

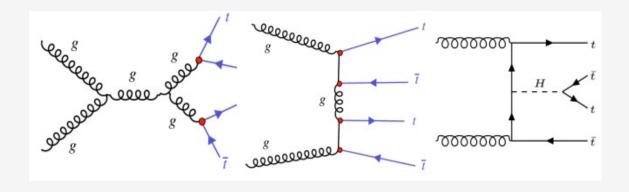


Al-assisted Four Top Quark Reconstruction



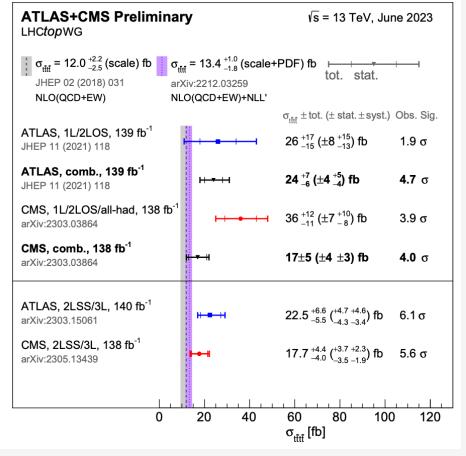
Rare Top Quark Production Process: Four-top-quark production

- $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ production is a rare top quark process predicted in the SM It is one of the heaviest final states accessible at LHC
 - NLO (QCD+EWK): $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t}) = 12 \text{ fb } \pm 20\% \text{ [JHEP } 02 \text{ (2018) } 031]$
 - NLO+NLL: $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t}) = 13.4 \text{ fb } \pm 11\% \text{ [arXiv:2212.03259]}$



- $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ cross section is sensitive to anomalous top Yukawa coupling and Higgs CP properties
- Most sensitive channels in ATLAS and CMS are lepton channels: SSML and 1LOS

The observed significance is **6.1** sigma



Top Quark Reconstruction

- Top quark reconstruction relies on the measurement of final states and jet-parton assignment is important in heavy particle reconstruction.
- 12 jets and 4 b jets: 2520 permutations 14 jets and 5 b jets: 113400 permutations

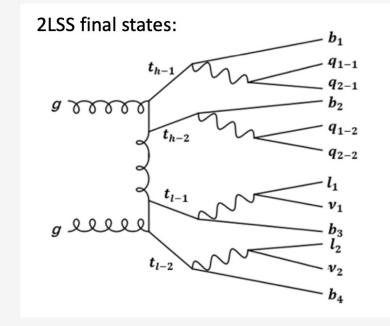
• Traditionally we use the χ^2 **method** to build each possible permutation of the event to find the best solution

Find the best permutation with smallest χ^2

- Large number of permutations and long running time
- Hard to reconstruct leptonic top
- Depending on b-tagging

| | ()2 | ()2 | ()2 | ()2 |
|---------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| $v^2 =$ | $\pm \frac{(m_{b_1j_1j_2}-m_{top})^2}{2} +$ | $\frac{(m_{b_2j_3j_4}-m_{top})}{+}$ | $-\frac{(m_{j_1j_2}-m_w)}{}+$ | $(m_{j_3j_4}-m_w)$ |
| Λ | $\sigma_{ m top}^2$ | $\sigma_{ m top}^2$ | $\sigma_{m_W}^2$ | $\sigma_{m_W}^2$ |

| Event Type | N jet | Event fraction | Hadronic top chi2 efficiency |
|------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| All Event | ==6 | 7.9% | 0.07 |
| | ==7 | 19.8% | 0.130 |
| | >=8 | 72.9% | 0.1985 |
| | inclusive | 1 | 0.172 |



