

Energy correlator and jet substructure experimental progress

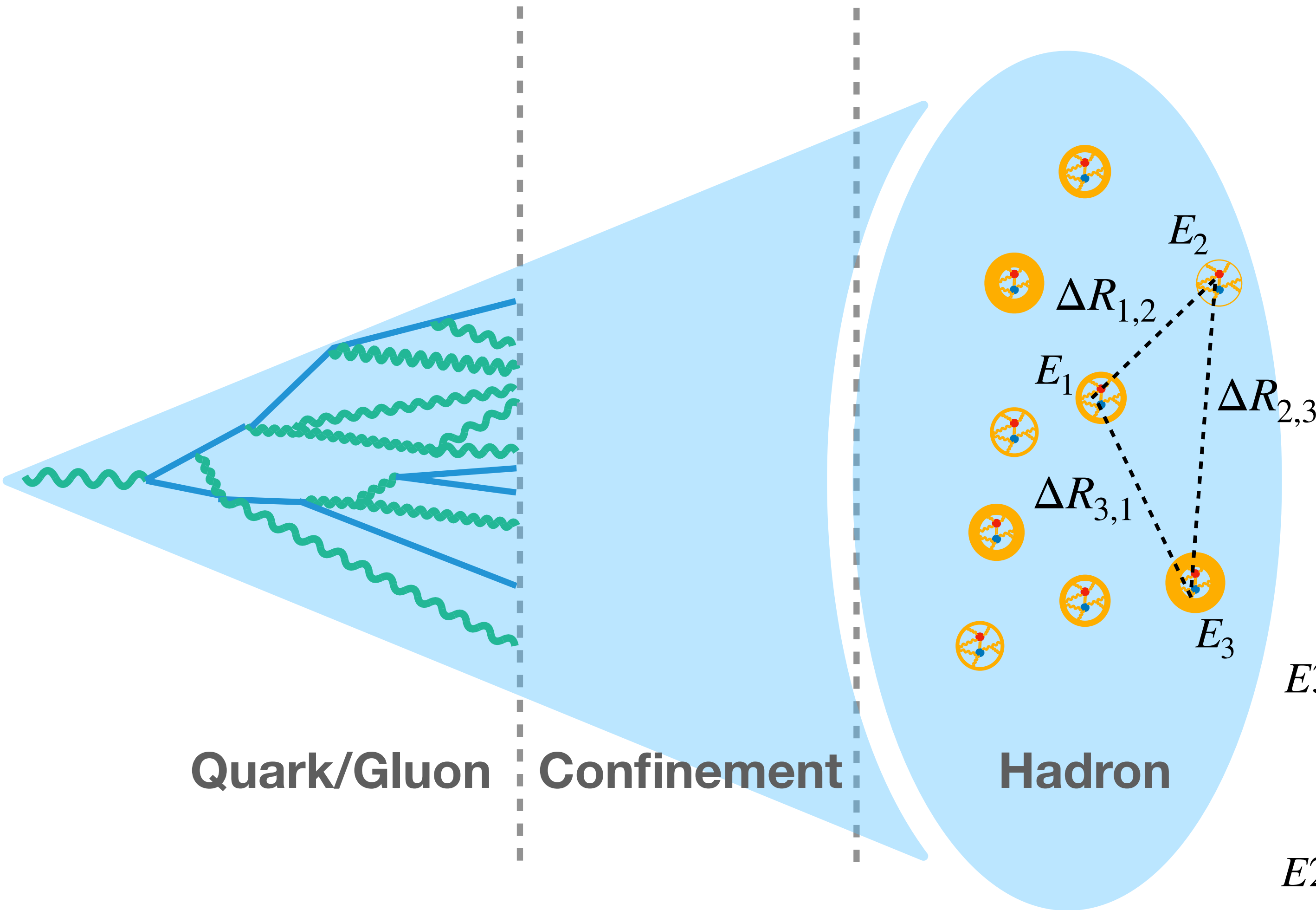
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TeV物理前沿专题研讨会暨第31届LHC Mini-Workshop

