

Observation of a family of all-charm tetraquarks in $J/\psi J/\psi$ channel at CMS

Speaker

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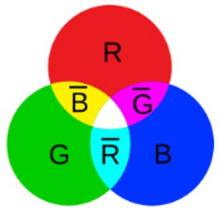
Outline

- **Introduction**
- **$J/\psi J/\psi$ updated result**
- **Summary**

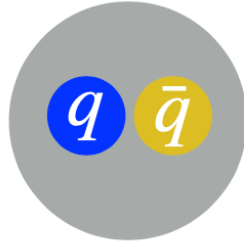
The quark model

Classical quark model

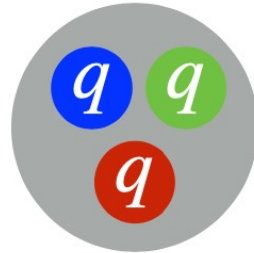
Color Charge



Meson



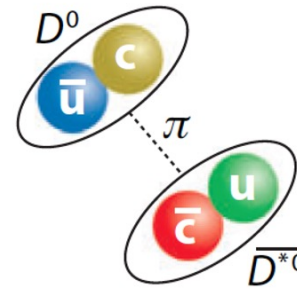
Baryon



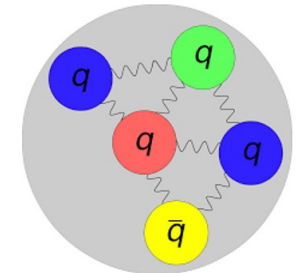
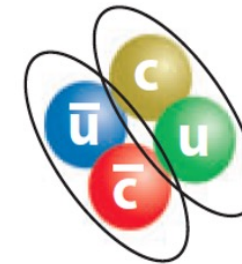
- **> 60 years of classical quark model**
 - Experimentally tested at high energies; asymptotic freedom → **Nobel Prize 2004**
 - Success of **Conventional Hadrons** at low energies: non-perturbative quark model (confinement) → **Nobel Prize 1969**
- **Exotic hadrons (Non-Conventional), no definitive conclusion yet**
 - *currently a hot topic*

"Exotic" hadron

Molecule

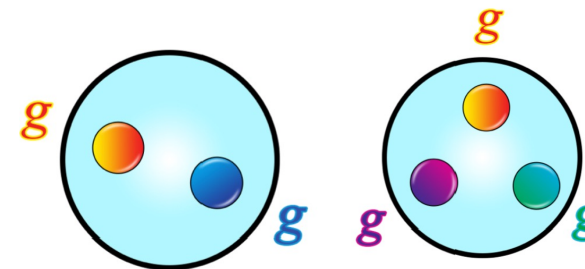


Diquark-antidiquark

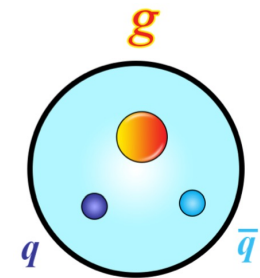


tetraquark

pentaquark

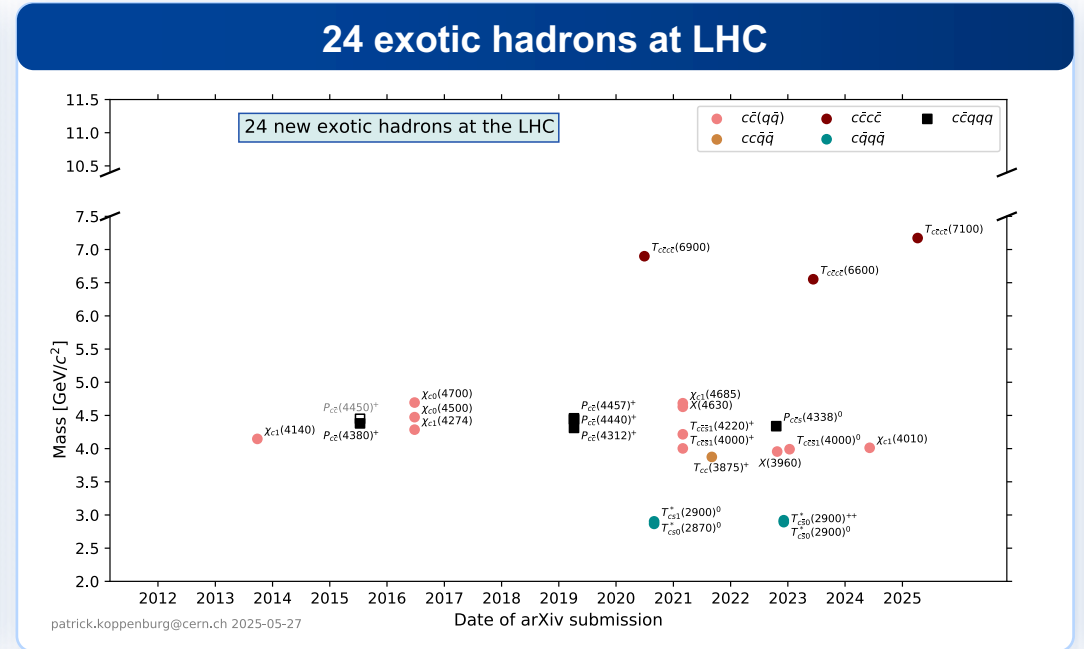
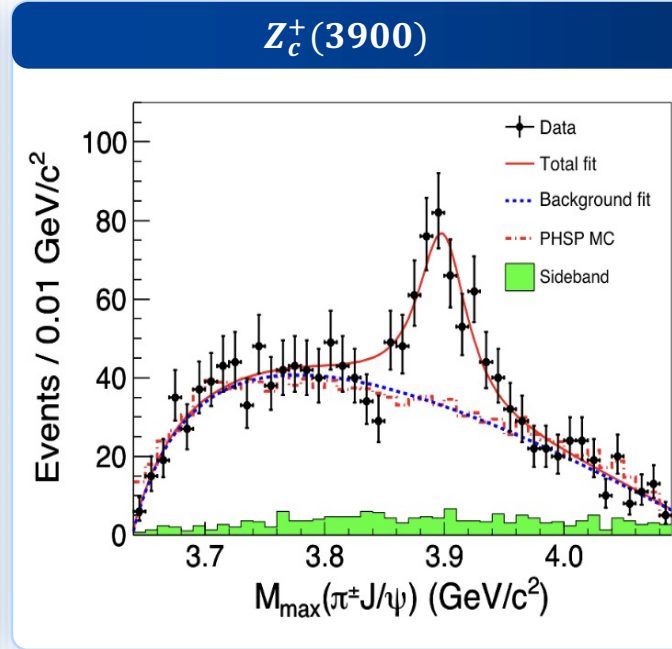
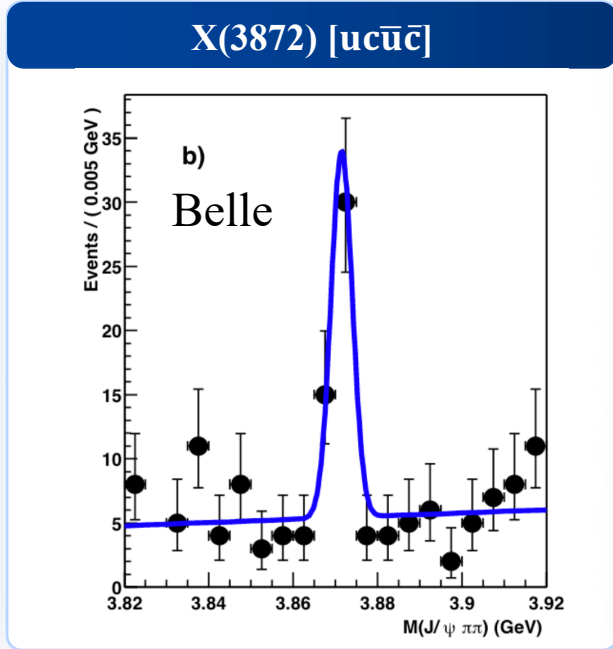


