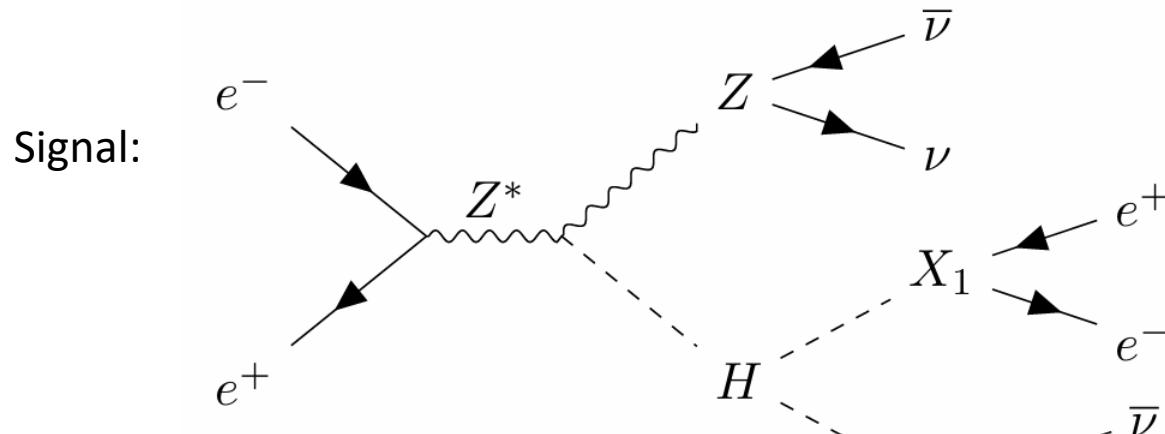


CEPC LLP Study

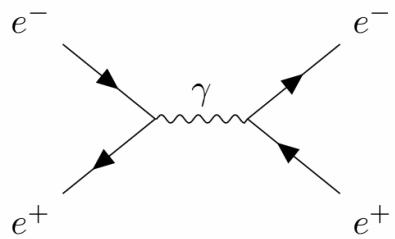
Xiang Chen, Ziyang Sun, Liang Li



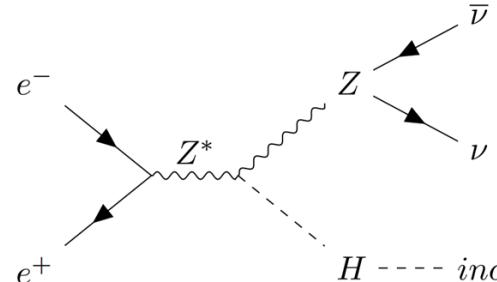
2-electron channel full simulation analysis



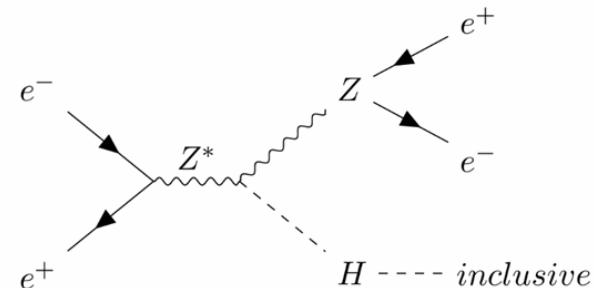
Bhabha process:



vvHX:

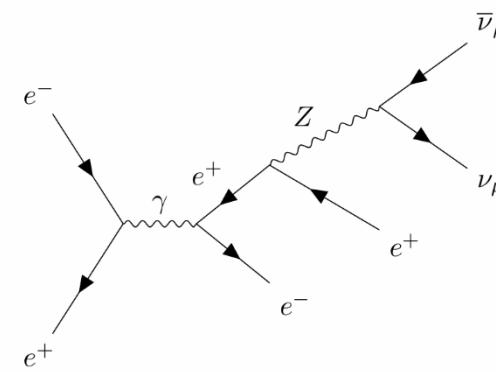


eeHX:



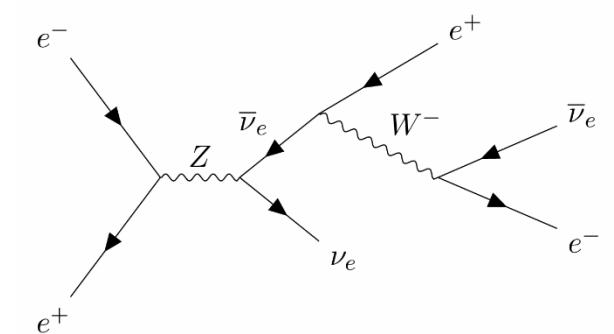
eeZ process:

Final state: ee $\nu_{\mu,\tau}\bar{\nu}_{\mu,\tau}$



evW process:

Final state: ee $\nu_e\bar{\nu}_e$



Signal events: 100,000, $M_{X_{1,2}}$: 1, 10, 50 GeV
 Bhabha process events: 98,000
 vvHX events: 1,000,000
 eeHX events: 1,000,000
 eeZ events: 500,000
 evW events: 500,000

Cut Flow Summary

Total events
nPFO<20: Jet veto
Lepton pair: exactly two opposite sign lepton Using FinalPID
ΔR : Two leptons back-to-back
$\Delta T > 0.1$ ns(0.05ns): LLP decay signal has large time difference
Recoil mass(GeV): Z veto
Invariant mass(GeV): LLP signal mass selection

The time difference:

$$\Delta T = t_{hit,i} - r_{hit,i}/c$$

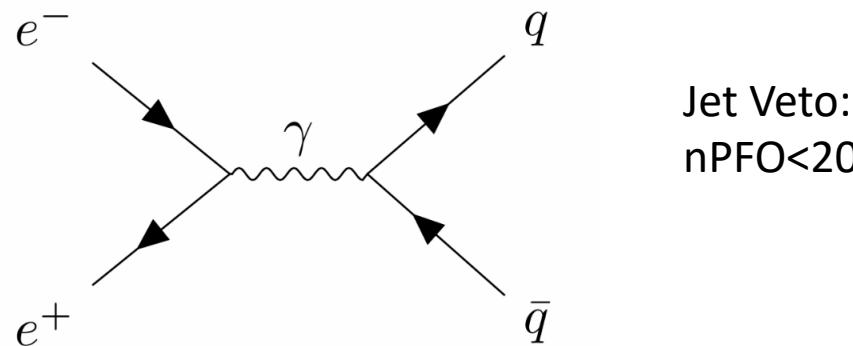
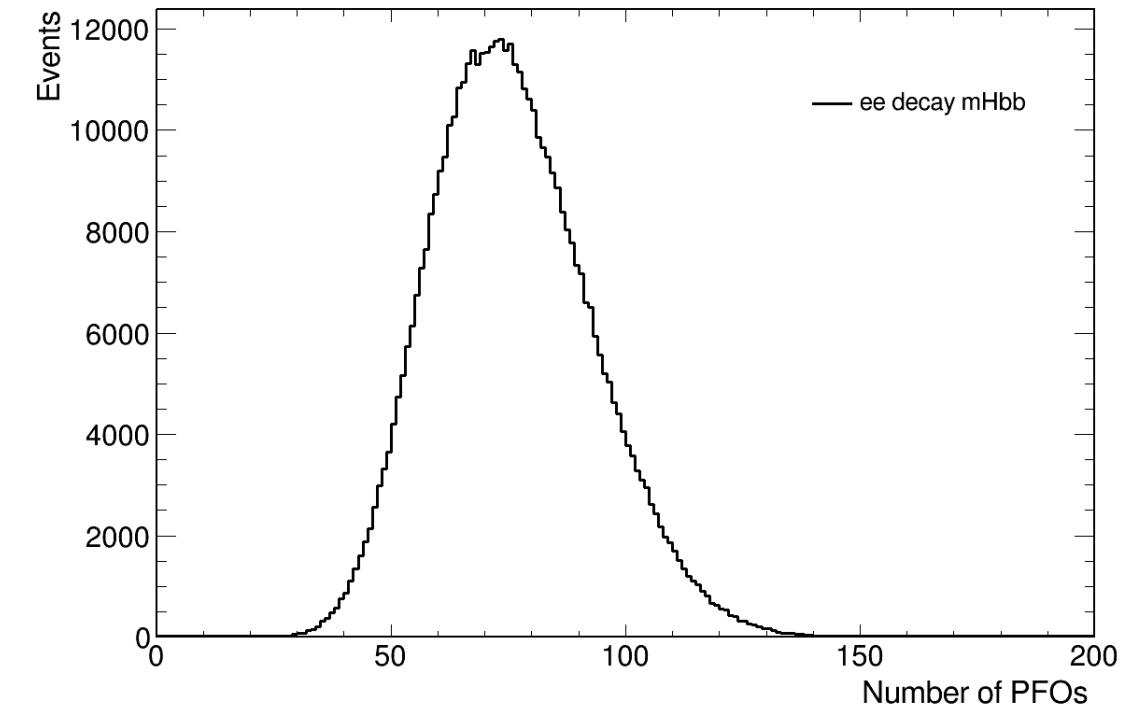
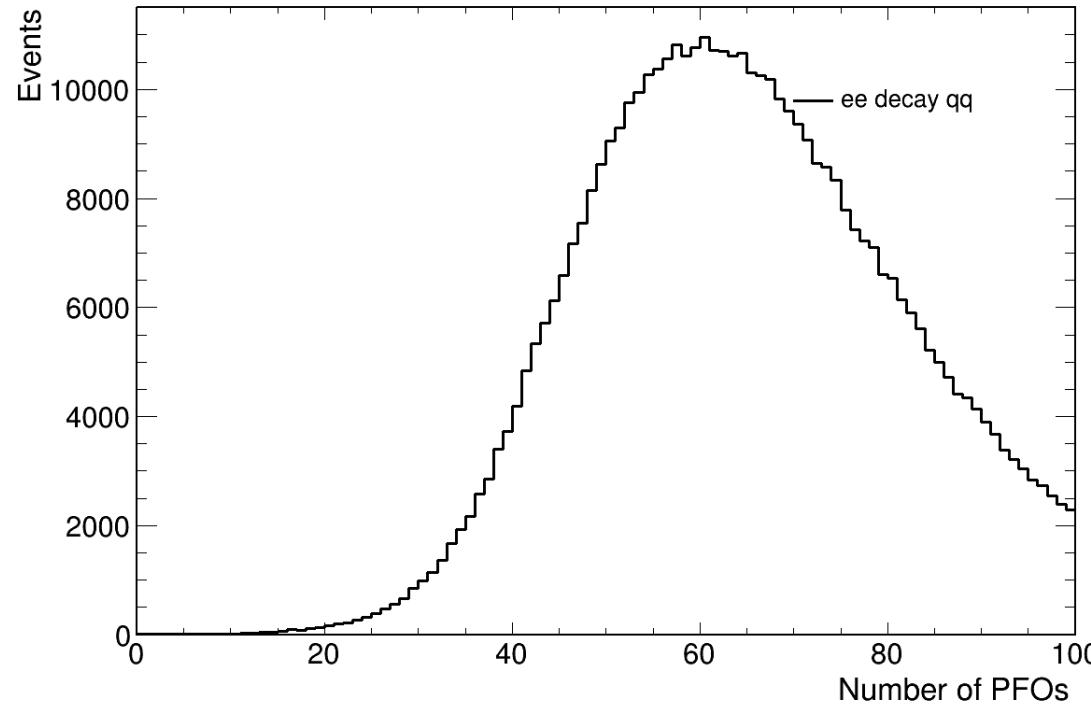
$t_{hit,i}$: the hitting time of the ith component in the jet cluster measured by the muon spectrometer;

$r_{hit,i}$: the ith Euclidean distance to IP;

