

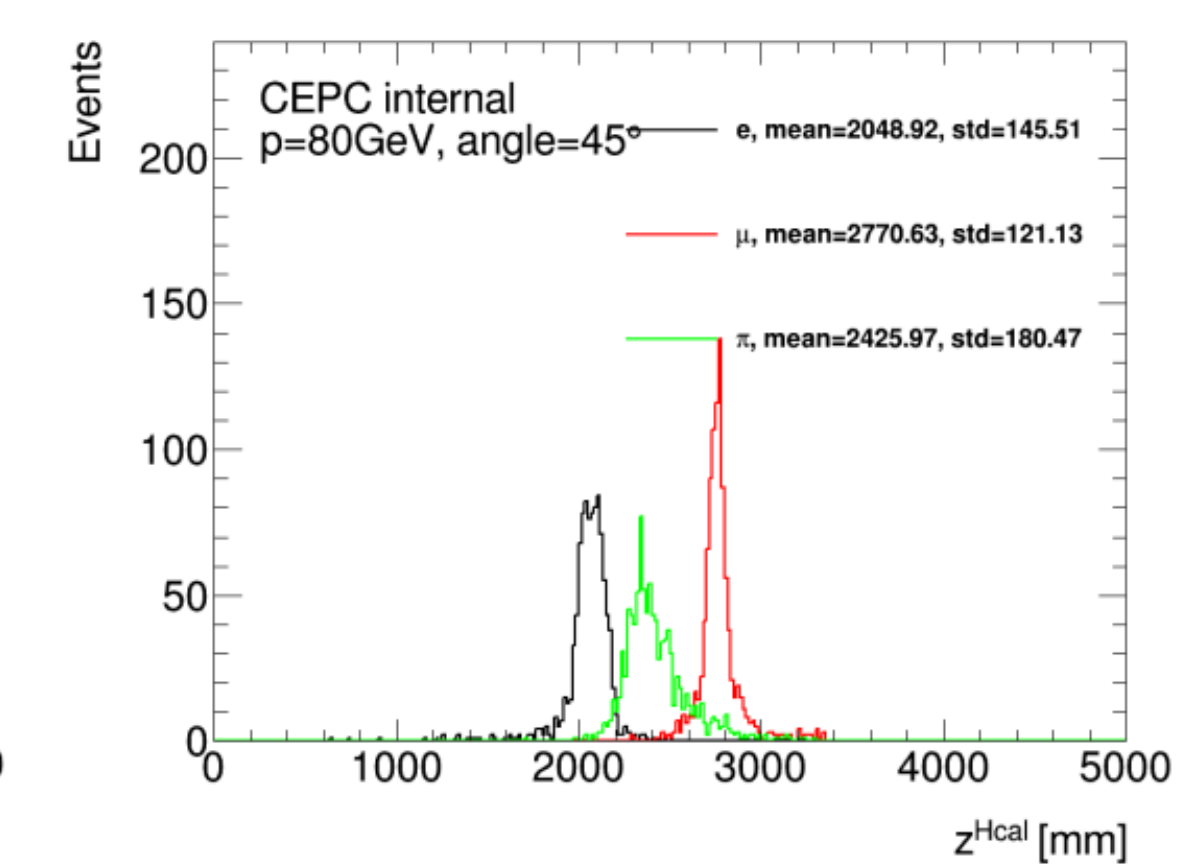
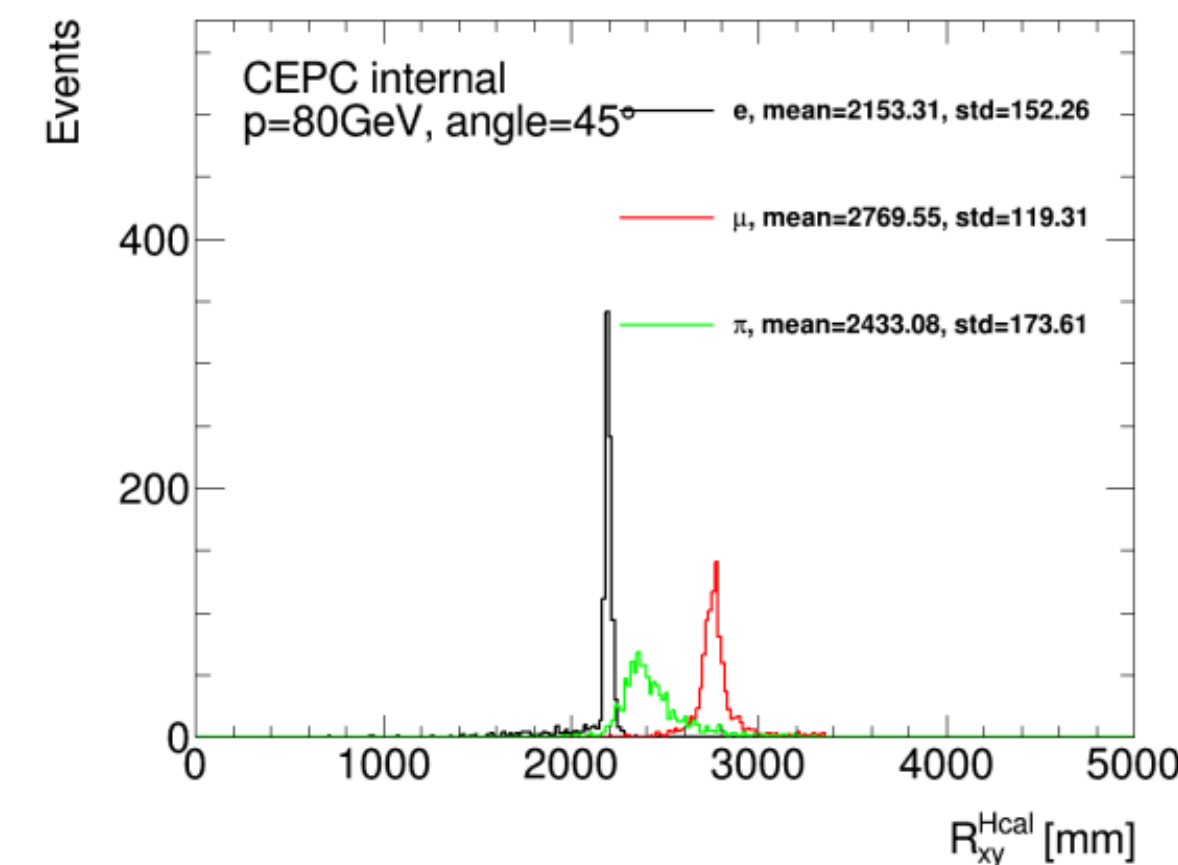
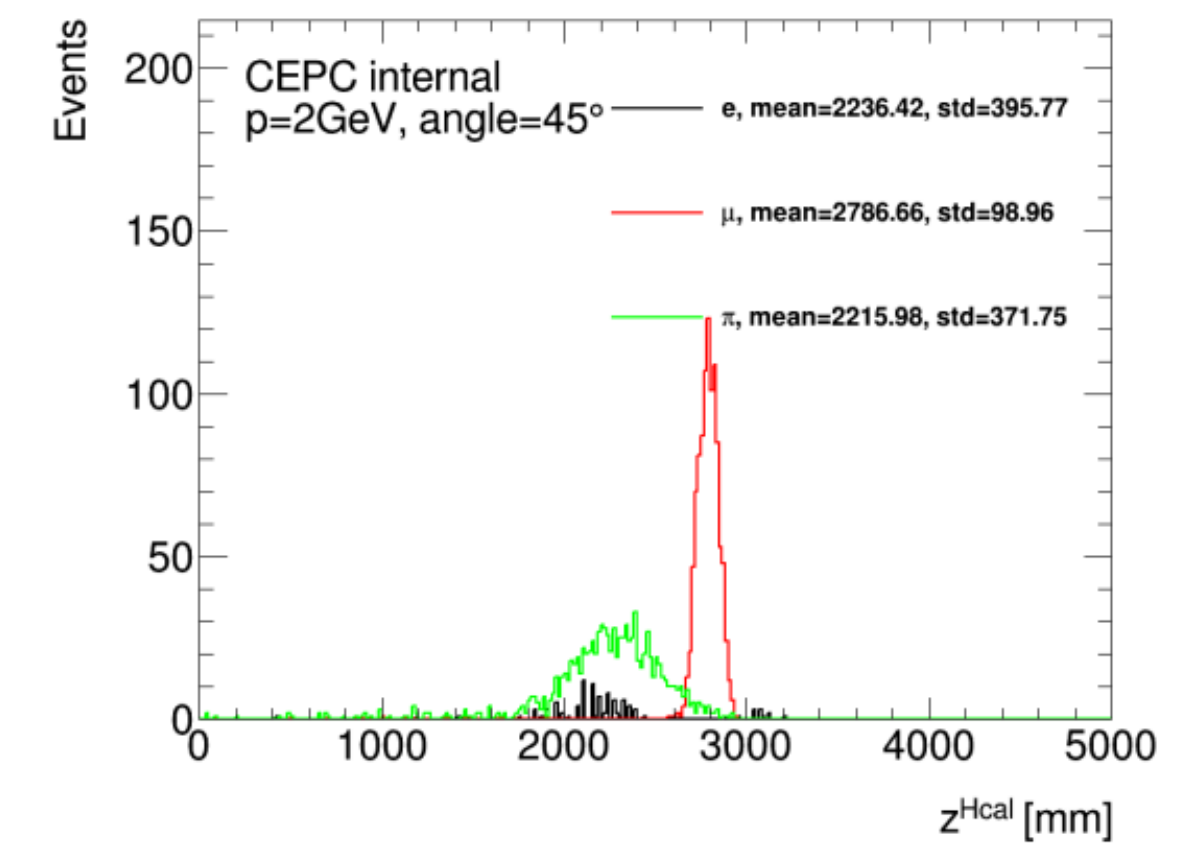
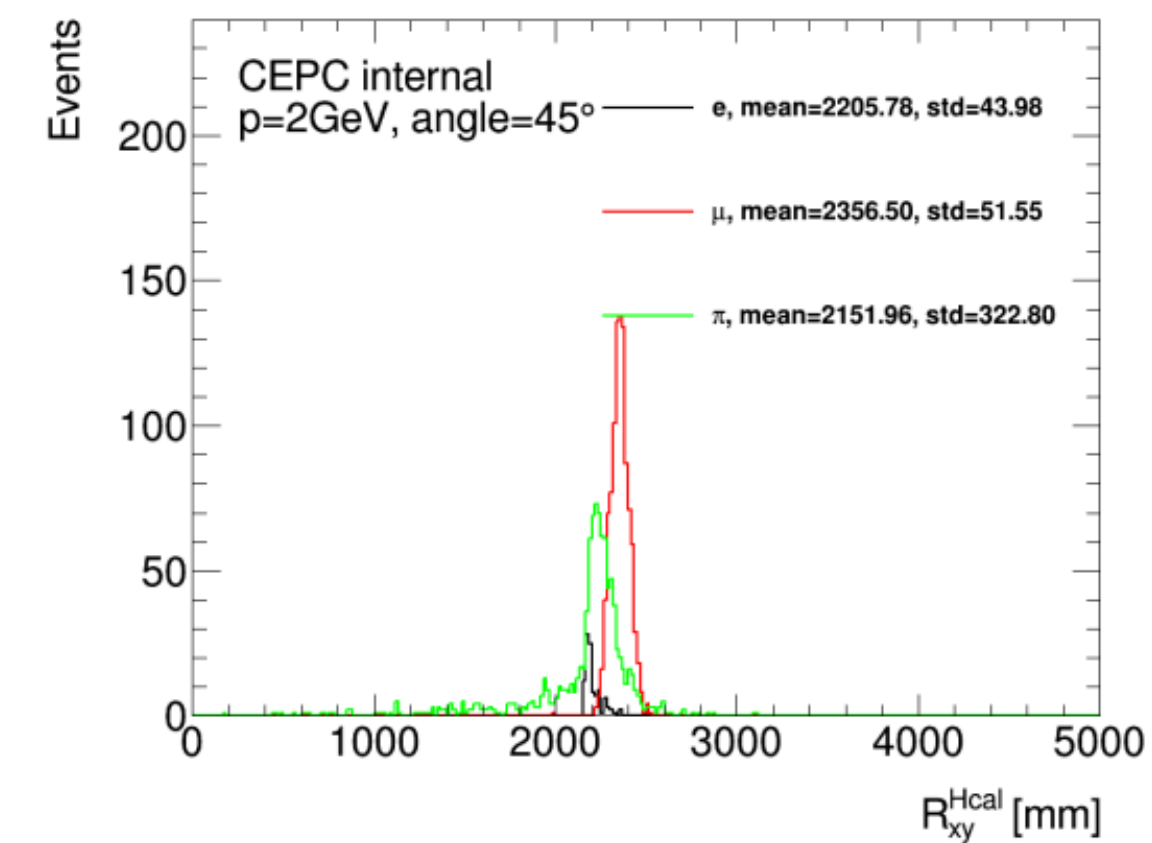
PID & VTX

