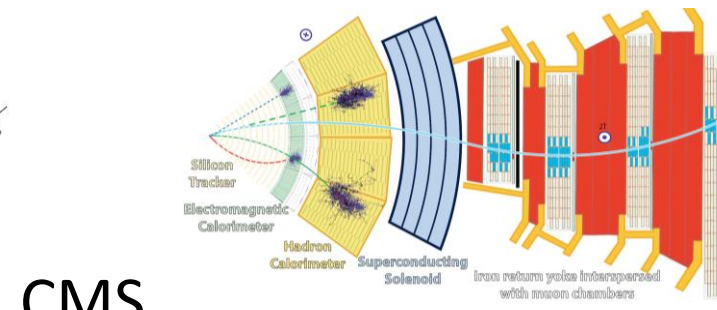
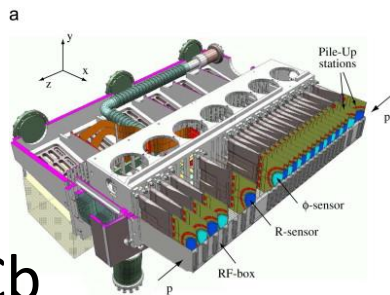


W. Altmannshofer, A. Crivellin, H. Haigh, G. Inguglia and J. Martin Camalich, 2311.14629; J. Martin Camalich, M. Pospelov, P. N. H. Vuong, R. Ziegler and J. Zupan, 2002.04623; M. K. Gaillard, M. B. Gavela, R. Houtz, P. Quilez and R. Del Rey, 1805.06465; T. Li, M.A. Schmidt and M. Yuan, 2506.08342.....

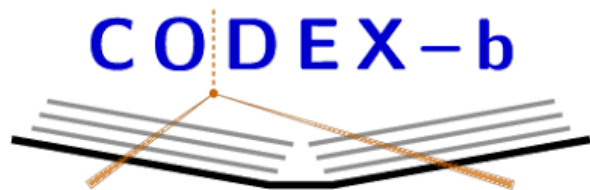
Dark Shower (of Z)



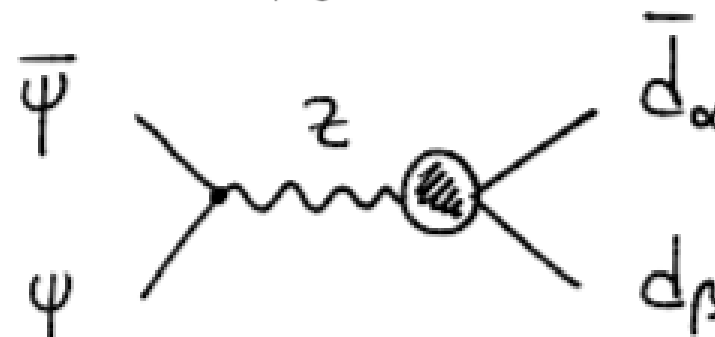
Signal: Muon rich jet-like structure
with long-lived tracks + MET



Searching for displaced dimuon resonances (one or more)
LHCb, 2007.03923; CMS, 2112.13769

