



PrimeTagSvc

Jets, samples and Wednesday working meeting

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Interface for output;

- <https://code.ihep.ac.cn/zhangkl/PrimeTagSvc>
- Code reconstructed;
 - Ensure PFO sorted by Energy, length up to 50.
- Follow the tutorial JetDump
 - Mode: Zjet(M10) and Hjet(M11).

```
std::vector<float> GetProb() const override;  
int get_type_M11() const override;  
int get_type_M6() const override;  
  
// M11 Boolean functions (11 total)  
bool is_b_quark() const override;  
bool is_b_bar_quark() const override;  
bool is_c_quark() const override;  
bool is_c_bar_quark() const override;  
bool is_s_quark() const override;  
bool is_s_bar_quark() const override;  
bool is_u_quark() const override;  
bool is_u_bar_quark() const override;  
bool is_d_quark() const override;  
bool is_d_bar_quark() const override;  
bool is_gluon() const override;  
  
// M6 Boolean functions (6 total)  
bool is_b_jet() const override;  
bool is_c_jet() const override;  
bool is_s_jet() const override;  
bool is_u_jet() const override;  
bool is_d_jet() const override;  
bool is_gluon_jet() const override;
```

Default: M11/M10 model

In weaver environment we got results like this;

CEPC Ref-TDR $ZH \rightarrow \nu\nu qq, \sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$

Truth \ Predicted	b	$\bar{b}$	c	$\bar{c}$	s	$\bar{s}$	u	$\bar{u}$	d	$\bar{d}$
b	0.811	0.132	0.019	0.016	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001
$\bar{b}$	0.124	0.819	0.017	0.018	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002
c	0.009	0.012	0.798	0.042	0.019	0.027	0.027	0.006	0.007	0.017
$\bar{c}$	0.013	0.011	0.049	0.790	0.027	0.022	0.006	0.026	0.016	0.007
s	0.002	0.001	0.016	0.019	0.488	0.095	0.028	0.119	0.093	0.053
$\bar{s}$	0.001	0.002	0.020	0.015	0.084	0.508	0.124	0.024	0.049	0.091
u	0.001	0.002	0.021	0.008	0.035	0.146	0.413	0.037	0.068	0.178
$\bar{u}$	0.002	0.001	0.008	0.021	0.139	0.040	0.045	0.391	0.189	0.070
d	0.002	0.001	0.011	0.019	0.124	0.088	0.066	0.218	0.296	0.080
$\bar{d}$	0.001	0.002	0.020	0.009	0.078	0.132	0.239	0.059	0.076	0.289
ν	0.011	0.012	0.029	0.029	0.074	0.077	0.072	0.066	0.057	0.057
$\bar{\nu}$										0.514