Machine Learning Assignment Methods

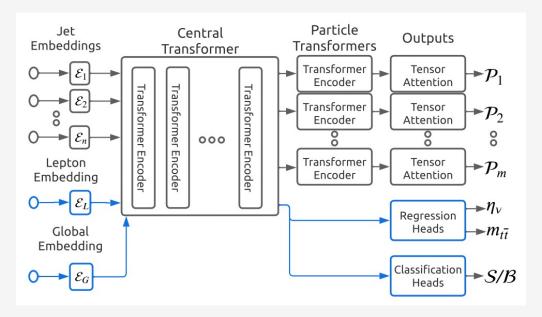
Neural Network methods' advantages:

- Less time consumption in application: parallel computation by natural network
- High accuracy and can handle partial events

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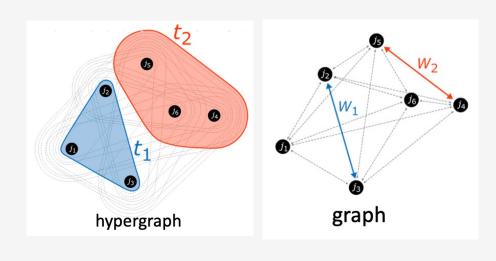
SPA-NET: use transformer to read multiple inputs from physics objects and output as sequence

 $Loss = \alpha_{reco} L_{reconstruction} + \alpha_{det} L_{detection} + \alpha_{reg} L_{regression}$



PhysRevD.111.032004

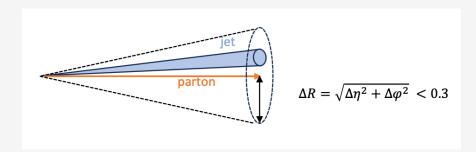
Hyper: use hyper-graph to group the top quark candidates in the graph dataset

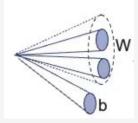


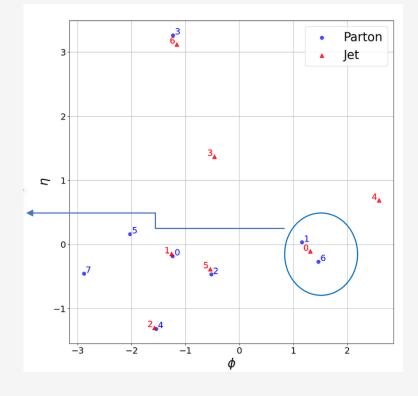
Truth Labelling for Supervised Learning

- Event generated by Madgraph5 and go trough fast simulation using Delphes
- Surprised learning: need to label the jet in the final state
 - Spatial matching based on truth-level partons in (eta, phi) plane
 - Match the nearest jet to each parton: labelling efficiency is ~75%
- ~600k 4top sample in 2L channel for training and validation

| Dataset | Number of events | |
|------------|------------------|--|
| Training | 551k | |
| Validation | 29k | |
| Evaluation | 175k | |

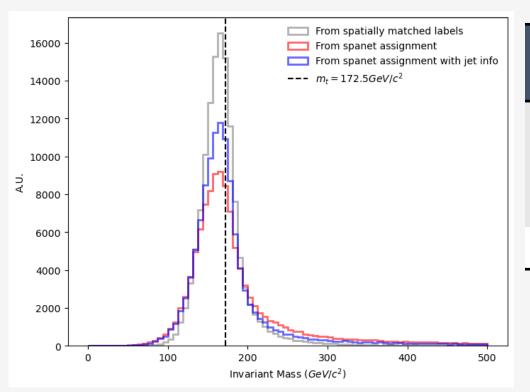






SPA-Net Performance in Four-Top-Quark Reconstruction

- Evaluating the performance using the top quarks which decay products are spatially matched to partons
- The machine learning method outperforms the traditional method in accuracy and speed:
 - Speed: SPA-Net improves about 3 times faster in running time(both in CPU)
 - Accuracy: SPA-Net achieves ~38% in hadronic top efficiency, ~70% for leptonic top efficiency for four-top-quark events