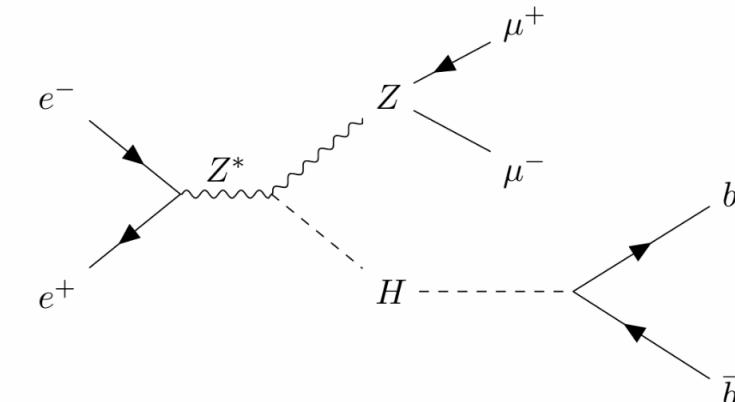
c : light speed in vacuum.



Jet Veto

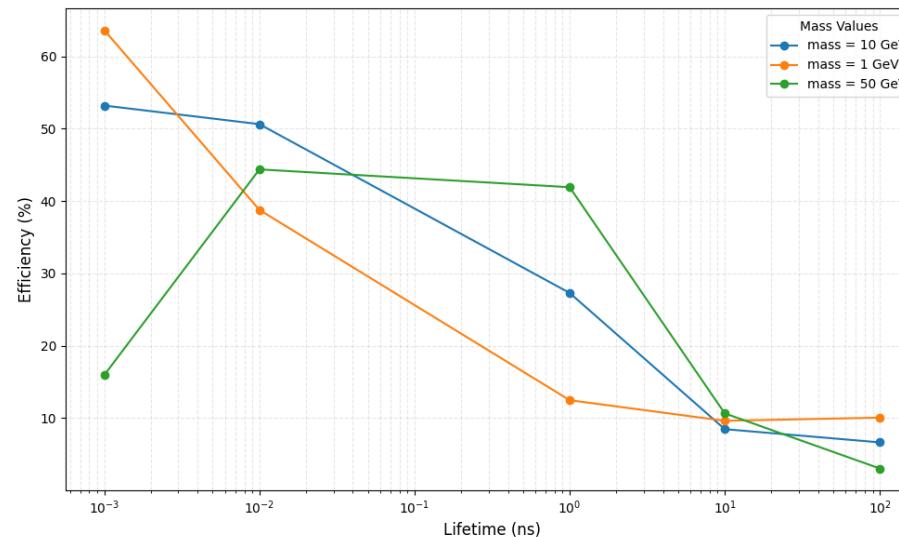


Jet Veto:
nPFO<20



Preliminary Result

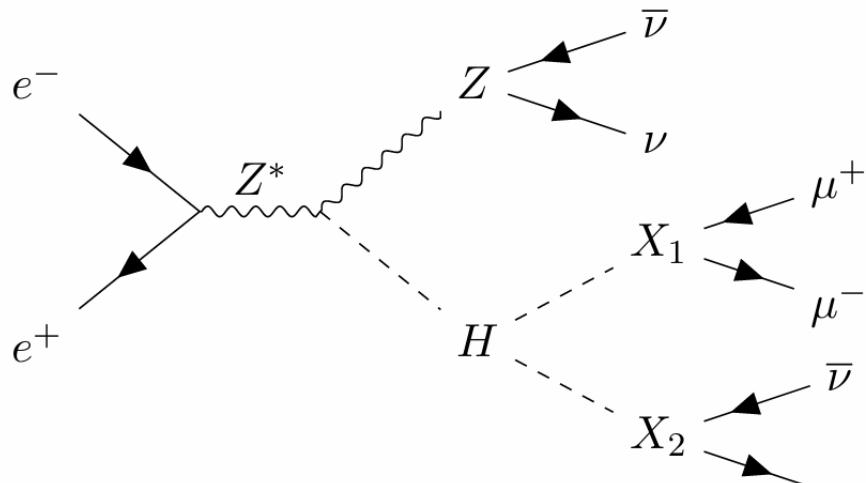
The cutflow for 2-electron channel is shown in below