CEPC Ref-TDR $Z \rightarrow qq, 91.2 \text{ GeV}$

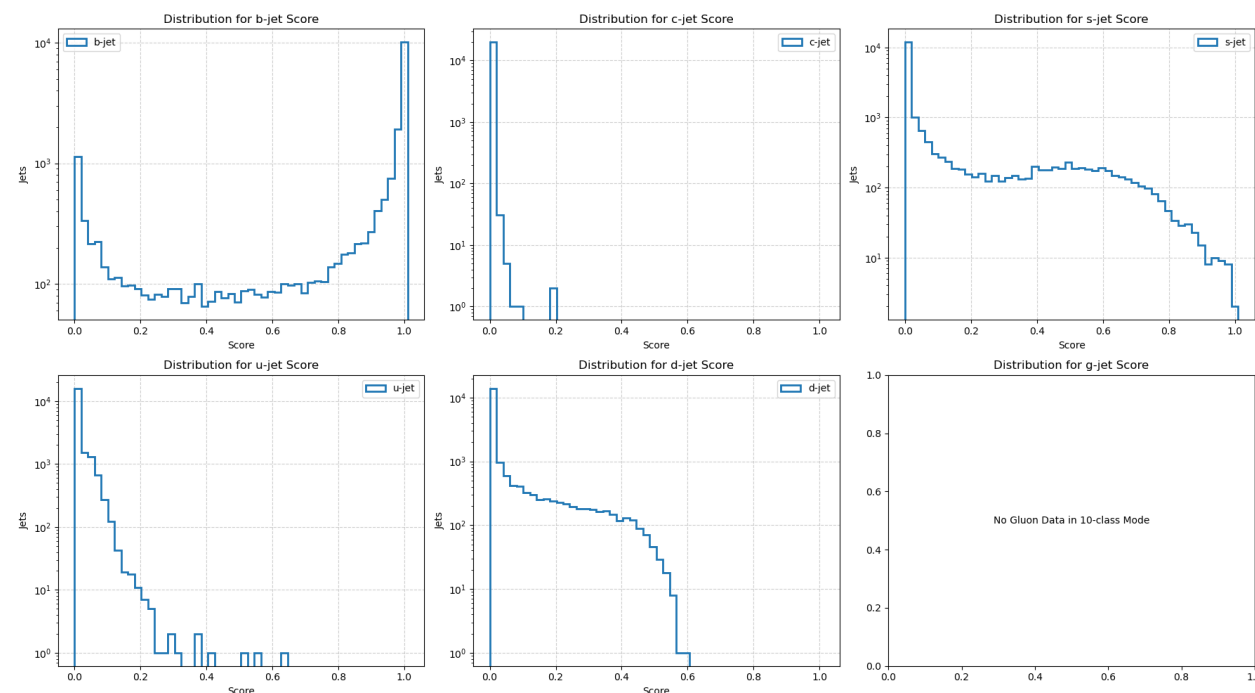
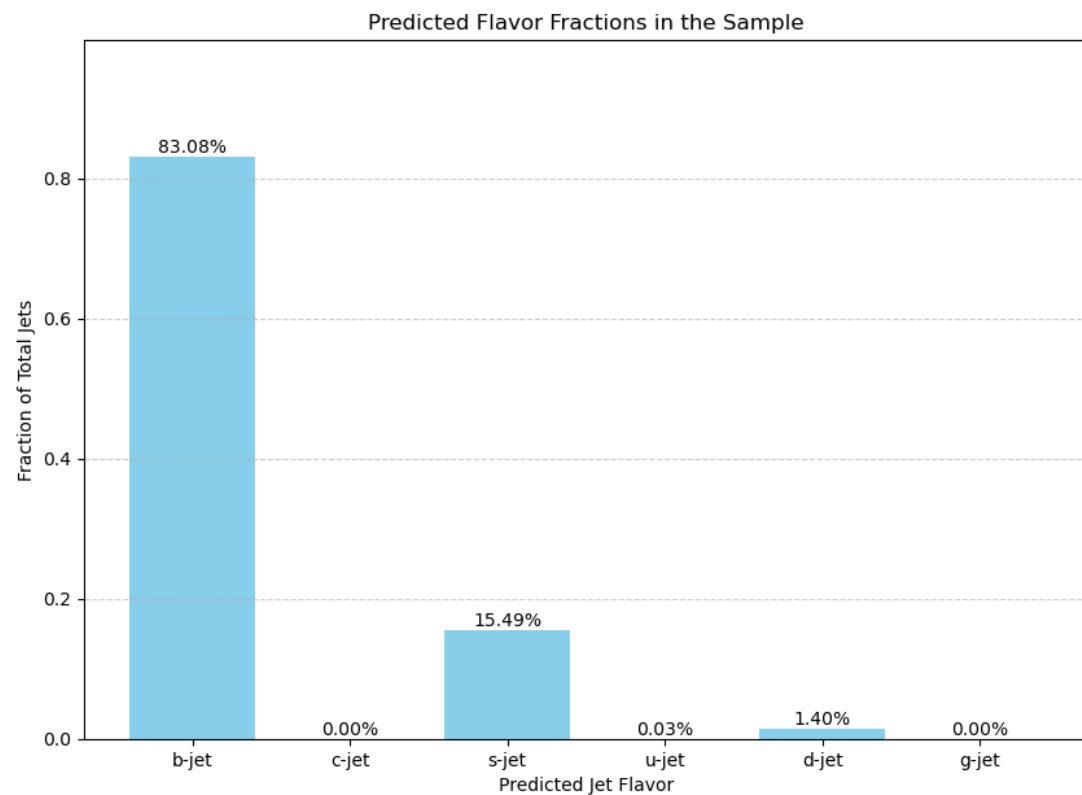
Truth \ Predicted	b	$\bar{b}$	c	$\bar{c}$	s	$\bar{s}$	u	$\bar{u}$	d	$\bar{d}$
b	0.823	0.127	0.021	0.017	0.004	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001
$\bar{b}$	0.124	0.826	0.017	0.021	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002
c	0.009	0.009	0.815	0.047	0.031	0.034	0.025	0.006	0.008	0.016
$\bar{c}$	0.009	0.009	0.045	0.816	0.035	0.031	0.006	0.025	0.016	0.007
s	0.001	0.001	0.022	0.023	0.601	0.107	0.028	0.093	0.081	0.043
$\bar{s}$	0.001	0.002	0.023	0.021	0.108	0.601	0.091	0.028	0.044	0.082
u	0.001	0.001	0.026	0.011	0.056	0.172	0.412	0.049	0.080	0.192
$\bar{u}$	0.002	0.001	0.011	0.028	0.170	0.055	0.047	0.417	0.188	0.081
d	0.002	0.001	0.014	0.025	0.155	0.103	0.078	0.213	0.336	0.073
$\bar{d}$	0.001	0.002	0.024	0.014	0.105	0.156	0.208	0.080	0.071	0.339

Current output in onnx, test in 10k.

1. b and bbar charge flip error;
2. incorrect response like s jet;

.....

Current b eff ~83%.



```
--- Final Layer Bias Values ('mod.fc.0.bias') ---  
-----  
b      : -0.351605  
bbar   : -0.376052  
c      :  0.080361  
cbar   : -0.041093  
s      :  0.030752  
sbar   :  0.122631  
u      :  0.060856  
ubar   : -0.010073  
d      :  0.097829  
dbar   :  0.065422  
-----
```

- By checking the bias value and input/output structure, we can confirm that the pt in pytorch and onnx in C++ is exactly same.

Possible reason for errors

For low eff:

ill-behavior jets.

With small energy/PFOs and far away from quark direction. (DR>1.2)

This jet has only 3 tracks in final.