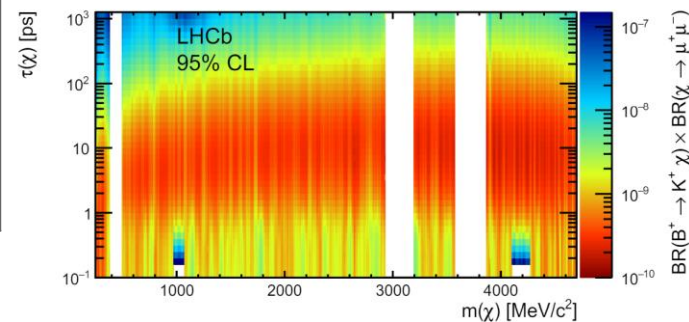
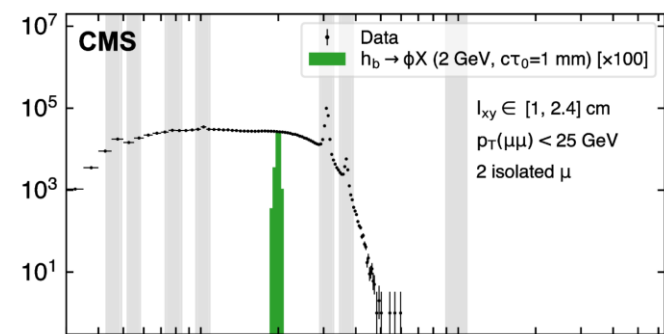
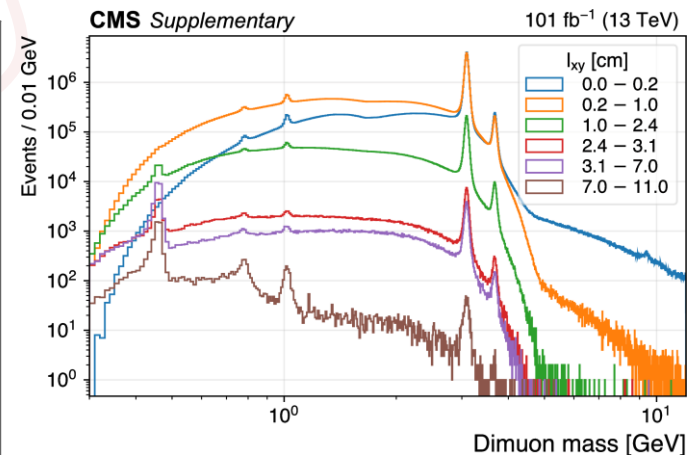
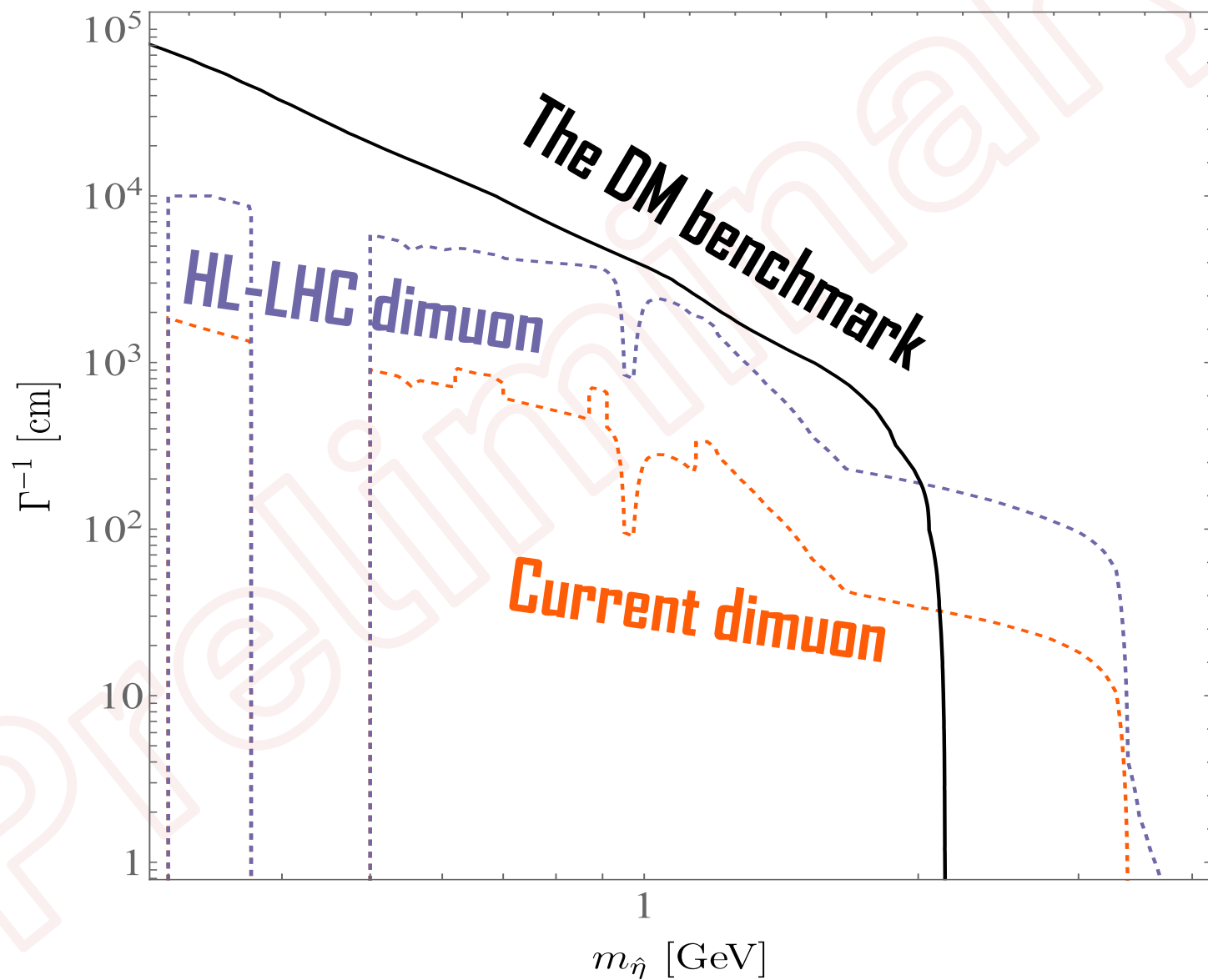