C.Zhang/28Feb2025

Updates

- 1) Hcal energy scale: **X4**
- 2) More angles: 45, **10 and 90** degrees
- An interesting observation about cluster position, to be studied further

mu/pi separation



Flavor-tagging using BDT

- Follow LCFIPlus strategy,
- BDT inputs

Name	Description	Normalization factor	Used by category
trk1d0sig	d0 significance of track with highest d0 significance	1	A, B, C, D
trk2d0sig	d0 significance of track with second highest d0 significance	1	A, B, C, D
trk1z0sig	z0 significance of track with highest d0 significance	1	A, B, C, D
trk2z0sig	z0 significance of track with second highest d0 significance	1	A, B, C, D
trk1pt	transverse momentum of track with highest d0 significance	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	A, B, C, D
trk2pt	transverse momentum of track with second highest d0 significance	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	A, B, C, D
jprobr	joint probability in the r-phi plane using all tracks	1	A, B, C, D
jprobr5sigma	joint probability in the r-phi plane using all tracks having impact parameter significance exceeding 5 sigma	1	A, B, C, D
jprobz	joint probability in the z projection using all tracks	1	A, B, C, D
jprobz5sigma	joint probability in the z projection using all tracks having impact parameter significance exceeding 5 sigma	1	A, B, C, D
d0bprob	product of b-quark probabilities of d0 values for all tracks, using b/c/q d0 distributions	1	A, B, C, D
d0cprob	product of c-quark probabilities of d0 values for all tracks, using b/c/q d0 distributions	1	A, B, C, D
d0qprob	product of q-quark probabilities of d0 values for all tracks, using b/c/q d0 distributions	1	A, B, C, D
z0bprob	product of b-quark probabilities of z0 values for all tracks, using b/c/q z0 distributions	1	A, B, C, D
z0cprob	product of c-quark probabilities of z0 values for all tracks, using b/c/q z0 distributions	1	A, B, C, D
z0qprob	product of q-quark probabilities of z0 values for all tracks, using b/c/q z0 distributions	1	A, B, C, D
nmuon	number of identified muons	1	A, B, C, D
nelectron	number of identified electrons	1	A, B, C, D
trkmass	mass of all tracks exceeding 5 sigma significance in d0/z0 values	1	A, B, C, D

Table 5: Flavor tagging input variables. The category is defined in Tab. 4

Flavor-tagging using BDT

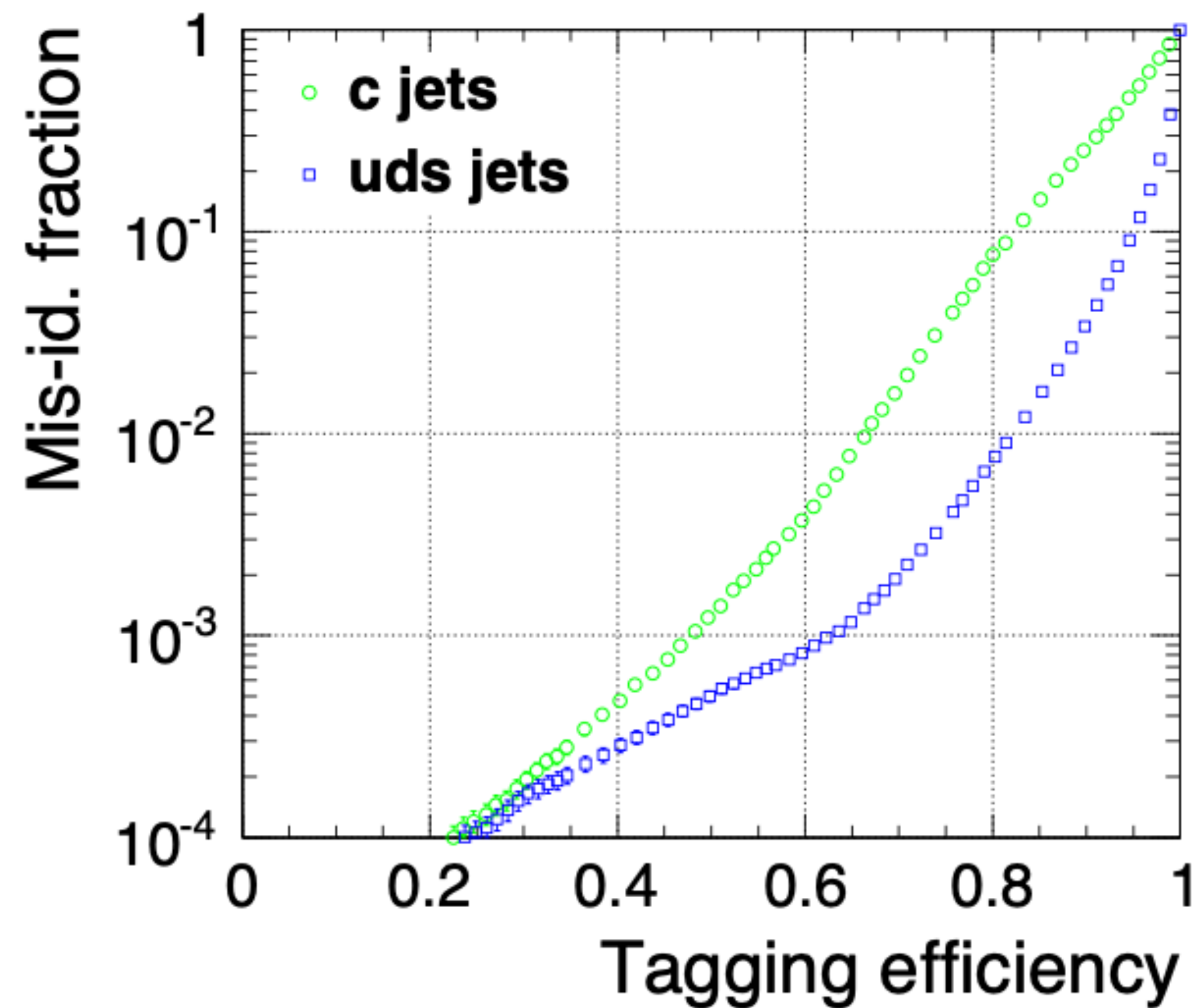
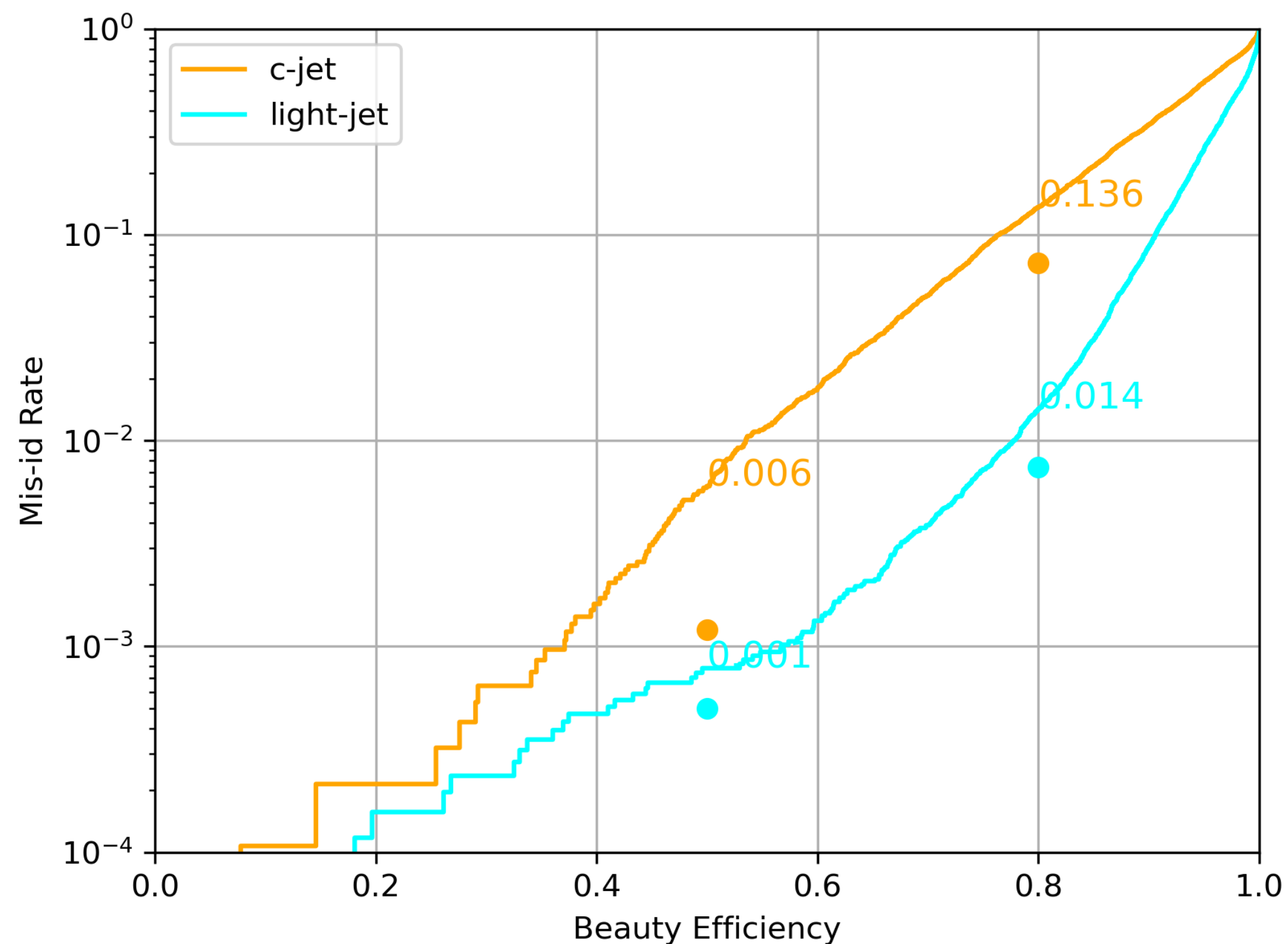
- Follow LCFIPlus strategy,
- BDT inputs

Name	Description	Normalization factor	Used by category
lvtxprob	vertex probability with all tracks associated in vertices combined	1	B, C, D
vtxlen1	decay length of the first vertex in the jet (zero if no vertex is found)	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	B, C, D
vtxlen2	decay length of the second vertex in the jet (zero if number of vertex is less than two)	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	D
vtxlen12	distance between the first and second vertex (zero if number of vertex is less than two)	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	D
vtxsig1	decay length significance of the first vertex in the jet (zero if no vertex is found)	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	B, C, D
vtxsig2	decay length significance of the second vertex in the jet (zero if number of vertex is less than two)	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	D
vtxsig12	vtxlen12 divided by its error as computed from the sum of the covariance matrix of the first and second vertices, projected along the line connecting the two vertices	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	D
vtxdirang1	the angle between the momentum (computed as a vector sum of track momenta) and the displacement of the first vertex	E_{jet}	B, C, D
vtxdirang2	the angle between the momentum (computed as a vector sum of track momenta) and the displacement of the second vertex	E_{jet}	D
vtxmult1	number of tracks included in the first vertex (zero if no vertex is found)	1	B, C, D
vtxmult2	number of tracks included in the second vertex (zero if number of vertex is less than two)	1	D
vtxmult	number of tracks which are used to form secondary vertices (summed for all vertices)	1	D
vtxmom1	magnitude of the vector sum of the momenta of all tracks combined into the first vertex	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	B, C, D
vtxmom2	magnitude of the vector sum of the momenta of all tracks combined into the second vertex	$1/E_{\text{jet}}$	D
vtxmass1	mass of the first vertex computed from the sum of track four-momenta	1	B, C, D
vtxmass2	mass of the second vertex computed from the sum of track four-momenta	1	D
vtxmass	vertex mass as computed from the sum of four momenta of all tracks forming secondary vertices	1	B, C, D
vtxmasspc	mass of the vertex with minimum pt correction allowed by the error matrices of the primary and secondary vertices	1	B, C, D
vtxprob	vertex probability; for multiple vertices, the probability P is computed as $1-P = (1-P_1)(1-P_2)\dots(1-P_N)$	1	B, C, D

Table 6: Flavor tagging input variables (continued).

