

中國科學院高能物理研究所
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Chinese Academy of Sciences

PID using XGBoost

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Introduction

Build XGBoost model to distinguish 5 flavors of charged particles:

- e, μ, π, K, p

One individual XGBoost in each bin of momentum and θ .

- Samples: single e, μ, π, K, p particle gun samples, uniformly distributed in $p = 1-10$ or $10-80$ GeV, $\theta = 8-172^\circ$, individually for positive and negative charge.
- `/cms/user/liugeliang/CEPC/202503/Production/ParticleGun`

12 Variables used:

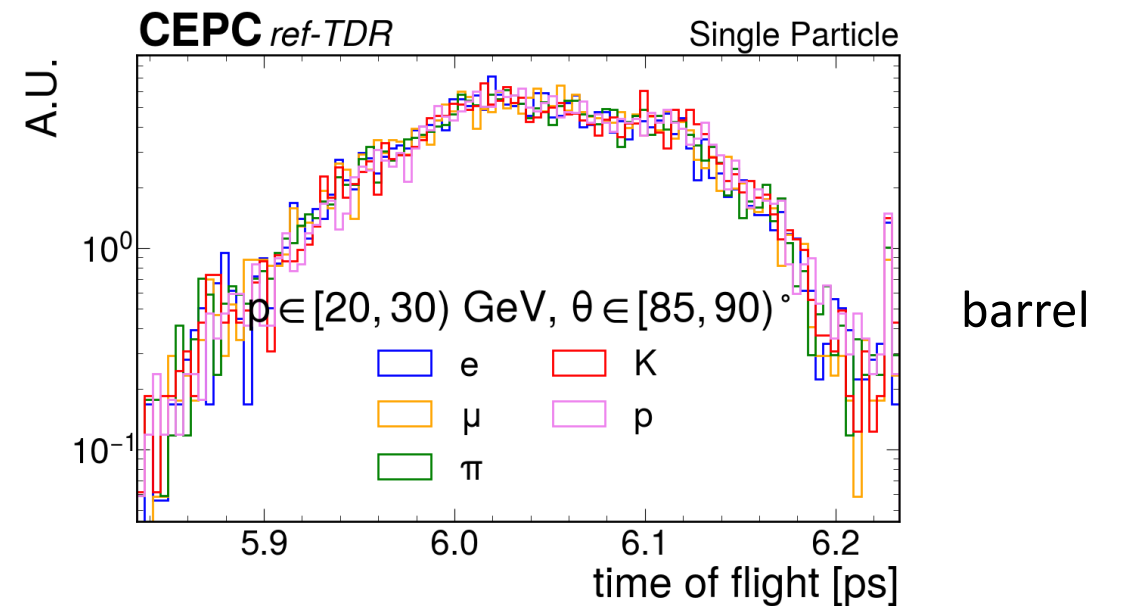
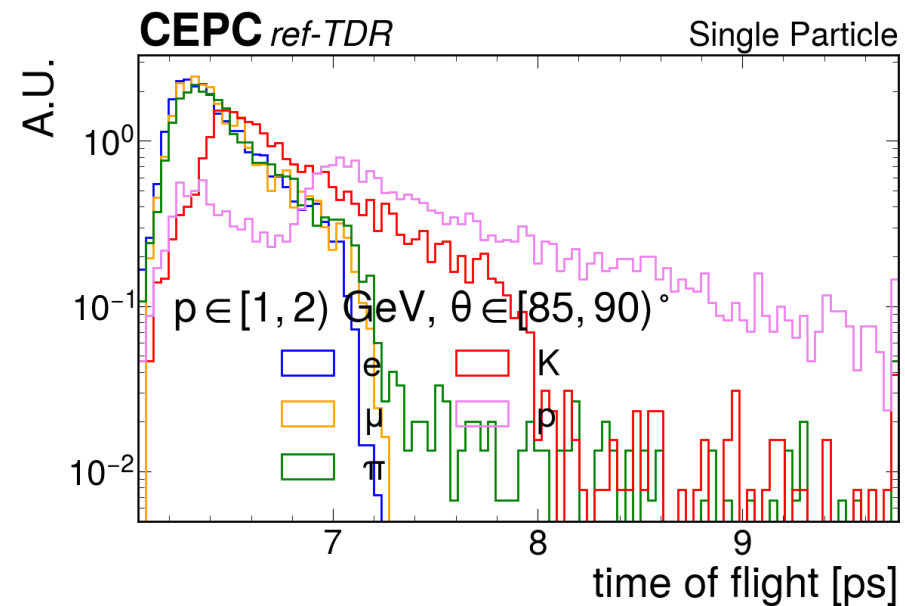
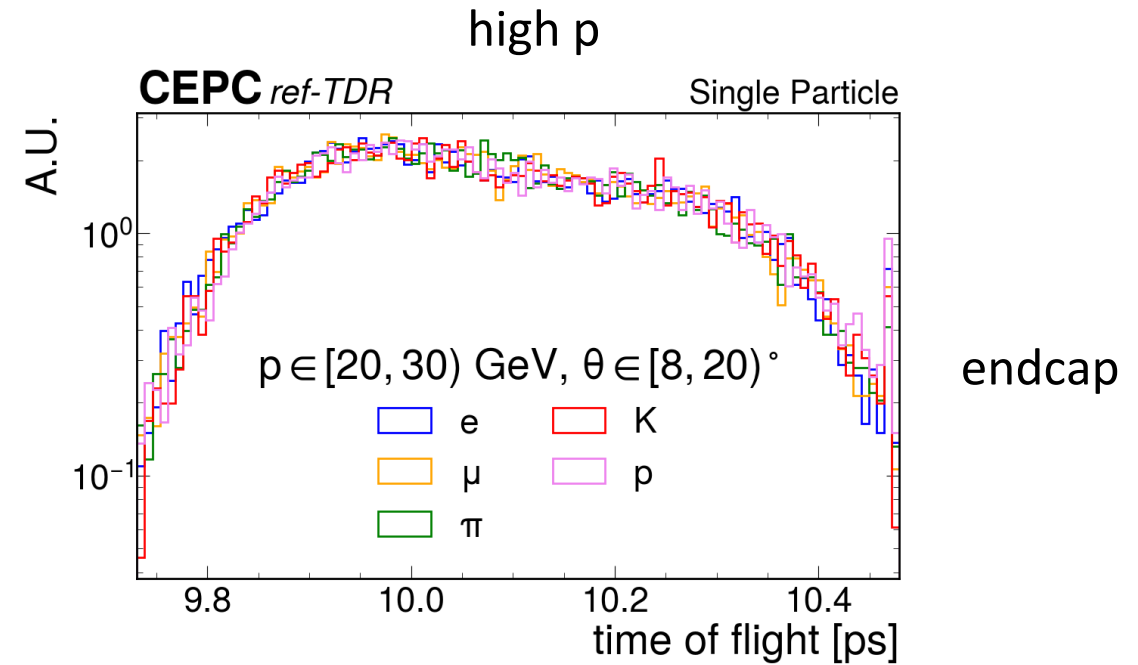
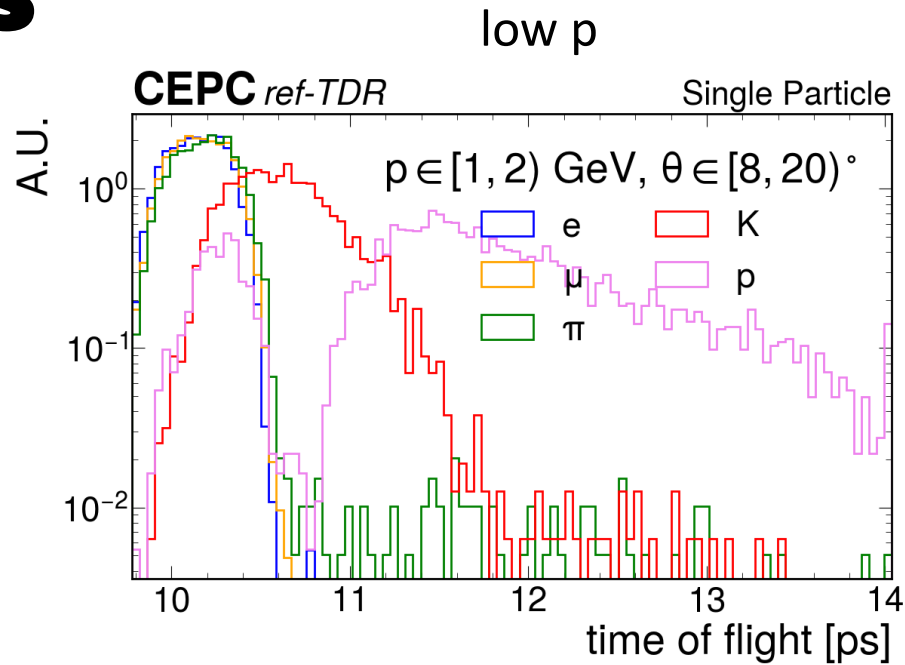
- Tracker: TOF, dN/dx
- Calorimeters: $E_{\text{ECAL}}/p, E_{\text{HCAL}}/p, l_{\text{HCAL}}, R_{\text{HCAL}}^{\text{modiere}}, N_{\text{hadClus}}$ New!
- Muon detector: $\Delta R(\text{trk}, \text{hit})$ of the three closest hits, in different superlayers; $\Delta R(\text{trk}, \text{hit})$ of the closest hit in the last two layers; N_{muHit}

Output:

- Probability of the PFO to be each flavor: prob_f

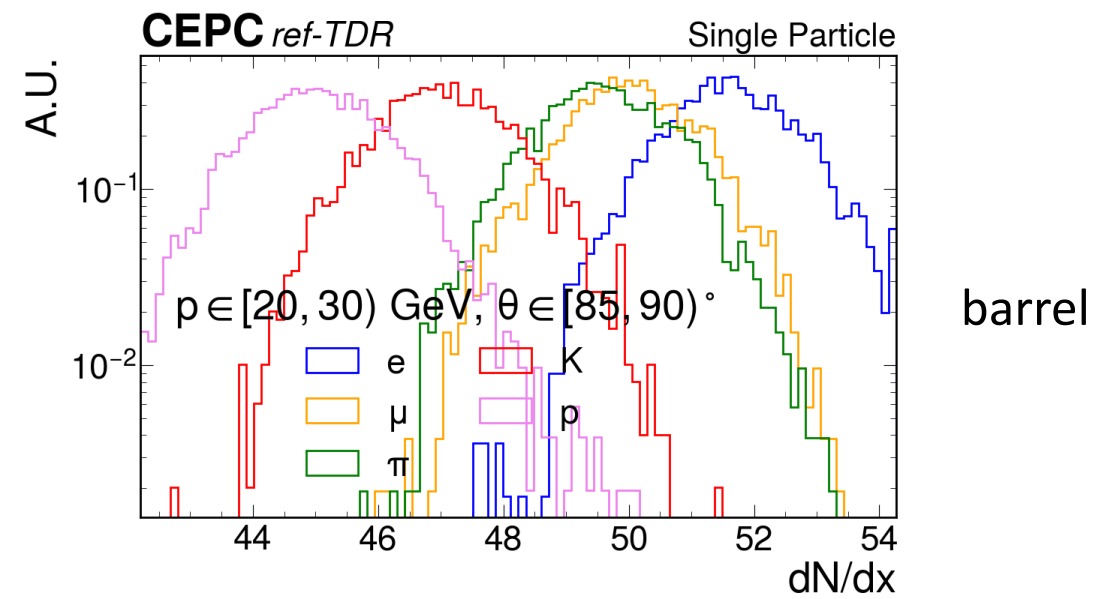
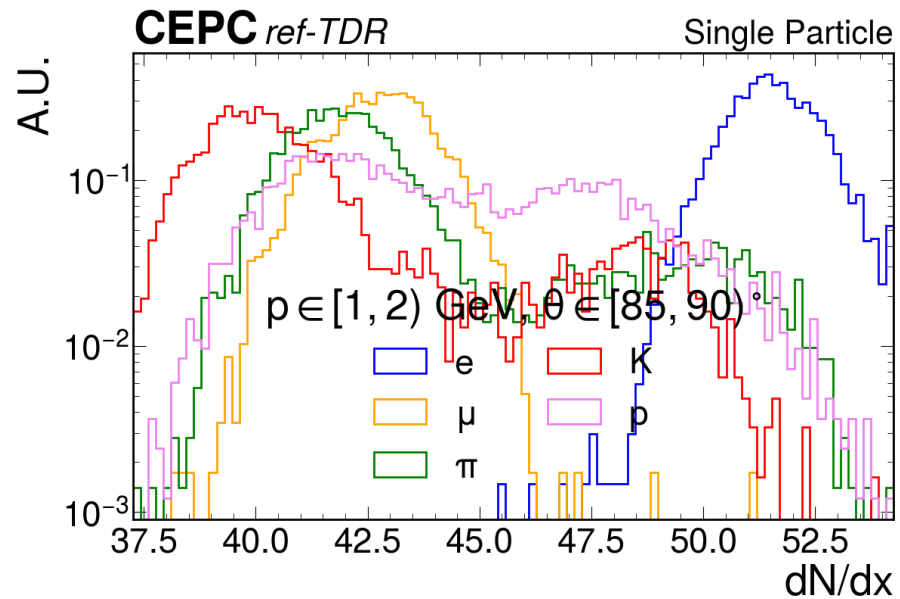
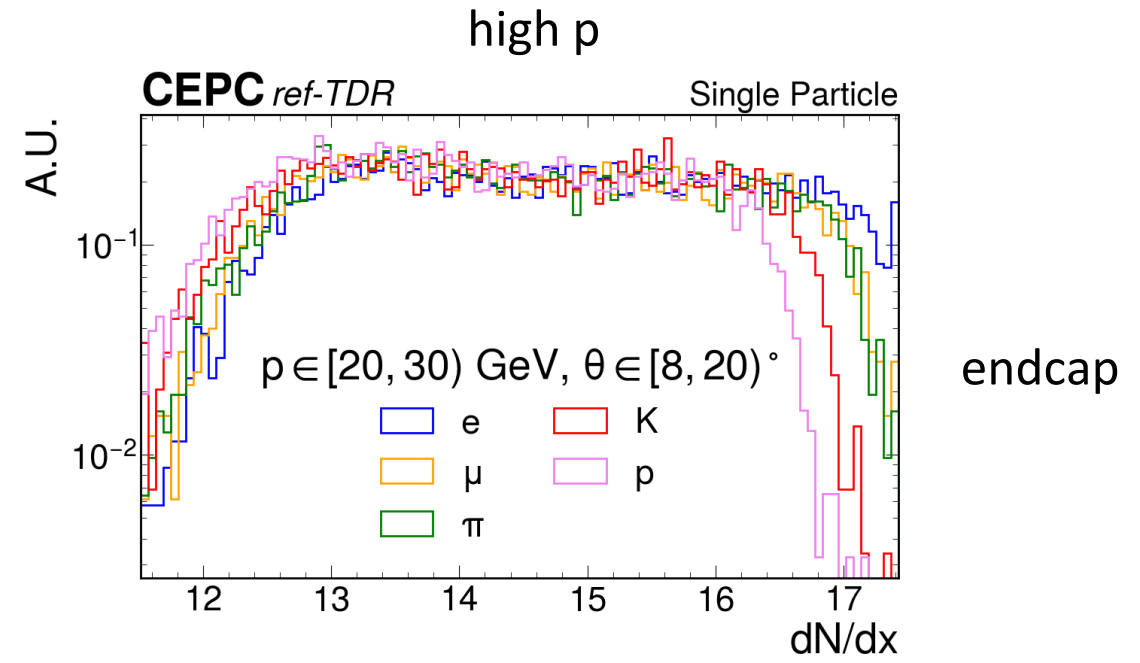
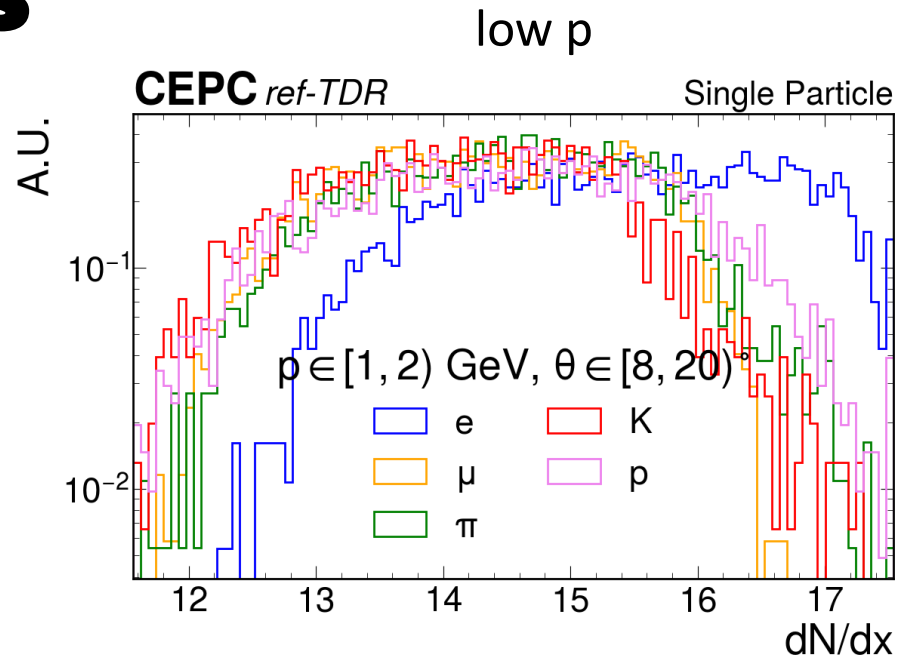
Variables

TOF



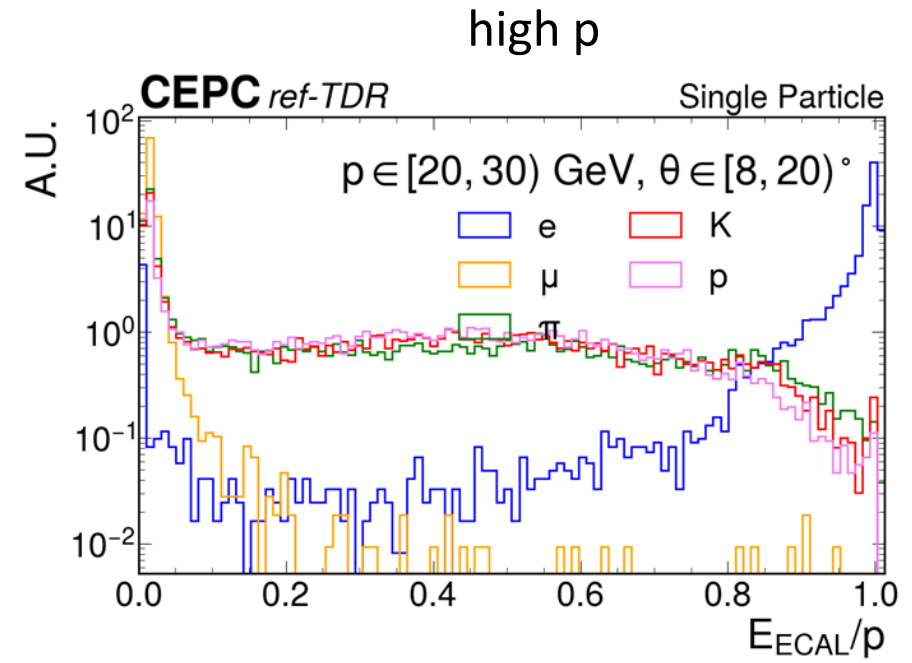
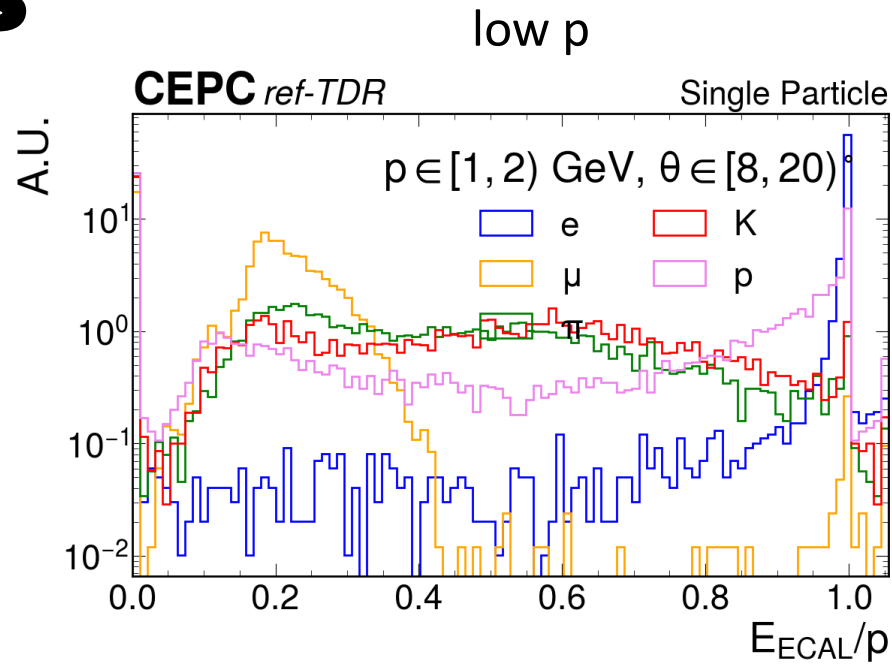
Variables

