

# Problem Sheet for Integrability

## 1 The $O(N)$ Invariant S-matrix

Please find the  $O(N)$  invariant S-matrix missed by the original paper [1].

[Hint: In the original paper, they missed it because they assumed implicitly that the coefficient in front of identity is nonzero.]

[Refs: [1–3]]

## 2 The Coordinate Bethe Ansatz

Derive the two-particle Bethe wave function of the Heisenberg chain with the periodic boundary condition. And then try to see that there is a natural generalization for multi-particle states given that the Hamiltonian is nearest neighbor. Note that the Hamiltonian is given by

$$H_{\text{Heisenberg}} \propto \sum_{j=1}^L (I_{j,j+1} - P_{j,j+1}), \quad (2.1)$$

where  $I$  is the identity operator and  $P$  is the permutation operator. For the periodic boundary condition, the lower index  $L + 1 \equiv 1$ .

[Hint: Write the ansatz and require it to be the eigenstate of the Hamiltonian.]

## 3 Three-point Functions in $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM

Consider three-point functions of the following operators in the  $SU(2)$  sector of  $\mathcal{N} = 4$  SYM:

$$\mathcal{O}_1 = (ZYZZY \dots) + \dots, \quad \mathcal{O}_2 = \text{tr}(\bar{Z}^{L_2}), \quad \mathcal{O}_3 = \text{tr}((Z + \bar{Z} + Y - \bar{Y})^{L_3}),$$

where  $Z = \Phi_1 + i\Phi_2$  and  $Y = \Phi_3 + i\Phi_4$ . The precise form of  $\mathcal{O}_1$  is determined by the condition that  $\mathcal{O}_1$  is the eigenvector of the dilatation operator:

$$D \cdot \mathcal{O}_1 = \Delta_1 \mathcal{O}_1.$$

The leading order  $\mathcal{O}_1^{(0)}$  of the operator  $\mathcal{O}_1$  in its expansion with respect to the coupling constant is determined by the equation

$$D^{(1)} \cdot \mathcal{O}_1^{(0)} = \Delta_1^{(1)} \mathcal{O}_1^{(0)},$$

where  $D^{(1)}$  is the one-loop dilatation operator and can be identified with the Heisenberg Hamiltonian (2.1) upon the map

$$Z \mapsto \uparrow, \quad Y \mapsto \downarrow. \quad (3.1)$$

Please calculate the structure constant  $c_{123}$  at tree level when the operator  $\mathcal{O}_1^{(0)}$  corresponds to the single-magnon state and the two-magnon state of the integrable spin chain. And then try to generalize it to the multi-magnon case.

[Refs: [4]]

## References

- [1] Alexander B. Zamolodchikov and Alexei B. Zamolodchikov. Factorized s Matrices in Two-Dimensions as the Exact Solutions of Certain Relativistic Quantum Field Models. *Annals Phys.*, 120:253–291, 1979.
- [2] Nikolay Gromov, Vladimir Kazakov, Kazuhiro Sakai, and Pedro Vieira. Strings as multi-particle states of quantum sigma-models. *Nucl. Phys. B*, 764:15–61, 2007.
- [3] Lucía Córdova and Pedro Vieira. Adding flavour to the S-matrix bootstrap. *JHEP*, 12:063, 2018.
- [4] Shota Komatsu. Three-point functions in  $\mathcal{N} = 4$  supersymmetric Yang–Mills theory. 10 2017.