Glueball



Hybrid

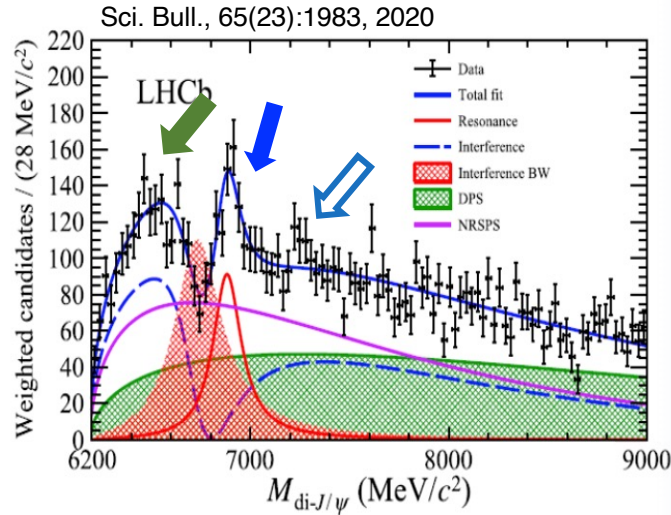
Heavy-Flavor Exotic Hadron States (XYZ Particles)



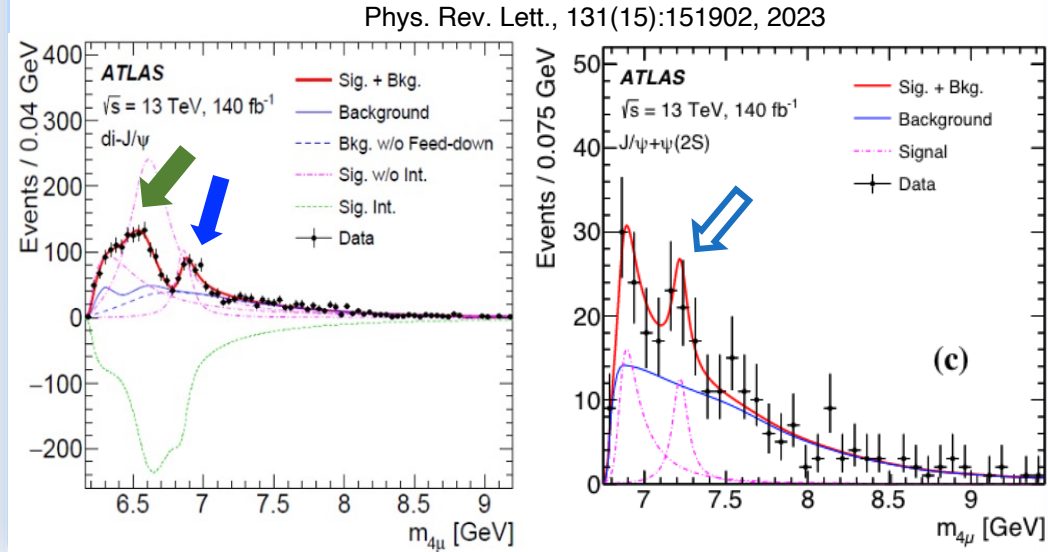
- **Light exotics** likely exist, but light-meson sector too messy for clear identification
- **Heavy-flavor exotics**: larger quark mass relative to Λ_{QCD} , theoretical treatments more reliable
- **X(3872)**, kicked off a boom in **(heavy-flavor) exotic hadron**, dozens of XYZ found
- **Z_c (3900)**, carries charge and couples to charmonium
- **Fully-heavy exotic hadrons**, promising and accessible for theoretical exploration