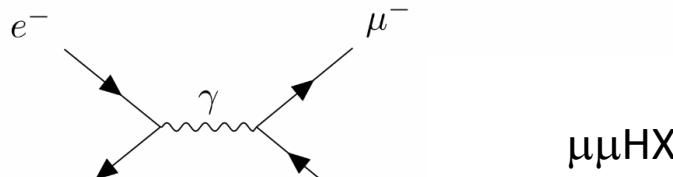
Mass	ee	4f_szeorsw_I	4f_sze_l0nunu	vvHX	eeHX
LLP 1 GeV	0.02%	1.3%	1.1%	0.06%	0.06%
LLP 10 GeV	0.06%	3%	2%	0.07%	0.15%
LLP 50 GeV	0.08%	4.12%	3.26%	0.13%	0.22%

2-muon channel full simulation analysis

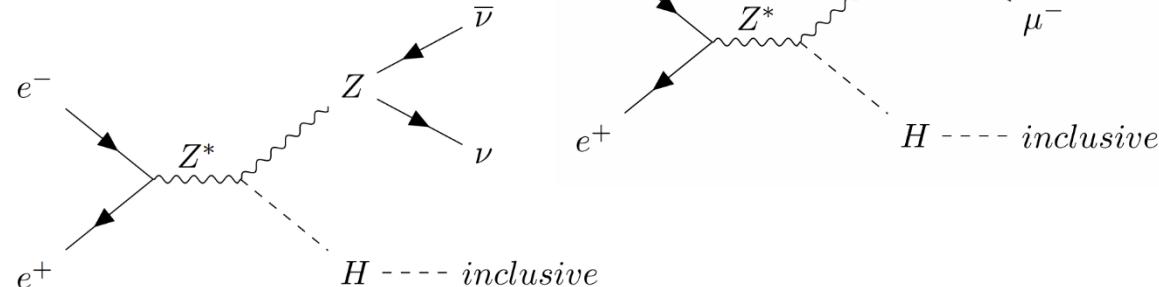
Signal:



$\mu\mu$ process:



$vvHX$:



Signal events: 100,000, MX1,2: 1,10,50 GeV

$\mu\mu$ process events: 98,000

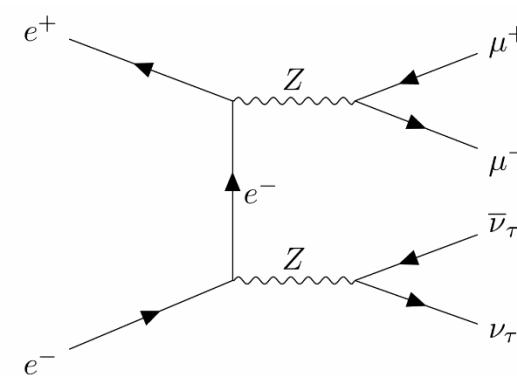
$vvHX$ events: 1,000,000

$\mu\mu HX$ events: 1,000,000

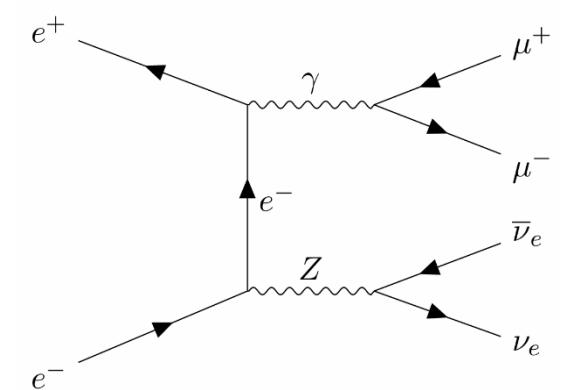
$ee \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu$ events : 1,250,000

