

Planck-Scale Effects on Nucleon Decay in Minimal SUSY SU(5)

Based on John Ellis, Jason L. Evans, Shihwen Hor, Natsumi Nagata, and Keith A. Olive,
arXiv:2603.22418 [hep-ph].

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@ The 3rd Workshop on Grand Unified Theories, April 10, 2026.

Outline

- ★ 1. Introduction
- ★ 2. SUSY SU(5) with Planck-suppressed operators
- ★ 3. Proton decay
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1. Introduction

Minimal SUSY SU(5)

$$\Psi_i = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & u_{i3}^c & -u_{i2}^c & u_i^1 & d_i^1 \\ -u_{i3}^c & 0 & u_{i1}^c & u_i^2 & d_i^2 \\ u_{i2}^c & -u_{i1}^c & 0 & u_i^3 & d_i^3 \\ -u_i^1 & -u_i^2 & -u_i^3 & 0 & e_i^c \\ -d_i^1 & -d_i^2 & -d_i^3 & -e_i^c & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi_i = \begin{pmatrix} d_{i1}^c \\ d_{i2}^c \\ d_{i3}^c \\ e_i \\ -\nu_i \end{pmatrix}, \quad l_i^c = (\nu_i^c)$$

★ $SU(5) \rightarrow SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$

★ Broken by $\Sigma = 24$

★ $10 \rightarrow (\bar{3}, 1)_{-2/3} + (3, 2)_{+1/6} + (1, 1)_{+1}$

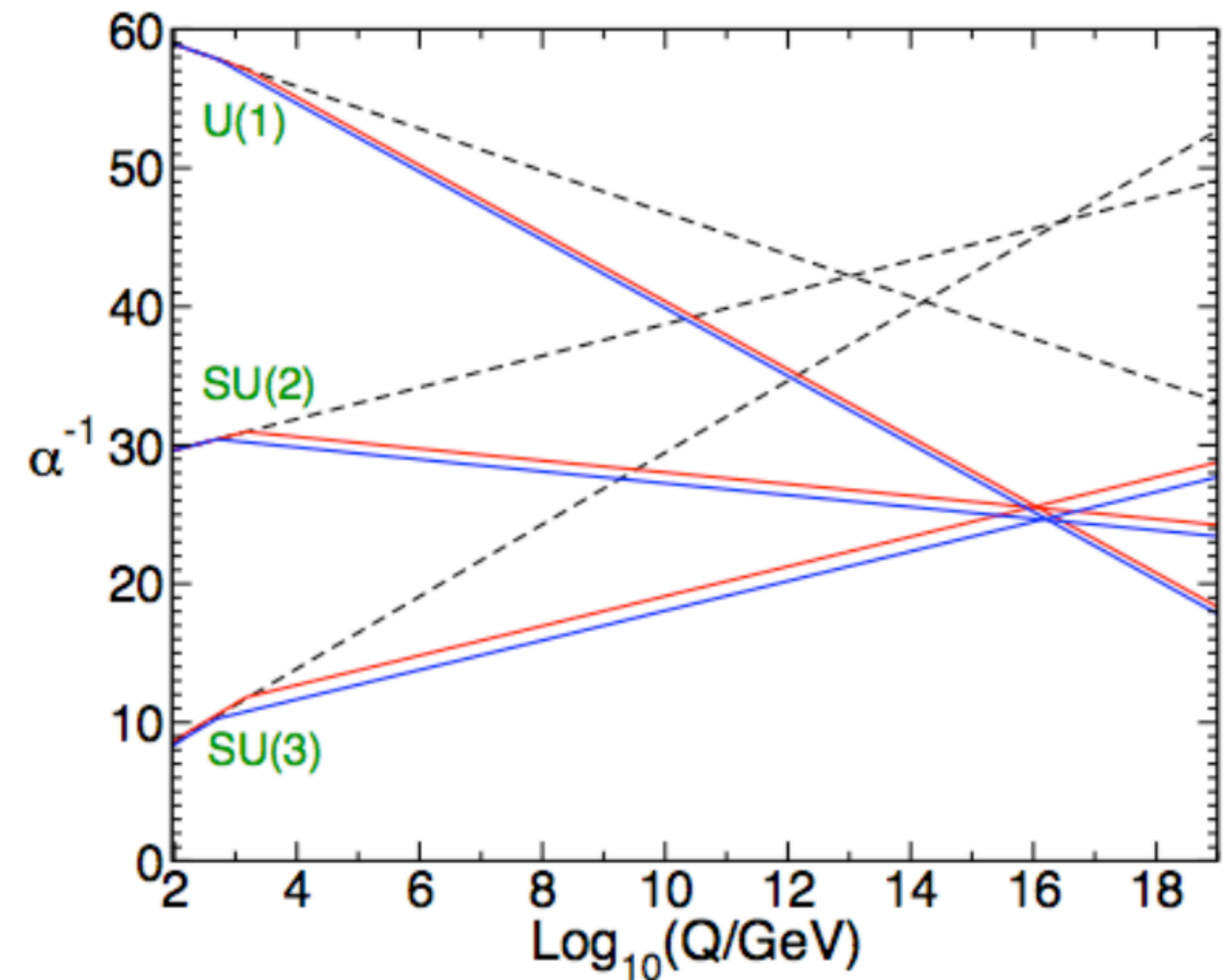
★ $\bar{5} \rightarrow (\bar{3}, 1)_{+1/3} + (1, 2)_{-1/2}$

★ Hypercharge

Q_i	u_i^c	d_i^c	L_i	e_i^c
$(3, 2)_{+1/6}$	$(\bar{3}, 1)_{-2/3}$	$(\bar{3}, 1)_{+1/3}$	$(1, 2)_{-1/2}$	$(1, 1)_{+1}$

Minimal SUSY SU(5)

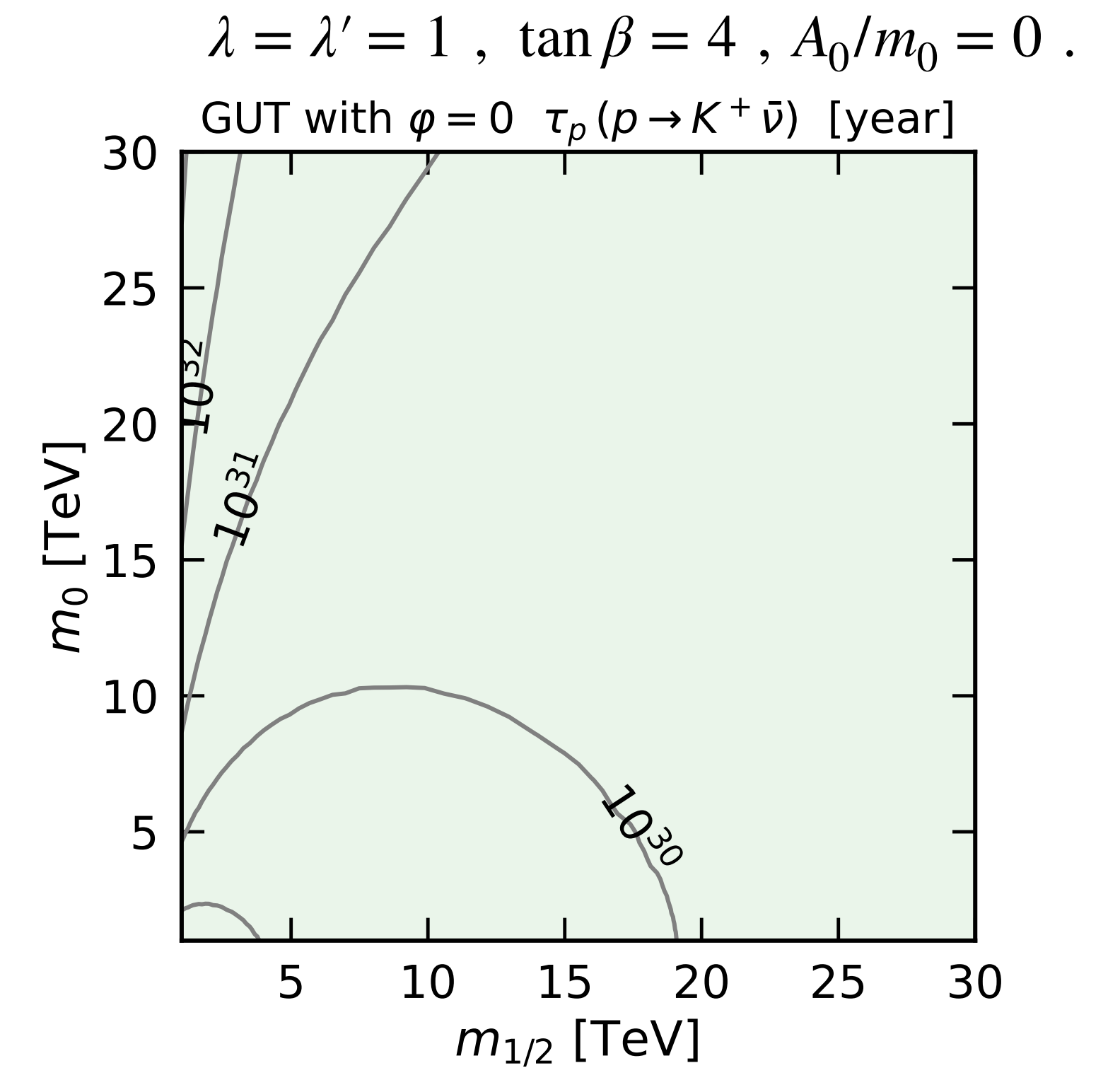
- ★ Unification of quarks and leptons
- ★ Coupling unification
 - ★ $g_1(M_{\text{GUT}}) = g_2(M_{\text{GUT}}) = g_3(M_{\text{GUT}})$
- ★ Charge quantization
- ★ Anomaly cancelation
- ★ Proton decay



[S. P. Martin, A Supersymmetry primer. (1997)]

Proton decay

- ★ Dimension-5 proton decay
 - ★ $p \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}$ (mediated by triplet Higgs)
- ★ Dimension-6 proton decay
 - ★ $p \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+$ (mediated by SU(5) gauge boson)
- ★ Without tuning, minimal SUSY SU(5) with $\mathcal{O}(10 \text{ TeV})$ CMSSM is mostly ruled out.



Decay Mode	Current [years]	HK sensitivity [years]
$p \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}$	6.6×10^{33} [37, 38]	3.2×10^{34} [2]
$p \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}$	3.5×10^{32} [39]	
$n \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}$	1.4×10^{33} [39]	
$p \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+$	2.4×10^{34} [40]	7.8×10^{34} [2]
$p \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+$	1.6×10^{34} [40]	7.7×10^{34} [2]
$p \rightarrow K^0 e^+$	1.0×10^{33} [41]	
$p \rightarrow K^0 \mu^+$	3.6×10^{33} [42]	

2. SUSY SU(5) with Planck-suppressed operators

The model

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} H_C^1 \\ H_C^2 \\ H_C^3 \\ H_u^+ \\ H_u^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \bar{H} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{H}_{C1} \\ \bar{H}_{C2} \\ \bar{H}_{C3} \\ H_d^- \\ -H_d^0 \end{pmatrix},$$

★ Superpotential of Higgs sector

$$W_{\text{eff}}^H = \frac{\mu_\Sigma \text{Tr}(\Sigma^2) + \frac{\lambda'}{6} \text{Tr}(\Sigma^3) + \frac{\kappa_1}{4M_P} \text{Tr}(\Sigma^4) + \frac{\kappa_2}{4M_P} (\text{Tr}(\Sigma^2))^2 + \mu_H H \bar{H} + \lambda H \Sigma \bar{H}}{1} + \frac{c_1}{M_P} H \Sigma^2 \bar{H} + \frac{c_2}{M_P} H \bar{H} \text{Tr}(\Sigma^2) + \frac{c_3}{M_P} (H \bar{H})^2 + \frac{c}{M_P} \text{Tr}(\Sigma \mathcal{W} \mathcal{W}) . \quad (1)$$