Status of of all-charm tetraquark

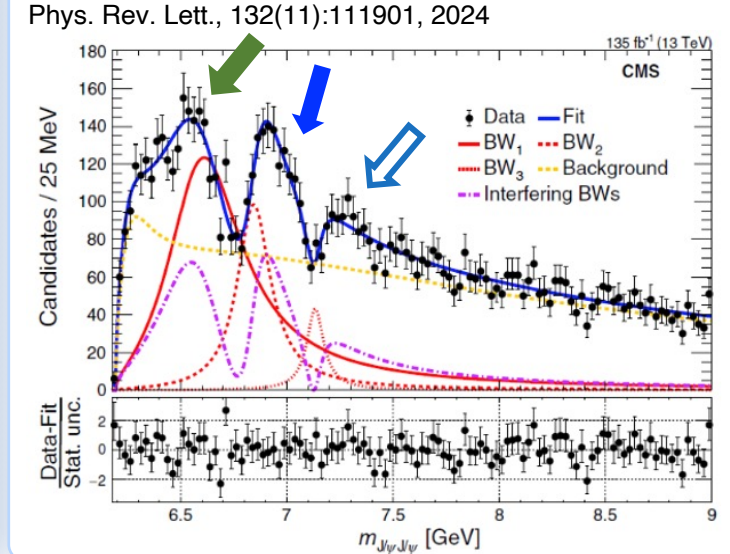
LHCb



ATLAS

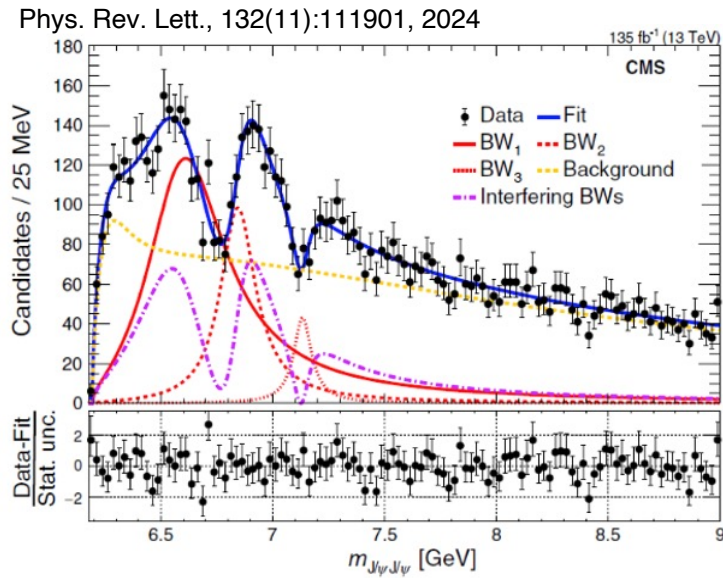


CMS

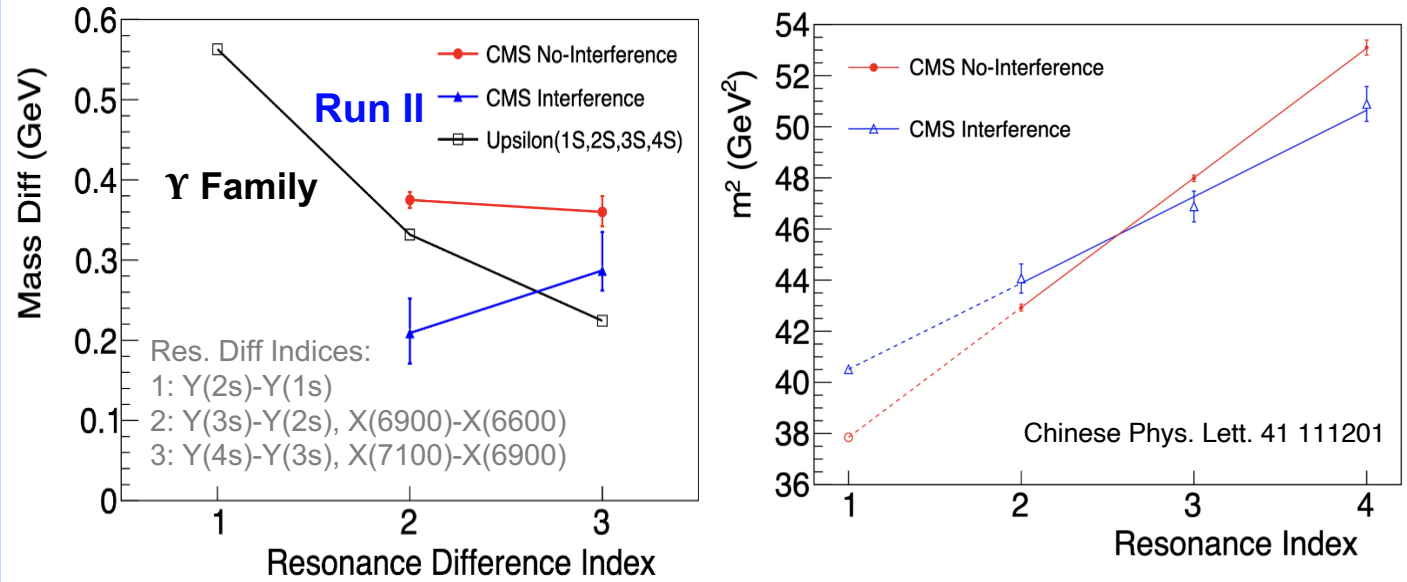


- ❖ **ALL exp observe X(6900) + additional structure**
 - Hump @ 6.6 GeV:** Different modeling
 - Hint @ 7.2 GeV:** LHCb not consider; ATLAS 3 σ hint in $J/\psi\psi(2S)$
- ❖ **CMS first observed X(6600) & evidence of X(7100)**
- ❖ **All exp use interference, but in diff ways**

CMS Run 2 mass spectrum



CMS Run 2 Regge plot



Run 2 result:

- **X(7100): 4.7 σ**
- **Interference < 4 σ**

With 3.6X statistics:

- **ALL states over 5 σ ?**
- **Interference over 5 σ ?**

- Interference imply same J^{PC} quantum numbers
- > 200 MeV mass splittings ==> Radial excitations ?

