

29 January, 2026

The 5th Workshop on JUNO-related
Theory and Phenomenology

Radiative corrections to inverse beta decay at low energies

O.T., arXiv:2512.07956
arXiv:2512.07957

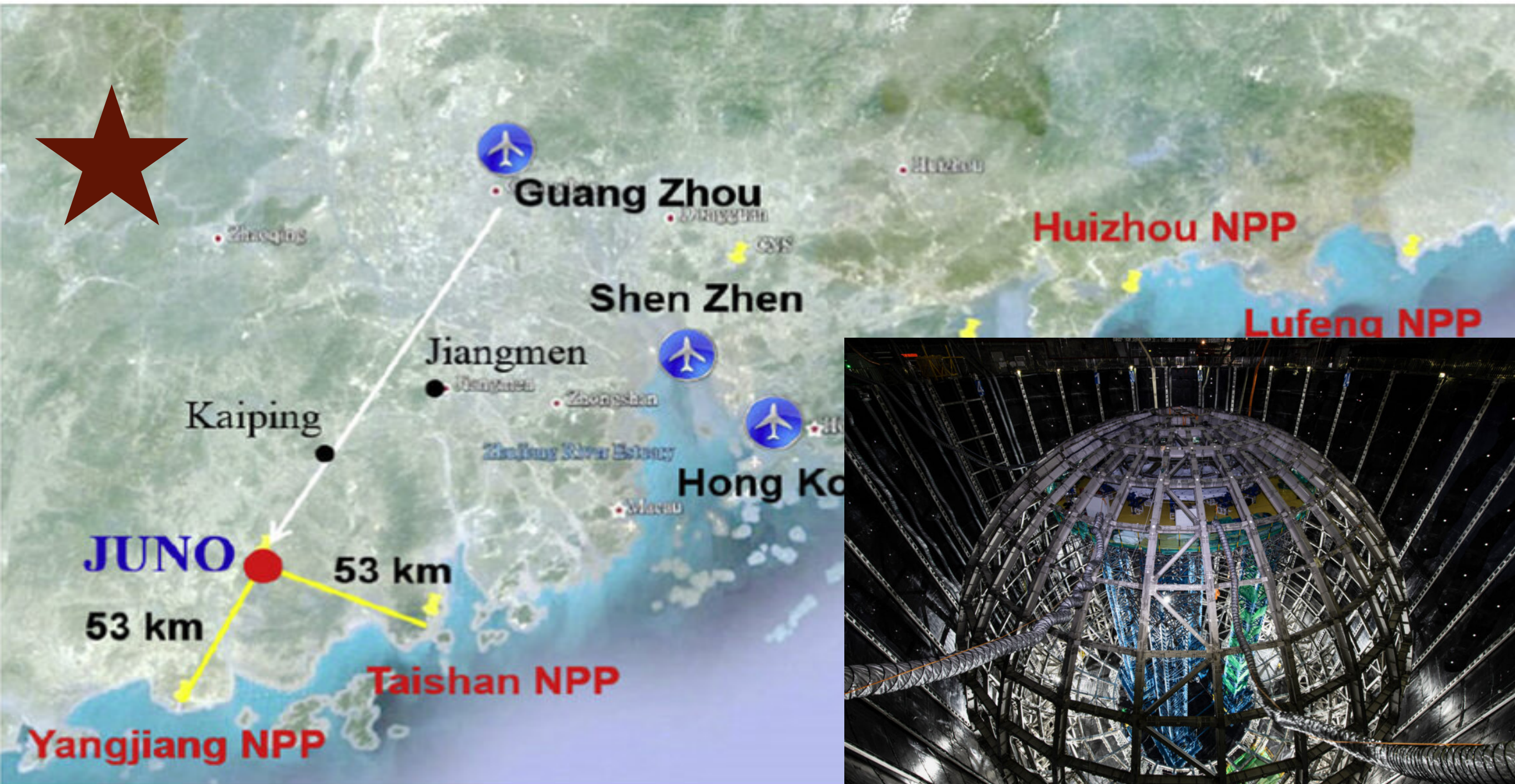


托马拉克

Sasha Tomalak

CP violation and mass hierarchy@laboratory

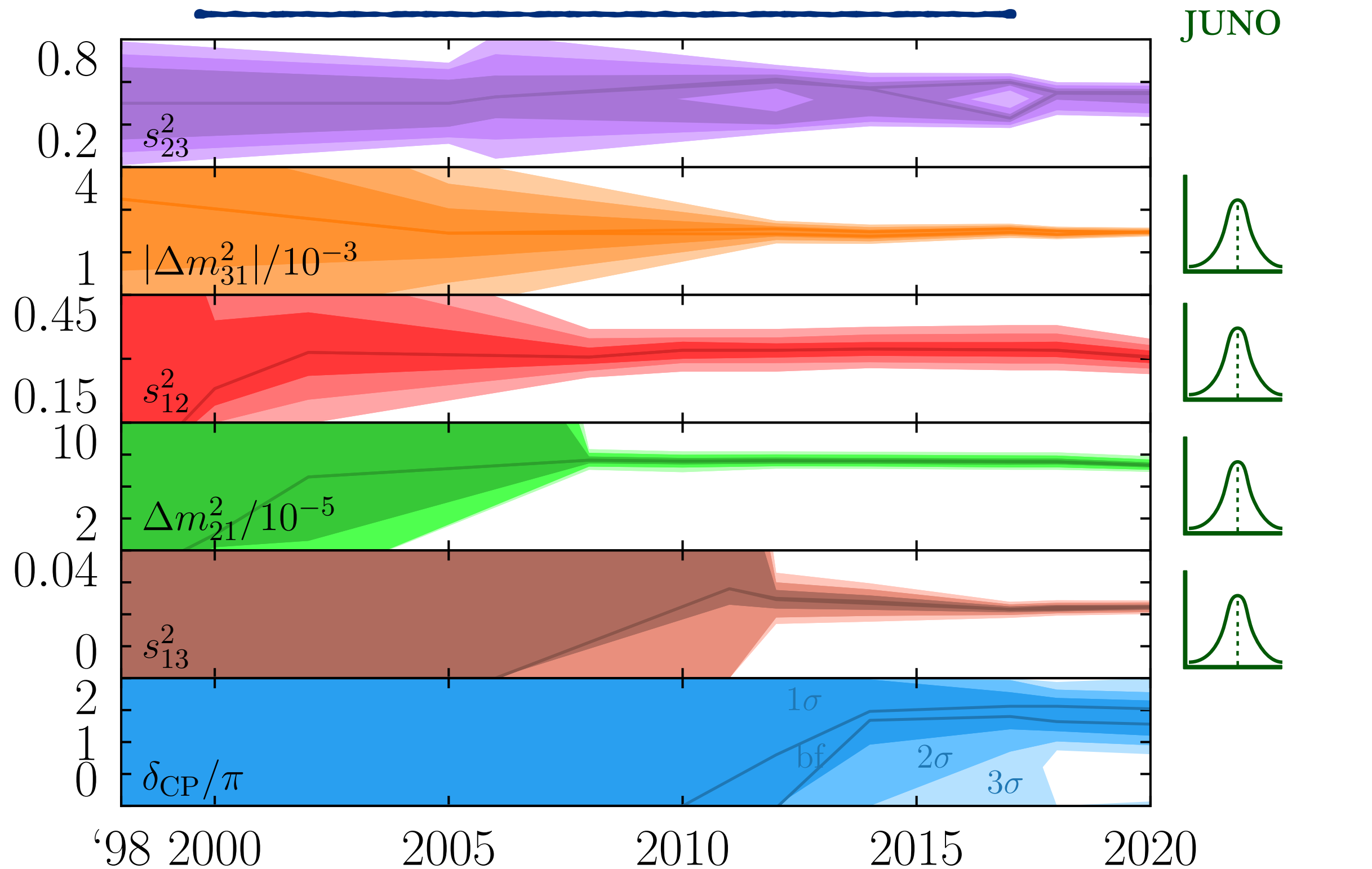
3σ determination of mass hierarchy



- 4 precise oscillation parameters from **JUNO** !!!

35 m, 20000 t

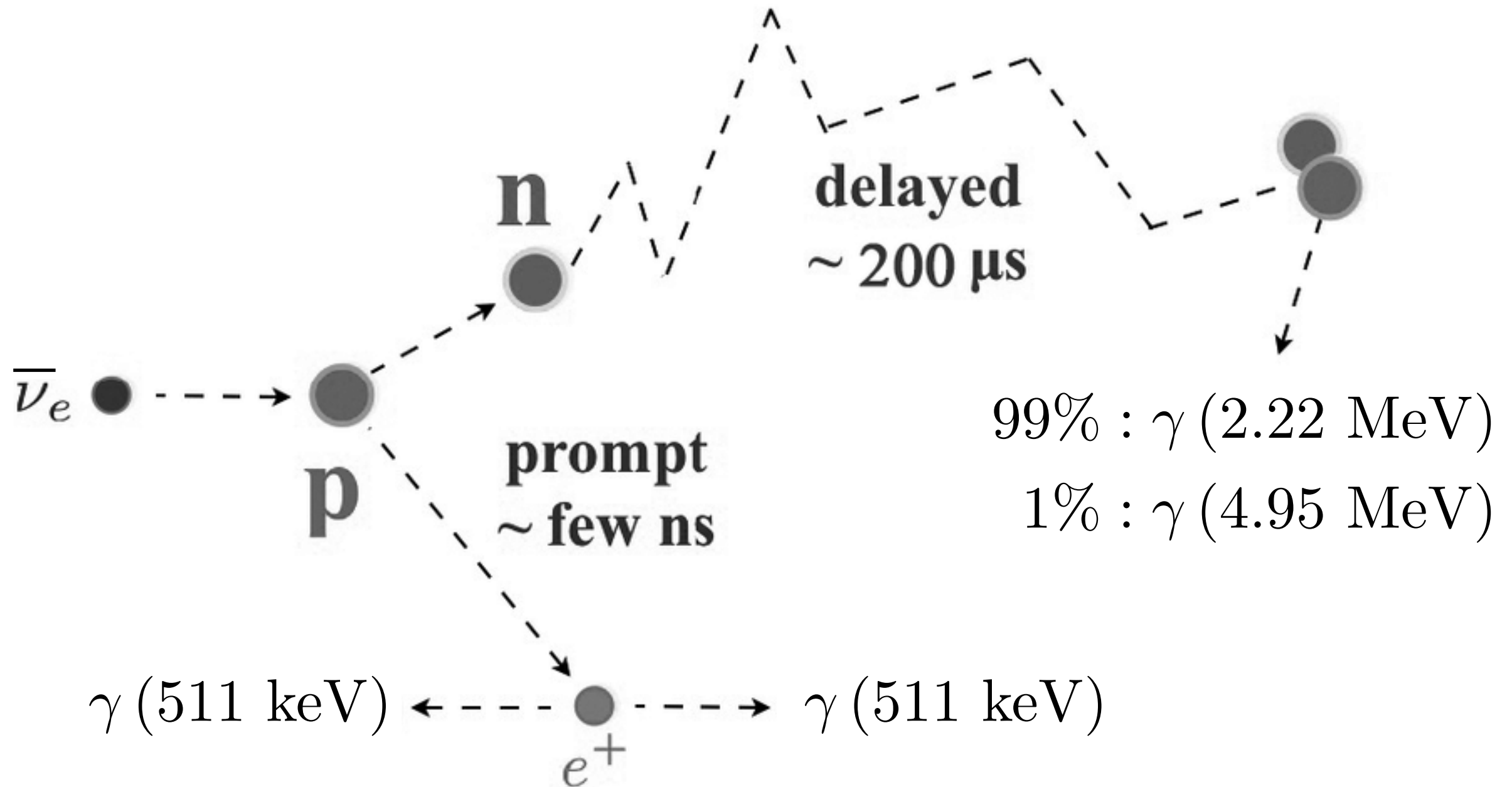
PMNS oscillation matrix



- tremendous progress in our lifetime

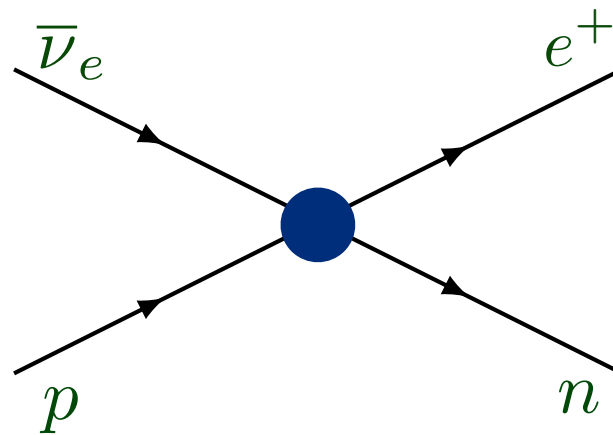
Snowmass 2021 NFO1 group report

JUNO detection channel



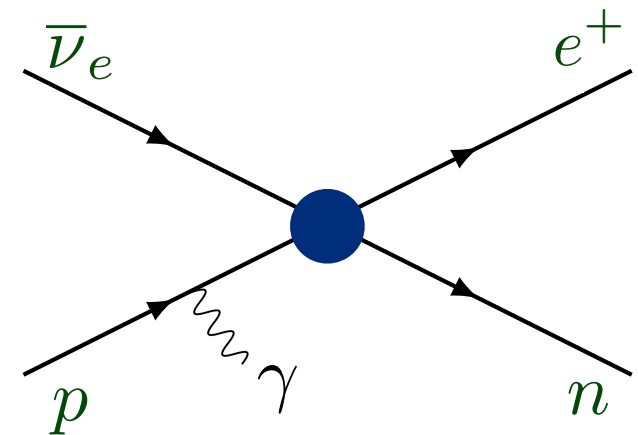
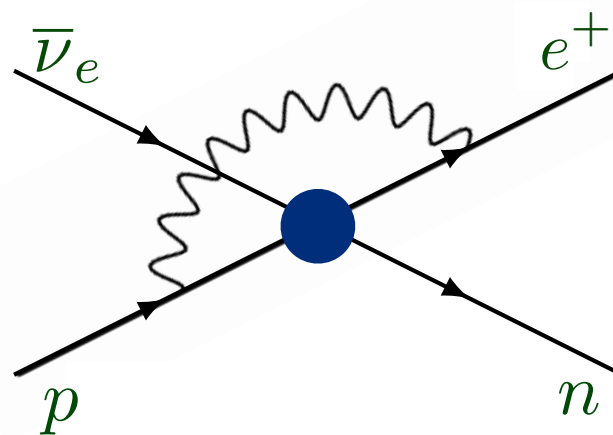
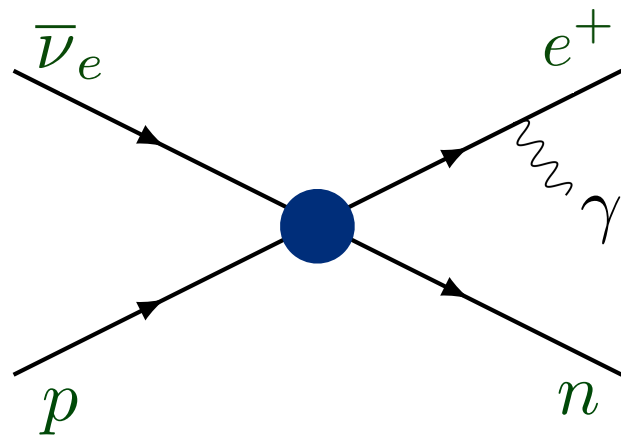
Teng Li et al., Chin. Phys. C (2017)

