

The Status of the CEPC Accelerator in EDR

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IHEP

On behalf of CEPC-SppC team

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Shandong University, Qingdao, China,



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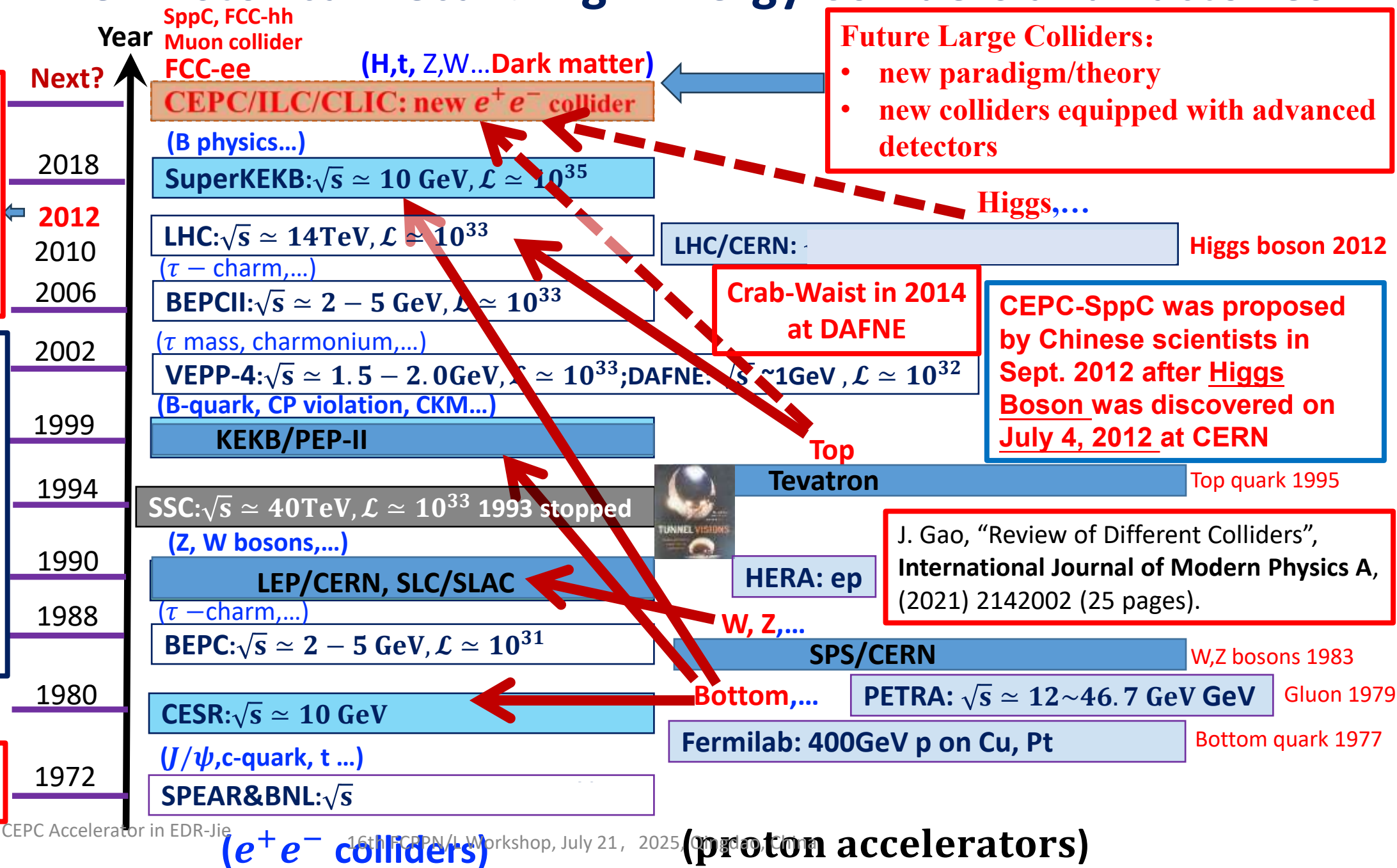


A Brief Historical Recall: High Energy Colliders and Factories

The era of Higgs boson started from 2012, and we entered the BEST EPOCH of High Energy Physics

In the last 60 years we have made a tremendous progress in particle physics, and we have to prepare for the next exciting and discovering years of human being

In 60's, Ada, VEP-I, VEPP-II, ACO...





From BEPC, BEPCII, BEPCII-U to CEPC

BEPC, the first collider in China, was completed in 1988 with luminosity $1 \times 10^{31} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ @1.89GeV

BEPC II was completed in 2009

Luminosity reached on April 5, 2016: $10 \times 10^{32} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ @1.89GeV

Precise tau mass
measurement @BEPC

After BEPCII what is the next high energy collider?

Thanks to the discovery of Higgs at LHC@CERN in July 4, 2012, the answer is clear, CEPC!

J. Gao, "BEPCII and CEPC", Proceedings of eeFACT 2025, arXiv:2505.02401, <https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2505.02401>



IPAC (Asia) Top Prize
Named with J.L. Xie



Prof. J. L. Xie

Prof. M. Davier visited IHEP in May, 1988,
see his review article below

National Scientific and Technology Progress First Prize
for 2016 has been awarded to Prof. J. L. Xie on Jan 9, 2017

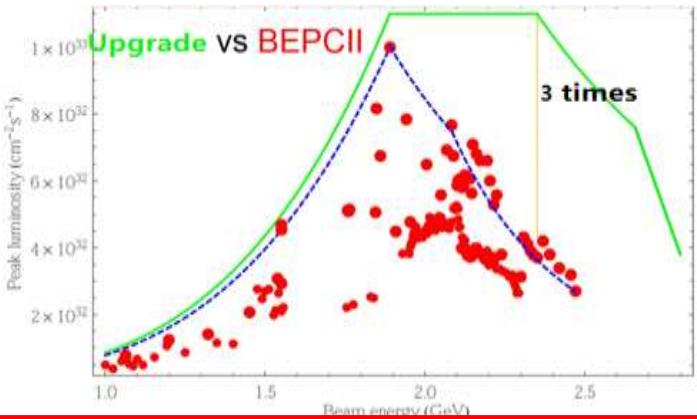
Michel Davier, Minghan Ye and China{France collaboration
in high-energy Physics, International Journal of Modern
Physics A Vol. 40, Nos. 13 & 14 (2025) 2545005 (9 pages)
<https://doi.org/10.1142/S0217751X25450058>



Upgrade Project for BEPCII (BEPCII-U)

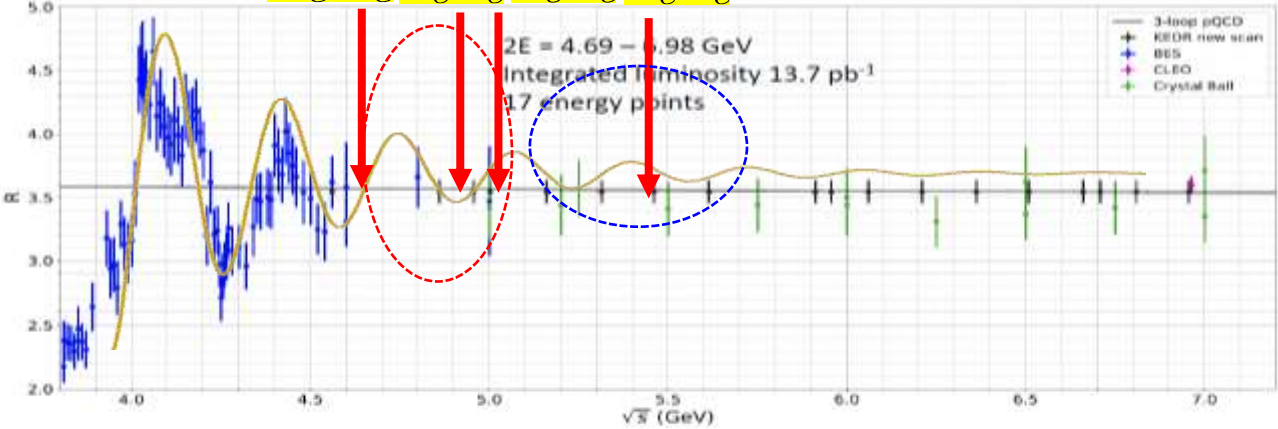
Key Technologies: Double beam power & Optics upgrade & Higher gradient of magnets

| | BEPCII @ 2.35GeV | BEPCII-U @ 2.35GeV | BEPCII-U @ 2.8GeV |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| L [10 ³² cm ⁻² s ⁻¹] | 3.5 | 11 | 3.7 |
| β_y^* [cm] | 1.5 | 1.35 | 3.0 |
| Beam current [mA] | 400 | 900 | 450 |
| SR Power [kW] | 110 | 250 | 250 |
| $\xi_{y,lum}$ | 0.029 | 0.033 | 0.043 |
| Emittance [nmrad] | 147 | 152 | 200 |
| Couping [%] | 0.53 | 0.35 | 0.5 |
| Bucket Height | 0.0069 | 0.011 | 0.009 |
| $\sigma_{z,0}$ [cm] | 1.54 | 1.07 | 1.4 |
| σ_z [cm] | 1.69 | 1.22 | 1.6 |
| RF Voltage [MV] | 1.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 |



Tau-Charm physics studies on BEPCII-U

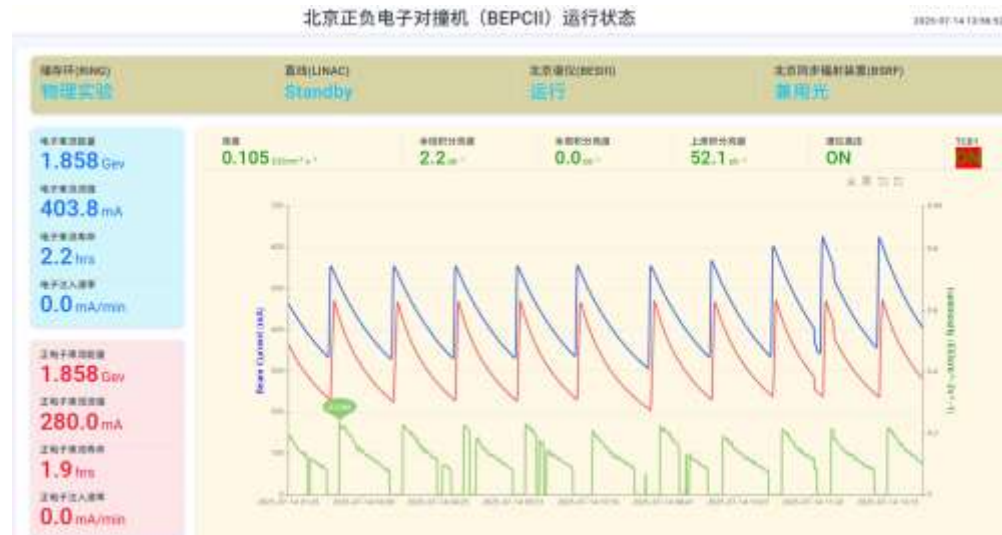
$\Lambda_c \bar{\Lambda}_c \Sigma_c \bar{\Sigma}_c \Xi_c \bar{\Xi}_c \Omega_c \bar{\Omega}_c$ **Physics predictions**



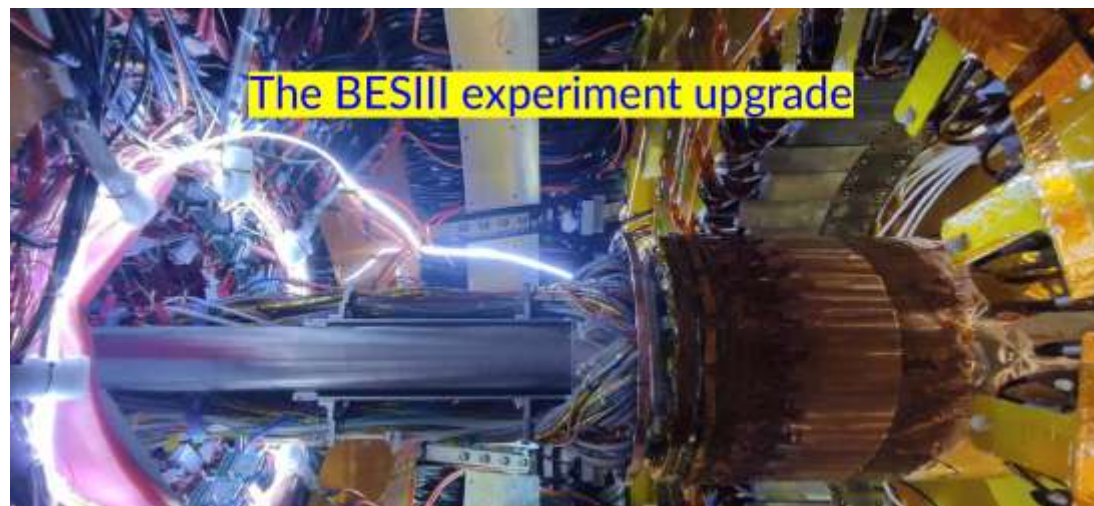
* KE DR new scan points positions are fixed at pQCD predictions
Expected total uncertainty is about 3 % (systematic uncertainty about 2.5%)



BEPCL-U in Commissioning

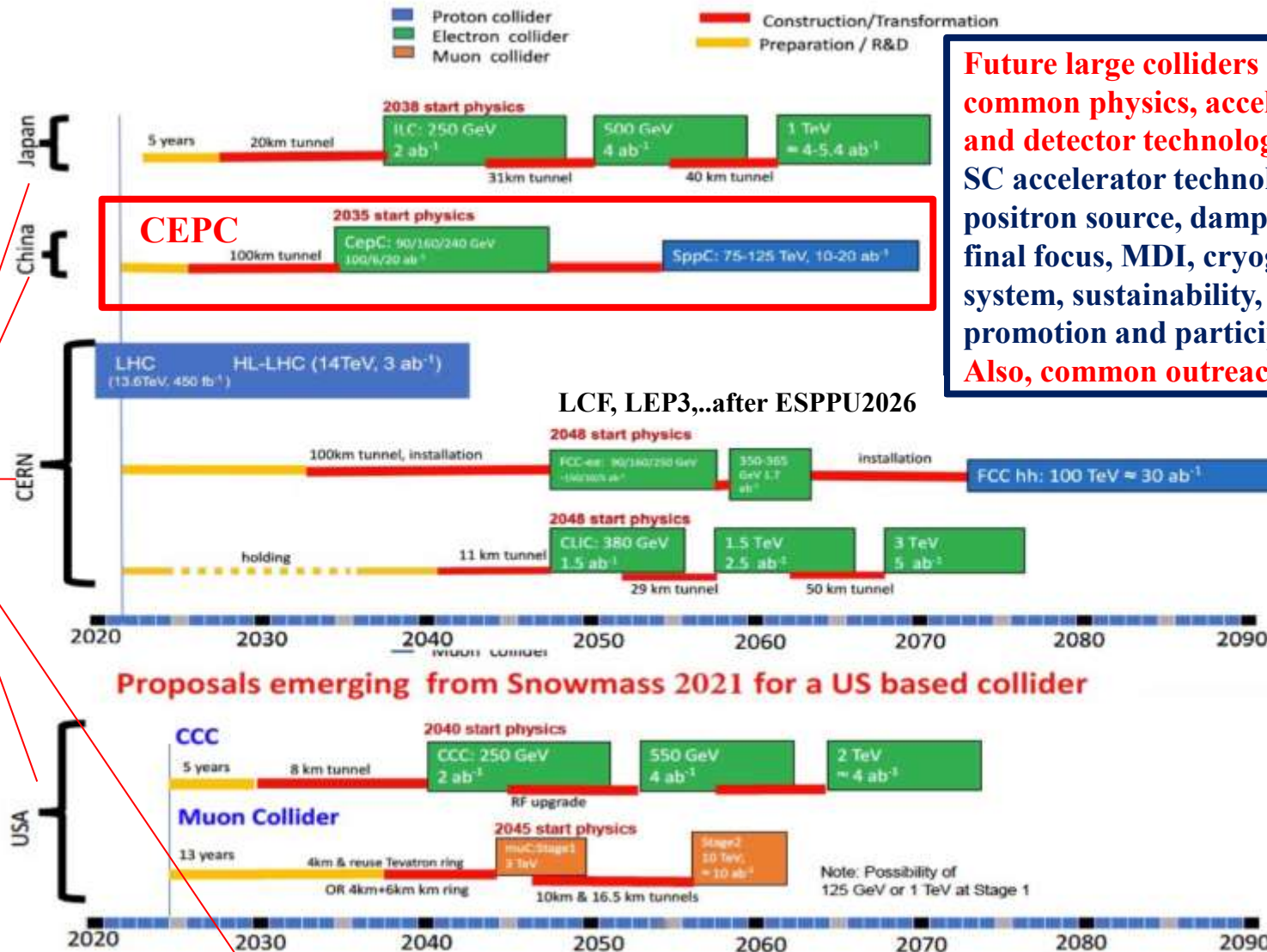


BEPCL-U started commissioning in March 2025

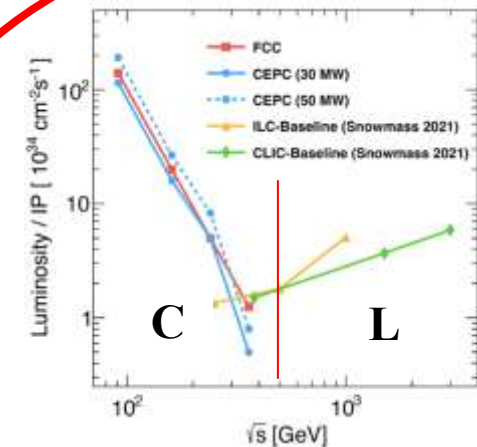
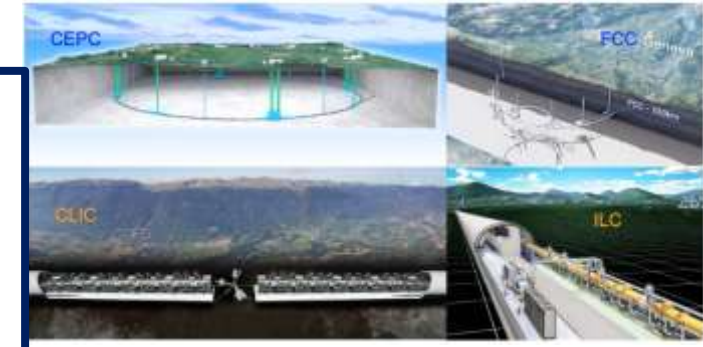


Worldwide High Energy Physics Frontier Goals Timelines and Common Efforts

The common physics goals in complementary



Future large colliders have the common physics, accelerator and detector technologies: SC accelerator technologies, positron source, damping ring, final focus, MDI, cryogenic system, sustainability, industrial promotion and participation. **Also, common outreach activities**



The complementarity between circular and linear Higgs factories

HALHF as a Higgs factory based on plasma accelerator technology

G. Arduini, et al, Future Colliders Comparative Evaluation - Working Group Report, ESPPU26, 2025,

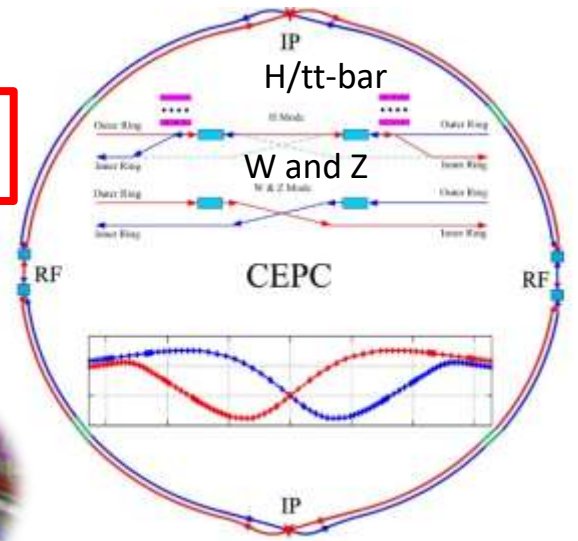
https://indico.cern.ch/event/1439855/contributions/6542430/attachments/3076609/5444588/Future_Colliders_Comparative_Evaluation_WG_report.pdf