★ Kahler potential

$$\Delta K_{\text{eff}} = \frac{c_{\Sigma\Sigma}}{M_P} \text{Tr}(\Sigma^* \Sigma^2) + \frac{c_{\bar{H}\Sigma H}}{M_P} \bar{H} \Sigma^* H + \sum_{F=\Psi, \Phi, H, \bar{H}} \frac{c_{F\Sigma}}{M_P} F^* \Sigma F + \text{h.c.} . \quad (2)$$

★ Superpotential of Yukawa sector

$$W_{\text{eff}}^{\Delta h} = \frac{(h_{10})_{ij} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\zeta} \Psi_i^{\alpha\beta} \Psi_j^{\gamma\delta} H^\zeta + (h_{\bar{5}})_{ij} \Psi_i^{\alpha\beta} \Phi_{j\alpha} \bar{H}_\beta}{1} + \frac{c_{\Delta h,1}^{ij} \Psi_i^{\alpha\beta} \Phi_{j\alpha} \Sigma^\gamma \bar{H}_\gamma + c_{\Delta h,2}^{ij} \Phi_{i\alpha} \Sigma^\alpha_\beta \Psi_j^{\beta\gamma} \bar{H}_\gamma}{M_P} + \frac{c_{\Delta h,3}^{ij} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\zeta} \Psi_i^{\alpha\beta} \Psi_j^{\gamma\xi} \Sigma^\delta_\xi H^\zeta + c_{\Delta h,4}^{ij} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\zeta} \Psi_i^{\alpha\beta} \Psi_j^{\gamma\delta} \Sigma^\zeta_\xi H^\xi}{4M_P} . \quad (3)$$

$\Psi \ni \{Q_i, \bar{U}_i, \bar{E}_i\}, \quad \Phi \ni \{\bar{D}_i, L_i\},$

The model

★ The soft SUSY-breaking terms $\mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}} = - (m_{10}^2)_{ij} \tilde{\psi}_i^* \tilde{\psi}_j - (m_{\bar{5}}^2)_{ij} \tilde{\phi}_i^* \tilde{\phi}_j - m_H^2 |H|^2 - m_{\bar{H}}^2 |\bar{H}|^2 - m_{\Sigma}^2 \text{Tr}(\Sigma^\dagger \Sigma)$

$$- \left[\frac{1}{2} M_5 \tilde{\lambda}^A \tilde{\lambda}^A + A_{10} (h_{10})_{ij} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\zeta} \tilde{\psi}_i^{\alpha\beta} \tilde{\psi}_j^{\gamma\delta} H^\zeta + A_{\bar{5}} (h_{\bar{5}})_{ij} \tilde{\psi}_i^{\alpha\beta} \tilde{\phi}_{j\alpha} \bar{H}_\beta \right.$$

$$+ \mu_\Sigma B_\Sigma \text{Tr}(\Sigma^2) + \frac{\lambda'}{6} A_{\lambda'} \text{Tr}(\Sigma^3) + \frac{\kappa_1}{4M_P} \text{Tr} A_1 (\Sigma^4)$$

$$\left. + \frac{\kappa_2}{4M_P} A_2 (\text{Tr}(\Sigma^2))^2 + \mu_H B_H \bar{H} H + \lambda A_\lambda H \Sigma \bar{H} + \text{h.c.} \right],$$

★ Symmetry breaking: $SU(5) \rightarrow SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$

★ $\langle \Sigma \rangle = (V + F_\Sigma \theta^2) \text{diag}(2, 2, 2, -3, -3)$.

$$v_0 = \frac{1}{4} \frac{\lambda' M_P \pm \sqrt{\lambda'^2 M_P^2 - 32\kappa M_P \mu_\Sigma}}{\kappa}$$

$$\simeq \frac{4\mu_\Sigma}{\lambda'} + \frac{32\kappa\mu_\Sigma^2}{\lambda'^3 M_P}, \quad \frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda' M_P}{\kappa} - \frac{4\mu_\Sigma}{\lambda'} - \frac{32\kappa\mu_\Sigma^2}{\lambda'^3 M_P}, \quad (10)$$

$$v_1 = 2 \frac{\lambda'(A_{\lambda'} - B_\Sigma) - 2(7\kappa_1(A_1 - B_\Sigma) + 30\kappa_2(A_2 - B_\Sigma)) R}{(\lambda' - 4\kappa R)^2}, \quad (11)$$

$$v_2 = -4 \frac{m_\Sigma^2}{v_0 (\lambda' - 4\kappa R)^2} + 2 \frac{\lambda' A_{\lambda'} - 4(7\kappa_1 A_1 + 30\kappa_2 A_2) R v_1}{(\lambda' - 4\kappa R)^2} \frac{v_1}{v_0} - 2 \frac{\lambda' - 7\kappa R v_1^2}{\lambda' - 4\kappa R v_0}, \quad (12)$$

$$\kappa = 7\kappa_1 + 30\kappa_2, \quad R = \frac{v_0}{M_P},$$

Mass spectrum

- ★ Masses for the adjoint components

$$\star M_{\Sigma_3} = \frac{5}{2}\lambda'V - 20\frac{\kappa_1 V^2}{M_P},$$

$$\star M_{\Sigma_8} = \frac{5}{2}\lambda'V + 5\frac{\kappa_1 V^2}{M_P},$$

$$\star M_{\Sigma_1} = \frac{1}{2}\lambda'V - 2\frac{\kappa V^2}{M_P},$$

- ★ Masses of gauge bosons and color triplet Higgs

$$\star M_X = 5g_5V,$$

$$\star M_{H_C} = \mu_H + 2\lambda V + \frac{(4c_1 + 30c_2)}{M_P}V^2 = 5\lambda V - \frac{5c_1}{M_P}V^2,$$

Matching conditions

- ★ The gauge coupling matching conditions

$$\star \frac{3}{g_2^2(Q)} - \frac{2}{g_3^2(Q)} - \frac{1}{g_1^2(Q)} = -\frac{3}{10\pi^2} \ln \left(\frac{QM_{\Sigma_3}^{\frac{5}{2}}}{M_{H_C} M_{\Sigma_8}^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) - \frac{96cV}{M_P}$$

$$\star \frac{5}{g_1^2(Q)} - \frac{3}{g_2^2(Q)} - \frac{2}{g_3^2(Q)} = -\frac{3}{4\pi^2} \ln \left(\frac{Q^6}{M_X^4 M_{\Sigma_3} M_{\Sigma_8}} \right),$$

$$\star \frac{5}{g_1^2(Q)} + \frac{3}{g_2^2(Q)} - \frac{2}{g_3^2(Q)} = -\frac{15}{2\pi^2} \ln \left(\frac{Q}{M_X} \right) + \frac{6}{g_5^2(Q)} - \frac{144cV}{M_P}$$

- ★ $M_G \equiv (M_X^4 M_{\Sigma_3} M_{\Sigma_8})^{1/6}$ is determined by gauge coupling

- ★ To determine V with $(g_5, \lambda, \lambda', \kappa_1)$

Yukawa sector

★ MSSM Yukawa term

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{\text{Yukawa}} = & f_{u_{ij}} (Q_i^a \cdot H_u) \bar{U}_{ja} - f_{d_{ij}} (Q_i^a \cdot H_d) \bar{D}_{ja} - f_{e_{ij}} \bar{E}_i (L_j \cdot H_d) \\
 & - \frac{1}{2} f_{Q_i Q_j} (Q_i^a \cdot Q_j^b) H_C^c + f_{Q_i L_j} (Q_i^a \cdot L_j) \bar{H}_{Ca} \\
 & + f_{U_i E_j} \bar{U}_{ia} \bar{E}_j H_C^a - f_{U_i D_j} \epsilon^{abc} \bar{U}_{ia} \bar{D}_{jb} \bar{H}_{Cc} .
 \end{aligned} \tag{37}$$

★ Yukawa coupling matching

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{u_{ij}} &= 4(h_{10})_{ij} - 3c_{\Delta h,4}^{ij,S} R + \frac{1}{4} \left[3c_{\Delta h,3}^{ij,S} + 5c_{\Delta h,3}^{ij,A} \right] R , & \sqrt{2} f_{d_{ij}} &= (h_{\bar{5}})_{ij} - 3c_{\Delta h,1}^{ij} R + 2c_{\Delta h,2}^{ij} R , \\
 f_{Q_i Q_j} &= 4(h_{10})_{ij} + 4c_{\Delta h,4}^{ij,S} R - \frac{1}{4} c_{\Delta h,3}^{ij,S} R , & \sqrt{2} f_{e_{ij}} &= (h_{\bar{5}})_{ij} - 3c_{\Delta h,1}^{ij} R - 3c_{\Delta h,2}^{ij} R , \\
 f_{U_i E_j} &= 4(h_{10})_{ij} + 2c_{\Delta h,4}^{ij,S} R - \frac{1}{2} \left[c_{\Delta h,3}^{ij,S} + 5c_{\Delta h,3}^{ij,A} \right] R , & \sqrt{2} f_{Q_i L_j} &= (h_{\bar{5}})_{ij} + 2c_{\Delta h,1}^{ij} R - 3c_{\Delta h,2}^{ij} R , \\
 & & \sqrt{2} f_{U_i D_j} &= (h_{\bar{5}})_{ij} + 2c_{\Delta h,1}^{ij} R + 2c_{\Delta h,2}^{ij} R ,
 \end{aligned}$$

★ Lepton and down-type quark Yukawa splitting $\sqrt{2} (f_{d_{ij}} - f_{e_{ij}}) = 5c_{\Delta h,2}^{ij} R$.

3. Proton decay

Color Higgs Yukawa

★ Fields $\Psi \ni \{Q_i, e^{-i\varphi_i}\bar{U}_i, V_{ij}\bar{E}_j\}$, $\Phi \ni \{\bar{D}_i, L_i\}$,

★ Color Higgs Yukawa expressed in terms of MSSM Yukawa

★ Up-type Yukawa

$$★ f_{QQ,i} = f_{u,i} + 7(c_{\Delta h,4})_i R - (c_{\Delta h,3})_i R ,$$

$$★ f_{UE,i} = f_{u,i} + 5(c_{\Delta h,4})_i R - \frac{5}{4}(c_{\Delta h,3})_i R ,$$

If we allow $(c_{\Delta h,3})_i$, $(c_{\Delta h,4})_i$ to be large,
both $f_{QQ,i}$ and $f_{UE,i}$ are free parameters

★ Lepton and down type Yukawa

$$★ f_{QL,i} = f_{e,i} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}(c_{\Delta h,1})_i R ,$$

$$★ f_{UD,i} = f_{d,i} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}(c_{\Delta h,1})_i R .$$

$f_{QL,i}$ and $f_{UD,i}$ are related.

