



$0\nu\beta\beta$ decay from RG-improved dim-7 SMEFT interactions + BNV nucleon decays

South China Normal University

Xiao-Dong Ma (马小东)

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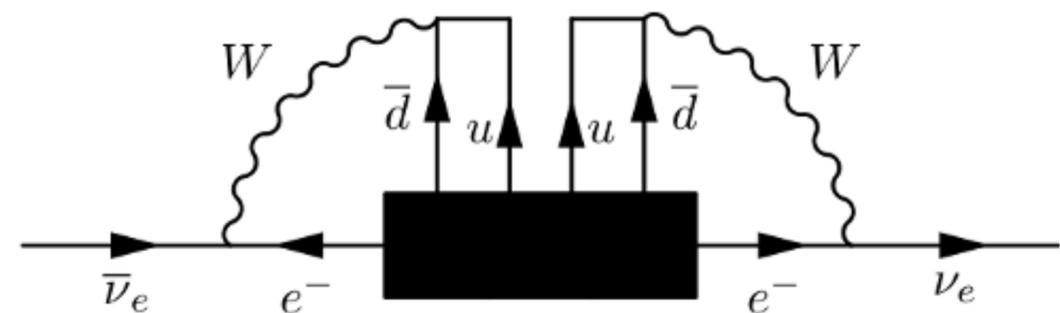
華南師範大學

Lepton number violation

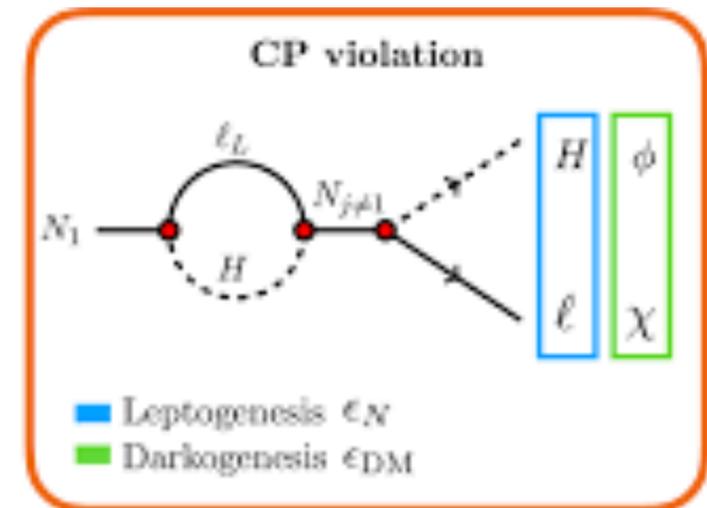
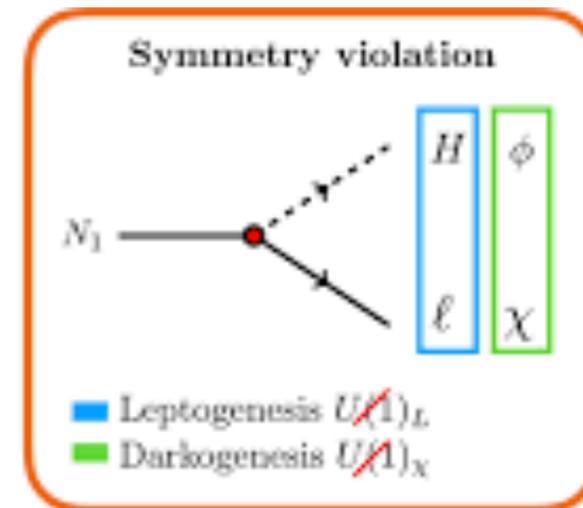
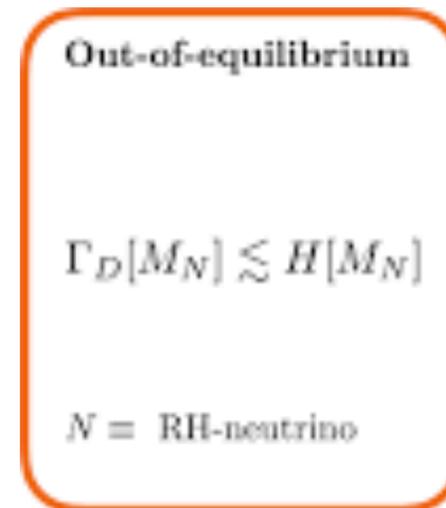
- Neutrino oscillation \Rightarrow neutrino mass
- **Majorana nature** of neutrinos is a well-motivated picture for massive neutrinos
- Baryogenesis via **leptogenesis**
- Dark matter



<https://neutrino.syr.edu/research/neutrino-oscillations/>



Black box theorem



<https://x.com/higgsinocat/status/1375404211974893570>

LVN signals as a test of Majorana nature of ν

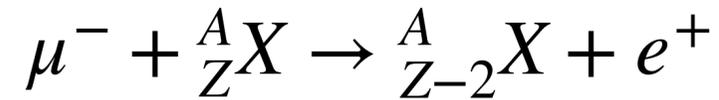
Nuclear and collider test of LNV

- **Neutrinoless double beta decay(0νββ)**



Gerda, Majorana, LEGEND, CUPID, NEXT, CUORE, nEXO, KamLAND-ZenSNO, DARWIN, PandaX, etc

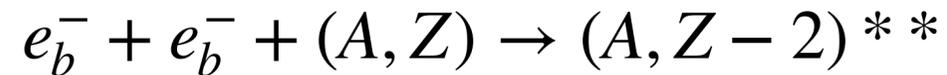
- Muon-positron conversion in nuclei



Pontecorvo, 1967

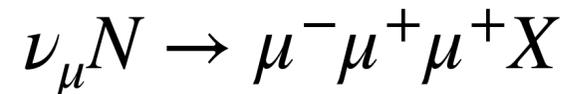
COMET, Mu2e

- Neutrinoless Double-Electron Capture (0ν2EC)