dN/dx

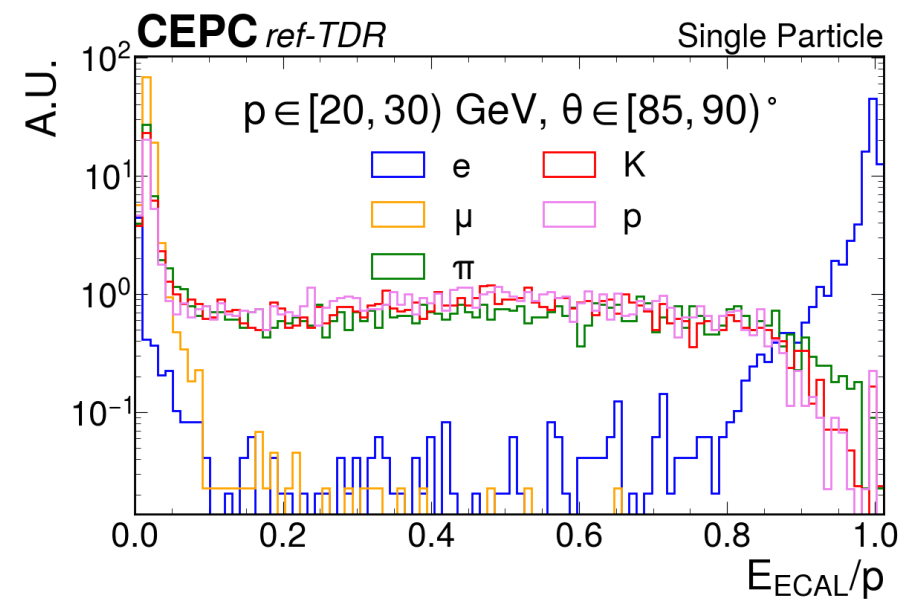
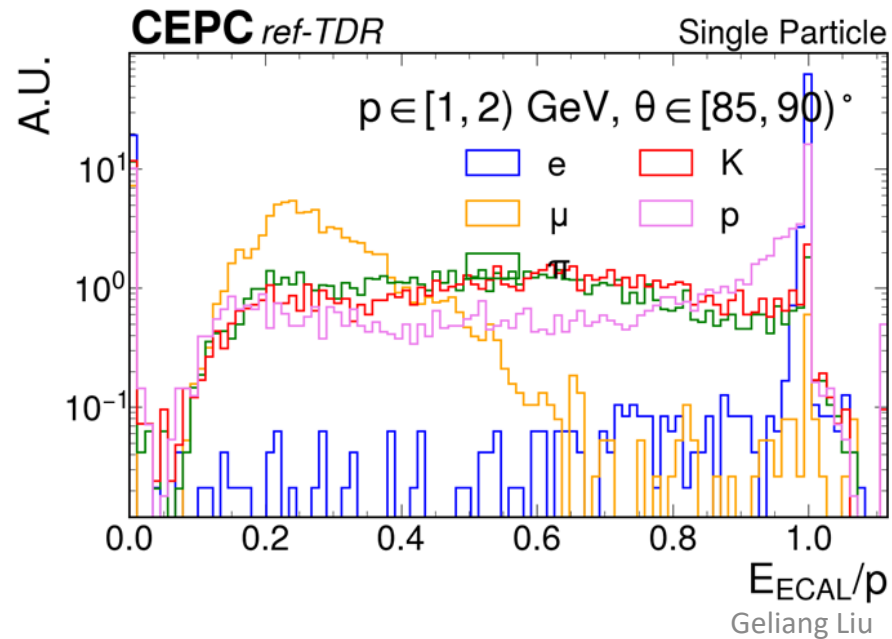


Variables

E_{ECAL}/p



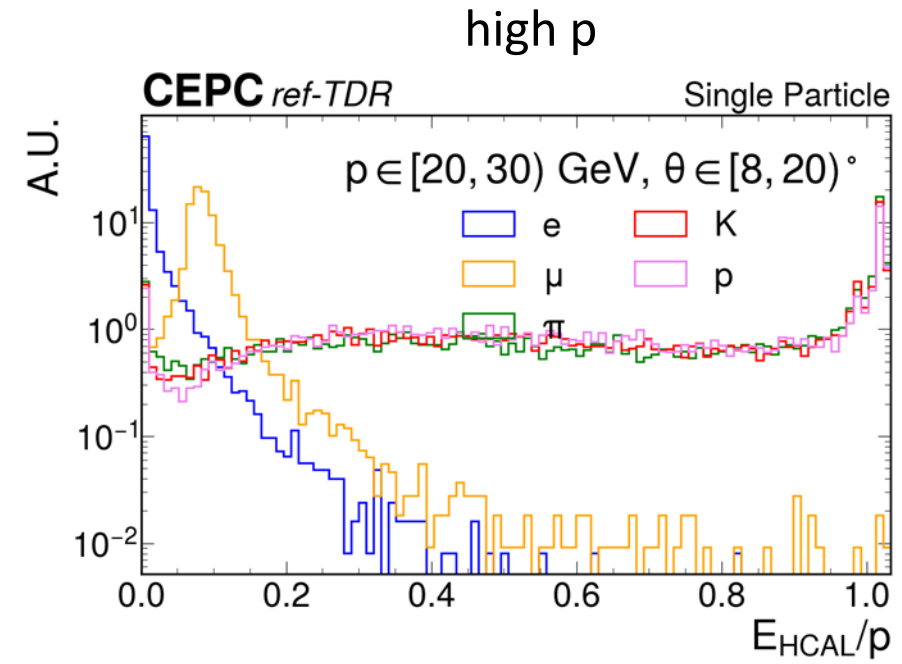
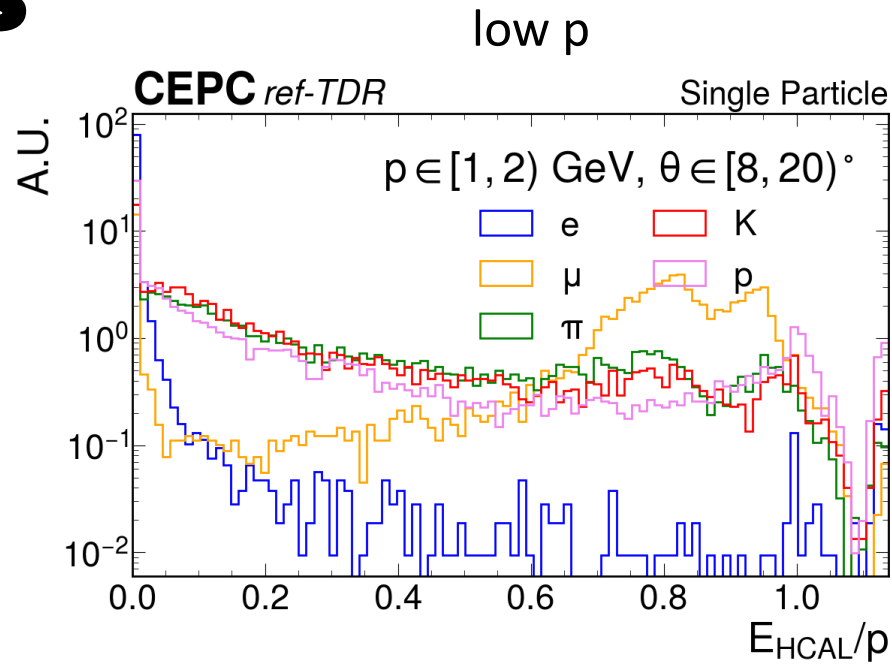
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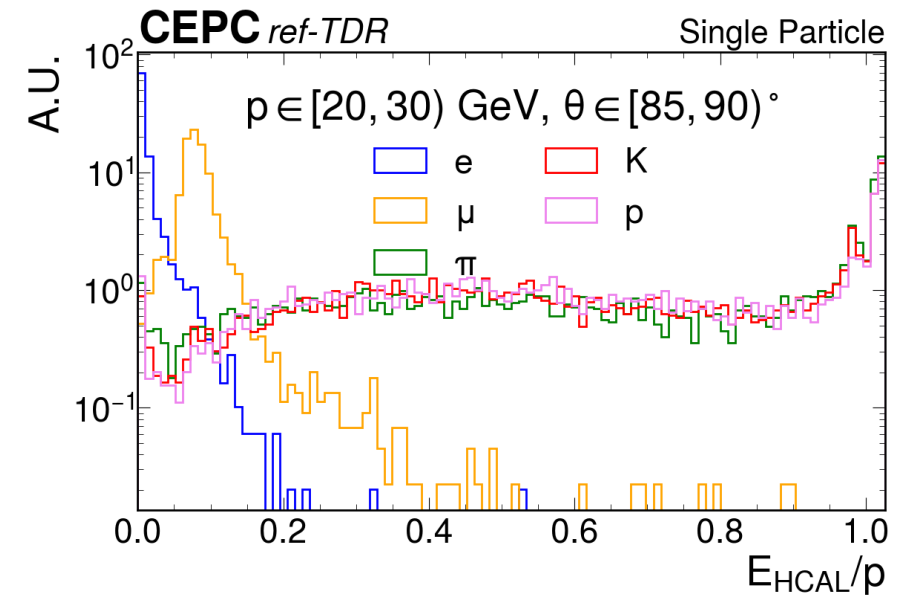
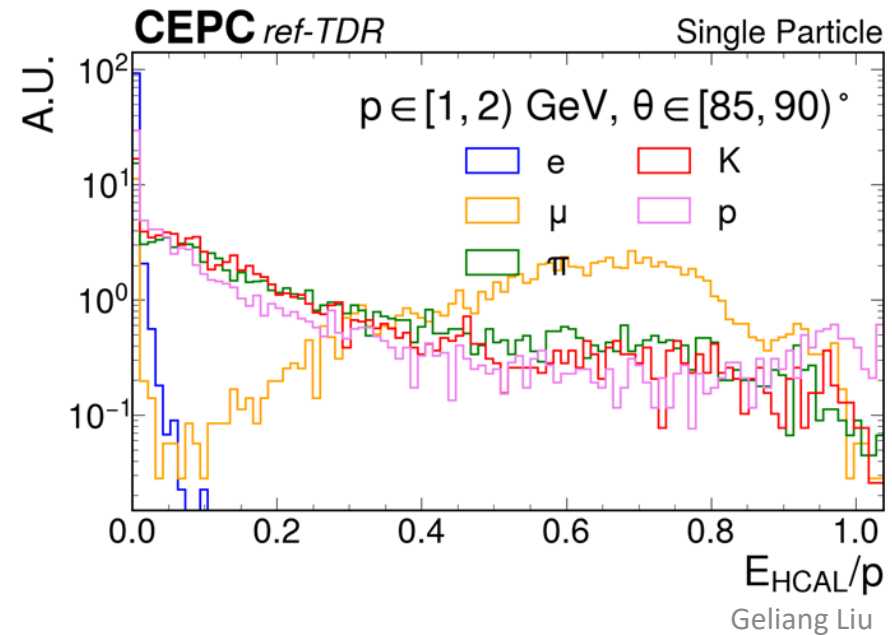
barrel

Variables

$$E_{\text{HCAL}}/p$$



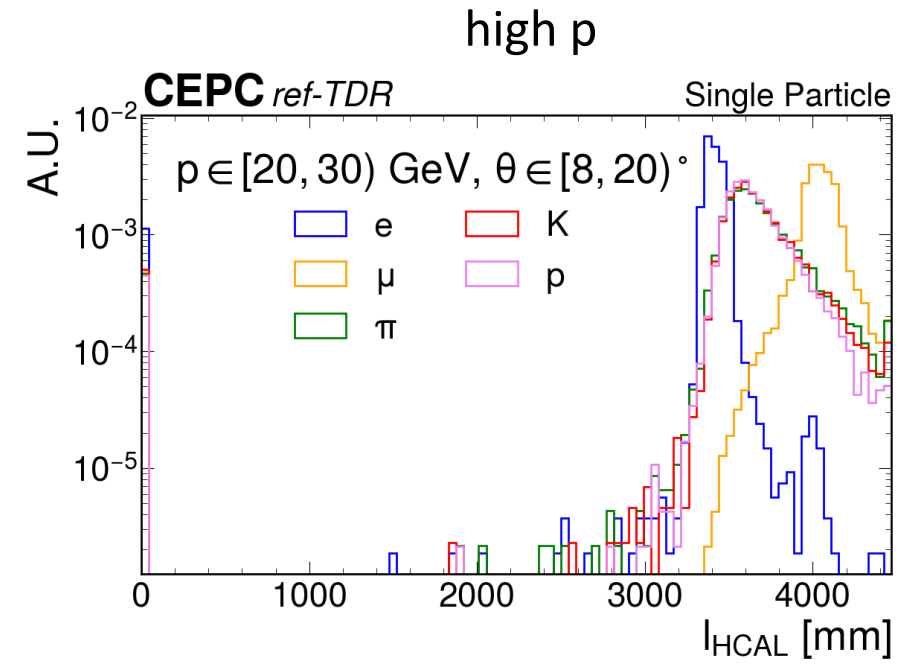
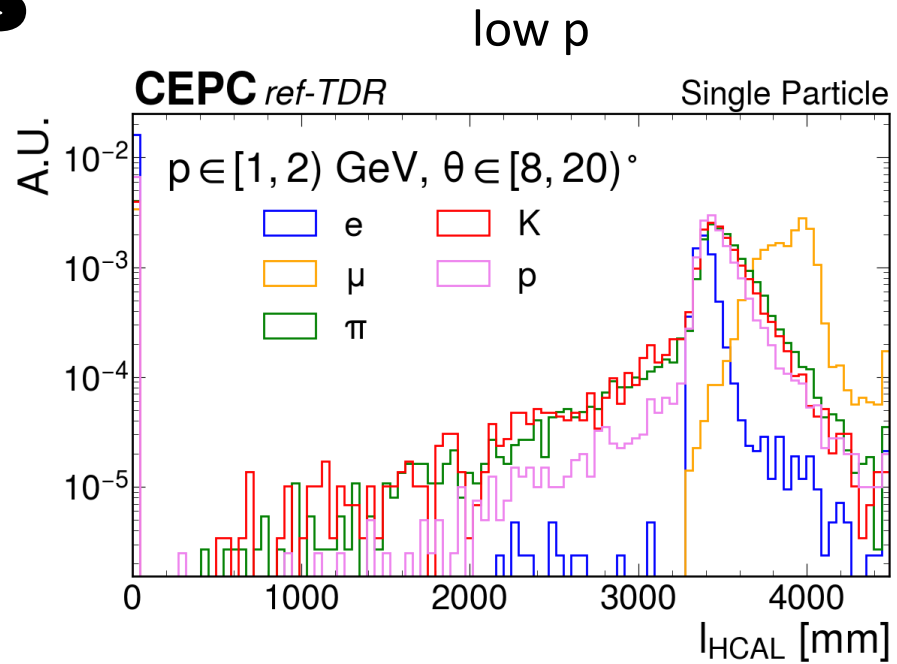
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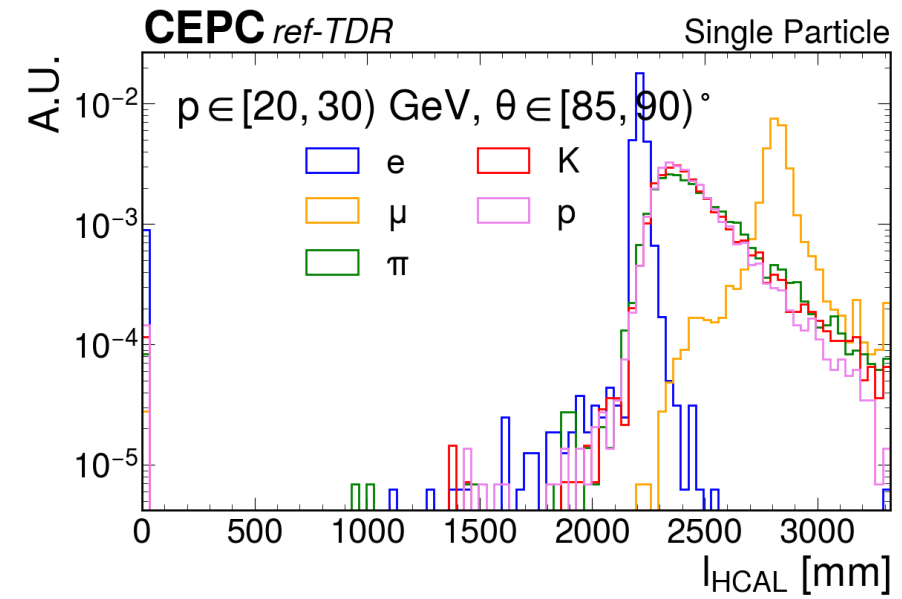
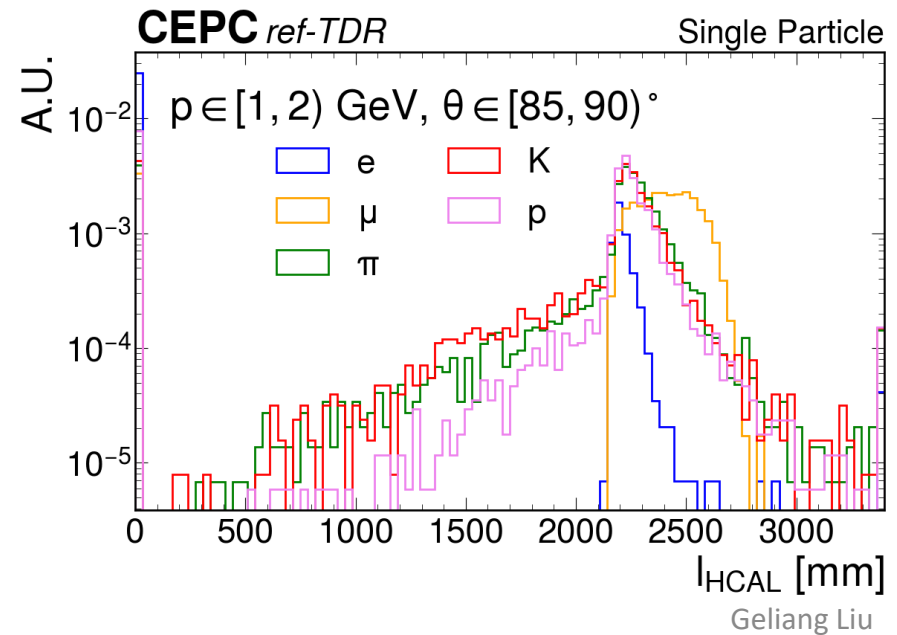
barrel