Proton decay

★ Dimension-5 proton decay $\mathcal{L}_5^{\text{eff}} = C_{5L}^{ijkl} \mathcal{O}_{ijkl}^{5L} + C_{5R}^{ijkl} \mathcal{O}_{ijkl}^{5R} + \text{h.c.},$

★ $\mathcal{O}_{ijkl}^{5L} = \int d^2\theta \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{abc} \epsilon_{mn} \epsilon_{pq} Q_i^{am} Q_j^{bn} Q_k^{cp} L_l^q,$

★ $\mathcal{O}_{ijkl}^{5R} = \int d^2\theta \epsilon^{abc} (\bar{U}_i)_a \bar{E}_j (\bar{U}_k)_b (\bar{D}_l)_c,$

★ At the SUSY-breaking scale: **wino-exchange process** & **higgsino-exchange process**

$$C_i^{\tilde{H}}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) = \frac{f_t f_\tau}{(4\pi)^2} C_{5R}^{*331i}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) F(\mu, m_{\tilde{t}_R}^2, m_{\tilde{\tau}_R}^2),$$

$$C_{jk}^{\tilde{W}}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) = \frac{\alpha_2}{4\pi} C_{5L}^{jj1k}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) [F(M_2, m_{\tilde{Q}_1}^2, m_{\tilde{Q}_j}^2) + F(M_2, m_{\tilde{Q}_j}^2, m_{\tilde{L}_k}^2)],$$

$$\bar{C}_{jk}^{\tilde{W}}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) = -\frac{3}{2} \frac{\alpha_2}{4\pi} C_{5L}^{jj1k}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) [F(M_2, m_{\tilde{Q}_j}^2, m_{\tilde{Q}_j}^2) + F(M_2, m_{\tilde{Q}_1}^2, m_{\tilde{L}_k}^2)],$$

★ Wilson coefficients

★ $C_{5R}^{331i} = \frac{1}{M_{H_C}} (f_{UE})_3 V^{33} (V^*)^{1i} (f_{UD})_{i=1,2} e^{-i\varphi_1},$ $(f_{UE})_3$ and $(f_{QQ})_3$ are big (top Yukawa)

★ $C_{5L}^{jj1k} = \frac{1}{M_{H_C}} (f_{QQ})_{j=2,3} e^{i\varphi_j} (V^*)^{1k} (f_{QL})_{k=1,2,3}.$ Wino-exchange process usually gives the dominant contribution
Suppression of f_{QL}

4. Results

Proton decay and SU(5) breaking

Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.5 \text{ TeV}$	$m_0 = 27.9 \text{ TeV}$	$A_0/m_0 = 0$	$\tan \beta = 4$
$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda' = 1$		
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)			
$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.818$	$M_{H_C} = 1.322$	$M_{\Sigma} = 0.661$	$M_X = 0.906$
Observables			
$\Omega_\chi h^2 = 0.096$	$m_h = 122.9 \text{ GeV}$		

★ Limit (i): $\lambda' \neq 0, \kappa_1 = 0$

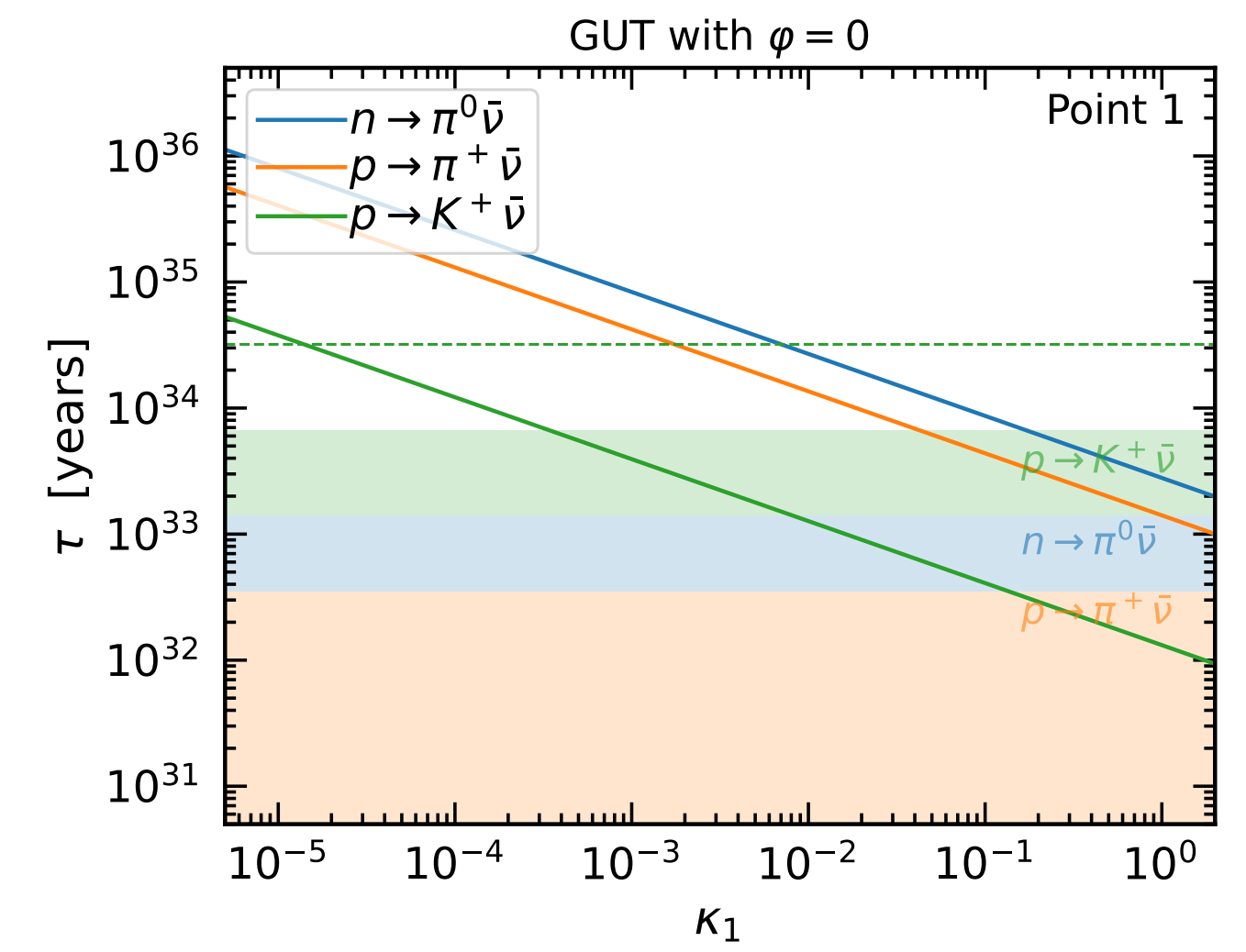
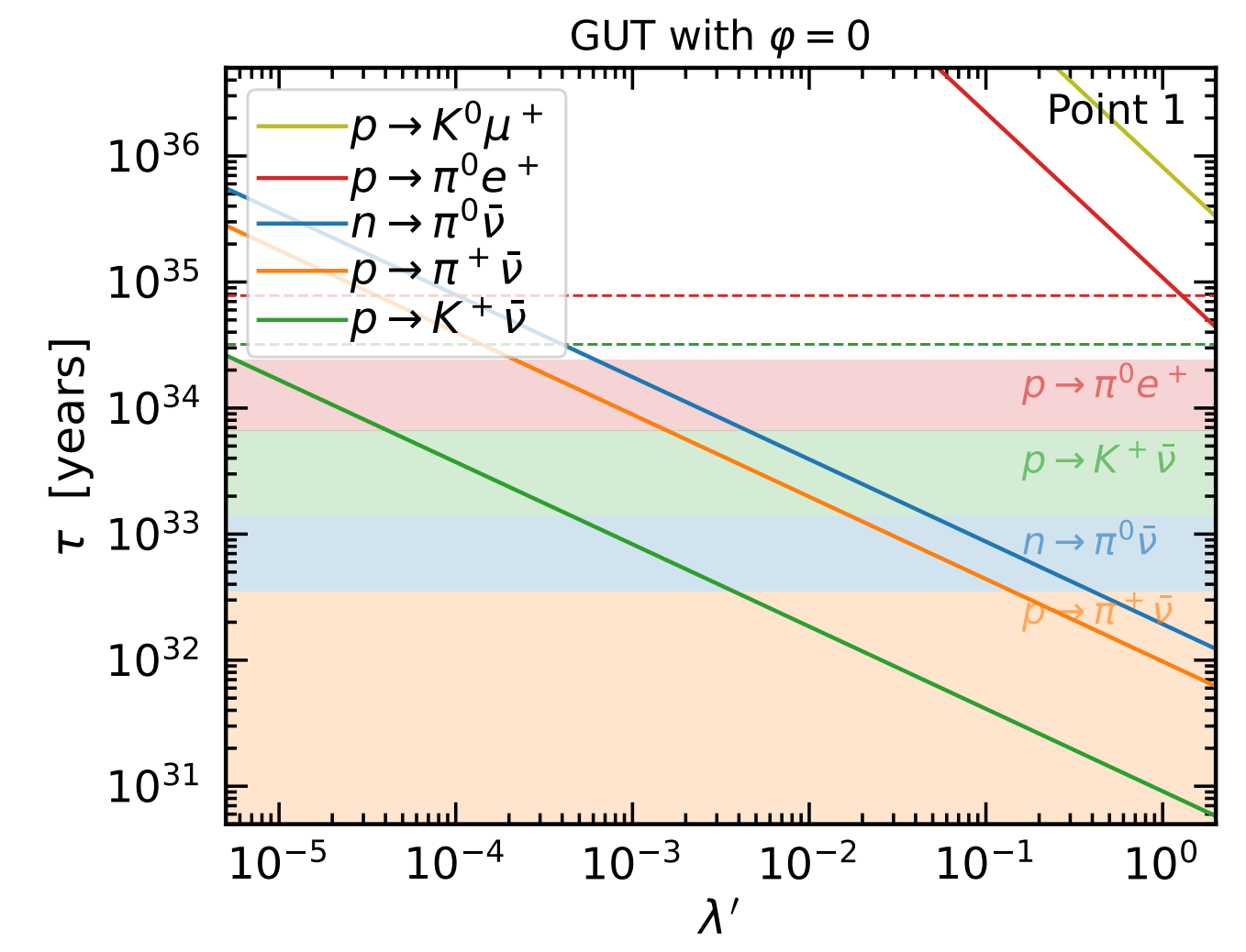
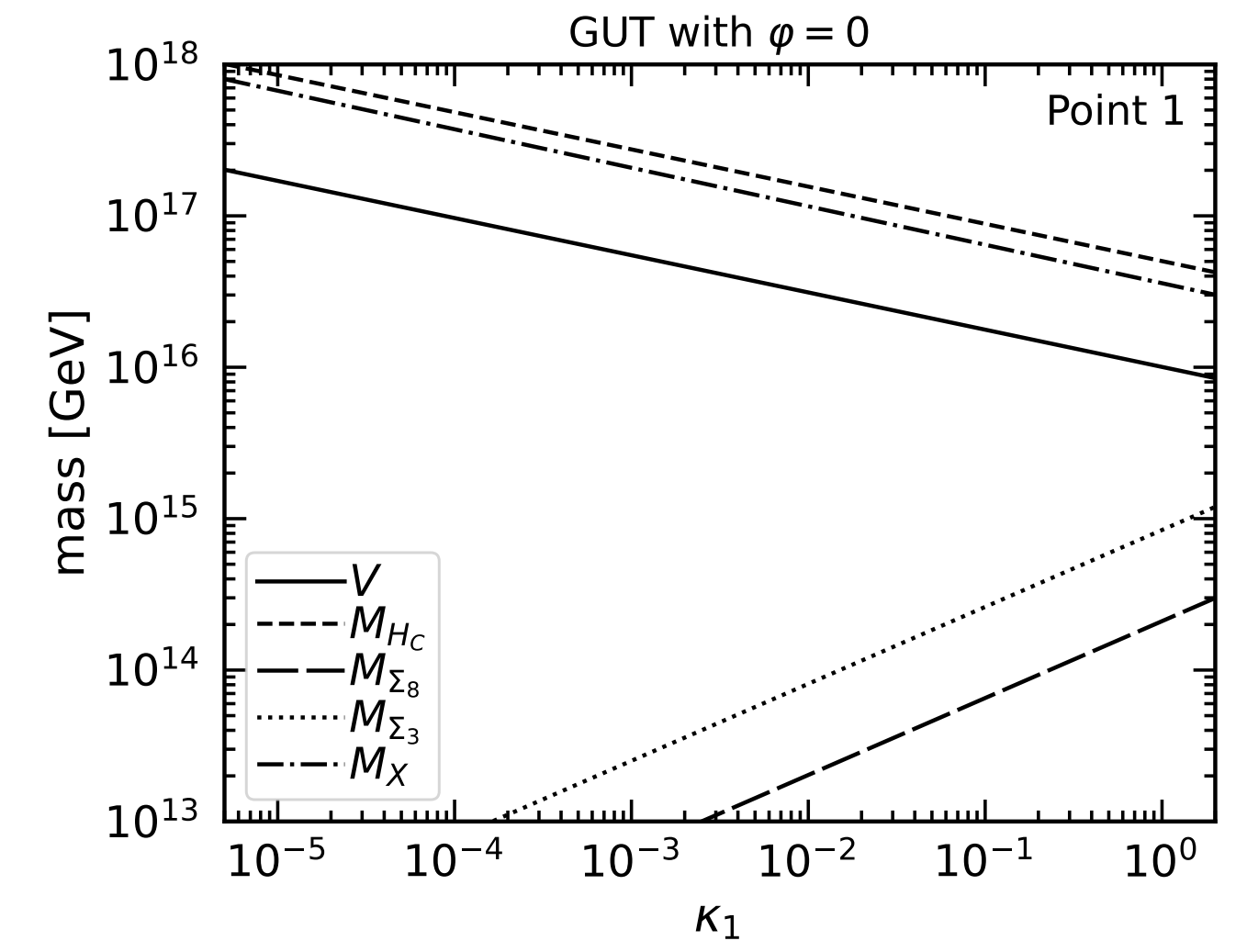
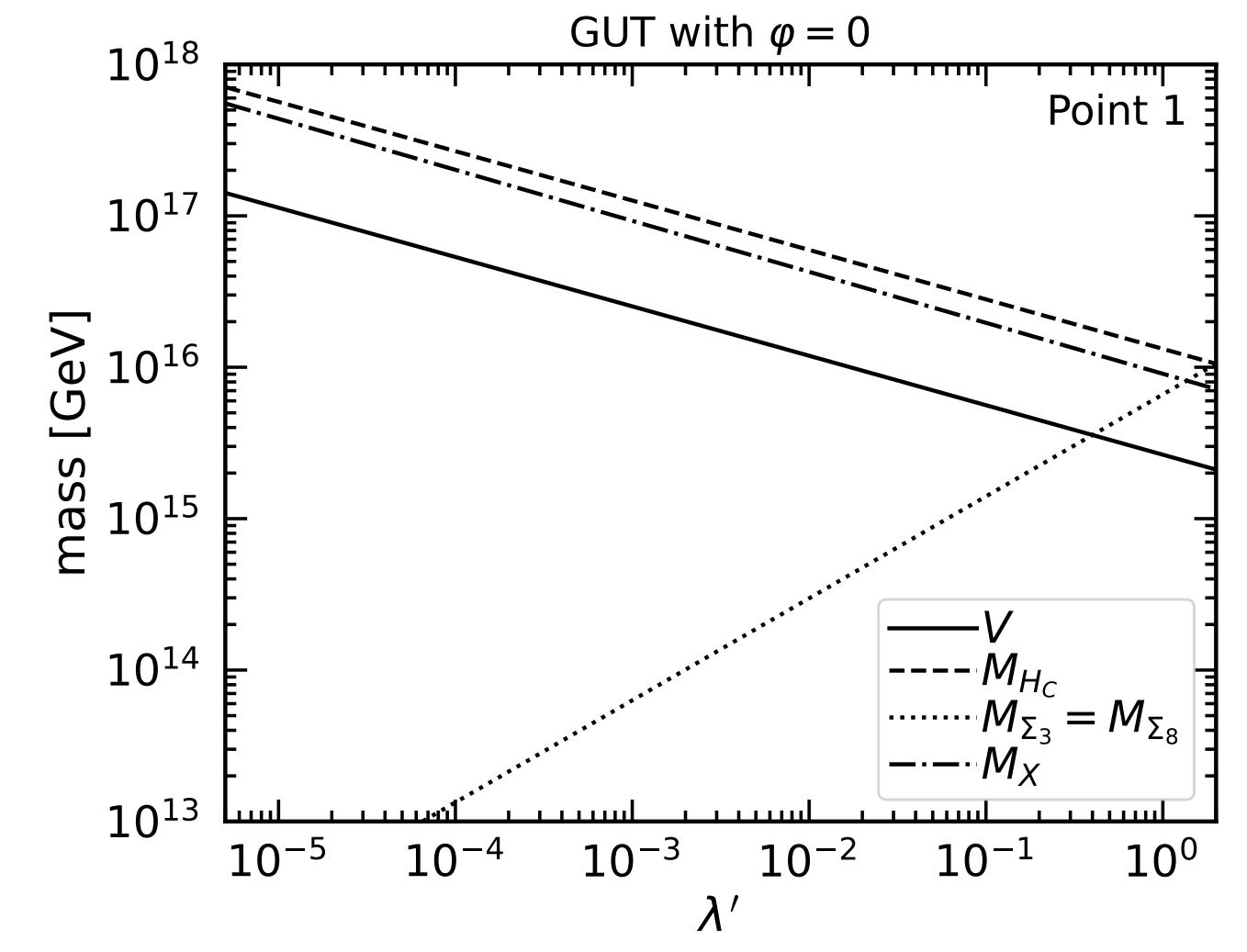
★ $M_{\Sigma_3} \approx \frac{5}{2} \lambda' V, M_{\Sigma_8} \approx \frac{5}{2} \lambda' V$