- prompt-delayed time signature: background discrimination



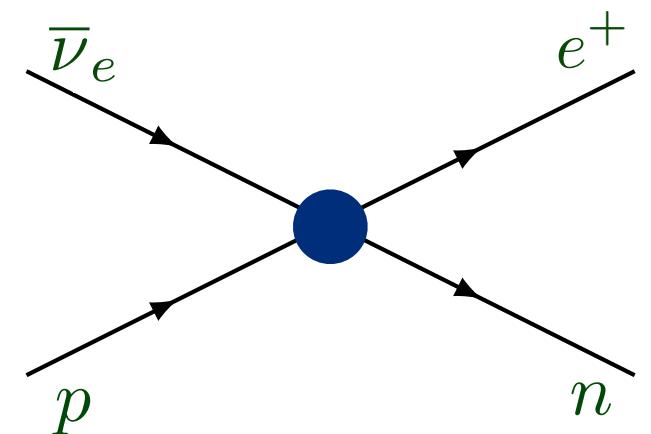
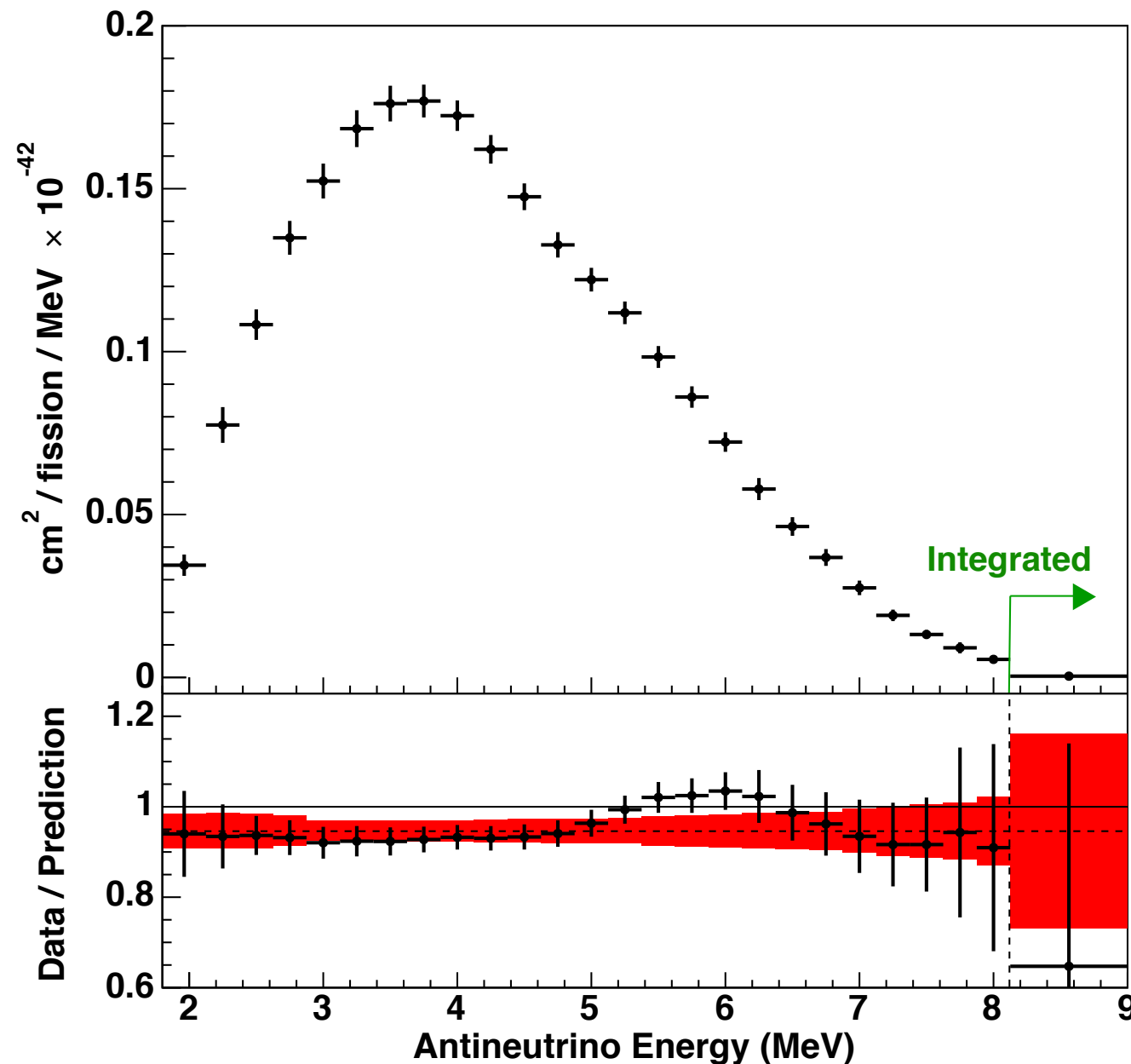
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Theory of inverse beta decay for reactor antineutrinos



IBD with reactor antineutrinos

- neutron is heavier than proton by 1.3 MeV

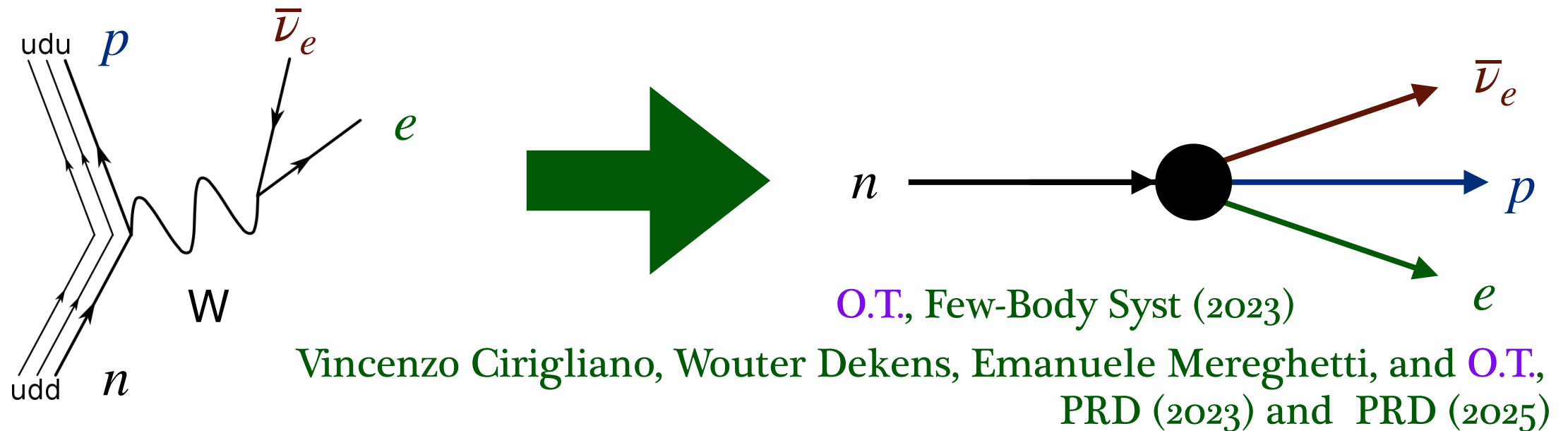


Daya Bay, PRL (2016)

- MeV-scale physics like in neutron decay

Complete EFT approach

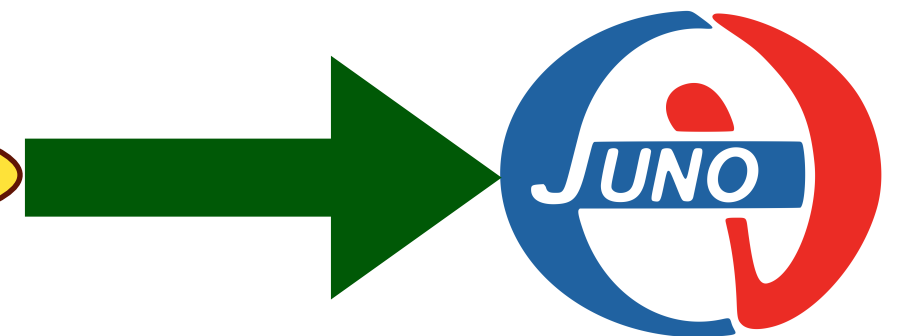
- neutron is heavier than proton by 1.3 MeV and can decay



- four-fermion interaction between leptons and heavy nucleons

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = -\sqrt{2}G_F V_{ud} \bar{e} \gamma_\mu P_L \nu_e \cdot \bar{N} (g_V v^\mu - 2g_A S^\mu) \tau^+ N$$

Standard Model $\rightarrow$ LEFT $\rightarrow$ HB χ PT $\rightarrow$ $\not{E}$ EFT



- **systematic approach**: determine low-energy coupling constants
- first **consistent** at **0.1%-level QED** radiative corrections

Low-energy description

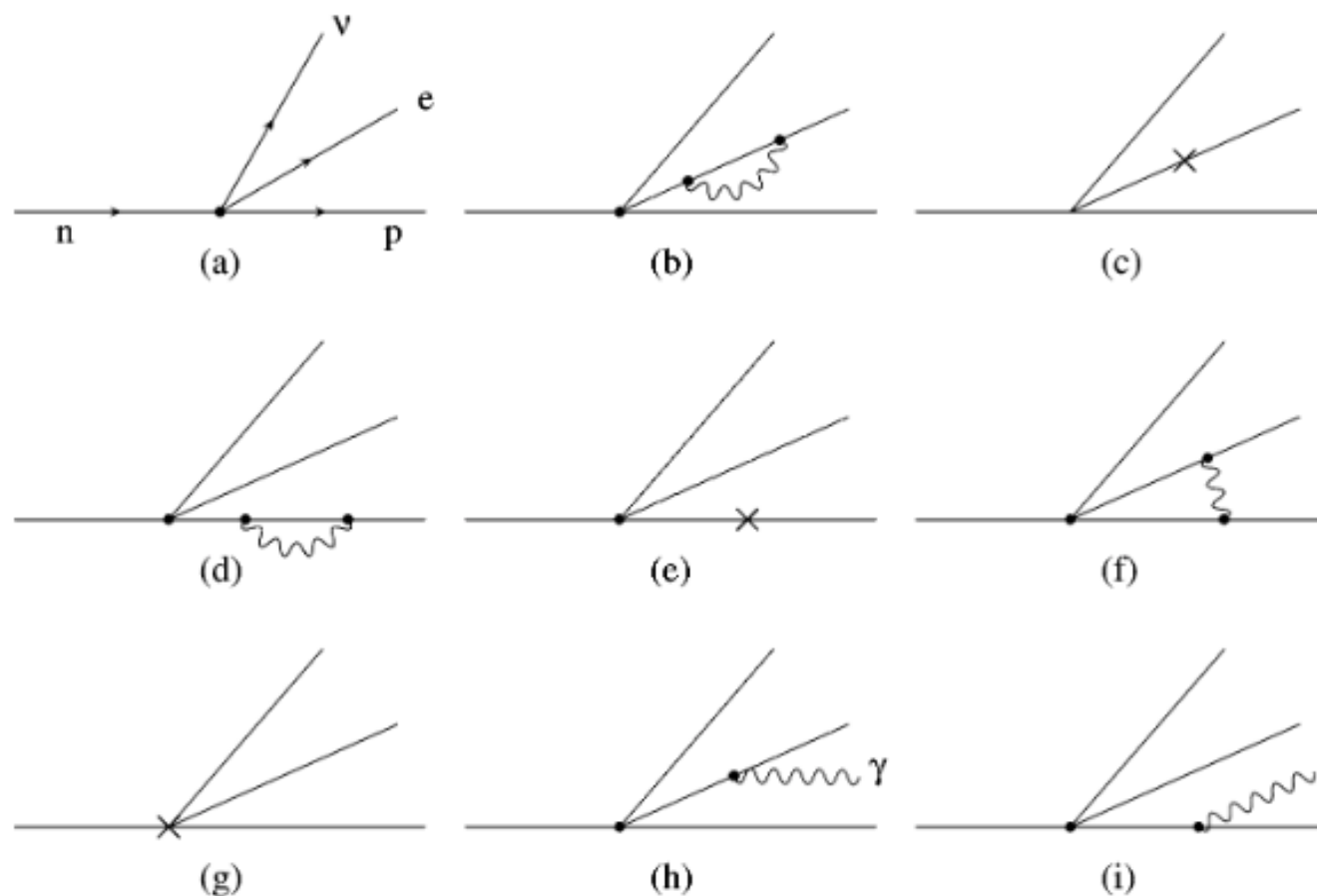
- four-fermion interaction between leptons and heavy nucleons