Model didn't see weird jets before.

```
PrimeTagSvc      DEBUG --- Flavor Tagging Scores ---
```

```
b      : 0.001500
b_bar  : 0.025265
c      : 0.000655
c_bar  : 0.003506
s      : 0.387091
s_bar  : 0.321368
u      : 0.009419
u_bar  : 0.021320
d      : 0.030352
d_bar  : 0.199525
```

```
JetDumpAlg      DEBUG Jet 1, E: 28.82, PFOs: 15, M11_type: 3, M6_type: 3, is_b: No , is_c: No , is_light: Yes
```

- For charge flip and wrong response like s jets:
- Same Onnx model -> Inputs must be different.
- Float/Double, decimal changes between weaver/C++...
- Plan to retrain one new model to test.

For model energy transition:

Hjet and Zjet model application difference;

To do



- Shap
- Variable Validation
- Delphes Validation
- Event multihead

Current Input variables



```
pf_features:
  length: 50
  pad_mode: wrap
  vars:
    - [pfo_c_pt, null]
    - [pfo_c_energy, null]
    - [pfo_c_rel_energy, null]
    - [pfo_c_rel_pt, null]
    - [pfo_c_deltaR, null]
    - [pfo_charge, null]
    - [pfo_c_Ecal, null]
    - [pfo_c_Hcal, null]
    - [pfo_c_EClusize, null]
    - [pfo_c_HClusize, null]
    - [pfo_Rbest_isChargedKaon, null]
    - [pfo_Rbest_isPion, null]
    - [pfo_Rbest_isProton, null]
    - [pfo_Rbest_isElectron, null]
    - [pfo_Rbest_isMuon, null]
    - [pfo_d0, null]
    - [pfo_d0err, null]
    - [pfo_z0, null]
    - [pfo_z0err, null]
    - [pfo_deta, null]
    - [pfo_dphi, null]
pf_vectors:
  length: 50
  pad_mode: wrap
  vars:
    - [pfo_px, null]
    - [pfo_py, null]
    - [pfo_pz, null]
    - [pfo_Rbest_E, null]
```

- Impact parameter d_0 and $\log(d_0)$:
 - To test.