2007.14908

- Trimuon production from neutrino-neutron collision



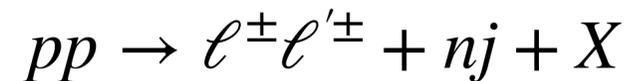
Flanz, Rodejohann, Zuber, 9907203

- $e - p$ collider:



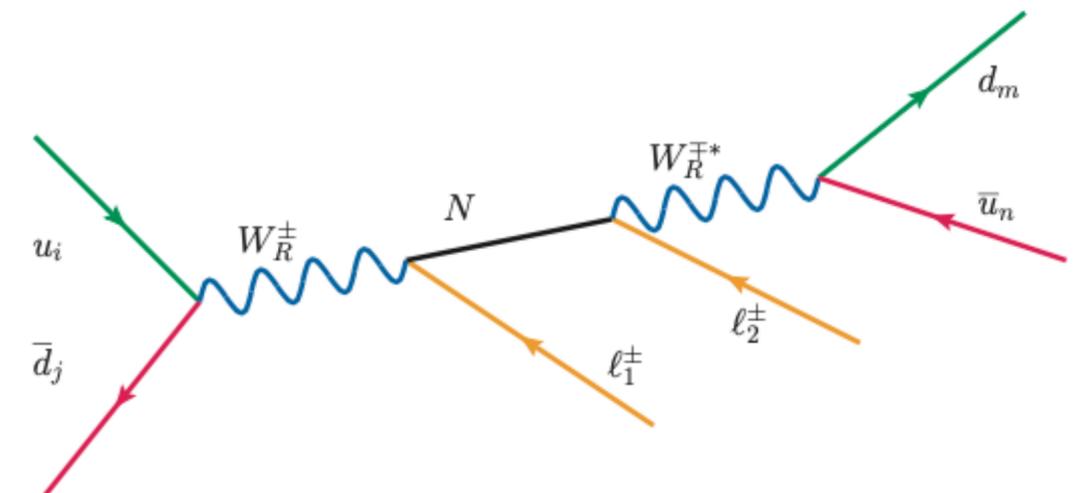
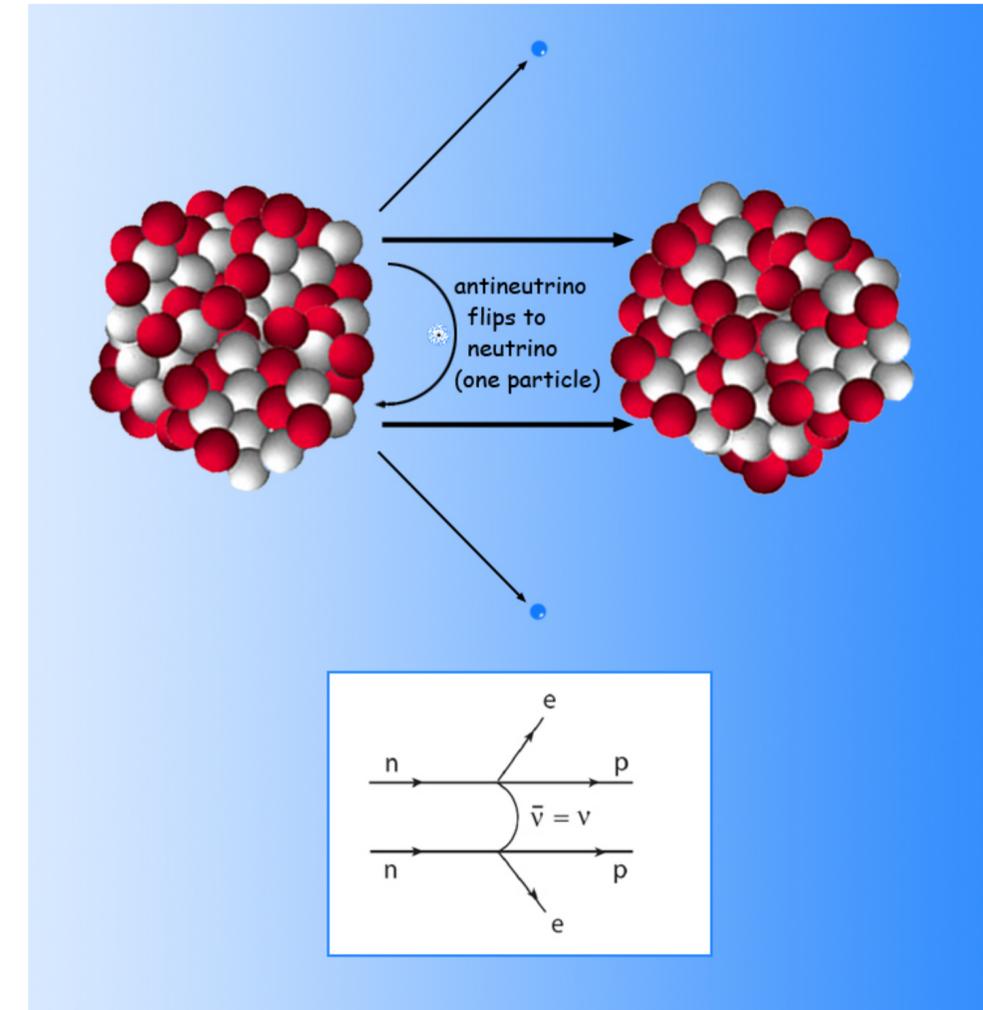
Flanz, Rodejohann, Zuber, 9911298

- LHC search:

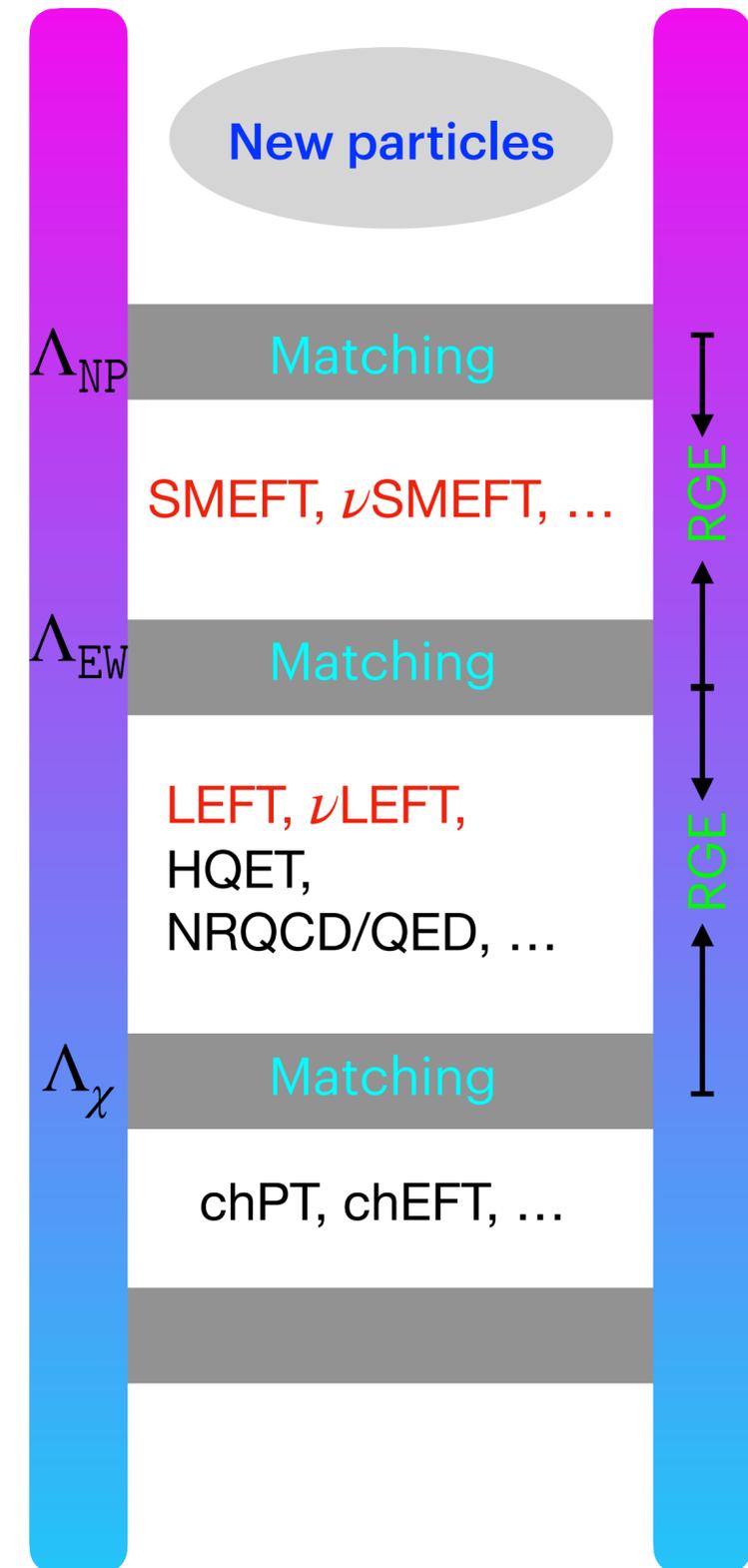


Cai, Han, Li, Ruiz, 1711.02180

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EFT as a powerful tool for low-energy LNV processes



Assumption: scales are well separated with $\Lambda_{NP} \gg \Lambda_{EW}$



Parametrize the derivation of low energy observables w.r.t. the SM prediction by non-SM interactions based on SM particles and symmetries



SMEFT-like framework

Study NP effect in low energy observables indirectly

SMEFT framework

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim5}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim6}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim7}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim8}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim9}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim10-12}} \dots$$

Weinberg, 1979 Buchmuller & Wyler, 1986
Warsaw basis, 2010 Lehman, 2014
Liao & Ma, 2016 Murphy, 2020
Li et al, 2020 Li et al, 2020
Liao & Ma, 2020 Harlander et al, 2023

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{dim5}} = \frac{\hat{C}_{LH}}{\Lambda} \epsilon_{im} \epsilon_{jn} (\bar{L}_i^c L_j) \tilde{H}_n \tilde{H}_m + \text{h.c.},$$

Hilbert series method: Henning, Lu, Melia, Murayama 2015, 2017

- Matter fields: $Q, L; u, d, e; H$
- Gauge symmetry: $SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$
- $D \in \text{even (odd)}$ if $|B - L|/2$ is even (odd)
- $D = 6 : |B - L| = 0$ vs $D = 5, 7 : |B - L| = 2$
- $D \in \text{odd}$: B/L is violated Kobach, 1604.05726

$\Delta L = 2$ processes such as $0\nu\beta\beta$ are described by odd-D operators