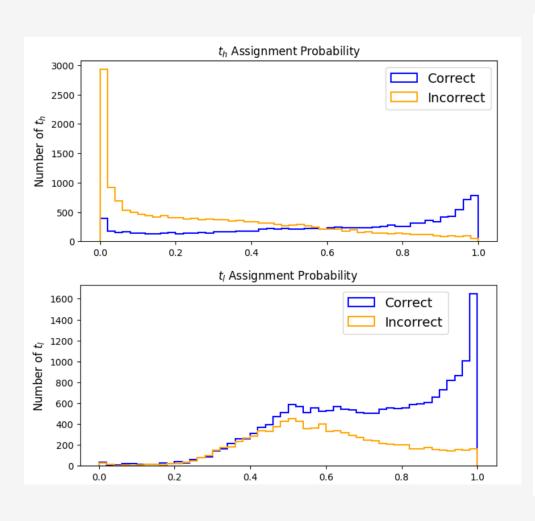


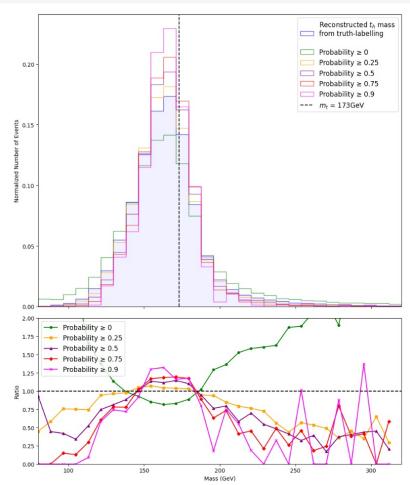
| Even t Type | N jet | Event fraction | Hadronic top: t _h | Leptonic top: t _l | Hadronic top (add vars) | Leptonic top (add vars) |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| All | ==6 | 7.9% | 0.326 | 0.752 | 0.332 | 0.766 |
| Even t | ==7 | 19.8% | 0.375 | 0.727 | 0.386 | 0.735 |
| | >=8 | 72.9% | 0.387 | 0.692 | 0.402 | 0.700 |
| | inclusive | 1 | 0.383 | 0.703 | 0.397 | 0.711 |

- 200% improvement compared to χ^2 method
- Adding $\tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3, \tau_4, \tau_5$ and ratio of charge particles over neutral particles (shown in brown column)
 - Small improvement (percent level)
- t_I efficiency drops to 0.632 if require both b-quark and lepton

SPA-Net Assignment Probability

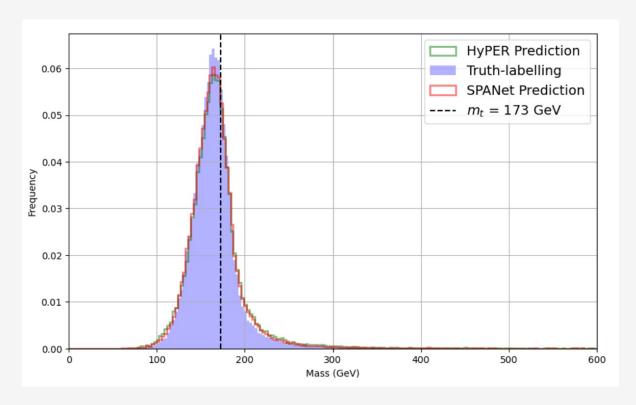
- The assignment probability can help to evaluate the output of the SPA-Net
 - Each top quark from SPA-Net prediction is classified as correct or incorrect by comparing it to truth label
 - Threshold on the assignment probability can help to improve the proportion of correct assignments





Result of HyPER

- Hypergraph can derived similar results in hadronic top quark reconstruction
- Parameter-efficient compared to SPA-Net: 500k vs.16M
- Performance reaches ~47% in hadronic top reconstruction



| Event Type | N jet | SPANet (2t _h +2t _l) | SPANet (2 t _h) | HyPER (2 t _h) |
|---------------|-----------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| All Event | ==6 | 0.326 | 0.540 | 0.559 |
| | ==7 | 0.375 | 0.528 | 0.525 |
| | >=8 | 0.387 | 0.461 | 0.453 |
| | inclusive | 0.383 | 0.471 | 0.467 |