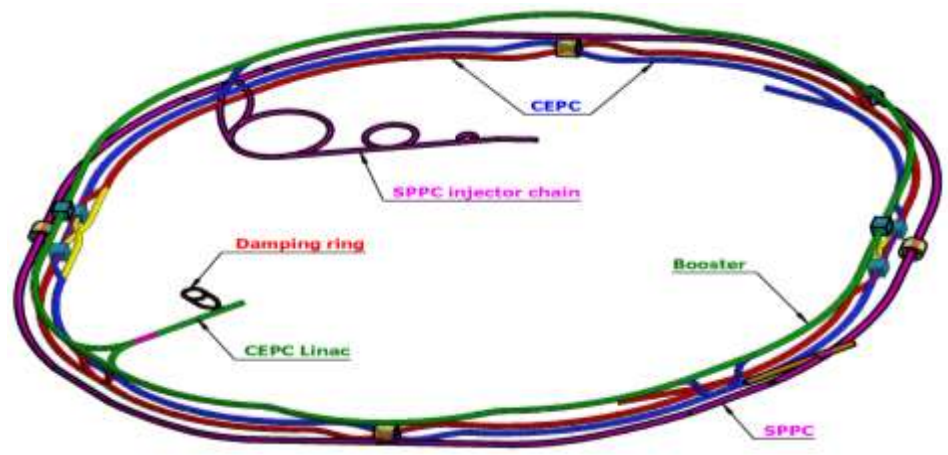
CEPC Higgs Factory and SppC Layout in TDR/EDR

CEPC as a Higgs Factory: **H**, **W**, **Z**, upgradable to **ttbar**, followed by a SppC (a Hadron collider) $\sim 125\text{TeV}$
30MW SR power per beam (upgradable to 50MW) , high energy gamma ray 100Kev \sim 100MeV

CEPC has two detectors

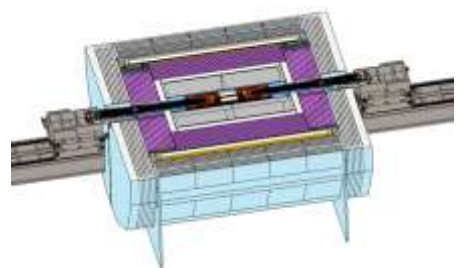
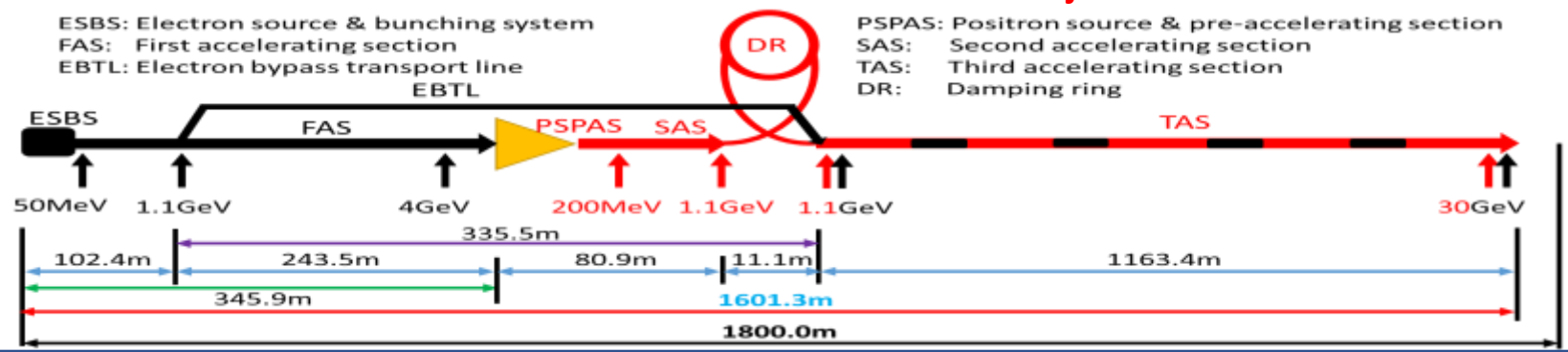


CEPC collider ring (100km)

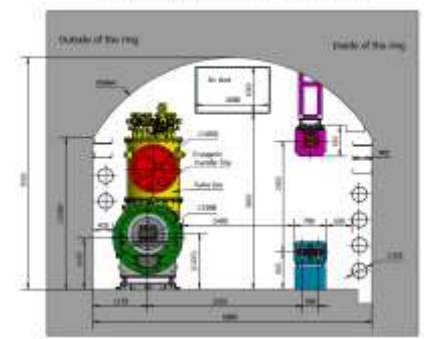


CEPC booster ring (100km)

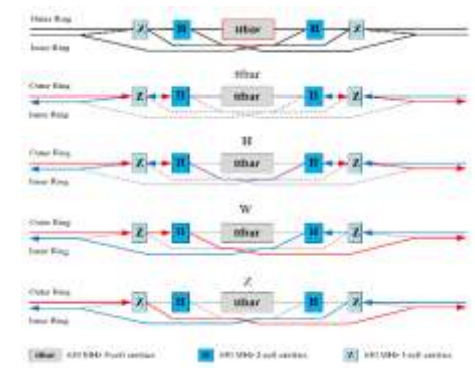
CEPC TDR S+C-band 30GeV linac injector



TUNNEL CROSS SECTION OF THE ARC AREA



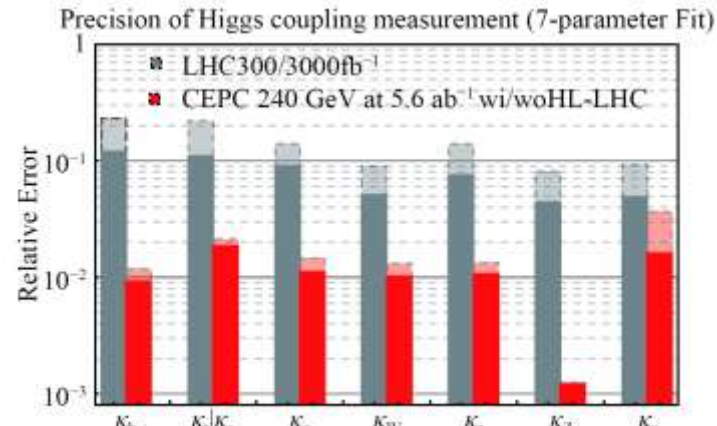
CEPC/SppC in the same tunnel



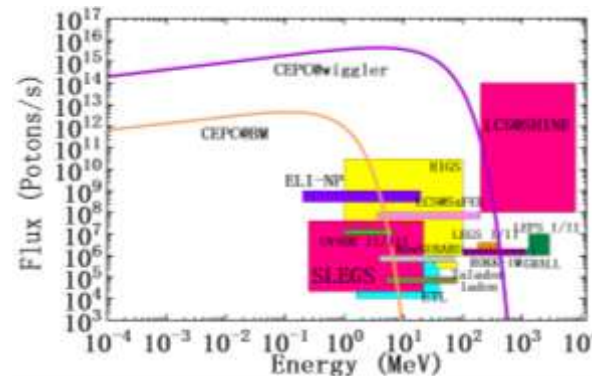
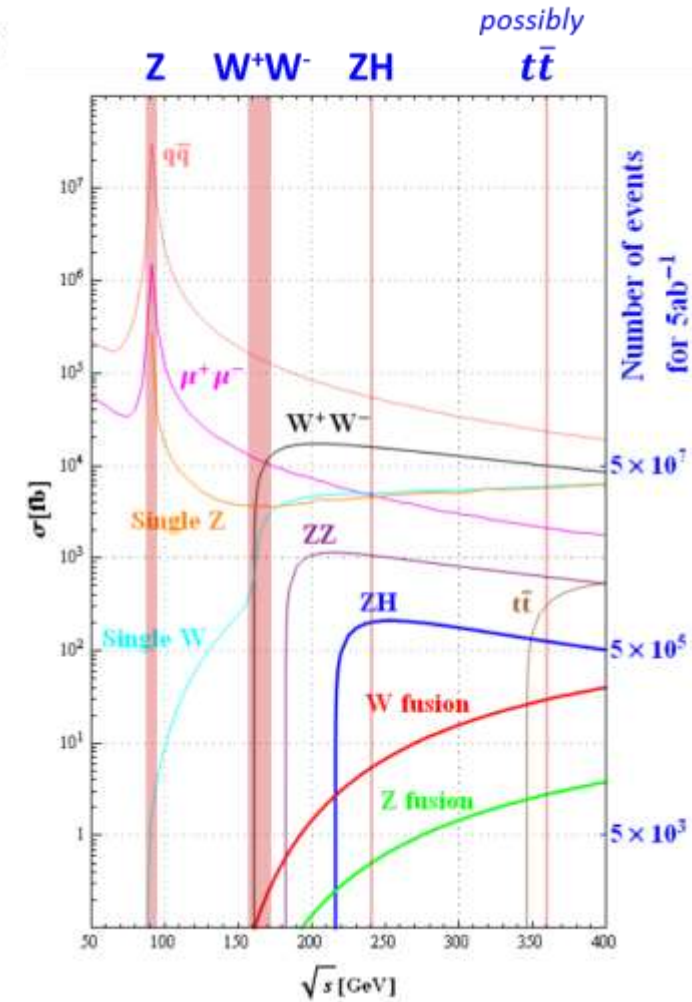
Z,W, Higgs and ttbar energies

CEPC Physics Goals, Operation Plan and Goals in TDR/EDR

| Operation mode | | ZH | Z | W ⁺ W ⁻ | t \bar{t} |
|------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| \sqrt{s} [GeV] | | ~240 | ~91 | ~160 | ~360 |
| Run Time [years] | | 10 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| 30 MW | $L / IP [\times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$ | 5.0 | 115 | 16 | 0.5 |
| | $\int L dt [\text{ab}^{-1}, 2 \text{ IPs}]$ | 13 | 60 | 4.2 | 0.65 |
| | Event yields [2 IPs] | 2.6×10^6 | 2.5×10^{12} | 1.3×10^8 | 4×10^5 |
| 50 MW | $L / IP [\times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$ | 8.3 | 192 | 26.7 | 0.8 |
| | $\int L dt [\text{ab}^{-1}, 2 \text{ IPs}]$ | 21.6 | 100 | 6.9 | 1 |
| | Event yields [2 IPs] | 4.3×10^6 | 4.1×10^{12} | 2.1×10^8 | 6×10^5 |



CEPC operation scenarios:
Higgs 10 years, Z-pole 2 years,
W 1 year, ttbar 5 years as upgrade



CEPC as high energy SR light source

* Higgs is the top priority for CEPC

** Detector solenoid field is 3 Tesla for all other energies.

CEPC physics white papers:

1: Higgs physics, Chinese Physics C Vol. 43, No. 4 (2019) 043002

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1810.09037>

2: Flavor physics, <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2412.19743> (2024)

3: Electroweak physics, to be published

4: New Physics Search at the CEPC: a General Perspective

<https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2505.24810> (2025)

5: QCD, to be published

CEPC Accelerator System Parameters in TDR/EDR

Linac

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Baseline |
|------------------------|-----------------|------|----------------------|
| Energy | E_e/E_{e+} | GeV | 30 |
| Repetition rate | f_{rep} | Hz | 100 |
| Bunch number per pulse | | | 1 or 2 |
| Bunch charge | | nC | 1.5 (3) |
| Energy spread | σ_E | | 1.5×10^{-3} |
| Emittance | ε_r | nm | 6.5 |

Booster

| | | $t\bar{t}$ | H | | W | Z | |
|---------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| | | Off axis injection | Off axis injection | On axis injection | Off axis injection | Off axis injection | |
| Circumfer. | km | 99.955 | | | | | |
| Injection energy | GeV | 30 | | | | | |
| Extraction energy | GeV | 180 | 120 | | 80 | 45.5 | |
| Bunch number | | 35 | 268 | 261+7 | 1297 | 3978 | 5967 |
| Maximum bunch charge | nC | 0.99 | 0.7 | 20.3 | 0.73 | 0.8 | 0.81 |
| Beam current | mA | 0.11 | 0.94 | 0.98 | 2.85 | 9.5 | 14.4 |
| SR power | MW | 0.93 | 0.94 | 1.66 | 0.94 | 0.323 | 0.49 |
| Emittance | nm | 2.83 | 1.26 | | 0.56 | 0.19 | |
| RF frequency | GHz | 1.3 | | | | | |
| RF voltage | GV | 9.7 | 2.17 | | 0.87 | 0.46 | |
| Full injection from empty | h | 0.1 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.27 | 1.8 | 0.8 |

Collider

| | Higgs | Z | W | $t\bar{t}$ |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Number of IPs | 2 | | | |
| Circumference (km) | 99.955 | | | |
| SR power per beam (MW) | 30 | | | |
| Energy (GeV) | 120 | 45.5 | 80 | 180 |
| Bunch number | 268 | 11934 | 1297 | 35 |
| Emittance $\varepsilon_x/\varepsilon_y$ (nm/pm) | 0.64/1.3 | 0.27/1.4 | 0.87/1.7 | 1.4/4.7 |
| Beam size at IP σ_x/σ_y (um/nm) | 14/36 | 6/35 | 13/42 | 39/113 |
| Bunch length (natural/total) (mm) | 2.3/4.1 | 2.5/8.7 | 2.5/4.9 | 2.2/2.9 |
| Beam-beam parameters ξ_x/ξ_y | 0.015/0.11 | 0.004/0.127 | 0.012/0.113 | 0.071/0.1 |
| RF frequency (MHz) | 650 | | | |
| Luminosity per IP ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$) | 5.0 | 115 | 16 | 0.5 |
| Luminosity per IP ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$) From J. Gao's formula below | 5 | 115 | 12 | 0.59 |

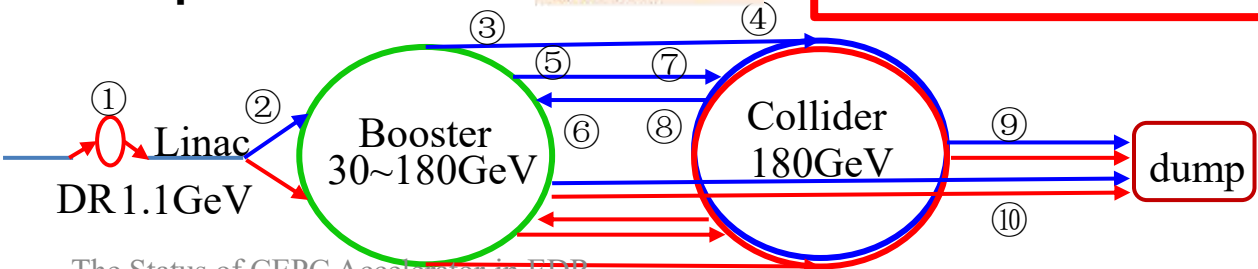
Running scenarios: Higgs 10 years, Z 2 years, W 1 year, ttbar 5 years

Transport lines

Factory of
4 Million Higgs
4 Trillion Z bosons
200 Million W⁺W⁻ pairs
600K $t\bar{t}$ pairs

$$L_{\text{max}} [\text{cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}] = 0.158 \times 10^{34} \frac{(1+r)}{\beta_y [\text{mm}]} \sqrt{\frac{R [\text{m}]}{C_Y [\text{mGeV}^3] N_{IP}}} (P_b [\text{MW}] / E [\text{GeV}]^2) e^{\frac{\sqrt{\Phi_p}}{3.22}} (1 + 0.000505 \cdot \Phi_p^2) \quad (\text{J. Gao's formula})$$

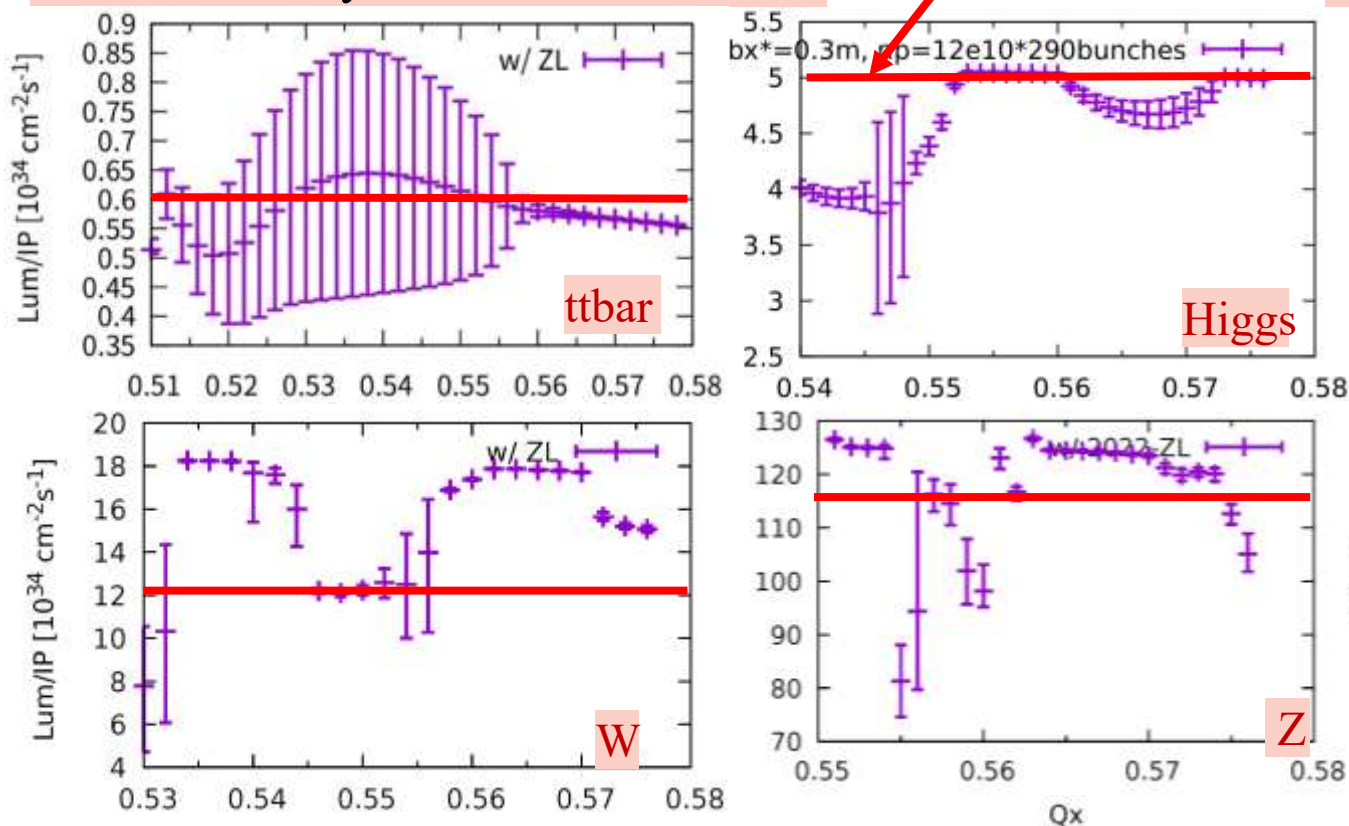
for isomagnetic machine with crab-waist collision



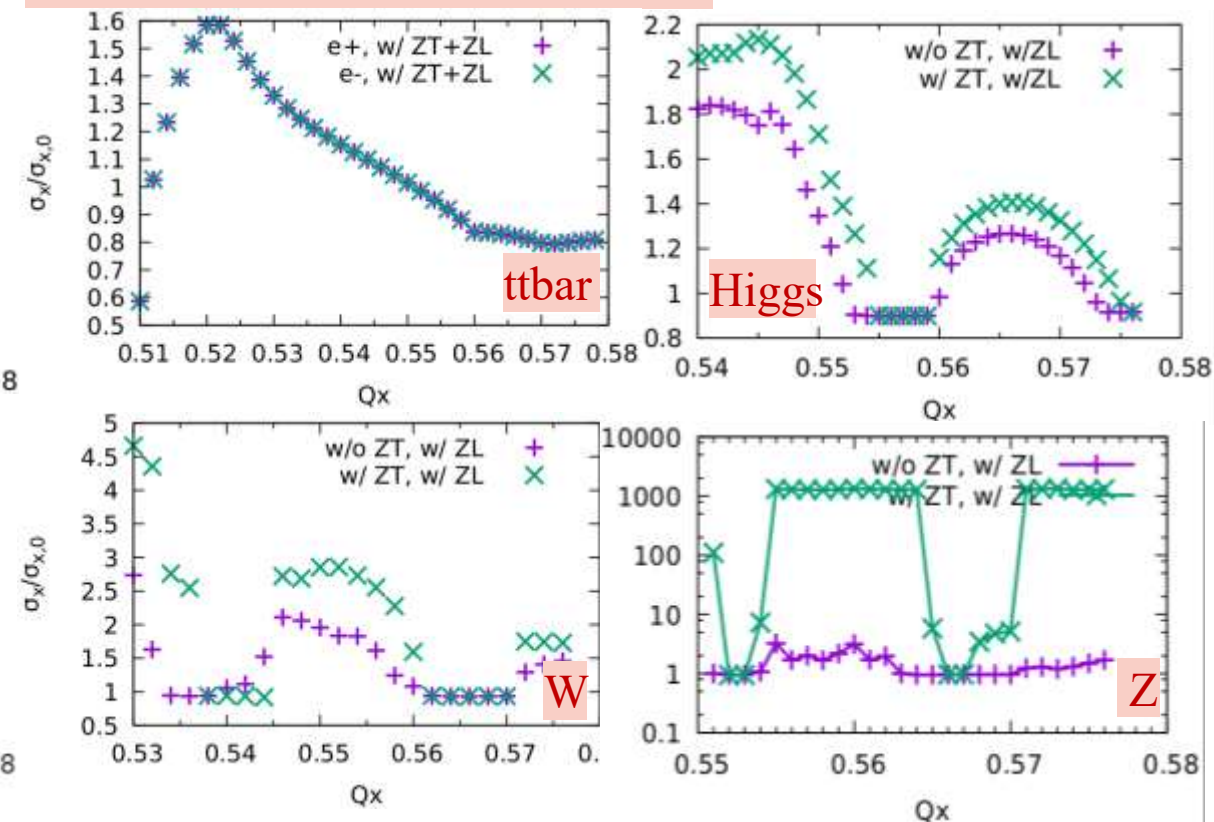
CEPC Technical Design Report (TDR) includes:
1) CEPC Accelerator TDR released on Dec. 25, 2023
2) CEPC Detector ref-TDR (reference design) has been completed and reviewed by IDRC in April 2025, and will be released in 2025