★ $M_{H_C} = \lambda \left(\frac{2}{\lambda' g_5^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} M_G$

★ Limit (ii): $\lambda' = 0, \kappa_1 \neq 0$

★ $M_{\Sigma_3} \approx 20 \frac{\kappa_1 V^2}{M_P}, M_{\Sigma_8} \approx 5 \frac{\kappa_1 V^2}{M_P}$

★ $M_{H_C} = \lambda \left(\frac{5}{2 g_5^2 \left(\frac{\kappa_1}{M_P} \right)} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} M_G^{\frac{3}{4}}$



Inputs

$$m_{1/2} = 9.5 \text{ TeV} \quad m_0 = 27.9 \text{ TeV} \quad A_0/m_0 = 0 \quad \tan \beta = 4$$

$$\lambda = 1 \quad \lambda' = 1$$

GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)

$$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.818 \quad M_{H_C} = 1.322 \quad M_{\Sigma} = 0.661 \quad M_X = 0.906$$

Observables

$$\Omega_{\chi} h^2 = 0.096 \quad m_h = 122.9 \text{ GeV}$$

Yukawa sector in CMSSM

Decay mode: $p \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}$

★ Wino exchange process

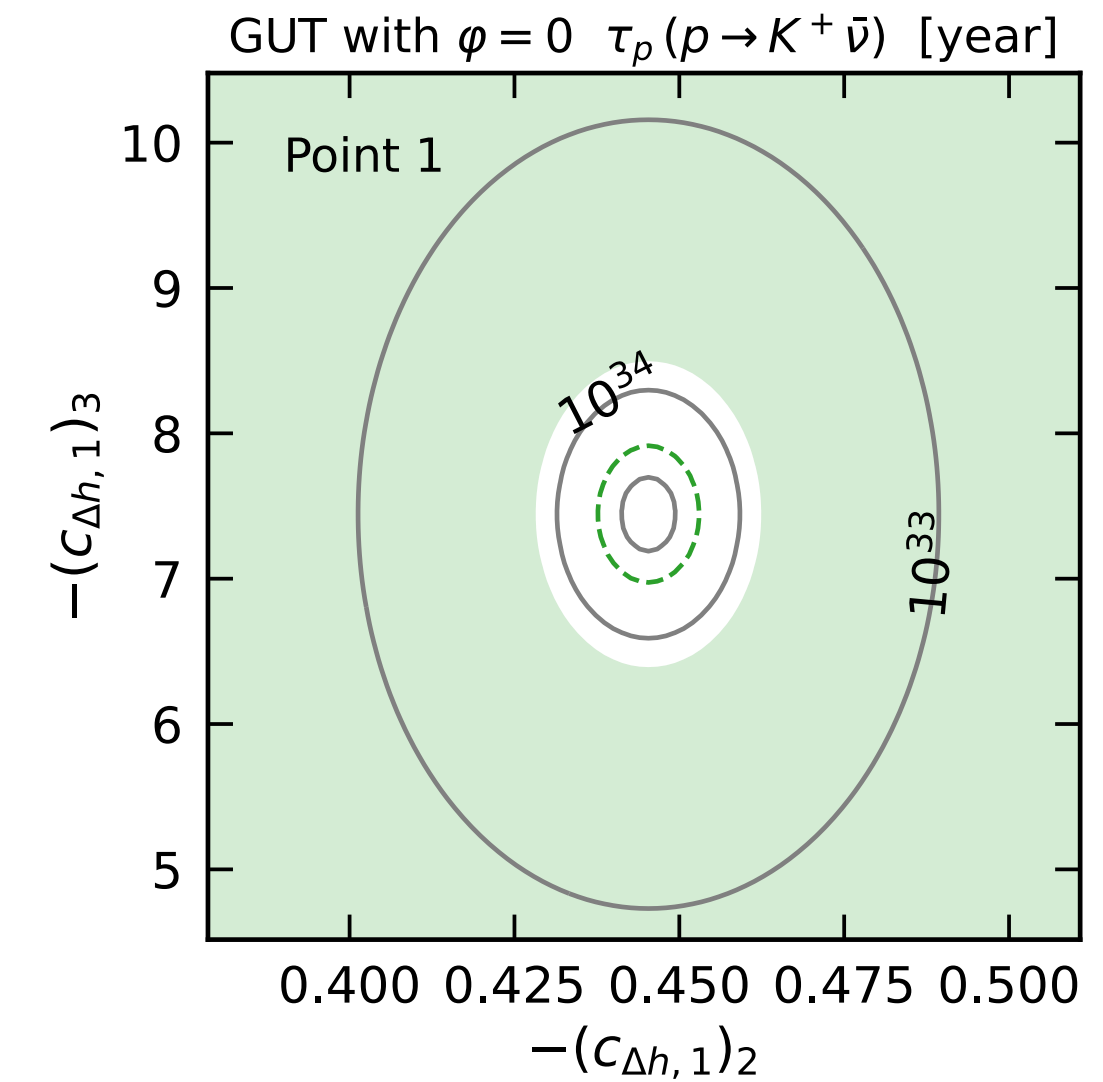
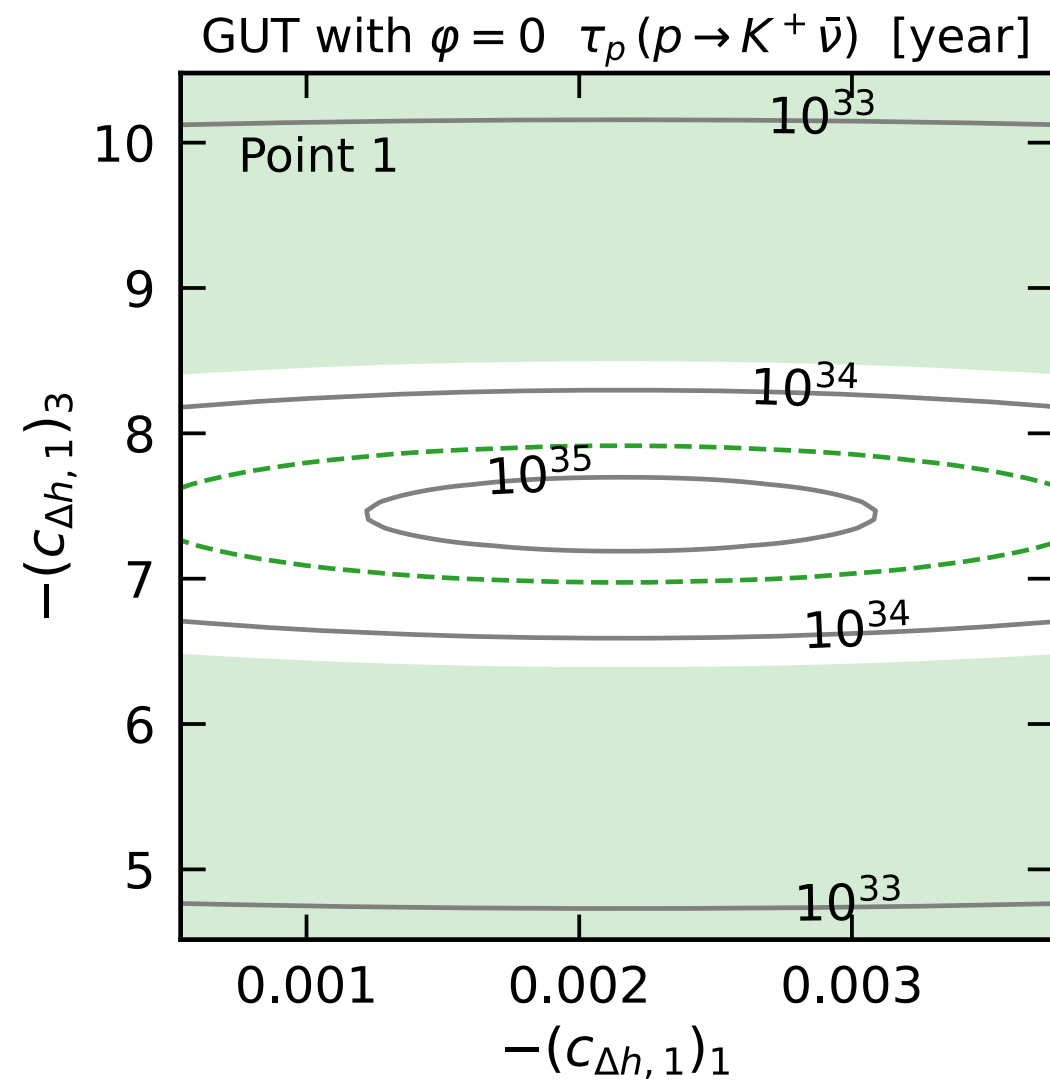
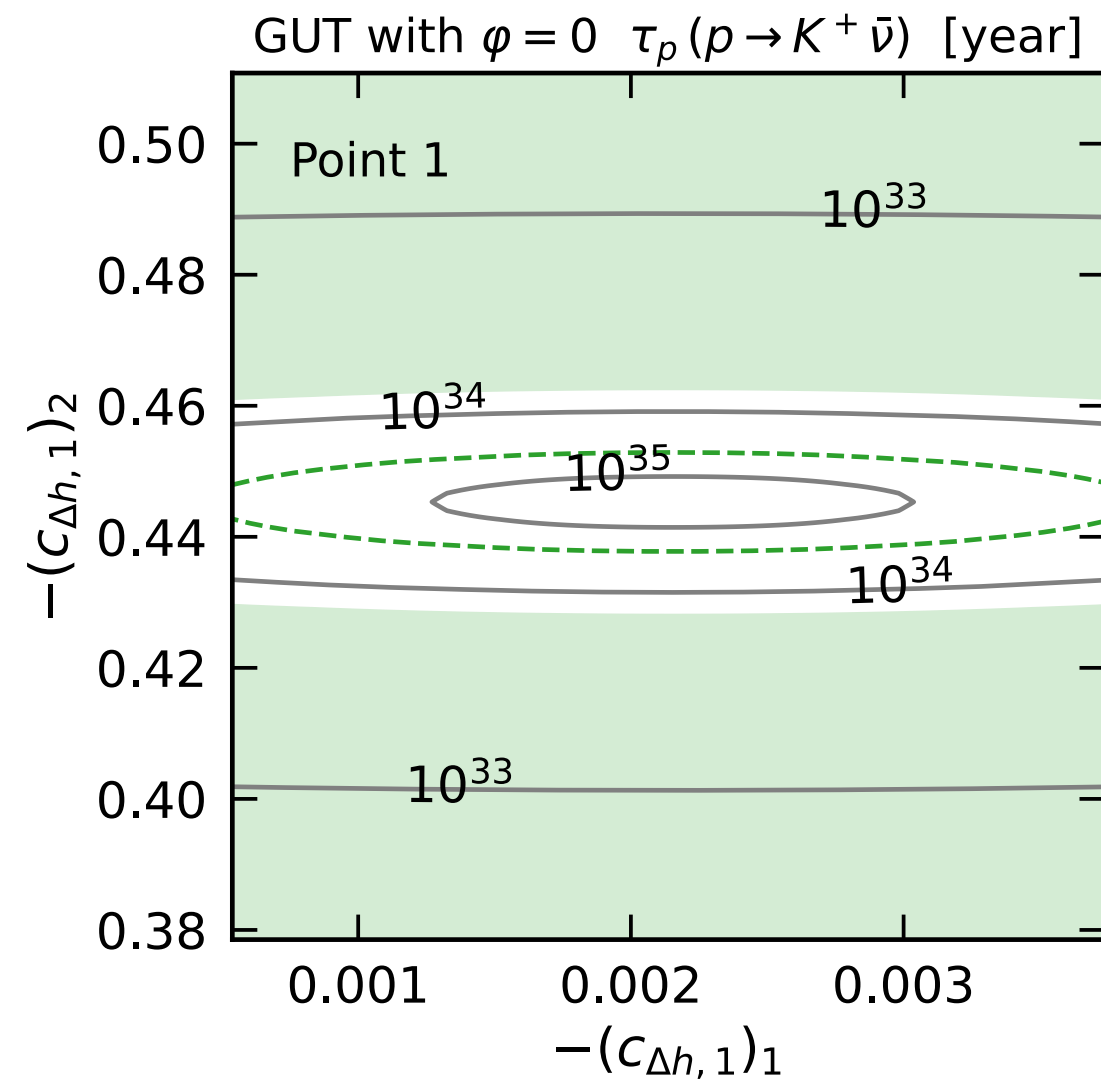
$$C_{5L}^{jj1k} = \frac{1}{M_{H_C}} (f_{QQ})_{j=2,3} e^{i\varphi_j} (V^*)^{1k} (f_{QL})_{k=1,2,3} .$$