$$BR \lesssim 10^{-8}$$

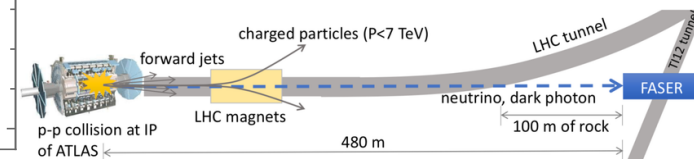
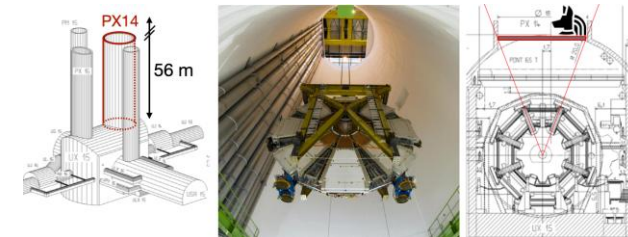
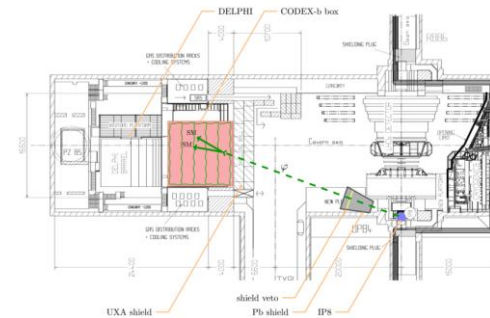
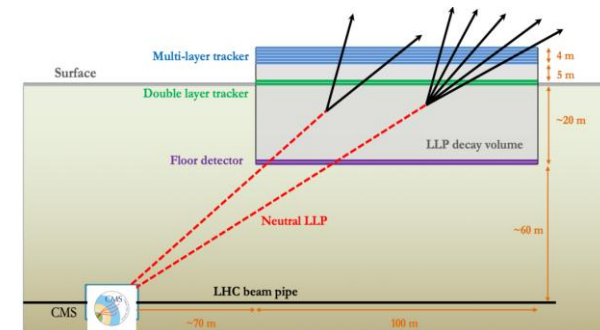
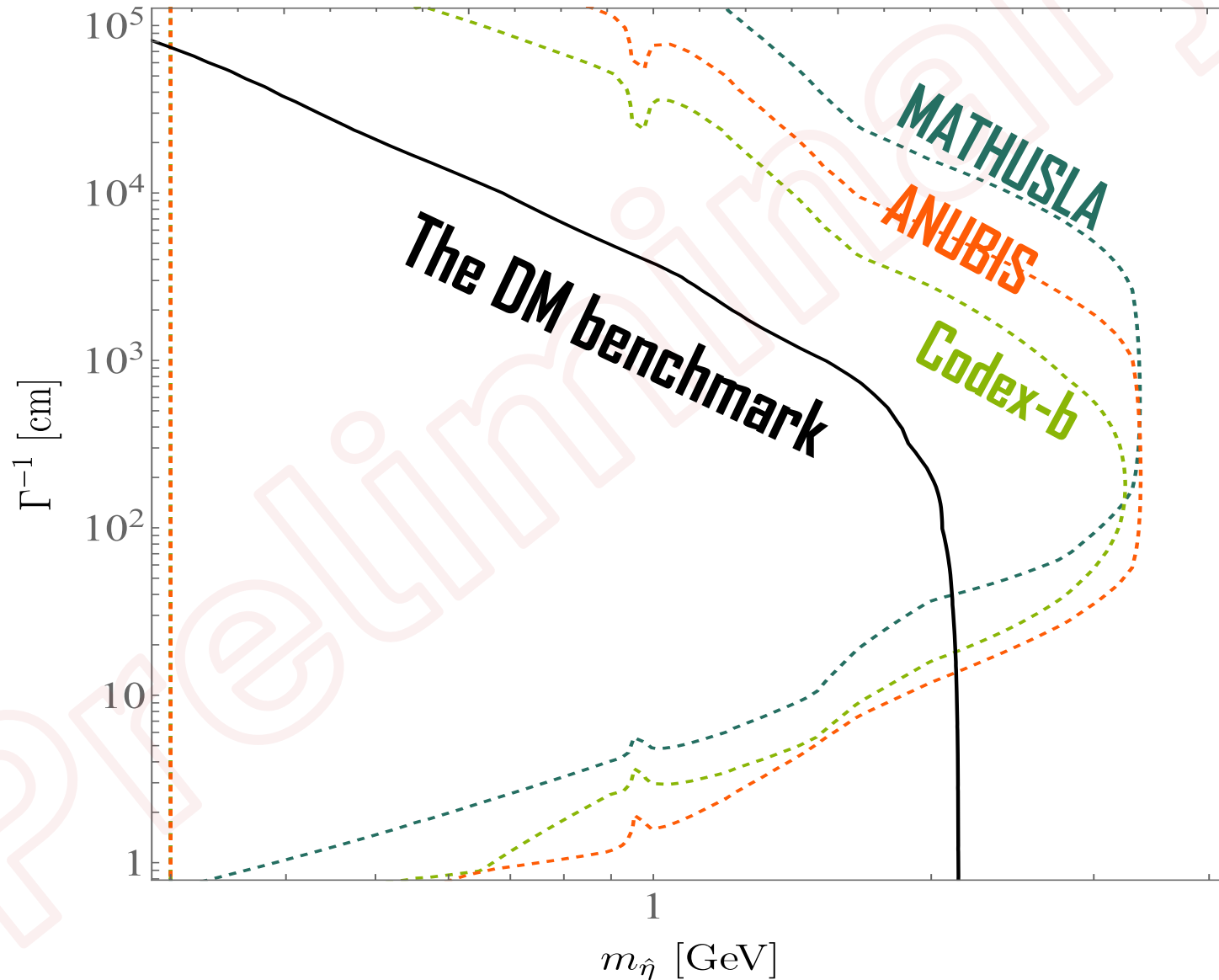