The Beam-Beam Effects and the Luminosities in CEPC

Luminosity simulations w/ZL



Transverse size simulations



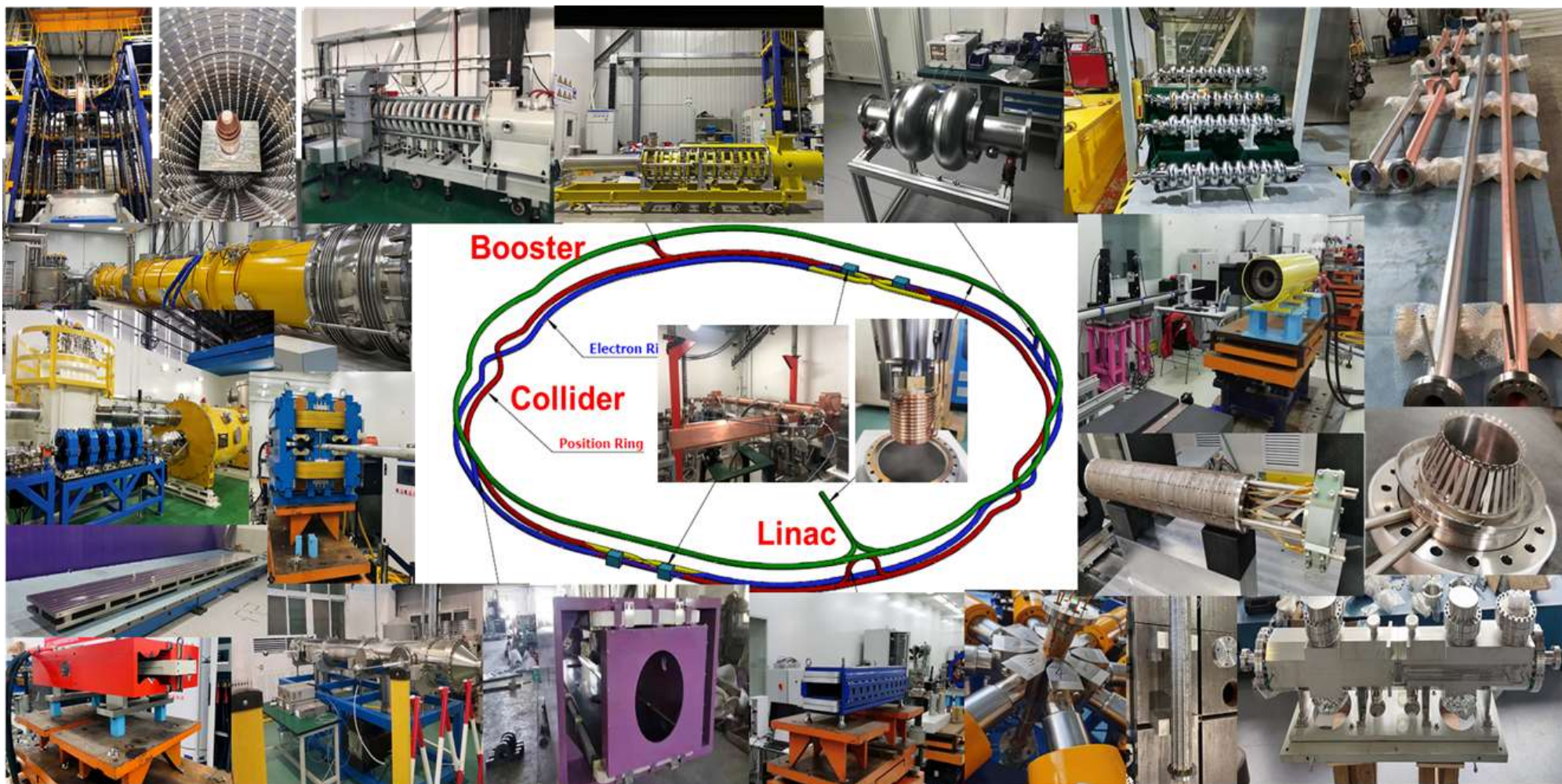
Above results from CEPC accelerator TDR: J. Gao, CEPC Technical Design Report: Accelerator. *Radiat Detect Technol Methods* (2024). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y>

Beam-beam simulation results are **consistent** with the TDR parameter tables.

- Luminosity & Lifetime is evaluated by strong-strong simulation
- X-Z instability is well suppressed even considering Potential Well Distortion
- Lifetime optimization with both beam-beam\lattice nonlinearity is done



CEPC Accelerator TDR R&D Completed in 2023



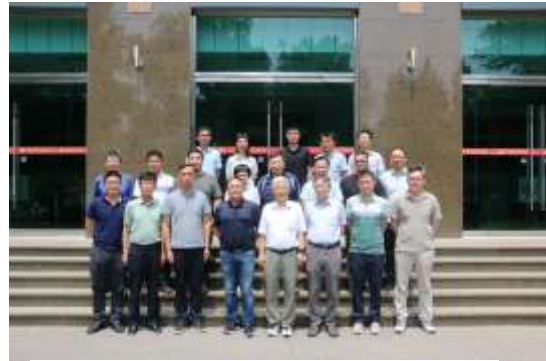
CEPC Accelerator International TDR Review and Cost Review June 12-16, and Sept. 11-15, 2023, in HKUST-IAS, Hong Kong



CEPC Accelerator TDR Review
June 12-16, 2023, Hong Kong



CEPC Accelerator TDR Cost Review
Sept. 11-15, 2023, Hong Kong



Domestic Civil Engineering
Cost Review, June 26, 2023, IHEP



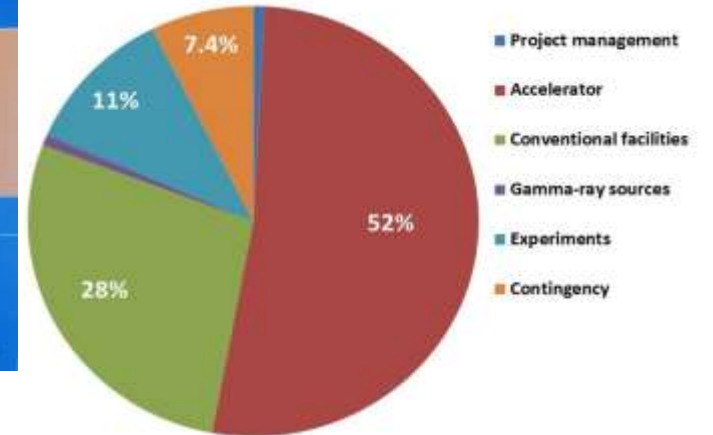
9th CEPC IAC 2023 Meeting
Oct. 30-31, 2023, IHEP

The Status of CEPC Accelerator in EDR-
Jie Gao



Table 12.1.2: CEPC project cost breakdown, (Unit: 100,000,000 yuan)

| Total | 364 | 100% |
|-------------------------|-----|------|
| Project management | 3 | 0.8% |
| Accelerator | 190 | 52% |
| Conventional facilities | 101 | 28% |
| Gamma-ray beam lines | 3 | 0.8% |
| Experiments | 40 | 11% |
| Contingency (8%) | 27 | 7.4% |



Distribution of CEPC Project total TDR
cost of **36.4B RMB (~5.2USD)**

**CEPC accelerator TDR has been completed and
formally released on December 25, 2023:**

http://english.ihep.cas.cn/nw/han/y23/202312/t20231229_654555.html

**CEPC accelerator TDR has been published formally in Journal
Radiation Detection Technology and Methods (RDTM) on June 3, 2024:**

DOI: 10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y>

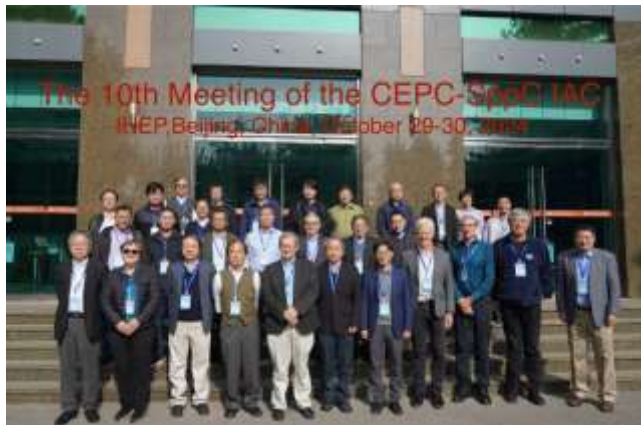
CEPC IARC, IDRC and IAC Meetings since EDR



CEPC IARC meeting will be held from Sept. 16-19, 2025

CEPC IARC meeting was held from Sept. 18-20, 2024

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/22311/>



CEPC IAC meeting will be held from Nov. 20-21, 2025

CEPC IAC meeting in 2024 was held from Oct. 29-30, 2024

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/23450/timetable/>



The International Detector Review Committee (IDRC) held its inaugural meeting at IHEP, Oct 21-23, 2024, to review the status and plan of Ref-TDR.

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/23265/>



CEPC IDRC meeting was held from April. 14-16, 2025

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/25539>

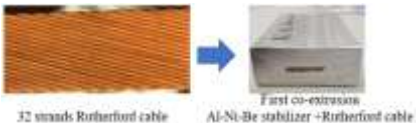


CEPC Detector Reference Design Report



CEPC Detector Reference TDR Design

3T Magnet
(SC Solenoid)



Yoke + MU (PS+SiPM)



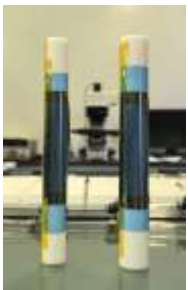
PFA HCAL
(Glass Scintillator)



$\gamma - \gamma$ separation for 5 GeV photons

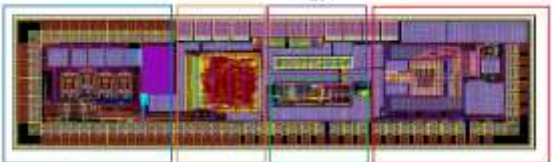
LumiCal
(SiDet + LYSO)

Potential
Endcap PID

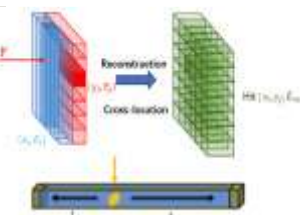


VTX
(MAPS SiPixel
+ Stitching + Bending)

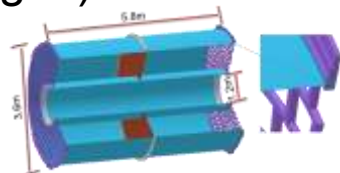
ITK
(MAPS SiPixel)



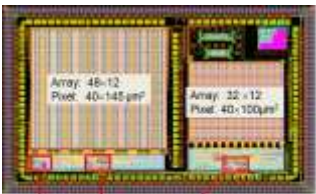
Crystal PFA ECAL
(Transverse bar)



TPC
(Pixelated Micromegas)

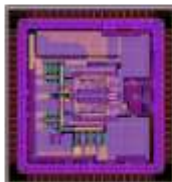
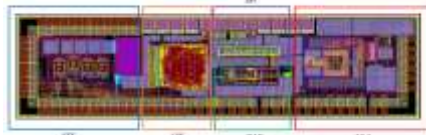


OTK
(AC-LGAD strip)



DLL LVDS driver/receiver up to 1.28Gb/s

Readout ASIC



TDC delay line layout



CEPC Detector
Reference
Technical Design
Report reviewed
by IDRC in April
2025

Ref-TDR is based on
this configuration



CEPC TDR-ref Detector Specifications

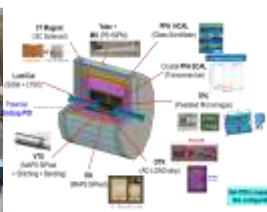
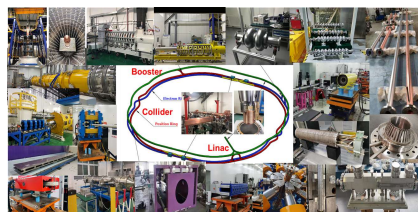
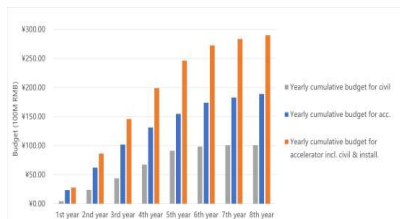
| Sub-system | Key technology | Key Specifications |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Vertex | 6-layer CMOS SPD | $\sigma_{r\phi} \sim 3 \mu\text{m}$, $X/X_0 < 0.15\%$ per layer |
| Tracking | CMOS SPD ITK, AC-LGAD SSD OTK, TPC + Vertex detector | $\sigma\left(\frac{1}{P_T}\right) \sim 2 \times 10^{-5} \oplus \frac{1 \times 10^{-3}}{P \times \sin^{3/2} \theta} (\text{GeV}^{-1})$ |
| Particle ID | dN/dx measurements by TPC Time of flight by AC-LGAD SSD | Relative uncertainty $\sim 3\%$ $\sigma(t) \sim 30 \text{ ps}$ |
| EM calorimeter | High granularity crystal bar PFA calorimeter | EM resolution $\sim 3\%/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$ Effective granularity $\sim 1 \times 1 \times 2 \text{ cm}^3$ |
| Hadron calorimeter | Scintillation glass PFA hadron calorimeter | Support PFA jet reconstruction Single hadron $\sigma_E^{had} \sim 40\%/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$ Jet $\sigma_E^{jet} \sim 30\%/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$ |

- ❖ Design of the CEPC detector evolves with the R&D progressing and our better understanding of the physics reach.
- ❖ The key specifications continue to be optimized.

CEPC Milestones, Timeline and Human Resources

| Year | 2012 | 2013 | 2015 | 2017 | 2018 | 2023 | 2025 | 2027 | 2030 | 2035 |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Human resources | | | ~50 | | ~100 | ~200 | ~300 | ~500 | ~2800 | ~2500 |

| Year | Accelerator human resource | Accumulated accelerator spending Billion RMB |
|------|----------------------------|--|
| 2015 | 50 | - |
| 2018 | 100 | - |
| 2023 | 200 | 0.2 |
| 2025 | 300 | 0.3 |
| 2027 | 500 | 0.4 |
| 2031 | 2800 | 9 |
| 2035 | 2500 | 20 |



Proposal (2025) for CEPC entering 15th five-year-plan

36.4B RMB
Total construction



CEPC EDR site study and civil engineering design



2036-2037
CEPC commissioning

CEPC kickoff meeting in Sept. 2013

CEPC detector reference design completed in June 2025

2012.9 CEPC proposed 2013.9 Pre-CDR 2015.3 Progress report 2017.4 CDR 2018.11 TDR 2023.12 2024 EDR ~ 2027 start of construction ~2035 Completion

J. Gao, "The Status of the CEPC Project in EDR", submitted to IJMPA, 2025, arXiv:2505.04663, <https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2505.04663>



CEPC Key System EDR Progresses and Technical Reviews

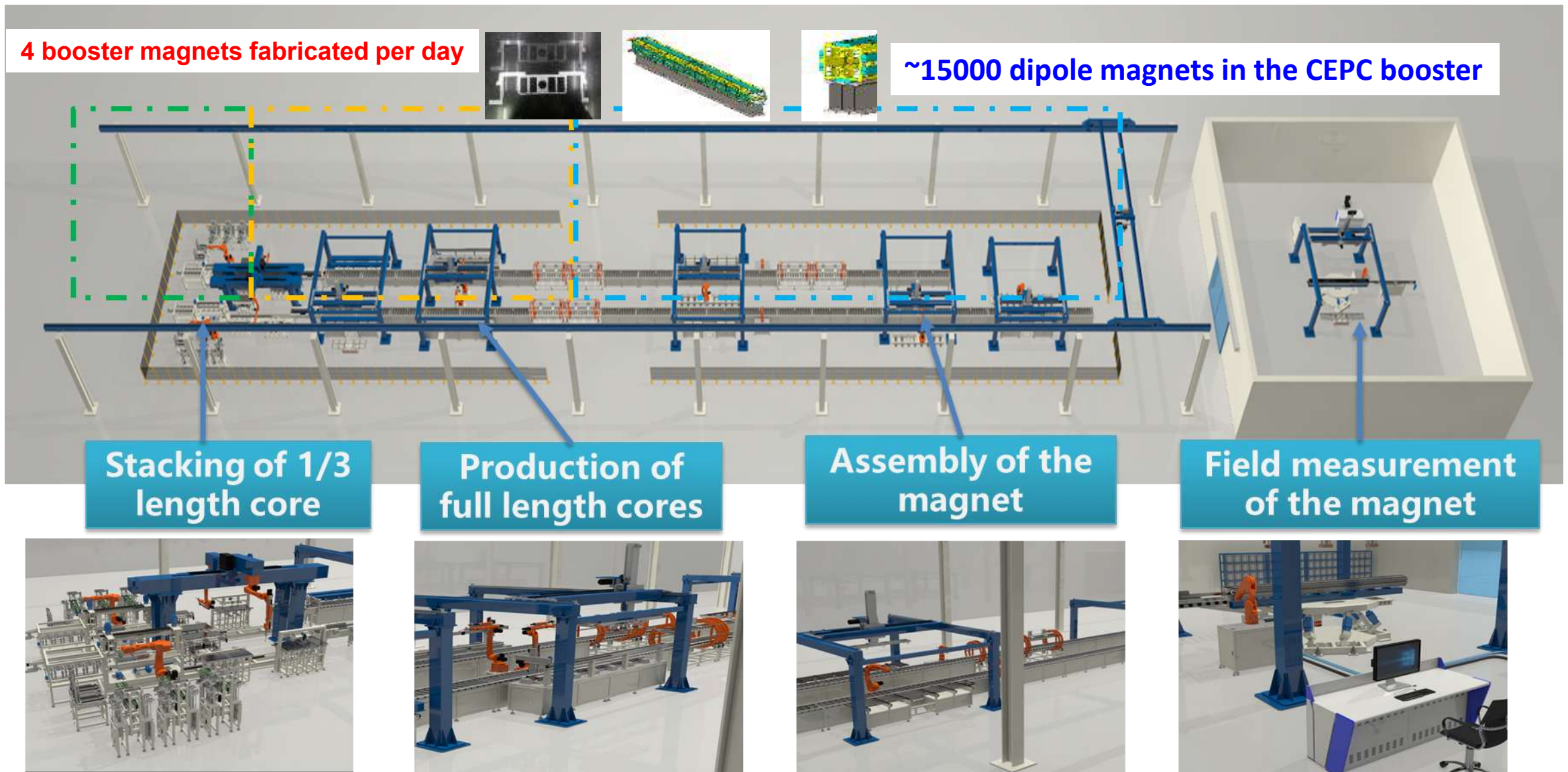
CEPC Accelerator Key System EDR Progresses

- 2025 March 20, CEPC booster magnet automatic fabrication line ready for construction
- 2025 April 17, CEPC polarization cathode material and test facility ready for fabrication
- 2025 April 25, CEPC vacuum chamber NEG coating automatic fabrication line ready for construction
- 2025 April 28, 650MHz full size cryomodule ready for construction

CEPC Accelerator Key System EDR International Mini Reviews (Required by IARC)