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = -\sqrt{2}G_F V_{ud} \bar{e} \gamma_\mu P_L \nu_e \cdot \bar{N} (g_V v^\mu - 2g_A S^\mu) \tau^+ N + \mathcal{O} \left(\frac{m_e}{M_p}, \alpha, \alpha \frac{m_\pi}{M_p}, \alpha \frac{m_e}{m_\pi} \right)$$

$$m_e \sim M_p - M_n$$

A. Sirlin, Phys. Rev. (1967)

- radiative corrections formulated in modern **EFT language**



vector and axial-vector
counterterms (diagrams c, e, g)

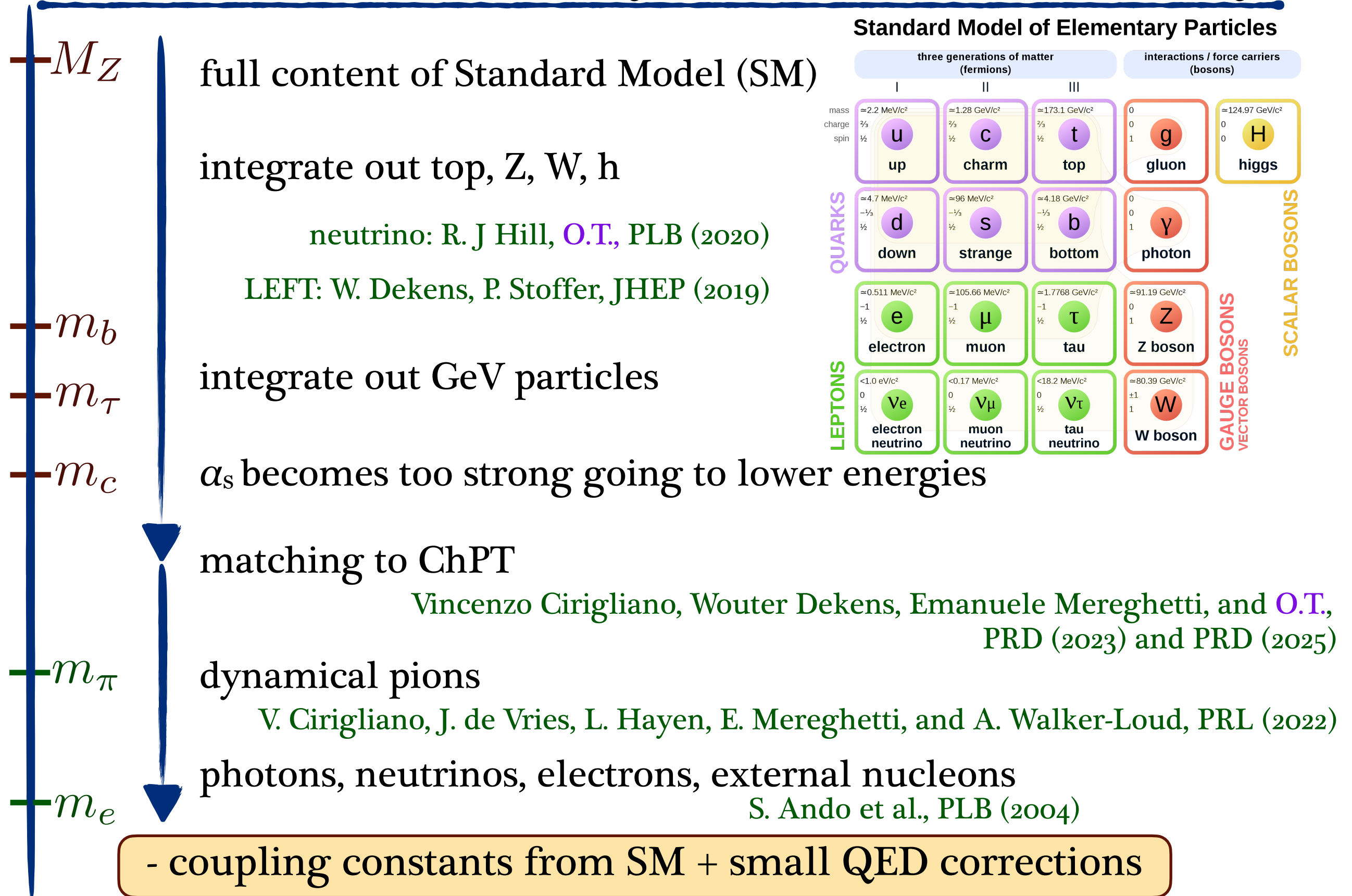
data

Standard Model

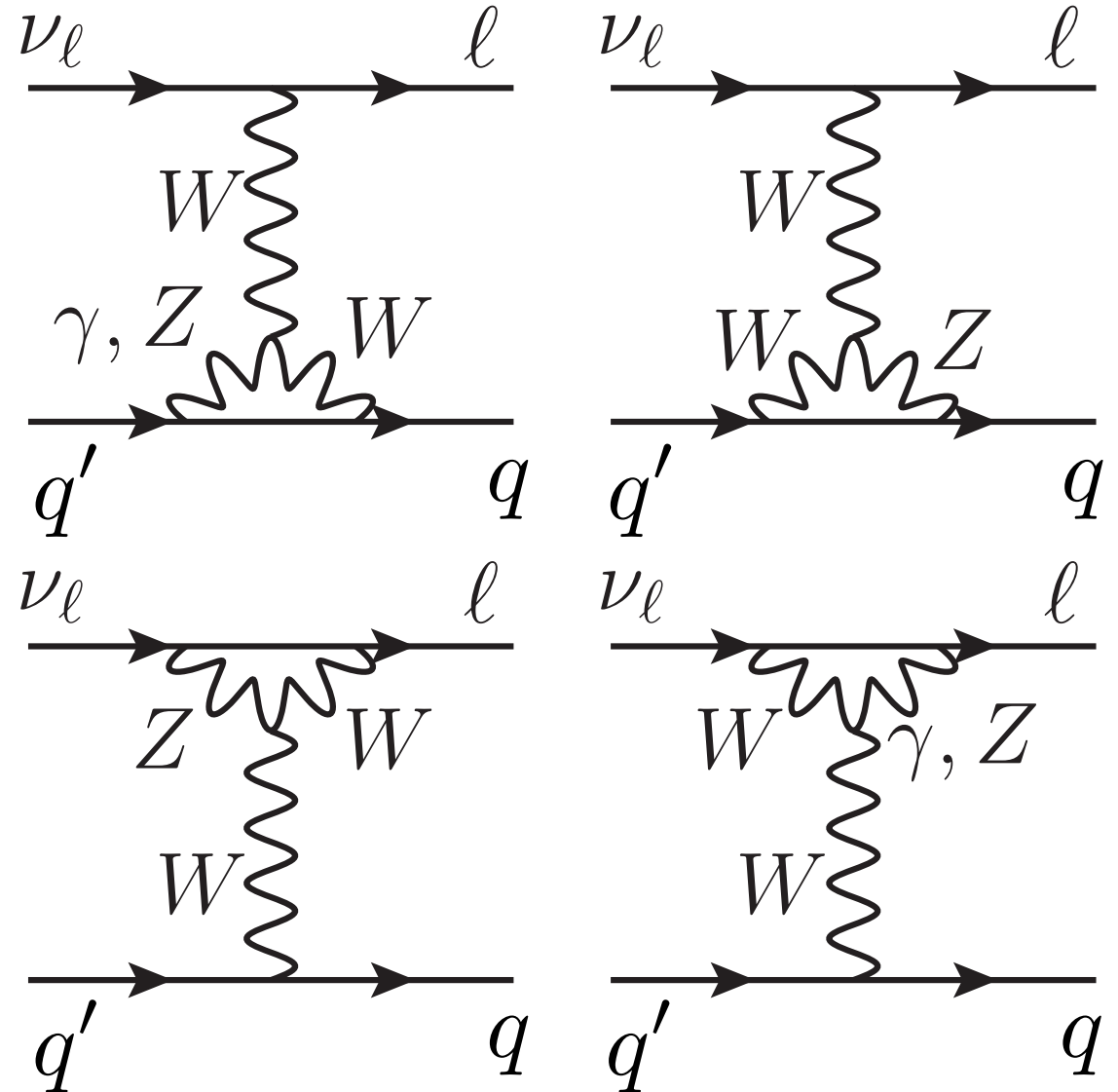
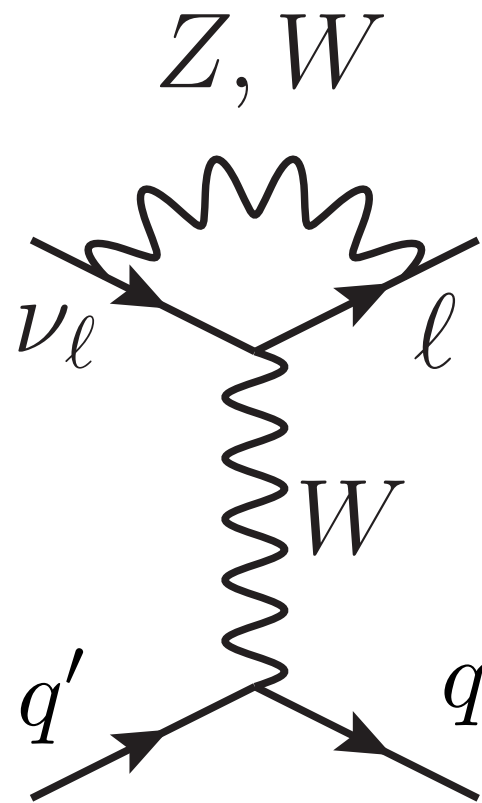
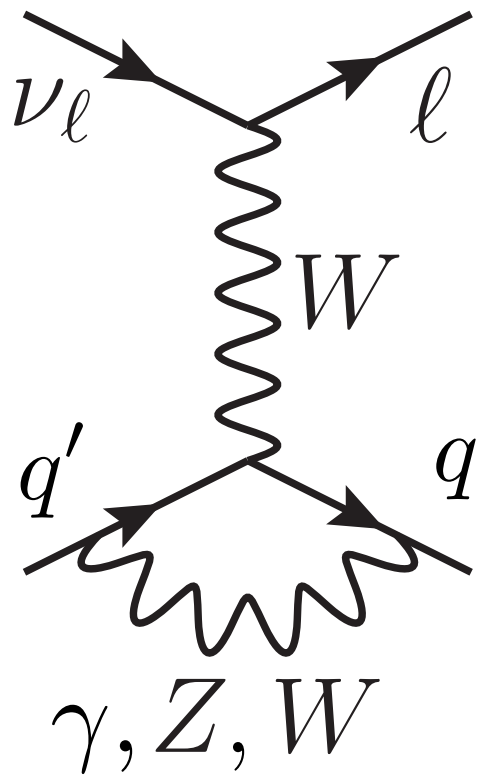
S. Ando et al., PLB (2004)