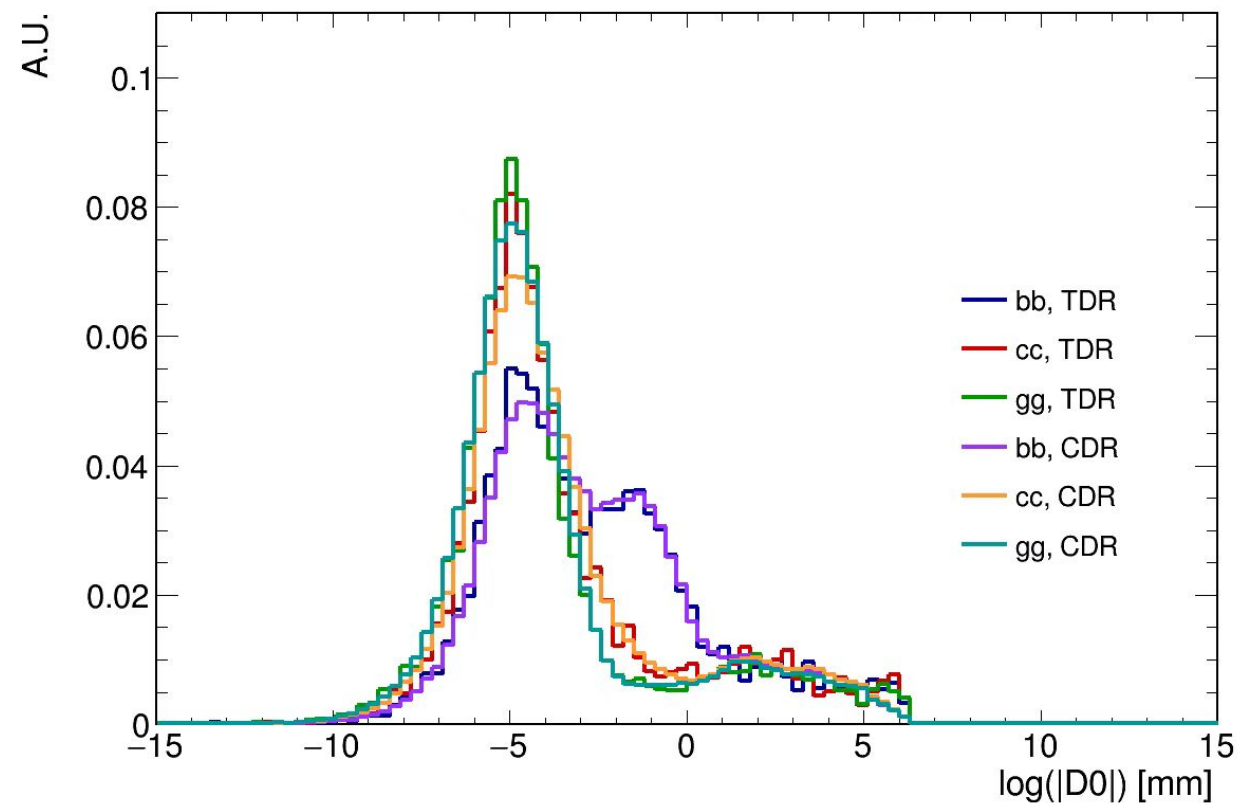
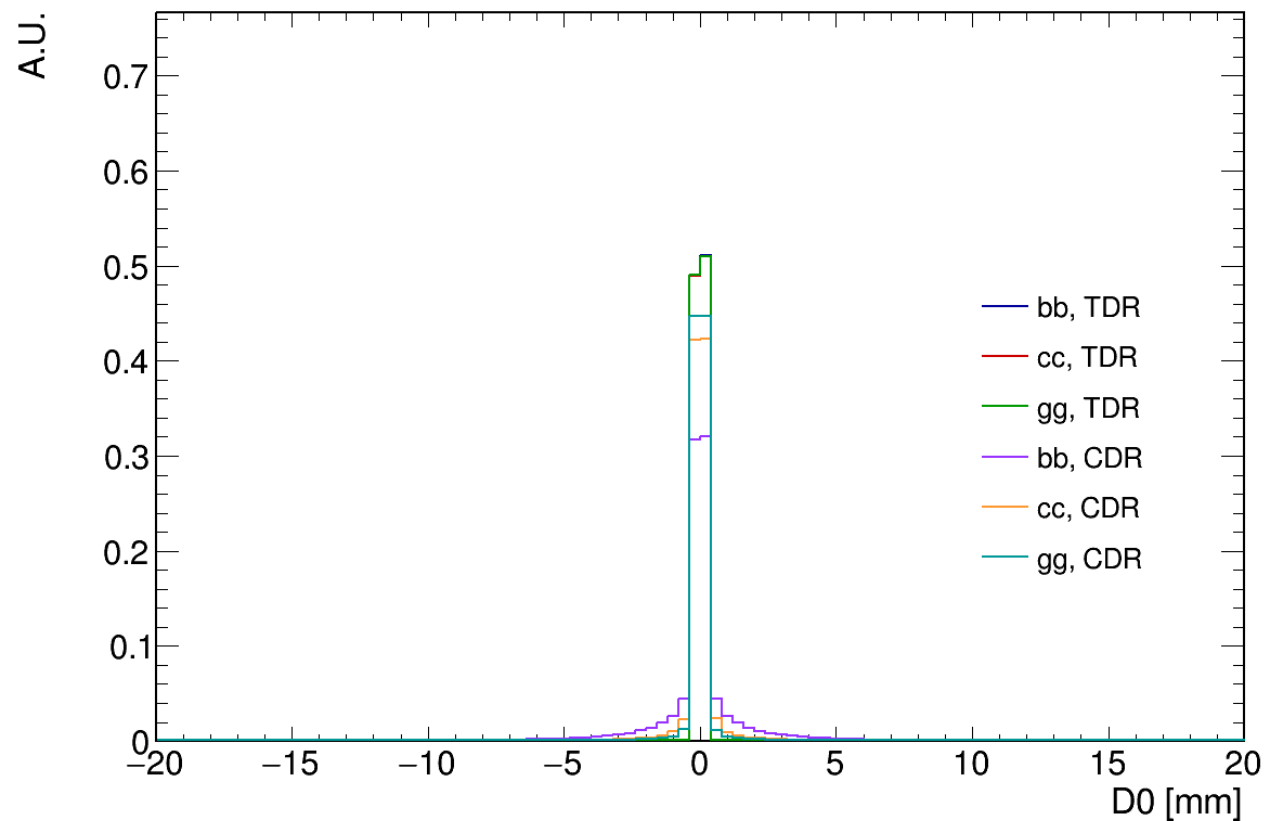
Argument on feature engineering d_0 and $\log(d_0)$:



- The goal is to make the learning task easier for the optimizer;
- By pre-computing a non-linear basis, the model now learns an easy linear combination instead of a hard logarithmic function.
- Possibly: linear d_0 information lost in $\tanh()$ normalization ($\tanh(9)=1$ in float), while $\log(d_0)$ complete it;
- Standard Practice in CS:
 - ResNet, core idea: $F(x)-x$ magic;
 - Positional Encodings: The " $\sin(\text{pos})$ " trick give the information model already knows;
- Would try a new training to test its impact.

D0 distribution

Both TDR/CDR full simulation has similar D0/Z0 performance.
And showing patterns in both D0 and $\log(D0)$ distribution.