Operator basis @ dim 7

	$\psi^2 H^4 + \text{h.c.}$		$\psi^2 H^3 D + \text{h.c.}$
\mathcal{O}_{LH}	$\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(L^i C L^m) H^j H^n (H^\dagger H)$	\mathcal{O}_{LeHD}	$\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(L^i C \gamma_\mu e) H^j H^m i D^\mu H^n$
	$\psi^2 H^2 D^2 + \text{h.c.}$		$\psi^2 H^2 X + \text{h.c.}$
\mathcal{O}_{LHD1}	$\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(L^i C D^\mu L^j) H^m (D_\mu H^n)$	\mathcal{O}_{LHB}	$\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(L^i C \sigma_{\mu\nu} L^m) H^j H^n B^{\mu\nu}$
\mathcal{O}_{LHD2}	$\epsilon_{im}\epsilon_{jn}(L^i C D^\mu L^j) H^m (D_\mu H^n)$	\mathcal{O}_{LHW}	$\epsilon_{ij}(\epsilon\tau^I)_{mn}(L^i C \sigma_{\mu\nu} L^m) H^j H^n W^{I\mu\nu}$
	$\psi^4 D + \text{h.c.}$		$\psi^4 H + \text{h.c.}$
$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}uLLD}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{L}QddD}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{e}dddD}$	$\epsilon_{ij}(\bar{d}\gamma_\mu u)(L^i C i D^\mu L^j)$ $(\bar{L}\gamma_\mu Q)(d C i D^\mu d)$ $(\bar{e}\gamma_\mu d)(d C i D^\mu d)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{e}LLLH}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LQLH1}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LQLH2}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LueH}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{Q}uLLH}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{L}dud\tilde{H}}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{L}dddH}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{e}Qdd\tilde{H}}$ $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{L}dQQ\tilde{H}}$	$\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(\bar{e}L^i)(L^j C L^m) H^n$ $\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(\bar{d}L^i)(Q^j C L^m) H^n$ $\epsilon_{im}\epsilon_{jn}(\bar{d}L^i)(Q^j C L^m) H^n$ $\epsilon_{ij}(\bar{d}L^i)(u C e) H^j$ $\epsilon_{ij}(\bar{Q}u)(L C L^i) H^j$ $(\bar{L}d)(u C d)\tilde{H}$ $(\bar{L}d)(d C d)H$ $\epsilon_{ij}(\bar{e}Q^i)(d C d)\tilde{H}^j$ $\epsilon_{ij}(\bar{L}d)(Q C Q^i)\tilde{H}^j$
$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}uLLD}^{(2)}$	$\epsilon_{ij}(\bar{d}\gamma_\mu u)(L^i C \sigma^{\mu\nu} D_\nu L^j)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{L}dQdD}$	$(\bar{L}i D^\mu d)(Q C \gamma_\mu d)$

Counting operators depend on flavors

Provide leading-order $\Delta L = 2$ interactions beyond the Weinberg operator

13(B) + 7(B) given by [L. Lehman:1410.4193]. Yi Liao & XDM 1607.07309

Dim-7 Majorana neutrino mass operator;

Baryon number violating operators with $\Delta B = -\Delta L = 1$;

Redundant operators.

Flavor-specific basis

Dim-7 SMEFT operators: $(\Delta B, \Delta L) = (0, 2)$

Classes	Original operator basis in [17, 18]	Basis in [19, 20]	Relations of the two different notations	WC name in D7RGESolver
$\psi^2 H^4$	$\mathcal{O}_{LH}^{pr} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{mn} (\overline{L}_p^{iC} L_r^m) H^j H^n (H^\dagger H)$	\mathcal{O}_{LH}^{pr}	same	LH_pr
$\psi^2 H^3 D$	$\mathcal{O}_{LeHD}^{pr} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{mn} (\overline{L}_p^{iC} \gamma_\mu e_r) H^j H^m i D^\mu H^n$	\mathcal{O}_{LeDH}^{pr}	$= \mathcal{O}_{LeHD}^{pr}$	LeDH_pr
$\psi^2 H^2 D^2$	$\mathcal{O}_{LHD1}^{pr} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{mn} (\overline{L}_p^{iC} D^\mu L_r^j) H^m D_\mu H^n$	\mathcal{O}_{DLDH1}^{pr}	$= \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{O}_{LHD1}^{pr} + \mathcal{O}_{LHD1}^{rp})$	DLDH1_pr
	$\mathcal{O}_{LHD2}^{pr} = \epsilon_{im} \epsilon_{jn} (\overline{L}_p^{iC} D^\mu L_r^j) H^m D_\mu H^n$	\mathcal{O}_{DLDH2}^{pr}	$= \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{O}_{LHD2}^{pr} + \mathcal{O}_{LHD2}^{rp})$	DLDH2_pr
$\psi^2 H^2 X$	$\mathcal{O}_{LHB}^{pr} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{mn} (\overline{L}_p^{iC} \sigma_{\mu\nu} L_r^m) H^j H^n B^{\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{LHB}^{pr}	same	LHB_pr
	$\mathcal{O}_{LHW}^{pr} = \epsilon_{ij} (\epsilon \tau^I)_{mn} (\overline{L}_p^{iC} \sigma_{\mu\nu} L_r^m) H^j H^n W^{I\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{LHW}^{pr}	same	LHW_pr
$\psi^4 H$	$\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{mn} (\overline{e}_p L_r^i) (\overline{L}_s^{jC} L_t^m) H^n$	$\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{(S),prst}$	$= \frac{1}{6} (\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{pstr} + \mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{ptrs}) + s \leftrightarrow t$	eLLHS_prst
		$\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{(A),prst}$	$= \frac{1}{6} (\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{pstr} + \mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{ptrs}) - s \leftrightarrow t$	eLLLHA_prst
		$\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{(M),prst}$	$= \frac{1}{3} (\mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{eLLLH}^{prt}) - t \leftrightarrow r$	eLLHM_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{dLQLH1}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{mn} (\overline{d}_p L_r^i) (\overline{Q}_s^{jC} L_t^m) H^n$	$\mathcal{O}_{dLQLH1}^{prst}$	same	dLQLH1_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{dLQLH2}^{prst} = \epsilon_{im} \epsilon_{jn} (\overline{d}_p L_r^i) (\overline{Q}_s^{jC} L_t^m) H^n$	$\mathcal{O}_{dLQLH2}^{prst}$	same	dLQLH2_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{dLueH}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} (\overline{d}_p L_r^i) (\overline{u}_s^C e_t) H^j$	$\mathcal{O}_{dLueH}^{prst}$	same	dLueH_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{QuLLH}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} (\overline{Q}_p u_r) (\overline{L}_s^C L_t^i) H^j$	$\mathcal{O}_{QuLLH}^{prst}$	same	QuLLH_prst
$\psi^4 D$	$\mathcal{O}_{duLLD}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} (\overline{d}_p \gamma_\mu u_r) (\overline{L}_s^{iC} i D^\mu L_t^j)$	$\mathcal{O}_{duLDL}^{prst}$	$= \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{O}_{duLLD}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{duLLD}^{ptrs})$	duLDL_prst
Dim-7 SMEFT operators: $(\Delta B, \Delta L) = (1, -1)$				
$\psi^4 H$	$\mathcal{O}_{Ldud\tilde{H}}^{prst} = \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\overline{L}_p d_r^\alpha) (\overline{u}_s^{\beta C} d_t^\gamma) \tilde{H}$	$\mathcal{O}_{Ldud\tilde{H}}^{prst}$	same	LdudH_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{LdddH}^{prst} = \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\overline{L}_p d_r^\alpha) (\overline{d}_s^{\beta C} d_t^\gamma) H$	$\mathcal{O}_{LdddH}^{(M),prst}$	$= \frac{1}{3} (\mathcal{O}_{LdddH}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{LdddH}^{psrt}) - s \leftrightarrow t$	LdddHM_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{eQdd\tilde{H}}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\overline{e}_p Q_r^{i\alpha}) (\overline{d}_s^{\beta C} d_t^\gamma) \tilde{H}^j$	$\mathcal{O}_{eQdd\tilde{H}}^{prst}$	same	eQddH_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{LdQQ\tilde{H}}^{prst} = \epsilon_{ij} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\overline{L}_p d_r^\alpha) (\overline{Q}_s^{\beta C} Q_t^{i\gamma}) \tilde{H}^j$	$\mathcal{O}_{LdQQ\tilde{H}}^{prst}$	same	LdQQH_prst
$\psi^4 D$	$\mathcal{O}_{edddD}^{prst} = \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\overline{e}_p \gamma_\mu d_r^\alpha) (\overline{d}_s^{\beta C} i D^\mu d_t^\gamma)$	$\mathcal{O}_{edddD}^{prst}$	$= \frac{1}{6} (\mathcal{O}_{edddD}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{edddD}^{ptrs} + \mathcal{O}_{edddD}^{pstr}) + s \leftrightarrow t$	edddD_prst
	$\mathcal{O}_{LQddD}^{prst} = \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\overline{L}_p \gamma_\mu Q_r^\alpha) (\overline{d}_s^{\beta C} i D^\mu d_t^\gamma)$	$\mathcal{O}_{LQddD}^{prst}$	$= \frac{1}{2} (\mathcal{O}_{LQddD}^{prst} + \mathcal{O}_{LQddD}^{ptrs})$	LQddD_prst