- 2025 April 24, CEPC alignment and installation EDR international mini review
- 2025 May 14,15, CEPC cryogenic system (+650MHz cryomodule) EDR international mini review
- 2025 May 29, CEPC booster dipole and sextupole combined magnet EDR international mini review
- 2025 June 9-10, CEPC MDI EDR international mini review
- 2025 June 9-10, CEPC EDR site geological feasibility study review
- 2025 July, CEPC vacuum chamber type EDR international mini review

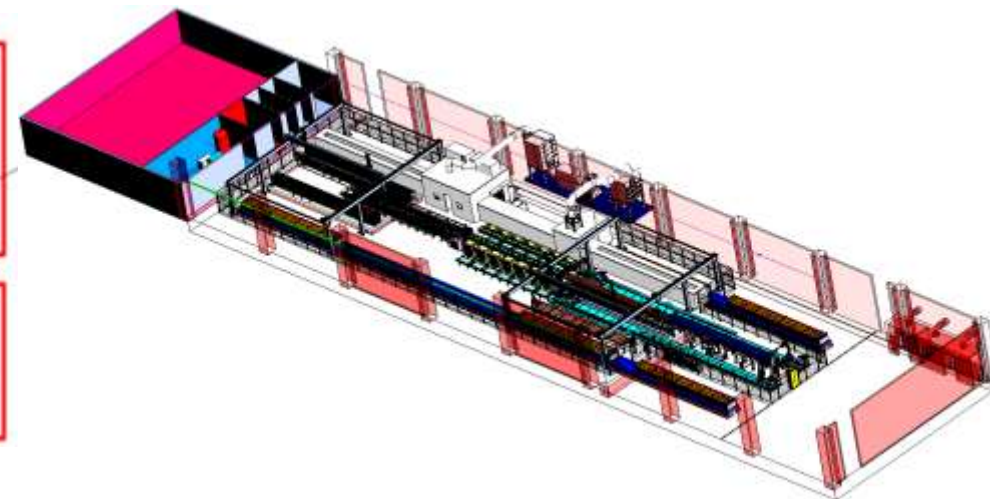
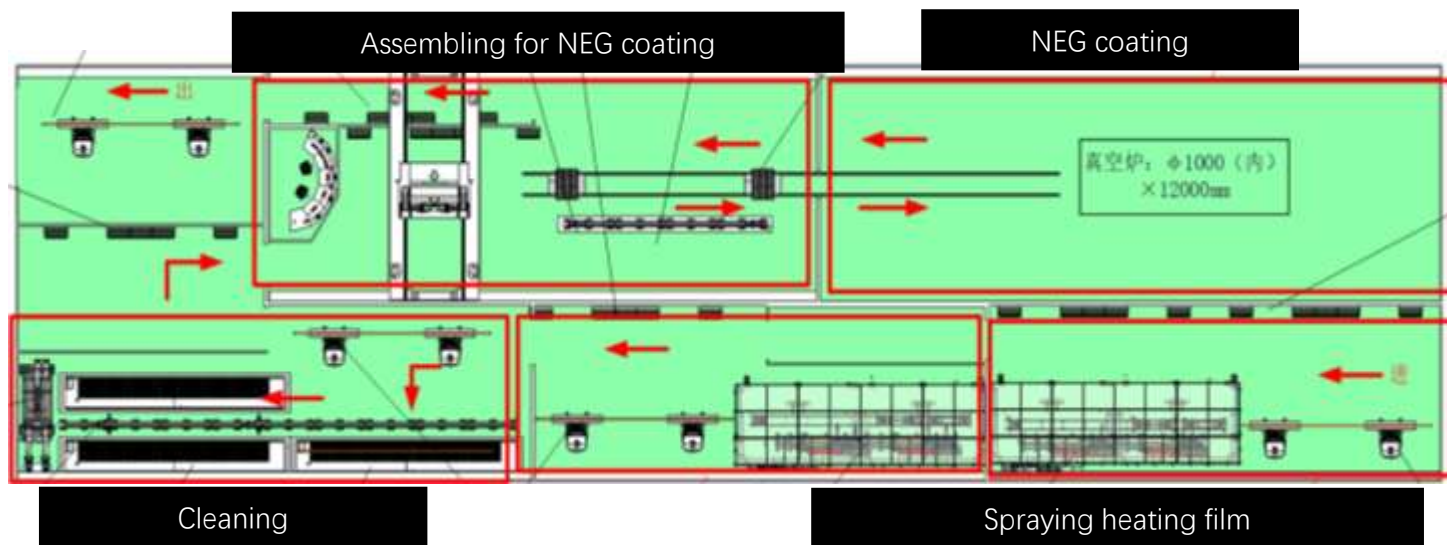
CEPC Magnet Automatic Production Line in EDR



Status: construction started, to be completed in 2025



CEPC NEG Coated Vacuum Chamber (200km) Automatic Production Line in EDR



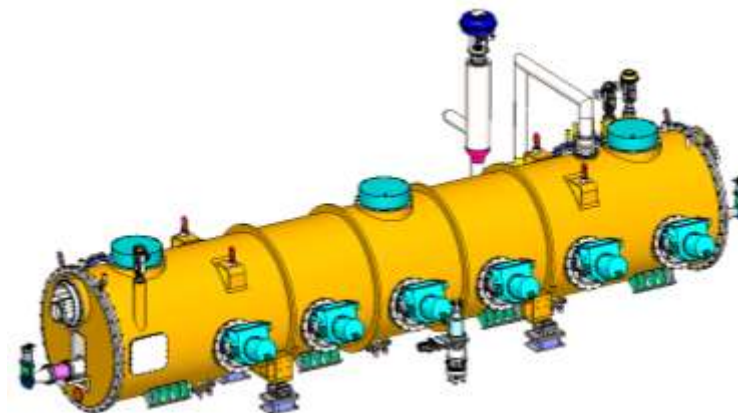
Layout of production line



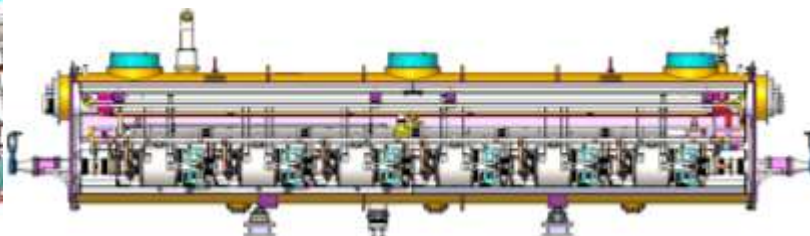
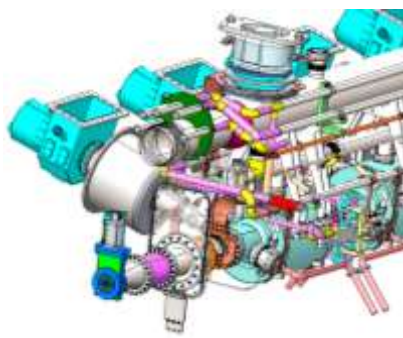
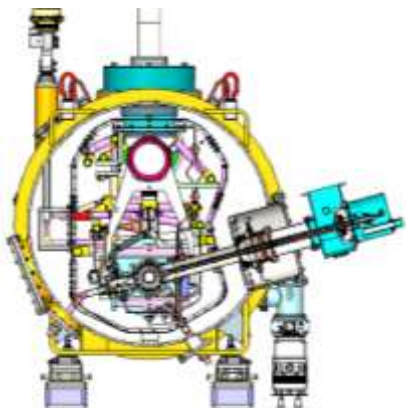
Status: construction started, to be completed in 2025



CEPC 650MHz SRF Development in EDR



CEPC collider ring 650MHz 2*cell short test module has been completed in TDR phase



The collider Higgs mode for 30 MW SR power per beam will use 32 units of 11 m-long collider cryomodules will contain six 650 MHz 2-cell cavities, and therefore, **a full size 650 MHz cryomodule will be developed in EDR**

Status: construction started, to be completed in 2025



CEPC High Efficiency and High Power Klystrons

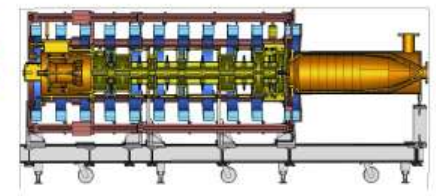
Klystron R&D



Klystron No. 1
Efficiency 65%
(2020)



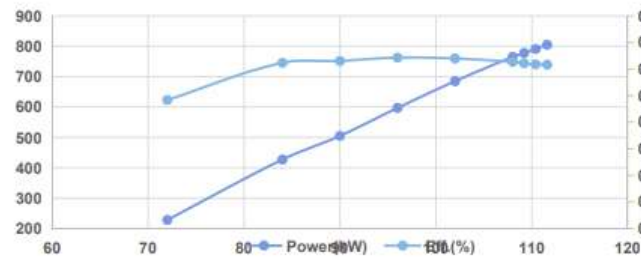
Klystron No. 2
Efficiency 77%
(2021)



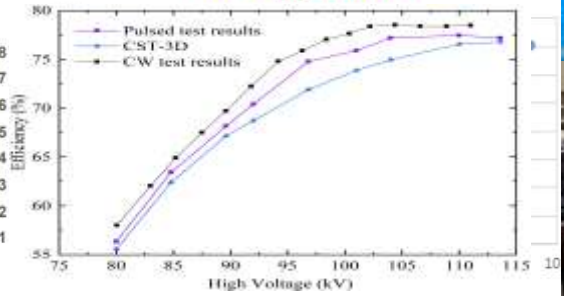
Klystron No. 3 (MB)
Efficiency 80.5%
To be completed in 2025

Pulsed RF Mode (30% duty factor, 60ms/5Hz)

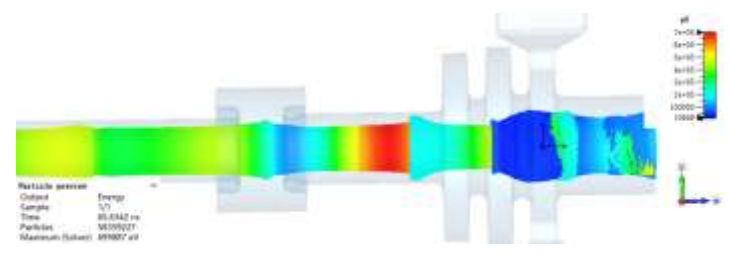
High Voltage vs. Power&Efficiency



78.5% @ 803kW CW in 2024



CEPC collider ring 650MHz klystron development in TDR/EDR phase



The Status of CEPC Accelerator in EDR-
Jie Gao



16th FCPN/L Workshop, July 21, 2025, Qingdao, China

| Parameters | Value |
|-----------------|----------|
| Frequency | 5720 MHz |
| Output Power | 80MW |
| Pulsed width | 2.5us |
| Repetition rate | 100Hz |
| Gain | 54 dB |
| Efficiency | 47% |
| 3dB bandwidth | ±5MHz |
| Beam voltage | 420 kV |
| Beam current | 403 A |
| Focusing field | 0.28 T |

C band 5720MHz 80MW Klystron

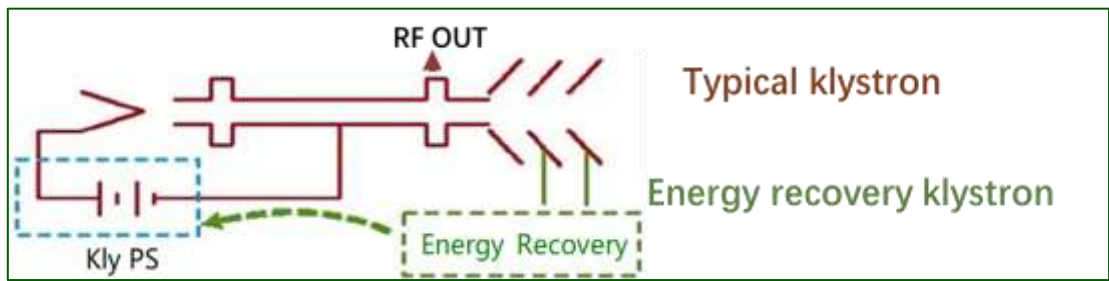
C band 5720MHz 80MW
Klystron design completed

Technical assessment has been done
on August 12, 2024, construction
started , to be completed on 2025

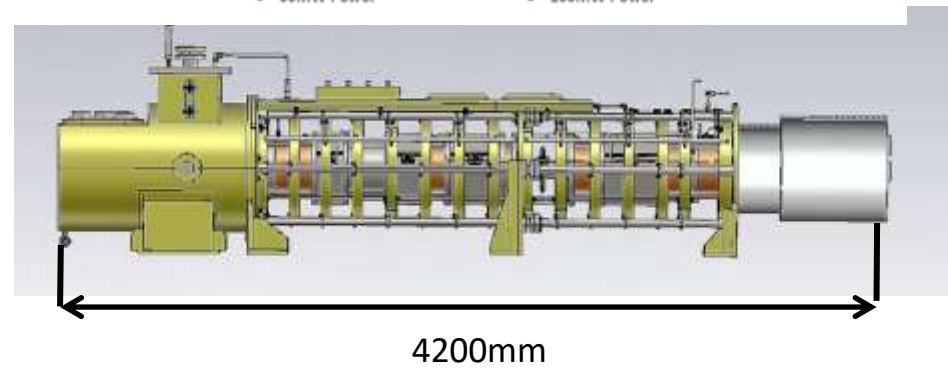
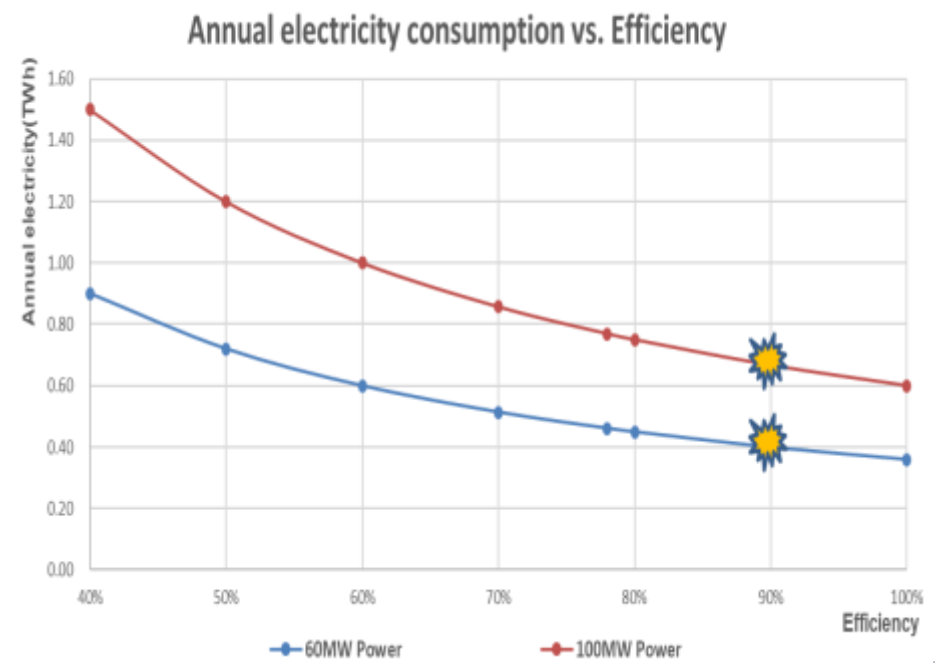


CEPC 650Mhz Energy Recovery Klystron Development

The 4th Klystron (Energy recovery, one stage)



| Parameter | Value |
|---|--------------|
| Operating frequency | 650 MHz |
| Beam Voltage | 113 kV |
| Efficiency | 77.5% |
| Output power | 800 kW |
| Beam perveance | 0.25 μ P |
| Beam current | 9.5A |
| Efficiency (one-stage depressed collector) | 85% |

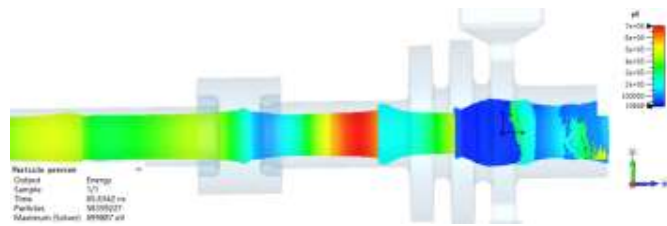
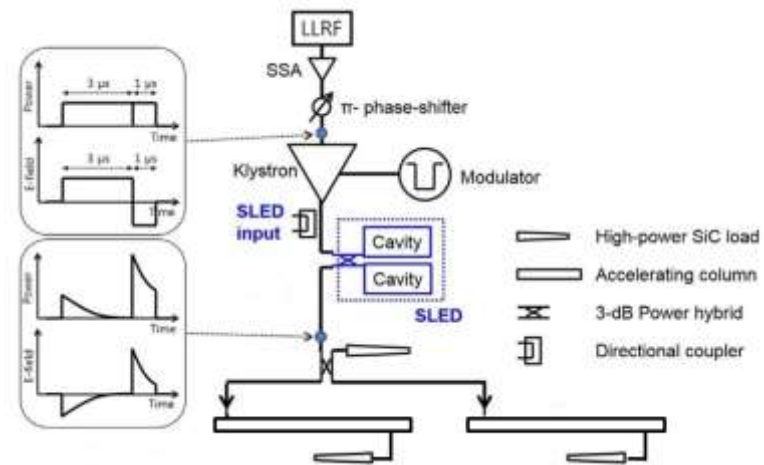


The 4th Klystron (Energy recovery, one stage) technical review has been done on July 8, 2025

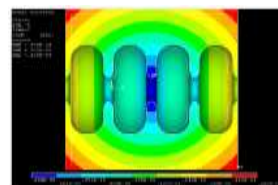
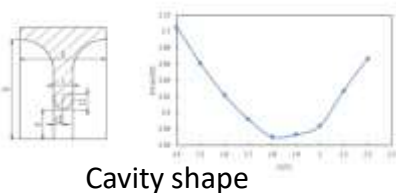
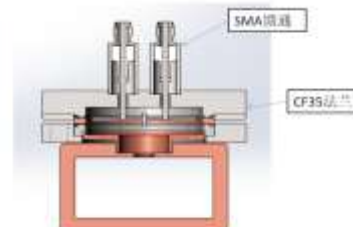


CEPC C-Band Linac Test Bench in EDR

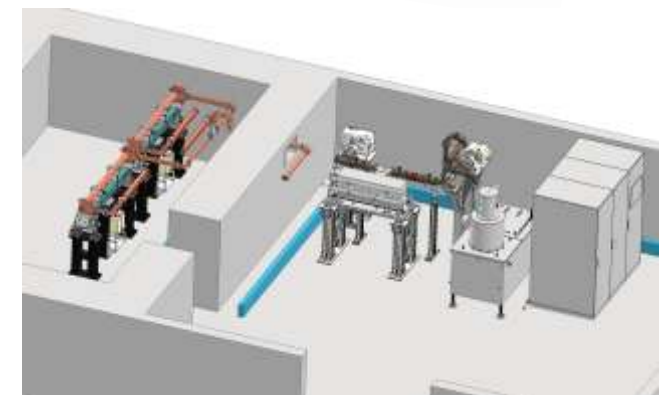
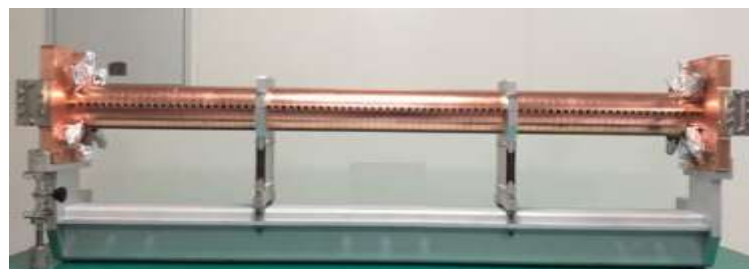
- CEPC EDR will establish the **C-band test bench** and test the components. With pulsed compressor, waveguides, directional couplers, loads, bend and straight waveguides, etc. **as a basic unit of CEPC C-band linac**
- The C-band test band is equipped with a CEPC 5720MHz 80MW power source
- The CEPC C-band test band will be completed in 2026



C band 5720MHz 80MW Klystron design completed, and fabrication will be completed in 2025



The deformation caused by temperature variation

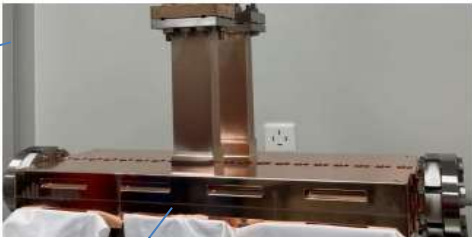
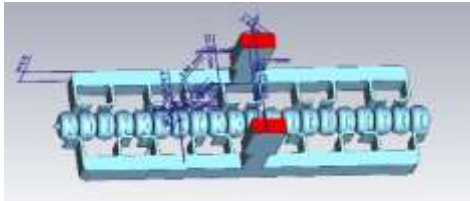