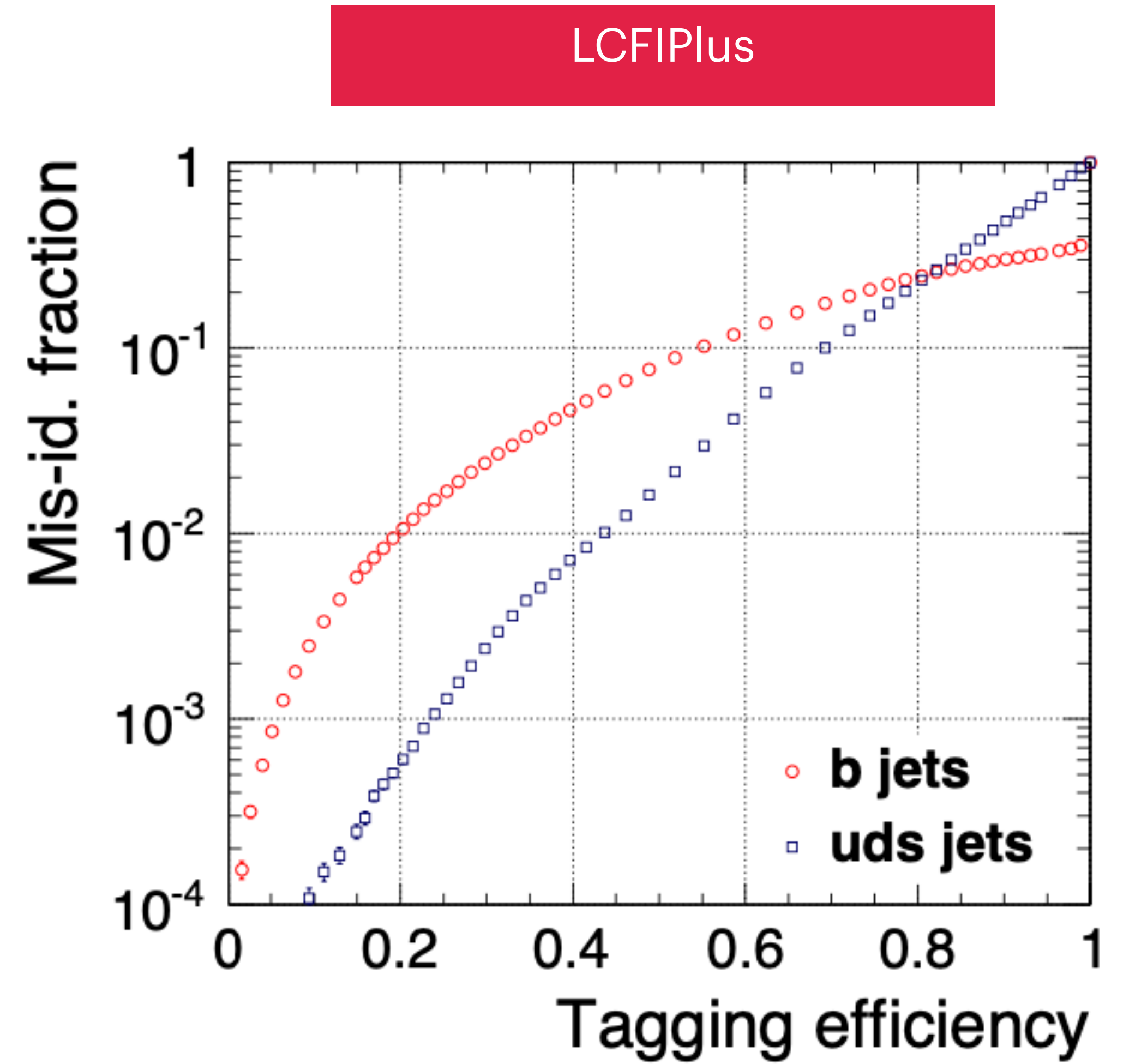
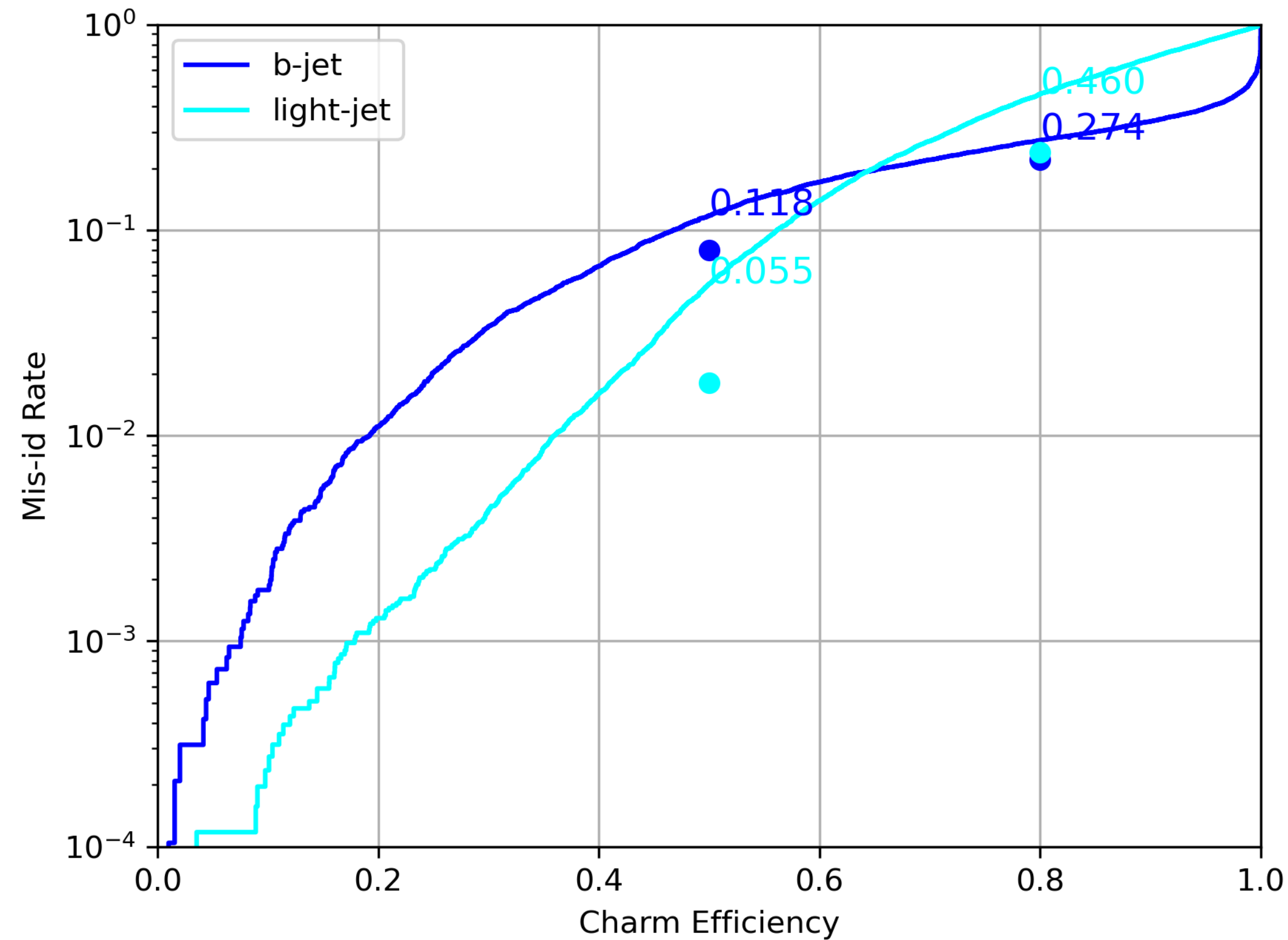
Flavor-tagging using BDT