Variables

LHCAL



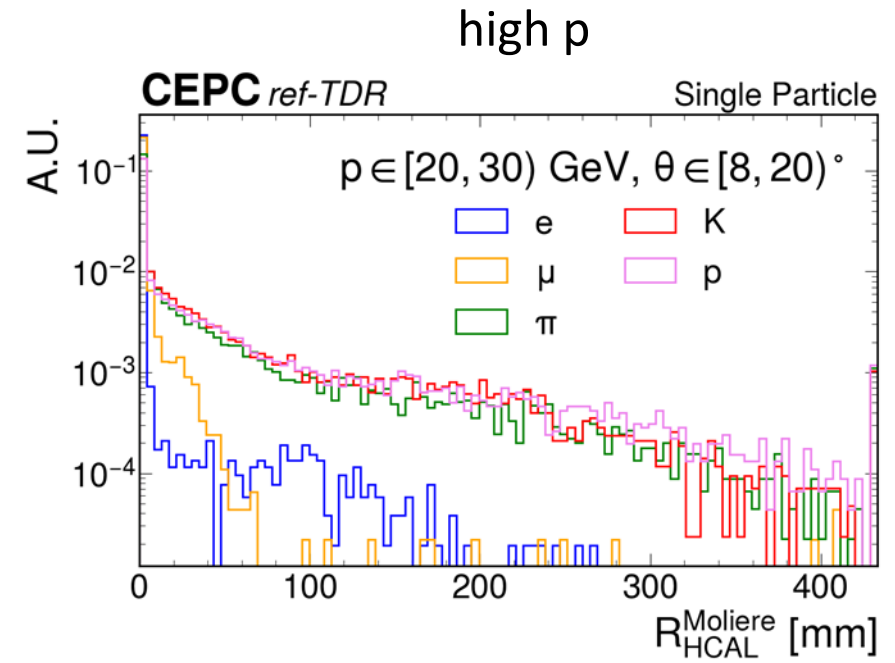
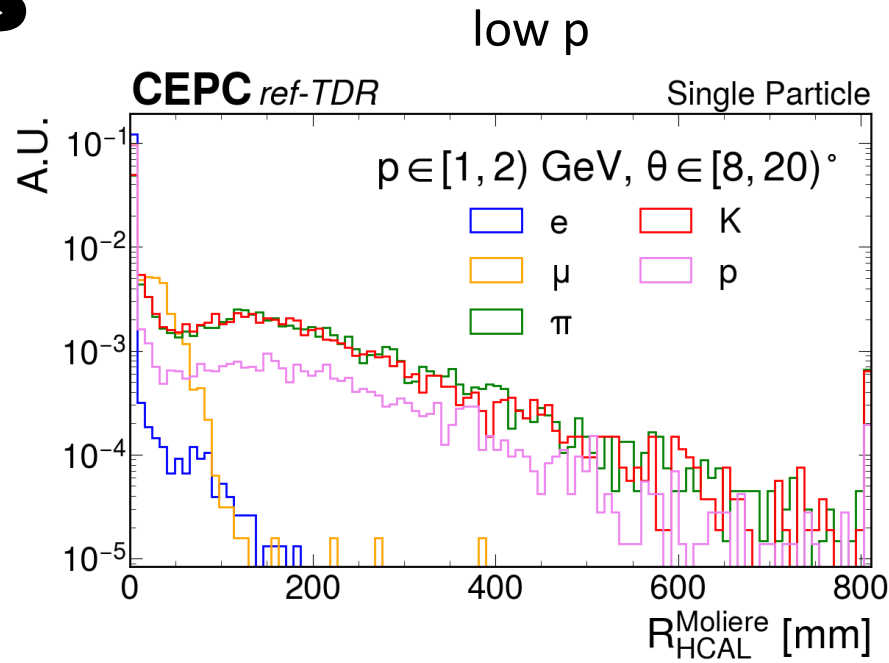
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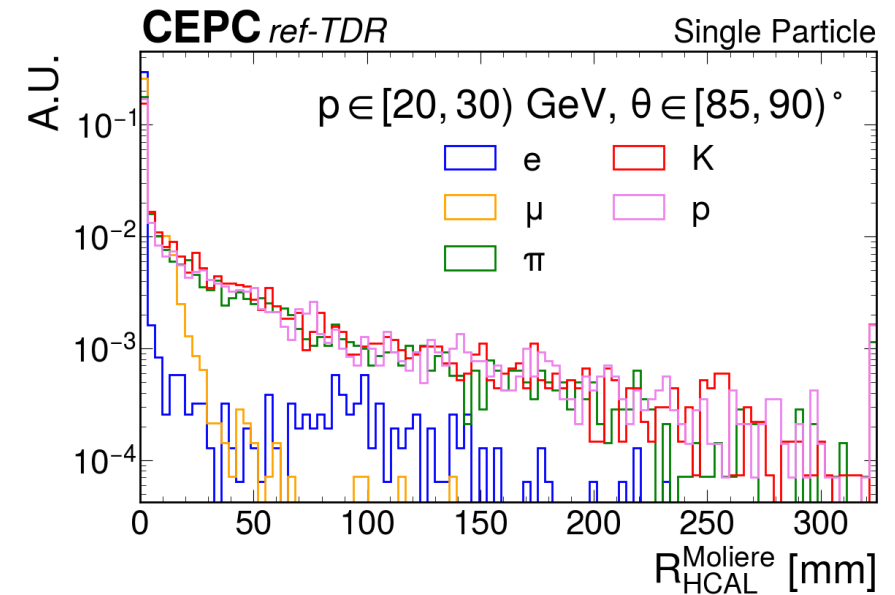
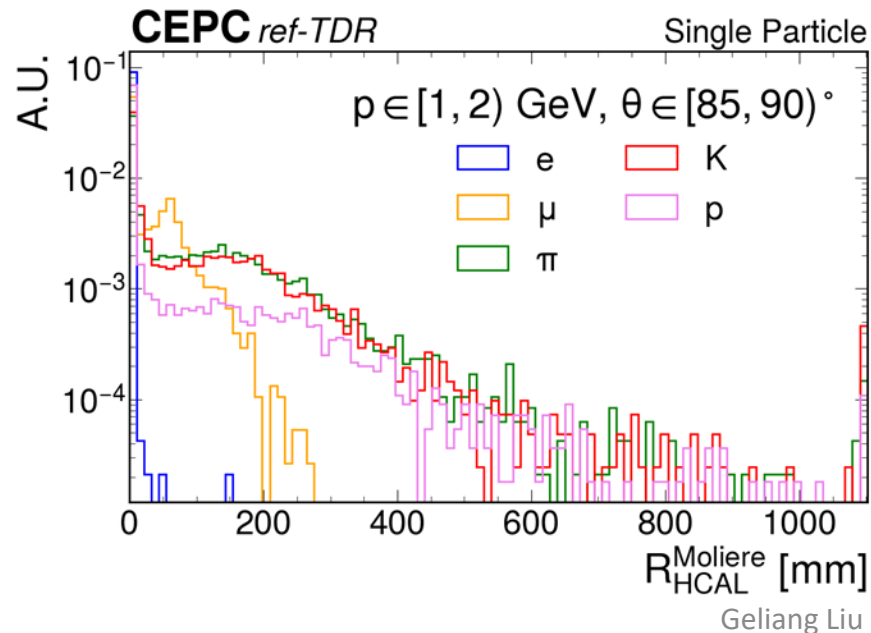
barrel

Variables

R_{Moliere}
HCAL



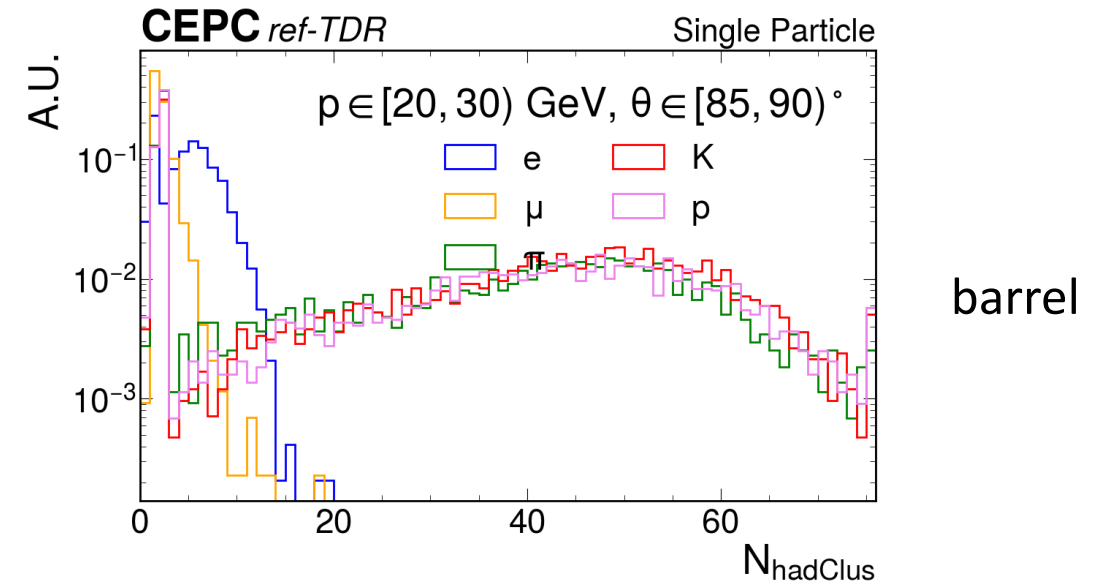
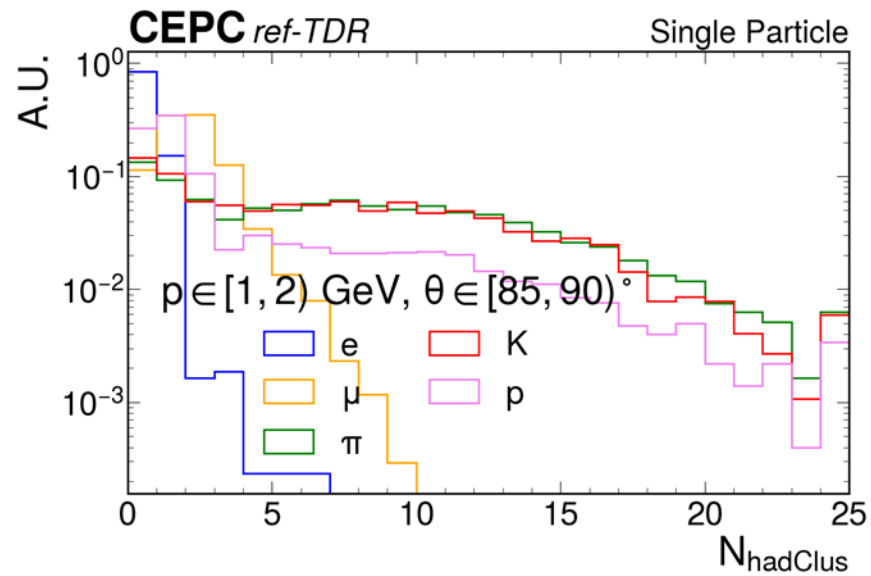
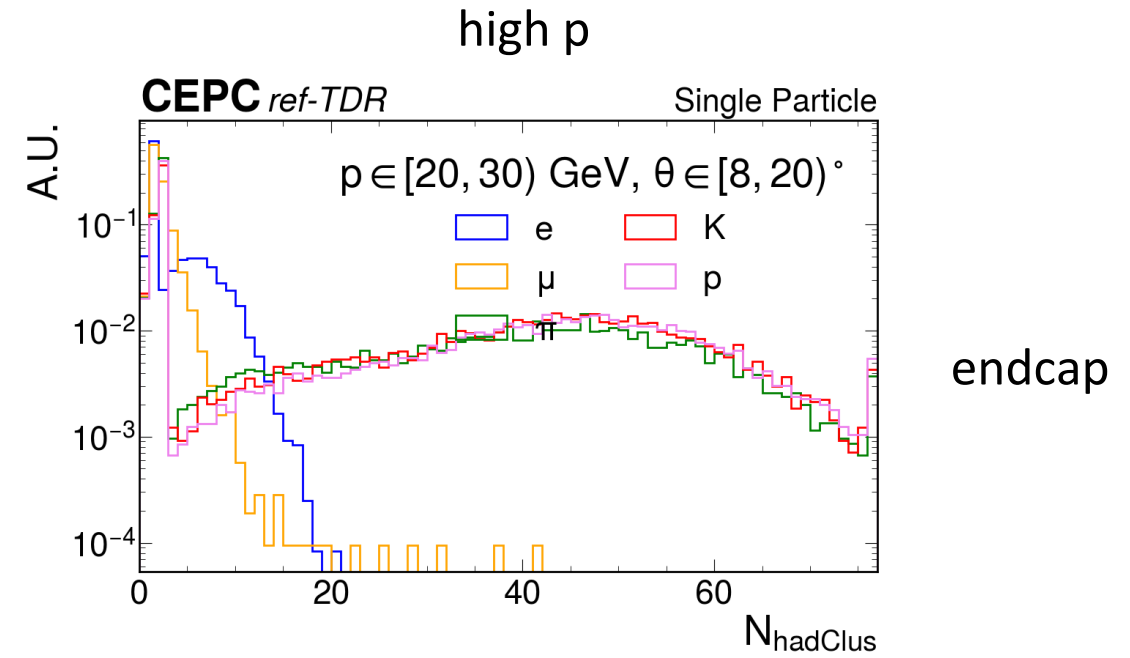
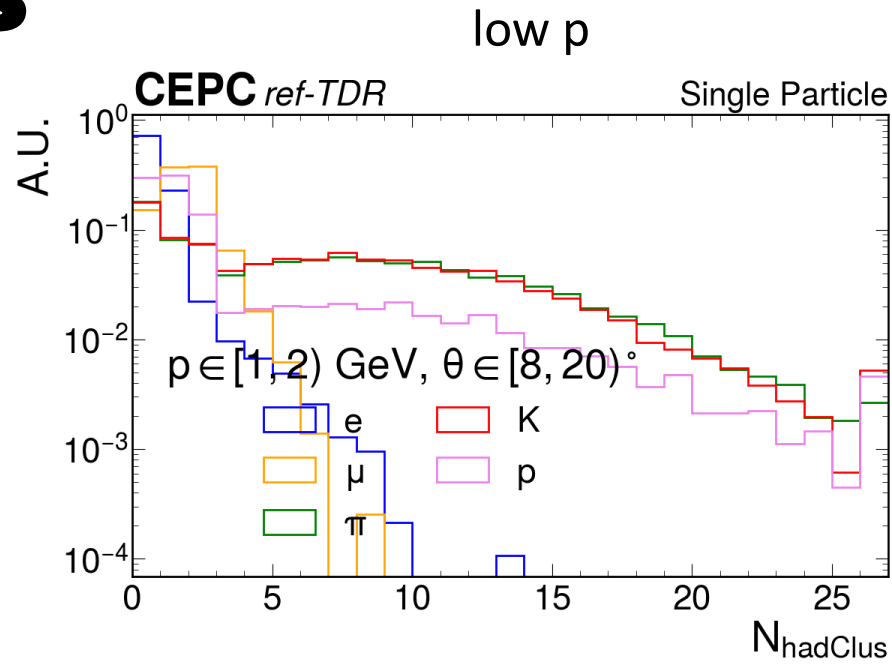
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barrel

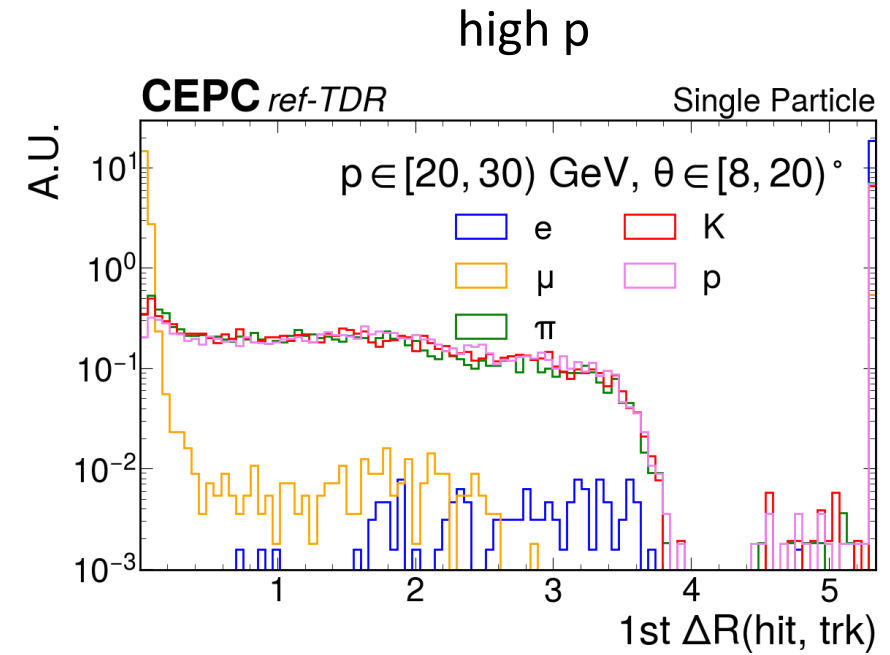
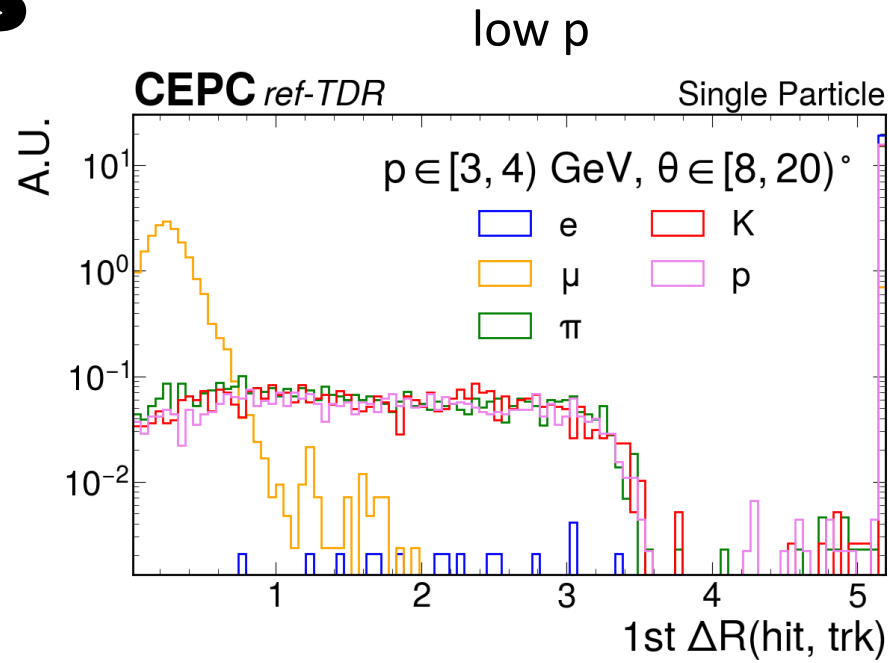
Variables

N_{hadClus}

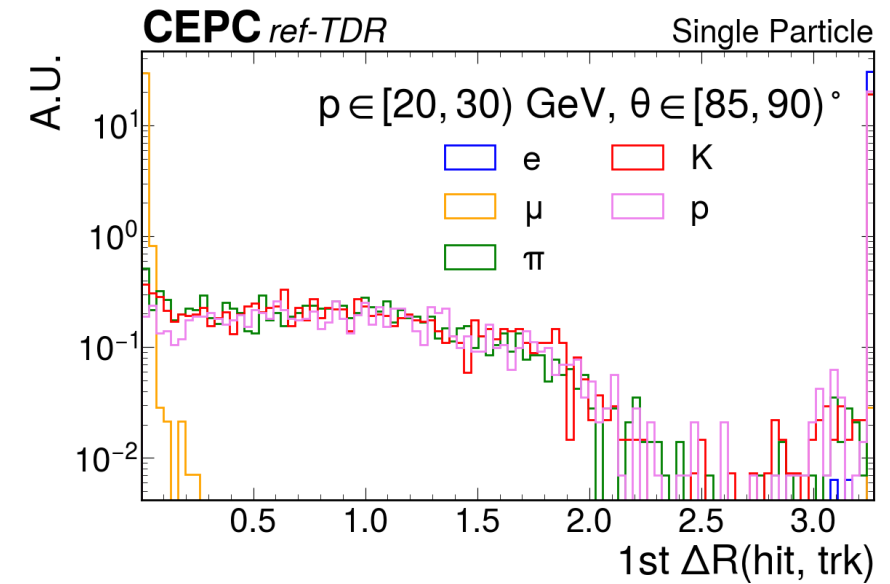
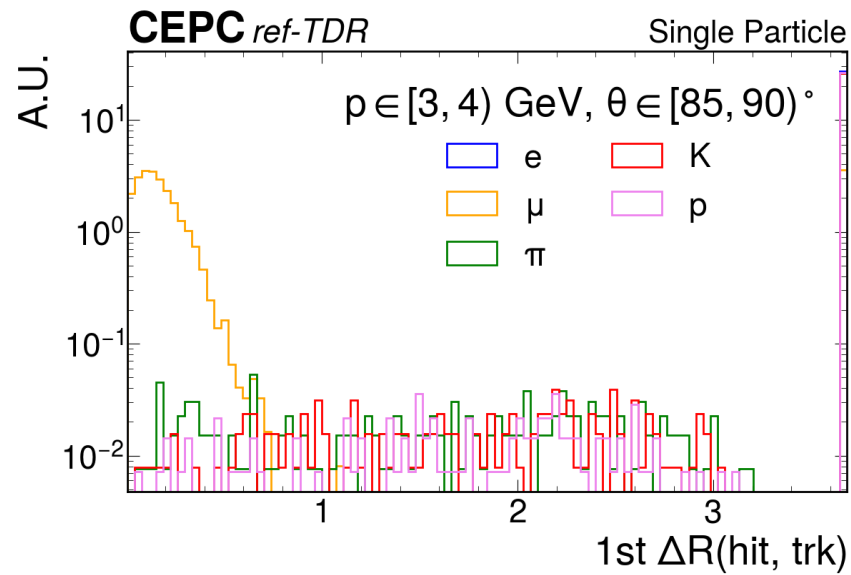