CEPC C-band linac test band will be completed in 2026



CEPC Cool Copper C-Band Linac Technology R&D

- CEPC is exploring the Cool Copper **C-band linac** technology (5712MHz is the test facility frequency)
- Two types of structures have been studied, type I and type II
- Type I has reached Eac 92.08MV/m, Q0 26162 with 20MW input (80MW input will reach Eac 199.2MV/m) (Iris diameter 5.25mm)
- Type II will reach 144MV/m with 80MW input (Iris diameter 10.49mm)

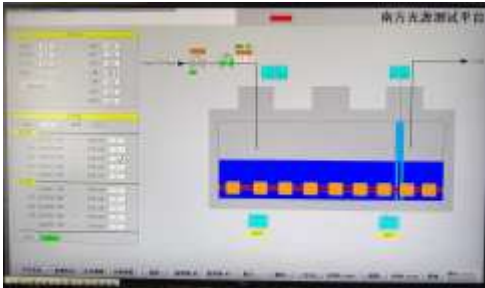
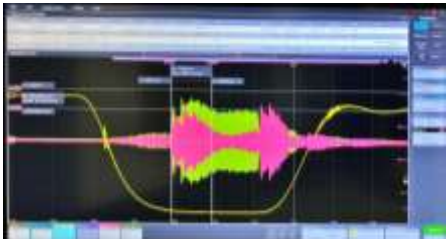
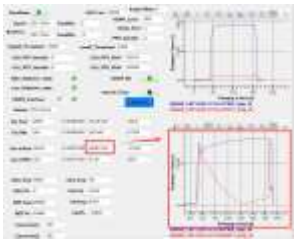
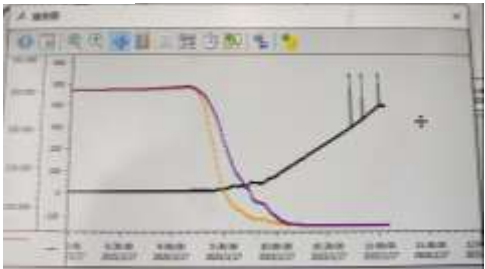
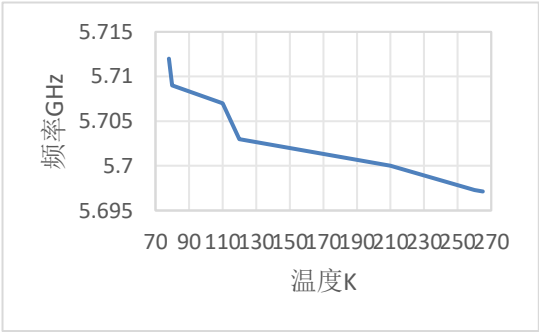
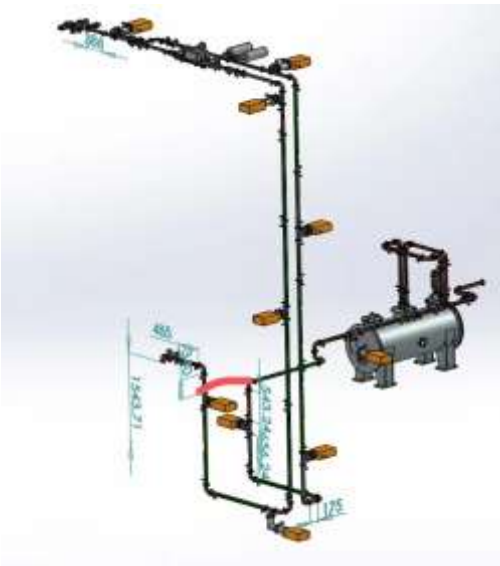


Type I: Aperture diameter 5mm, Length 0.5m



Type II: Aperture diameter 10mm, Length 1m

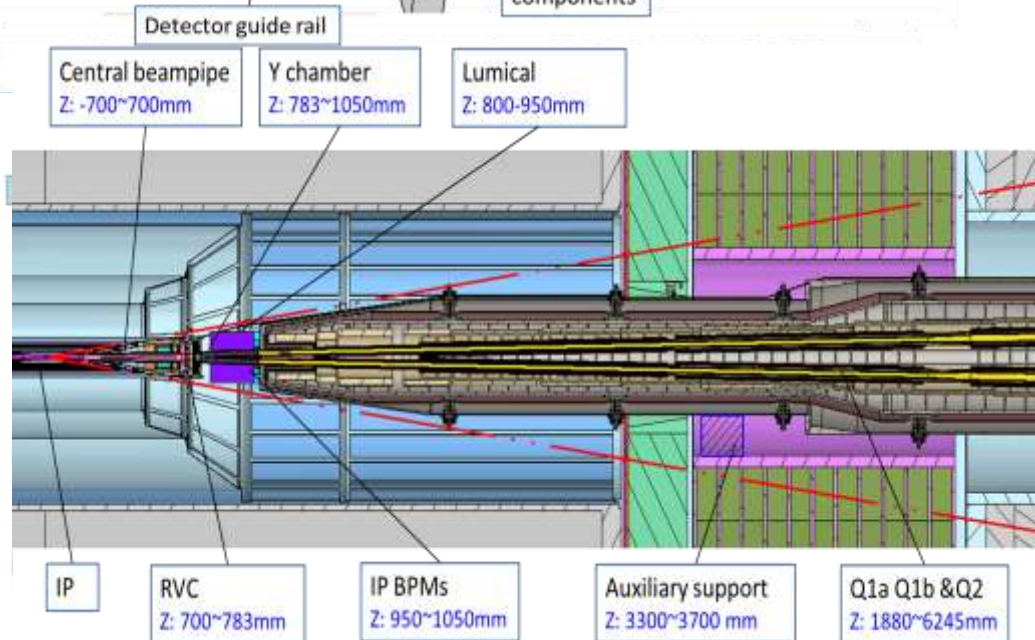
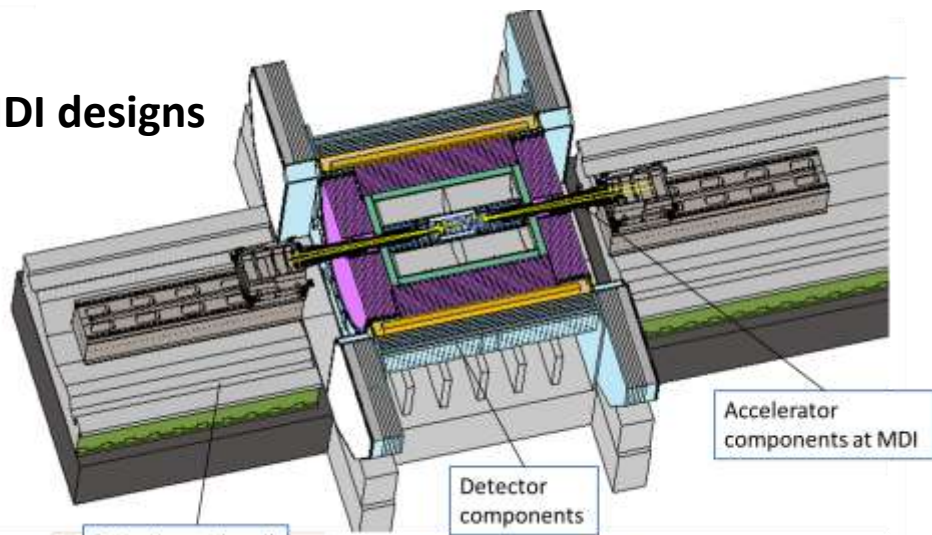
| Parameters | Value |
|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Fre (MHz)@77K | 5712 |
| Mode | Pi |
| Cavity numbers | 20 |
| Shunt impedance per meter(MΩ/m)@77K | 303 |
| E_s/E_0 | 2.42 |
| Q_0 @77K | 31905 |





Other CEPC Accelerator EDR Activities

CEPC MDI designs

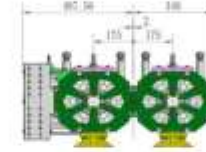
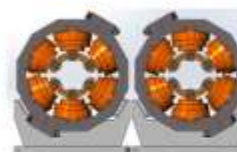


CEPC Collider Ring Magnets in EDR



Dual aperture quadrupole: block iron core and new cooling and power line design in EDR

Correctors: mechanical design completed



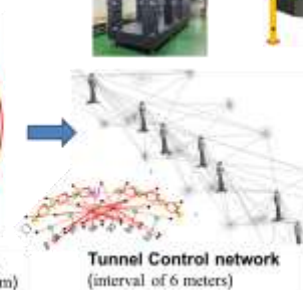
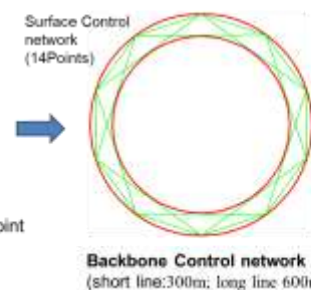
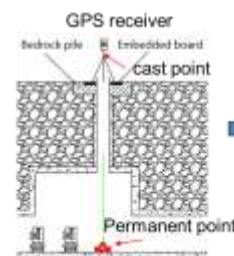
Sextupole magnets under design

CEPC Alignment and Installation Plan in EDR

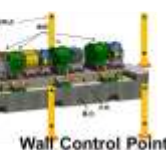
Alignment accuracy requirement

| Component | Δx (mm) | Δy (mm) | $\Delta \theta$ (mrad) |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Dipole | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Arc Quadrupole | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| IR Quadrupole | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Sextupole | 0.10* | 0.10* | 0.10 |

*implement beam-based alignment



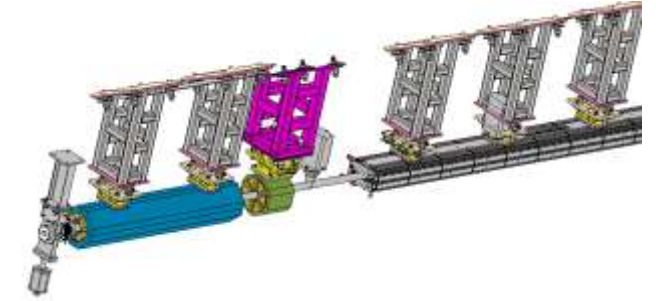
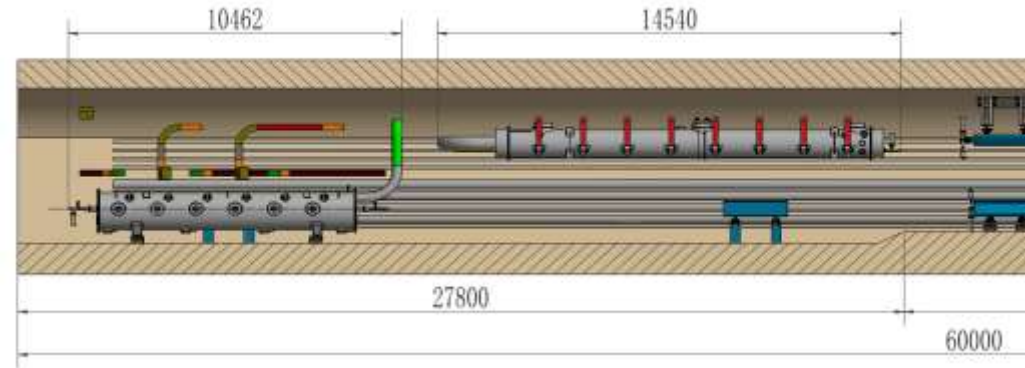
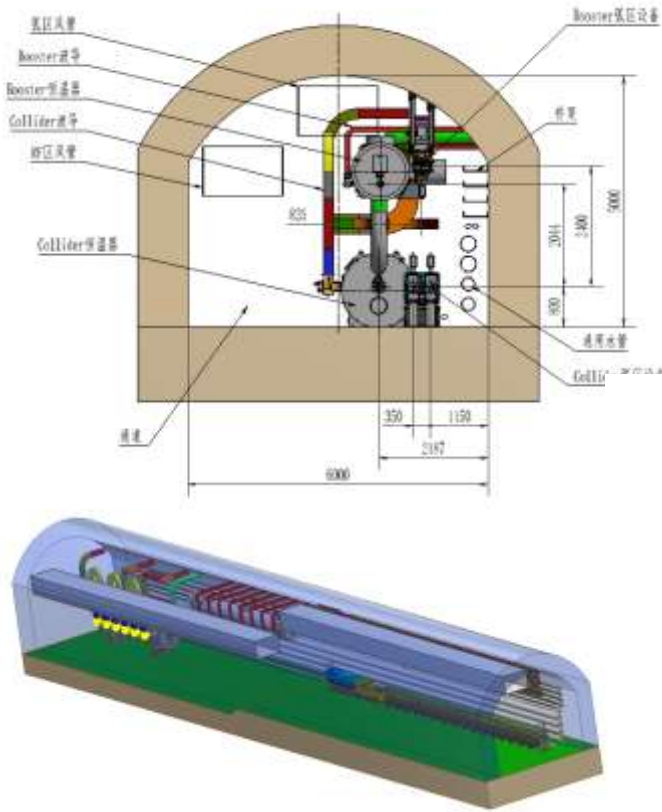
Component Pre-alignment



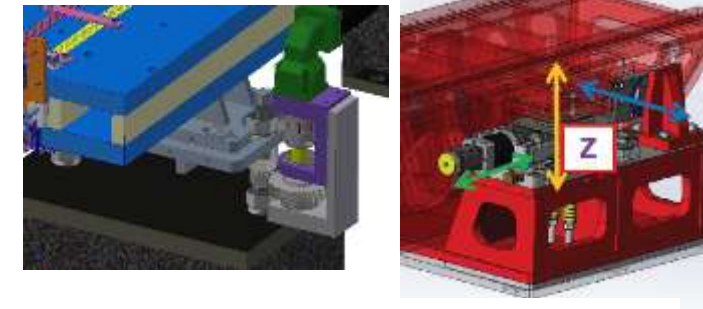
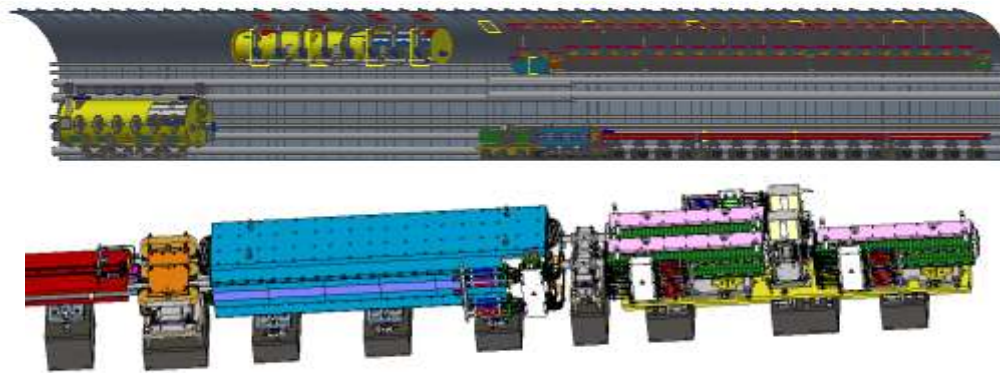
Ground Control Point



CEPC Tunnel Mockup for Installation in EDR



Booster magnets installation



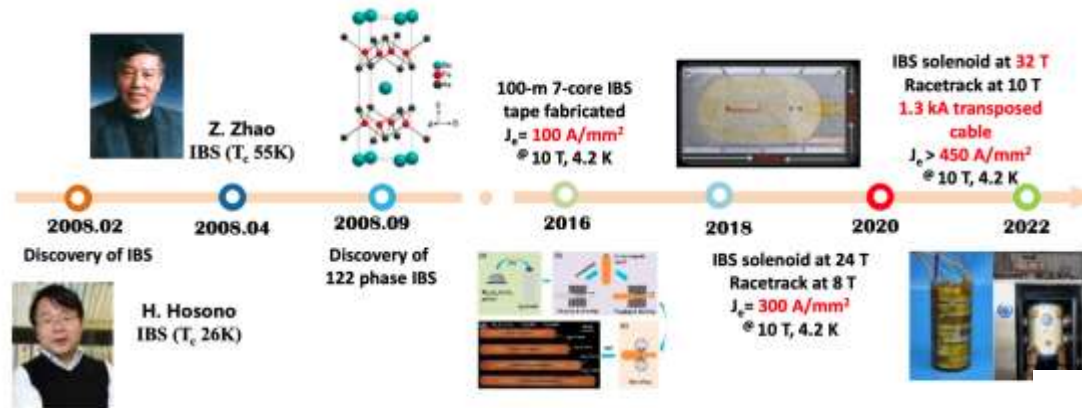
Collider ring magnets supports

A 60 m long tunnel mockup, including parts of arc section and part of RF section

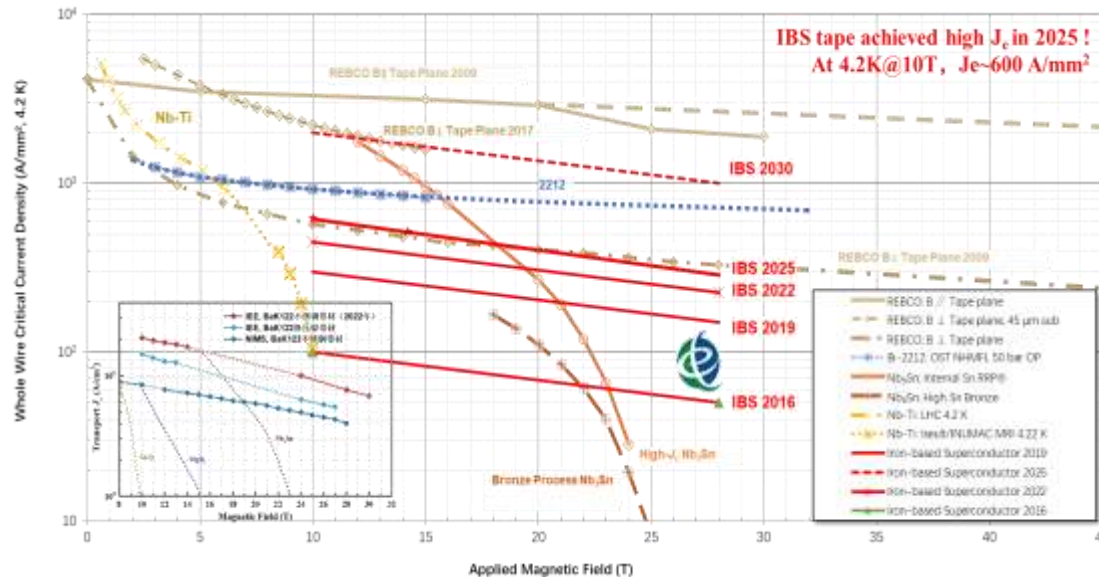
To demonstrate the inside tunnel alignment and installation, especially for booster installation on the roof of the tunnel

Advanced Technologies Development in Progress

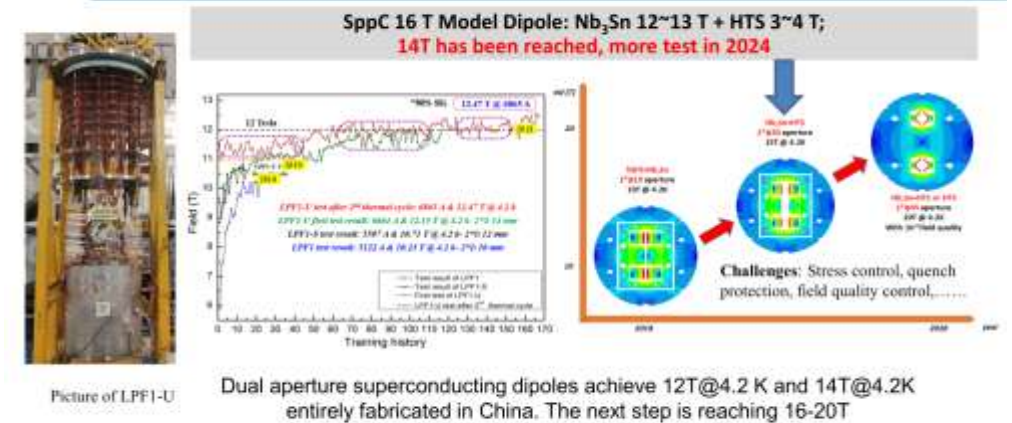
IBS Technology for High Field Magnets



J_c of IBS expected to be similar as ReBCO in 5 years with better mechanical properties and lower