FCNC Decays (of B)

LHC Bounds on Such DM



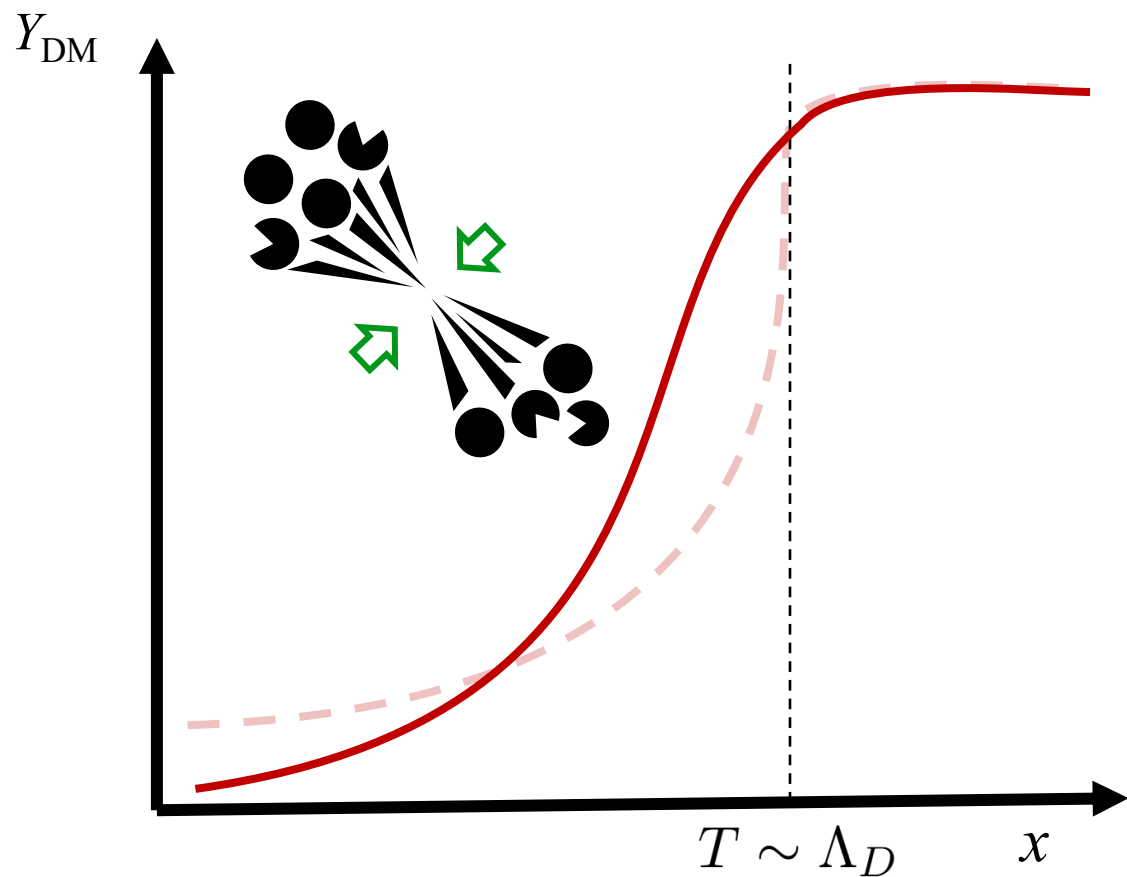
Auxiliary Detectors



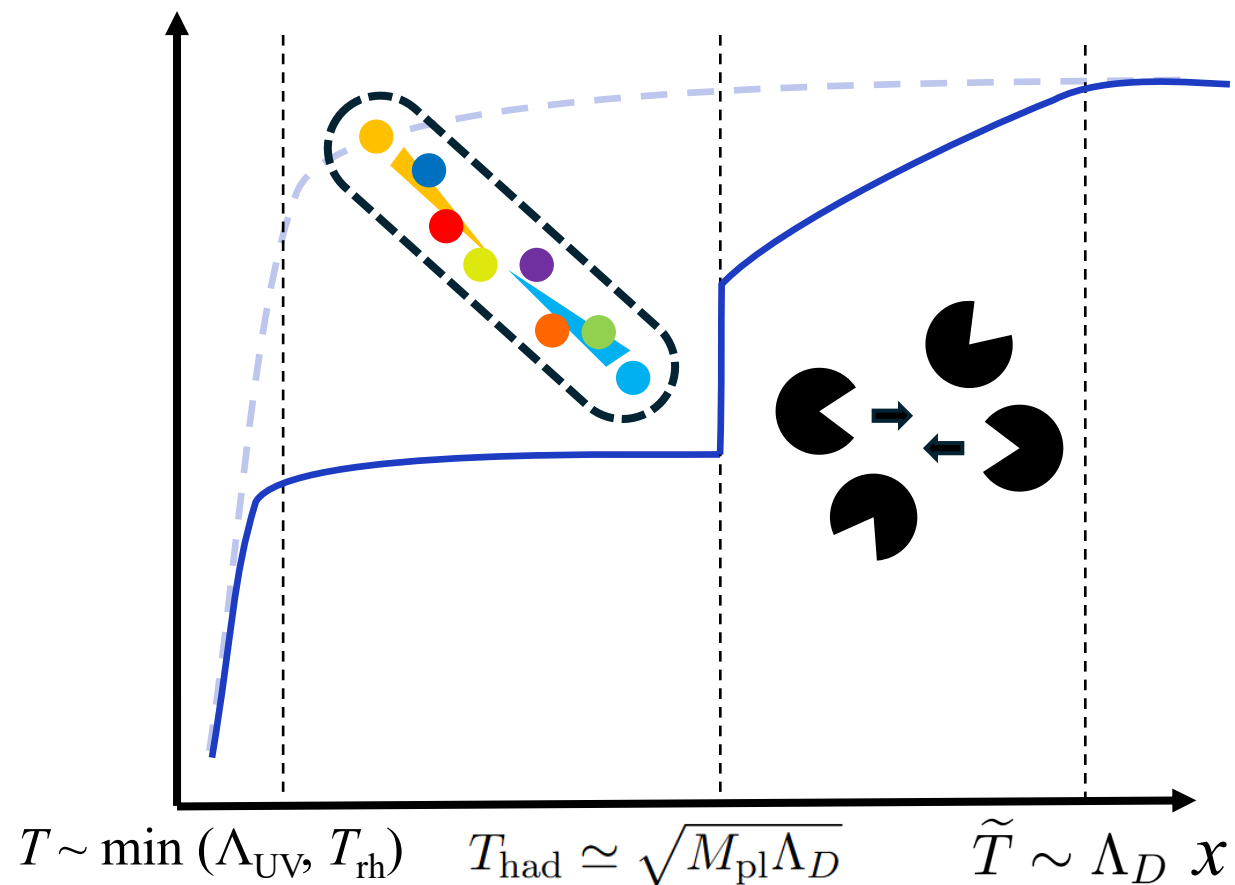