- Organized in terms of operators with manifest flavor symmetries
- Easy to write down the RGEs in a non-redundant way
- Adopted notation in our code

Yi Liao, XDM: 1901.10302

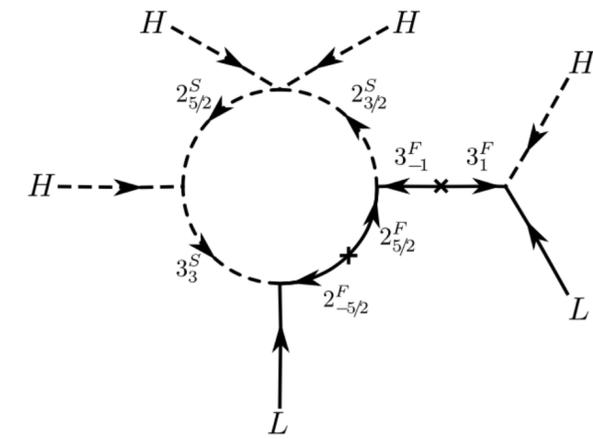
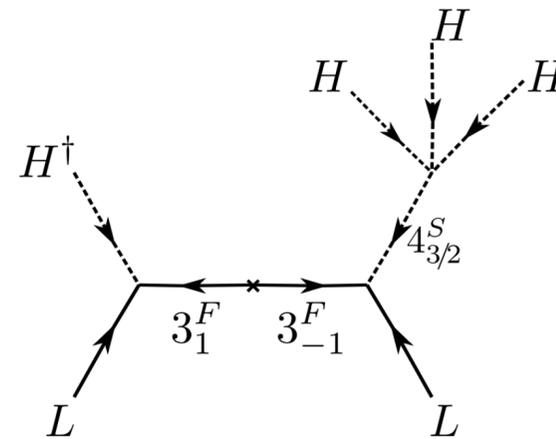
D. Zhang: 2310.11055

UV completion of dim-7 operators

EFT operators \Leftrightarrow UV models

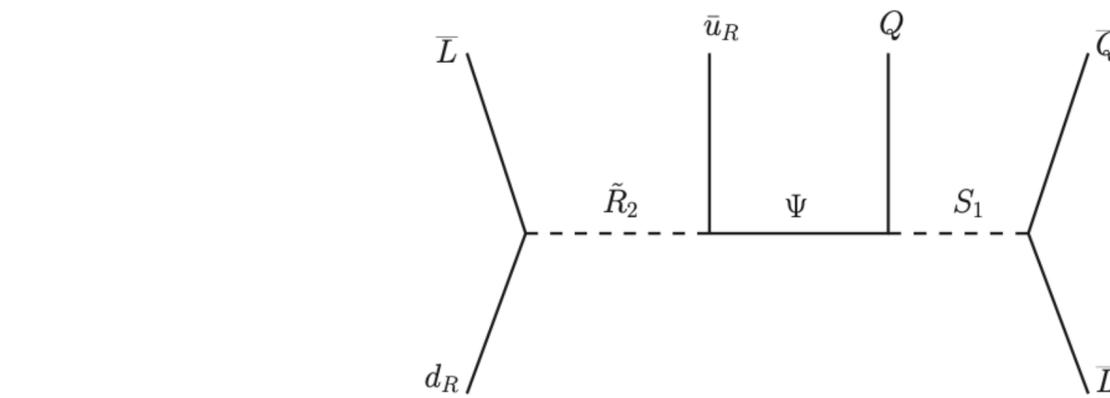
Tree-level \Rightarrow 1-loop \Rightarrow 2-loop