Cornell Model:
$$V(r) = -\frac{4}{3} \frac{\alpha_s}{r} + \sigma r + \dots$$

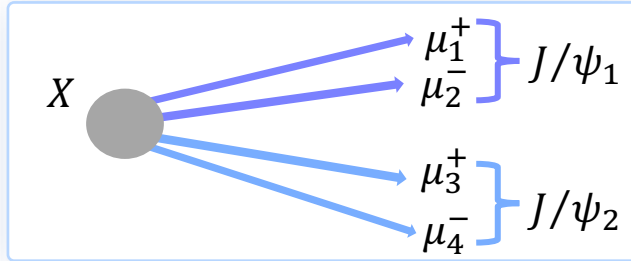
A radial FAMILY of all-charm tetraquark states with same J^{PC} ?

❖ Data samples [315 fb^{-1}]

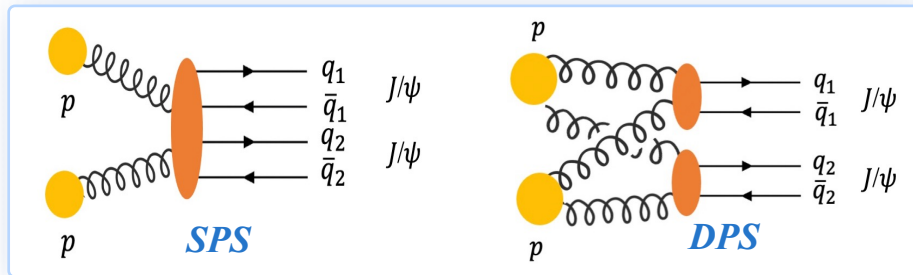
- Run 2: 135 fb^{-1} data taken in 2016, 2017 and 2018.
- Run 3: 180 fb^{-1} data taken in 2022, 2023 and 2024.

❖ Signal and Background simulated events:

- Signal $X \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ by JHUGen



- NRSPS, DPS by Pythia8 or event-mixing



- Feaddown by Pythia8: $X(6900) \rightarrow J/\psi \psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi + \text{anything}$
Feaddown from X(7100) in systematics

❖ Trigger of Run 3

HLT_Dimuon0_Jpsi3p5_Muon2

- **Level 1 requirements: 3 muons**
- $2.95 < M(\mu^+ \mu^-) < 3.25 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_T(\mu) > 3.5 \text{ GeV}$

HLT_DoubleMu4_3_LowMass [new trigger for Run III]

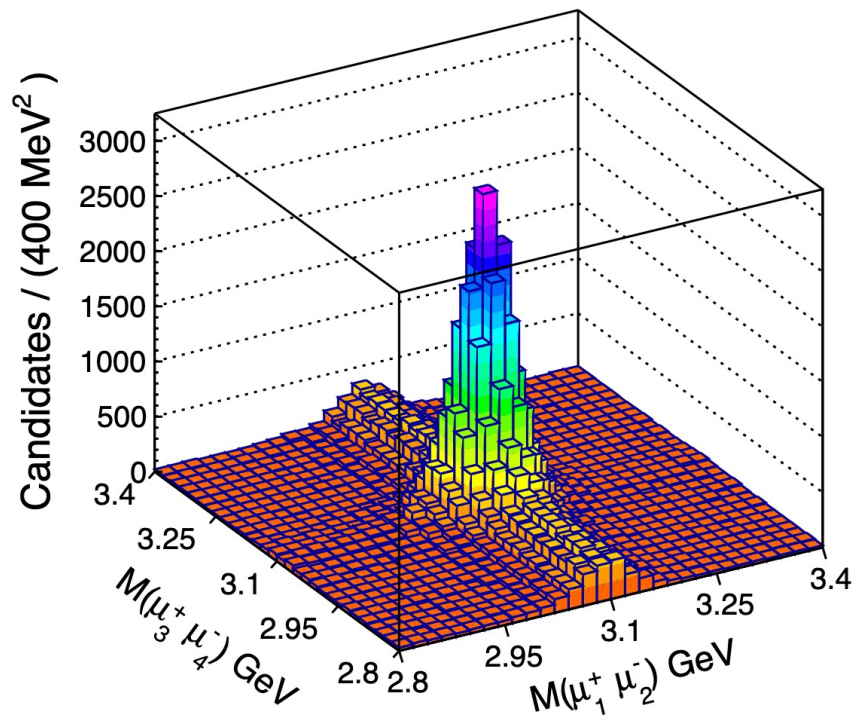
- **Level 1 requirements: 2 muons**
- $0.2 < M(\mu^+ \mu^-) < 8.5 \text{ GeV}$
- one muon $p_T(\mu) > 4 \text{ GeV}$ and the other $p_T(\mu) > 3 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_T(\mu^+ \mu^-) > 4.9 \text{ GeV}$

➤ Compared to only Dimuon trigger, LowMass trigger increase **30% $J/\psi J/\psi$ statistics**

❖ Event selection of Run 3

Follow PRL cuts + A new trigger for Run 3

2D distributions of double-dimuon masses



- J/ψ signal: Double Crystal Ball
- non-resonant $\mu^+\mu^-$: 1st-order Chebyshev polynomial
- **Luminosity**
 - Run 2: 135 fb⁻¹
 - Run 3: 180 fb⁻¹
 - J/ψJ/ψ yield per unit luminosity
 - Run 2 ~93 events / fb⁻¹
 - Run 3 ~177 events / fb⁻¹
- **J/ψJ/ψ yield**
 - Run 2 ~12622 ± 165
 - Run 3 ~31802 ± 476
 - Run 2+3 J/ψJ/ψ yield is **3.6X** of Run 2
 - Run 2+3 luminosity is **2.3X** of Run 2
- Baseline mass variable**
 - invariant mass of two constrained J/ψ candidates