Another Scenario: Composite Freeze-in

LFL, Sida Lu, In preparation

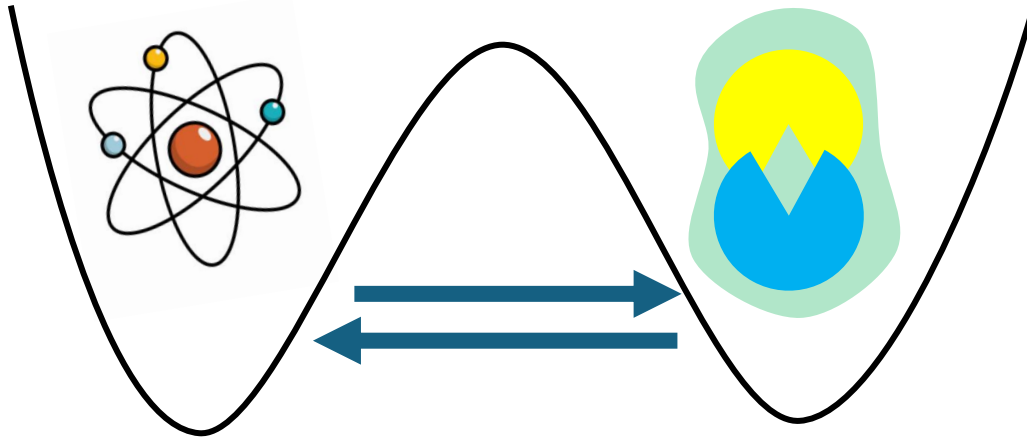
Regular (IR) freeze-in with dark-shower addressed dynamics