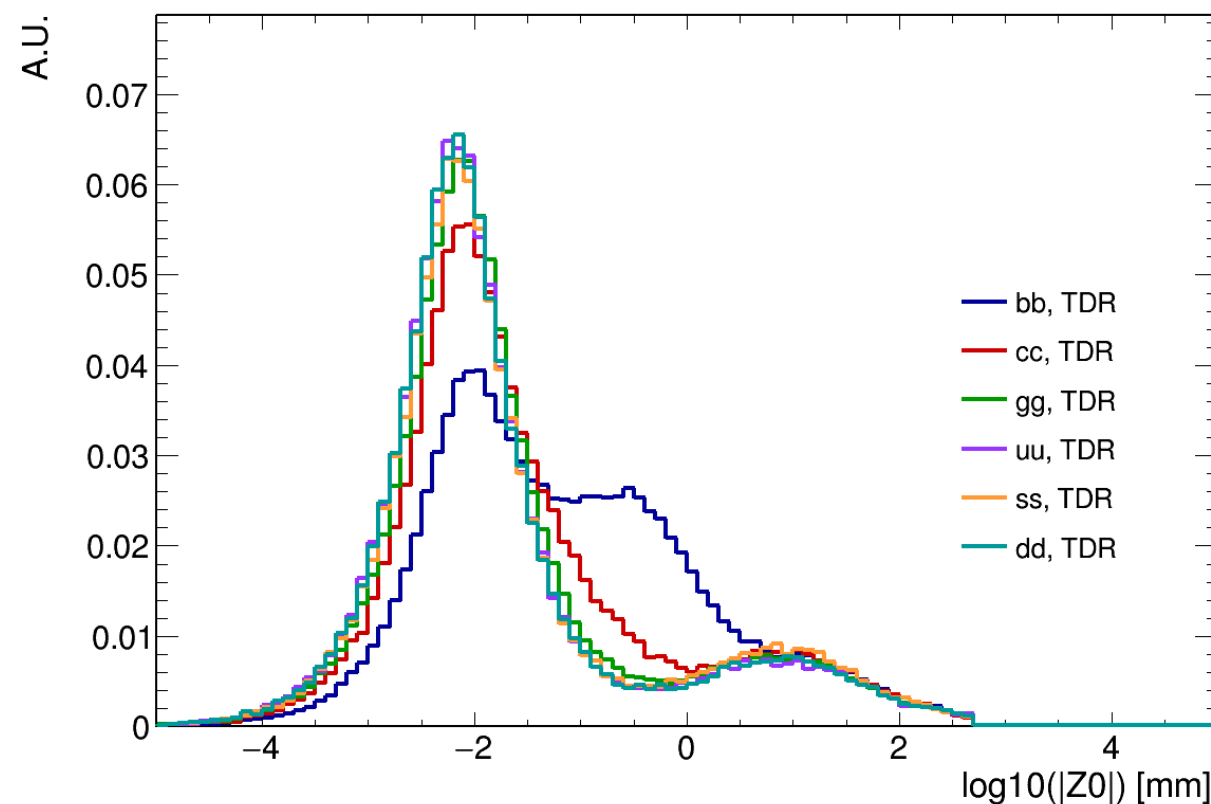
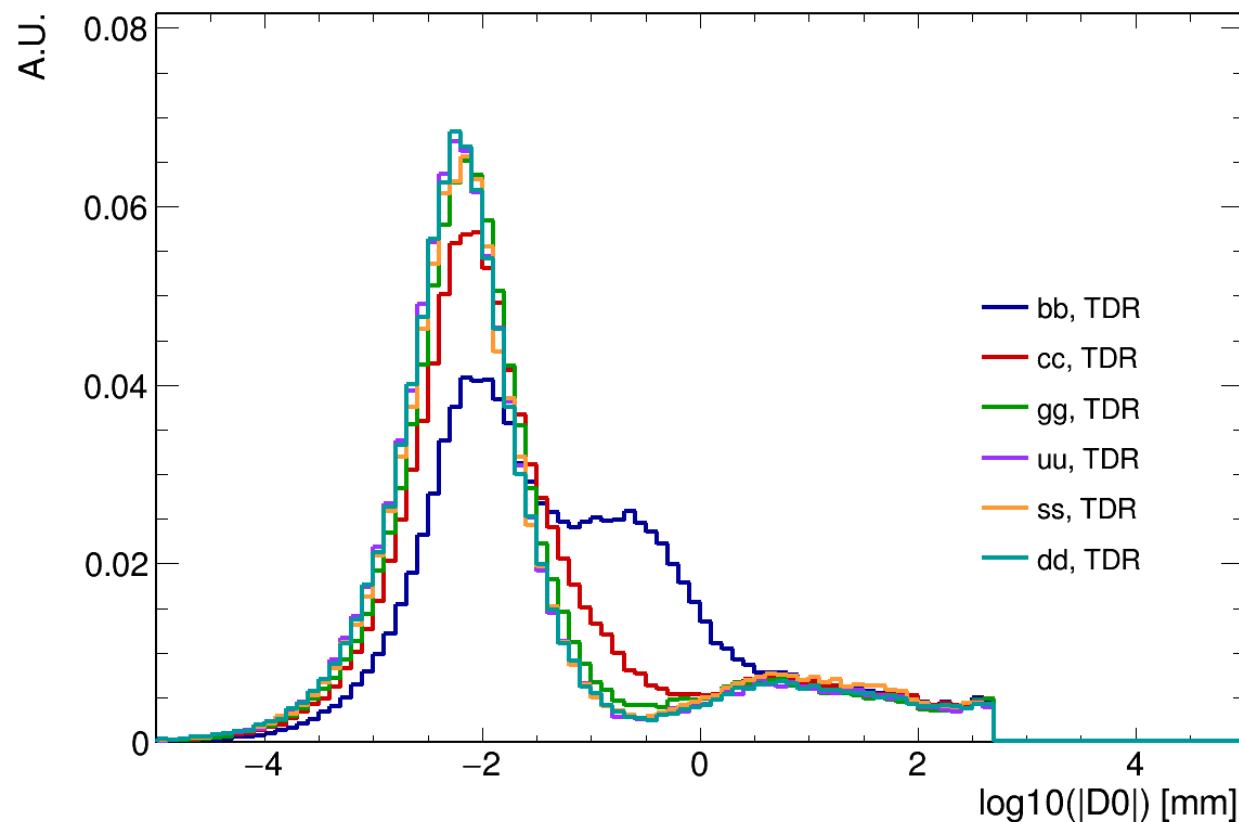
Log10(d0) pattern