Variables

min ΔR



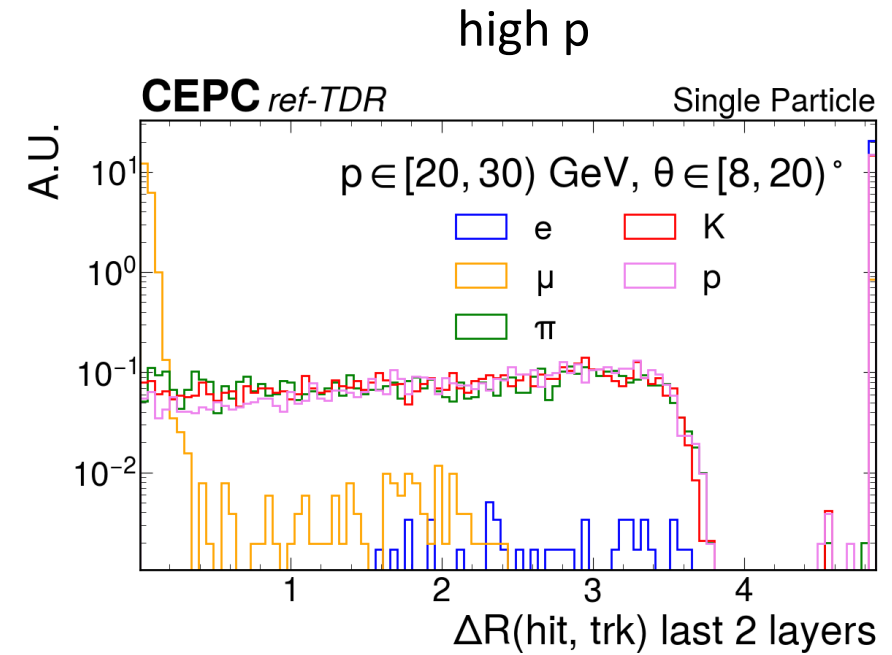
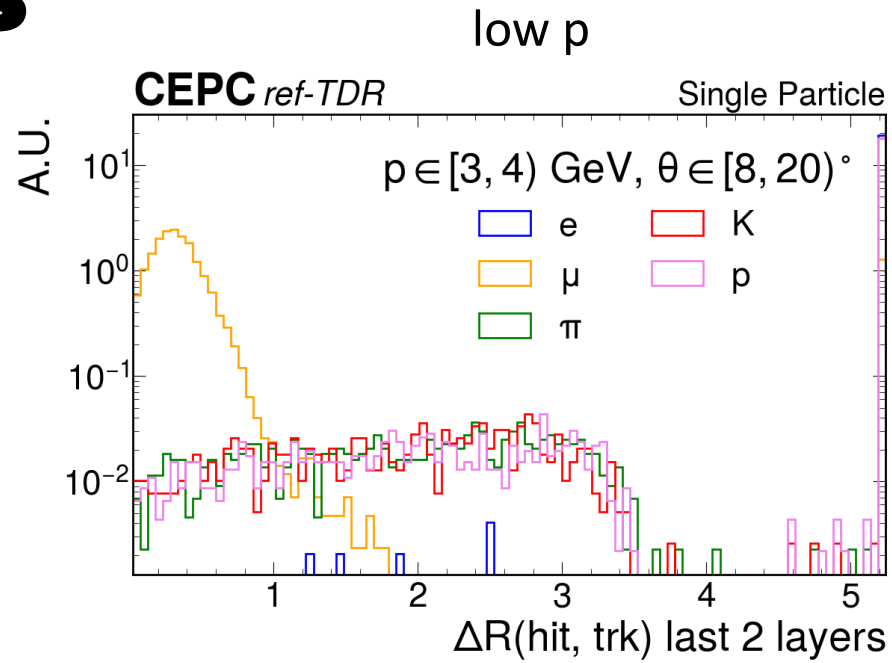
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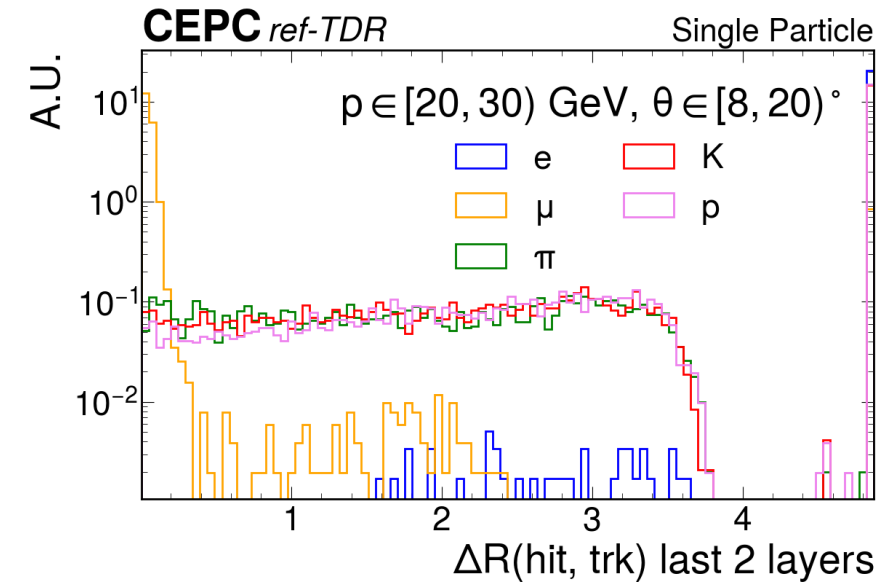
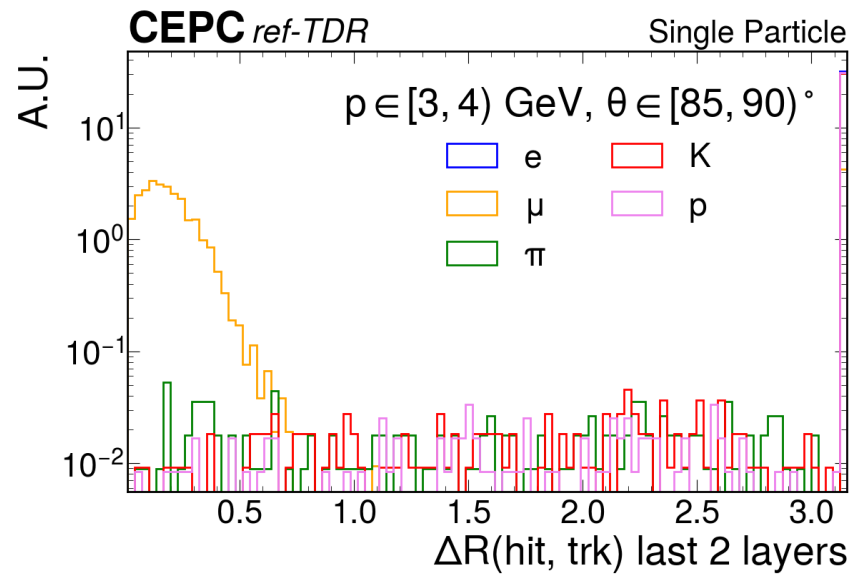
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Variables

min ΔR in the last two superlayers



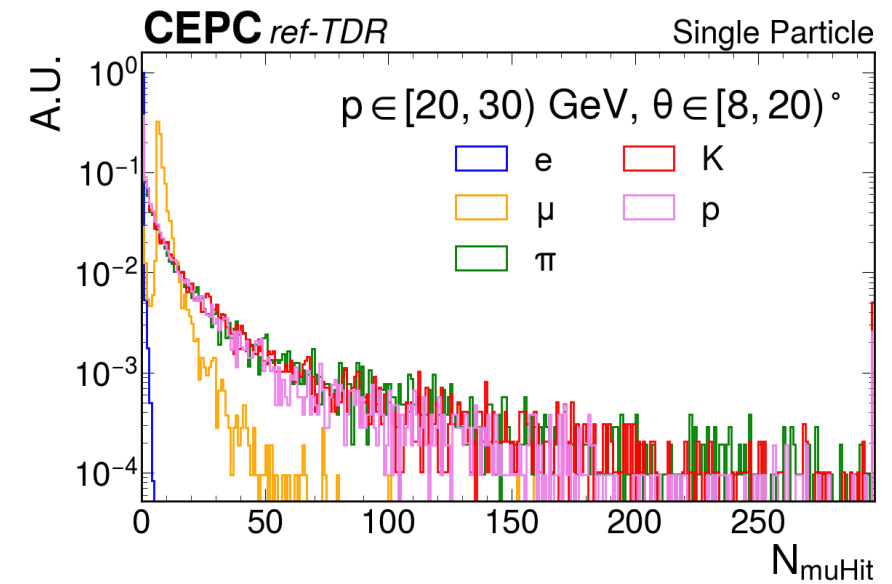
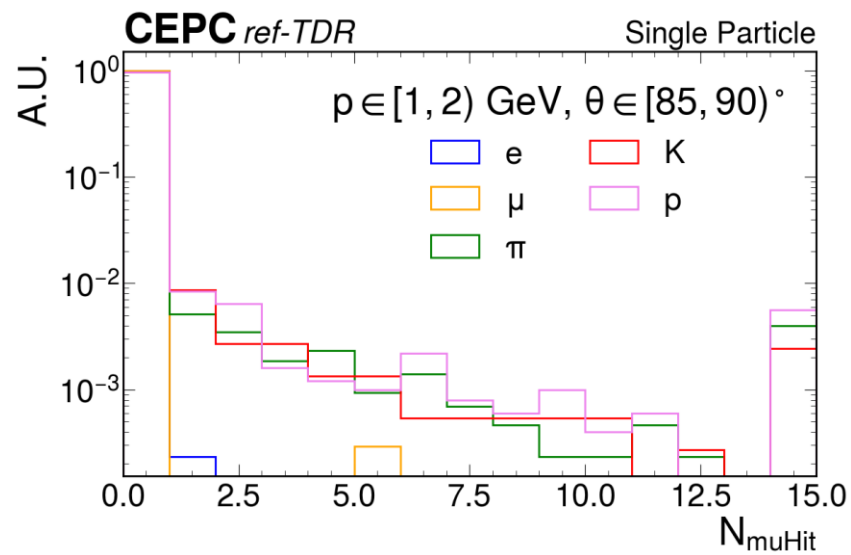
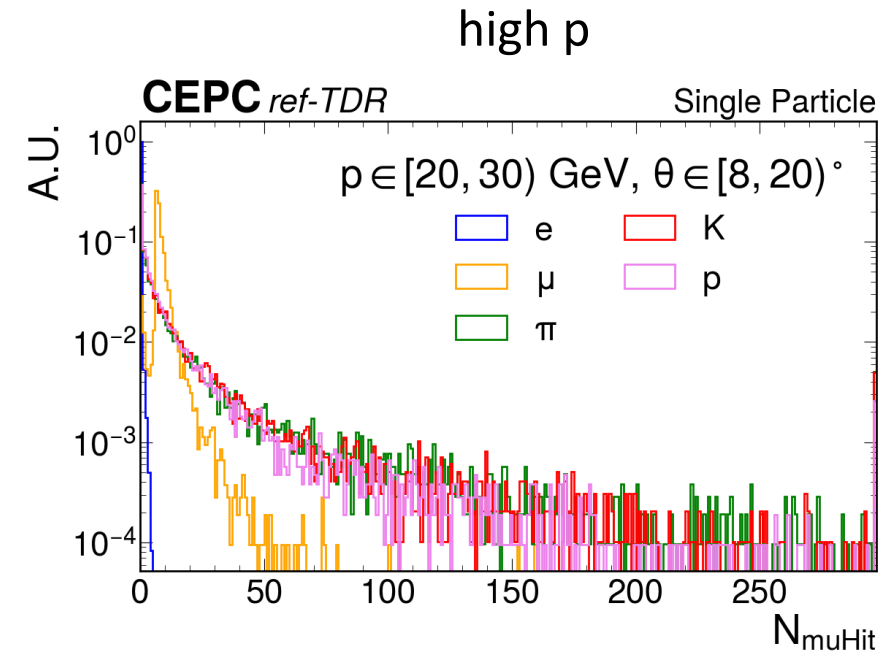
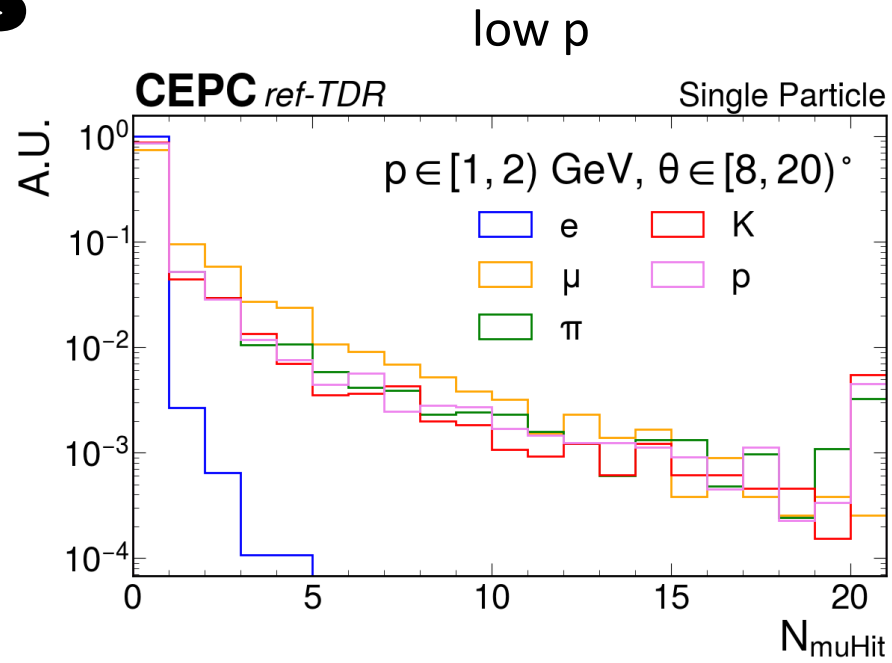
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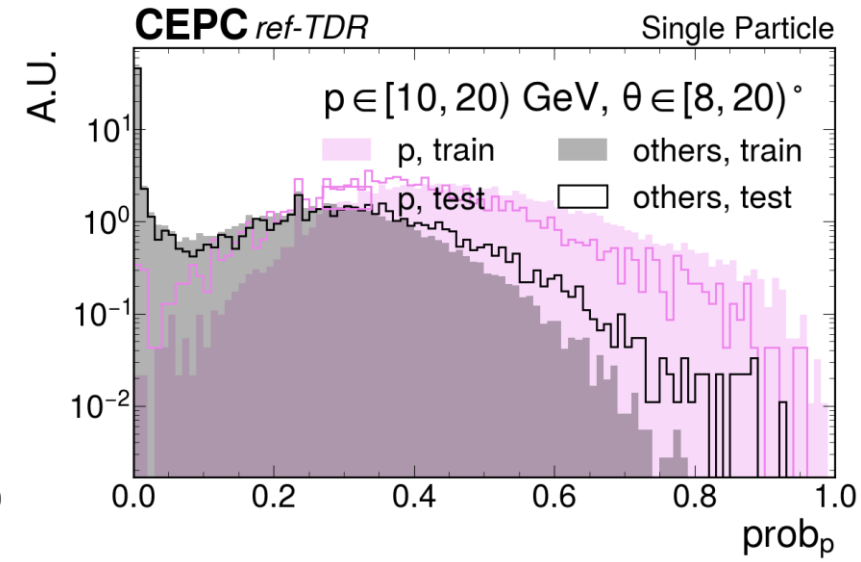
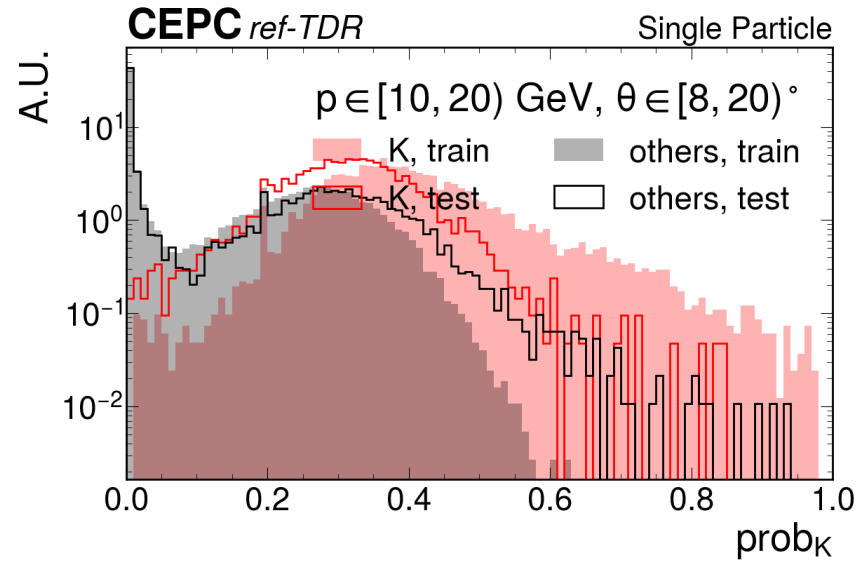
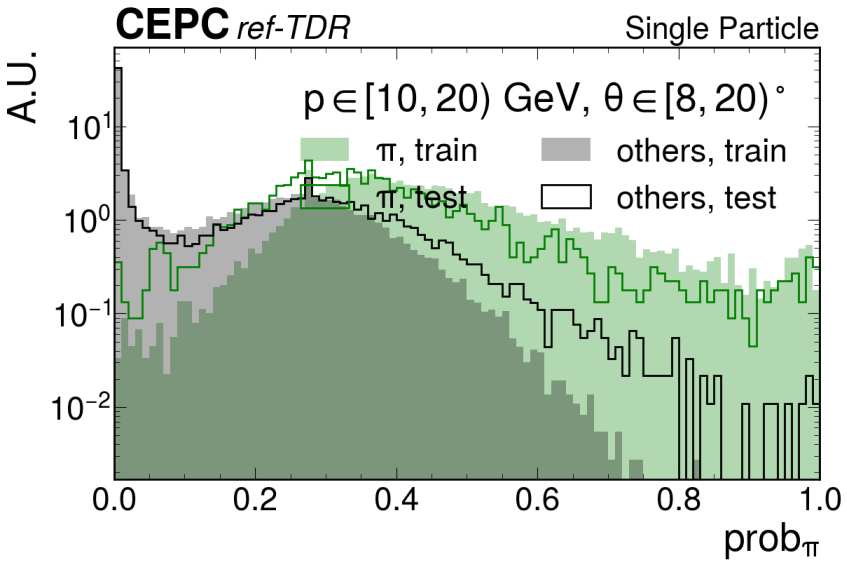
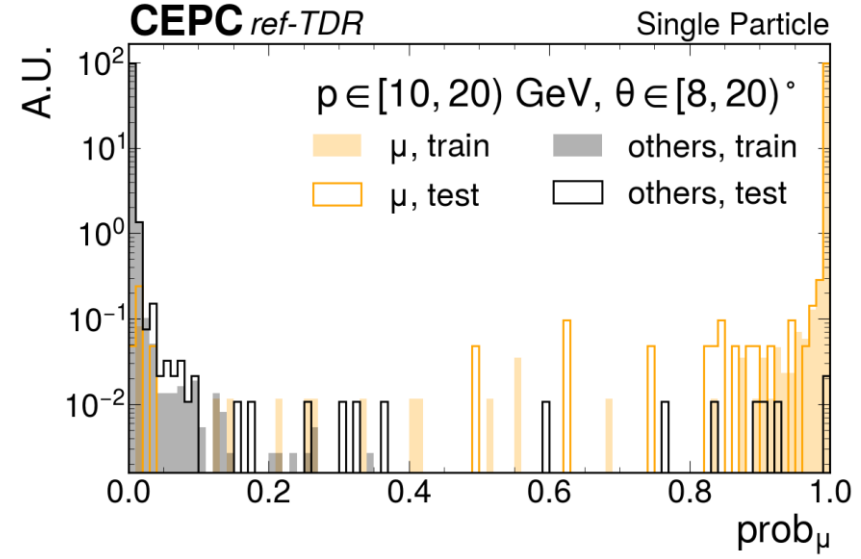
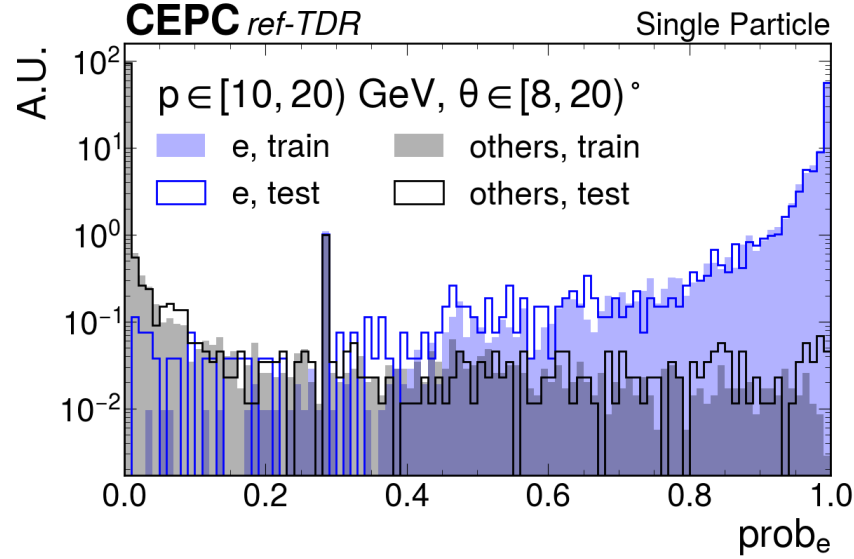
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Variables