- **two coupling constants** predict all observables

Effective field theory for IBD and β decay

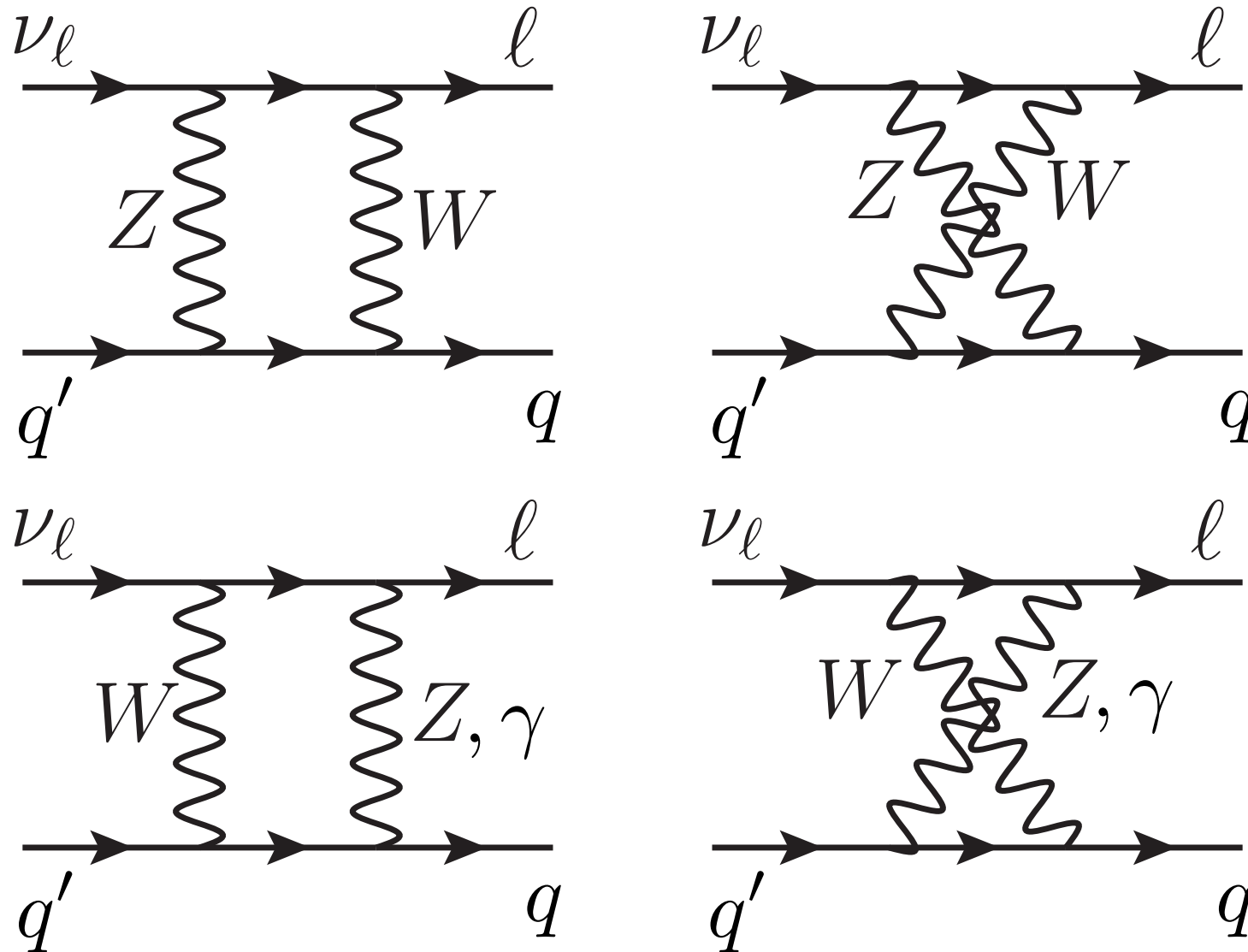


Charged current in SM. Vertexes



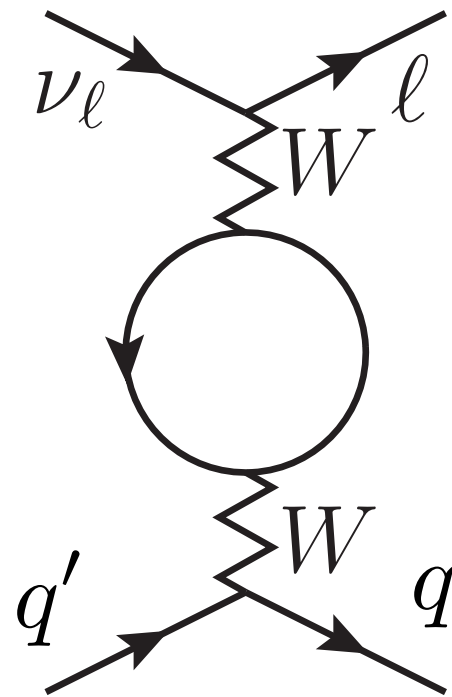
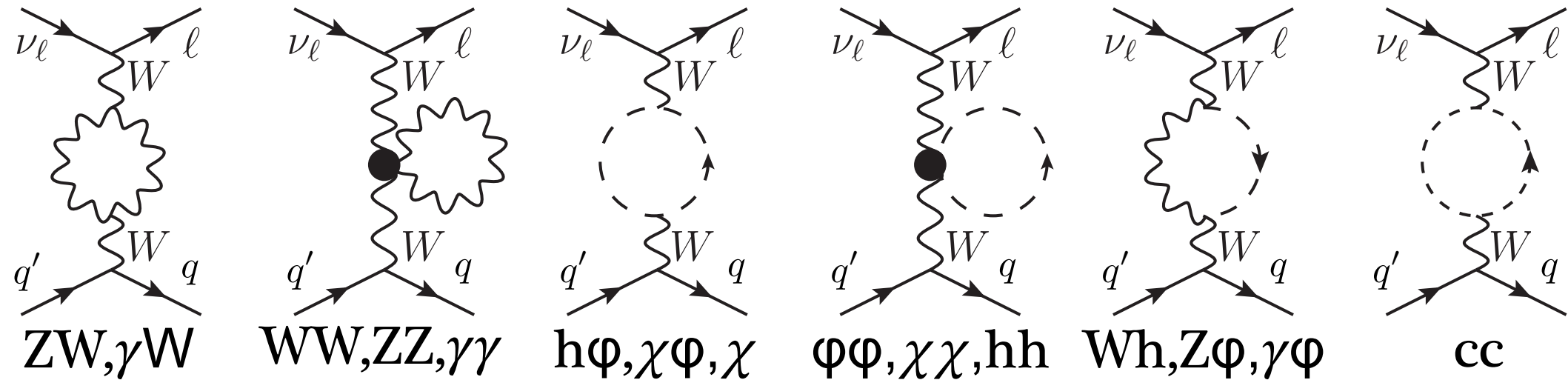
- contribution to effective couplings

Charged current in SM. Boxes



- contribution to effective couplings

W self energy

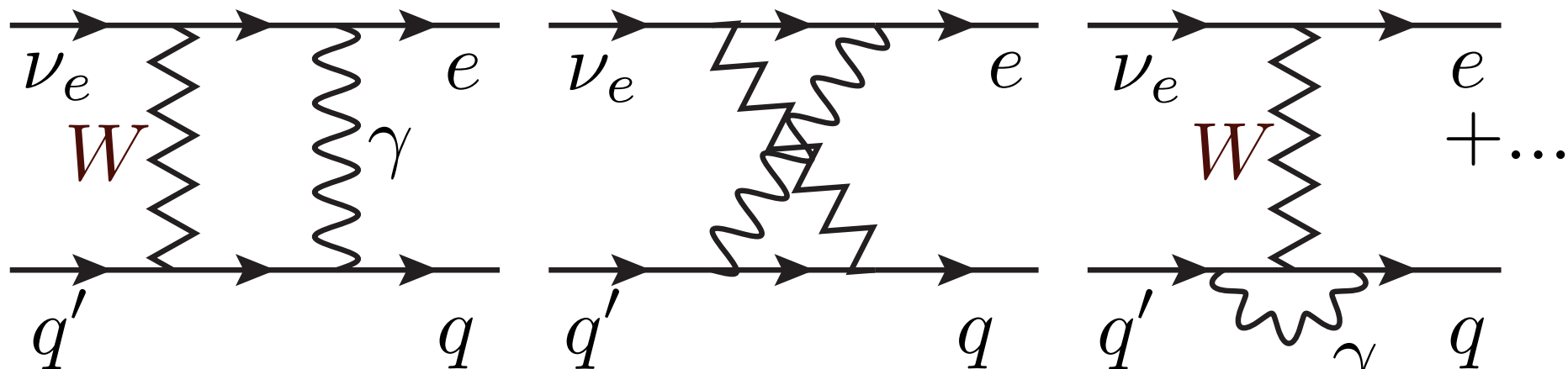


- vanishing contribution to matching besides loops with t quark

- contribution to effective couplings

LEFT Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{LEFT}} \sim G_F V_{ud} C_\beta^r(a, \mu) \bar{e}_L \gamma_\rho \nu_{eL} \bar{u}_L \gamma^\rho d_L$$



scheme independent

scheme dependent for quarks

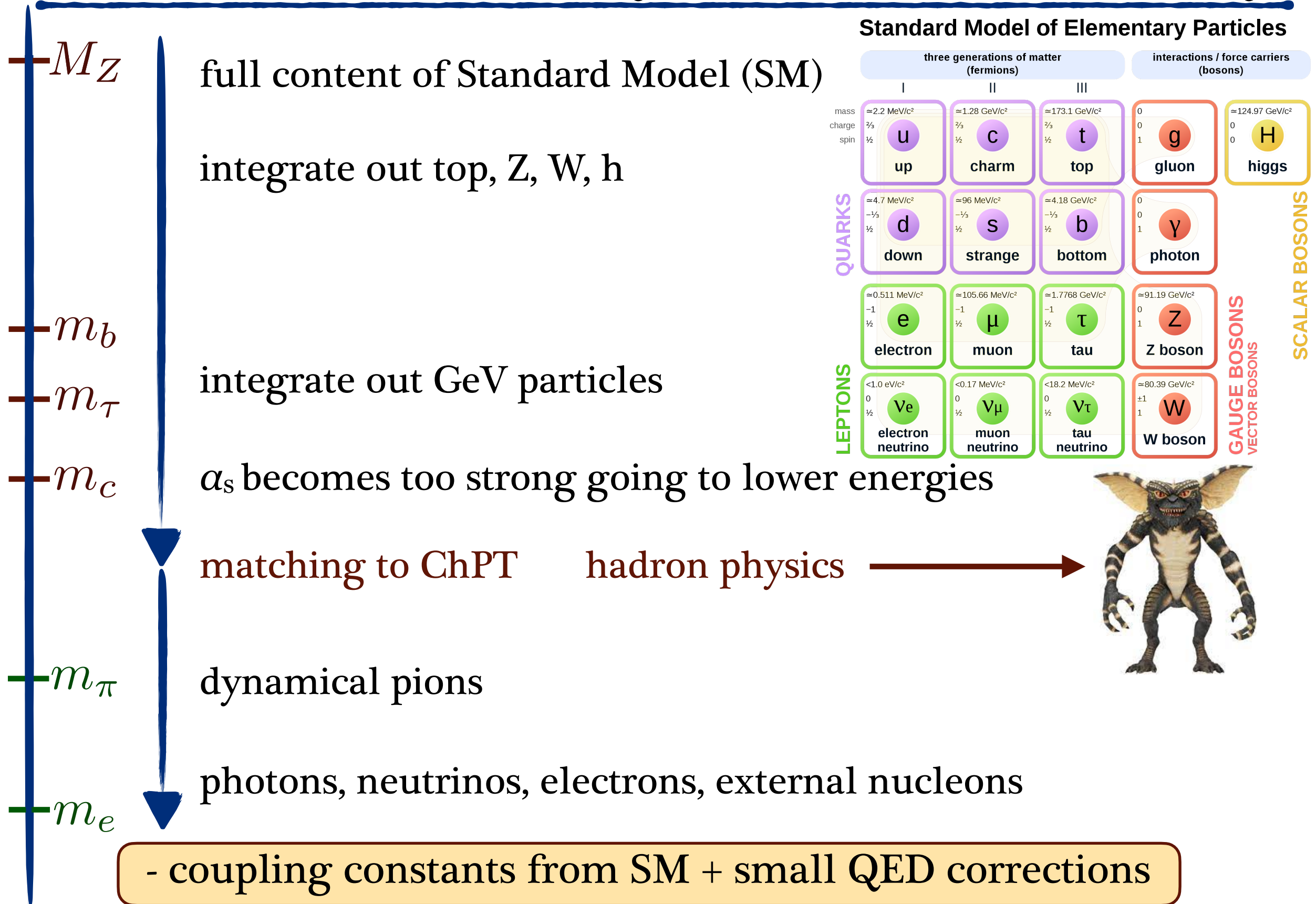
- NDR scheme for γ_5 for evanescent operators E

$$\gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu P_L \otimes \gamma_\mu \gamma_\beta \gamma_\alpha P_L = 4(1 + a(4 - d)) \gamma^\mu P_L \otimes \gamma_\mu P_L + E(a)$$

Buras and Weisz (1990)

- scheme dependence of 1-loop matching and 2-loop running

Effective field theory for IBD and β decay



HB χ PT to π EFT matching

- purely leptonic counterterm

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{lept}}^{\text{CT}} = e^2 X_6 \bar{e} (i\partial_\mu + eA_\mu) \gamma^\mu e$$

- π EFT counterterms from χ PT couplings in baryon sector

$$g_V = C_\beta^r \left(1 + e^2 \left[-\frac{X_6}{2} + 2(V_1 + V_2 + V_3 + V_4) - g_9 \right] \right)$$

EW + electromagnetic

- LECs in terms of correlation functions

One-loop result

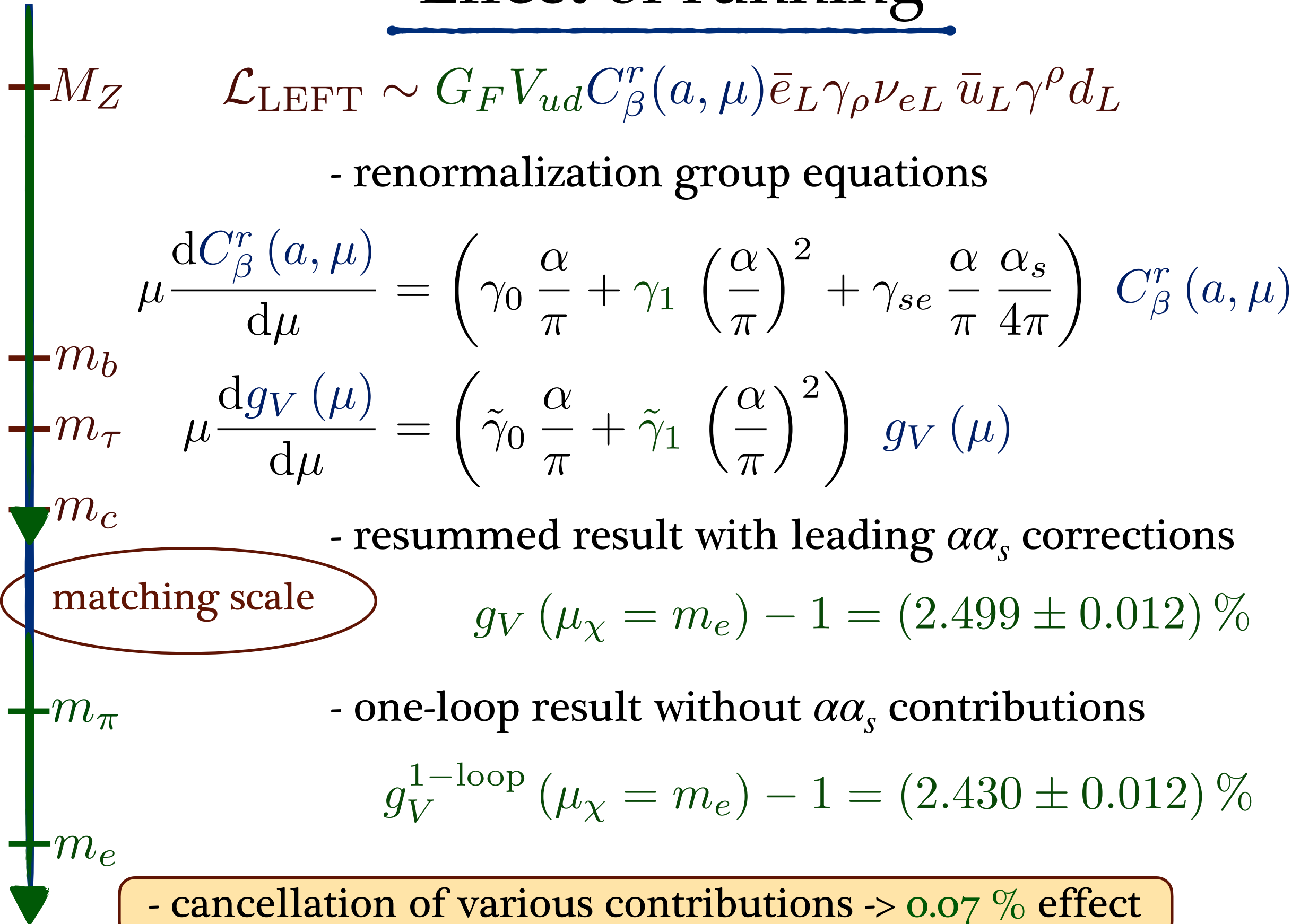
- clear illustration of leading logarithms

$$g_V(\mu_\chi) = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \left[\frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{4} \ln \frac{\mu_\chi^2}{\mu_0^2} + \ln \frac{\mu_0^2}{M_Z^2} \right] \\ - e^2 \int \frac{i d^4 q}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{\nu^2 + Q^2}{Q^4} \left[\frac{T_3(\nu, Q^2)}{2\nu} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{Q^2 + \mu_0^2} \right]$$