SppC HF Magnet Development

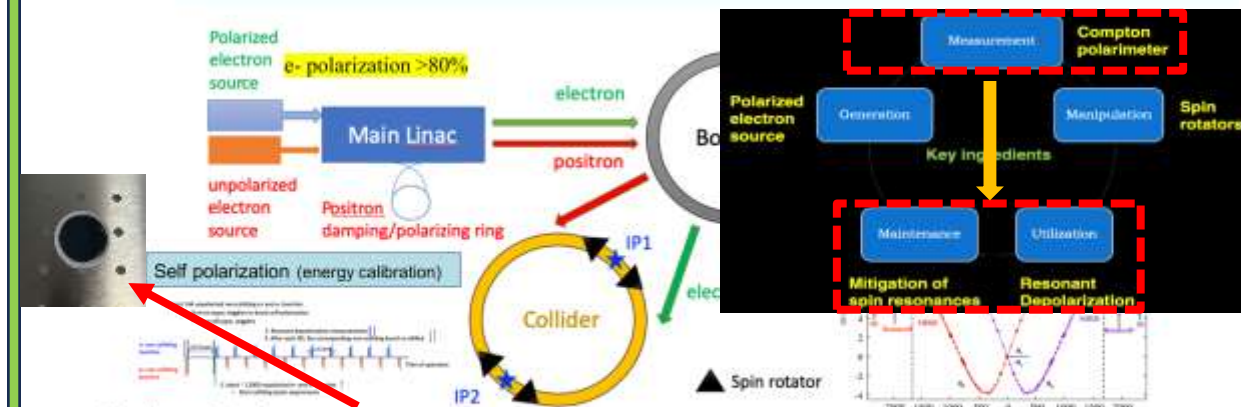


CEPC Accelerator EDR Scope, Plan and Status - J. Guo

The CEPC SARC Meeting in 2024, Sept. 18-20, 2024, HEP

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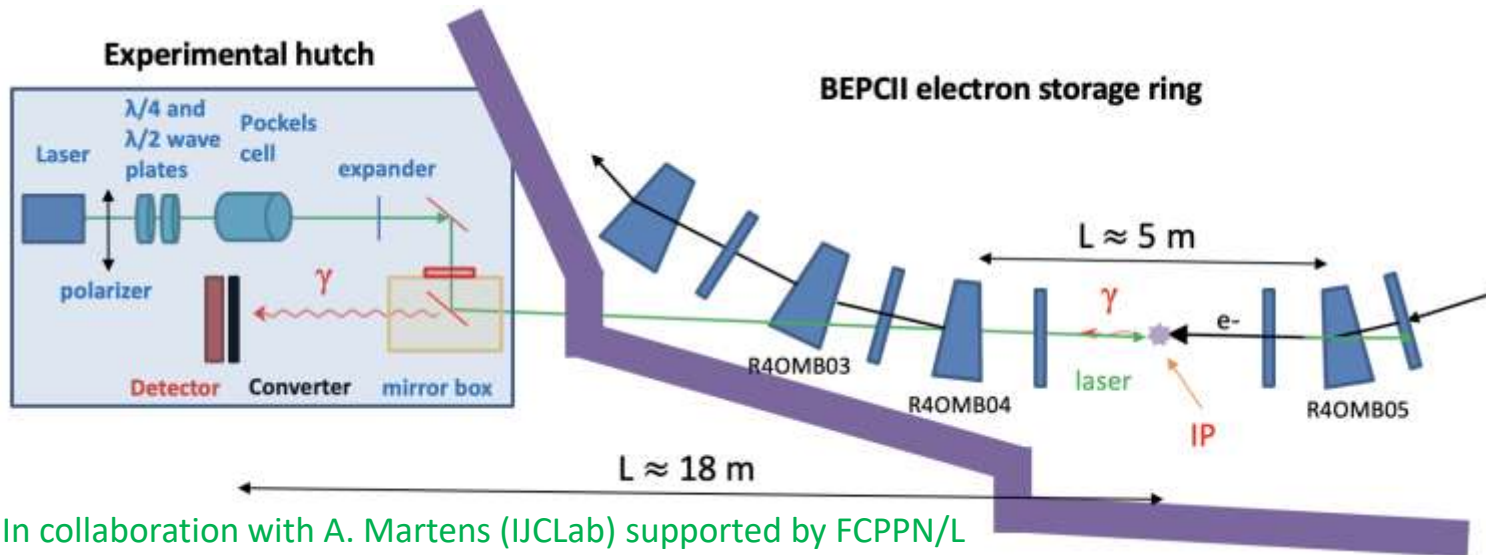
CEPC Polarized Beam Studies(alternative option)



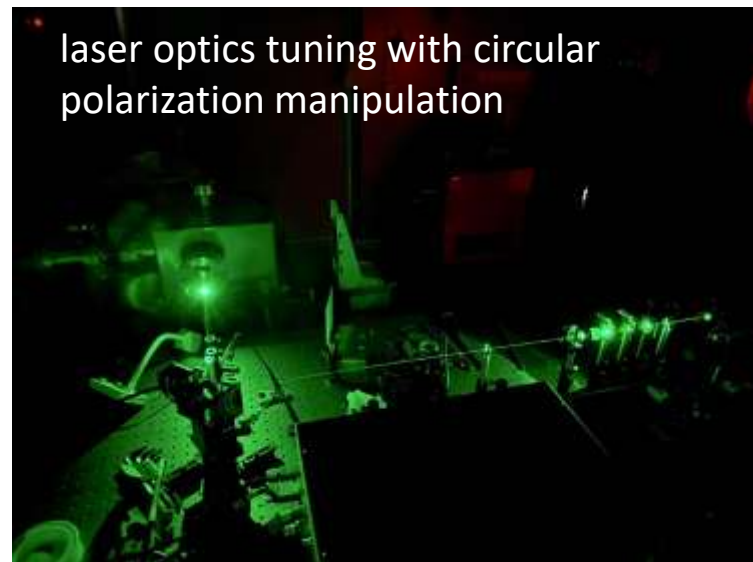
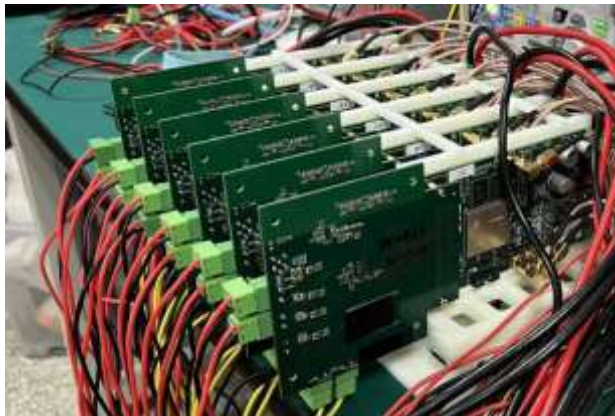
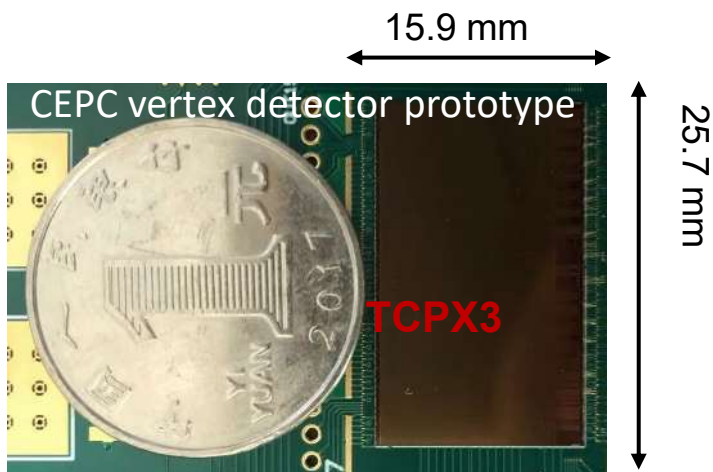
Polarized electron cathode chip (diameter ~5cm) has been fabricated in June 2025: Polarization of 85%, for 1ns laser (780nm) pulse length, several nC polarized electron charge will be obtained with the expected cathode lifetime ~6 months

Compton Polarimeter at BEPCII-U (CEPC Polarization in Preparation Study)

- A Compton polarimeter is now under commissioning at BEPCII-U
 - simulated performance: $\sim 1\%$ stats uncertainty within 20 second
 - Ready for tuning of laser-electron collision



In collaboration with A. Martens (IJCLab) supported by FCPPN/L



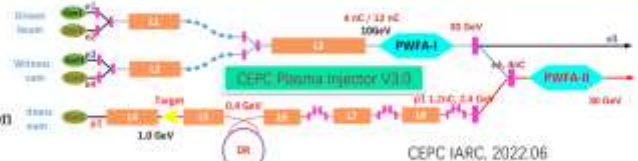
BEPCII-based PWFA Test Facility as Future Technologies

CEPC Plasma Injector (alternative option) and TF Plan

CEPC plasma injector scheme:

From 10 GeV \rightarrow 30 GeV \rightarrow TR ≥ 2

Simulation results show that it works on paper with reasonable error tolerances for both electron and positron beams injected to the booster

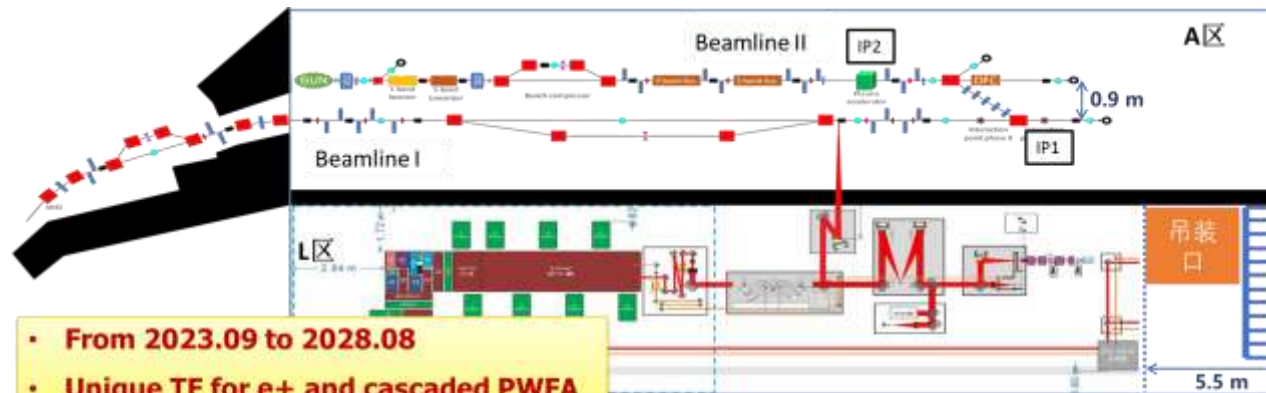


CEPC IARC, 2022.06



- Phase I (Year0-Year2)
1. Re-design and install transport beamline system, optimize the e⁺/e⁻ beam quality
 2. Clean room and high power (100kW) installation
 3. Beam instrumentation
 4. RF Gun platform
 5. Commissioning systems
- Phase II (Year3-Year4)
1. Re-design and install transport beamline system, optimize the e⁺/e⁻ beam quality (1PW \times 20/40 TW)
 2. Commissioning systems
- Future linear collider technologies (possible application)
- Positron and electron acceleration
 - Cascading acceleration
 - High energy beam for detector R&D

PWFA/LWFA TF based on BEPC-II Linac and HPL has been founded by CAS 90M RMB in Sept. 2023
Under development in the experimental hall #10 of BEPC-II



- From 2023.09 to 2028.08
- Unique TF for e⁺ and cascaded PWFA

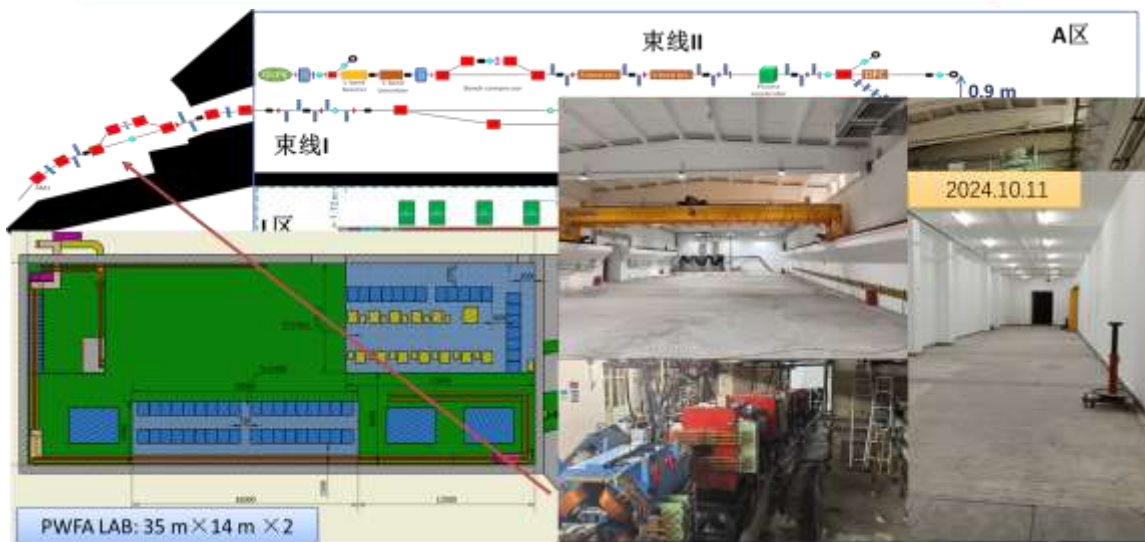
Beam quality



Beamline I

| Parameters | Unit | BL-I e- (AM3) | BL-I e- (IP1) | BL-I e+ (AM3) | BL-I e+ (IP1) | BL-I e- (IP1, block) | BL-I e+ (IP1, block) |
|----------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Energy | GeV | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Charge | pC | 2000 | 2000 | 100 | 100 | 9.4 | 0.2 |
| bunch length | ps | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | ~1 | ~1 |
| Geo. emittance | mm-mrad | 0.1/0.1 | 0.1/0.1 | 0.4/0.4 | 0.4/0.4 | 0.011/0.005 | 0.04/0.02 |
| RMS beam size | μm | - | 150/150 | - | 300/300 | 30/40 | 54/76 |

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PWFA LAB: 35 m \times 14 m \times 2

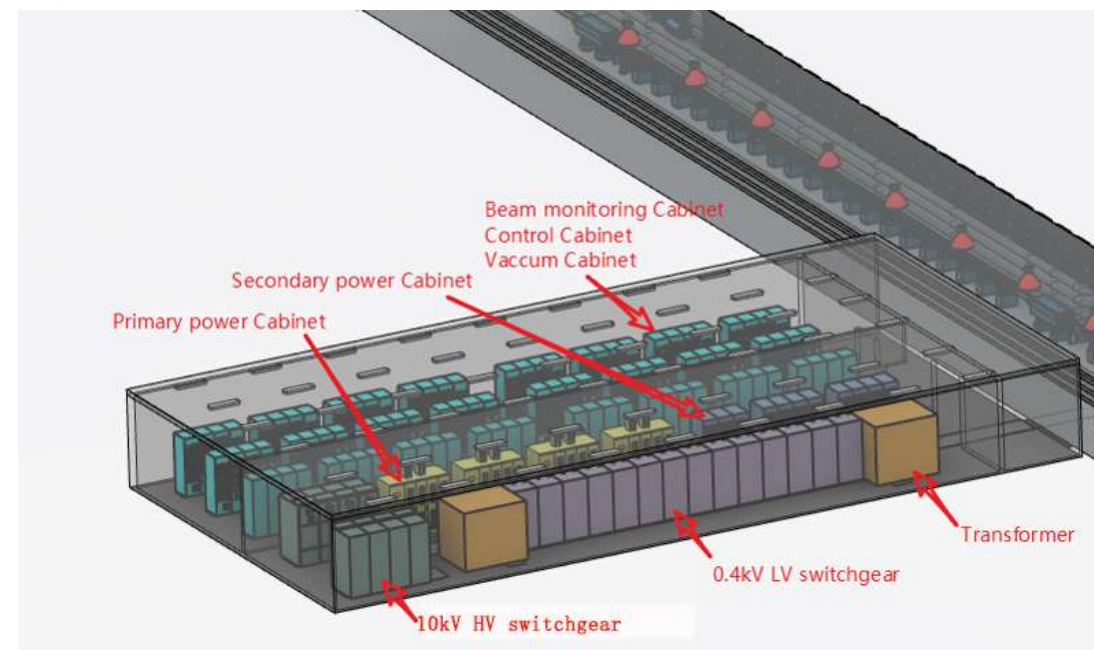
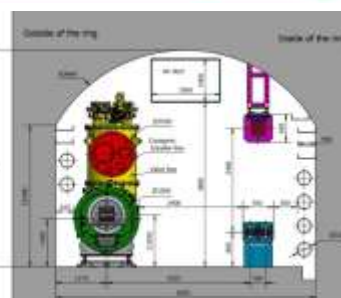
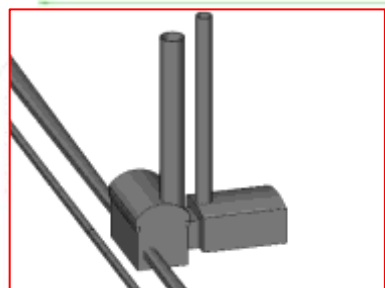
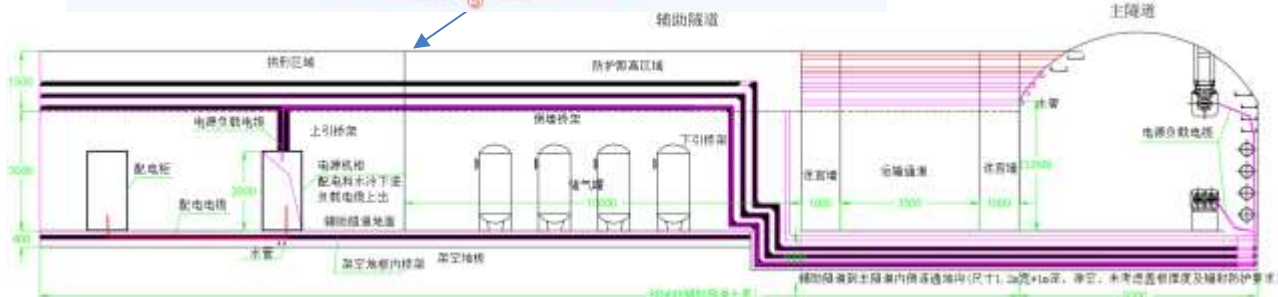
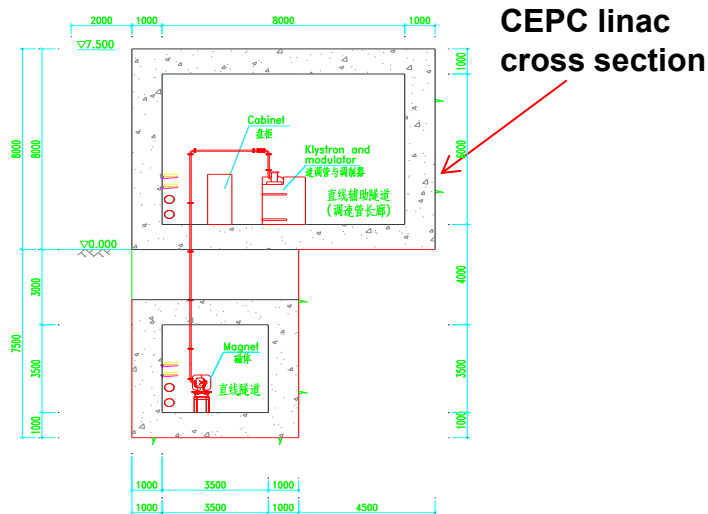
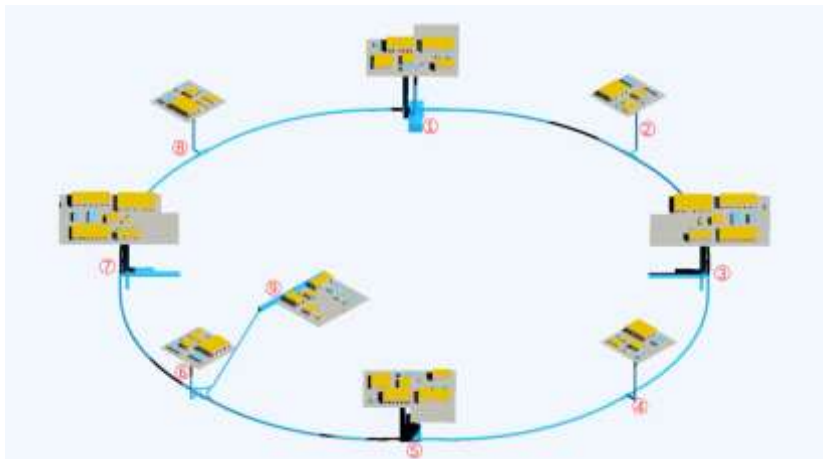