$ee \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ events : 500,000

$ee \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu$ process:
Final state: $\nu_\tau \bar{\nu}_\tau \mu\mu$

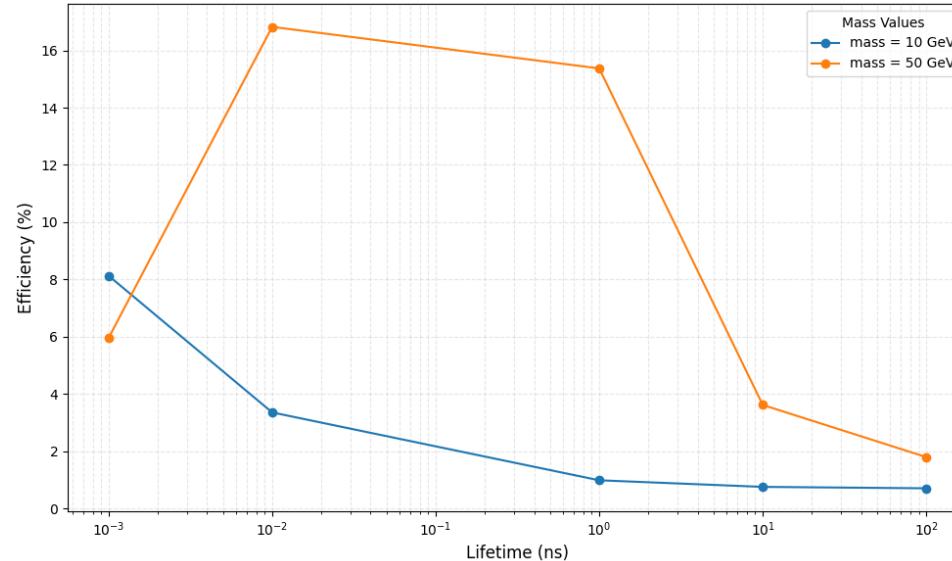


$ee \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ process:
Final state: $\nu_e \bar{\nu}_e \mu\mu$



Preliminary Result

The cutflow for 2-mu channel is shown in below, lower than electron result, because many muon are predicted as pion



Mass	e2e2	4f_sznu	4f_szz	4f_szzorww	vvHX	mmHX
LLP 10 GeV	0.26%	10.35%	4.72%	0.66%	0.01%	0.01%
LLP 50 GeV	1.08%	4.54%	1.86%	1.27%	0.03%	0.03%

Summary & To-do

- Using XGBoost for PID: good result for background, also good for off axis
- Will update for the muon result today
- Off axis is ready with chengguang's code and it may suppress all the SM background coming from collision point



BACKUP



Preliminary Result

The cutflow for 2-electron channel is shown in below, LLP mass | 1 GeV

Selections	0.01ns	1ns	100ns	e2e2	ee->Z->ee	ee->ZZ->ee	vvHX	eeHX
Total Events	199023	199023	61165	90280	199900	199400	2090	2225
nPFO < 20 (jet veto)	99%	99%	99%	64%	99%	99%	8%	6%
Lepton: e+e-	74%	38%	9%	33%	77%	85%	0.59%	3%



Background events

/cefs/higgs/zhangkl/Production/25036/4fermions

bkd							
2e	E240_e1e1	E240_4f_eeZ	E240_4f_evW	E240_vvHX	E240_eeHX		
events	392	2000	2000	4000	4000		
2mu	E240_e2e2	E240_4f_ee->ZZ->mumu	E240_4f_ee->Z->mumu	E240_vvHX	E240_mmHX	E240_4f_zzorww_l0mumu	
events	392	5000	2000	4000	4000	2000	
4e	E240_eeHX	E240_vvHX	E240_4f_4e				
events	4000	4000	2000				
4mu	E240_mmH X	E240_vvHX	E240_4f_4mu				
events	4000	4000	2000				

Events = files number * 250(evtmax)