LCFIPlus

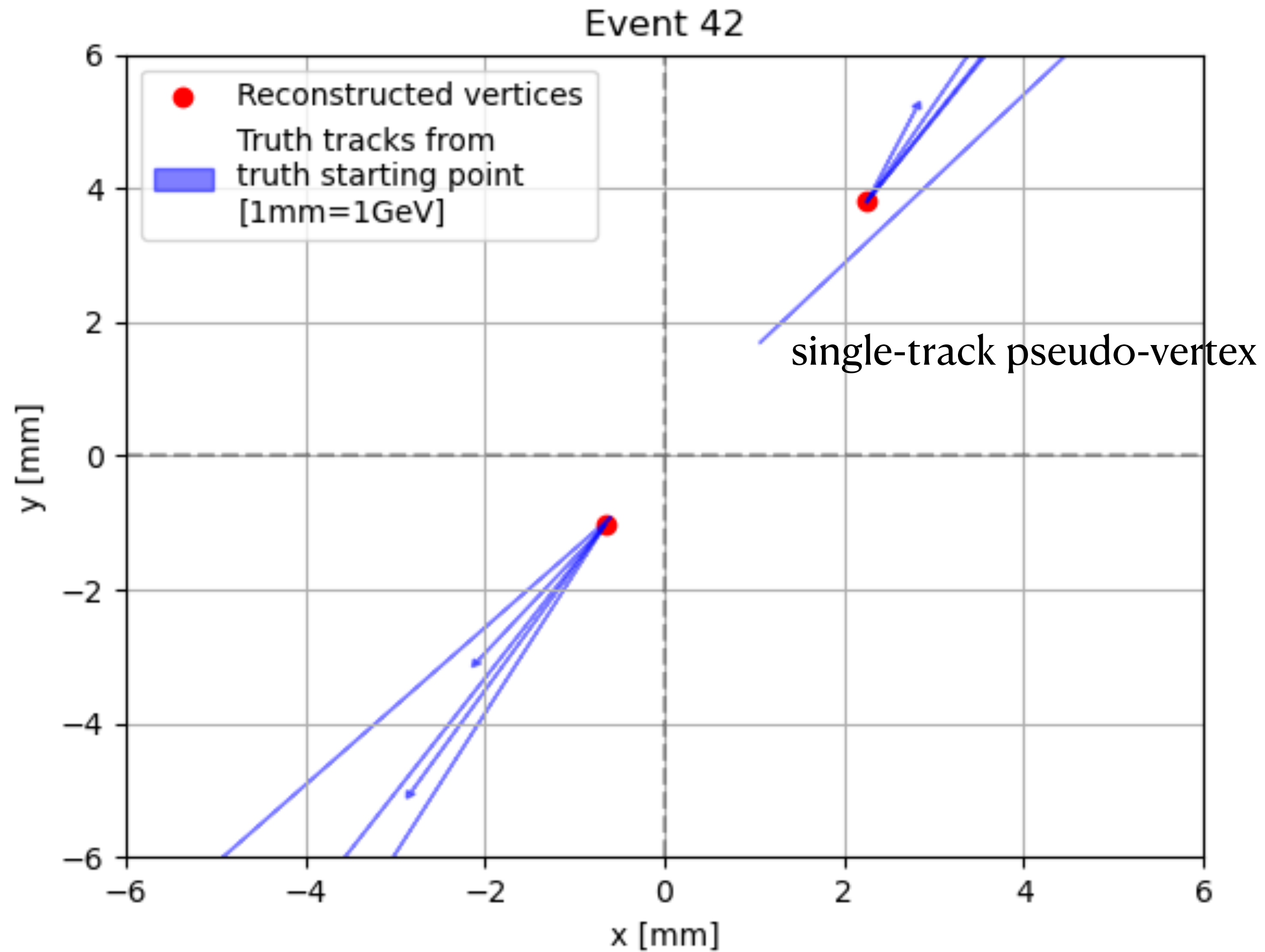


Patch for single-track pseudo-vertex developed, will be put into BDT soon

Flavor-tagging using BDT

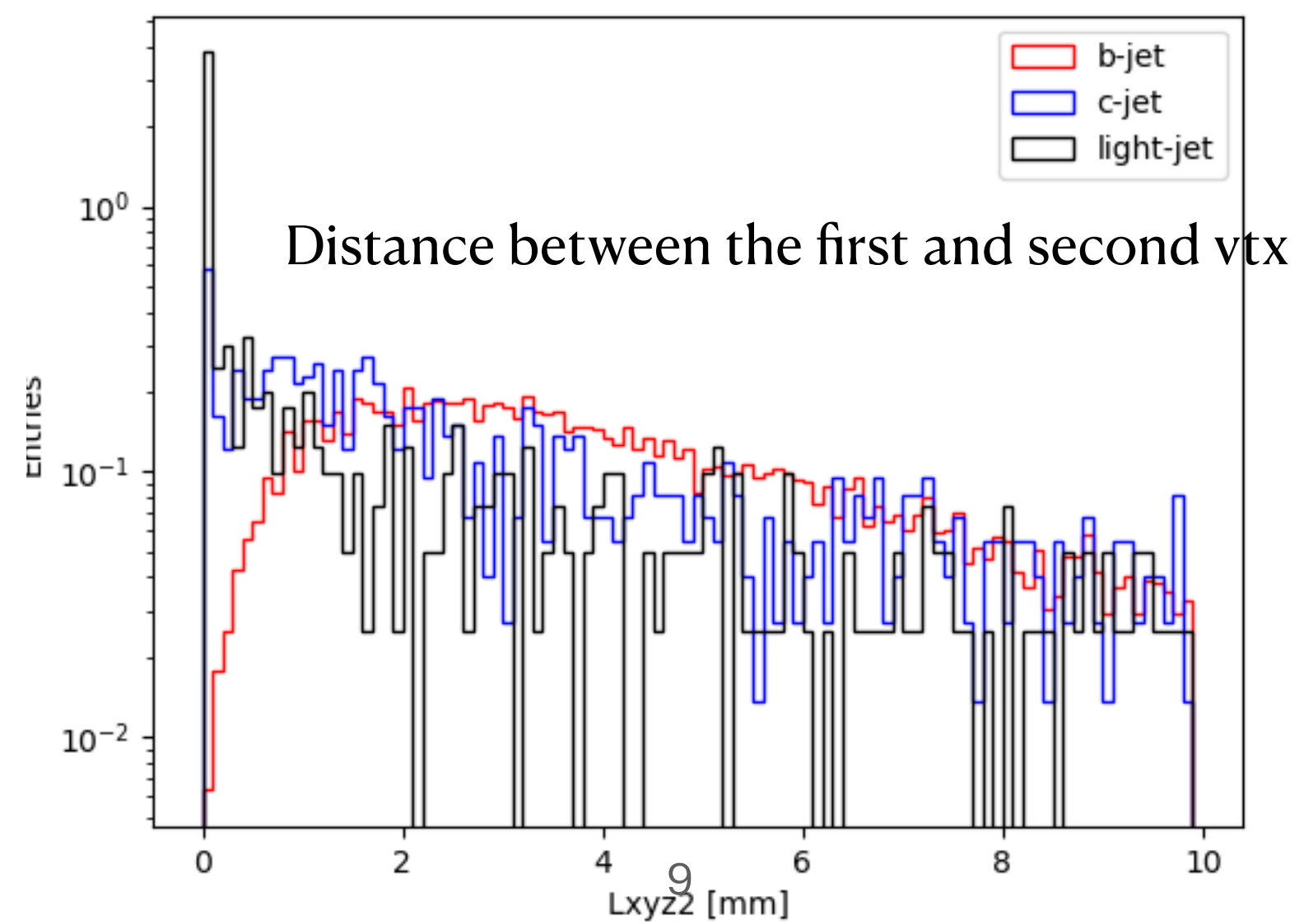