Goals: demonstration of acceleration of positron and electron beams with staging in next few years



CEPC Civil Engineering and Conventional Facilities in EDR-1

CEPC general layout and auxiliary tunnel /500m along 100km



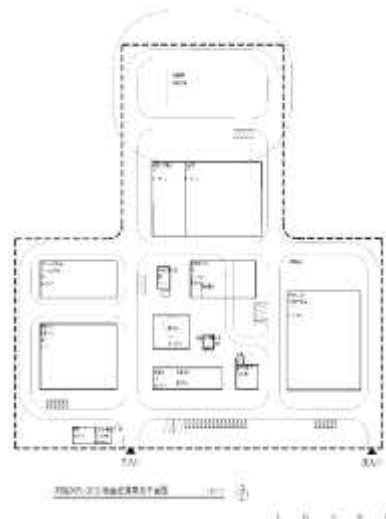
The Status of CEPC Accelerator in EDR-1
Jie Gao



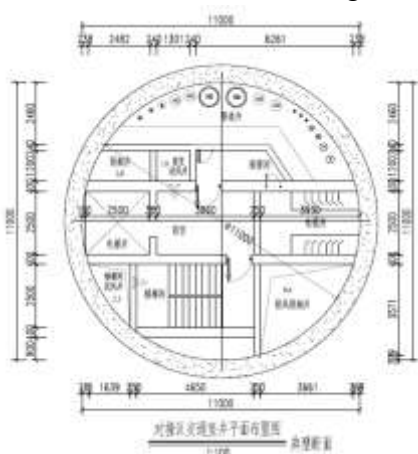
CEPC Civil Engineering and Conventional Facilities in EDR-2



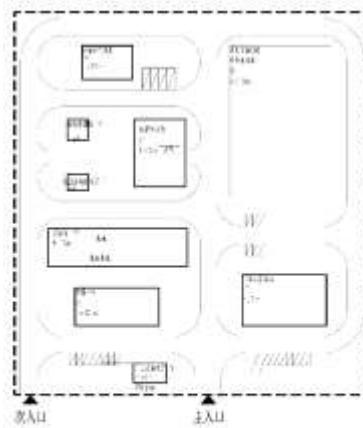
CEPC general layout 100km



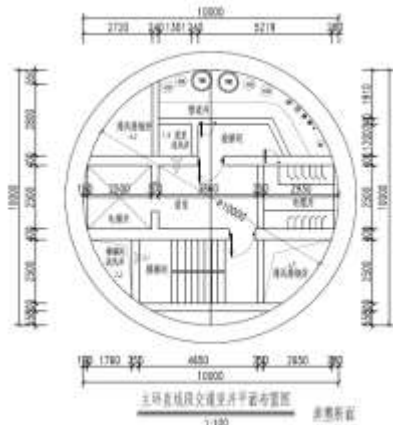
IP-1 surface building



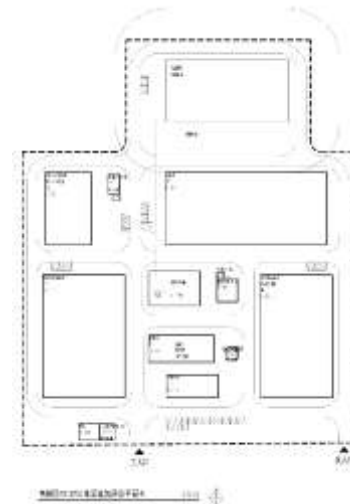
IP-1 auxiliary hall shaft



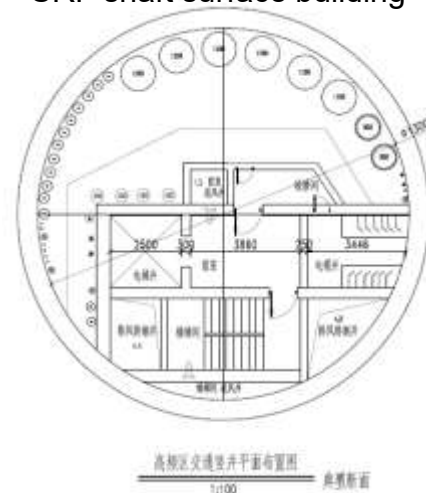
Arc shaft surface building



Arc shaft hall shaft



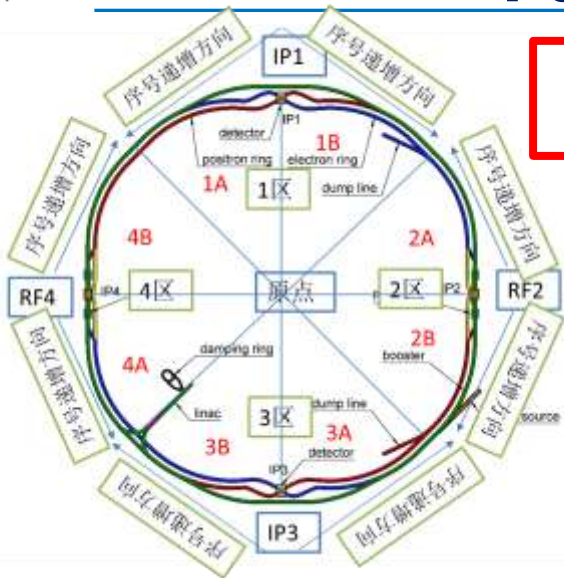
SRF shaft surface building



SRF shaft

CEPC Accelerator EDR: Survey, Mechanical Design (2D/3D)

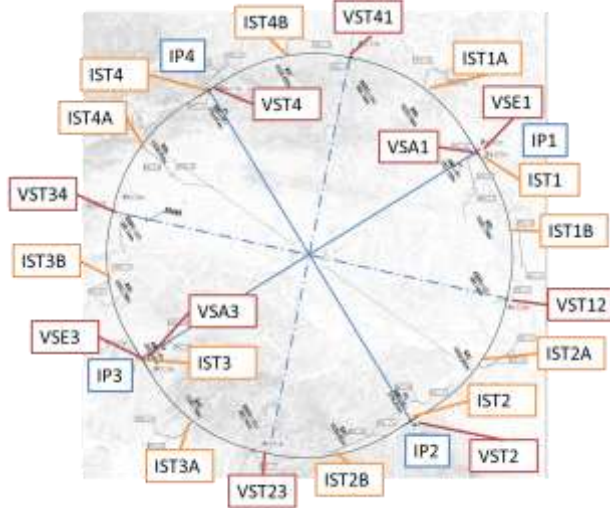
Facility and component Naming System



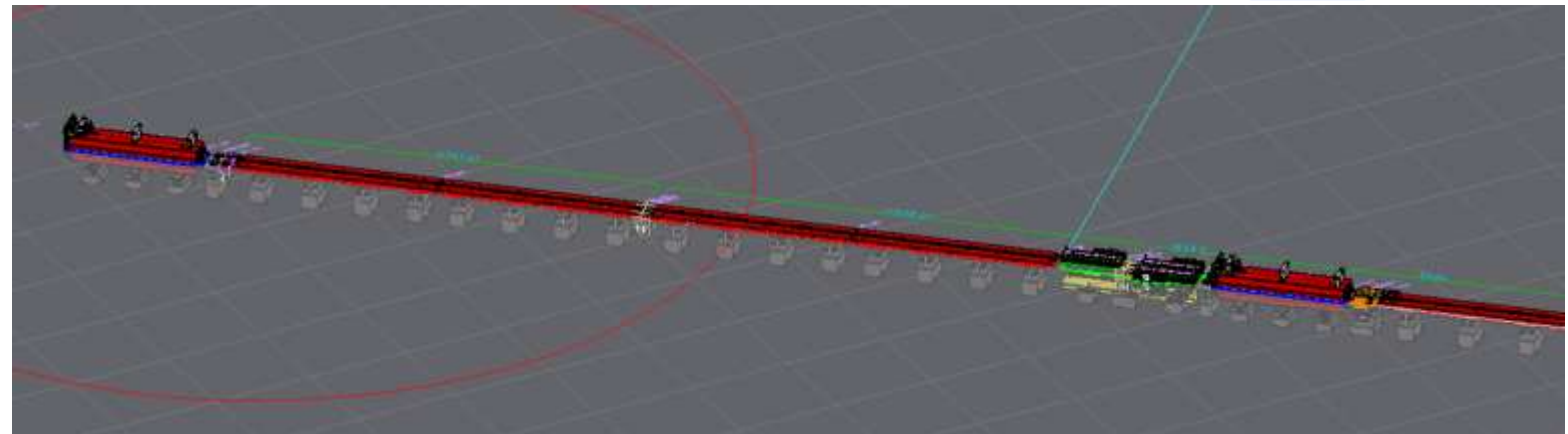
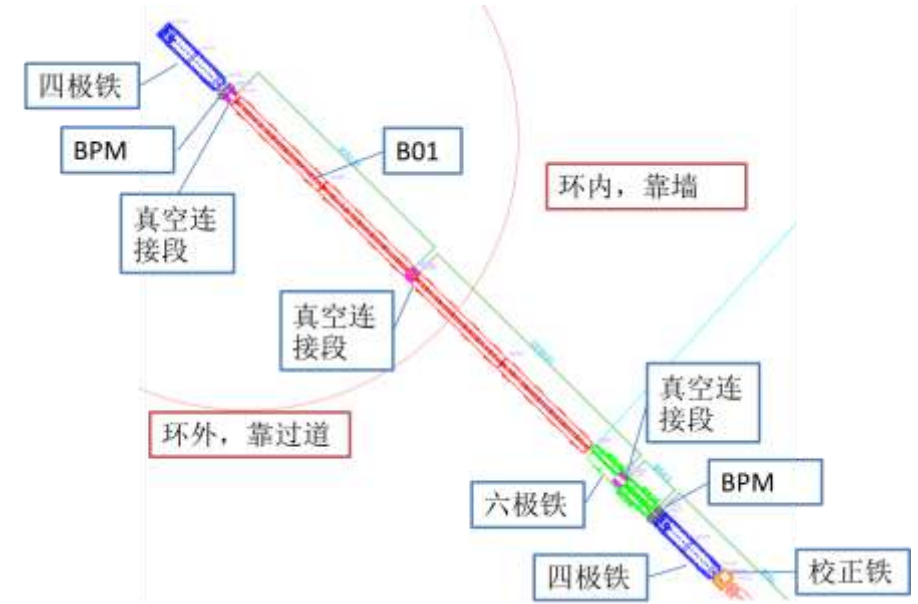
CEPC Facility components' naming system established

2D/3D linkage design for CEPC accelerator survey:

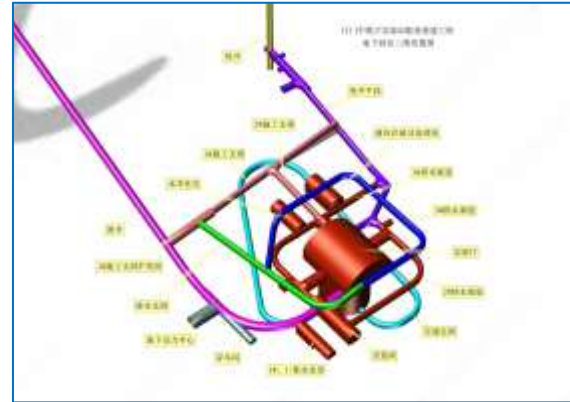
- If the 3D model is changed or replaced, the 2D model will be updated.
- If the 2D model is replaced or its location is changed, the 3D model will be updated.



CEPC vertical shafts (10) and horizontal Access tunnel distribution

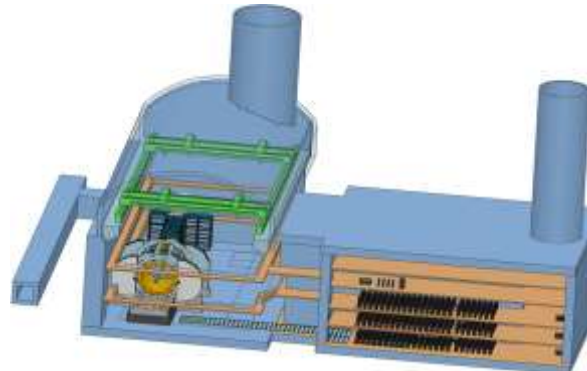


JUNO and CEPC in Synergy on Civil Engineering



JUNO will be put into operation in 2025

CEPC detector hall



JUNO detector hall:
56.25m×49m×27m
CEPC detector hall:
55.5m×31.5m×41.25m



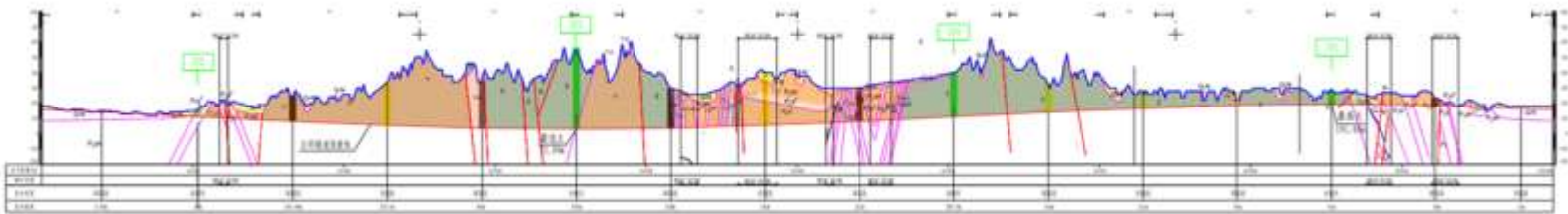
CEPC EDR Site Investigation

CEPC EDR site implementation plan

| Design Stage | 2024 | | | | | | 2025 | | | | | | 2026 | | | | | | 2027 | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|------|---|---|---|----|----|-------------------|---|---|---|----|----|------|---|---|---|----|----|
| | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| Preliminary Site Selection | Preliminary Site Selection | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Preliminary Site Selection Report | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feasibility Study (including Site Seletion & Project Proposal) | Site Selection | | | | | | | | | | | | Feasibility Study | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Project Proposal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Preliminary Design | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tender Design | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tender | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

CEPC EDR site geological study has been started and the geological feasibility study will be completed in 2025

CEPC construction plan





CEPC Construction Investment Profiles

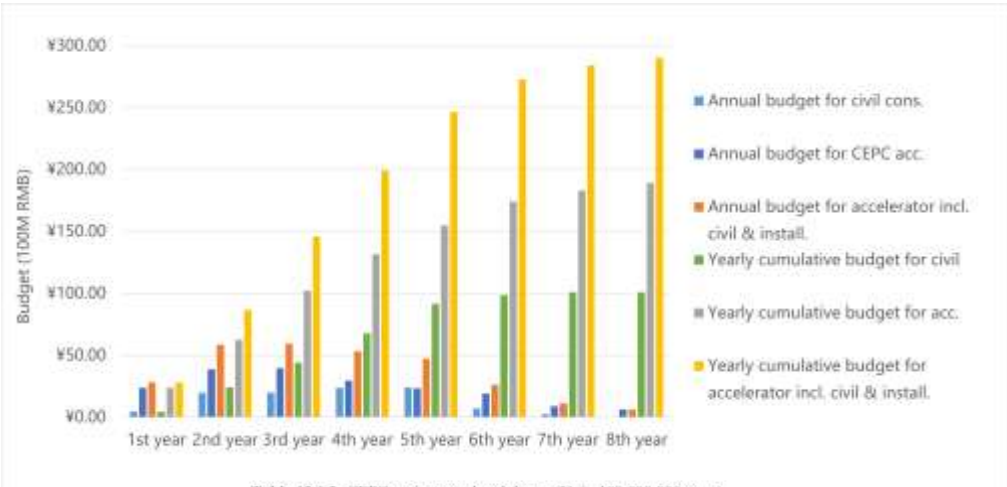
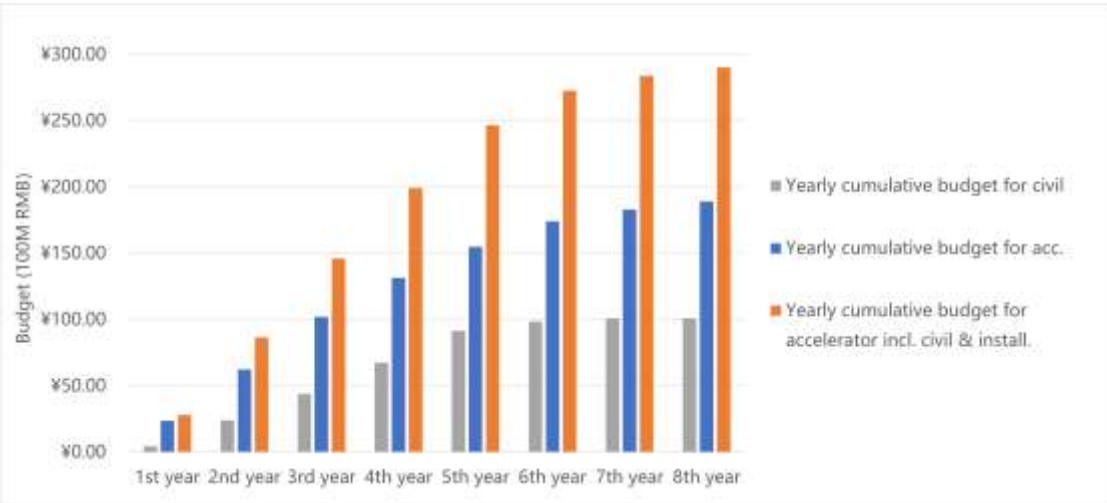
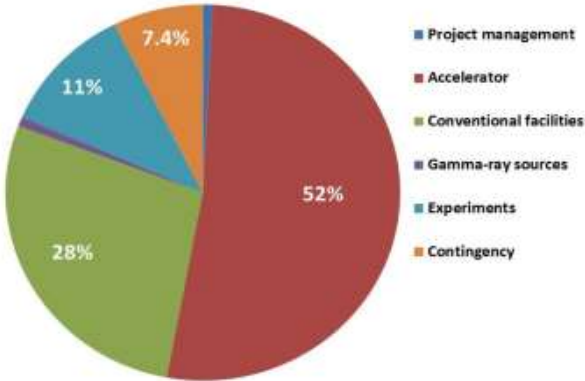
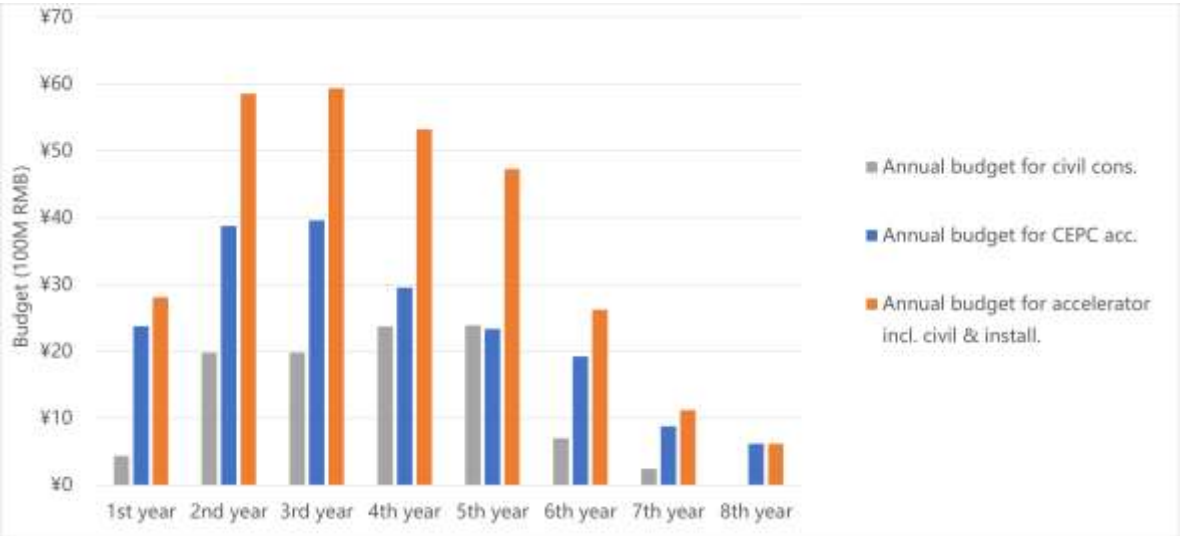


Table 12.1.2: CEPC project cost breakdown, (Unit: 100,000,000 yuan)

| | | |
|-------------------------|-----|------|
| Total | 364 | 100% |
| Project management | 3 | 0.8% |
| Accelerator | 190 | 52% |
| Conventional facilities | 101 | 28% |
| Gamma-ray beam lines | 3 | 0.8% |
| Experiments | 40 | 11% |
| Contingency (8%) | 27 | 7.4% |



Distribution of CEPC Project total TDR cost of **36.4B RMB (~5.2USD)**



Green CEPC and Sustainability

- **SR power per beam: 30 MW** (CEPC-TDR p965)

- Total electricity consumption: 262 MW

- RF power (109 MW)
- Magnet (58 MW)
- Utilities (44 MW)
- Cryogenics (11.6 MW)
- Other auxiliary power combined (29 MW)

} Need to improve these

- **SR power per beam: 50 MW** (CEPC-TDR p967)

- Total electricity consumption: 340 MW

- RF power (177 MW)
- Magnet (58 MW)
- Utilities (54 MW)
- Cryogenics (11.1 MW)
- Other auxiliary power combined (29 MW)

} Need to improve these

Participated the 4th edition of the Sustainable High Energy Physics (HEP) workshop, May 12-15, 2025, with green CEPC and sustainability presentation and Panel discussions <https://indico.global/event/4745/>

On-going sustainability projects:

- High efficiency klystron:
 - 650 MHz
 - 80 MW C-band
- Permanent magnets for damping ring and transport lines
- High Q-factor SRF cryogenic-modules
- Recovery of waste heat (HEPS)
- Recovery and recycling of Helium
- Photovoltaic (PV) power generation systems (HEPS)

Prototypes have been developed addressing green collider technologies

Power efficiency, energy recycling, and clean energy generation are being addressed as comprehensive measures for sustainable operation

Publication: Dou Wang; Jie Gao; Yuhui Li; Jinshu Huang; Song Jin; Manqi Ruan; Mingshui Chen; Shanzhen Chen,
"The carbon footprint and CO2 reduction optimization of CEPC", *RDMT*, <https://doi.org/10.1007/s41605-025-00535-7> (2025).