Energy correlators in jets: E2C & E3C

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$$E3C = \frac{d\sigma^{[3]}}{dx_L} = \sum_{i,j,k} \int d\sigma \frac{E_i E_j E_k}{E^3} \delta(x_L - \max(\Delta R_{i,j}, \Delta R_{i,k}, \Delta R_{j,k}))$$

$$E2C = \frac{d\sigma^{[2]}}{dx_L} = \sum_{i,j} \int d\sigma \frac{E_i E_j}{E^2} \delta(x_L - \Delta R_{i,j})$$

$\frac{E_1 E_2 E_3}{E^3}$

x_L

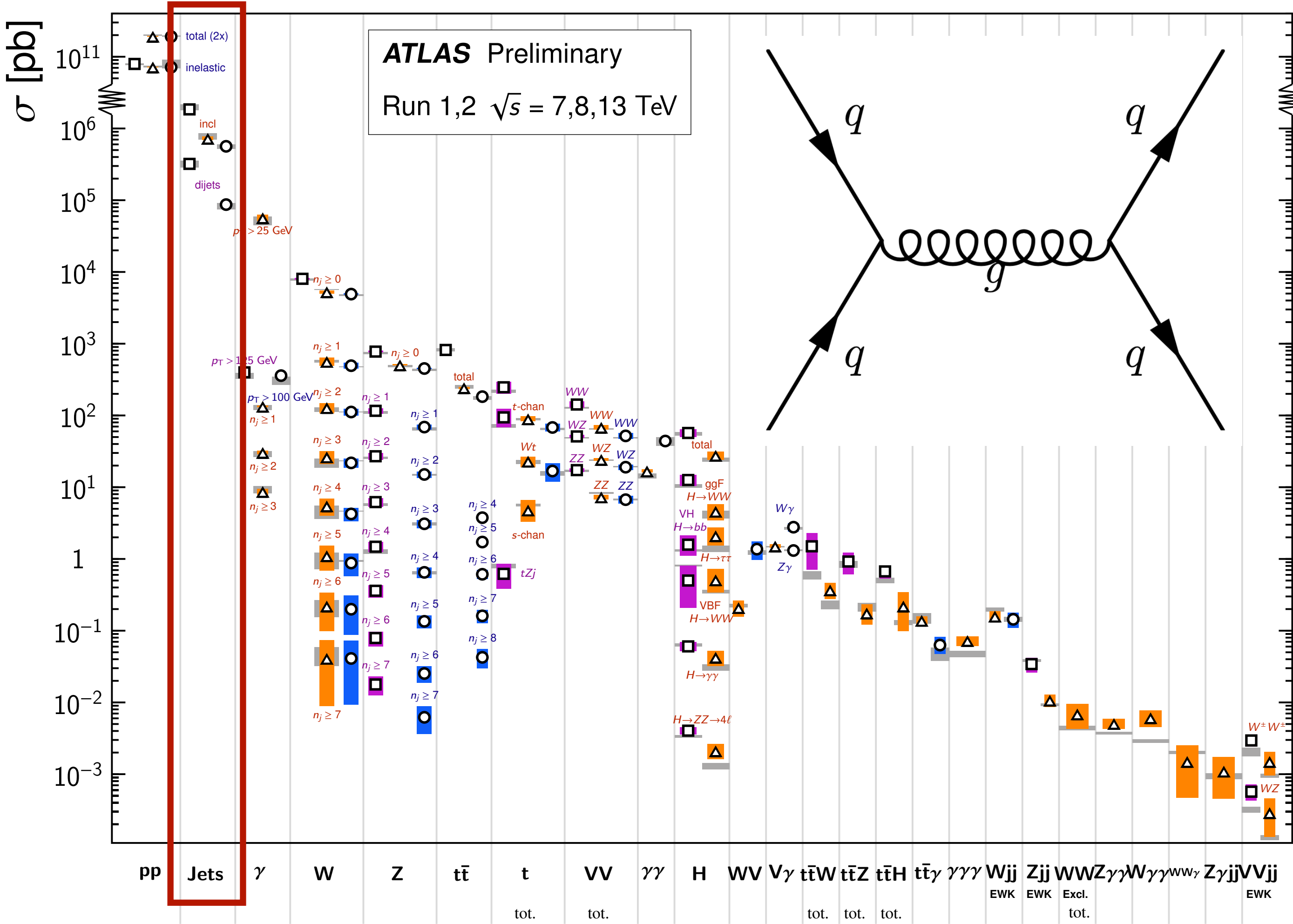