- same Regge and resonance inputs as in traditional approach
- updates in elastic; DIS is part of running in LEFT

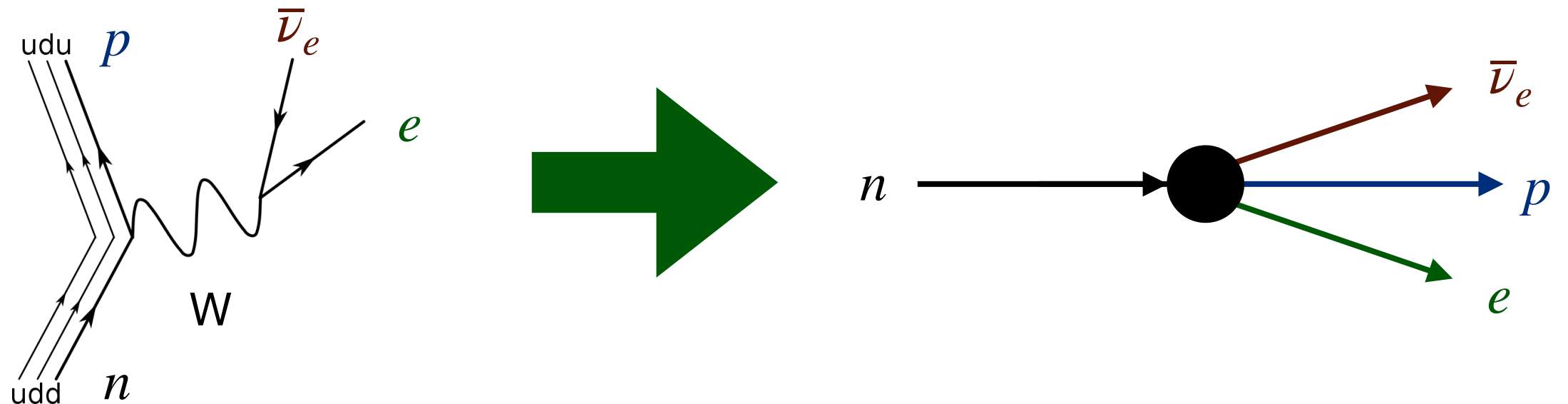
- agreement with current algebra evaluation

Effect of running



Complete EFT approach

- neutron is heavier than proton by 1.3 MeV and can decay



- four-fermion interaction between leptons and heavy nucleons

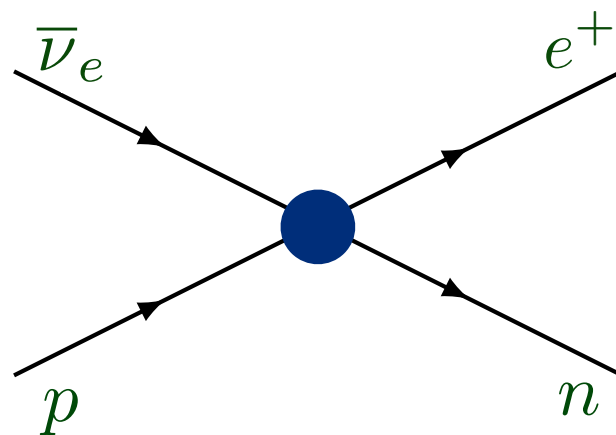
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = -\sqrt{2}G_F V_{ud} \bar{e} \gamma_\mu P_L \nu_e \cdot \bar{N} (g_V v^\mu - 2g_A S^\mu) \tau^+ N$$

g_V : theoretical prediction from Standard Model

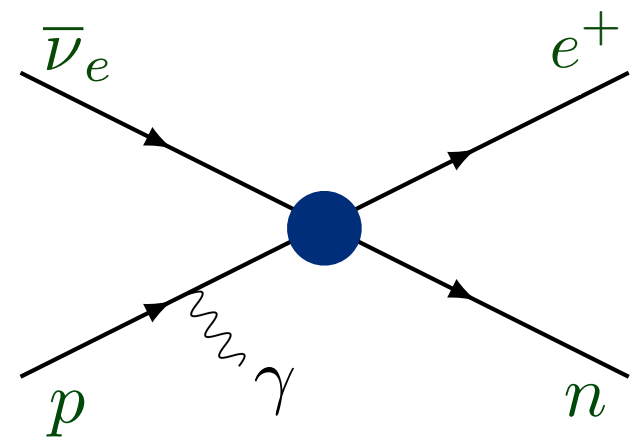
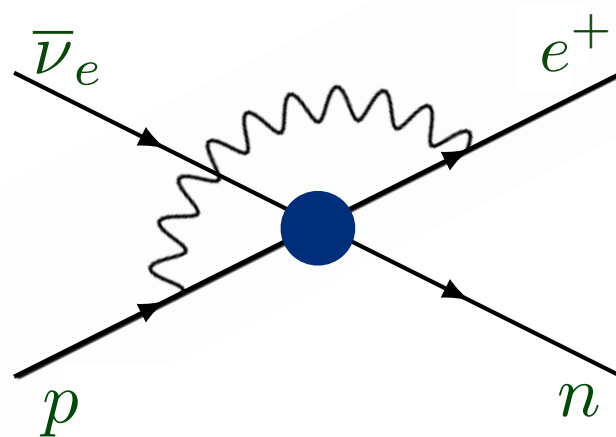
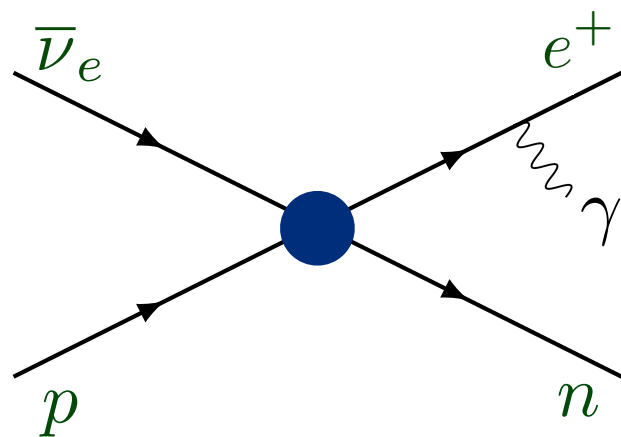
g_A : beta asymmetry in polarized neutron decay