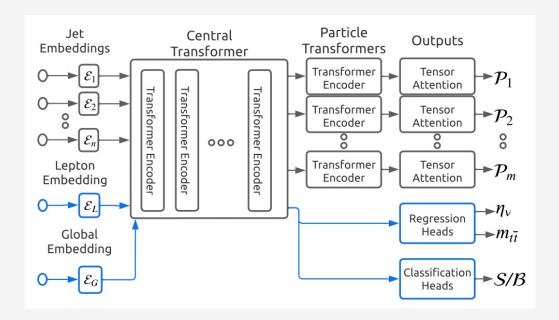
- HyperGraph has no neutrino regression and can only reconstruct t_h
- SPA-Net and HyperGraph have similar performances when reconstructing t_h only
- Adding neutrino regression should help for HyperGraph

Multi-task Learning in Multi-lepton Channel

- In two lepton channel, the large missing ET coming from the neutrino arise the difficulty for reconstruction
- Machine learning method can regress or predict the momentum of the neutrino

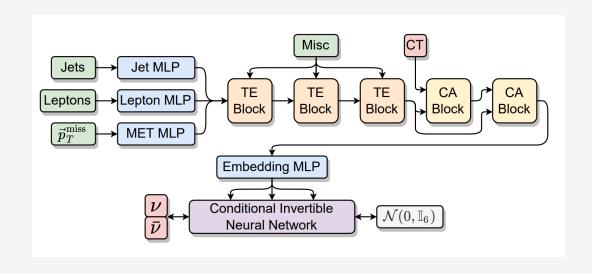
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 SPA-Net: use regression heads to output the value of the four momentum of neutrino



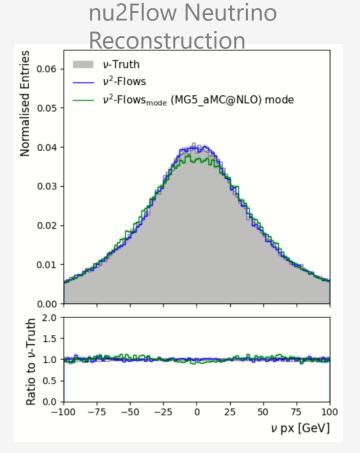
PhysRevD.109.012005

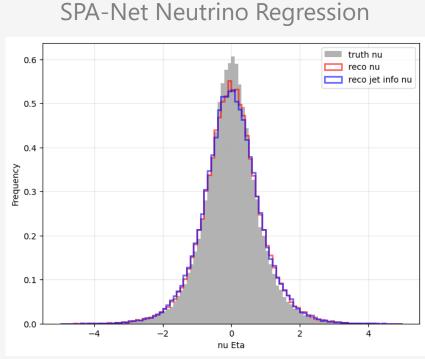
nu2Flow: use Normalization Flow to generate the distribution of the neutrino

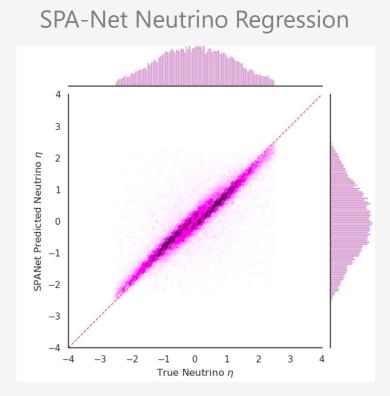


SPA-Net Performance with Neutrino Reconstruction

- SPA-Net and Nu2Flow can model the neutrino's momentum well
- Using neutrino momentum information significantly improves top quark reconstruction efficiency
 - SPANet's neutrino regression improves t_h efficiency by 100% and t_l by 18%







Further Improvements to SPA-Net?