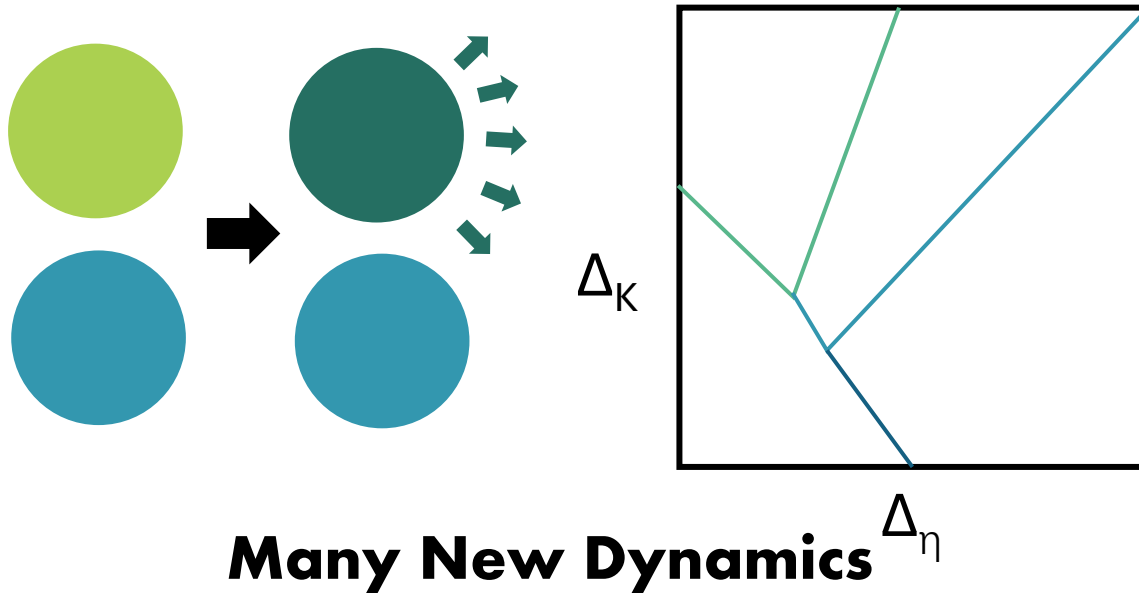
UV freeze-in scenario (could be pure gravitational)