$$f_{QL,i} = f_{e,i} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} (c_{\Delta h,1})_i R ,$$

★ Higgsino exchange process

$$C_{5R}^{331i} = \frac{1}{M_{H_C}} (f_{UE})_3 V^{33} (V^*)^{1i} (f_{UD})_{i=1,2} e^{-i\varphi_1} ,$$

$$f_{UD,i} = f_{d,i} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} (c_{\Delta h,1})_i R .$$



Inputs

$$m_{1/2} = 9.5 \text{ TeV} \quad m_0 = 27.9 \text{ TeV} \quad A_0/m_0 = 0 \quad \tan \beta = 4$$

$$\lambda = 1 \quad \lambda' = 1$$

GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)

$$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.818 \quad M_{H_C} = 1.322 \quad M_{\Sigma} = 0.661 \quad M_X = 0.906$$

Observables

$$\Omega_{\chi} h^2 = 0.096 \quad m_h = 122.9 \text{ GeV}$$

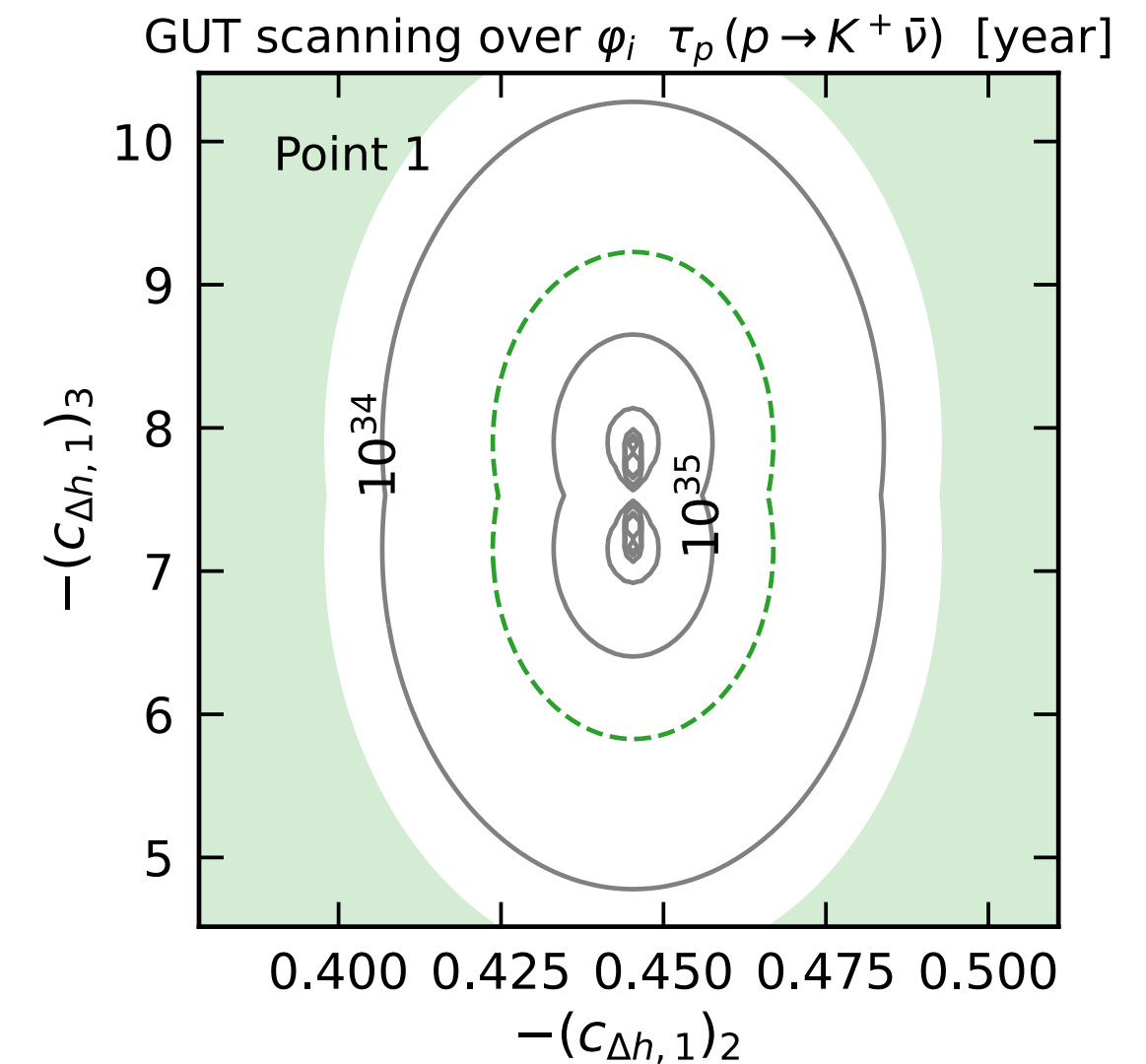
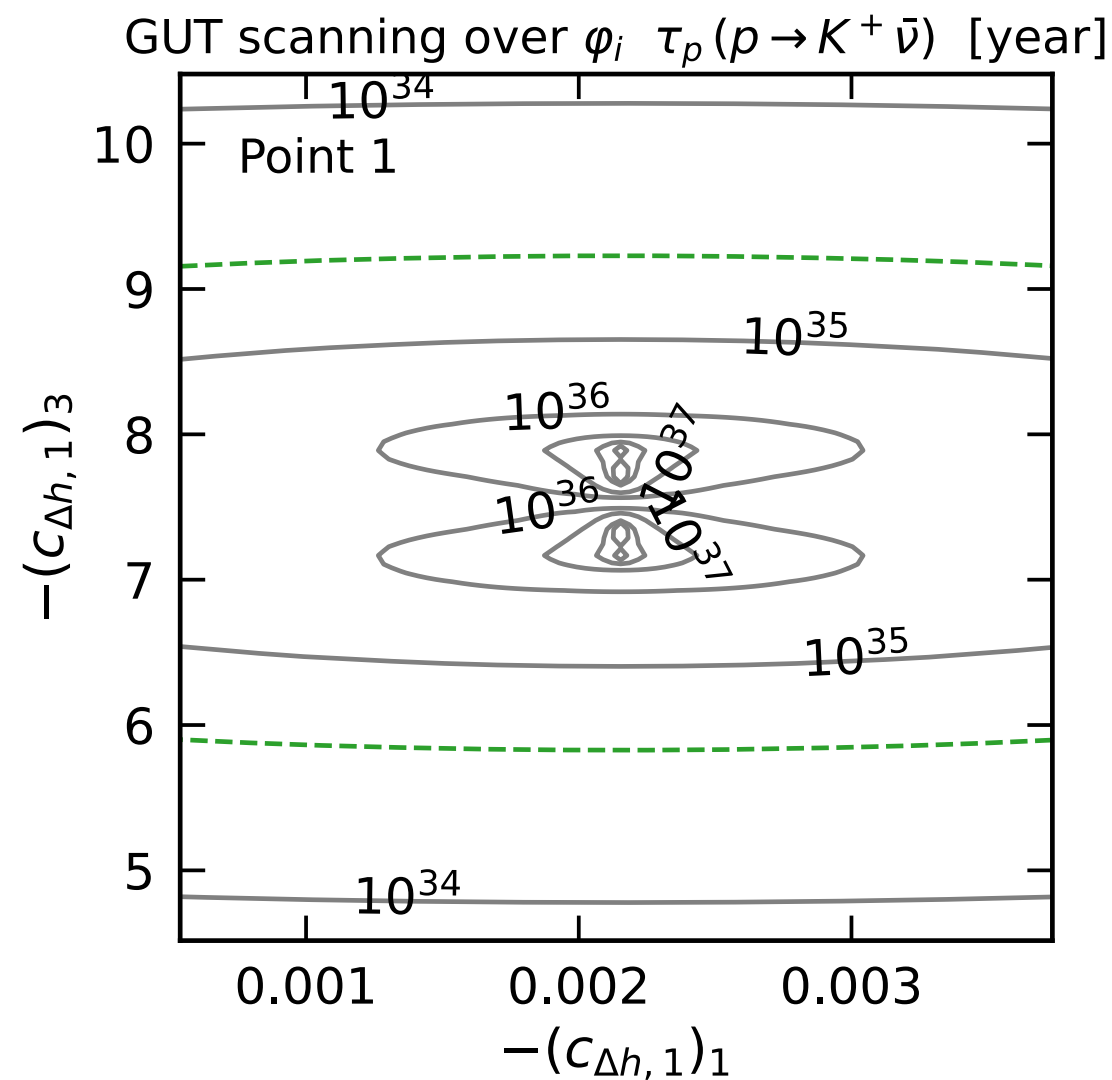
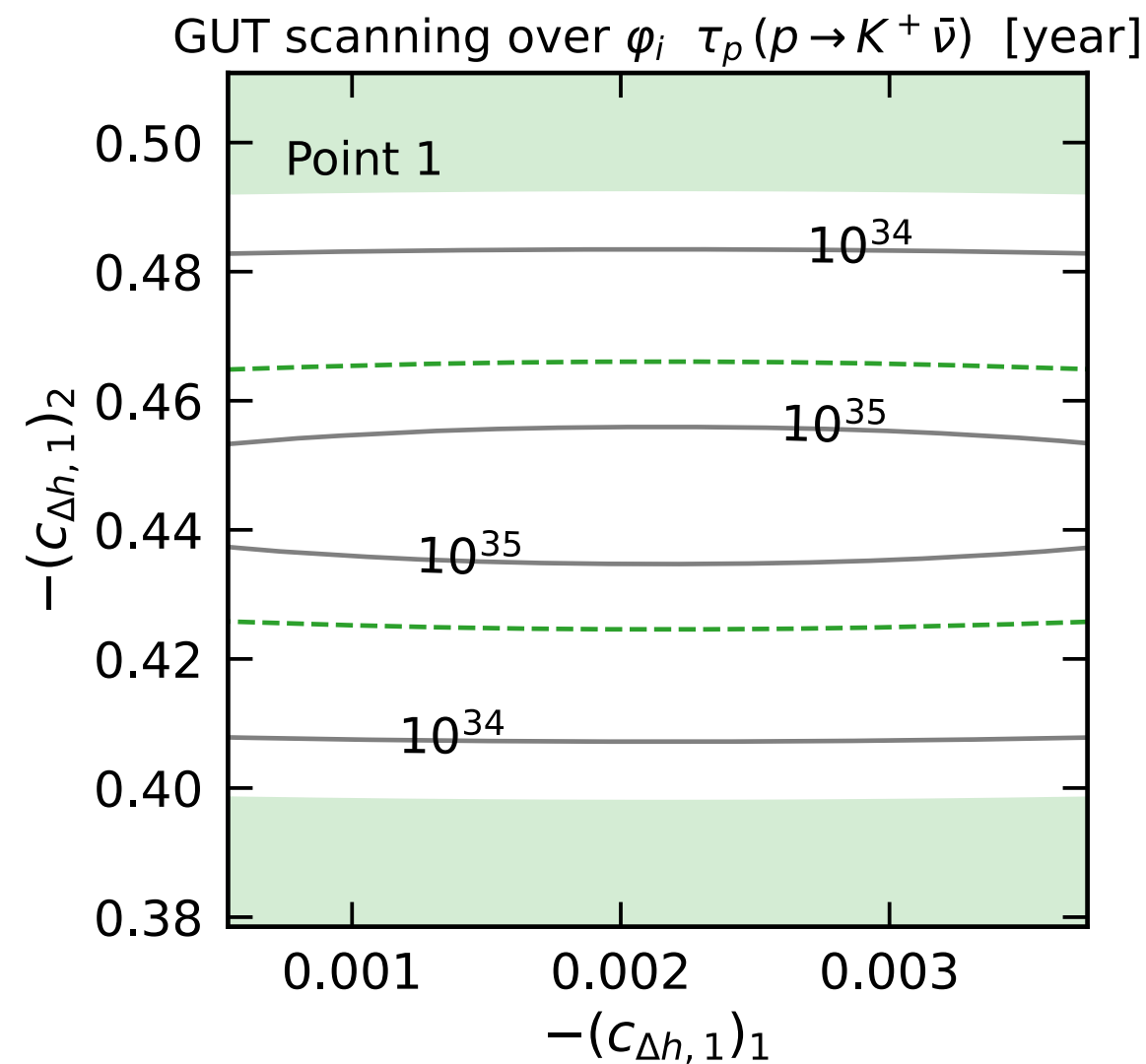
Yukawa sector in CMSSM