- Lossing the b jet requirement in top quark reconstruction: ~20% improvements in hadronic top
- Adding neutrino momentum from nu2Flow as the input of the SPA-Net
 - Further improves t_h efficiency by ~10%
 - Expect smaller improvement in t_l efficiency (requiring both b-quark and lepton)

SPA-Net+neutrino regression



| Event Type | N jet | Hadronic top | Leptonic top |
|------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| All Event | inclusive | 0.383 | 0.703 |



| Event Type | N jet | Hadronic top | Leptonic top |
|------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| All Event | inclusive | 0.415 | 0.628 |



Including large-R jets?
Better b-tagging?
Better MET/neutrino modeling?

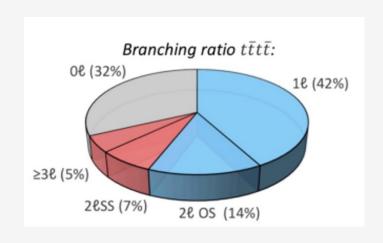


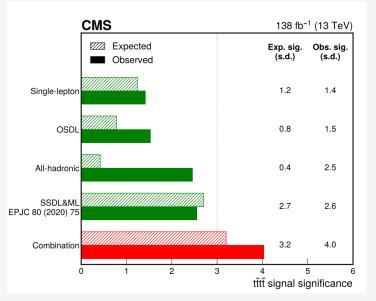
SPA-Net+no b-tagging requirement

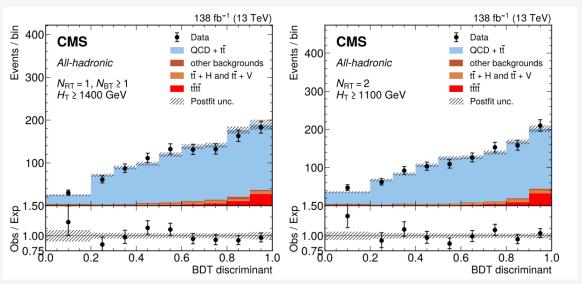
| Event Type | N jet | Hadronic top | Leptonic top |
|------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| All Event | inclusive | 0.502 | 0.701 |

Four-top-quark Production in All-hadronic Channel

- Although SSML channel has better sensitivity due to less background but its decay branch ratio is 13%, 2 times smaller than the BR of all-hadronic channel
- CMS derived 2.7 sigma in the all-hadronic channel, using data-driven estimation for QCD background



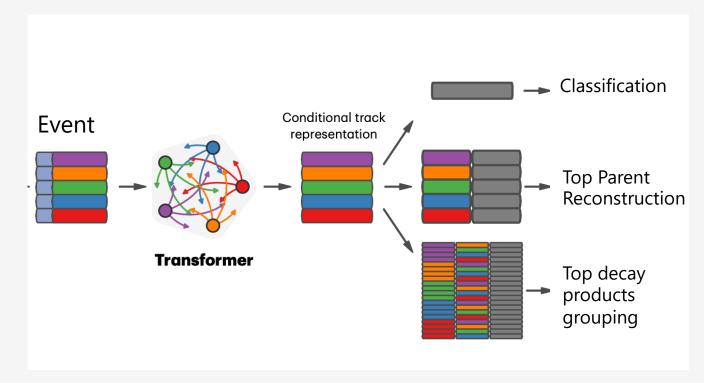




Transformer-based Framework for Four-top-quark Classification

Using the similar structure from the ATLAS transformer algorithm (GN2) but the input becomes the event level

- Considering dominated backgrounds, especially ttbar+jets
- Model inputs: jets kinematics and jet constituent-level information, event-level information



Four-top-quark Reconstruction in Full hadronic Channel

- Adding the top quark reconstruction task in the event-level GN2 framework
- Utilizing the top quark parent ID as the mask, trying to do the reconstruction like the image masking