V_{ud} : superallowed transitions

- first consistent at 0.1%-level QED radiative corrections



Theory of inverse beta decay for reactor antineutrinos



Bremsstrahlung

- new distributions beyond E_{EM} spectrum

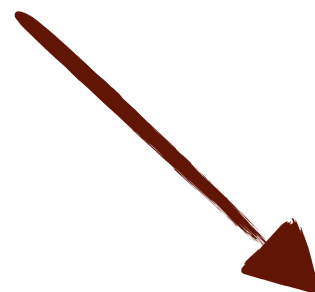
$$E_n, E_\gamma, \theta_n$$



$$E_n, \theta_n$$



$$E_n, E_{\text{EM}}$$



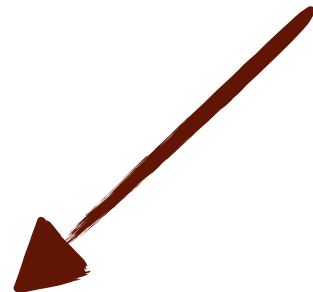
$$E_e, E_\gamma, \theta_e$$



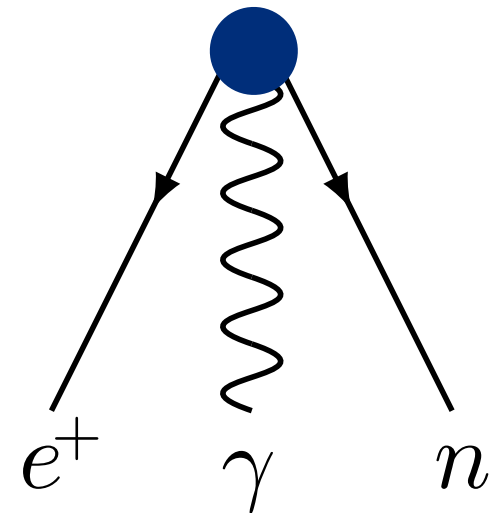
$$E_e, \theta_e$$



$$E_e$$



total cross section



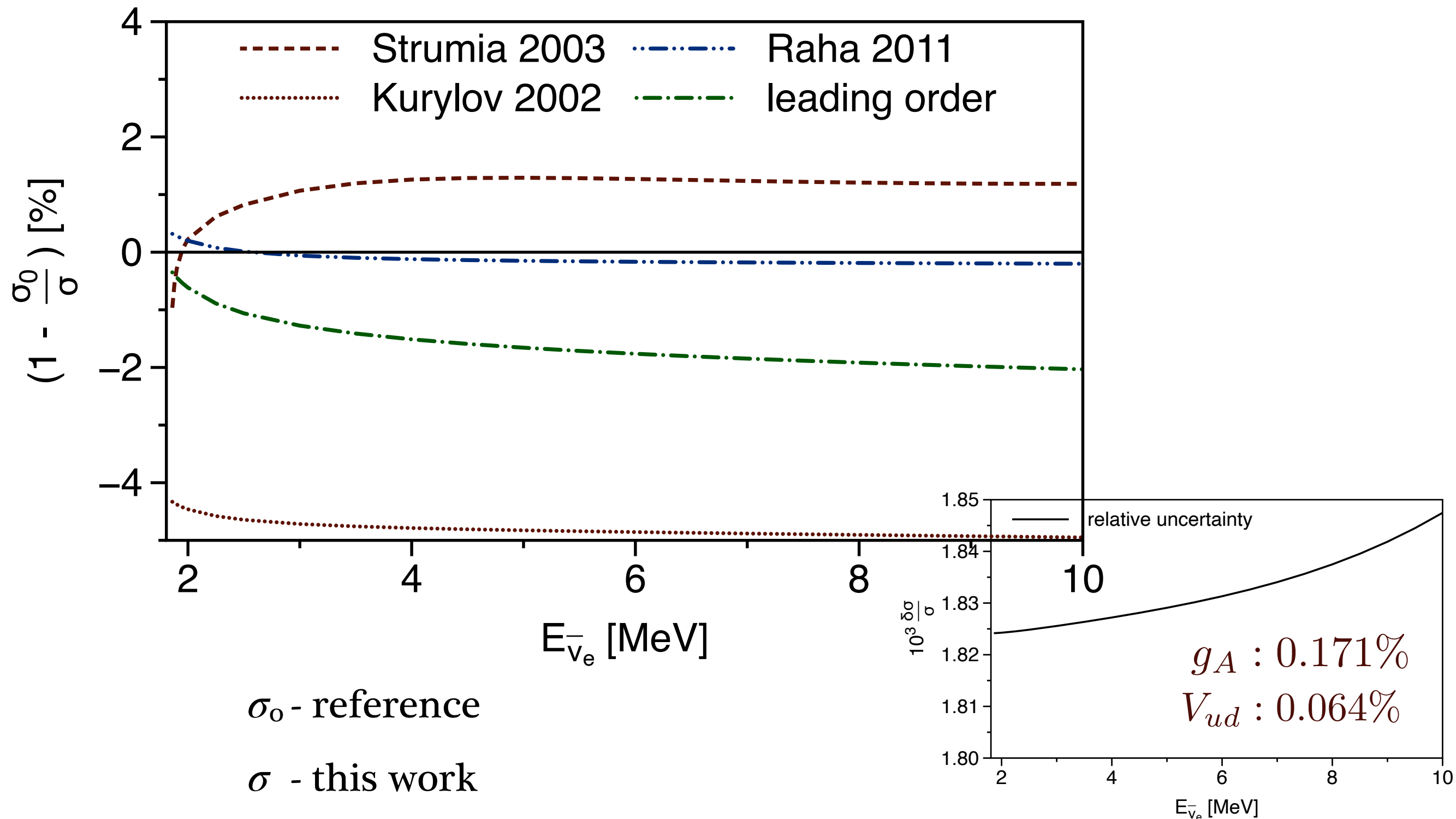
$$E_{\text{EM}} = E_e + E_\gamma$$

consistency at
cross-section level

O.T., arXiv:2512.07956
arXiv:2512.07957

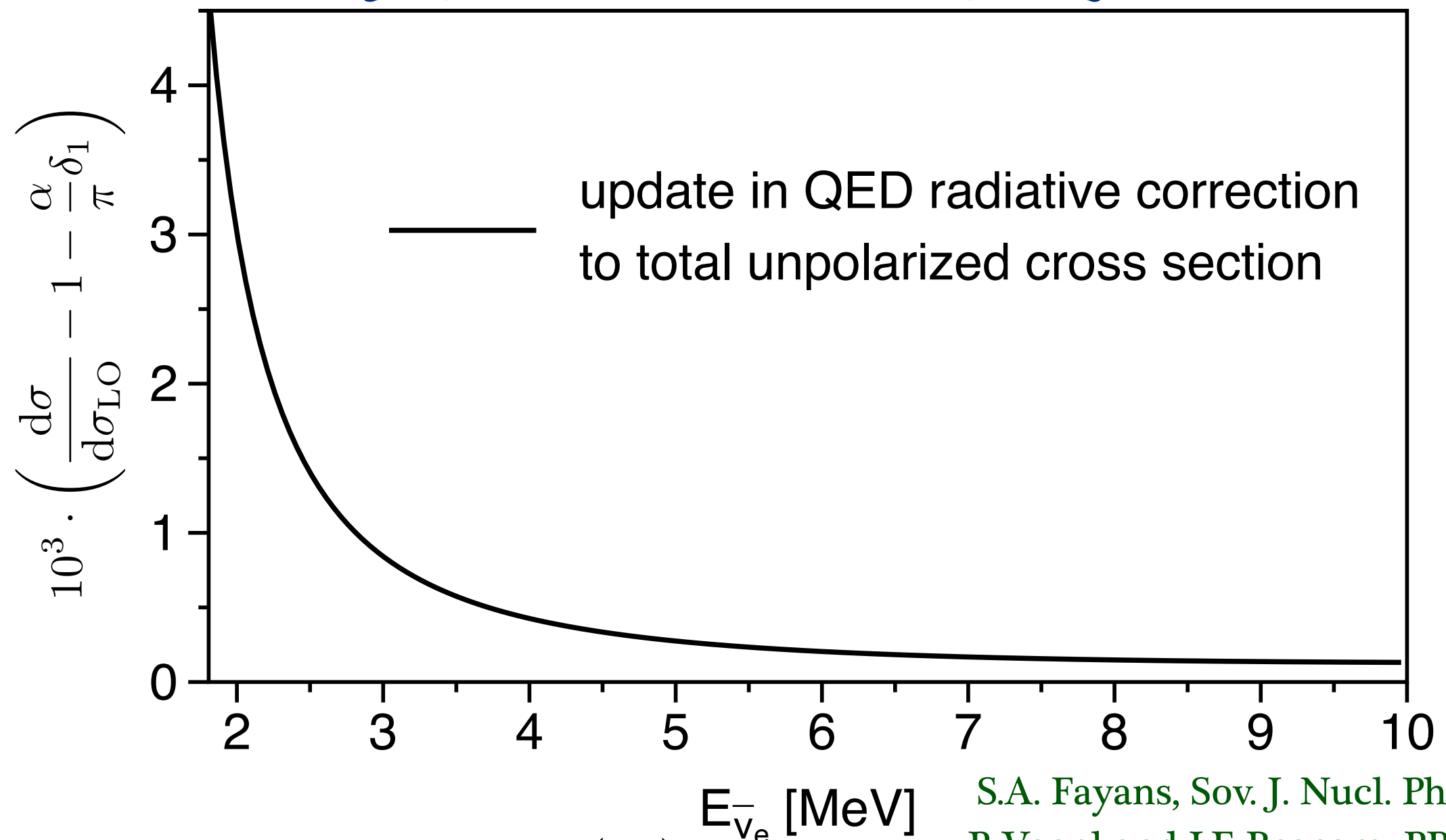
- analytical positron energy spectrum, 2D/3D distributions

Total cross section



- %-level improvement to previous results; **0.18%** uncertainty

Total cross section



$$E_{\bar{\nu}_e} \approx m_n - m_p + E_{e^+} + E_\gamma + O\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$$

S.A. Fayans, Sov. J. Nucl. Phys (1985)

P. Vogel and J.F. Beacom, PRD (1999)

M. Fukugita and T. Kubota, PRD (2005)

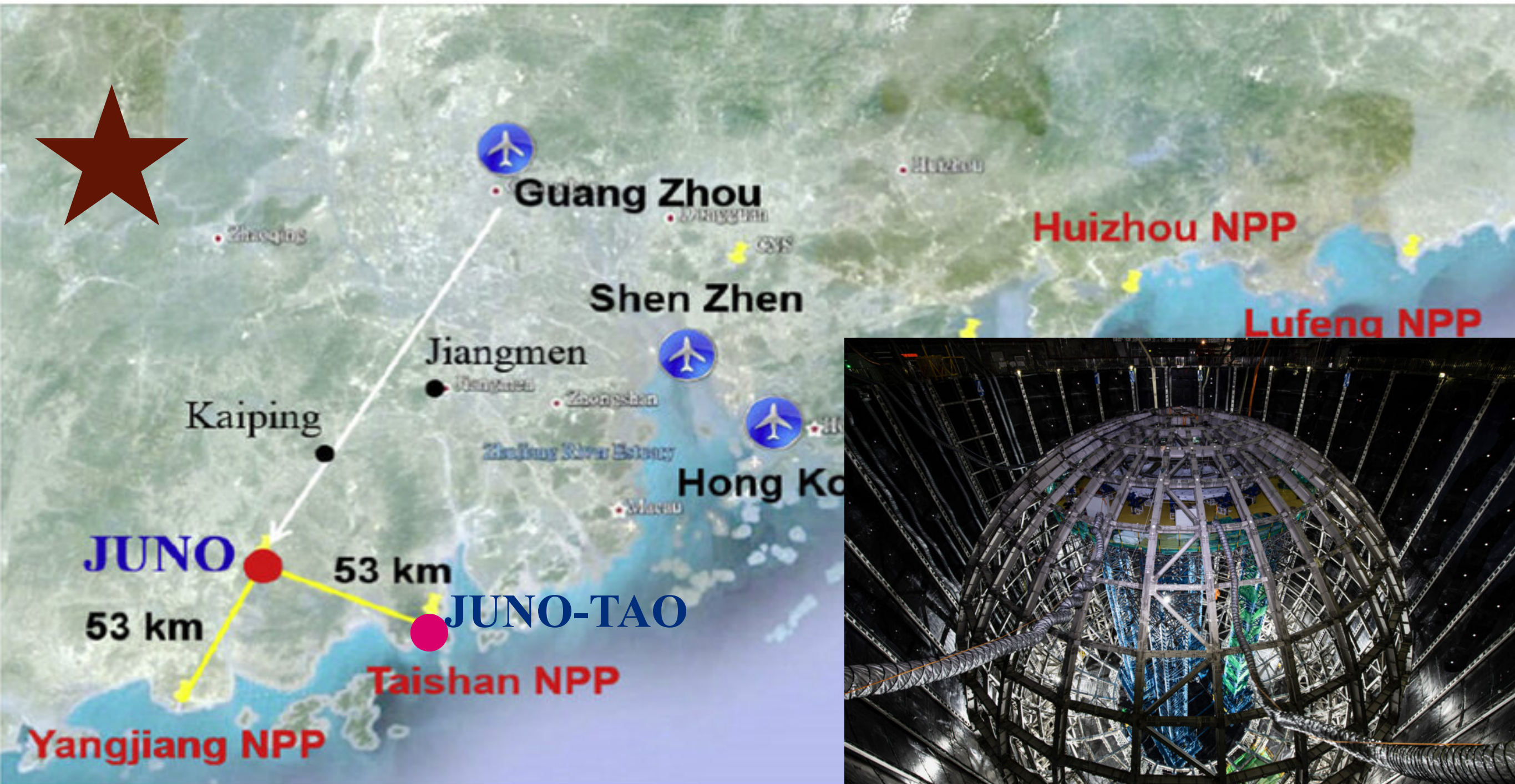
U. Raha, F. Myhrer, and K. Kubodera, PRC (2012)

O.T., Qing Chen, Richard J. Hill, Kevin S. McFarland, and Clarence Wret, PRD (2022)

- analytical expression δ_1 in **static limit** works at $\lesssim 0.1\%$ level

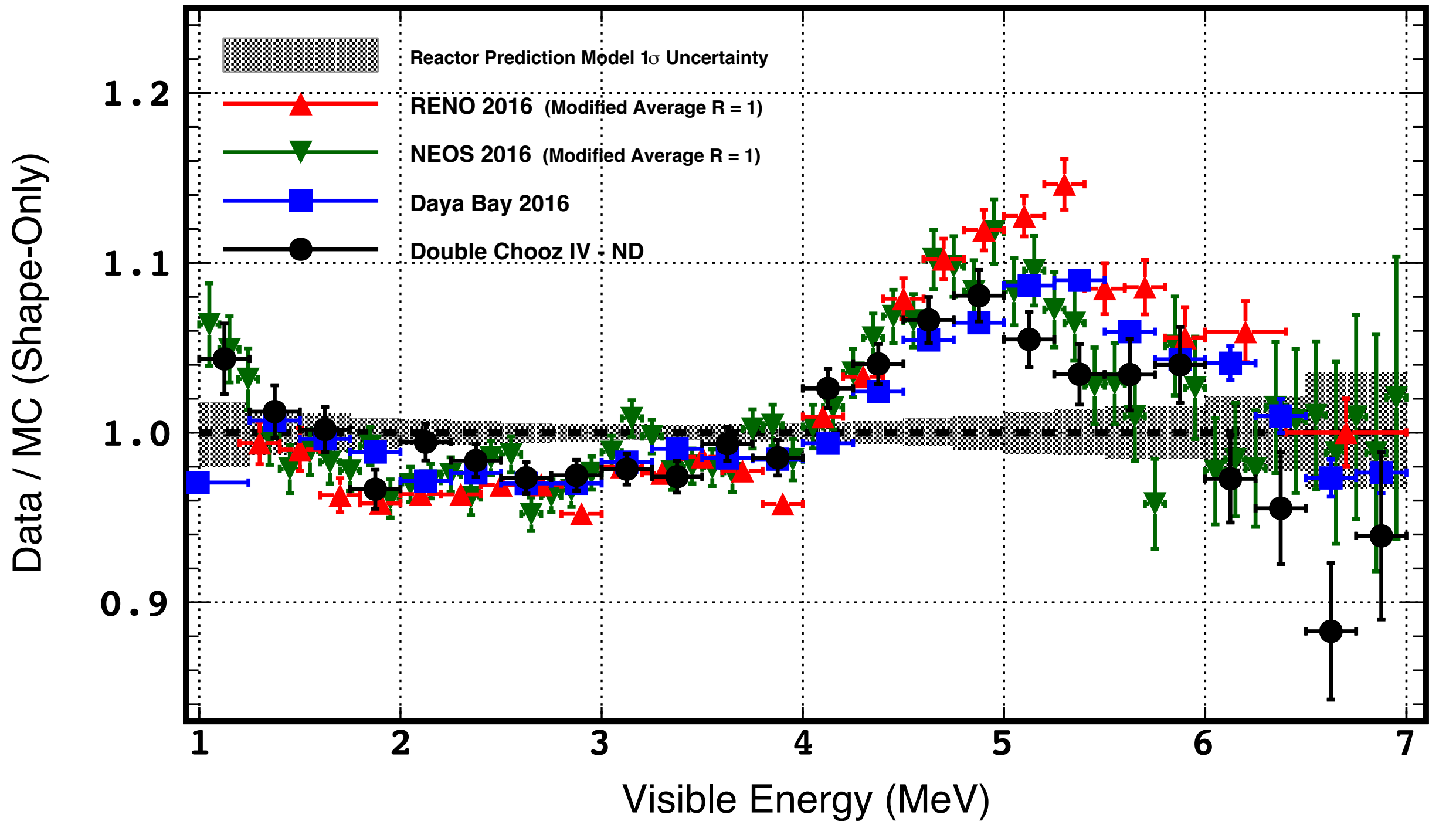
CP violation and mass hierarchy@laboratory