$$C_{5L}^{jj1k} = \frac{1}{M_{H_C}} (f_{QQ})_{j=2,3} e^{i\varphi_j} (V^*)^{1k} (f_{QL})_{k=1,2,3} \cdot C_{5R}^{331i} = \frac{1}{M_{H_C}} (f_{UE})_3 V^{33} (V^*)^{1i} (f_{UD})_{i=1,2} e^{-i\varphi_1}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(p \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}_i) = C_{RL}(usd\nu_i) [\epsilon_{abc}(u_R^a s_R^b)(d_L^c \nu_i)] + C_{RL}(uds\nu_i) [\epsilon_{abc}(u_R^a d_R^b)(s_L^c \nu_i)] \\ + C_{LL}(usd\nu_i) [\epsilon_{abc}(u_L^a s_L^b)(d_L^c \nu_i)] + C_{LL}(uds\nu_i) [\epsilon_{abc}(u_L^a d_L^b)(s_L^c \nu_i)] .$$

$$C_{RL}(usd\nu_{\tau}) = -V_{td} C_2^{\tilde{H}}(m_Z)$$

$$C_{RL}(uds\nu_{\tau}) = -V_{ts} C_1^{\tilde{H}}(m_Z)$$



Yukawa sector in CMSSM

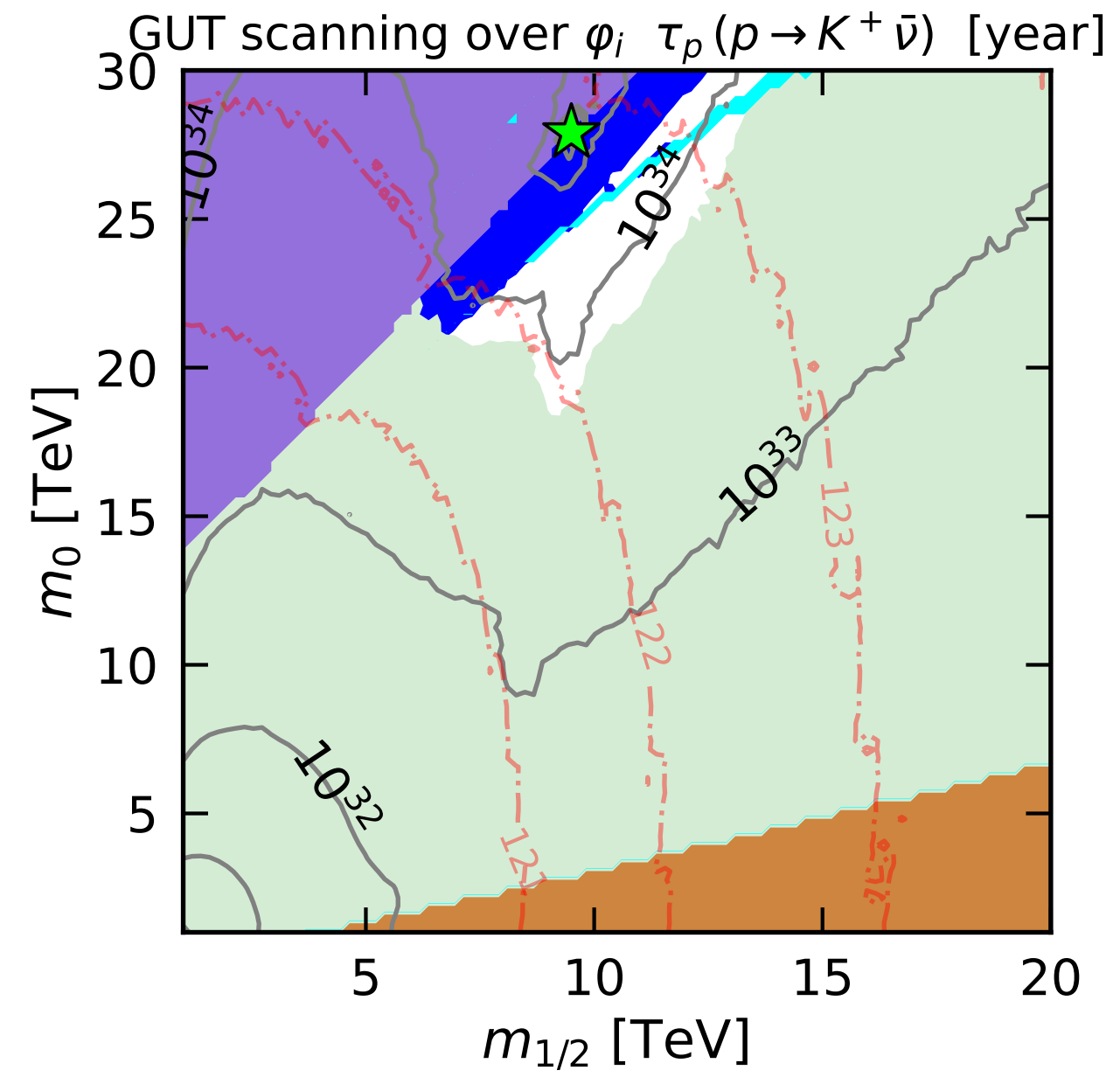
Exclusion Regions		
■ $n \rightarrow \pi^0 \bar{\nu}$	■ No EWSB	■ Stau LSP
■ $p \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}$	■ Stop LSP	■ Chargino LSP
■ $p \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}$		