- **Signal shape: Relativistic Breit-Wigner**
- **Background component:**
NRSPS + NRDPS + Comb + Feeddown + BW0

$$BW(m; m_0, \Gamma_0) = \frac{\sqrt{m\Gamma(m)}}{m_0^2 - m^2 - im\Gamma(m)}$$

$$\Gamma(m) = \Gamma_0 \left(\frac{q}{q_0}\right)^{2L+1} \frac{m_0}{m} (B'_L(q, q_0, d))^2,$$

❖ **Non-interference model:**

- **Signal-hypothesis:** NRSPS+NRDPS+Comb+Feeddown+BW0+**BW1+BW2+BW3**

$$Pdf(m) = \sum N_{X_i} \cdot |BW(m, M_i, \Gamma_i)|^2 \otimes R(M_i) + N_{NRSPS} \cdot f_{NRSPS}(m)$$

$$+ N_{NRDPS} \cdot f_{NRDPS}(m) + N_{Comb} \cdot f_{Comb}(m) + N_{Feeddown} \cdot f_{Feeddown}(m)$$

❖ **Interference model:**

- **Signal-hypothesis:** NRSPS+NRDPS+Comb+Feeddown+BW0+**BW123 Interf.Term**

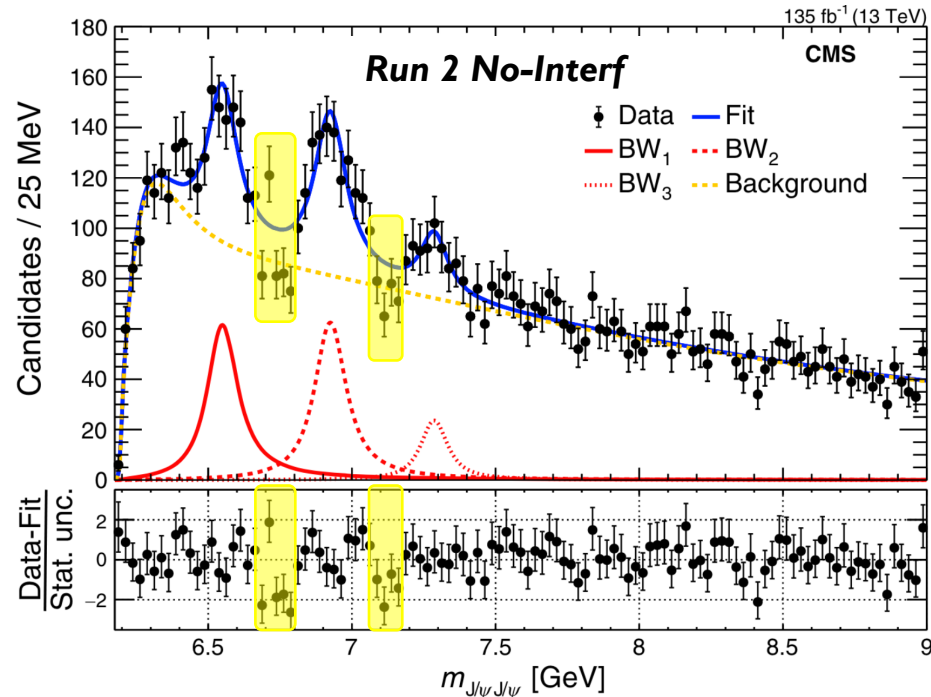
$$Pdf(m) = N_{X_0} \cdot |BW_0|^2 \otimes R(M_0)$$

$$+ N_{X \text{ and interf}} \cdot |r_1 \cdot \exp(i\phi_1) \cdot BW_1 + BW_2 + r_3 \cdot \exp(i\phi_3) \cdot BW_3|^2$$

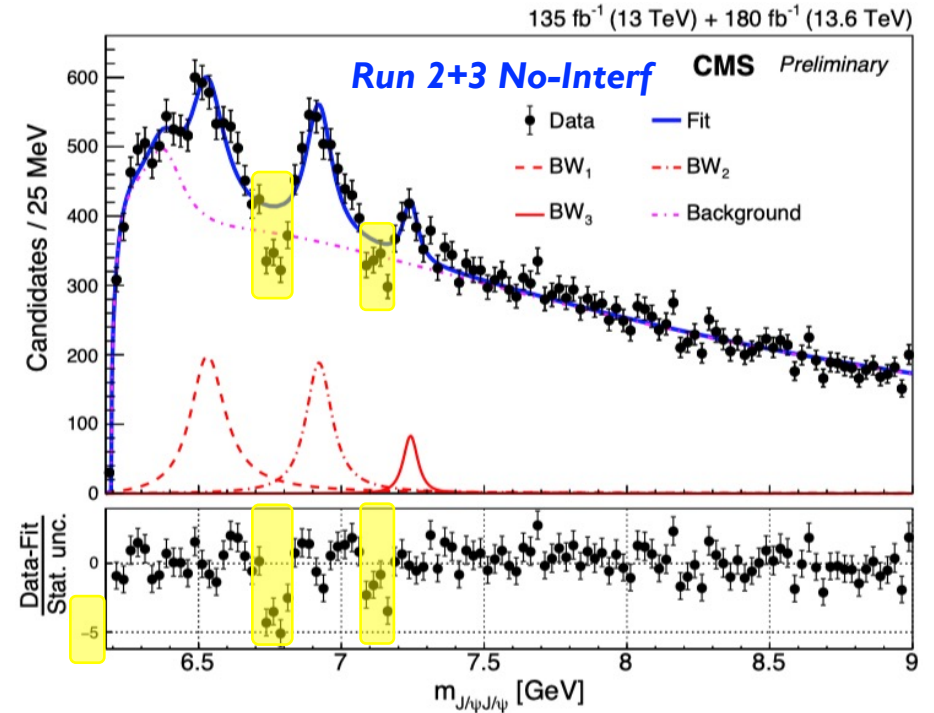
$$+ N_{NRSPS} \cdot f_{NRSPS}(m) + N_{DPS} \cdot f_{DPS}(m)$$