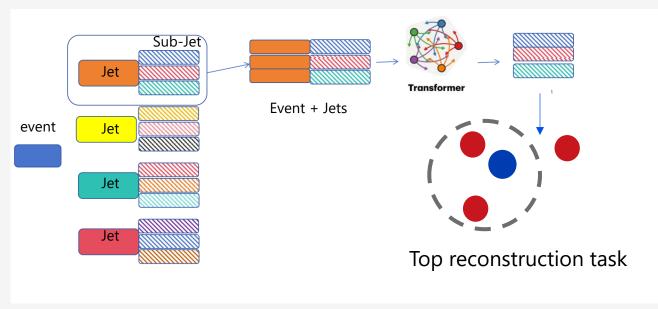
SPA-Net Algorithm

| | | Event | SPA-NE | т Efficiency |
|------------|---------------|----------|--------|--------------|
| | $N_{ m jets}$ | Fraction | Event | Top Quark |
| All Events | == 12 | 0.219 | 0.276 | 0.484 |
| | == 13 | 0.304 | 0.247 | 0.474 |
| | ≥ 14 | 0.450 | 0.198 | 0.450 |
| | Inclusive | 0.974 | 0.231 | 0.464 |

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- SPA-Net reaches 46% reconstruction efficiency in all-hadronic channel
- Long training time due to large number of training parameters (16M)

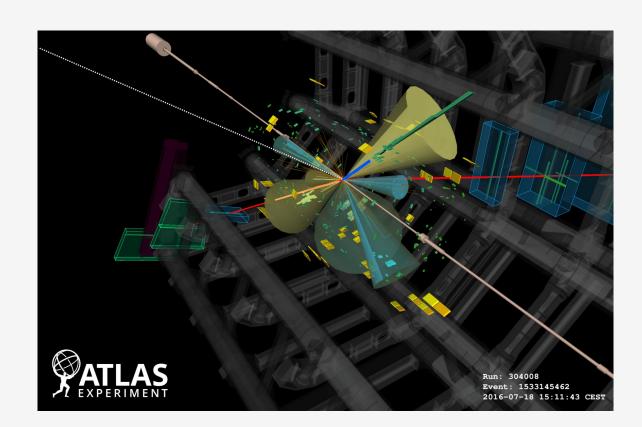
GN2 Framework



Study on-going

Summary and Outlook

- Top quark reconstruction can reduce the multitop background in the analysis
- Machine learning method can be applied for the further top reconstruction in the different 4top final state
 - Using SPA-Net for top reconstruction in SSML channel: 3 times faster and hadronic top efficiency doubled to be ~40%, leptonic top efficiency reaches 70%
 - Further optimizations such as neutrino reconstruction and jet substructures
- The sensitivity in the full-hadronic channel can be enhanced by the machine learning method
 - Classification and top quark reconstruction task using the event-level GN2 algorithm



Backups

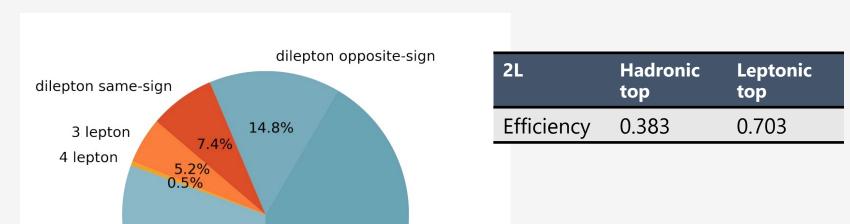
SPA-Net Performance in Different 4top channels

- Test the SPA-Net in different 4top channels
- 2L channel has the best performance overall in top quark reconstruction efficiency

30.1%

0 lepton

With the less hadronic top quarks, better performance



1 lepton

42.1%

All-had Hadronic top

Efficiency 0.464

| 1L | Hadronic top | Leptonic top |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Efficiency | 0.305 | 0.604 |