- Usually, assume the SM gauge symmetry intact
- Internal heavy fields: scalar, fermion, vector



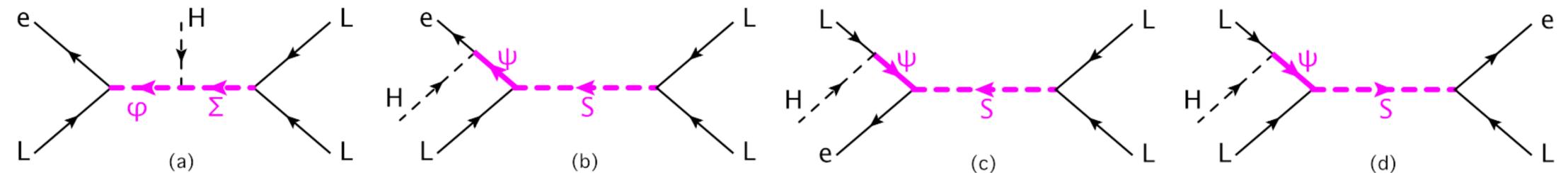
Anamiati et al: 1806.07264
 Bonnet et al: 1204.5862
 Cai et al: 1706.08524
 Hirsch: 1411.7038, ...

- Generate topologies and diagrams
- Assign external and internal fields
- Select genuine topologies



Chen, Ding, Yao: 2110.15347, 2301.02503

Li, Zhao, Yu: 2311.10079



Yi Liao, XDM, Quan-Yu Whag: 2005.08013

RG running effects in phenomenological studies

- Improve perturbative calculation;
- Operator renormalization \Rightarrow **operator mixing effects**
- RGE effects are crucial for precise low energy analyses

- Dim-6 RGEs: 1308.2627, 1310.4838, 1312.2014
- Automatic RGE solver: **DsixTools** (1704.04504), **wilson** (1804.05033)
- Extensive phenomenological analyses incorporating RGEs

- Dim-5 RGEs: hep-ph/9309223, hep-ph/0108005
- Dim-7 RGEs: 1607.07309 , 1901.10302, 2306.03008, 2310.11055
- **Automatic RGE solver: D7RGESolver (2505.06499)**

Process relevant to dim-5/7 SMEFT

- Neutrino masses
- Neutrinoless double beta decay
- LNV signals at collider
- LNV meson and charged lepton decay
- Majorana neutrino magnetic moment

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The accurate solutions of dim-5&7 RGEs are necessary for physical analysis

RGEs of dim-5 operators

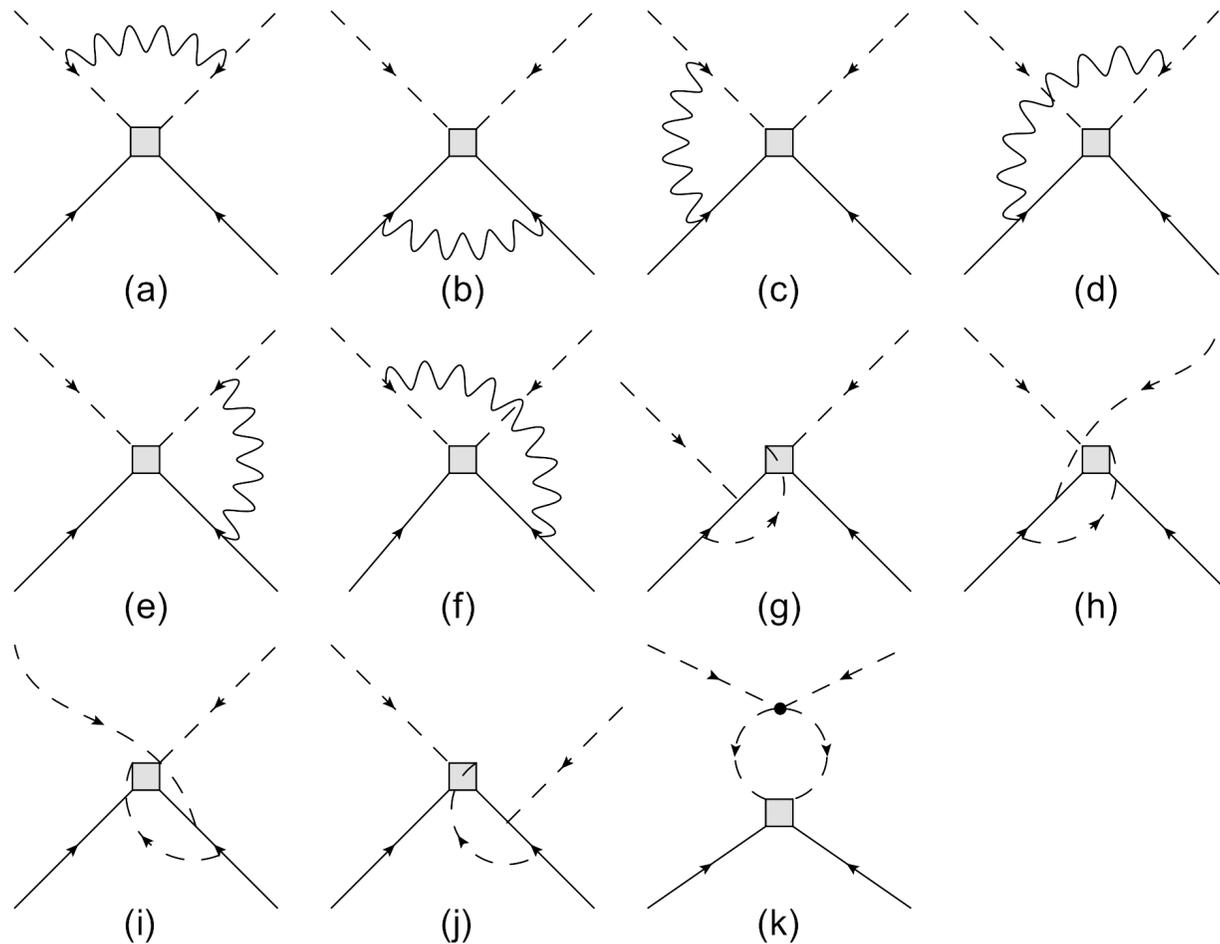
$$\mathcal{O}_5 = \epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{mn}(L^i C L^m) H^j H^n$$

$$16\pi^2 \mu \frac{d}{d\mu} C_5^{pr} = (4\lambda + 2Y - 3g_2^2) C_5^{pr} - \frac{3}{2} \left[(Y_e Y_e^\dagger)_{vp} C_5^{vr} + p \rightarrow r \right]$$

$$Y \equiv \text{Tr} \left[3(Y_u^\dagger Y_u) + 3(Y_d^\dagger Y_d) + (Y_e^\dagger Y_e) \right]$$