LLP Selection Events

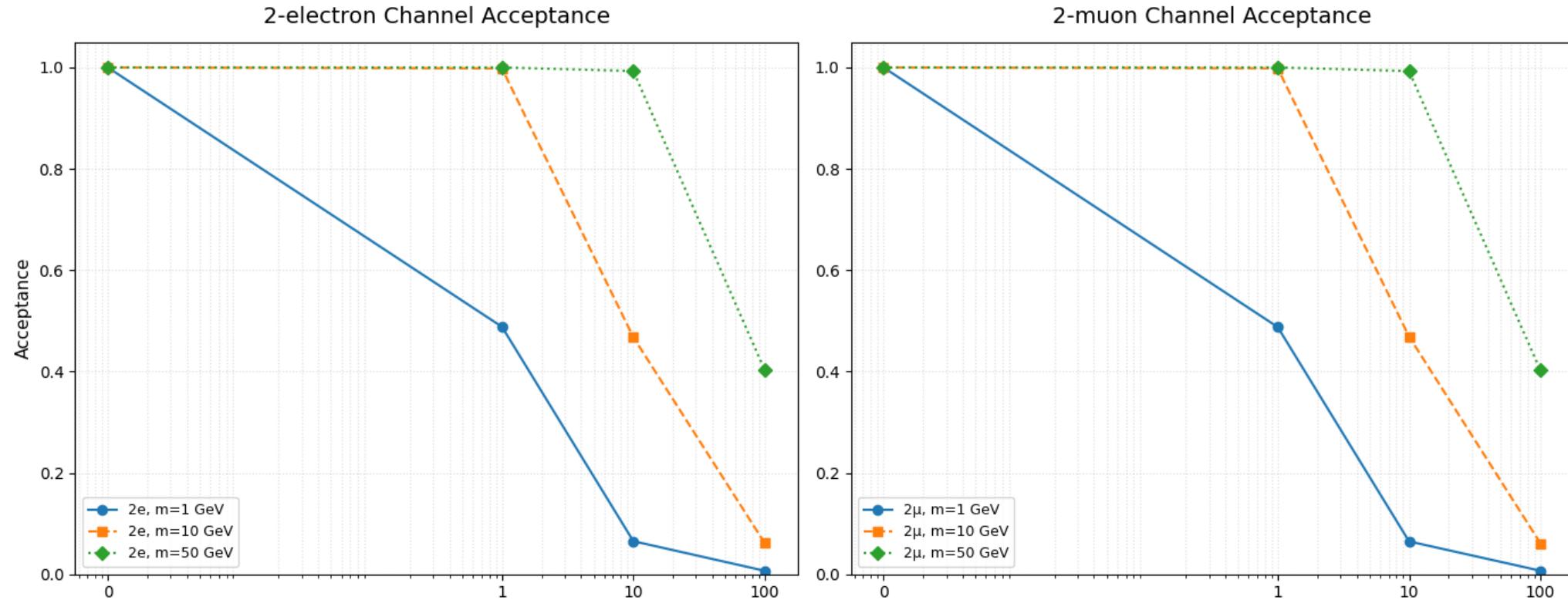
2e	0.001ns	1ns	10ns	100ns
1GeV	100000	48828	6531	686
10GeV	100000	99807	46773	6156
50GeV	100000	100000	99290	40286
2mu	0.001ns	1ns	10ns	100ns
1GeV	99997	48777	6486	697
10GeV	100000	99826	46895	6106
50GeV	100000	100000	99287	40213
4e	0.001ns	1ns	10ns	100ns
1GeV	100000	48843	6483	703
10GeV	100000	99829	46854	6148
50GeV	100000	100000	99269	40268
4mu	0.001ns	1ns	10ns	100ns
1GeV	99997	48750	6482	691
10GeV	100000	99829	46854	6148
50GeV	100000	100000	99269	40268



Signal efficiency = Acceptance × Detection efficiency

Acceptance = LLP events / total events;

Detection efficiency = Selection events / Reconstructed Events



The 6000mm vertex cut reduces acceptance for both long-lived LLPs (large decay lengths) and light-mass LLPs (high momentum)