

## $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ progress

#### CEPC Physics Performance Wednesday Working Meeting

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#### Statistical tool

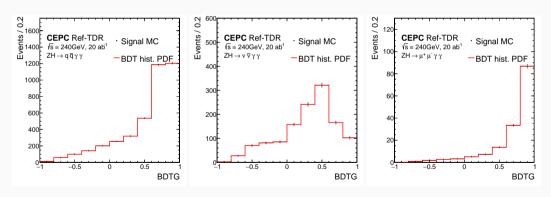
Use of <u>ATLAS official tool for combination</u> to verify our results and improve the study sensitivity:

· Considering our BDTG training and from output, fitting for each bin using quickFit

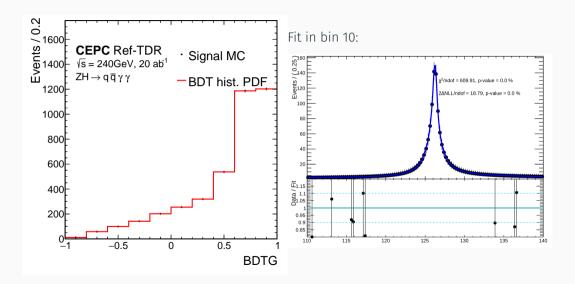
1

### **BDT** output

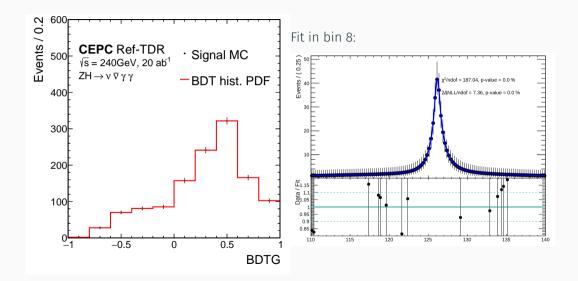
For signal



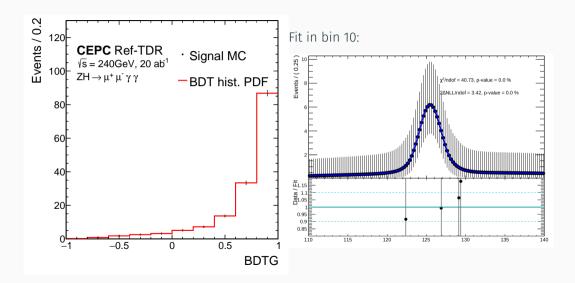
## $qar{q}\gamma\gamma$ sub-channel



### $u \bar{\nu} \gamma \gamma$ sub-channel



# $\overline{\mu^+\mu^-\gamma\gamma}$ sub-channel



#### Results

**Table 1:** Expected statistical precision on  $\sigma(ZH) \times Br(\to \gamma\gamma)$  from Asimov data fitting in the three channels and their combination with 20 ab<sup>-1</sup> data.

	$\Delta(\sigma  imes  ext{Br})/(\sigma  imes  ext{Br})_{SM}$
$q\bar{q}\gamma\gamma$	0.022
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma\gamma$	0.112
$ u \bar{\nu} \gamma \gamma$	0.037
Combined	0.019

Using this statistical tool gives better results than 2D model previously used (0.019 vs. 0.032)

Trying with dummy/expected values for NPs, we find the precision to worsen to 0.025 due to systematics - investigating more in details

#### To-do

- Currently smearing the data to evaluate main systematics: PER, PES,  $\gamma$  eff. by order of priority
- Uniforming the selections for all channels (elimination tracks in  $\nu \bar{\nu} \gamma \gamma$  and other selections to improve background rejection and contamination)
- · Considering other backgrounds to get full background shape (mainly 4-fermions)

# Thank you!

# Back-up

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