In D0 and Z0 plot, 3 pattern can be seen:

IP(Primary Vertex), while track in jet $E \sim 1\text{GeV}$, the $d0/z0$ precision $\sim 5\mu\text{m}$. ($-2.5 \sim 3\mu\text{m}$)

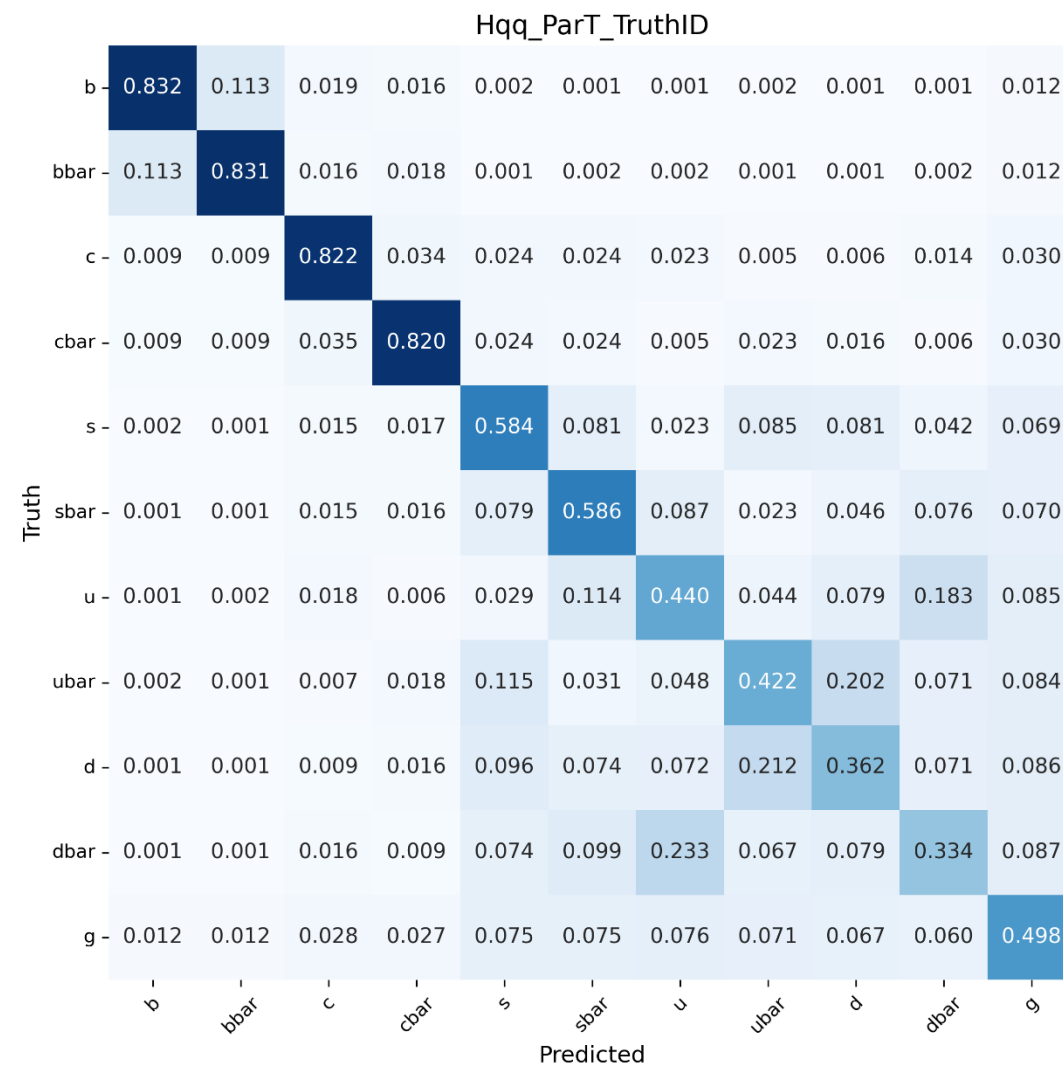
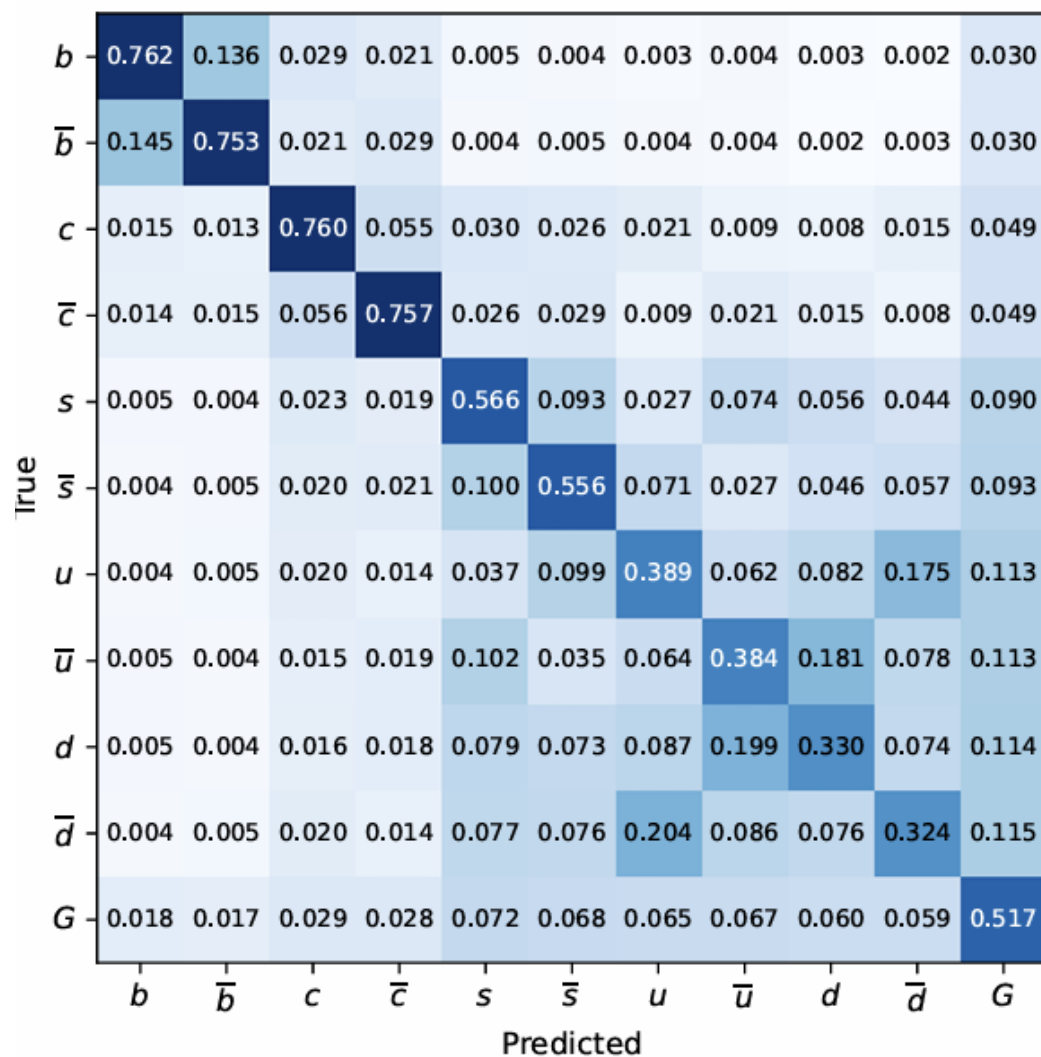
Secondary/Thirdary Vertex(From b decay. Length $\sim 100\mu\text{m}$.)