3σ determination of mass hierarchy



- partial reduction of cross-section uncertainty with JUNO-TAO

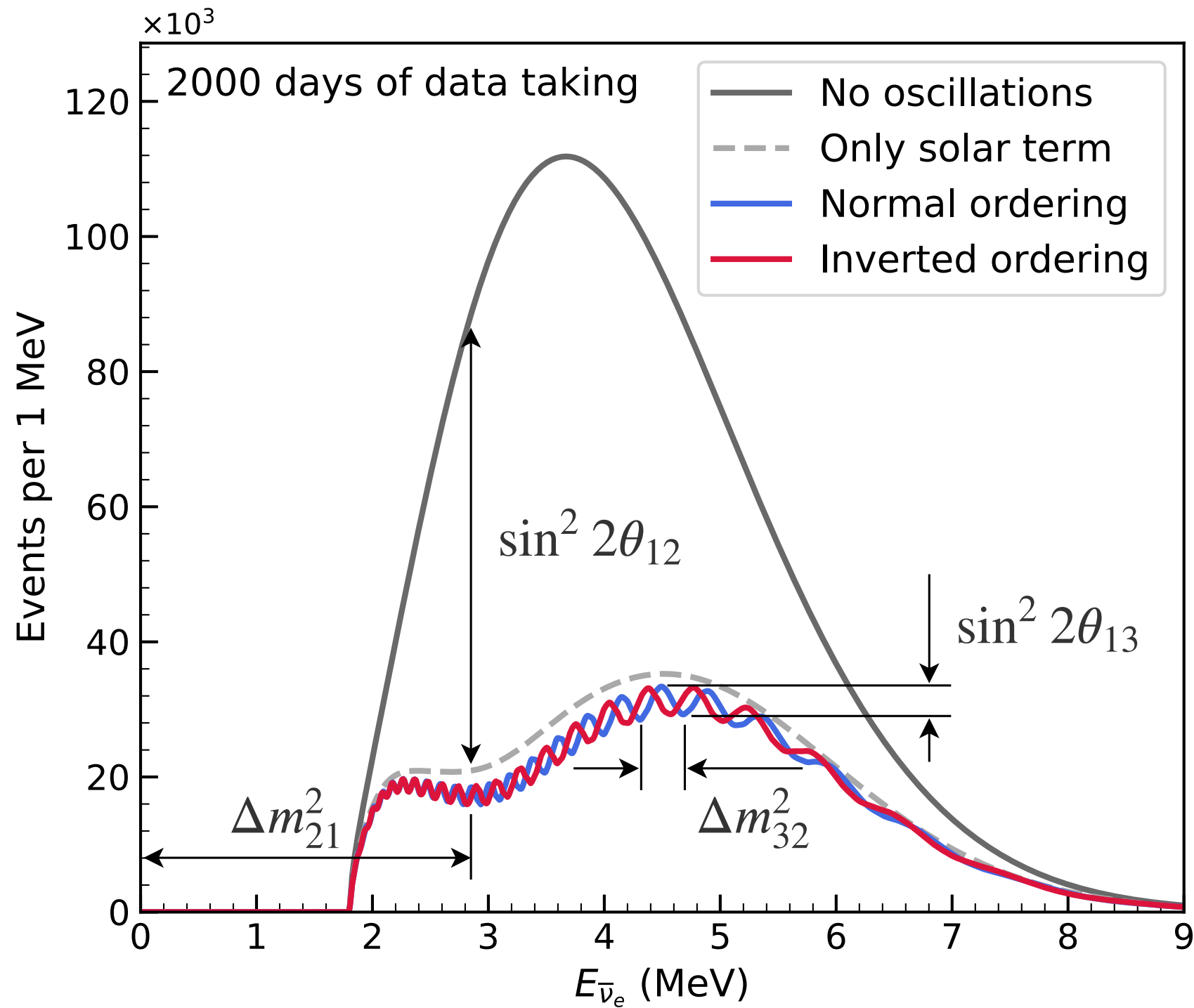
5-MeV flux excess



Double Chooz, Nature Phys (2019)

- update in cross section at 4-6 MeV: shift by 10-15% of bump

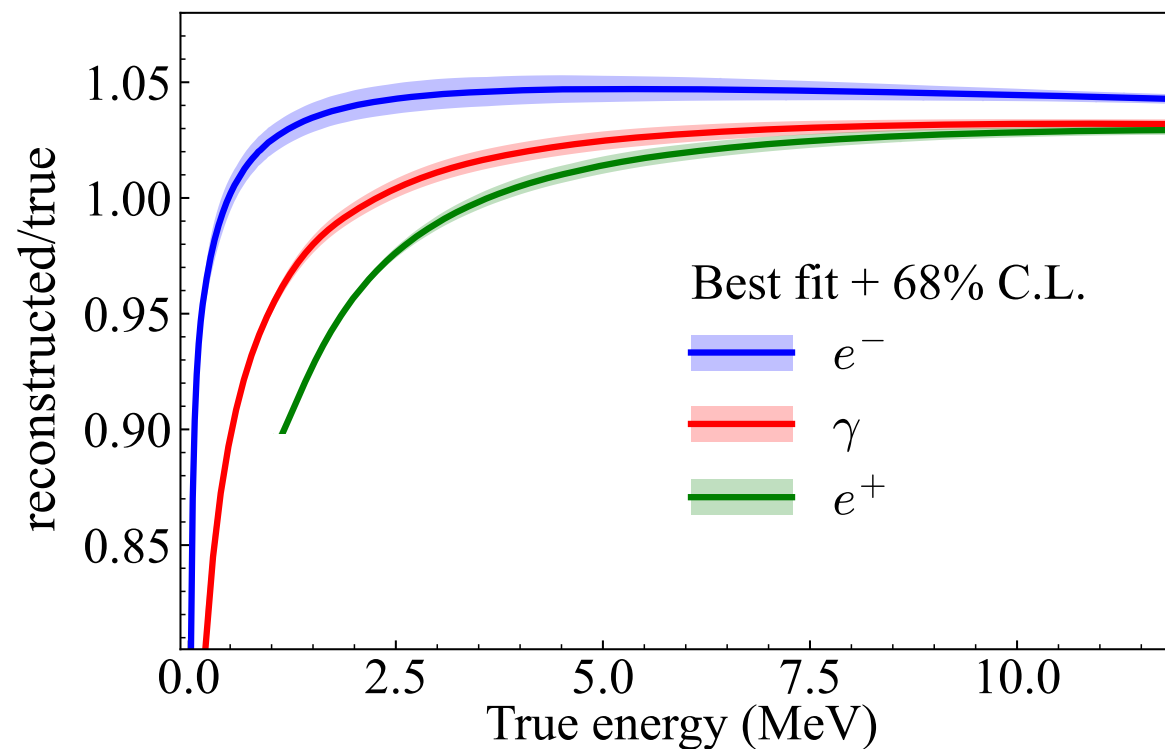
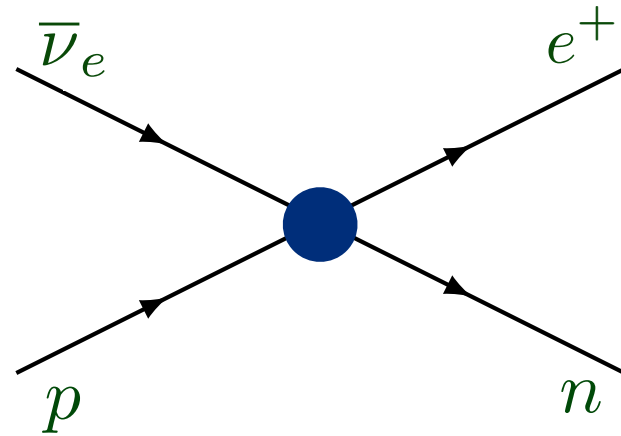
Energy reconstruction is key



JUNO (2021)

- JUNO: 3% energy reconstruction for precision goals

Energy reconstruction is key

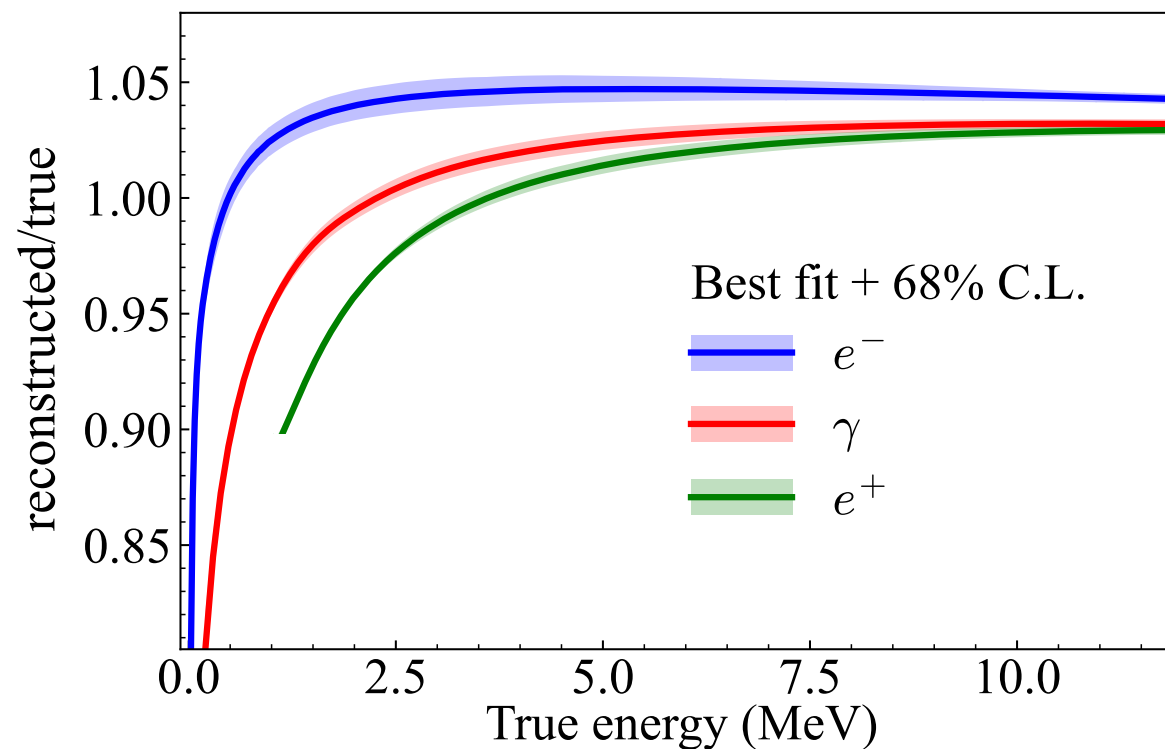
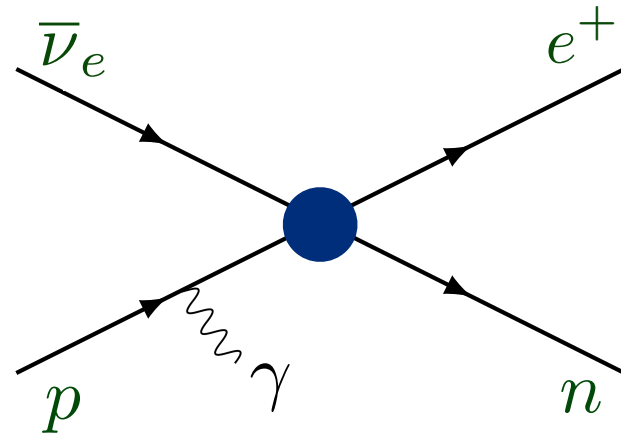


JUNO (2025)

$$E_{\bar{\nu}_e} \approx m_n - m_p + E_{e^+} + O\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$$

- control over each particle is necessary to achieve precision

Energy reconstruction is key



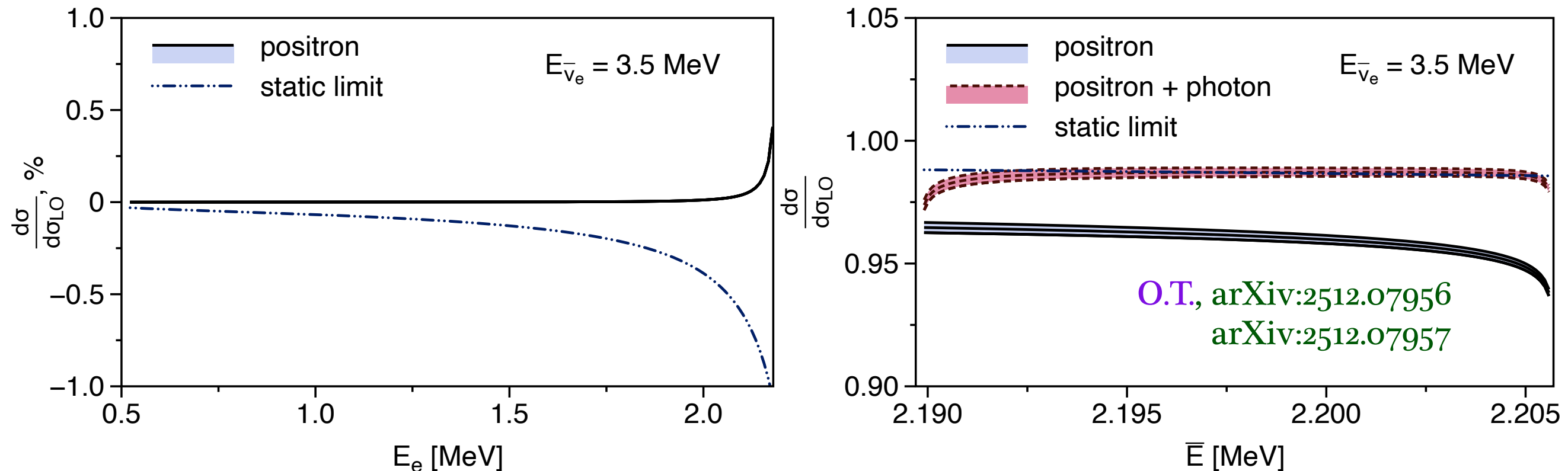
JUNO (2025)

$$E_{\bar{\nu}_e} \approx m_n - m_p + E_{e^+} + E_\gamma + O\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$$

- control over each particle is necessary to achieve precision

Access each particle kinematics

- evaluate radiative process w/o no-recoil approximation



- 1st analytic expression for **positron** energy spectrum

$$E_{\bar{\nu}_e} \approx m_n - m_p + E_{e^+} + E_\gamma + O\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$$

- control over each particle is necessary to achieve precision

Update in nuclear/neutron decay

- evaluate radiative process w/o no-recoil approximation

$$m_n = m_p + E_e + E_\gamma + E_\nu + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$$

- V_{ud} from superallowed transitions

$$V_{ud}^{0^+ \rightarrow 0^+} = 0.97373(31) \longrightarrow V_{ud}^{0^+ \rightarrow 0^+} = 0.97361(31)$$