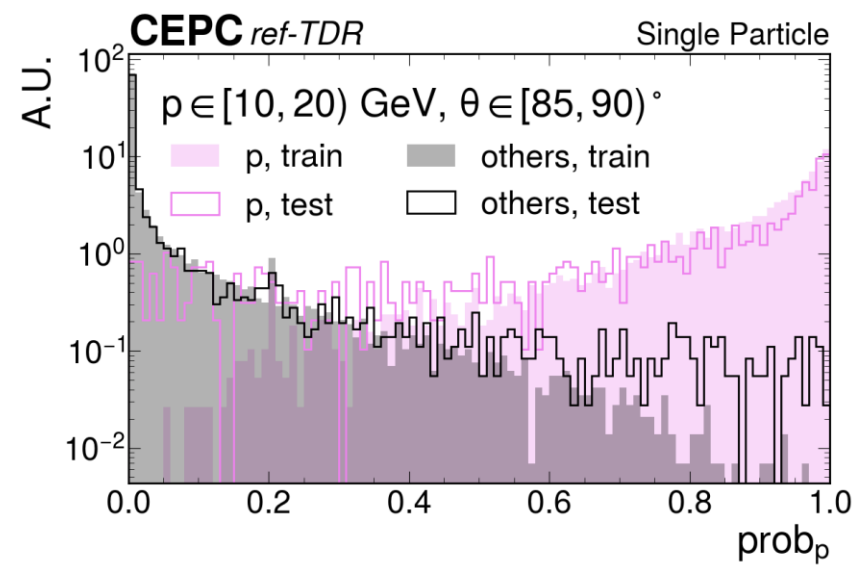
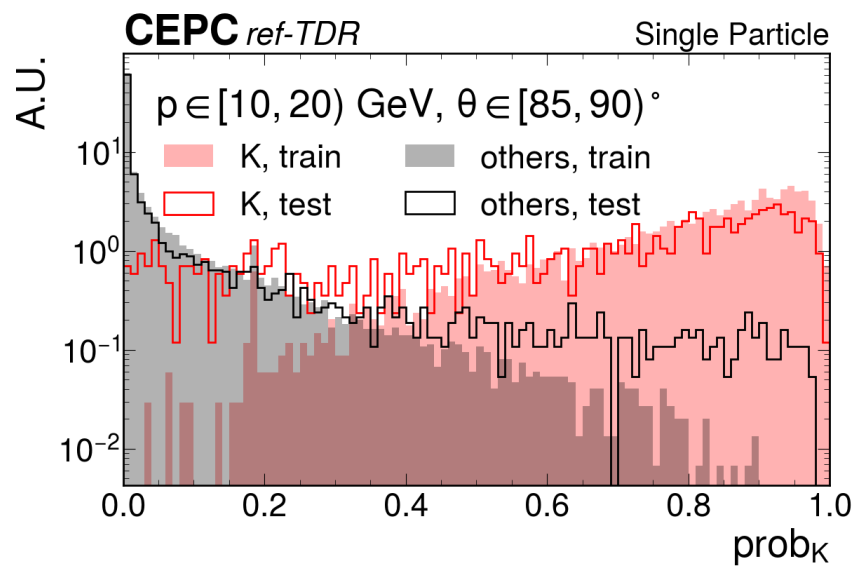
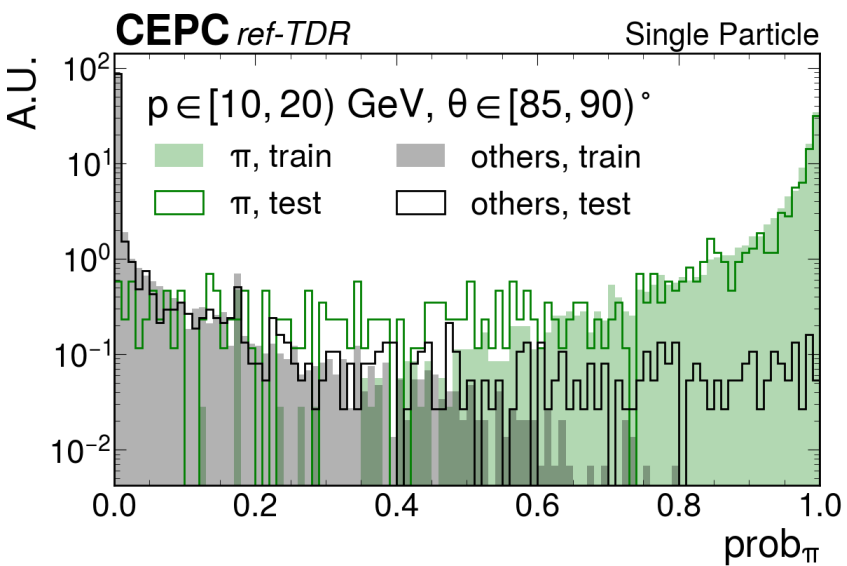
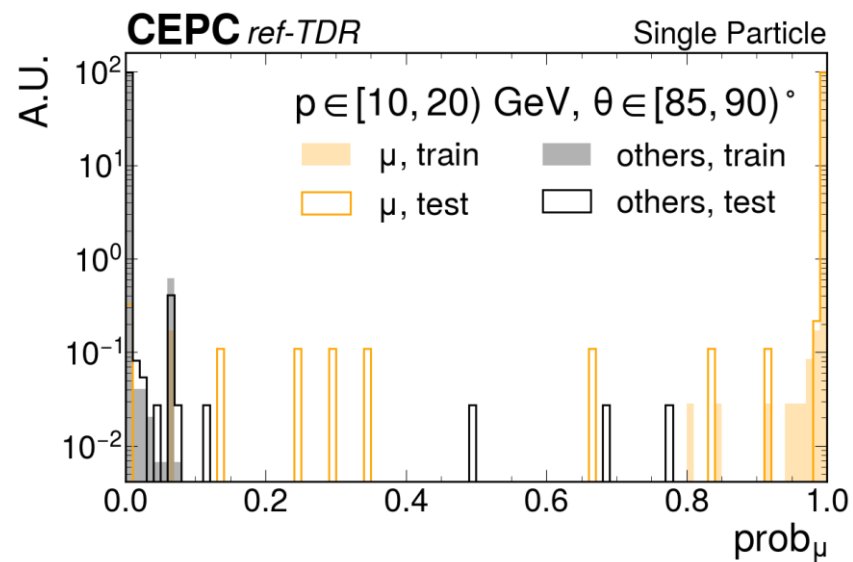
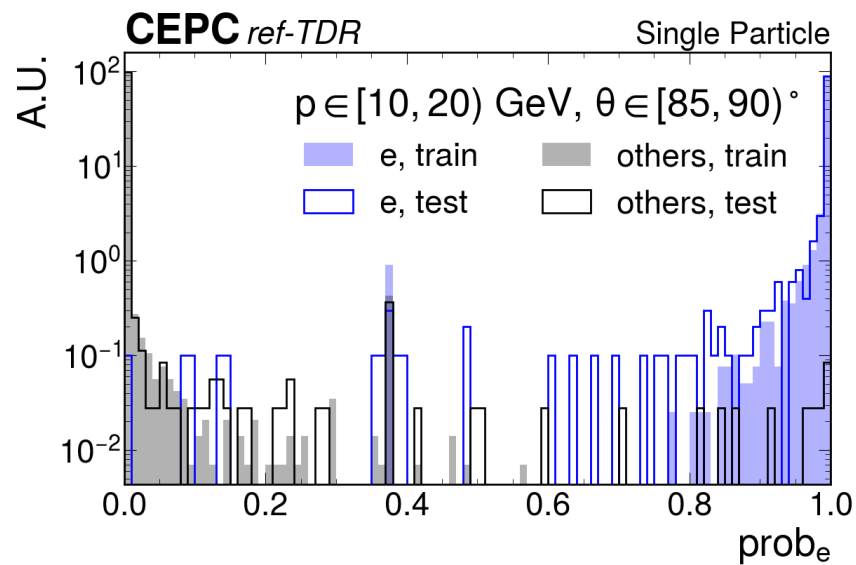
N_{muHit}



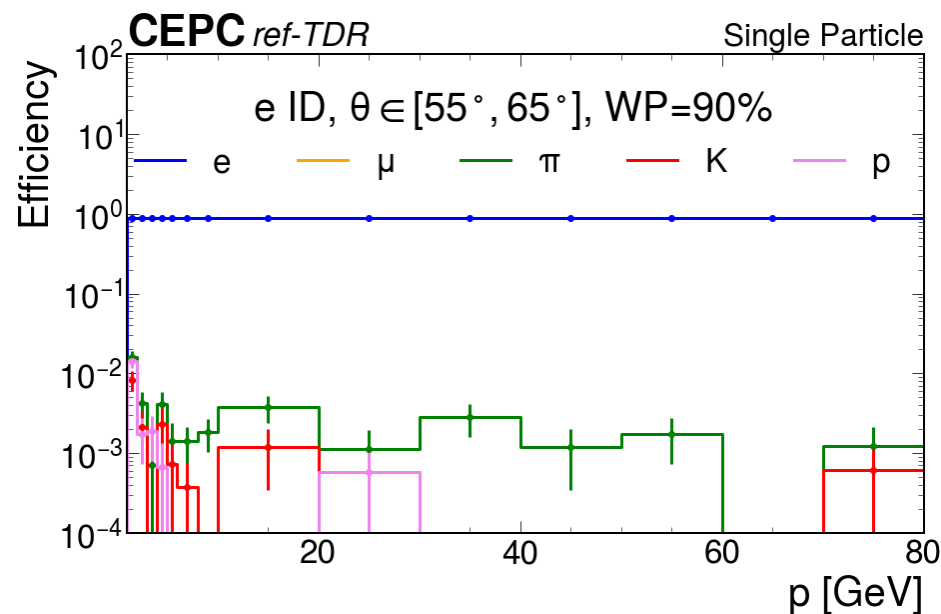
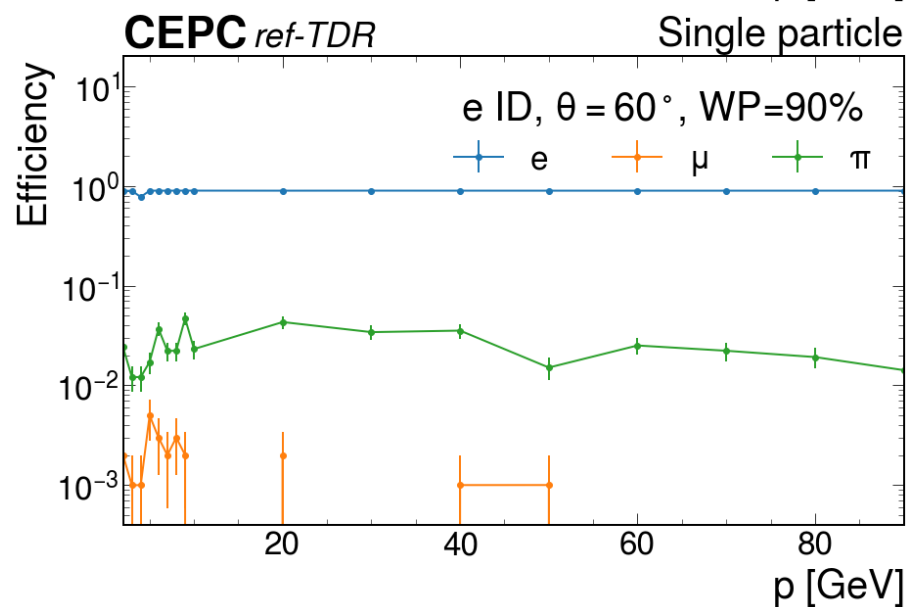
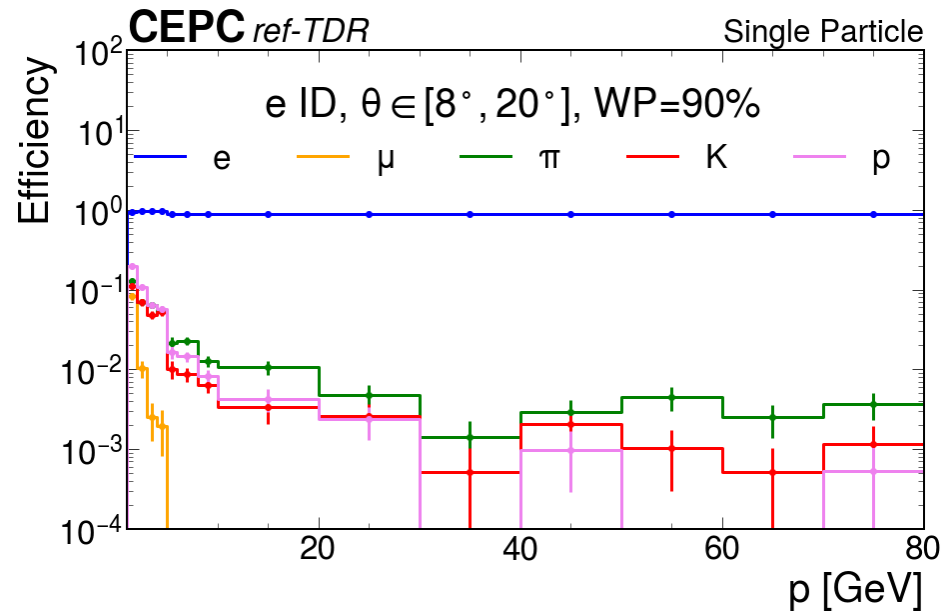
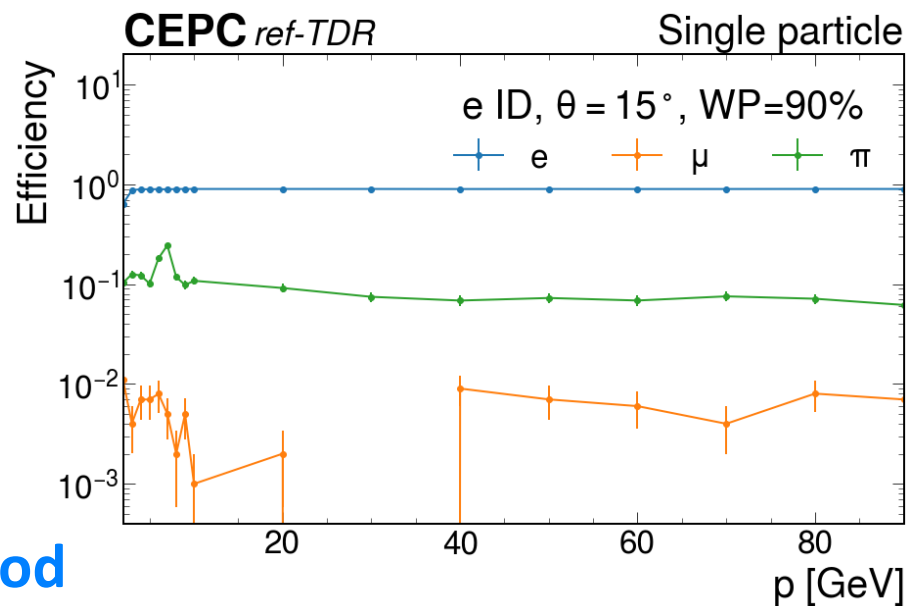
Train v.s. test



Train v.s. test



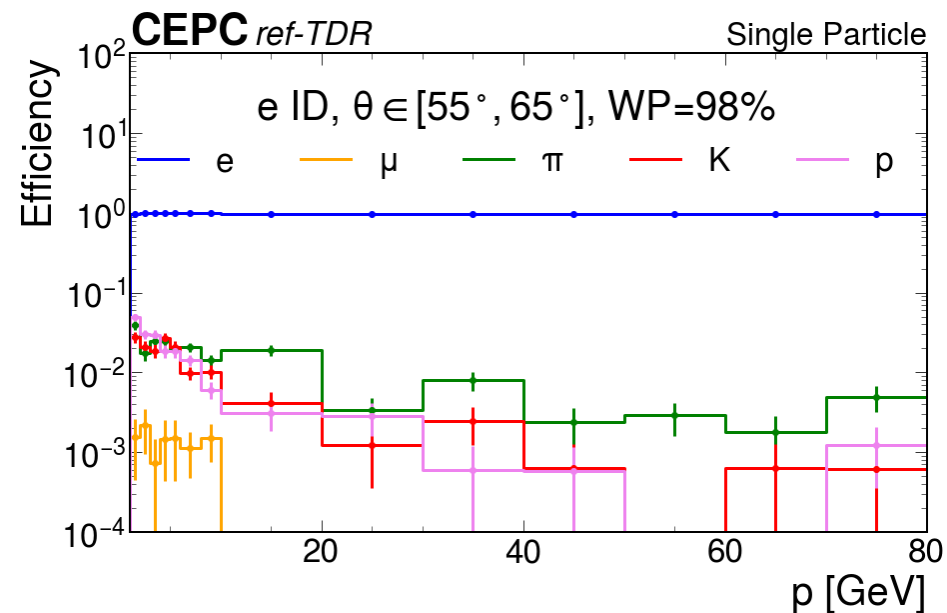
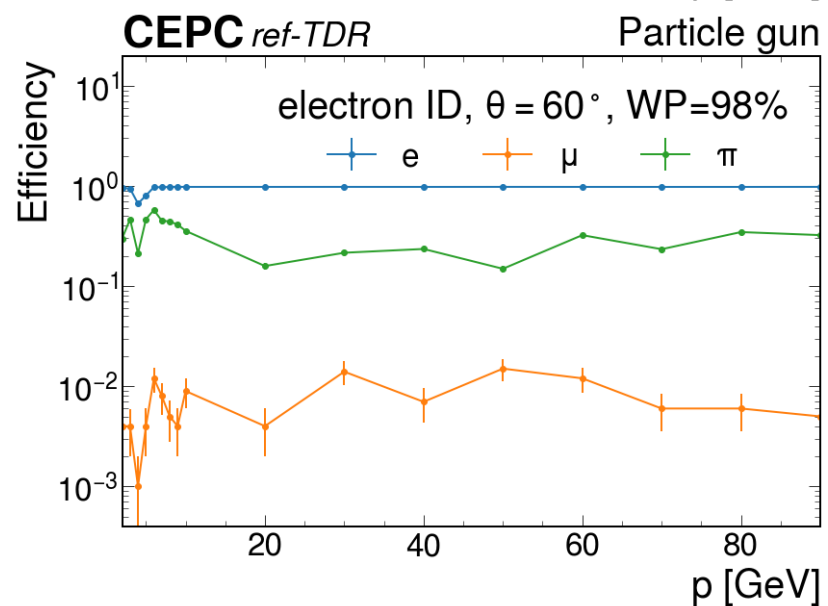
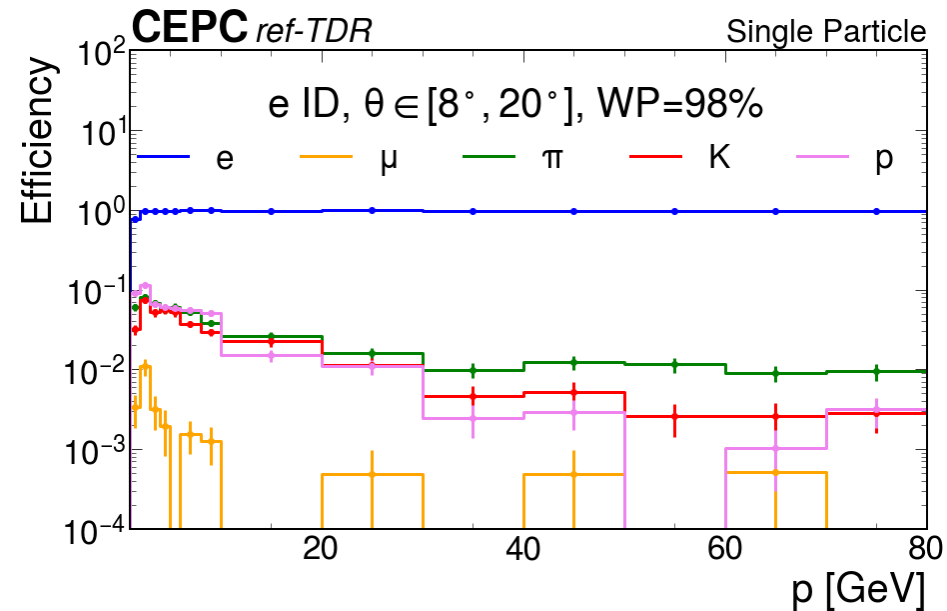
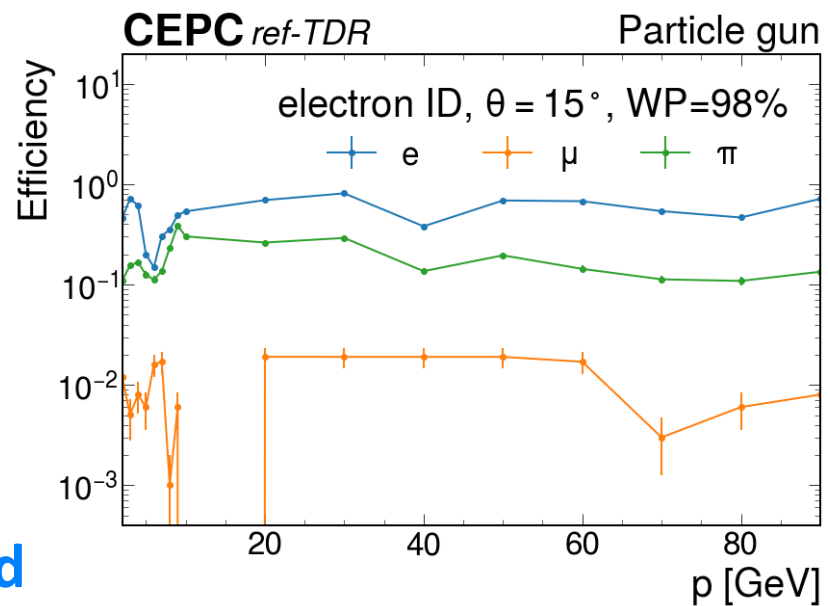
Efficiency: electron ID 90% WP