$$+ N_{Feeddown} \cdot f_{Feeddown}(m) + N_{Comb} \cdot f_{Comb}(m),$$

CMS Run 2 noninterference fit result



CMS Run 2+3 noninterference fit result

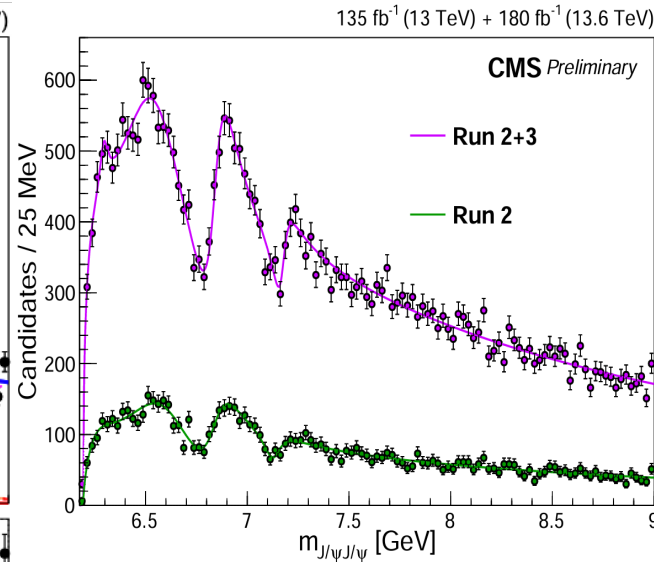
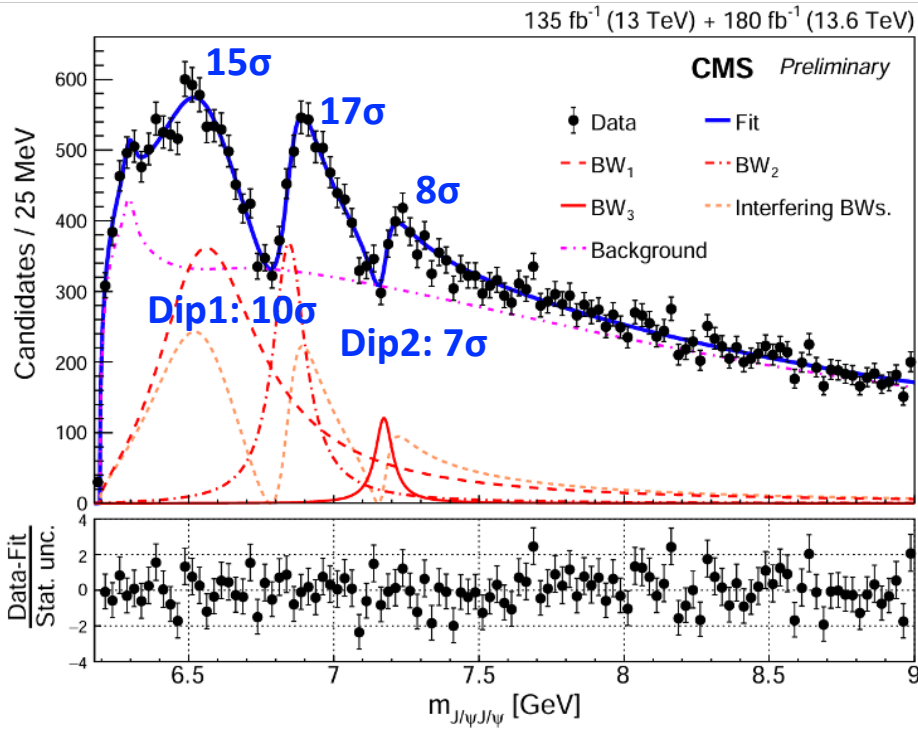


- **Dips poorly described — *no-Interf. model no longer sufficient!***

➤ **Let's now look at the fit results including interference**

$J/\psi J/\psi$: Run 2+3 interference fit result

CMS Run 2+3 interference fit result



Params [MeV]	Run II&III Interf.	Run II Interf.
M(BW1)	6593 ⁺¹⁵ ₋₁₄ ± 25	6638 ⁺⁴³⁺¹⁶ ₋₃₈₋₃₁
Γ(BW1)	446 ⁺⁶⁶ ₋₅₄ ± 87	440 ⁺²³⁰⁺¹¹⁰ ₋₂₀₀₋₂₄₀
M(BW2)	6847 ± 10 ± 15	6847 ⁺⁴⁴⁺⁴⁸ ₋₂₈₋₂₀
Γ(BW2)	135 ⁺¹⁶ ₋₁₄ ± 14	191 ⁺⁶⁶⁺²⁵ ₋₄₉₋₁₇
M(BW3)	7173 ⁺⁹ ₋₁₀ ± 13	7134 ⁺⁴⁸⁺⁴¹ ₋₂₅₋₁₅
Γ(BW3)	73 ⁺¹⁸ ₋₁₅ ± 10	97 ⁺⁴⁰⁺²⁹ ₋₂₉₋₂₆

❖ VS. Run II result:

- ✓ Statistical uncertainty reduced by **a factor of 3**
- ✓ Systematic uncertainty reduced by about **a factor of 2**