DM abundance
■ $0.01 < \Omega_\chi h^2 < 2.0$

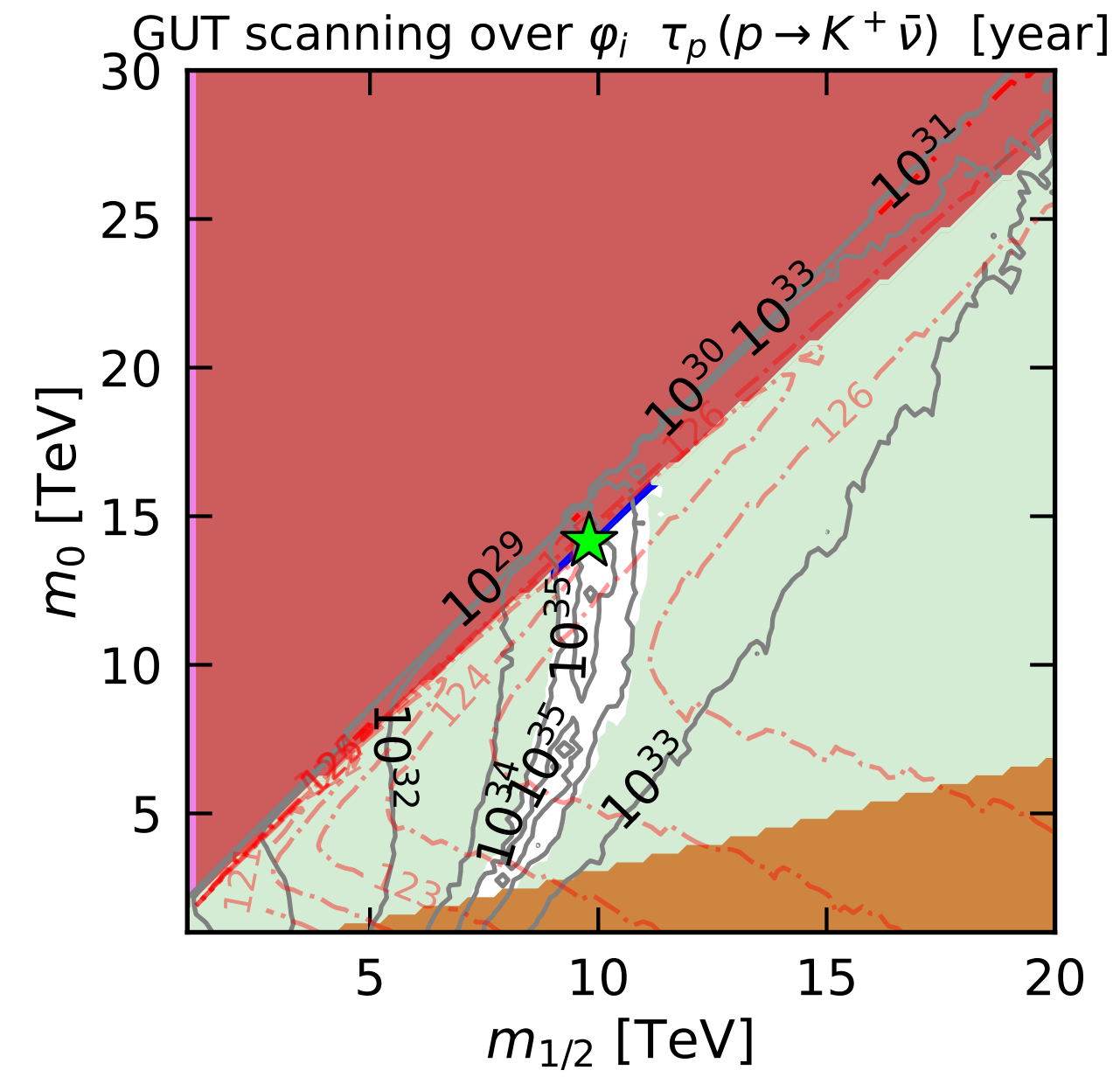
Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.5 \text{ TeV}$	$m_0 = 27.9 \text{ TeV}$	$A_0/m_0 = 0$	$\tan \beta = 4$
$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda' = 1$		
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)			
$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.818$	$M_{H_C} = 1.322$	$M_\Sigma = 0.661$	$M_X = 0.906$
$V = 0.264$	$g_5 = 0.685$	$c = 0.1365$	
Observables			
$\Omega_\chi h^2 = 0.096$	$m_h = 122.9 \text{ GeV}$		

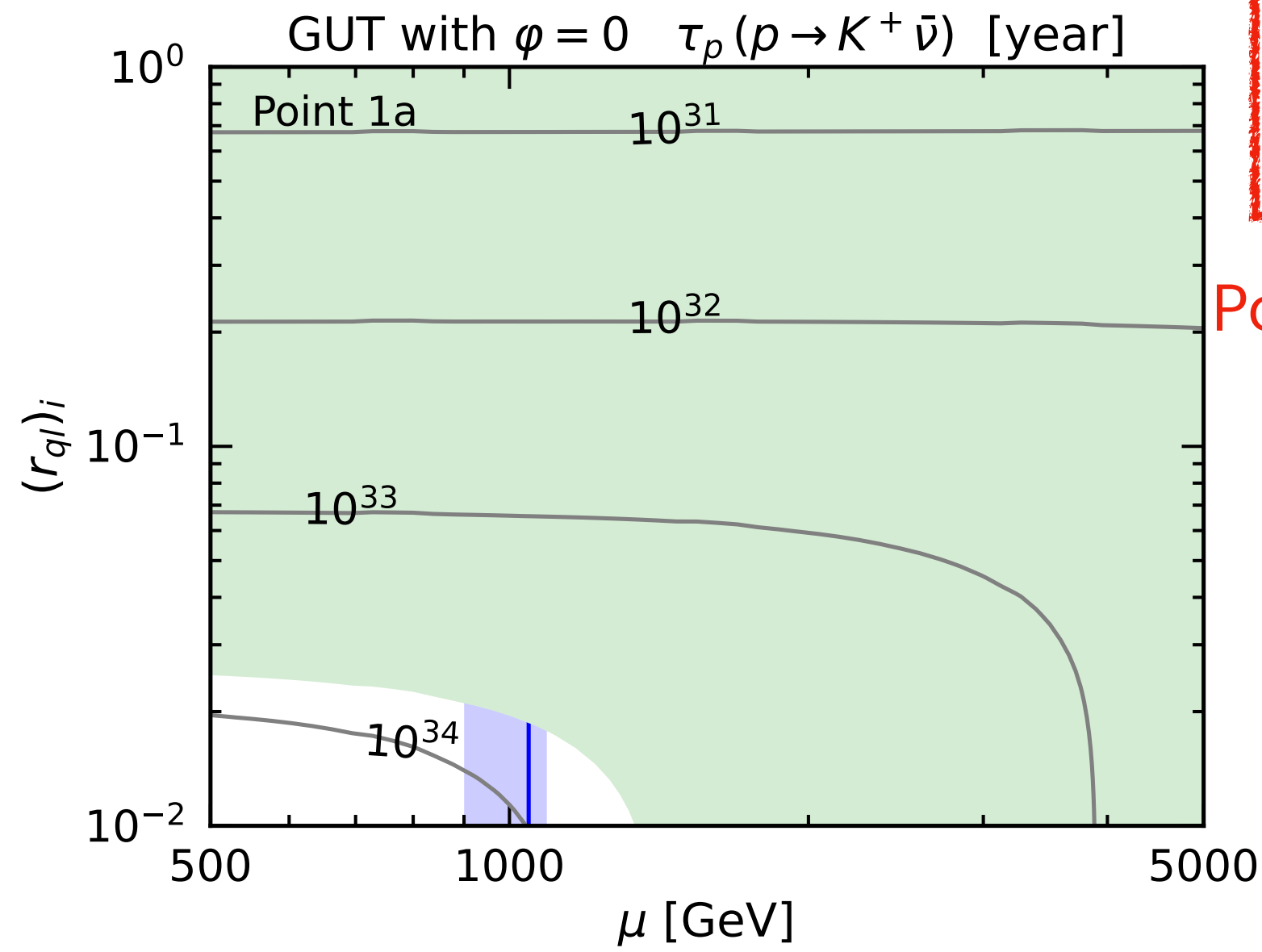
Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.8 \text{ TeV}$	$m_0 = 14.15 \text{ TeV}$	$A_0/m_0 = 3$	$\tan \beta = 5$
$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda' = 1$		
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)			
$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.685$	$M_{H_C} = 1.257$	$M_\Sigma = 0.628$	$M_X = 0.862$
$V = 0.251$	$g_5 = 0.686$	$c = -0.481$	
Observables			
$\Omega_\chi h^2 = 0.099$	$m_h = 124.3 \text{ GeV}$		

$\lambda = \lambda' = 1$, $\tan \beta = 4$, $A_0/m_0 = 0$.



$\lambda = \lambda' = 1$, $\tan \beta = 5$, $A_0/m_0 = 3$.