χ^2 method

XGBoost

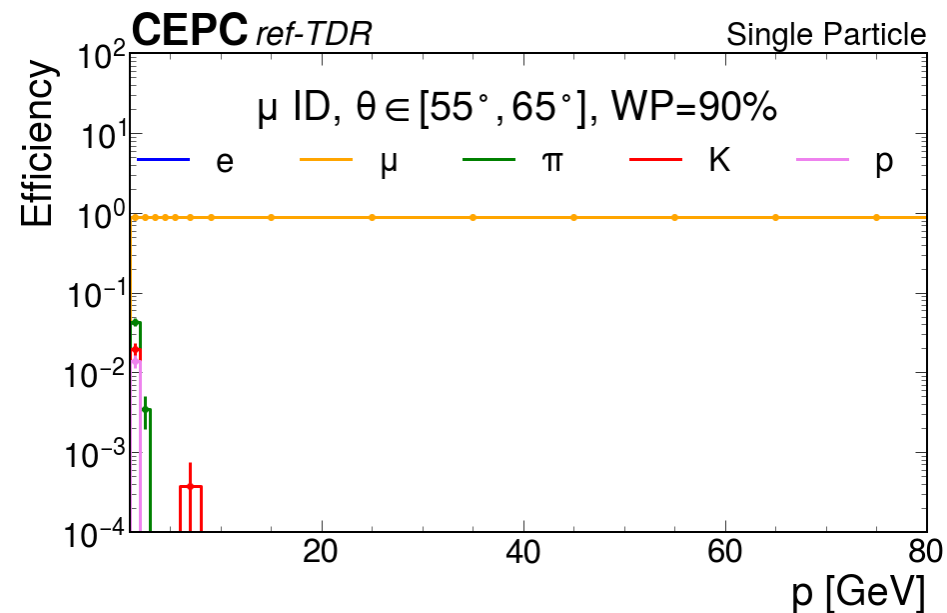
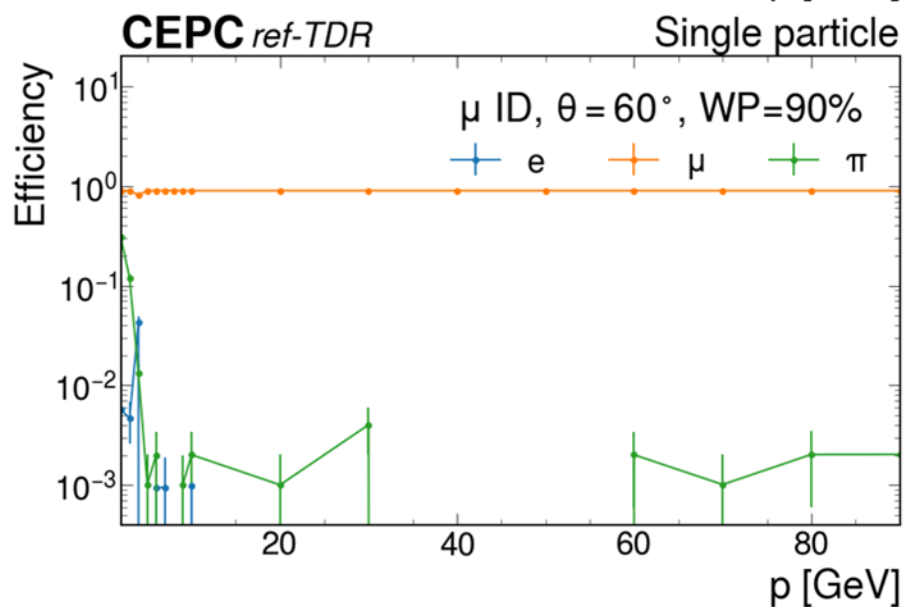
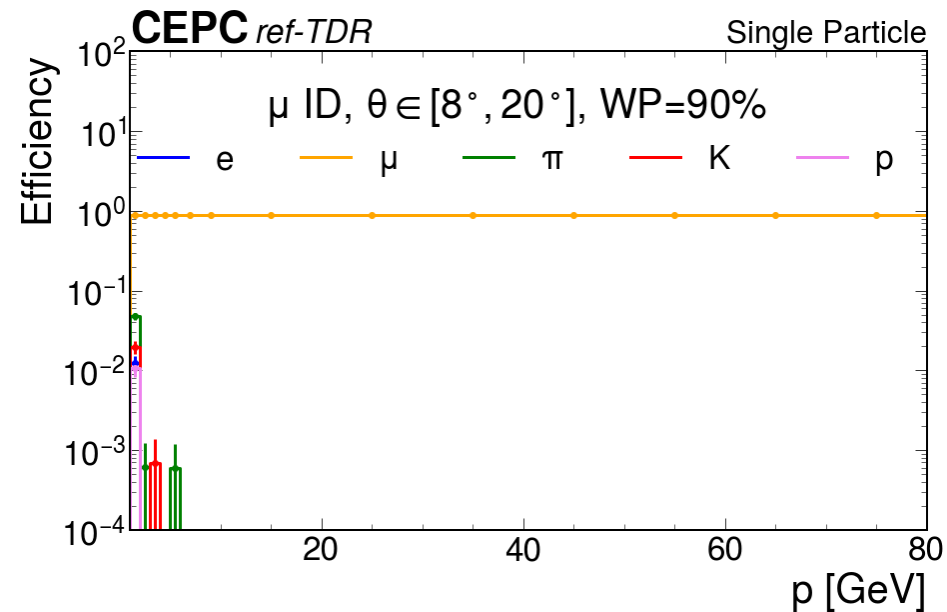
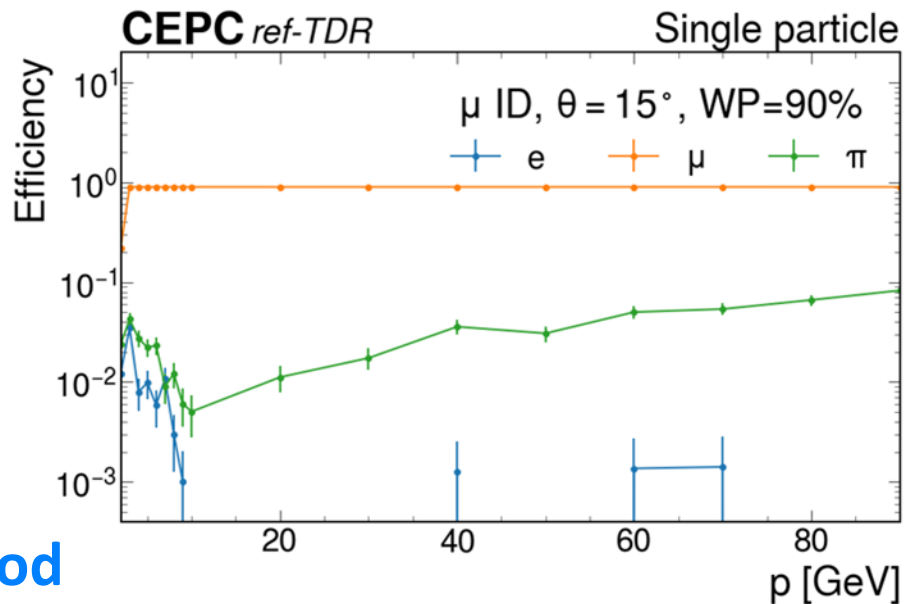
Efficiency: electron ID 98% WP



χ^2 method

XGBoost

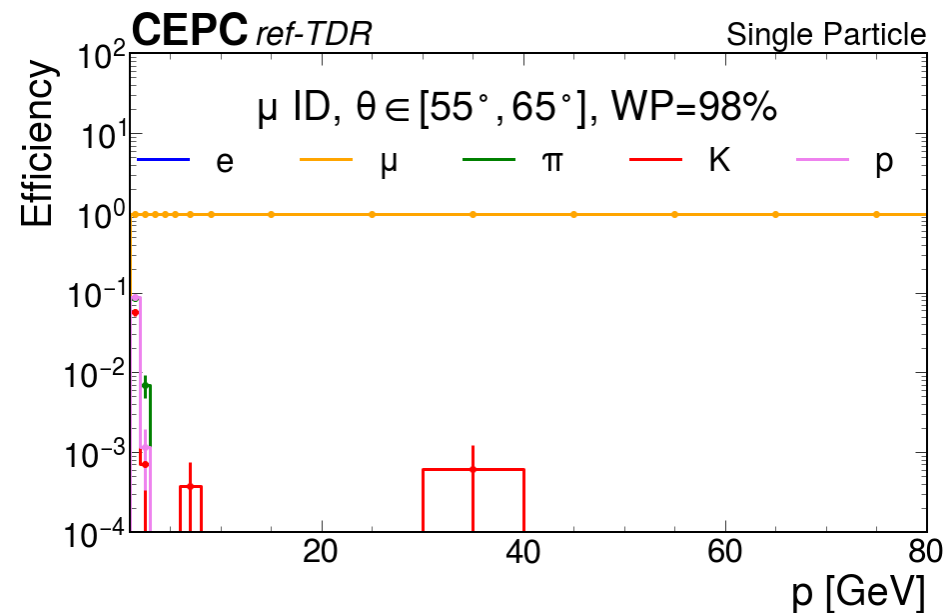
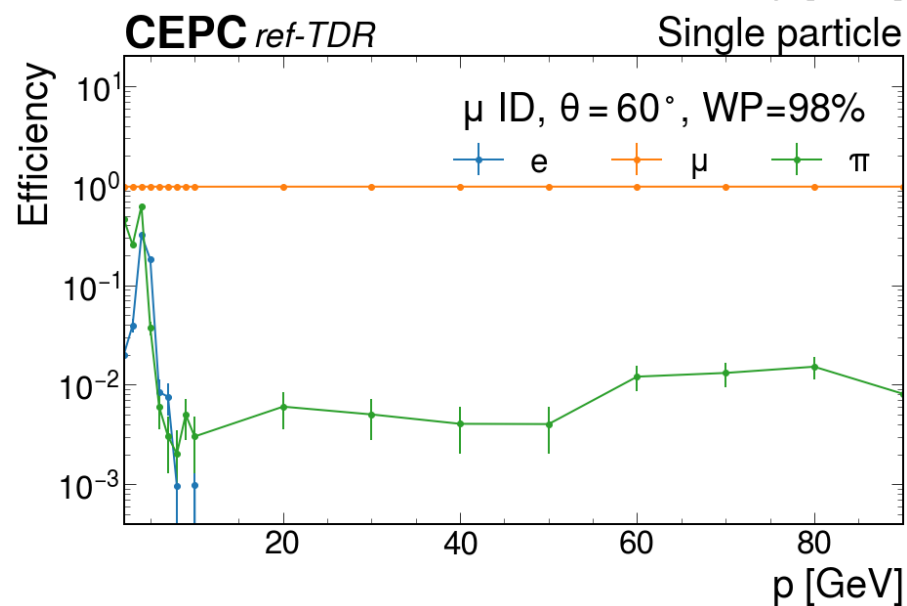
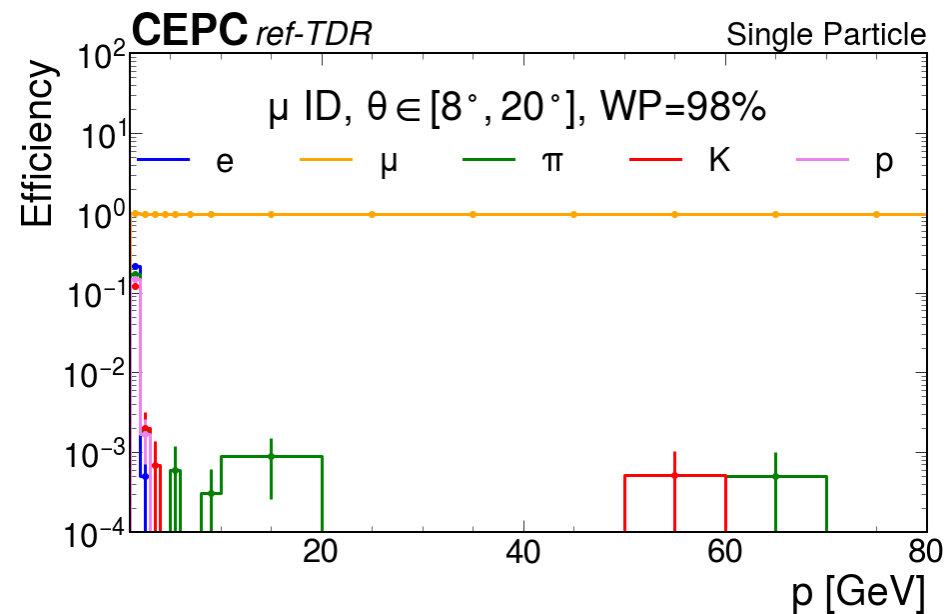
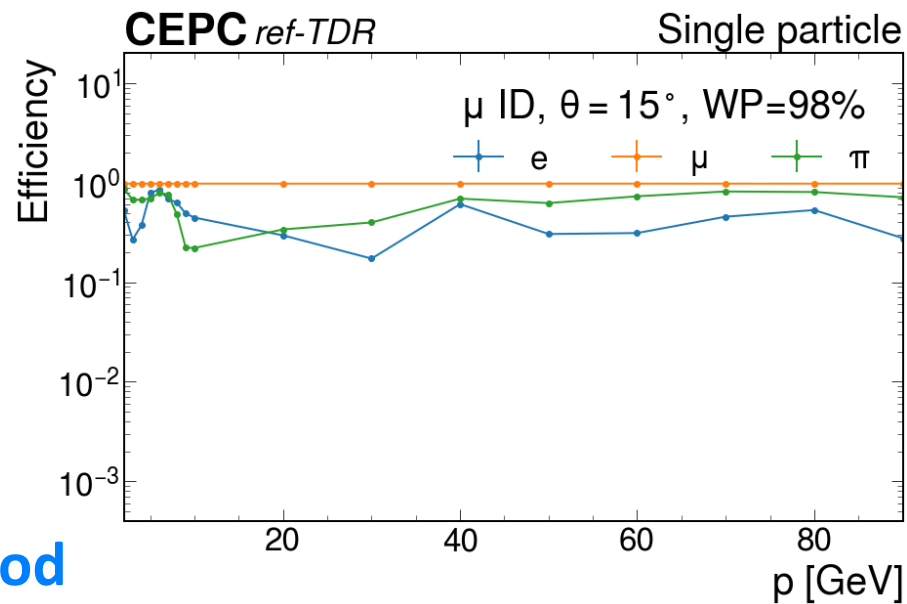
Efficiency: muon ID 90%



χ^2 method

XGBoost

Efficiency: muon ID 98%



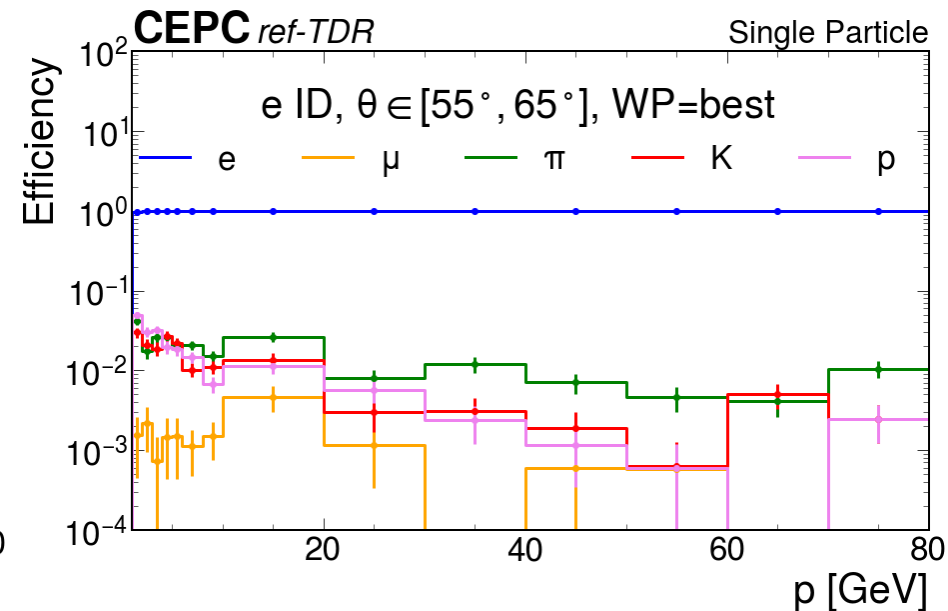
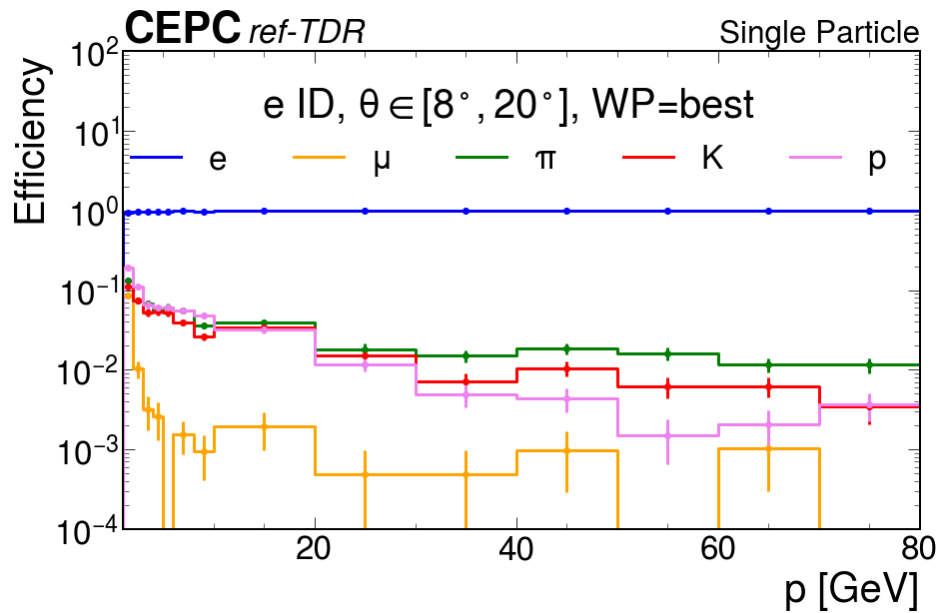
χ^2 method

XGBoost

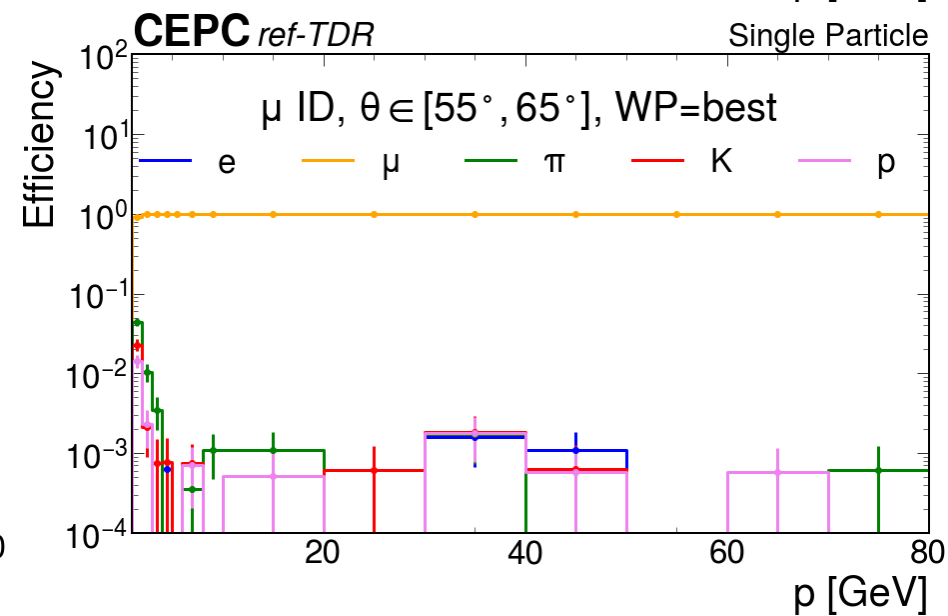
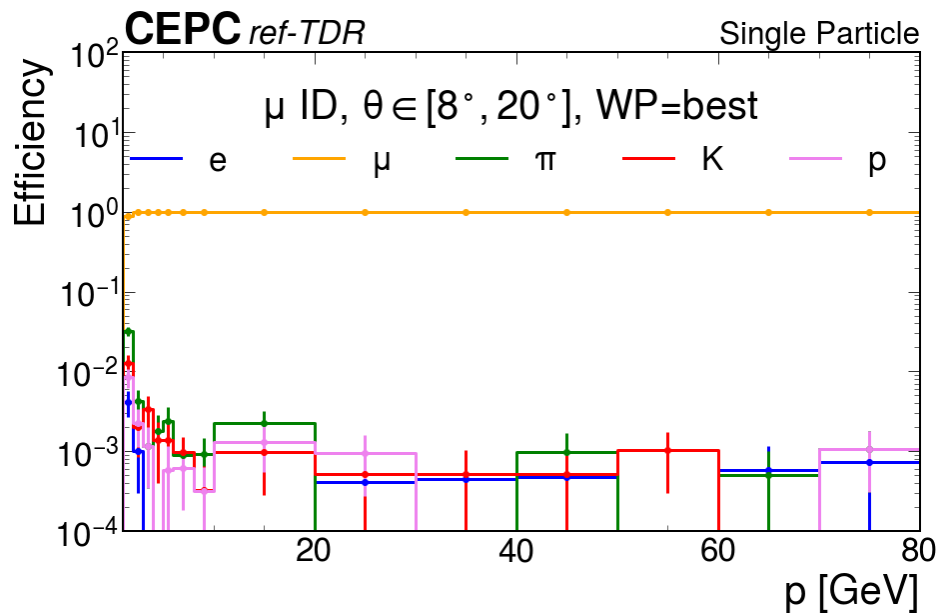
Efficiency: "best" WP

Decision not made on cuts on prob, but compare 5 probs to get the highest one.