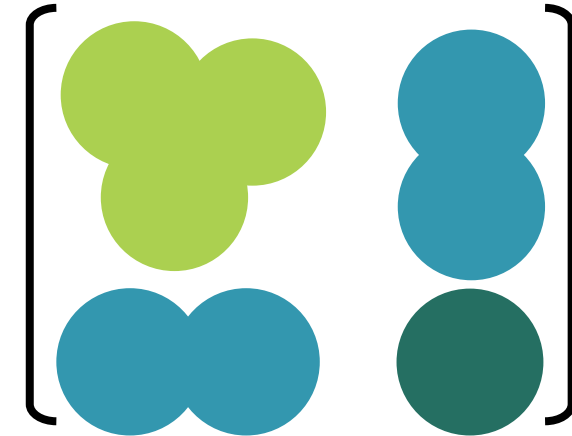
SUMMARY



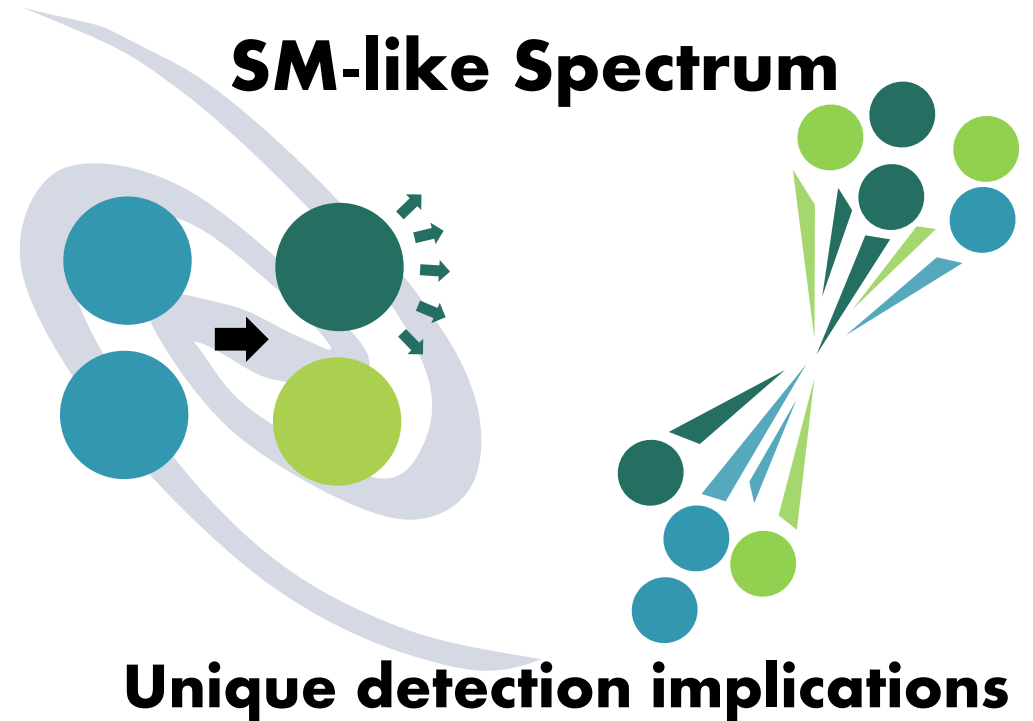
Composite DM with EW Portal



Many New Dynamics



SM-like Spectrum



Unique detection implications

庆贺李重生老师八十华诞

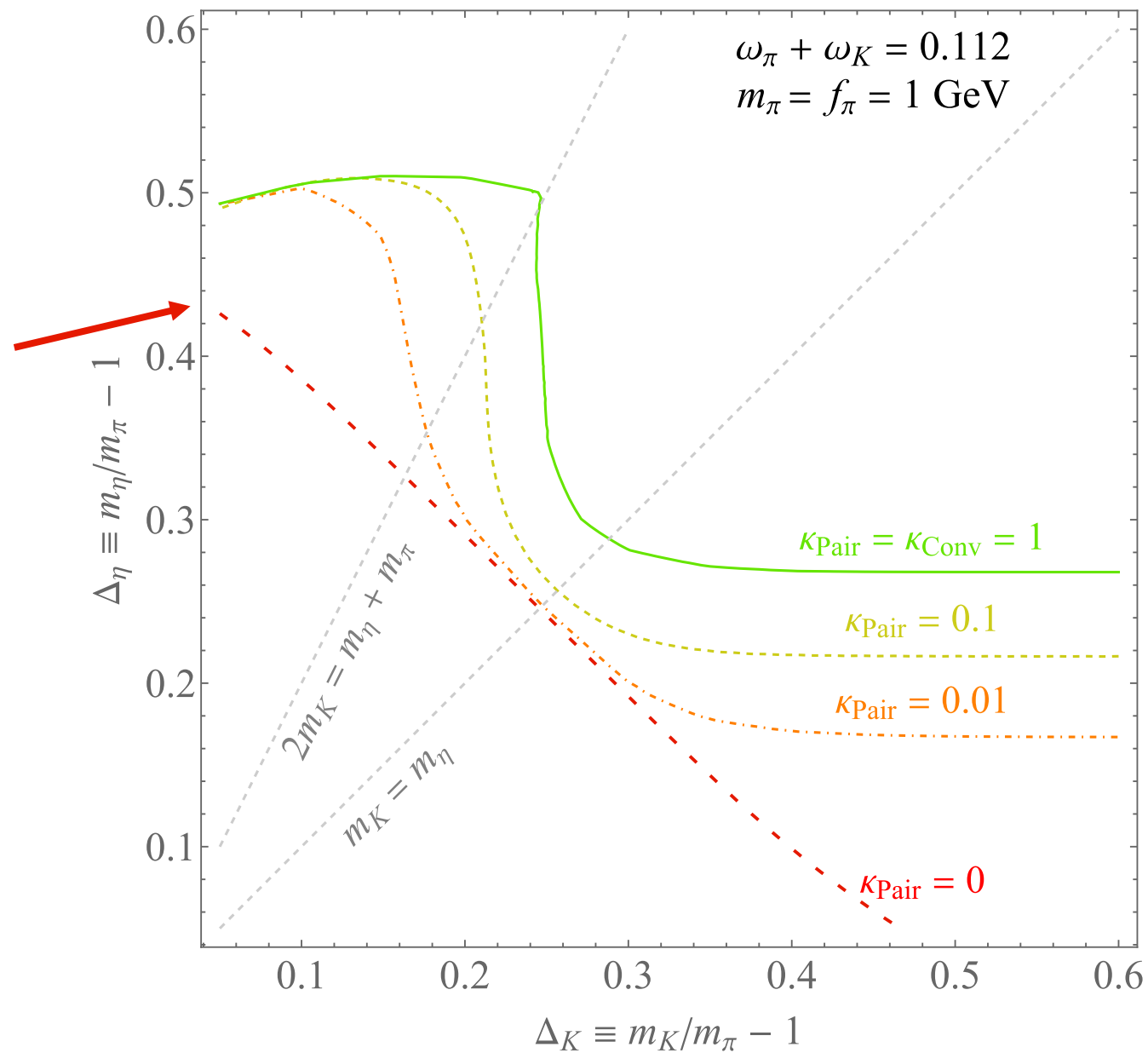
2012 - 2025

一声迟来的祝福.....