CEPC Industrial Preparation

Large-scale Cryogenic Refrigeration & Liquefaction Equipment (CIPIC member)

First 18kW@4.5K helium refrigerator fabricated in China passes inspection

-It was developed by the Institute of TIPC, CAS, and integrated and manufactured by Fullcryo.

-The super large horizontal cold box with a length of 28m and a diameter of 4.2m achieves ultra-high vacuum and extremely low leakage.

-The horizontal cold box at megawatt-level is the largest of its kind in China and even in the world.

-The horizontal cold box system has exceeded the set targets.

-On-site testing: 1. The airtightness test of each internal channel revealed a pressure drop of 0, surpassing the target value of 0.02 bar. 2. The overall leakage rate is 9.1×10^{-10} Pa.m³/s, surpassing the target value of 1×10^{-9} Pa.m³/s.

-Expected Goals: Achieving 3 operational mode adjustments: the cooling capacity ≥ 18 kW@4.5K; the cooling capacity in the superfluid helium temperature range ≥ 4 kW@2K.

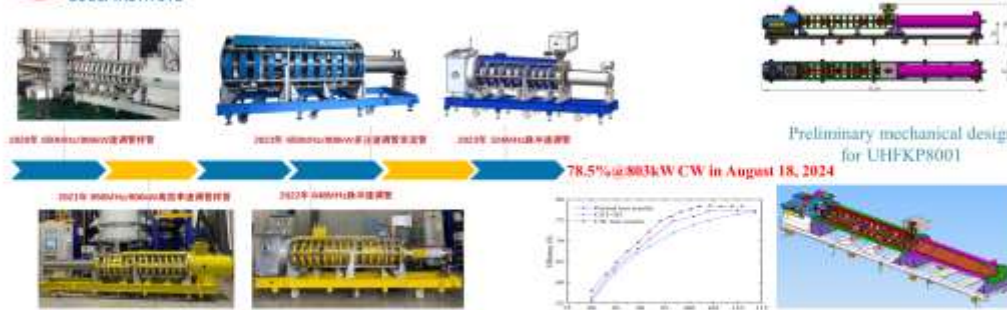


北京中科富海低温科技有限公司
Beijing Sinoscience Fullcryo Technology CO., Ltd. (CIPIC member)

CEPC cryogenic system need four 14kW@4K cryogenic refrigerators.
SpnC needs 18kW@4.5K helium refrigerator as well

CEPC 650MHz 800kW CW High Efficiency Klystrons

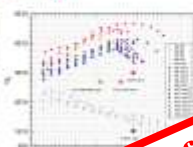
国力研究院 (CIPIC member)



Kunsan National Research Institute has successively developed 650MHz/800kW klystron sample tubes, 650MHz/800kW high-efficiency klystron sample tubes, 648MHz pulse klystron tubes, 650MHz/800kW multi-injection klystron beam tubes, and the latest 324MHz pulse klystron tubes Electro vacuum products for 50 years. Provide high power thyratron of GL1536A in batches for BEPCII in 2012.

HE-RACING Technology and OTIC on SRF Technologies (CIPIC members)

高能锐新 (CIPIC member)



2.2 Cavities/Modules



1.3GHz cryomodule assembly

东方铝业 (CIPIC member)

2011 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2012 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2013 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2014 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2015 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2016 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2017 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2018 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2019 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons

2020 DESY - XFEL
RRR300 Nb: 8 tons



High RRR Nb sheet



High RRR Nb ingot



High RRR large grain Nb

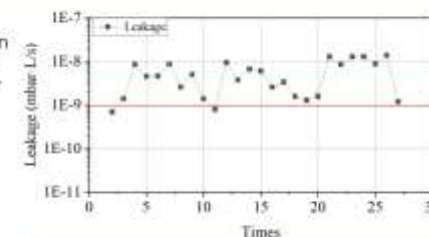
CEPC booster and colliders: 2GeV 1.3GHz and 650MHz SRF accelerators (Higgs);
10GeV 1.3GHz and 650MHz SRF accelerators (Itar)

We had built the business relationship with many great customers such as DESY, MSU, Fermilab, IAR, INFN, STFC, CERN, TRIUMF, R, ZANON, IHEP, IAS, BNL, etc.

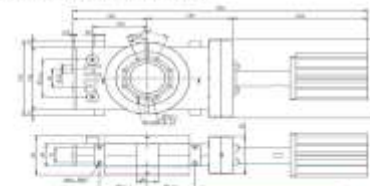
RF Shielding all Metal Gate Vacuum Valve

日播科技

- Two prototypes of RF shielding All metal gate valve have been developed, and the leakage of one of them have been tested.
- The delivery inspection leakage test results for two valves, conducted by the manufacturer, were found to be $< 1 \times 10^{-9}$ mbar · L/s (30 times open and closed).
- The difference of leakage by IHEP & manufacture will be checked and retested in next.



• Tested by IHEP
• Expectation leakage $< 1 \times 10^{-9}$ mbar · L/s



CEPC needs ~1700 all metal valves



The Key industries also for ILC and LCF in China



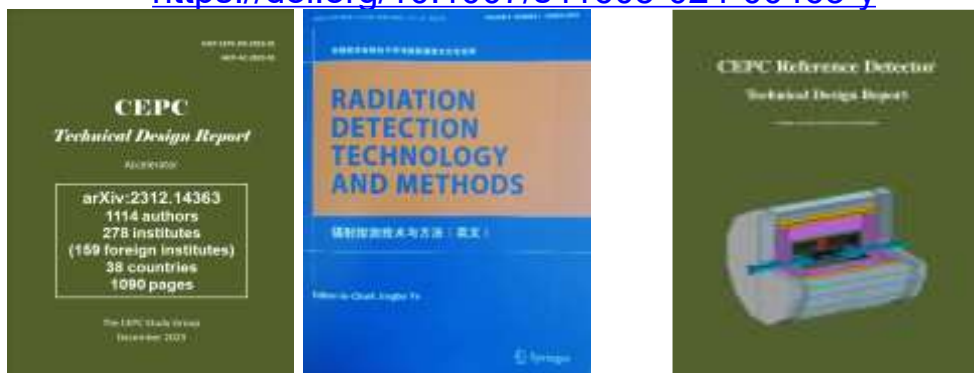
CEPC International Collaboration-1

CEPC attracts significant International participation and collaborations

CEPC Accelerator TDR report: 1114 authors from 278 institutes (including 159 International Institutes, 38 countries) Published in **Radiation Detection Technology and Methods (RDTM)** on June 3, 2024:

DOI: 10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y>



CEPC Detector Reference TDR report has been completed and reviewed by IDRC in April 14-16, 2025

- 27 MoUs have been signed with international institutions and universities
- CEPC International Workshop since 2014-now
- EU and US versions of CEPC WS since 2018-now
- Annual working month at HKUST-IAS (mini workshops and HEP conference), Hong Kong, since 2015-now





CEPC International Collaboration-2

HKUST IAS23 HEP Conference, Feb. 14-16, 2023,
Hong Kong

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1215937/>

The 2024 HKUST IAS Mini workshop and conference were held from Jan. 18-19, and Jan. 22-25, 2024, respectively.

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1335278/timetable/?view=standard>



The 2025 HKUST IAS fundamental physics conference:
Jan. 14-17, 2025, Hong Kong

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1454867/overview>

CEPC Workshop EU Edition (Barcelona, Spain)
June 16-19, 2025

<https://indico.ifae.es/event/2054/overview>



The 2026 HKUST IAS fundamental physics conference
Jan. 12-16, 2026, Hong Kong

CEPC Workshop EU, April 7-10, 2026, Lisbon, Portugal

The Status of CEPC Accelerator in EDR-
Jie Gao

The 2023 International Workshop on Circular
Electron Positron Collider, EU Edition,
University of Edinburgh, July 3-6, 2023

<https://indico.ph.ed.ac.uk/event/259/overview>



The 2024 international workshop on the high
energy Circular Electron Positron Collider (CEPC)
was held from Oct. 23-27, 2024, Hangzhou, China

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/22089/>



The 2025 international workshop on the high
energy Circular Electron Positron Collider (CEPC)
will be held from Nov. 6-10, 2025,
Guangzhou, China



<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/25300/>

16th FCCPN/L Workshop, July 21, 2025, Qingdao, China

The 2023 international workshop
on the high energy Circular
Electron Positron Collider (CEPC)

<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/19316/>



The 2024 international workshop of CEPC
EU-Edition were held in Marseille, France,
April 8-11, 2024.

<https://indico.in2p3.fr/event/20053/overview>



FCCPNL, Bordeaux, France, June 10-14, 2024
<https://indico.in2p3.fr/event/20434/overview>

FCCPNL, Qingdao, China, July 21-25, 2025
<https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/25400/>



CEPC in ESPPU 2026

Physics Preparatory Group

Karl Jakobs (chair) **Xinchou Lou (IHEP)**

Gianluigi Arduini

Fabio Maltoni

Thomas Bergauer

Jocelyn Monroe

Tommaso Boccali

Hugh Montgomery

Anadi Canepa

Rogerio Rosenfeld

Cristinel Diaconu

Mike Seidel

Pilar Hernandez

Yuji Yamazaki

Gino Isidori



CEPC-SppC participate actively in the 2026 update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics (ESPPU 26) with two input documents:

1) The Circular Electron Positron Collider (CEPC)

An input to the European Strategy for Particle Physics - 2026 update

Contact persons: **Jie Gao, Miao He, Dou Wang, and Jianchun Wang**

2) High Performance and Cost Effective Superconducting Accelerator Magnet R&D at IHEP

Contact persons: **Chengtao Wang, Rui Kang, Chunyan Li, Yingzhe Wang, Juan Wang and Qingjin Xu**

Open Symposium on the European Strategy for Particle Physics June 23-27, Venice, Italy

June 24

14:30 - 15:05 **Yifang Wang (IHEP Beijing)**

Status of CEPC in China

Sala Perla, Palazzo del Casinò

<https://agenda.infn.it/event/44943/overview>



CEPC in Synergy with other Accelerator Projects in China

| Project name | Machine type | Location | Cost (B RMB) | Completion time |
|-----------------|--|---|--|--|
| CEPC | Higgs factory Upto 10 TeV energy | Led by IHEP, China | 36.4 (where accelerator 19) | Around 2035 (starting time around 2027) |
| BEPCII-U | e+e-collider 2.8GeV/beam | IHEP (Beijing) | 0.15 | 2025 |
| HEPS | 4 th generation light source of 6GeV | IHEP (Huanrou) | 5 | 2025 |
| SAPS | 4th generation light source of 3.5GeV | IHEP (Dongguan) | 3 | 2031 (in R&D, to be approved) |
| HALF | 4th generation light source of 2.2GeV | USTC (Hefei) | 2.8 | 2028 |
| SHINE | Hard XFEL of 8GeV | Shanghai-Tech Univ., SARI and SIOM of CAS (Shanghai) | 10 | 2027 |
| S3XFEL | S3XFEL of 2.5GeV | Shenzhen IASF | 11.4 | 2031 |
| DALS | FEL of 1GeV | Dalian DICP | - | (in R&D, to be approved,) |
| HIAF | High Intensity heavy ion Accelerator Facility | IMP, Huizhou | 2.8 | 2025 |
| CIADS | Nuclear waste transmutation | IMP, Huizhou | 4 | 2027 |
| CSNS-II | Spallation Neutron source proton injector of 300MeV | IHEP, Dongguan | 2.9 | 2029 |

The total cost of the accelerator projects under construction: 39B RMB more than CEPC cost of 36.4B RMB

Relevant accelerator human resources and industrial capabilities in China could be measured in relation with these massive investments

CEPC Host Lab **IHEP** and its Large Science Facilities



HERD (2027) on Chinese Space Station

HXMT

Insight Hard X-ray Modulation Telescope

GECAM

Gravitational wave EM Counterpart All-sky Monitor

Huairou Campus

HEPS High Energy Photon Source

IHEP, Beijing Campus

BEPC Beijing Electron-Positron Collider

IHEP Plasma Accelerator Test Facility

YBJ (retired)

International Cosmic Ray Observatory

CEPC-SppC

Jinan Campus

AliCPT

Ali CMB Polarization Telescope

HUNT, underwater in south China Sea

LHAASO

Large High-Altitude Air Shower Observatory

Daya Bay (retired)

Daya Bay reactor Neutrino Experiment

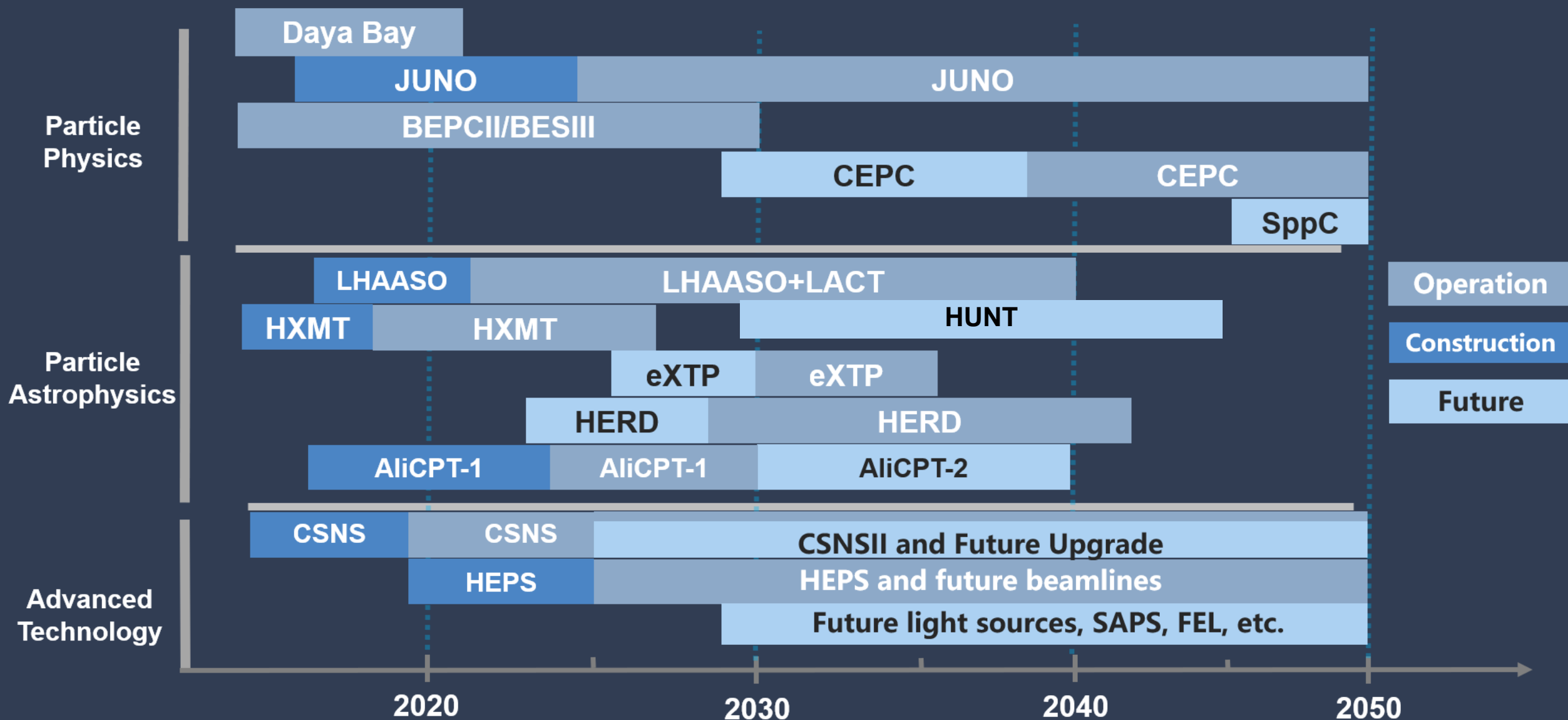
JUNO

Jiangmen Underground Neutrino Observatory

Dongguan Campus

CSNS China Spallation Neutron Source

Road Map of CEPC Host Lab: **IHEP**





CEPC Proposal Preparation (2025) and **Beyond**

CEPC/SppC inputs to EPPSU2026 have been submitted, and CEPC/SppC delegation will participate to the “Open Symposium on the European Strategy for Particle Physics”, June 23-27, Venice, Italy

Concerning CEPC entering construction preparation phase 2026-2027, CEPC civil engineering design based on EDR site and geological conditions will be put to high priority with components' industrial mass production and installation preparations

CEPC accelerator overall survey, components' naming system, electronic management system (DeepC), BIM design, and AI applications in all CEPC systems, etc. have been started...



The CEPC Proposal (in Chinese) will be submit to China's “15th five-year-plan” process in 2025, and a draft has been completed in June 2025, about 1000 pages

Enhanced international/national collaborations and preparation for establishment of the construction team, long term personnel training, CEPC headquarter at EDR site will be put forward in close collaboration with local government

Recruitments information:

<https://www.physicsworldjobs.com/job/22036/recruitment-of-overseas-high-level-talent/>



Summary

- BEPCII@1.89GeV has reached luminosity of $1 \times 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ during routine operation. BEPCII-U@2.35GeV will reach luminosity of $1.1 \times 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$. BEPCII-U is under commissioning from March 2025.
- CEPC accelerator **TDR international review and cost review** were held from **June 12-16, 2023** and **Sept. 11-15, 2023**, respectively, and endorsed by **IAC meeting** held from **Oct. 30-31, 2023**. **CEPC Accelerator TDR has been released formally on December 25, 2023** ([arXiv: 2312.14363](https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.14363)) and published in **Journal Radiation Detection Technology and Methods (RDTM)** on **June 3, 2024**: DOI: 10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y <https://doi.org/10.1007/s41605-024-00463-y>.
- **CEPC accelerator EDR** including EDR site geological investigation and civil engineering design have progressed well with corresponding EDR funds and EDR human resources available
- **CEPC detector reference design report** has been reviewed by IDRC in April 2025.
- **EDR site selection and geological feasibility studies** have been started and completed in 2025.
- Detailed preparation of **CEPC EDR** phase (**2024-2027**) before construction working plan and beyond have been established and executed with the aim for **CEPC proposal** to be presented to and selected by Chinese government around **2025** for the construction start during the "**15th five-year-plan (2026-2030)**" (for example, around **2027**) and completion around **2035**.
- **CEPC is an international project and international collaborations and participations are warmly welcome.**



Acknowledgements

Thanks go to BEPCII, BEPCII-U, HEPS and CEPC-SppC team's hard works, international and CIPIC collaborations

Special thanks to CEPC IB, SC, IAC, IARC, IDRC, TDR review (+cost) committee's advices, suggestions and supports

Thanks for your attention