electron ID



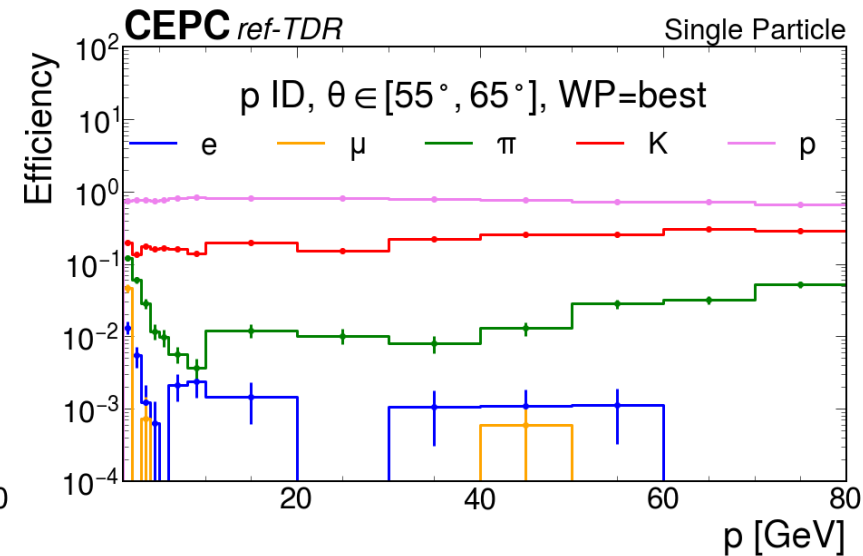
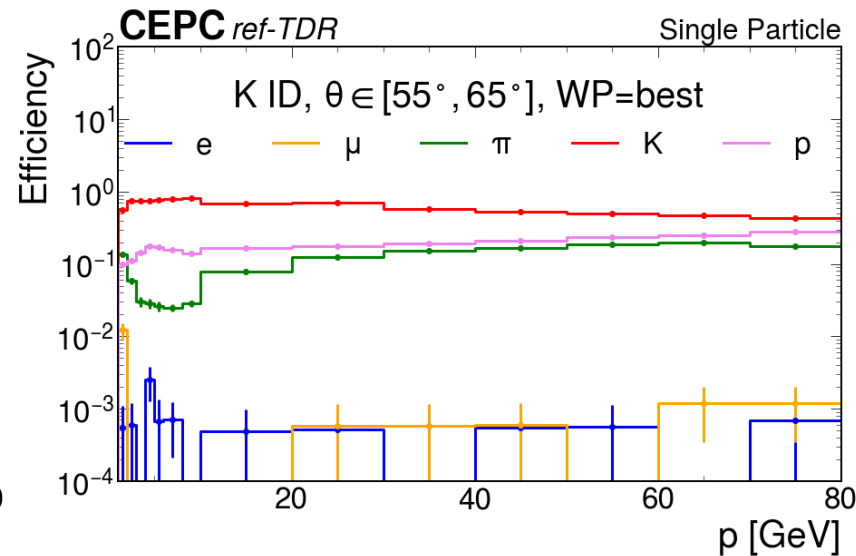
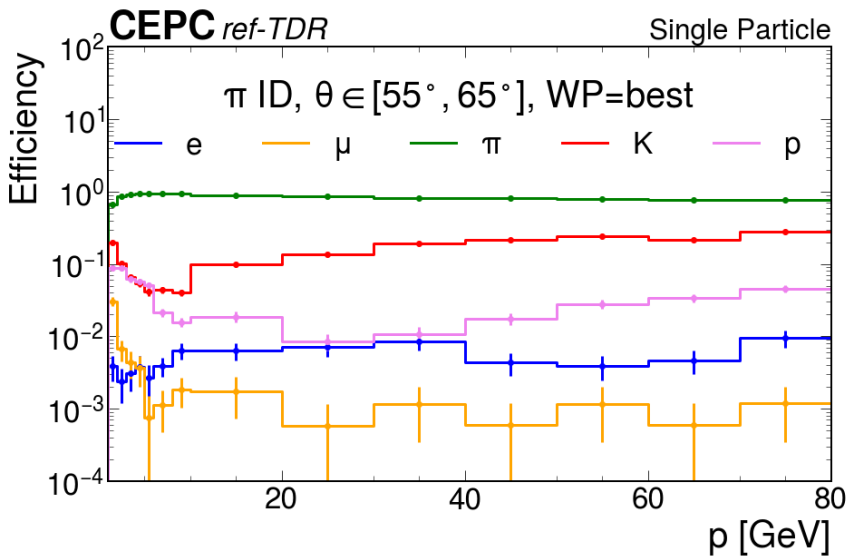
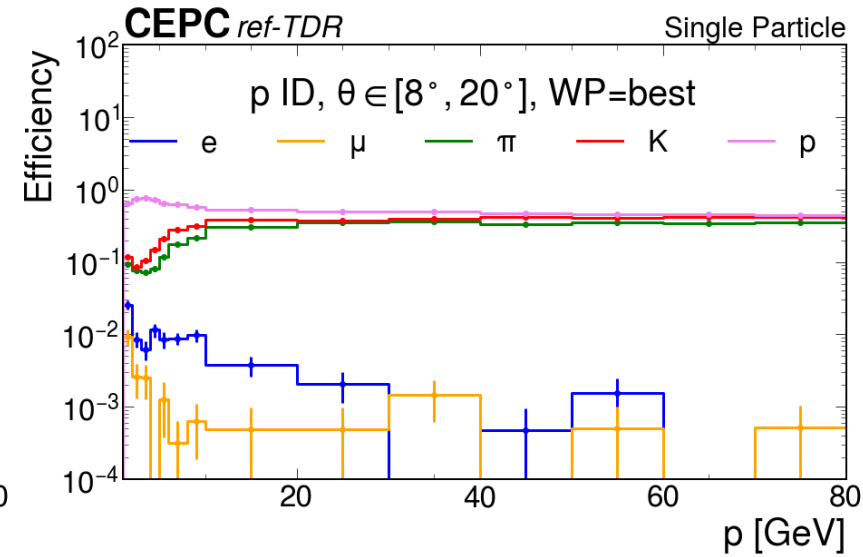
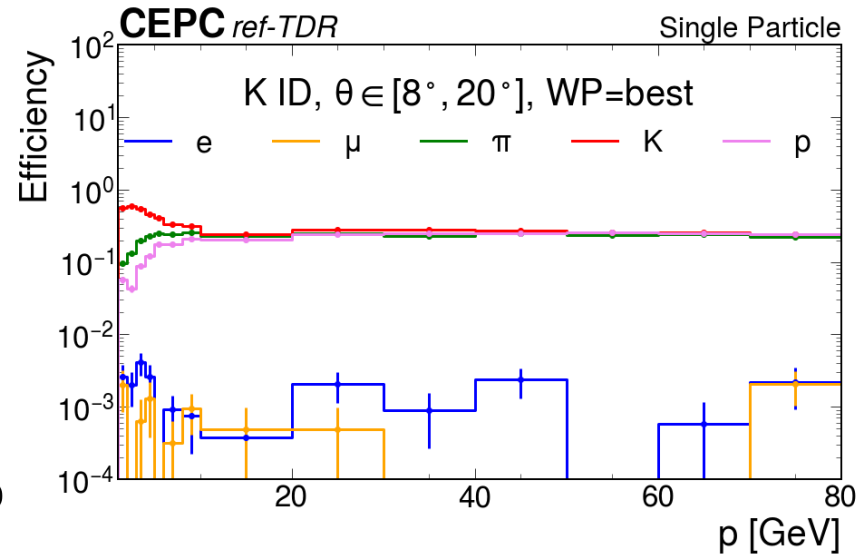
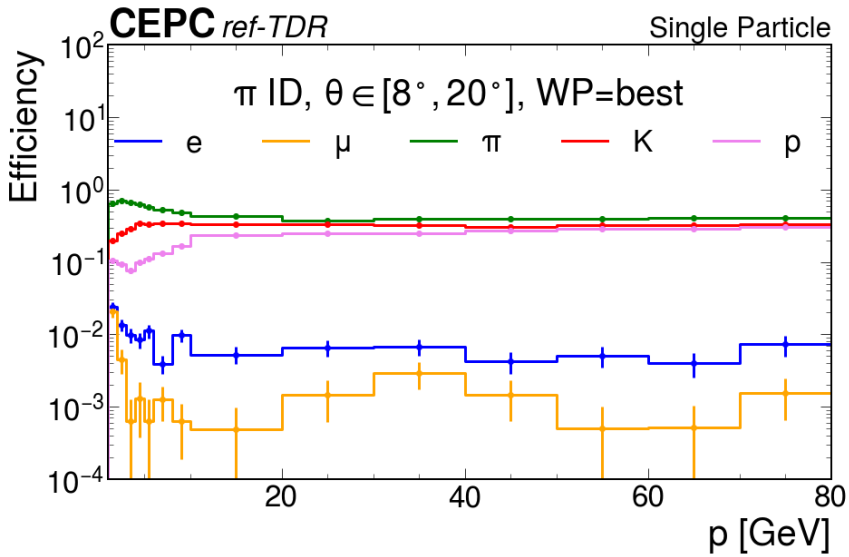
muon ID



Reasons of improvements

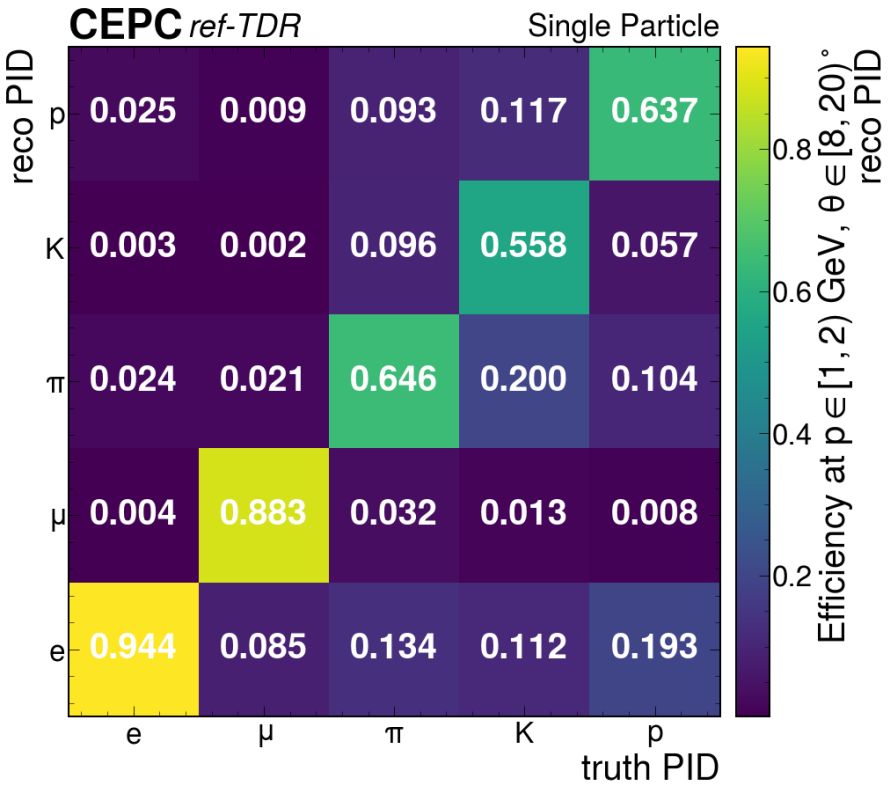
- More variables used
- Separate particle gun samples
- Better considerations of the shape of each variable than a simple χ^2
- Better consideration of correlations among different variables

Efficiency: charged hadron ID

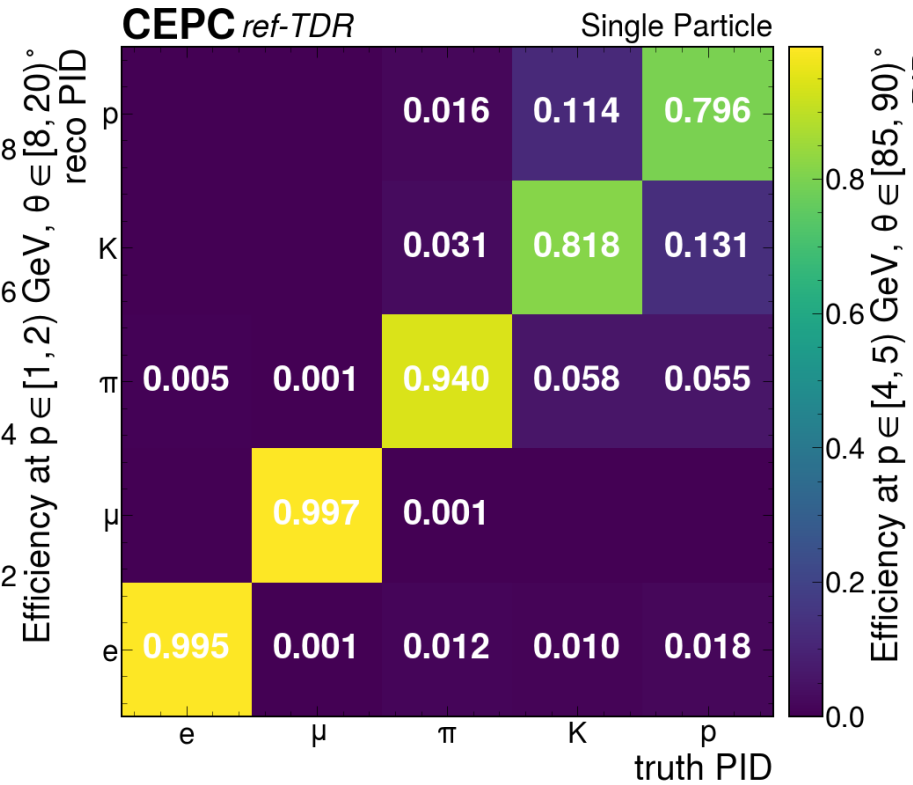


Confusion matrix

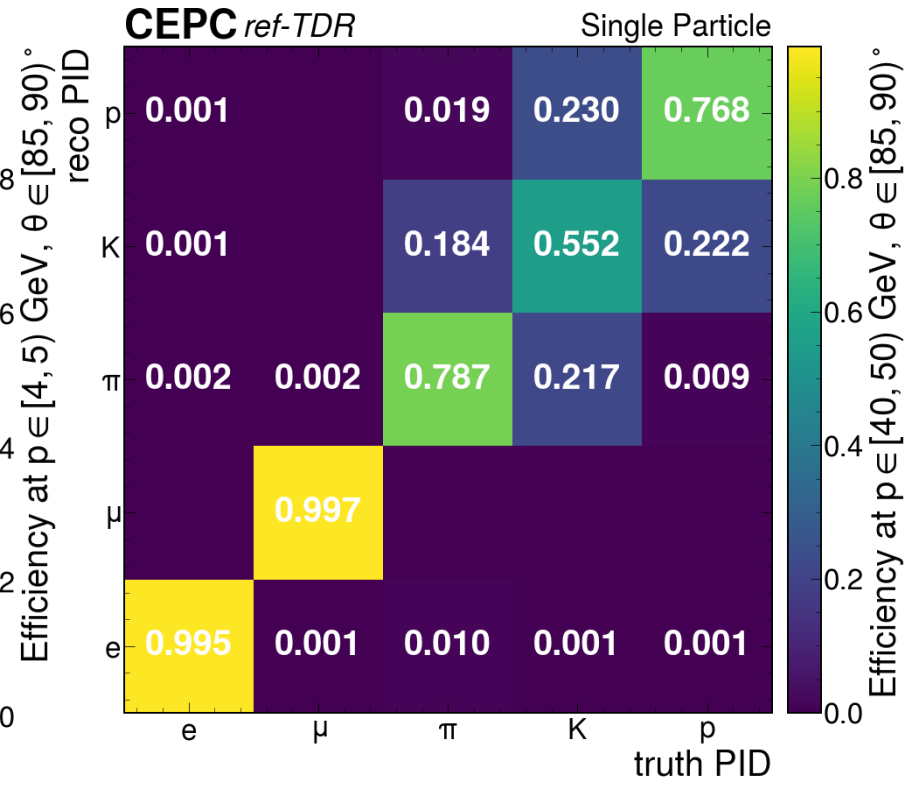
$p \in [1, 2) \text{ GeV}$
 $\theta \in [8, 20)^\circ$



$p \in [4, 5) \text{ GeV}$
 $\theta \in [85, 90)^\circ$



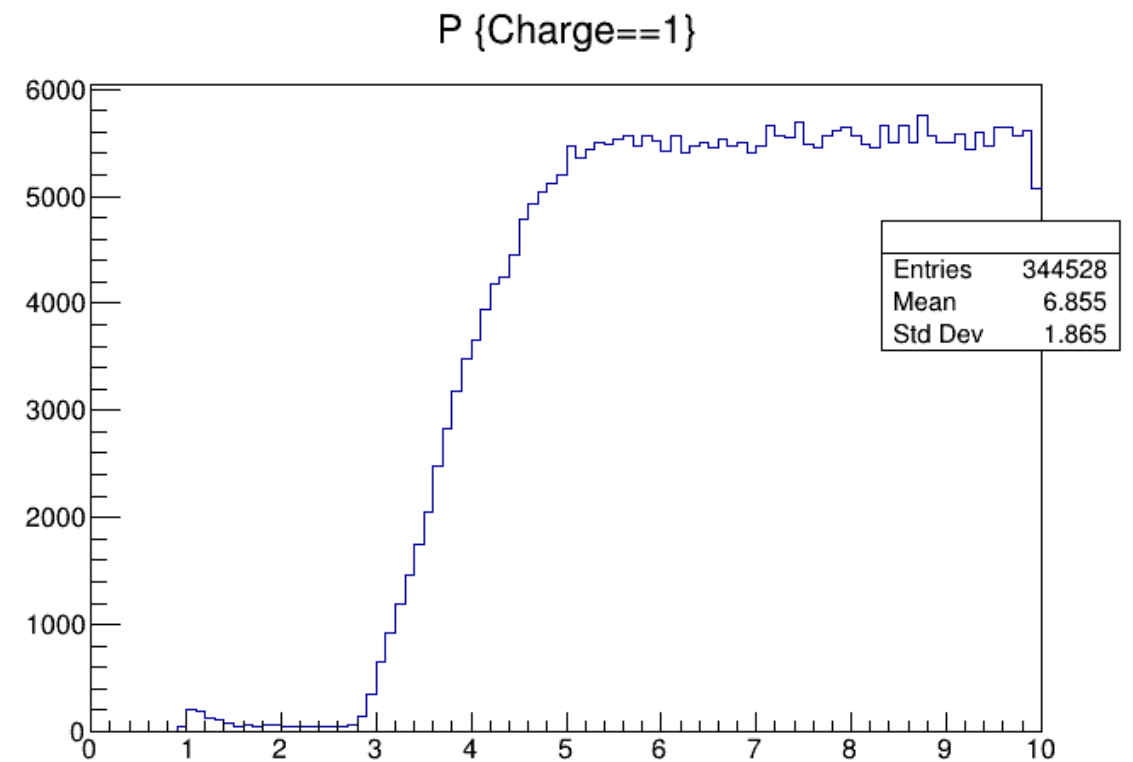
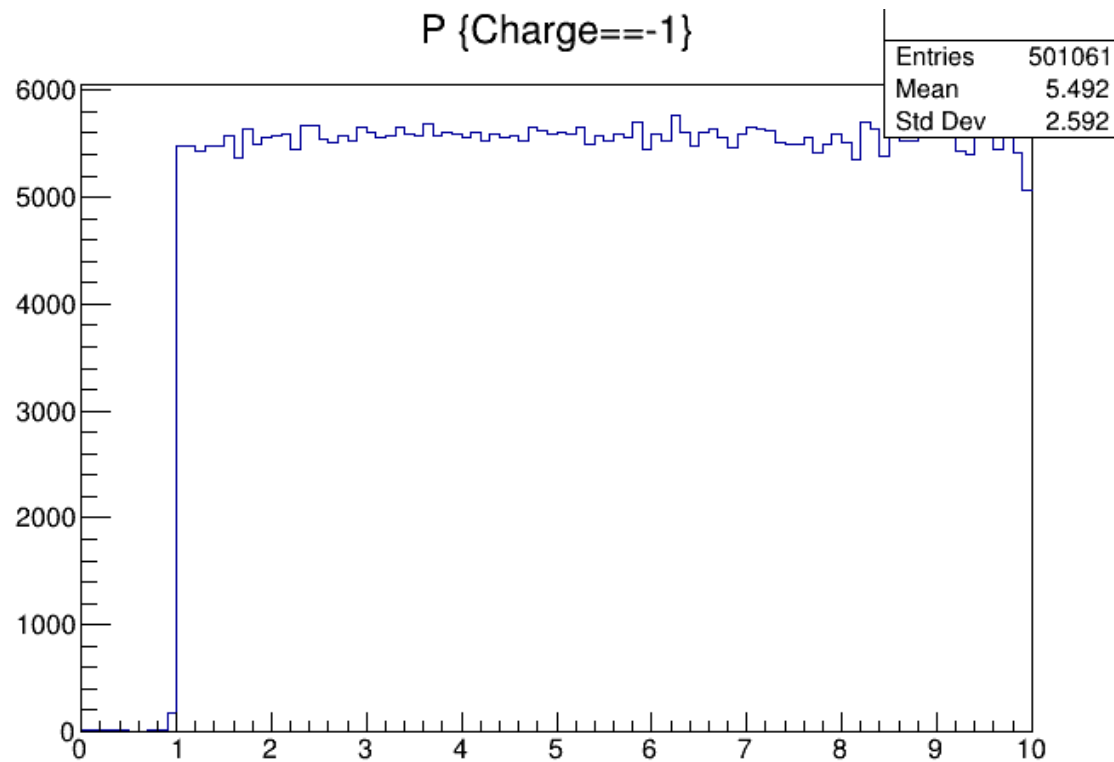
$p \in [40, 50) \text{ GeV}$
 $\theta \in [85, 90)^\circ$



Do we need to consider different charges?