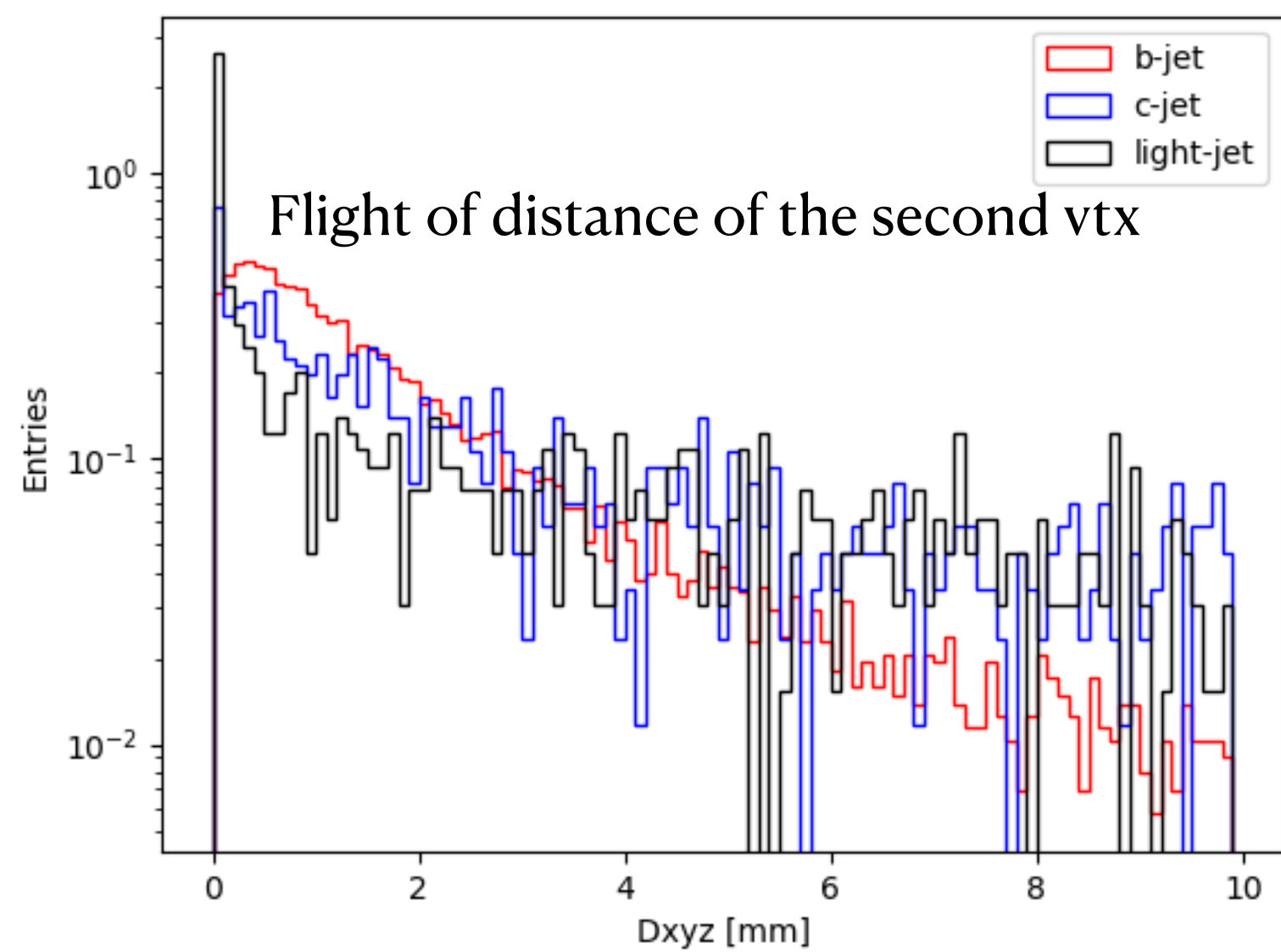
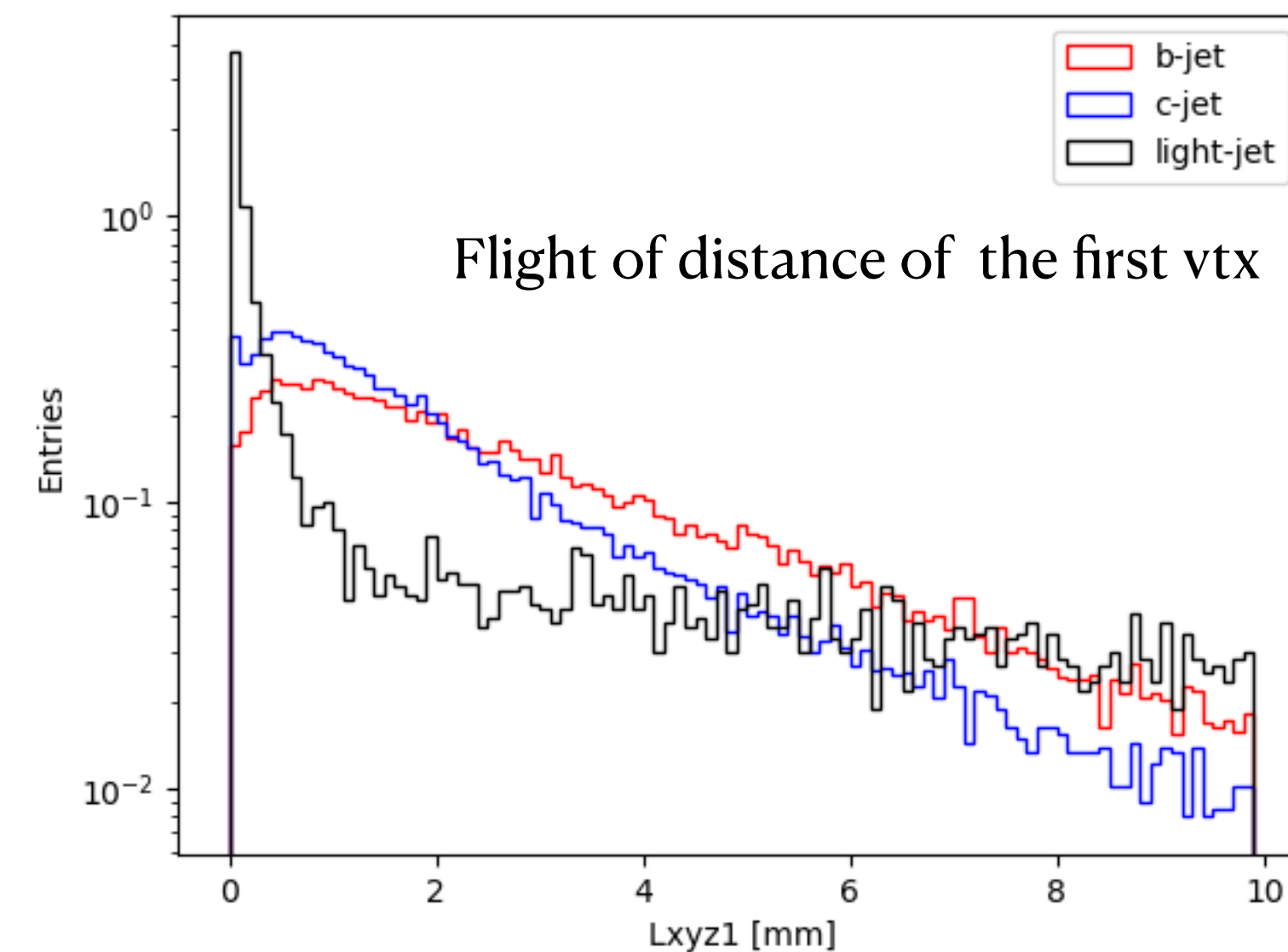
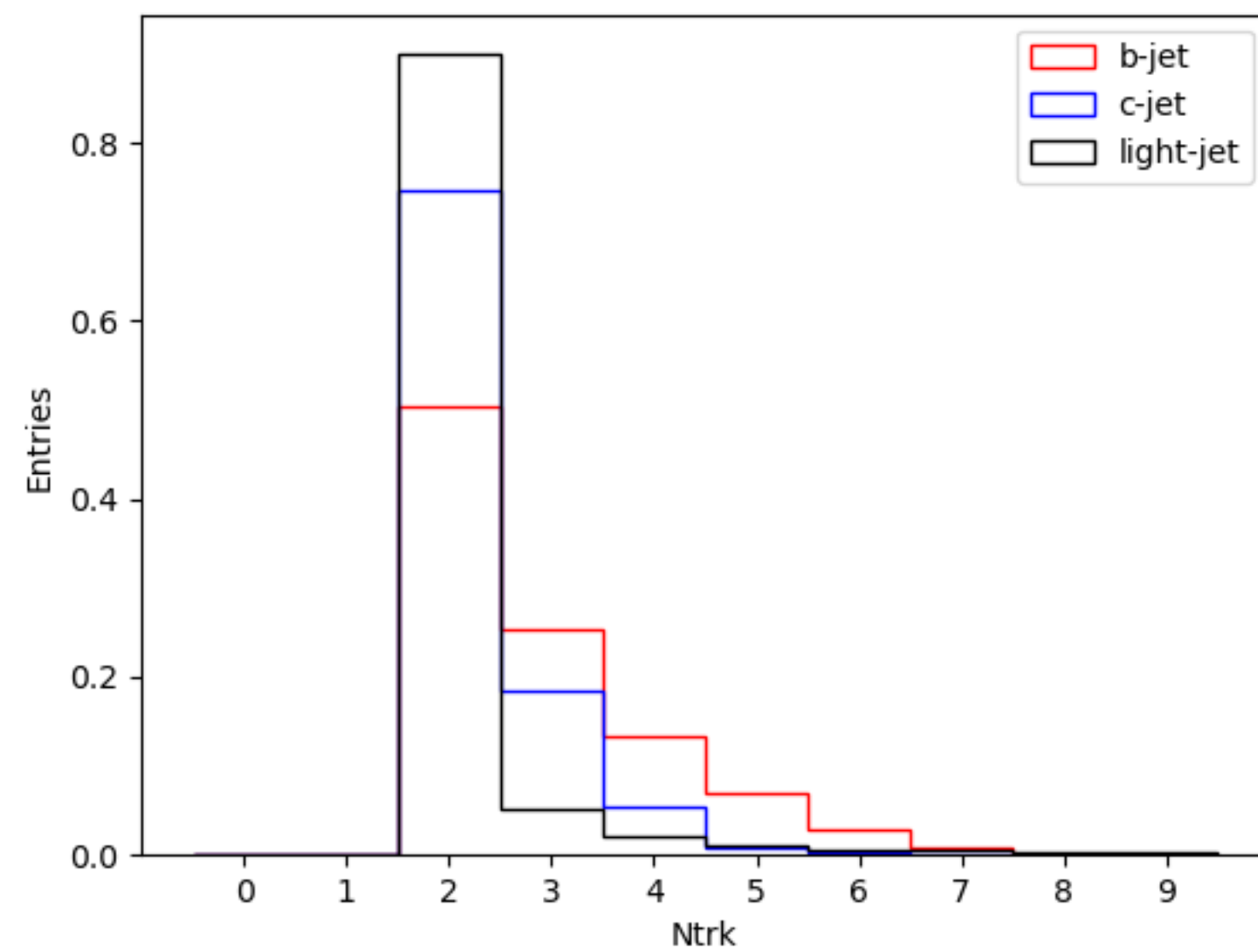
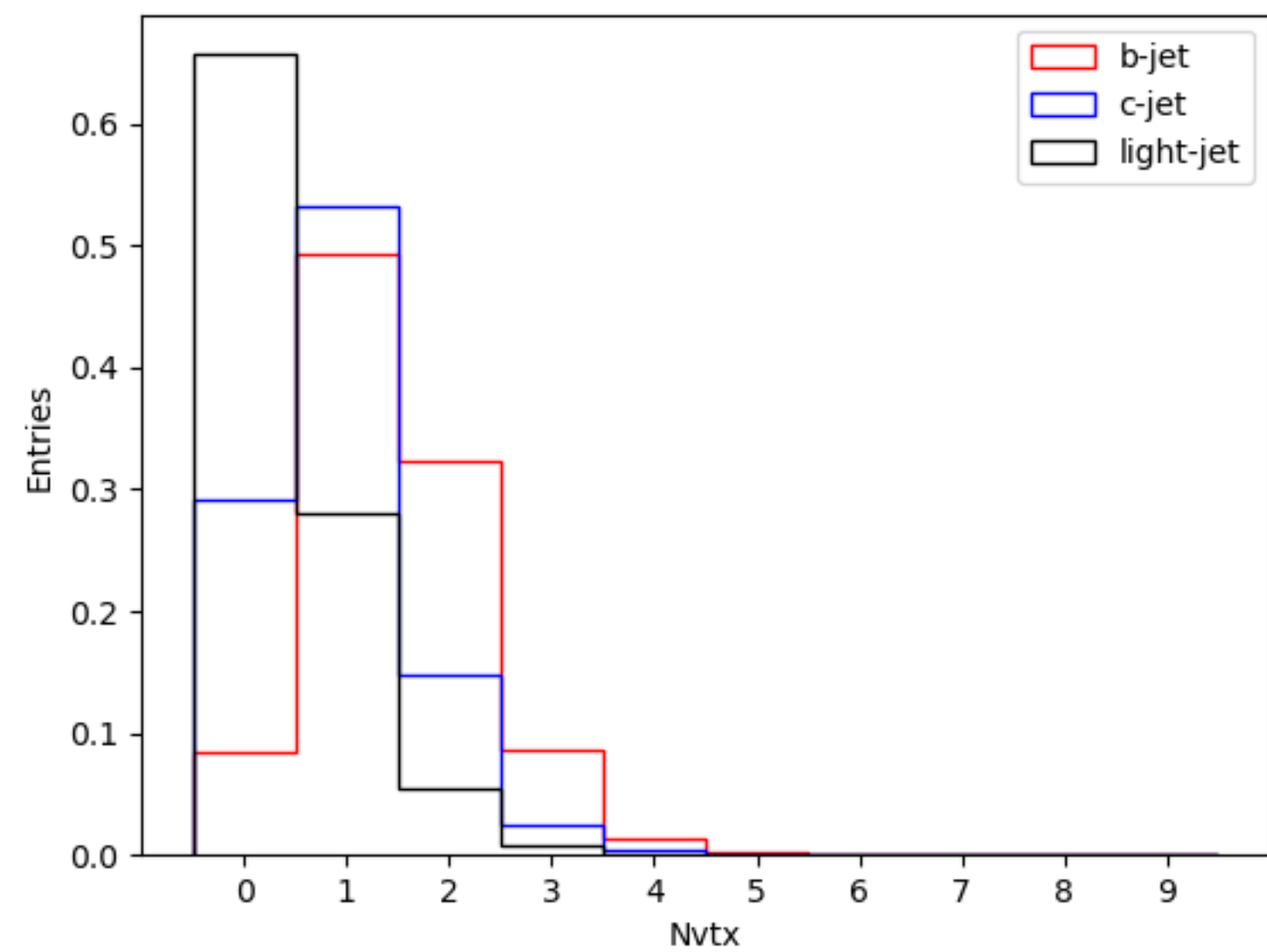