K. S. Babu et al: hep-ph/9309223
S. Antusch et al: hep-ph/0108005

No g_1^2 terms—cancelled

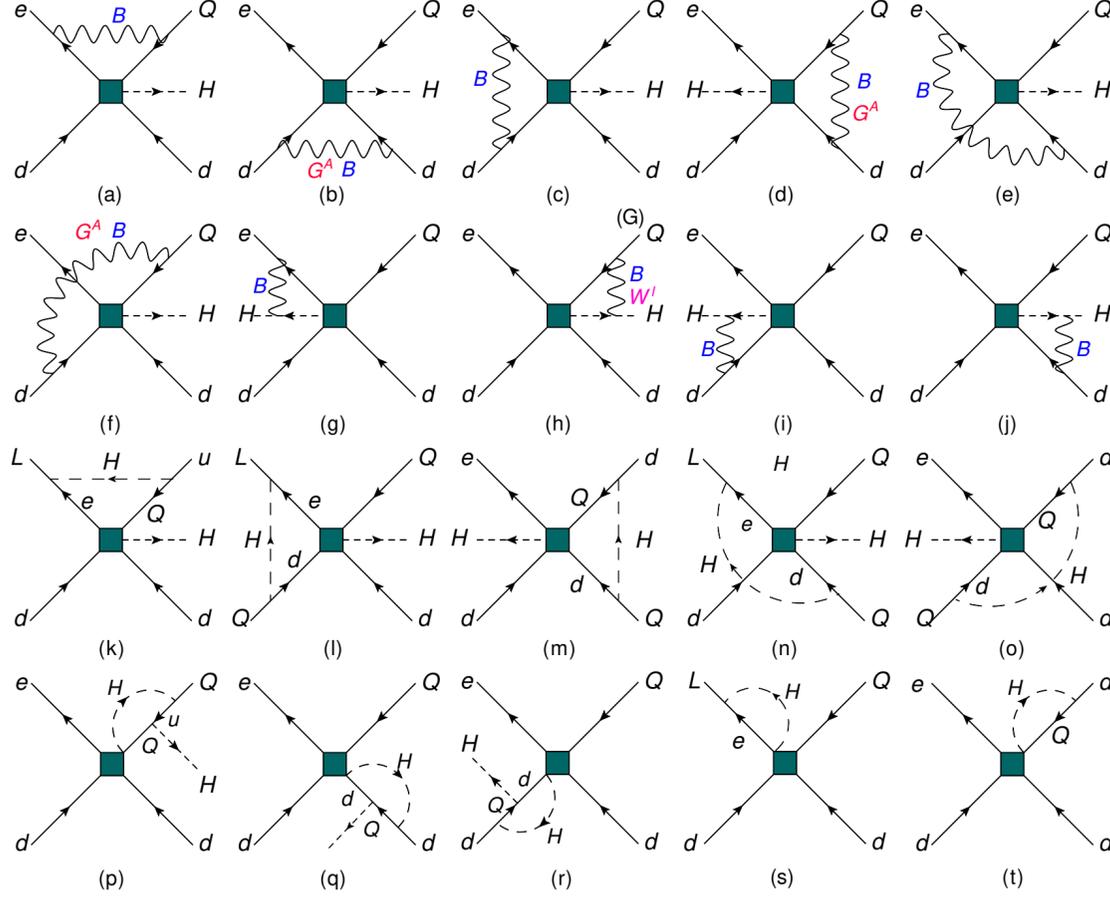


$$16\pi^2 \mu \frac{d}{d\mu} C_{LH}^{d pr} = \left[(3d^2 - 18d + 19)\lambda - \frac{3}{4}(d-5)g_1^2 - \frac{3}{4}(3d-11)g_2^2 + (d-3)W_H \right] C_{LH}^{d pr} - \frac{3}{2} \left[(Y_e Y_e^\dagger)_{vp} C_{LH}^{d vr} + (Y_e Y_e^\dagger)_{vr} C_{LH}^{d pv} \right],$$

Yi Liao, XDM: 1701.08019

$$\mathcal{O}_{\text{n.m.}}^d = [(L^T \epsilon H) C (L^T \epsilon H)] (H^\dagger H)^{(d-5)/2}$$