$\Delta R_{2,3}$

Jet substructure observable, sensitive to jet formation

Measurement in nutshell

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: July 2018



Dijet events in central region $|\eta| < 2.1$

- Large cross section

anti-kT with $R = 0.4$

Probe energy scale dependency

- $8 p_T^{jet}$ region in 97 ~ 1784 GeV

Neutral & charged & photon with $p_T > 1$ GeV

- All particles included

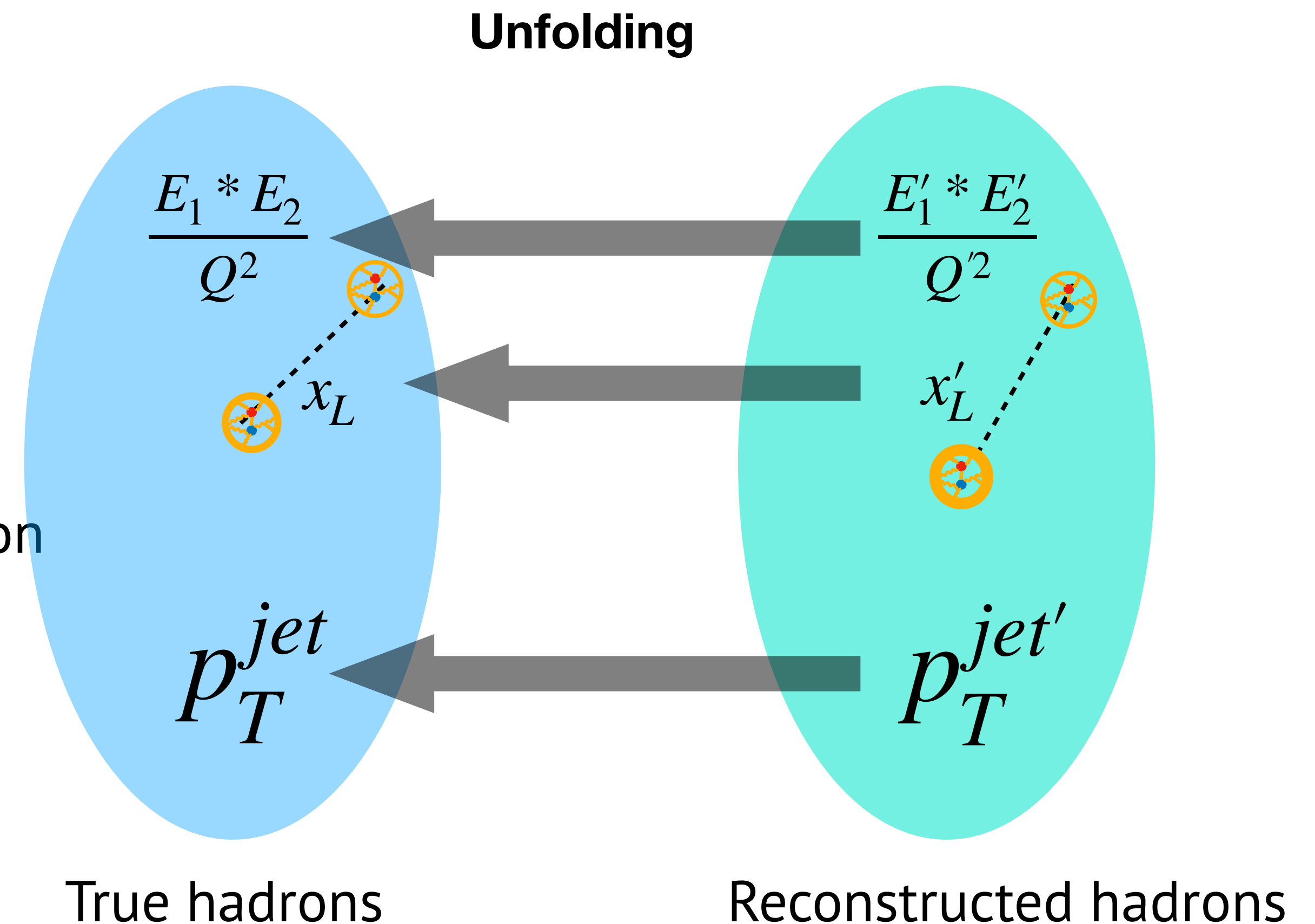
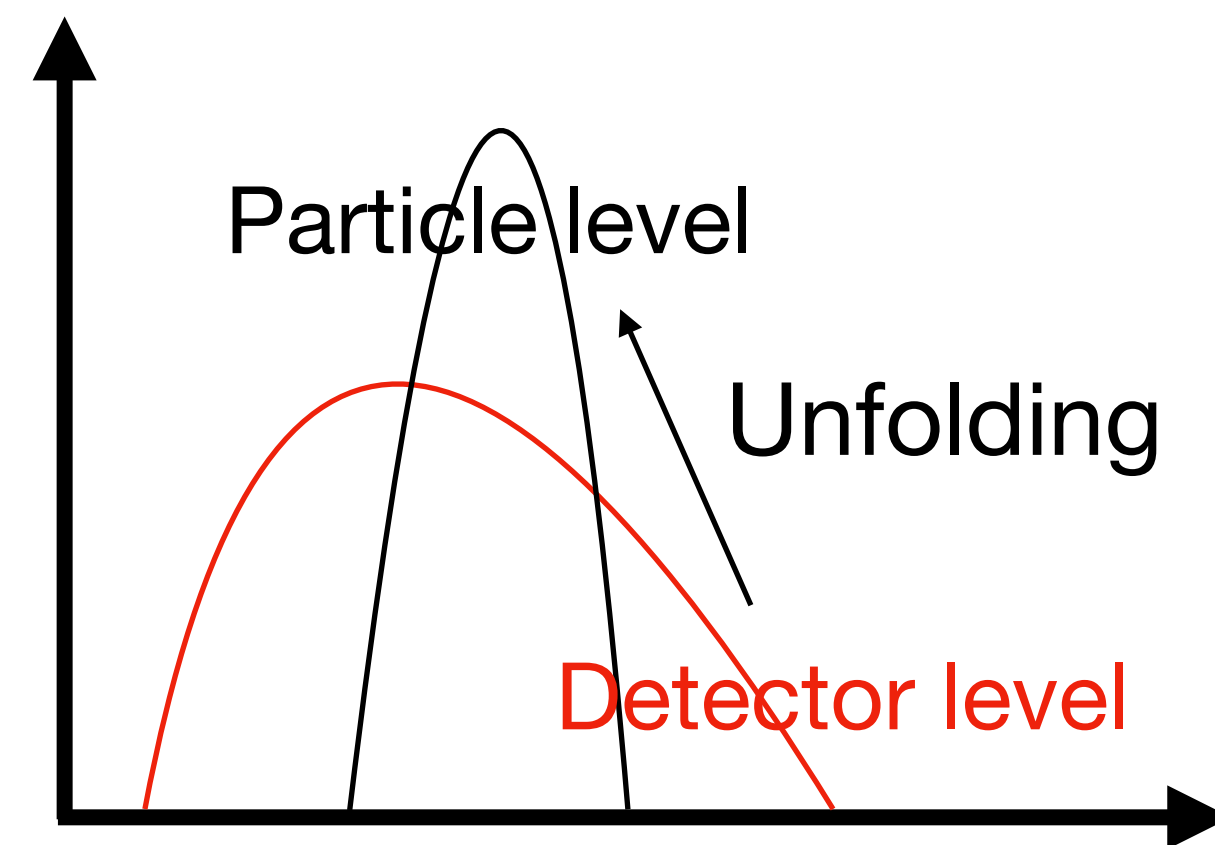
Extra experimental steps: unfolding

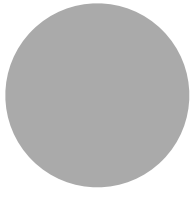
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Unfolding: detector hadron $\rightarrow$ true hadron

Unfold jet constituents:

- p_T^{jet}, x_L and energy weight, 3D unfolding
- $10 * 22 * 20 = 4400$ bins
- 4400×4400 migration matrix and regularization





Backup