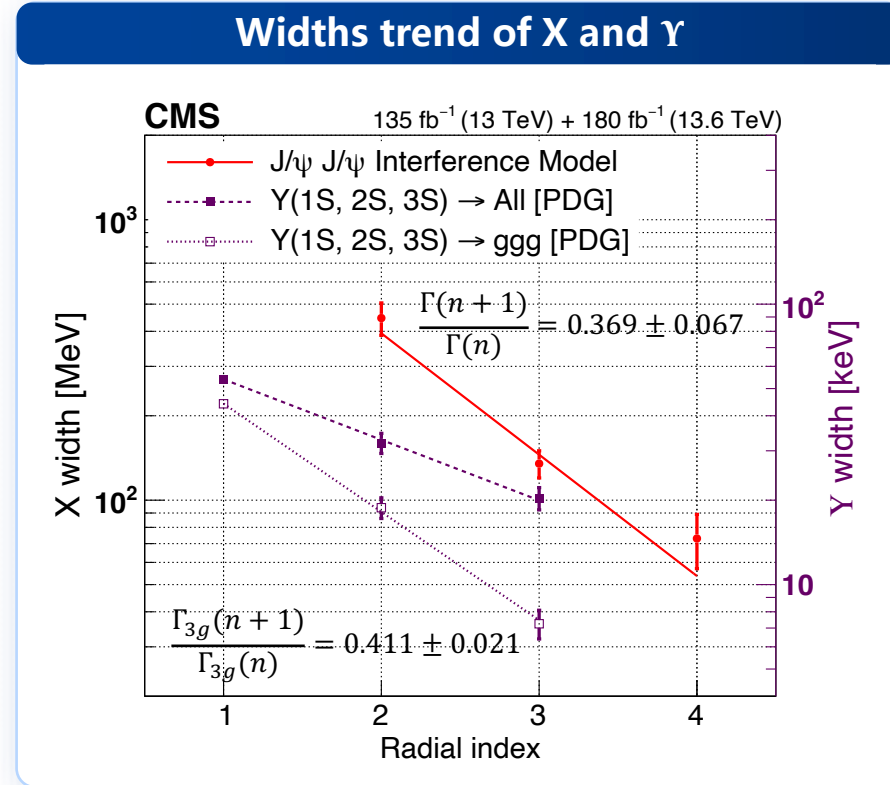
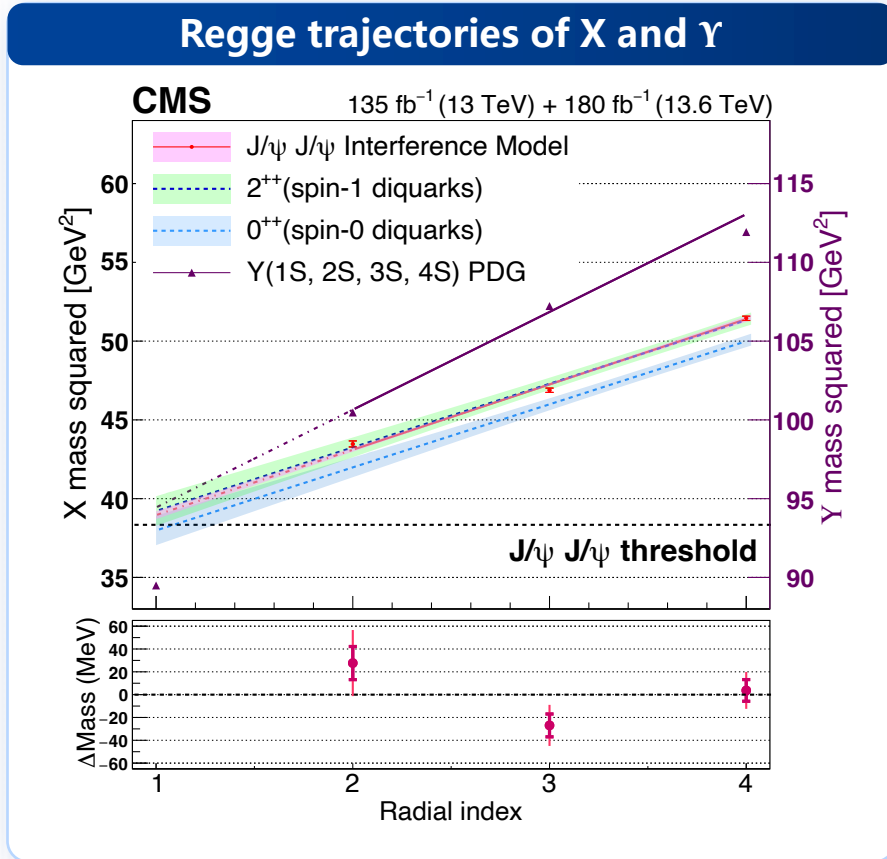
- All states and dips **well above 5 σ !**
- Quantum **interference among structures validated!**
- With improved precision, **large mass splittings persist**

Patterns among the triplets

❖ In Regge theory : $n_r = \beta M^2 + \beta_0$

$n_r = n - 1$, radial quantum number n

❖ X widths decrease with radial excitation, exponentially



🔍 Good agreement with **spin-1 diquark** 0⁺⁺ or 2⁺⁺ state

In Y family, $b\bar{b}$ quark-antiquark annihilation predominantly

🔍 **A similar exponential width trend** with annihilation partial width of Y family