O_G Top Higgs Future

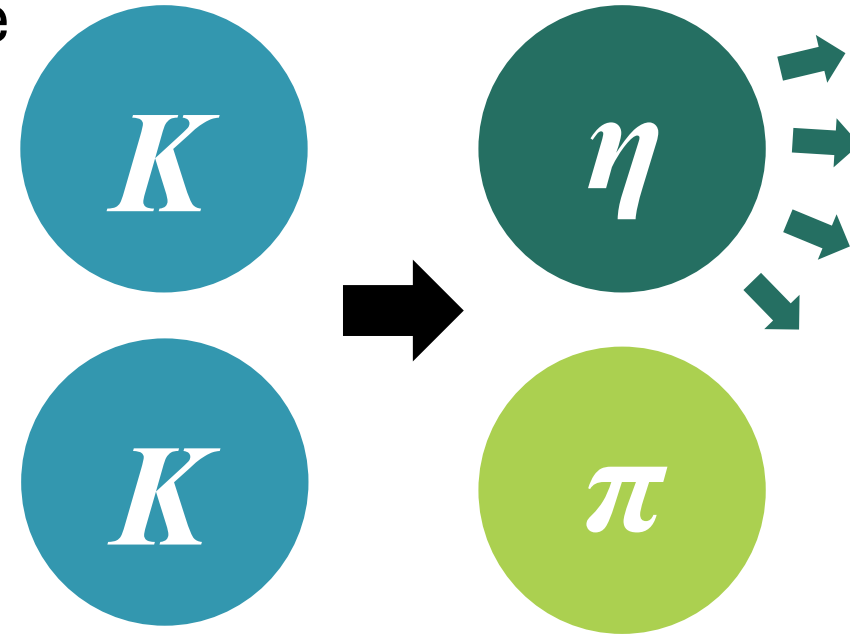
真心不改 真英雄

Full $\pi K \rightarrow \eta K$
dominance



Indirect Detection Prospects

- As forbidden dark matter, usually free from indirect detection
- The remaining secondary Kaon DM can annihilate to SM, strongly depending on how many K remain

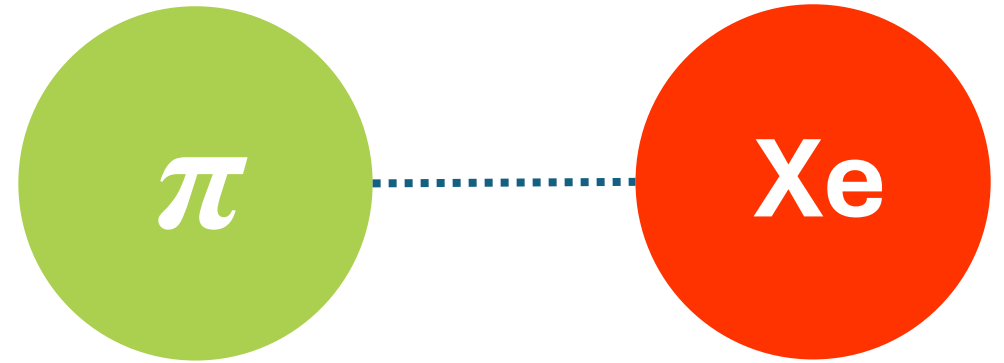


The most stringent CMB spectral distortion limit constraints the highly degenerate case ($\Delta < 1\%$)

Direct Detection Prospects

The leading Z exchange between DM and SM are forbidden by the same symmetry that stabilizes the DM, the remaining Higgs exchange:

$$\mathcal{L} \supset 4B \frac{y_1 \tilde{y}_1}{M_{Q_1}} \pi_+ \pi_- |H|^2,$$



Nucleon
scattering
Xsec:

$$\simeq 2.5 \times 10^{-45} \text{ cm}^2 b^2 \left(\frac{m_N}{m_\pi + m_N} \right)^2 \left(\frac{f}{\text{GeV}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{y_1 \tilde{y}_1}{10^{-2}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\text{TeV}}{M_{Q_1}} \right)^2$$

When $m > 8 \text{ GeV}$, could be above the neutrino fog