Flavor-tagging using BDT

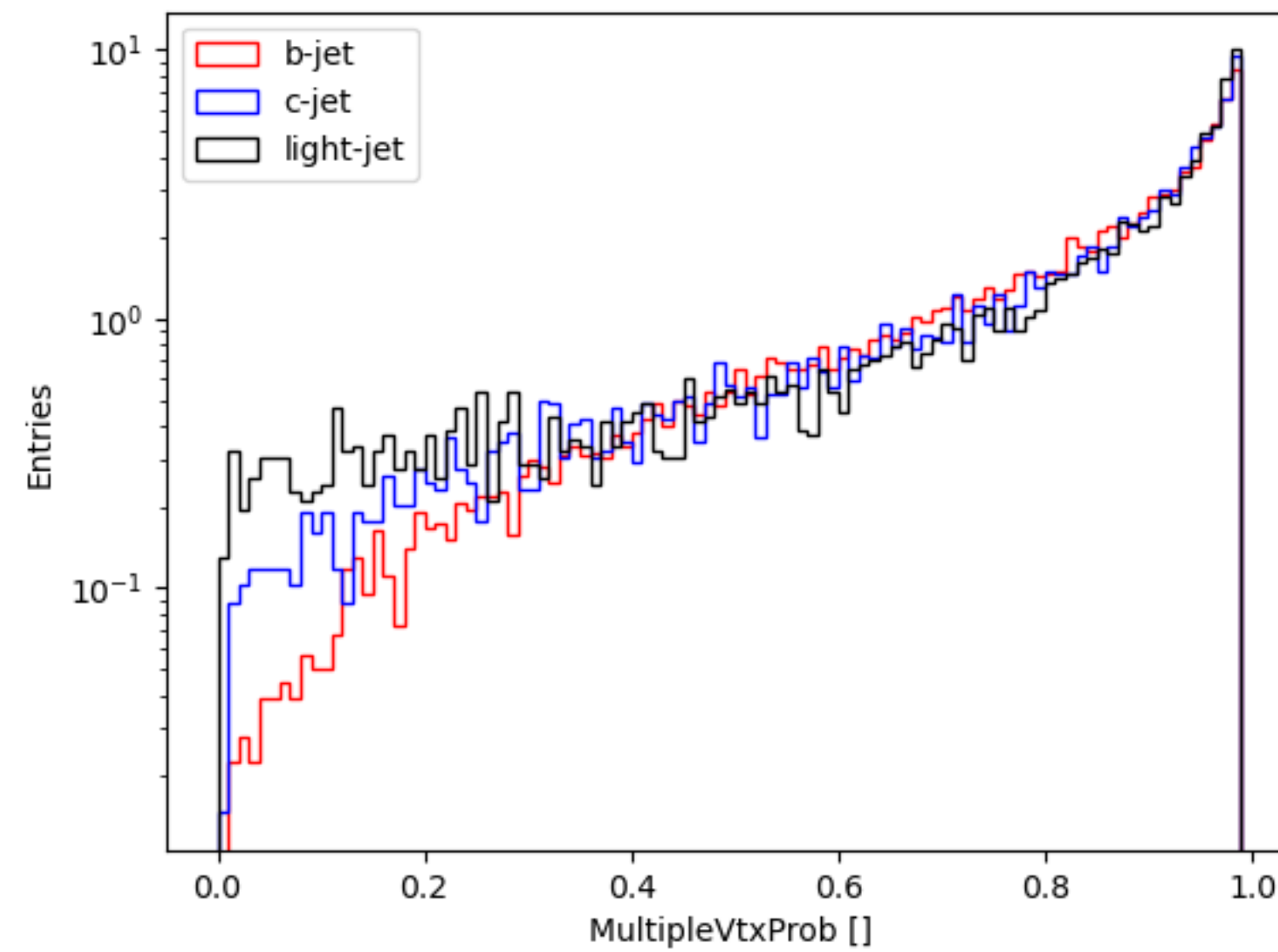
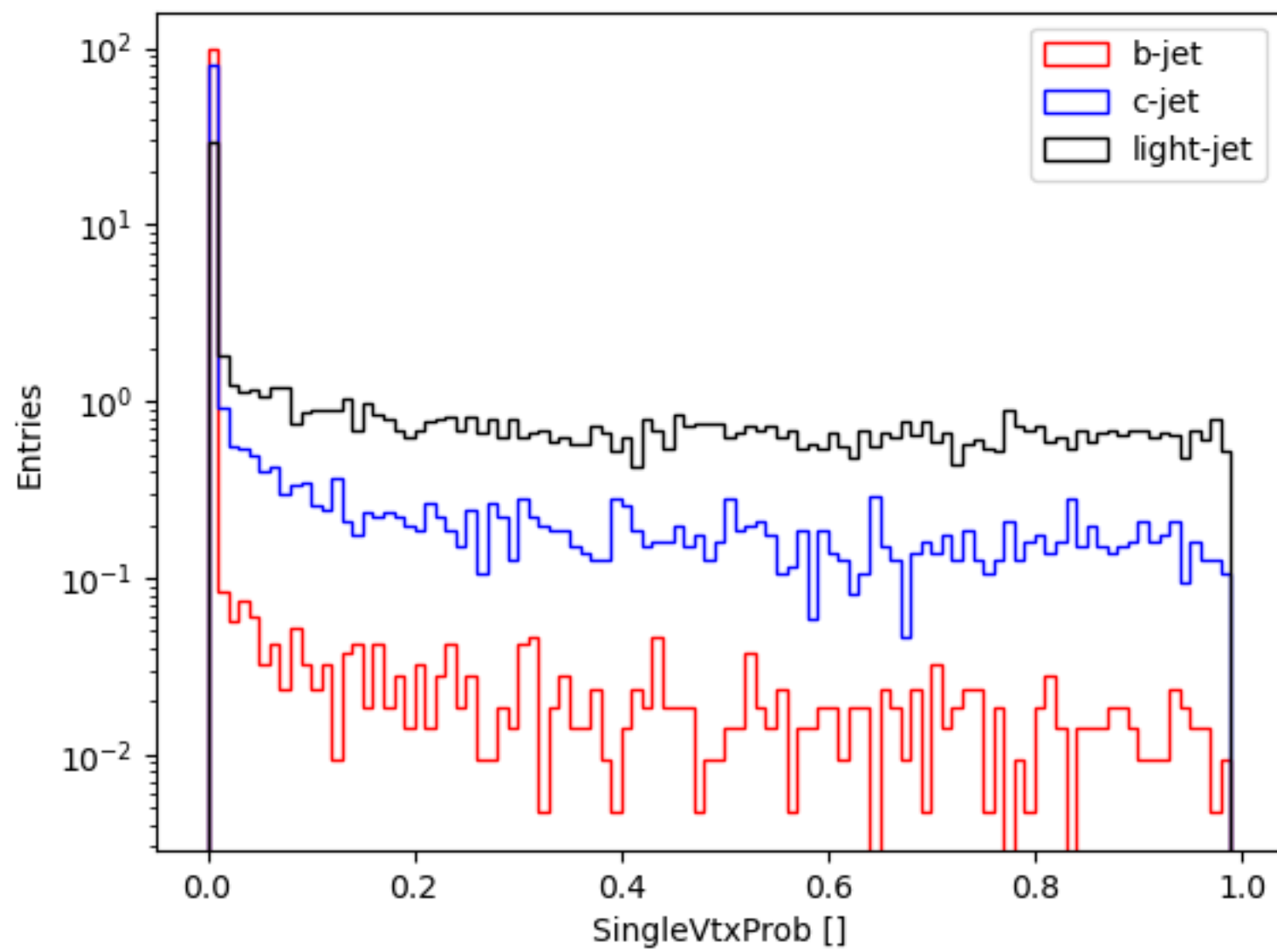
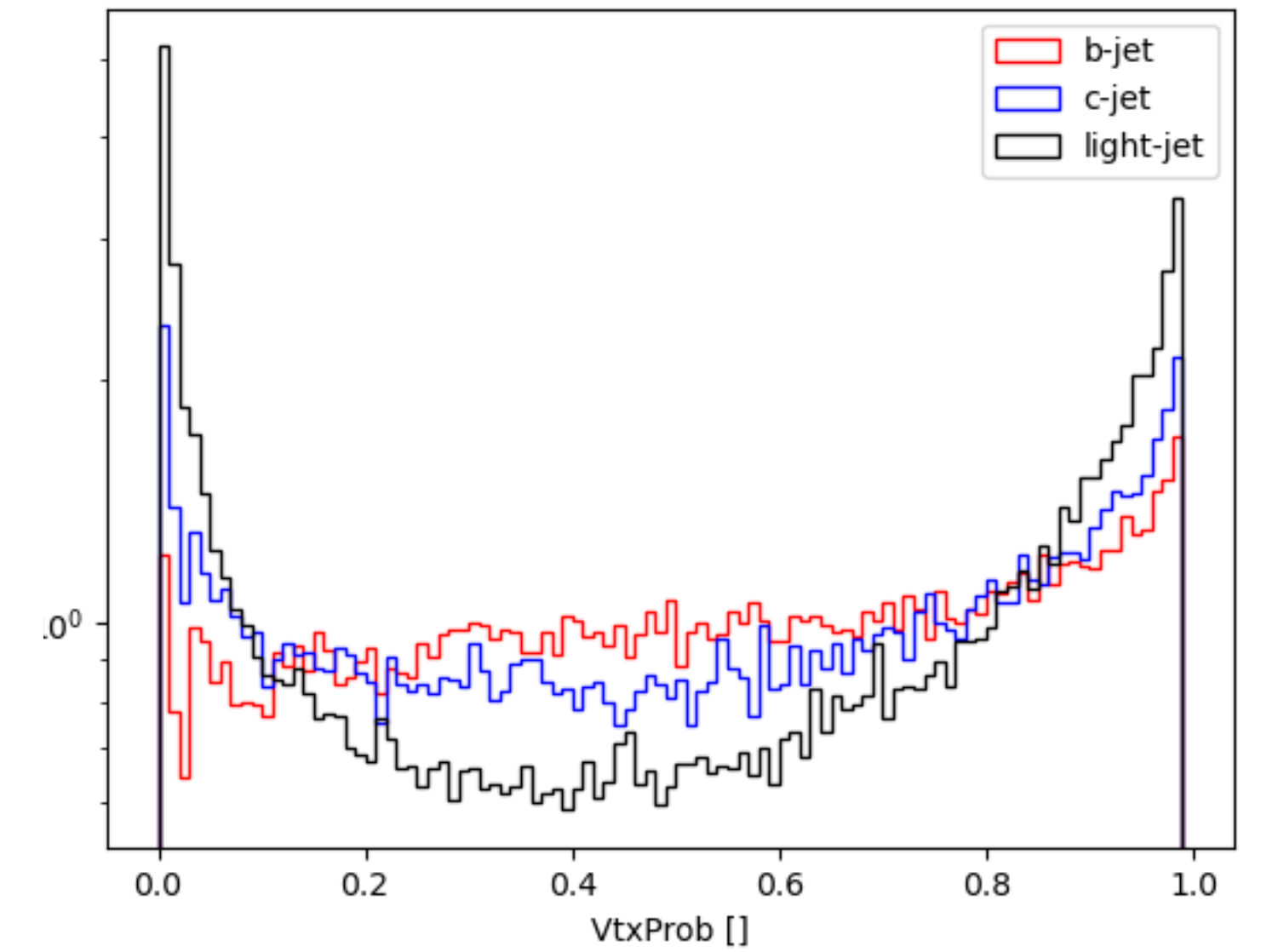
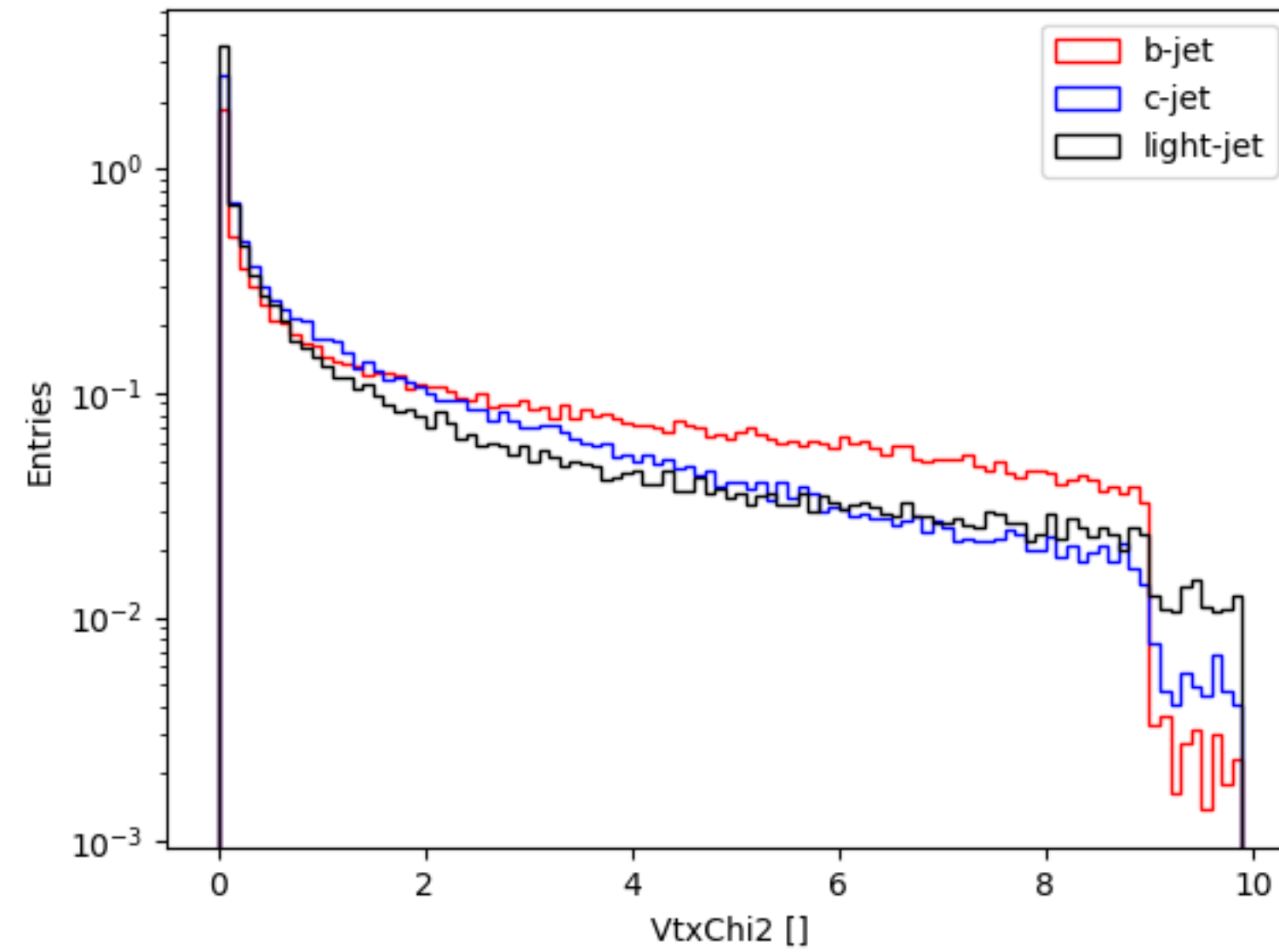
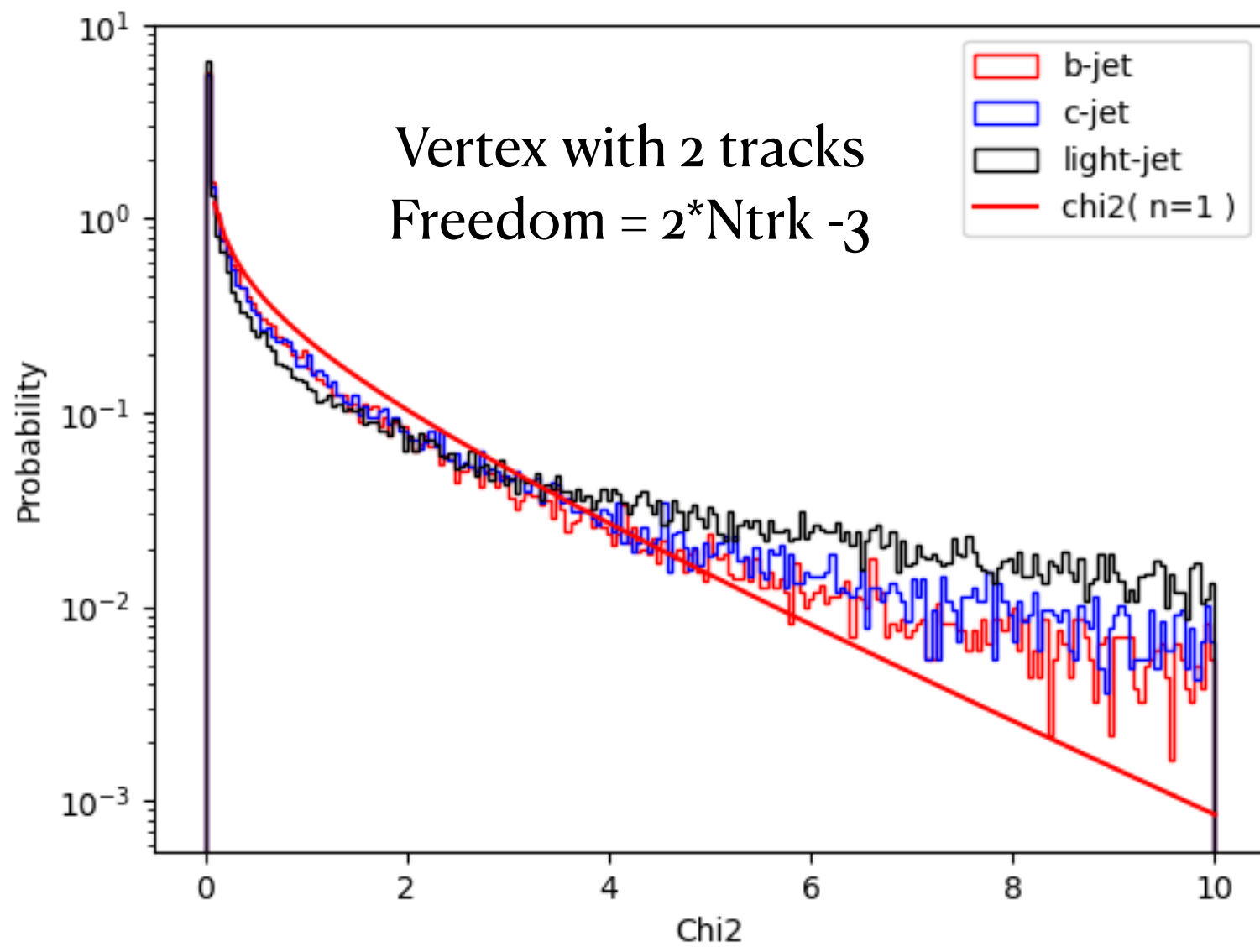