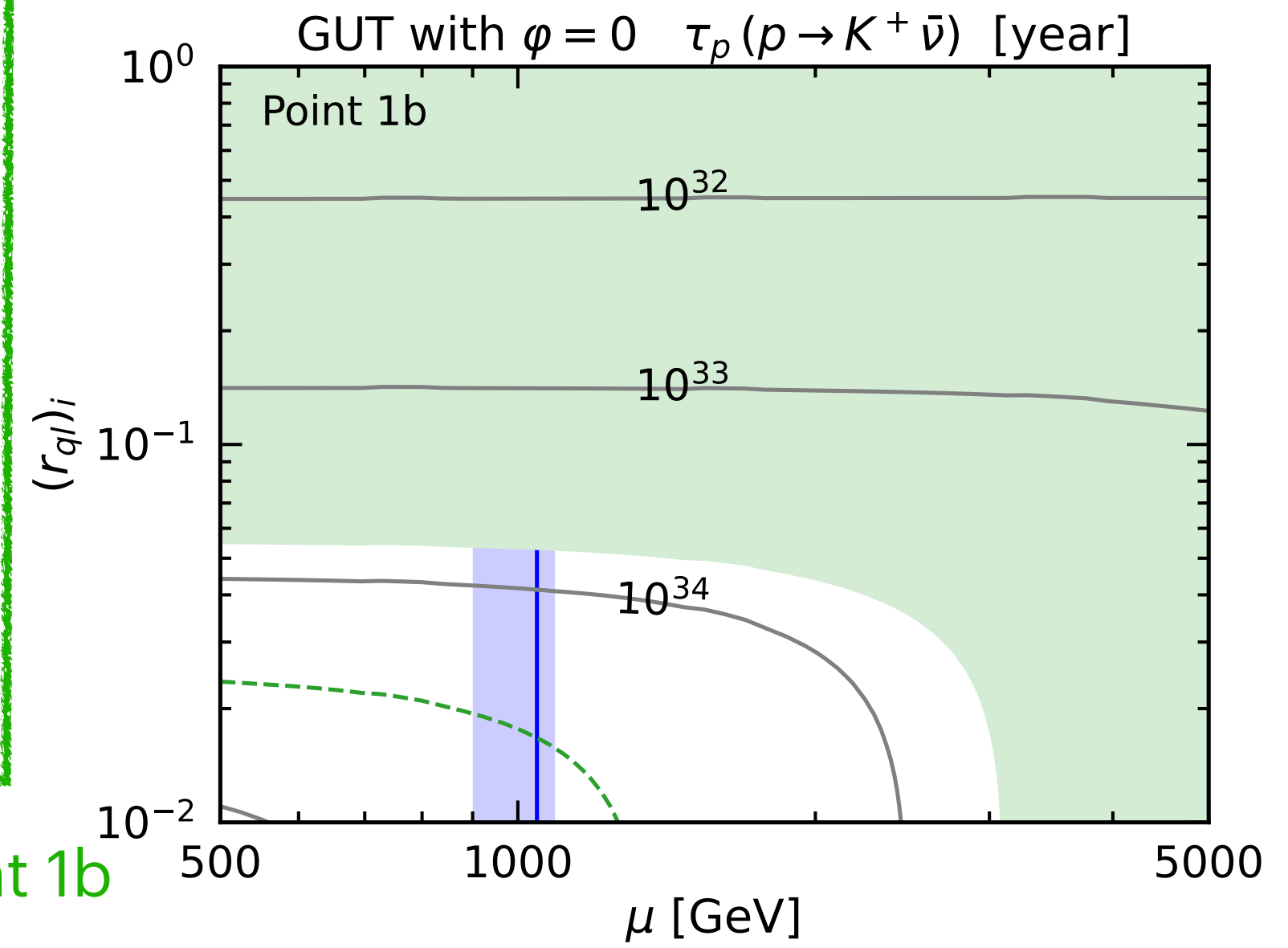


NUHM

$f_{QL,i} = (r_{ql})_i f_{e,i}$

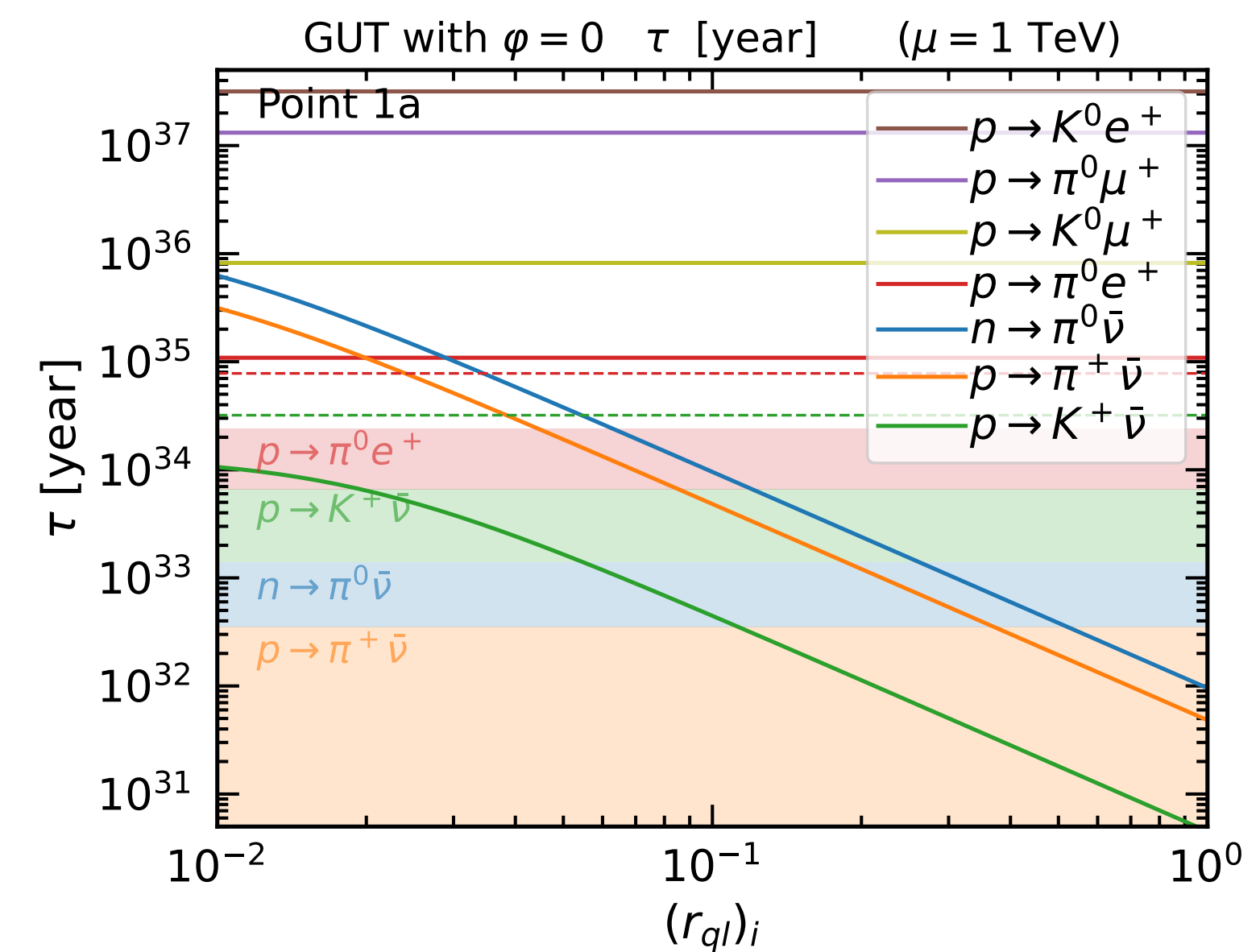
Point 1a

Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.5$ TeV	$m_0 = 27.9$ TeV	$m_A = 27.9$ TeV	$A_0/m_0 = 0$
$\mu = 1$ TeV	$\tan \beta = 6$	$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda' = 1$
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{10} GeV)			
$M_{GUT} = 0.810$	$M_{HC} = 1.324$	$M_{\Sigma} = 0.662$	$M_X = 0.907$
$V = 0.265$	$g_5 = 0.685$	$c = -1.23 \times 10^{-6}$	

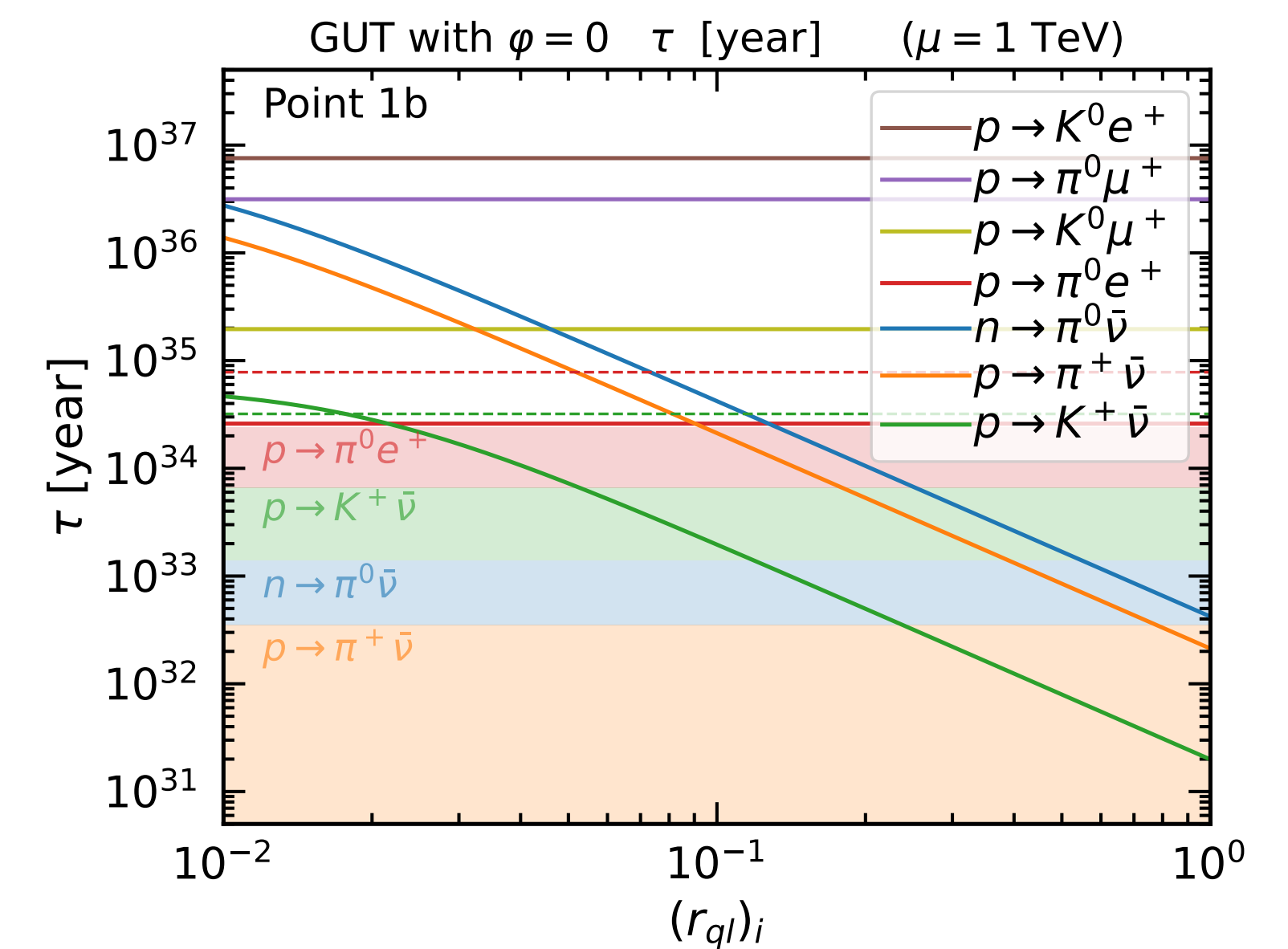


Point 1b

Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.5$ TeV	$m_0 = 27.9$ TeV	$m_A = 27.9$ TeV	$A_0/m_0 = 0$
$\mu = 1$ TeV	$\tan \beta = 6$	$\lambda = 3$	$\lambda' = 3$
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{10} GeV)			
$M_{GUT} = 0.810$	$M_{HC} = 2.776$	$M_{\Sigma} = 1.388$	$M_X = 0.626$
$V = 0.185$	$g_5 = 0.677$	$c = -1.76 \times 10^{-6}$	



MSSM parameters (masses in units of TeV)			
$m_{\chi} = 1.060$	$m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 22.1$	$m_{\tilde{g}} = 19.40$	$m_{\chi_2} = 1.061$
$m_A = 27.90$	$\mu = 1.0$	$m_{\tilde{e}_L} = 28.4$	$m_{\tilde{e}_R} = 28.1$
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} = 28.0$	$m_{\tilde{q}_L} = 31.2$	$m_{\tilde{d}_R} = 30.9$	$m_{\tilde{t}_2} = 27.3$
$A_t = 18.75$	$A_b = 27.2$	$B = -131$	
Observables			
$\Omega_{\chi} h^2 = 0.110$	$m_h = 125.8$ GeV		



5. Summary

Summary

- ★ SUSY SU(5) GUT with dimension-5 Planck-suppressed operators → mass spectrum and proton decays
- ★ Higgs sector
 - ★ Mass splitting of M_{Σ_3} and M_{Σ_8}
- ★ Yukawa sector
 - ★ Color Higgs Yukawa deviation from the MSSM Yukawa $(c_{\Delta h,1})_i, (c_{\Delta h,2})_i, (c_{\Delta h,3})_i, (c_{\Delta h,4})_i$
- ★ CMSSM & NUHM
- ★ Hyper-Kamiokande, JUNO, and DUNE

Backup slides

Proton decay

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}(p \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}_i) = & C_{RL}(usd\nu_i)[\epsilon_{abc}(u_R^a s_R^b)(d_L^c \nu_i)] + C_{RL}(uds\nu_i)[\epsilon_{abc}(u_R^a d_R^b)(s_L^c \nu_i)] \\ & + C_{LL}(usd\nu_i)[\epsilon_{abc}(u_L^a s_L^b)(d_L^c \nu_i)] + C_{LL}(uds\nu_i)[\epsilon_{abc}(u_L^a d_L^b)(s_L^c \nu_i)], \end{aligned}$$

$$C_{RL}(usd\nu_\tau; m_t) = -V_{td} C_2^{\tilde{H}}(m_t),$$

$$C_{RL}(uds\nu_\tau; m_t) = -V_{ts} C_1^{\tilde{H}}(m_t),$$

$$C_{LL}(usd\nu_k; m_t) = \sum_{j=2,3} V_{j1} V_{j2} C_{jk}^{\tilde{W}}(m_t),$$

$$C_{LL}(uds\nu_k; m_t) = \sum_{j=2,3} V_{j1} V_{j2} C_{jk}^{\tilde{W}}(m_t).$$

Benchmark point parameters

Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.5 \text{ TeV}$	$m_0 = 27.9 \text{ TeV}$	$A_0/m_0 = 0$	$\tan \beta = 4$
$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda' = 1$		
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)			
$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.818$	$M_{H_C} = 1.322$	$M_{\Sigma} = 0.661$	$M_X = 0.906$
$V = 0.264$	$g_5 = 0.685$	$c = 0.1365$	
MSSM parameters (masses in units of TeV)			
$m_{\chi} = 0.987$	$m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 21.3$	$m_{\tilde{g}} = 19.40$	$m_{\chi_2} = 0.988$
$m_A = 28.85$	$\mu = 0.938$	$m_{\tilde{\ell}_L} = 28.4$	$m_{\tilde{\ell}_R} = 28.0$
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} = 28.0$	$m_{\tilde{q}_L} = 31.2$	$m_{\tilde{d}_R} = 30.8$	$m_{\tilde{t}_2} = 27.0$
$A_t = 18.45$	$A_b = 27.2$	$B = -218$	
Observables			
$\Omega_{\chi} h^2 = 0.096$	$m_h = 122.9 \text{ GeV}$		

Inputs			
$m_{1/2} = 9.8 \text{ TeV}$	$m_0 = 14.15 \text{ TeV}$	$A_0/m_0 = 3$	$\tan \beta = 5$
$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda' = 1$		
GUT-scale parameters (masses in units of 10^{16} GeV)			
$M_{\text{GUT}} = 0.685$	$M_{H_C} = 1.257$	$M_{\Sigma} = 0.628$	$M_X = 0.862$
$V = 0.251$	$g_5 = 0.686$	$c = -0.481$	
MSSM parameters (masses in units of TeV)			
$m_{\chi} = 4.78$	$m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 4.84$	$m_{\tilde{g}} = 19.15$	$m_{\chi_2} = 4.84$
$m_A = 24.21$	$\mu = 18.87$	$m_{\tilde{\ell}_L} = 15.35$	$m_{\tilde{\ell}_R} = 14.56$
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} = 14.44$	$m_{\tilde{q}_L} = 20.9$	$m_{\tilde{d}_R} = 20.3$	$m_{\tilde{t}_2} = 15.78$
$A_t = 32.5$	$A_b = 65.6$	$B = -11.43$	
Observables			
$\Omega_{\chi} h^2 = 0.099$	$m_h = 124.3 \text{ GeV}$		

CMSSM

- ★ The phases $\varphi_i \rightarrow$ the cancellation among higgsino exchange and wino exchange processes