and Long-Live Decay Vertex(From Kshort, Lambda....., length $\sim \text{cm}$.)



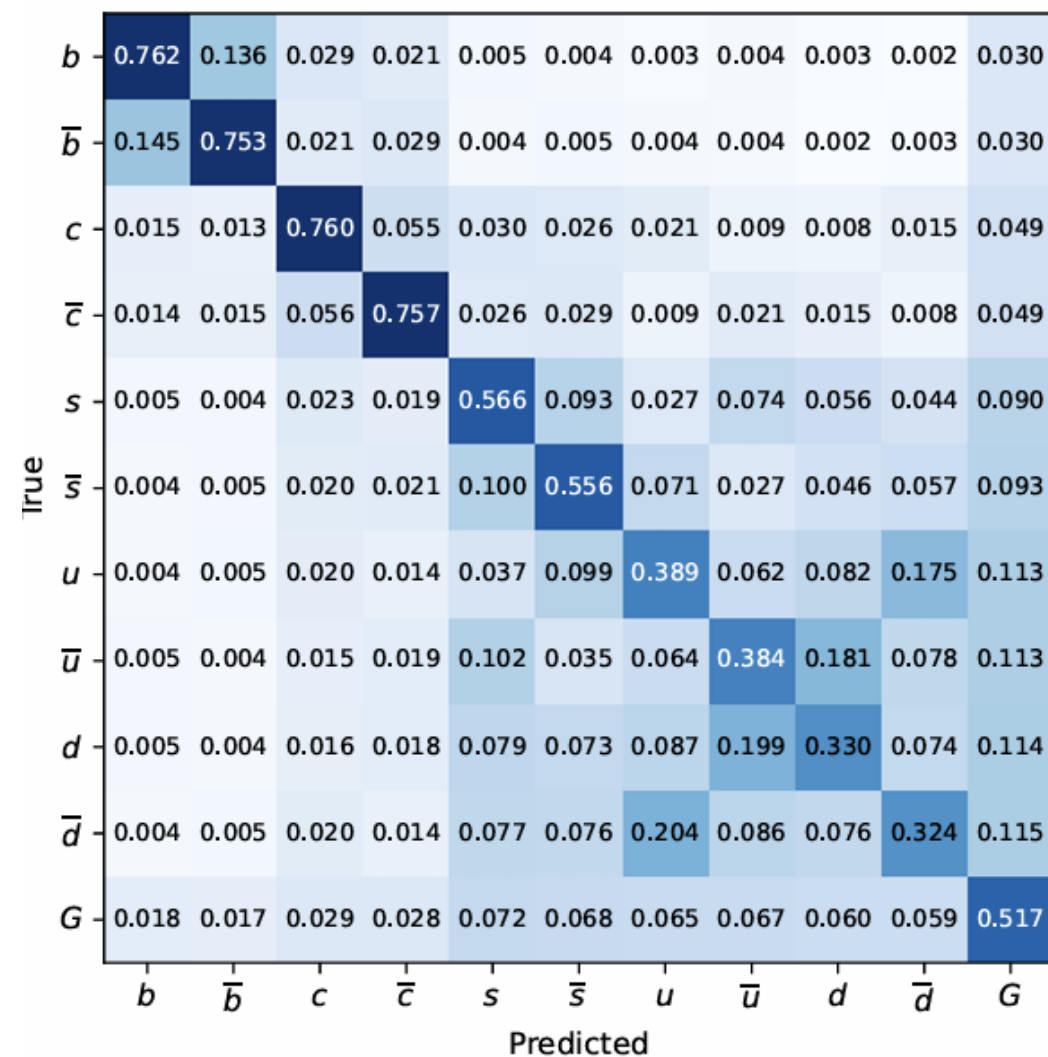
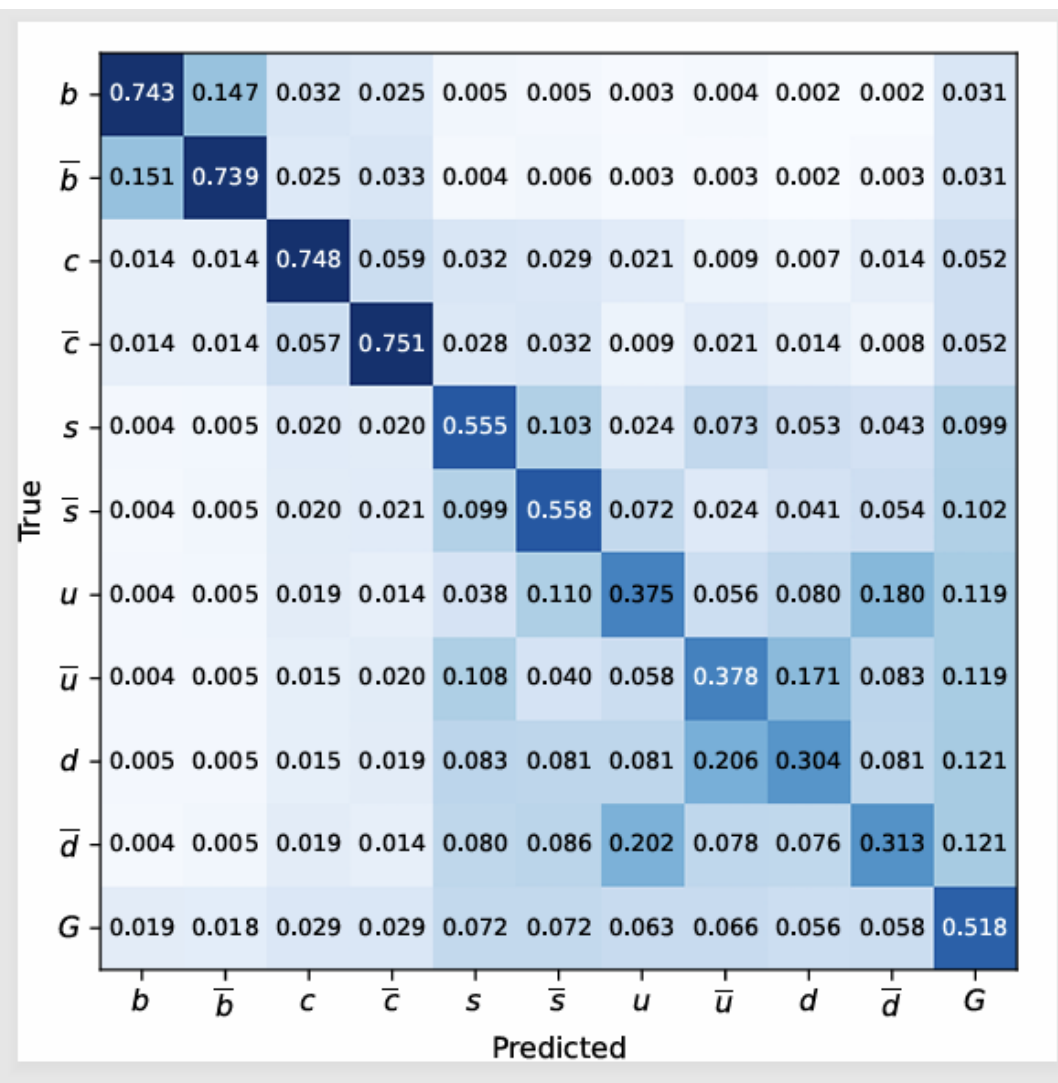
Fast/Full discrepancy

TDR truthID, fast(left)/full(right) JOI.
Fast overall worse, esp. for b eff.



PN/ParT difference

By PN to ParT we have 2% upgrade in Fast, 5% in Full.



Fast simulation:

Current fast simulation with overall worse performance including BMR, diphoton resolution and so on.
Under check.