❖ A family of all-charm tetraquarks

- X(6600), X(6900), and **X(7100)** well above 5σ

==> **Multiple states makes comparisons possible**

- Quantum interference among structures validated **well above 5σ**

==> **States have common J^{PC}**

- Large mass splittings, more precisely

==> **radial family of states**



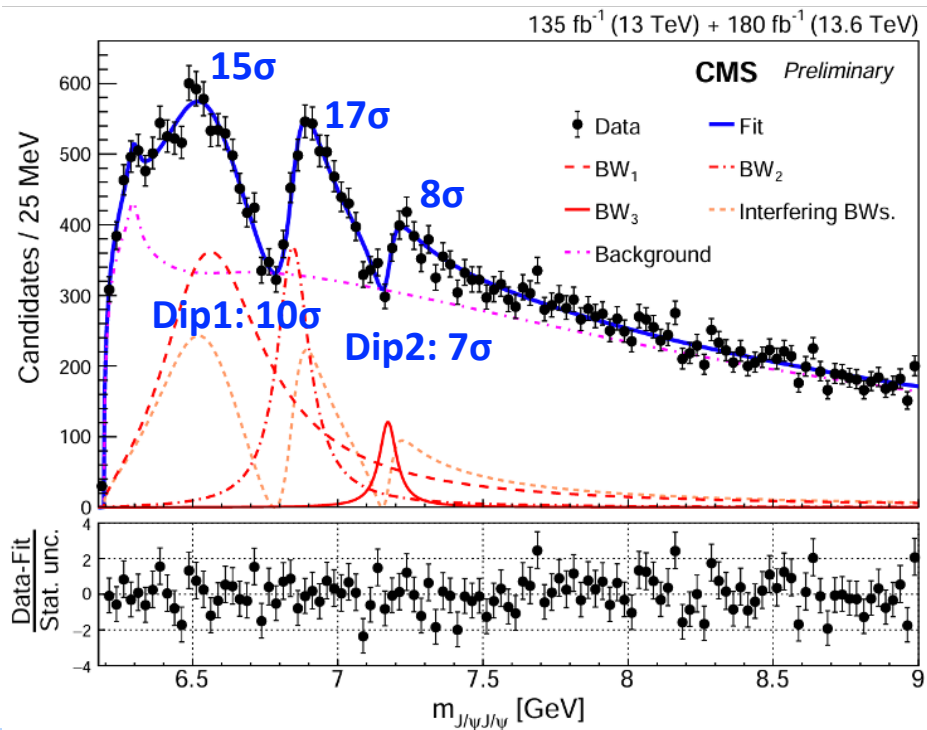
CMS is painting a coherent picture of all-charm tetraquark structures!

THANKS!

BACKUP

$J/\psi J/\psi$ Run II & III interference fit result

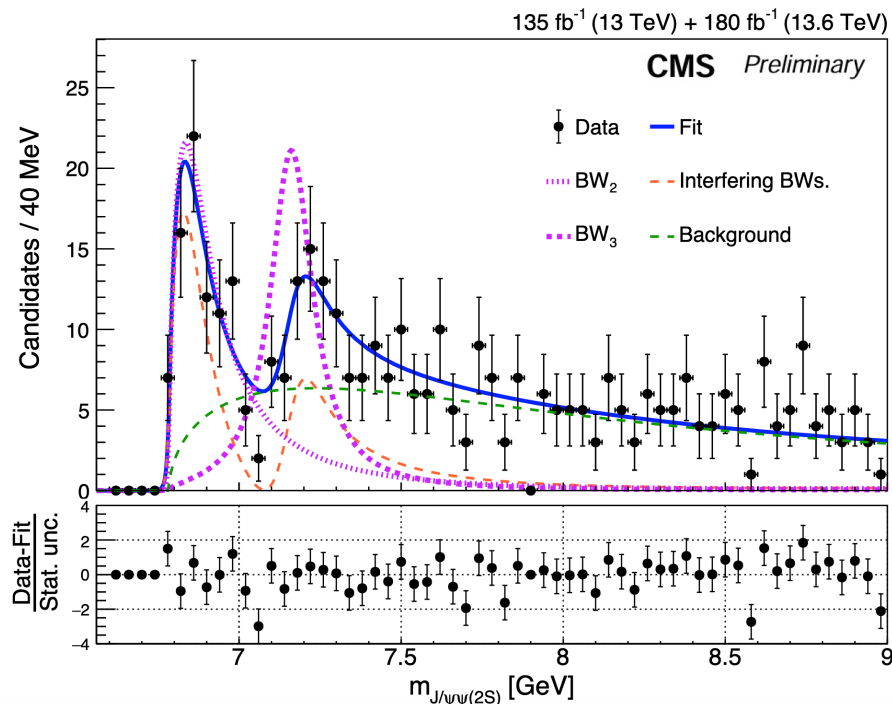
CMS Run 2+3



Dominant sources	Δm_{BW_1}	$\Delta \Gamma_{BW_1}$	Δm_{BW_2}	$\Delta \Gamma_{BW_2}$	Δm_{BW_3}	$\Delta \Gamma_{BW_3}$
Signal shape	25	52	2	11	3	5
NRSPS shape	3	7	<1	1	<1	5
DPS shape	<1	5	<1	<1	<1	1
Combinatorial bkg shape	<1	22	<1	2	<1	4
Feeddown	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Mass resolution	4	58	15	7	12	5
Efficiency	<1	4	<1	<1	<1	<1
Without BW ₀	<1	29	2	3	2	1
Total uncertainty	25	87	15	14	13	10

$J/\psi\psi(2S)$ Run II & III interference fit result

CMS Run 2+3



➤ Significance of $X(6900) = 7.9\sigma$

➤ Significance of $X(7100) = 4.0\sigma$

ATLAS only claim $X(6900) 4.7\sigma$ in $J/\psi\psi(2S)$ channel

Dominant sources	$M_{X(6900)}$	$\Gamma_{X(6900)}$	$M_{X(7100)}$	$\Gamma_{X(7100)}$
Signal shape	± 29	± 79	± 22	± 131
NRSPS shape	± 14	± 54	± 14	± 29
Combinatorial background shape	± 15	± 51	± 15	± 20
Mass resolution	± 5	± 7	± 5	± 9
Efficiency	± 7	± 27	± 7	± 10
Add X(6600) peak	± 104	± 14	± 61	± 31
Fitter bias	$+9$ -11	$+43$ -37	$+29$ -14	0 -80
Total	$+110$ -110	$+120$ -120	$+74$ -70	$+140$ -160

Params	$J/\psi\psi(2S)$ [MeV]	$J/\psi J/\psi$ [MeV]
$M(\text{BW}2)$	$6876^{+46+110}_{-29-110}$	$6847 \pm 10 \pm 15$
$\Gamma(\text{BW}2)$	$253^{+290+120}_{-100-120}$	$135^{+16}_{-14} \pm 14$
$M(\text{BW}3)$	7169^{+26+74}_{-52-70}	$7173^{+9}_{-10} \pm 13$
$\Gamma(\text{BW}3)$	$154^{+110+140}_{-82-160}$	$73^{+18}_{-15} \pm 10$