Hardy and Towner, PRC (2020)

changes by 1 uncertainty of radiative corrections

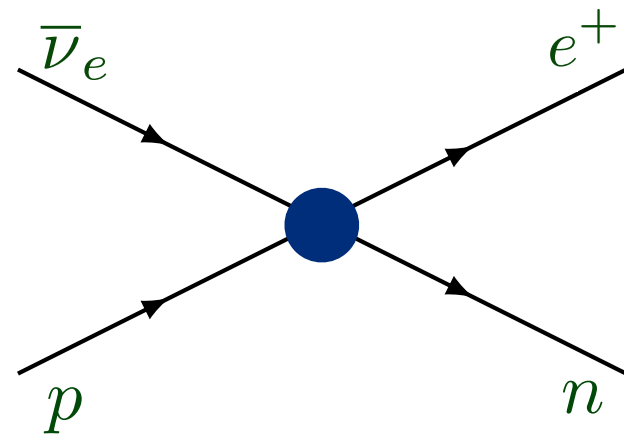
- g_A from beta asymmetry in polarized neutron decay

$$A = \frac{N_\uparrow - N_\downarrow}{N_\uparrow + N_\downarrow}$$

changes by 1/3 of PERKEO-III experimental uncertainty

- numerically quantified shifts in V_{ud} and $g_A \lesssim 1\sigma$

Conclusions



radiative corrections
in EFT framework
+ scheme-dependence

Standard Model $\rightarrow$ LEFT $\rightarrow$ HB χ PT $\rightarrow$ π EFT

- 1st consistent inclusion of all QCD/EW effects at **0.1%** level
- total cross section, energy spectra, 2D/3D distributions in IBD
- precision physics: **important** to control γ and e^+ kinematics
in calibration of energy response in liquid scintillators
- **$1\sigma/0.3\sigma$** updates in V_{ud}/g_A from **nuclear/neutron decay**



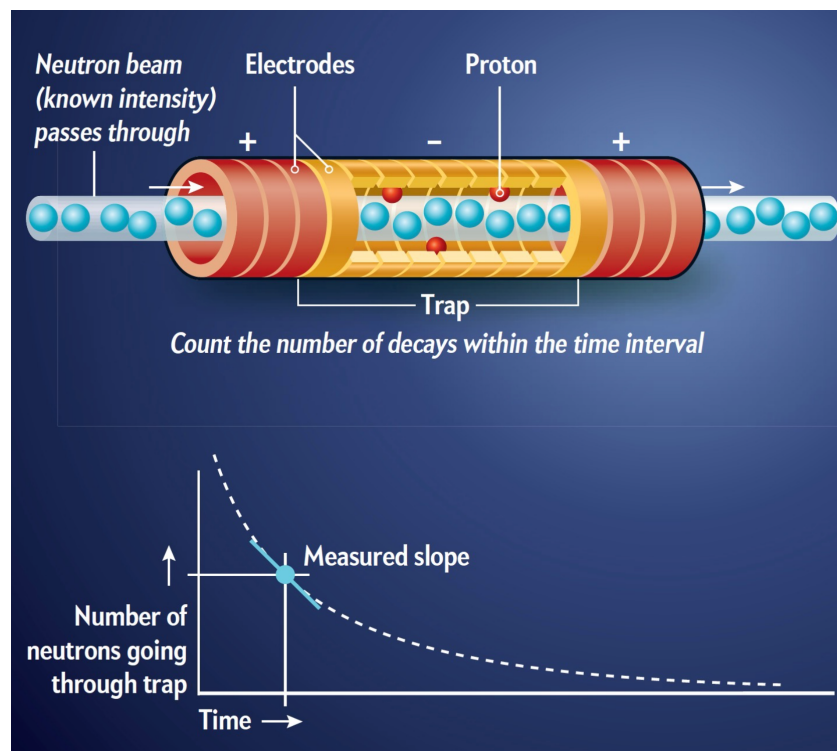
Thanks for your attention !!!

谢谢

Neutron lifetime measurements



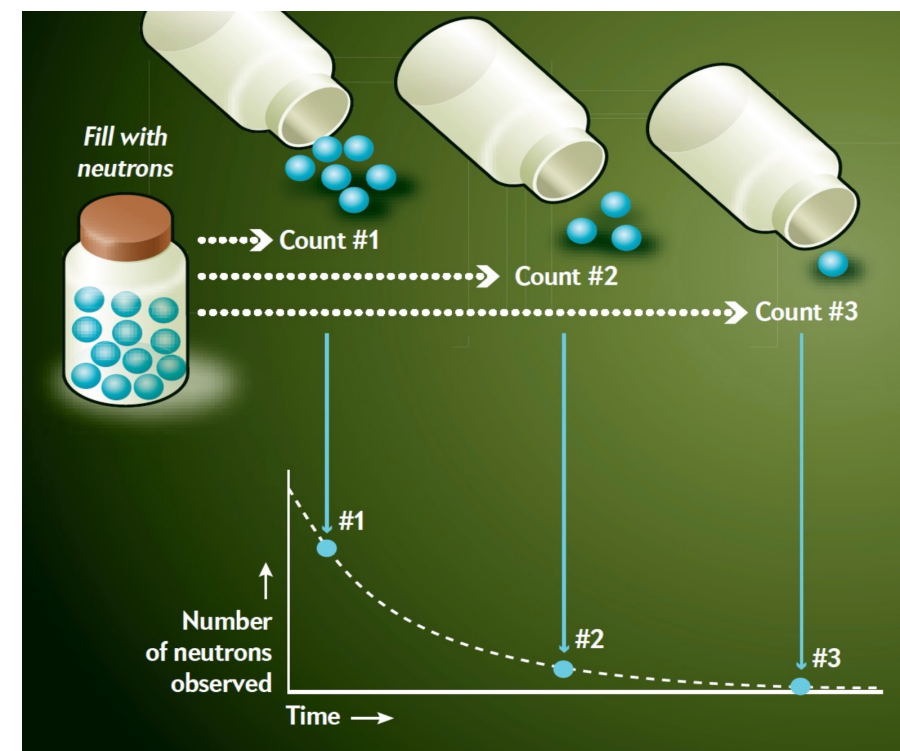
beam method



how many neutrons pass?



bottle method



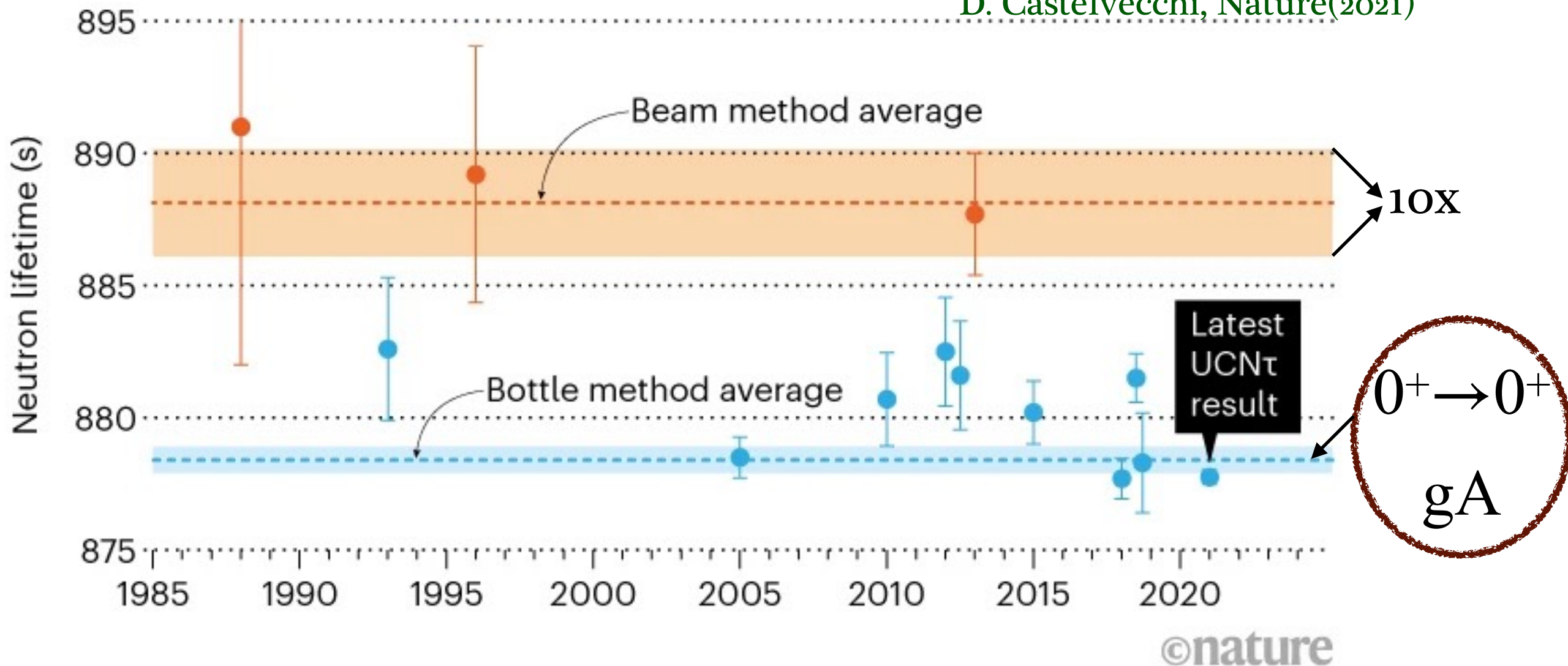
how many neutrons survive?

Neutron lifetime puzzle

● Results using beam method ● Bottle method

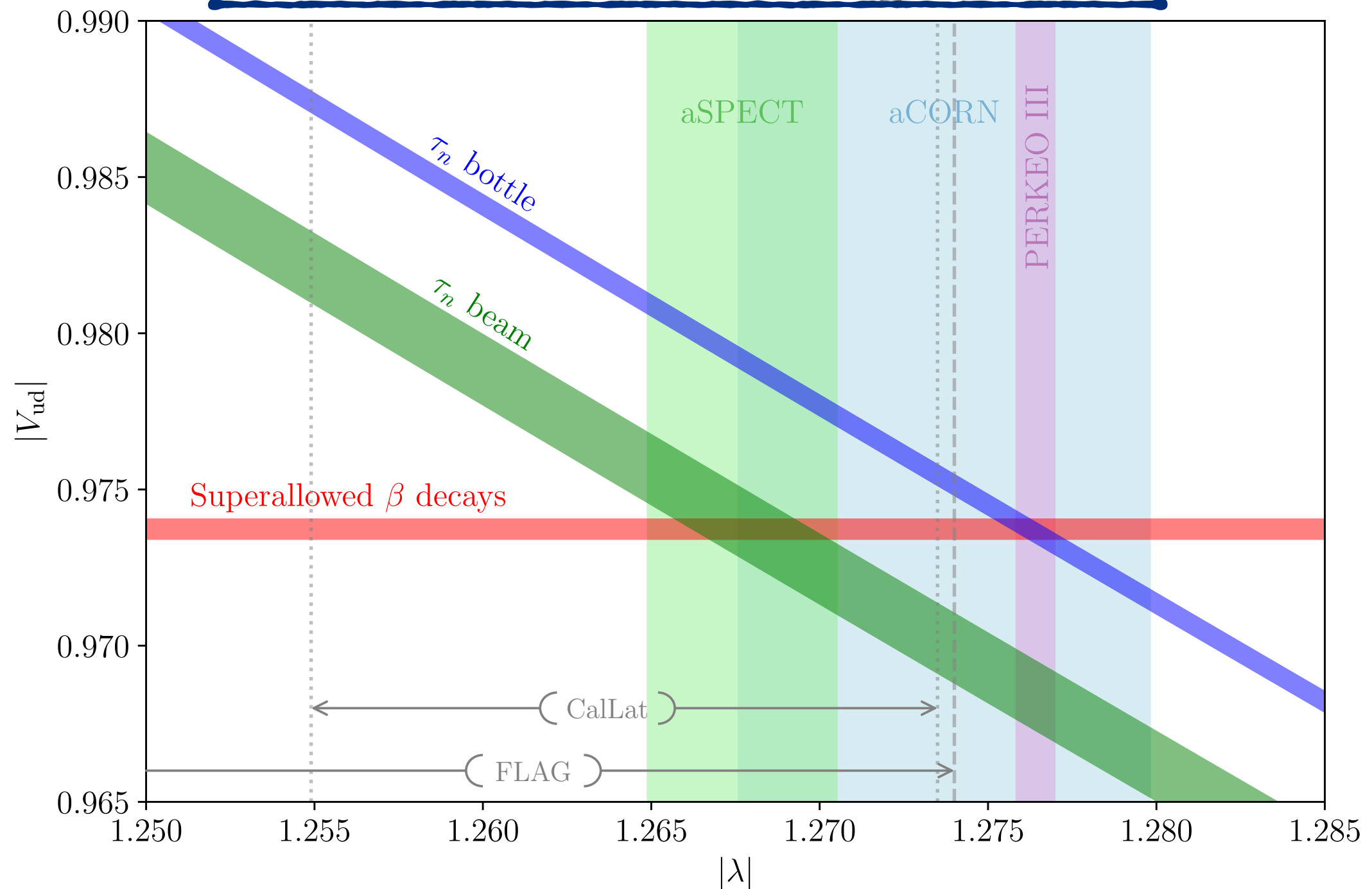
UCN τ : F. Gonzales et al., PRL (2021)

D. Castelvechi, Nature(2021)



- 8-9 seconds discrepancy beam vs bottle method : $3-5\sigma$
- V_{ud} from $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+ + gA$ from β asymmetry $\equiv$ bottle
- 0.3 seconds uncertainty of UCN τ @LANL : $(3 - 4) \times 10^{-4}$

Neutron lifetime puzzle



Andrzej Czarnecki, William J. Marciano, Alberto Sirlin, PRL (2018)

Susan Gardner, Mohammadreza Zakeri, Universe (2024)

- tensions in gA data: puzzle is not resolved