Something weird with muons

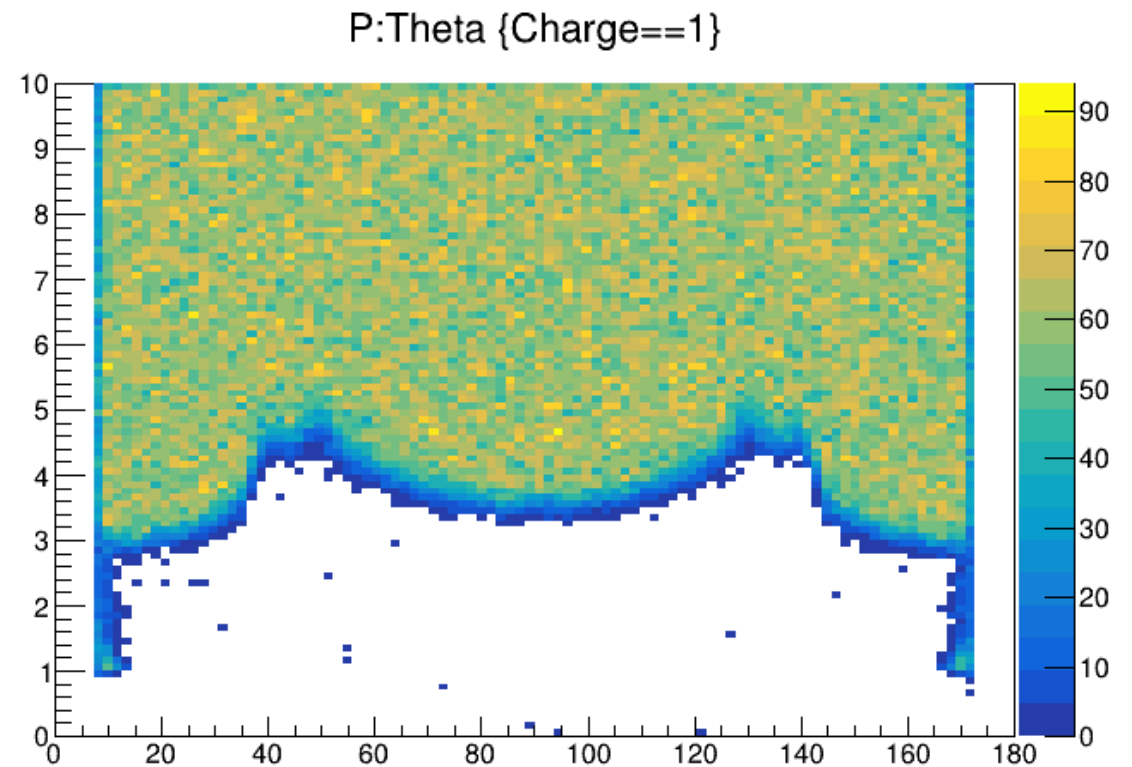
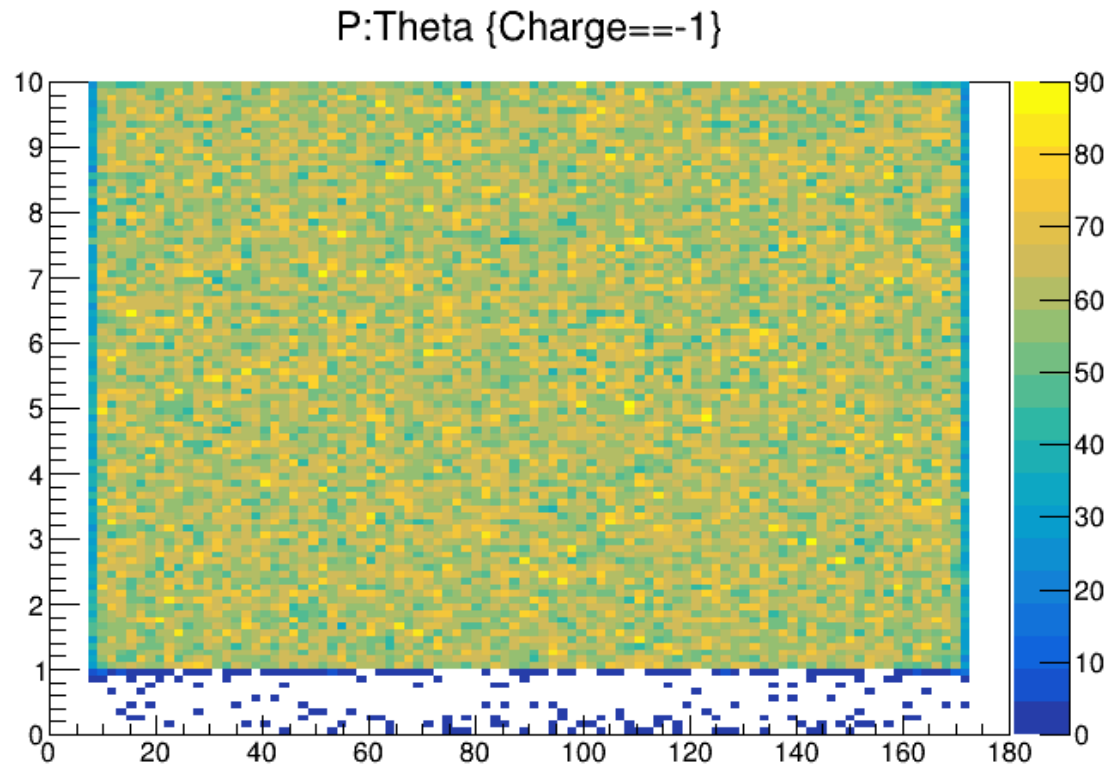
- Reconstruction efficiency drops at $p < 5$ GeV



Do we need to consider different charges?

Something weird with muons

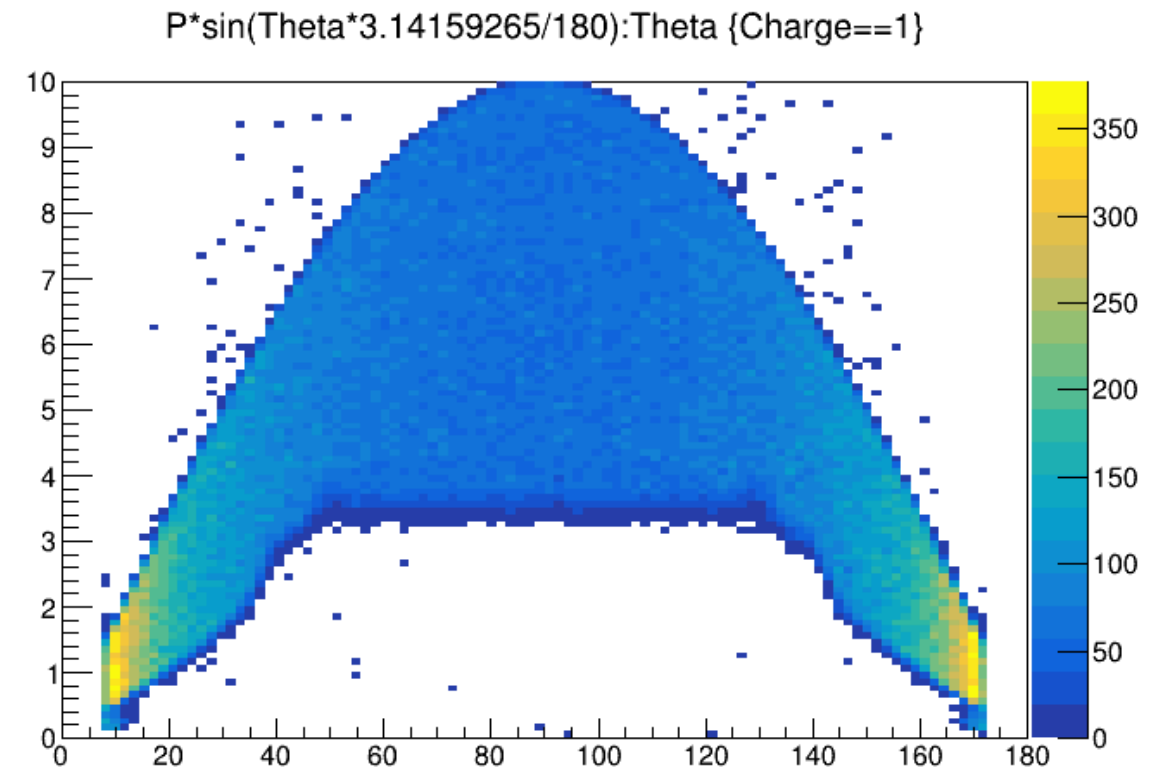
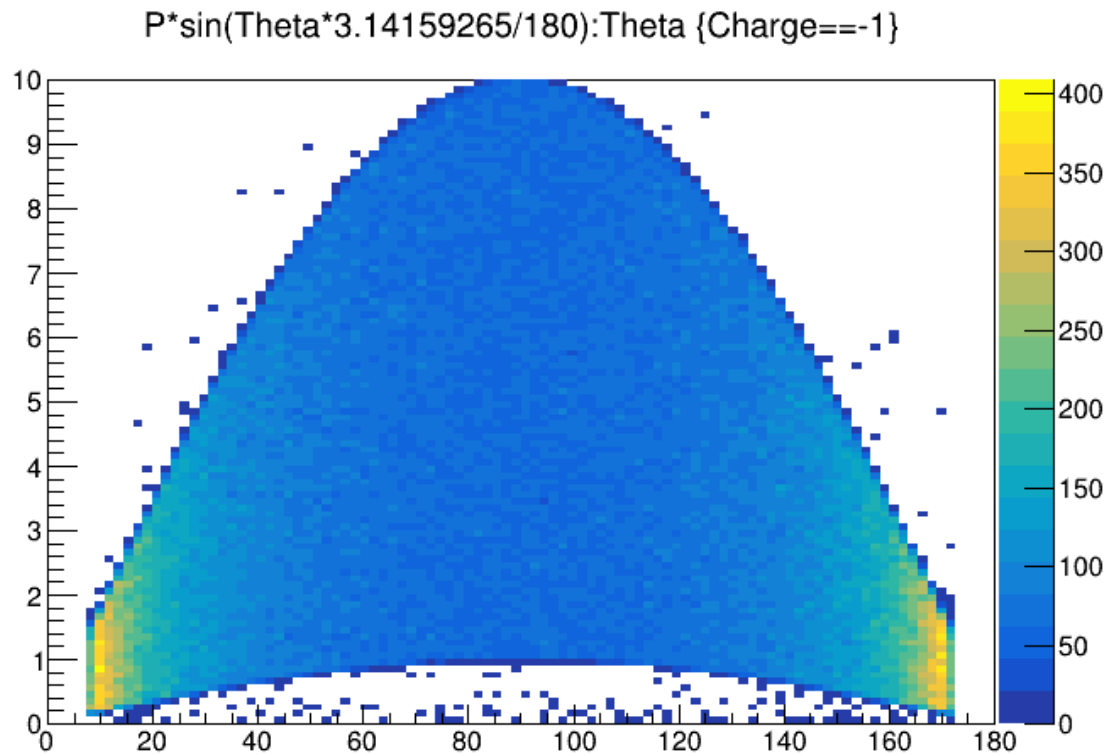
- Reconstruction efficiency drops at $p < 5$ GeV
- Mostly around barrel regions



Do we need to consider different charges?

Something weird with muons

- Reconstruction efficiency drops at $p < 5$ GeV
- Mostly around barrel regions

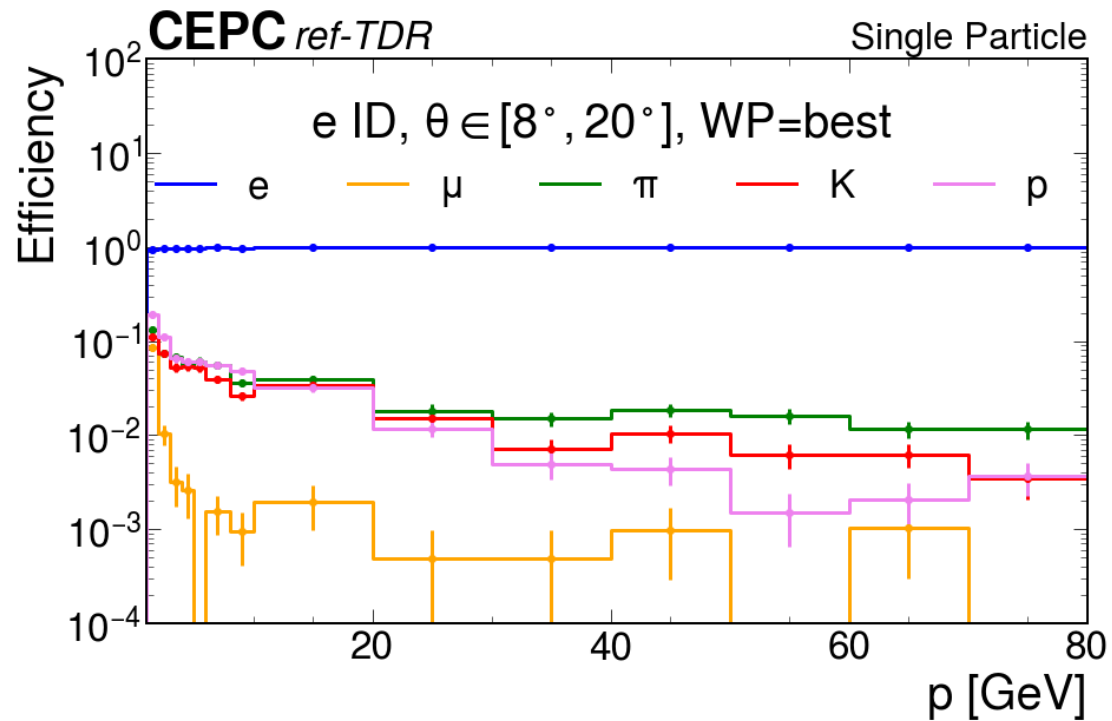


Do we need to consider different charges?

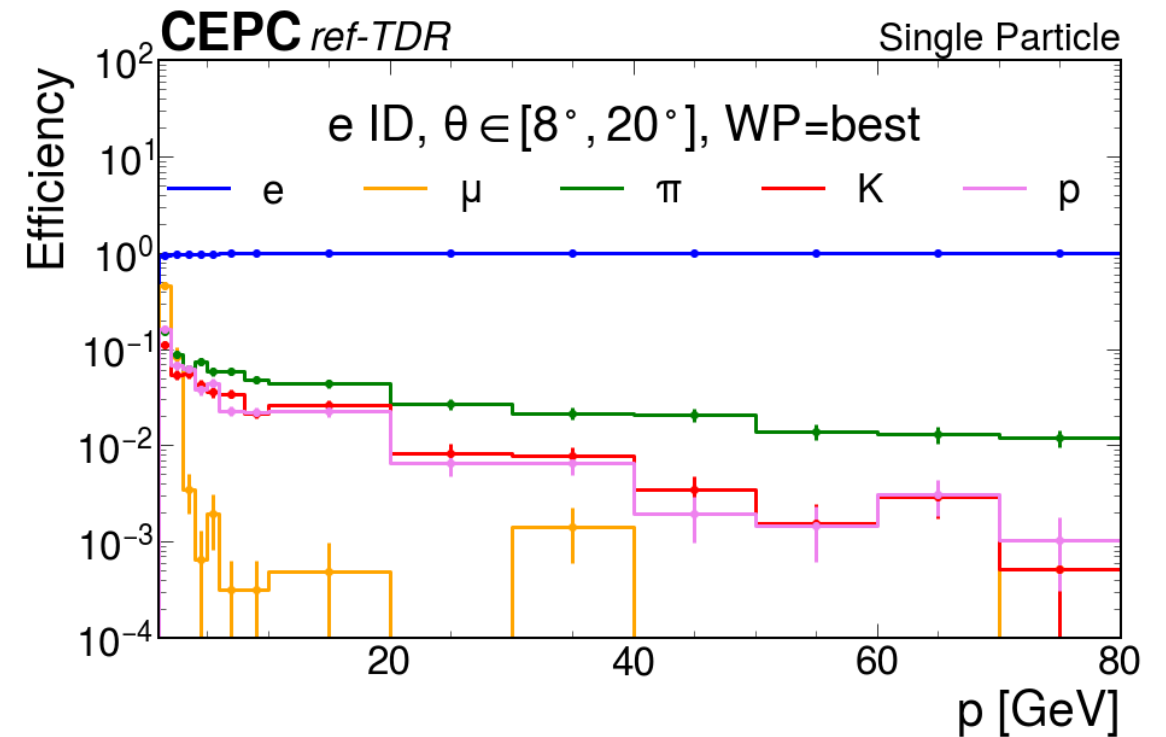
Results shown so far are with negative charges

- Results with positive charges are also produced.

Negative



Positive

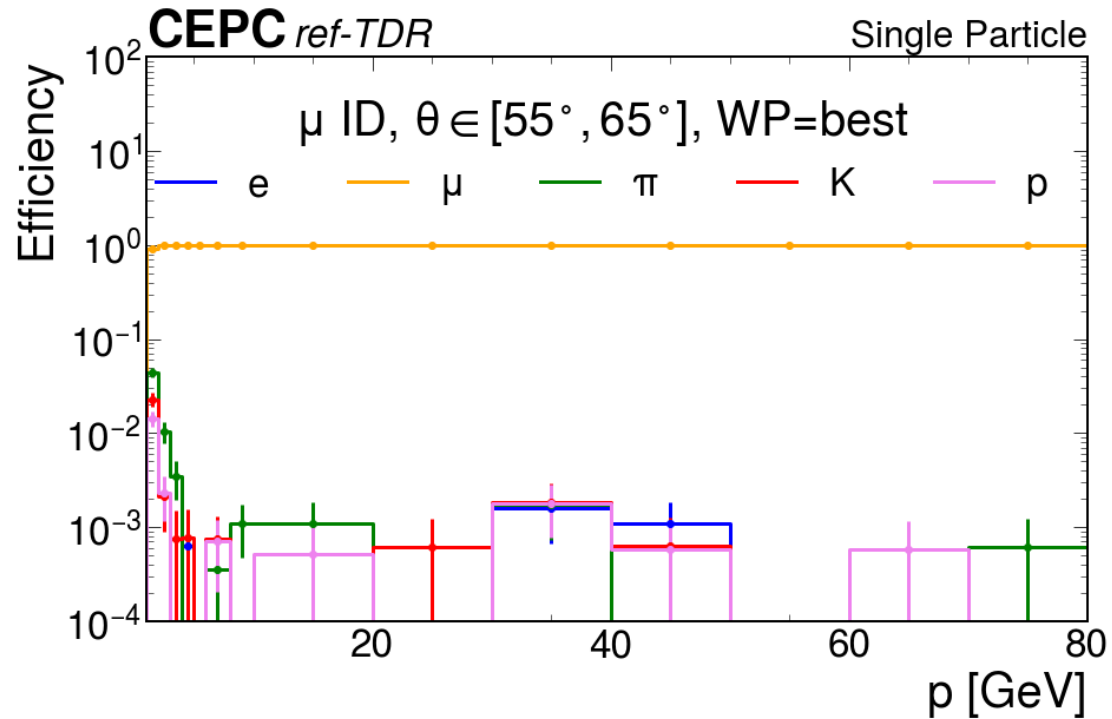


Do we need to consider different charges?

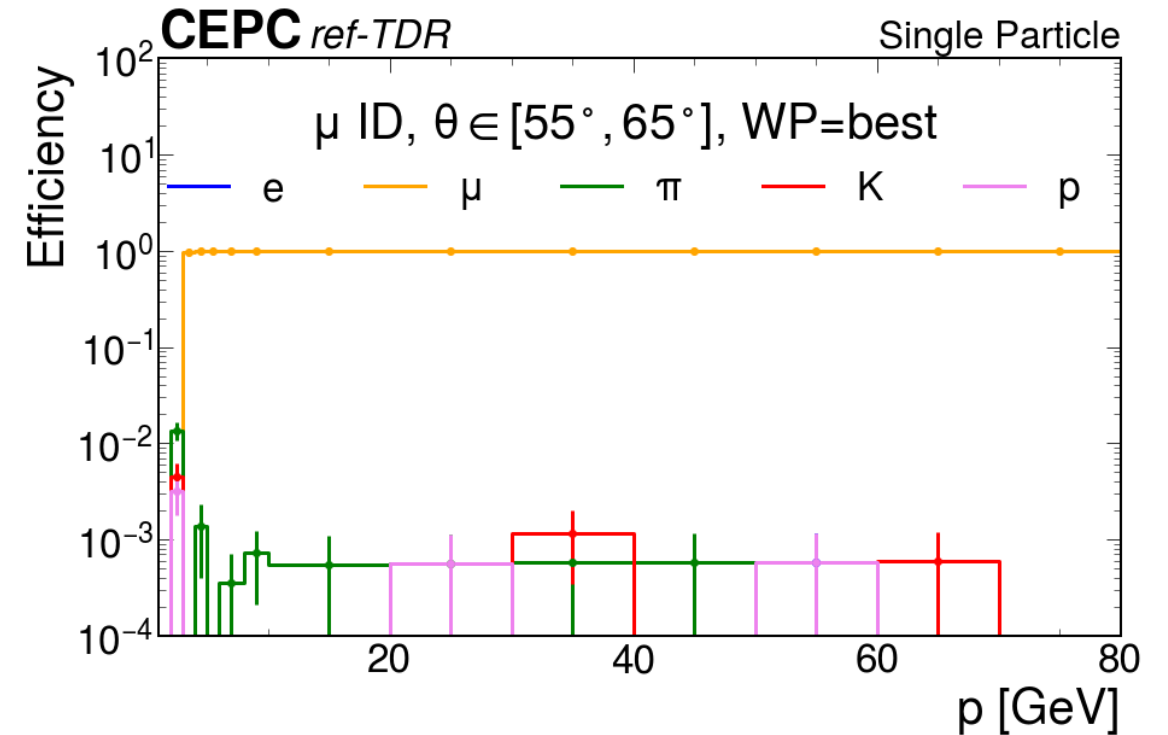
Results shown so far are with negative charges

- Results with positive charges are also produced.

Negative



Positive



What to do next

- **Test the new PID under ZH inclusive samples**
 - Should be done by today
- **Do we want this BDT method for charged hadron ID?**
 - Probably need to go below 1 GeV
- **Implement to CEPCSW**
- **Write the contents in TDR**