BKUP

Sanity Plots

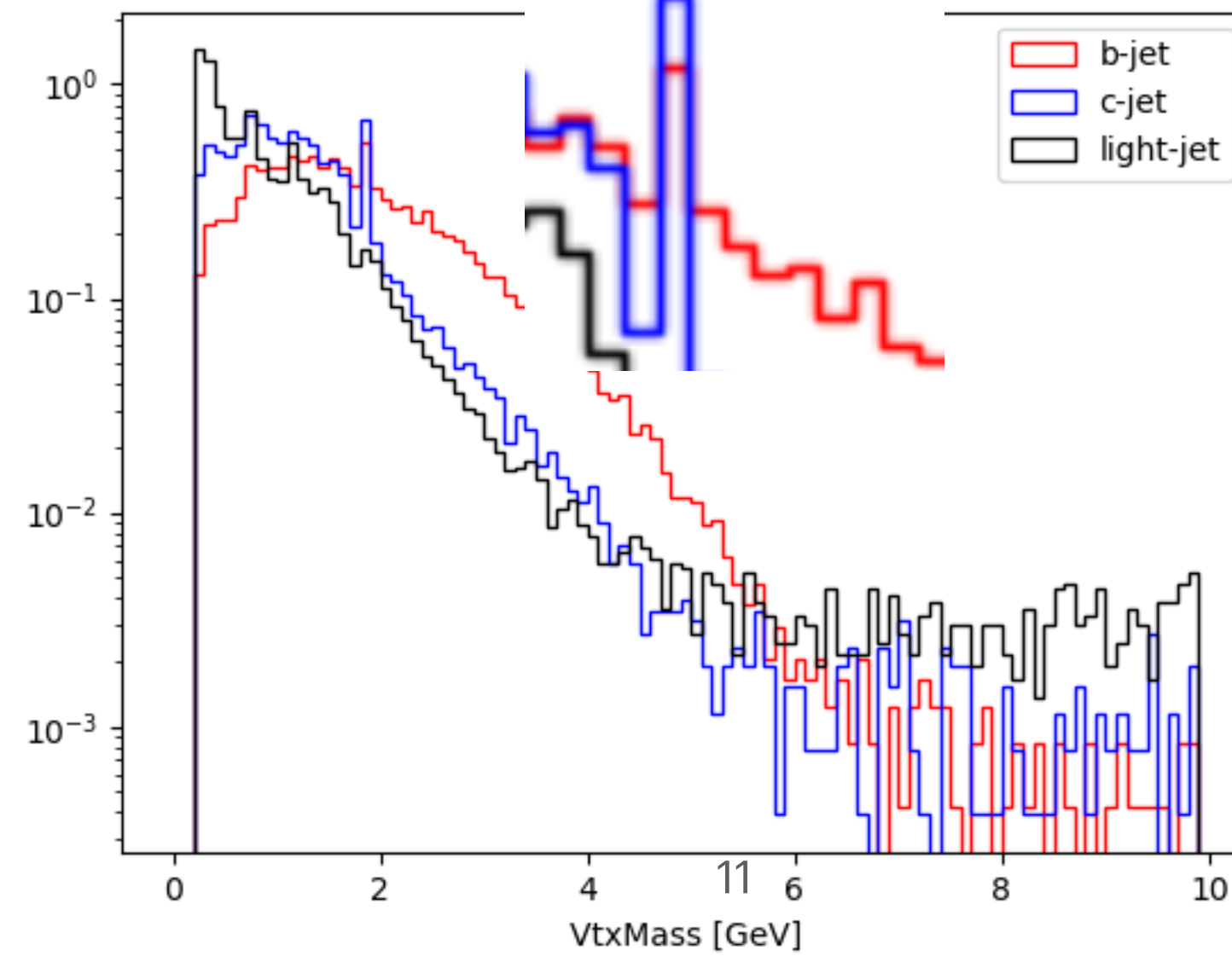
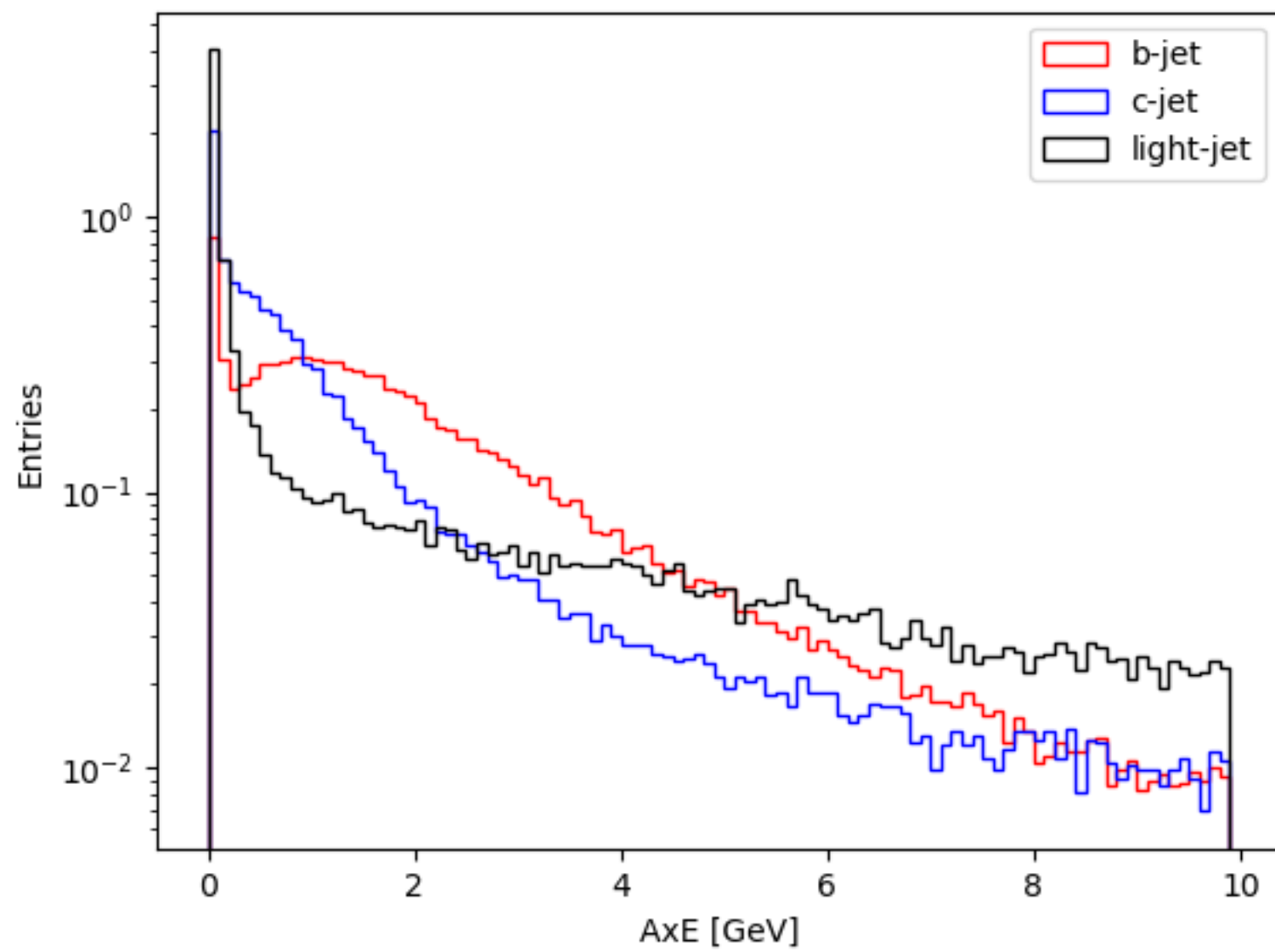
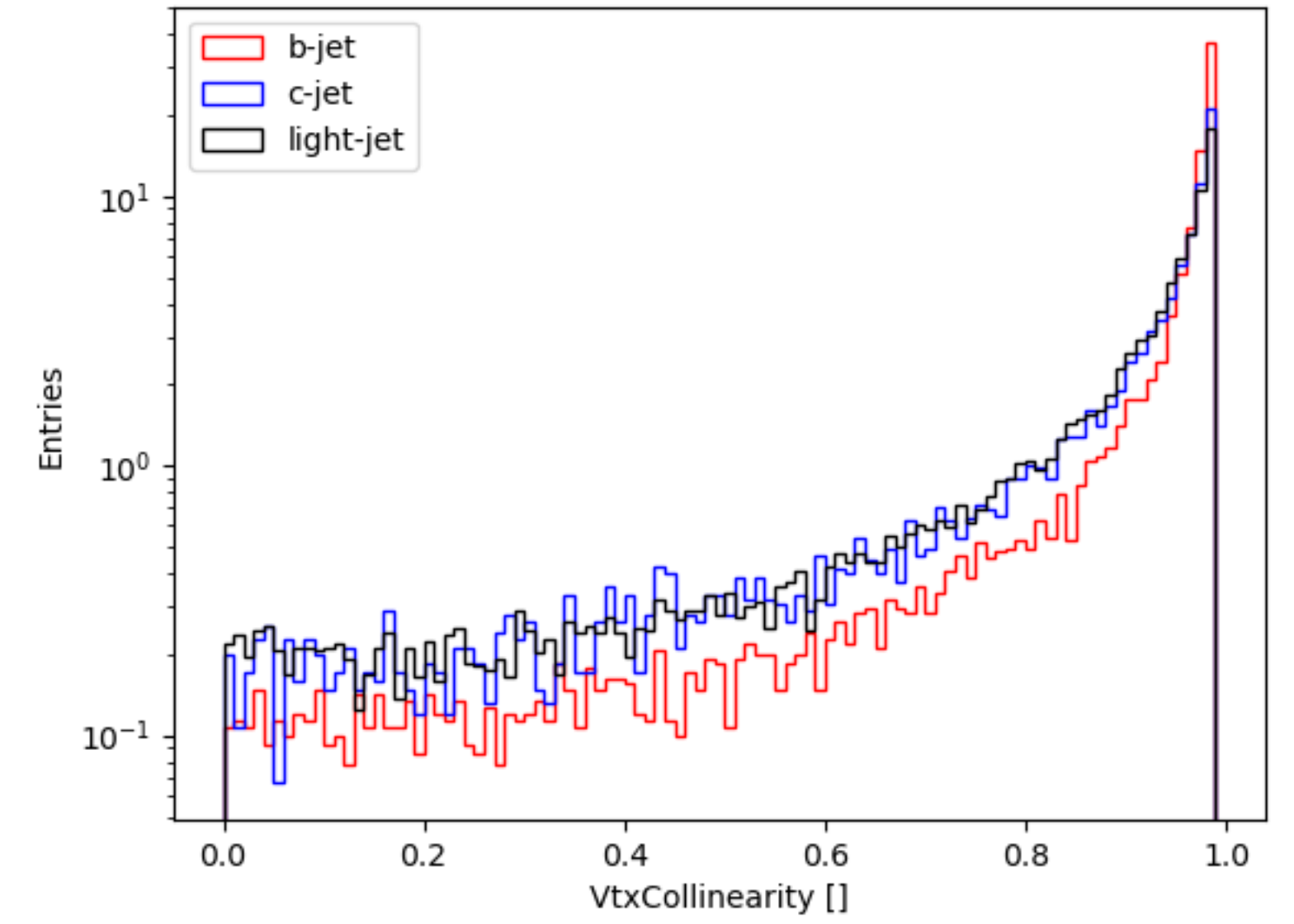
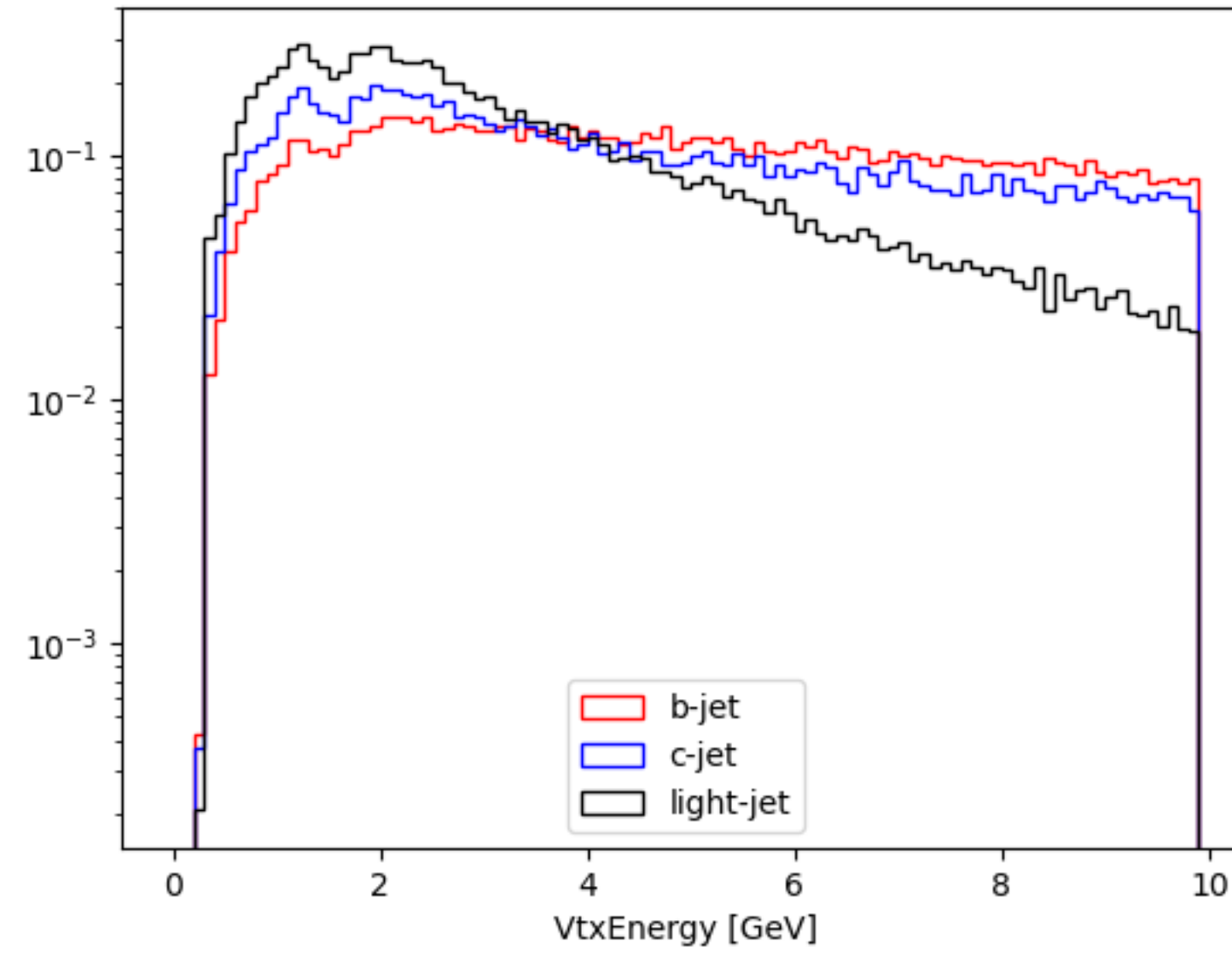
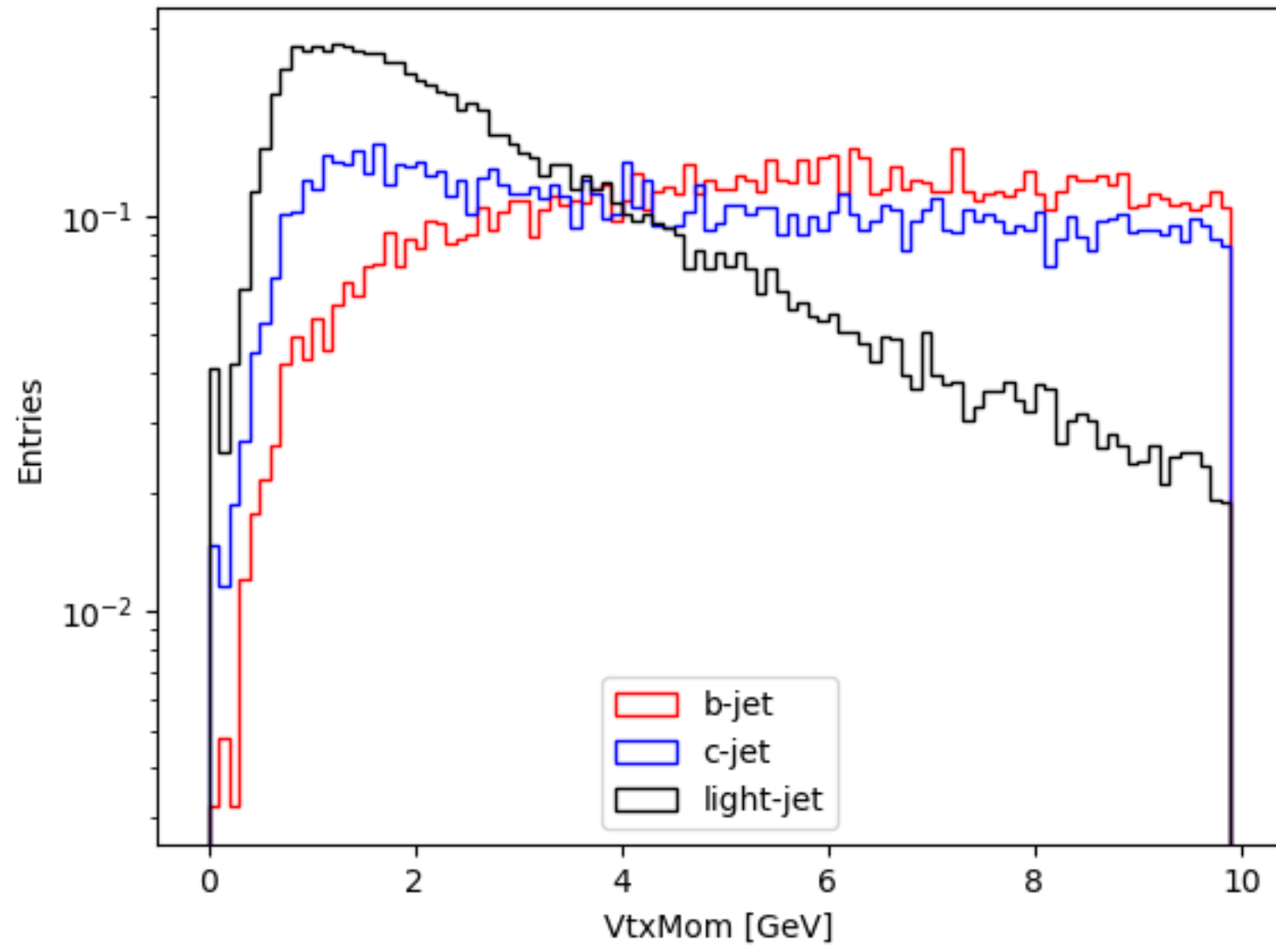


Sanity Plots



- Single vertex probability:
force all vertex tracks to a
single vertex
- Multiple vertices
probability: $p = 1 - (1 - P_1)(1 - P_2)(1 - P_3) \dots$
- Only works for $N_{\text{vtx}} > 1$

Sanity Plots



- Collinearity = $\text{momenta.Unit} \cdot \text{vtx.Unit}$
- $\text{AxE} = \arccos(\text{collinearity}) \times E_{\text{jet}}$