RGEs of dim-7 $\Delta L = 2$ operators



$(\omega, \bar{\omega}) \chi$	γ_{ij}	\mathcal{O}_{LHD1}	\mathcal{O}_{LHD2}	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}uLLD}$	\mathcal{O}_{LeHD}	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LueH}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{Q}uLLH}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{e}LLH}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LQLH1}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LQLH2}$	\mathcal{O}_{LHB}	\mathcal{O}_{LHW}	\mathcal{O}_{LH}
$(5,3) 3$	\mathcal{O}_{LHD1}	g^2	g^2	g^2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$(5,3) 3$	\mathcal{O}_{LHD2}	g^2	g^2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$(5,3) 3$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}uLLD}$	g^2	g^2	g^2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$(5,5) 2$	\mathcal{O}_{LeHD}	g^3	g^3	0	g^2	g^2	0	0	0	0	$\Sigma \rightarrow 0$	$\Sigma \rightarrow 0$	0
$(5,5) 2$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LueH}$	g^3	g^3	g^3	g^2	g^2	g^2	0	$Y_u Y_e$	$Y_u Y_e$	0	0	0
$(5,5) 2$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{Q}uLLH}$	g^3	g^3	g^3	0	g^2	g^2	$Y_u Y_e$	$Y_u Y_d$	$Y_u Y_d$	0	0	0
$(7,3) 2$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{e}LLH}$	g^3	g^3	0	0	0	$Y_u^\dagger Y_e^\dagger$	g^2	g^2	g^2	g^3	g^3	0
$(7,3) 2$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LQLH1}$	g^3	g^3	g^3	0	$Y_u^\dagger Y_e^\dagger$	$Y_u^\dagger Y_d^\dagger$	g^2	g^2	g^2	g^3	g^3	0
$(7,3) 2$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LQLH2}$	g^3	g^3	g^3	0	$Y_u^\dagger Y_e^\dagger$	$Y_u^\dagger Y_d^\dagger$	g^2	g^2	g^2	g^3	g^3	0
$(7,3) 3$	\mathcal{O}_{LHB}	g^2	g^2	0	$\Sigma \rightarrow 0$	0	0	g^1	g^1	0	g^2	g^2	0
$(7,3) 3$	\mathcal{O}_{LHW}	g^2	g^2	0	$\Sigma \rightarrow 0$	0	0	g^1	g^1	g^1	g^2	g^2	0
$(7,5) 1$	\mathcal{O}_{LH}	g^4	g^4	0	g^3	0	g^3	g^3	g^3	0	0	g^4	g^2

Rich operator mixing effects

RG mixing between dim-5 and dim-7 operators

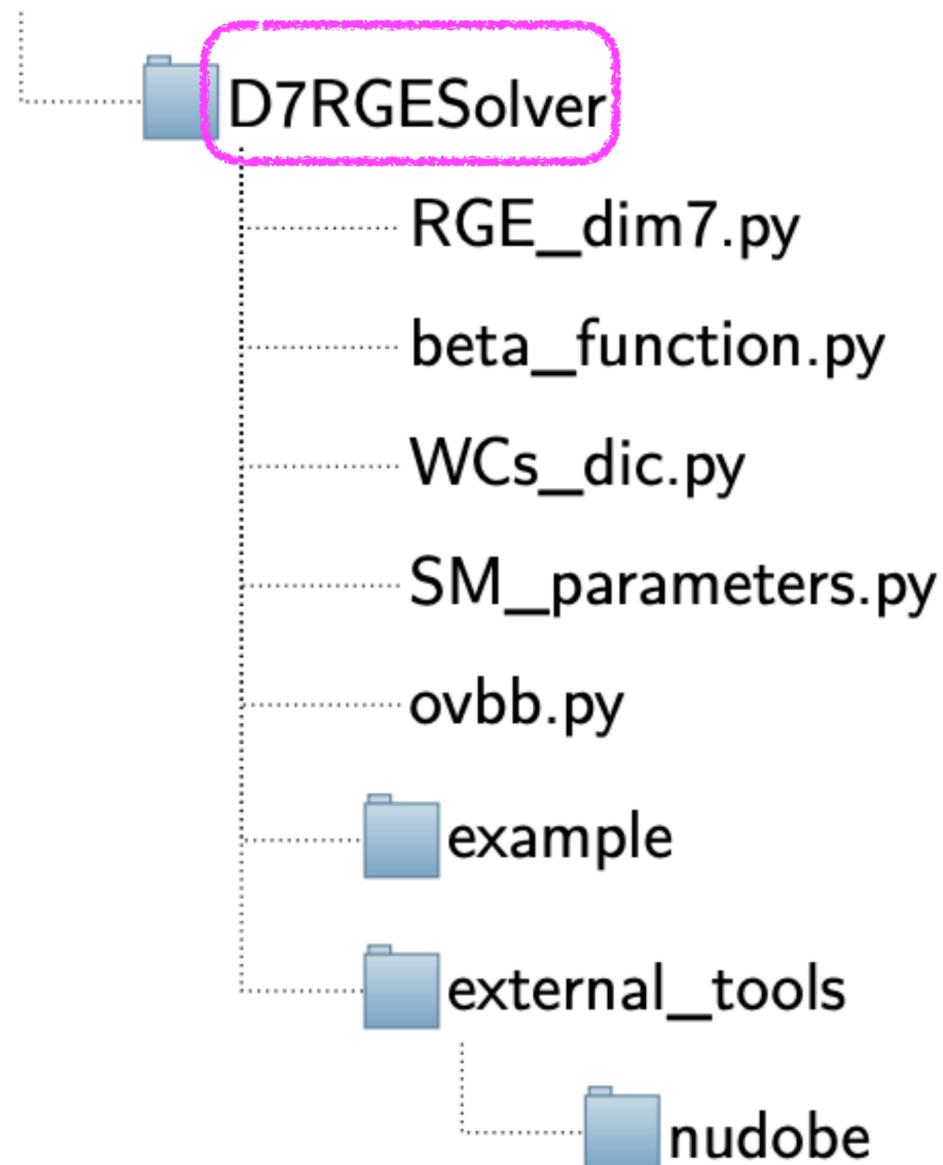
$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{C}_{LH5}^{pr} = & \frac{1}{2}(-3g^2 + 4\lambda + 2W_H)C_{LH5}^{pr} - \frac{3}{2}[C_{LH5}Y_l Y_l^\dagger]^{pr} + \mu_h^2 \{ 8C_{LH}^{pr} + 2[C_{LeDH}Y_l^\dagger]^{pr} \\
 & + \frac{3}{2}g^2(2C_{DLDH1}^{pr} + C_{DLDH2}^{pr}) + [C_{DLDH1}Y_l Y_l^\dagger]^{pr} - \frac{1}{2}[C_{DLDH2}Y_l Y_l^\dagger]^{pr} \\
 & - [Y_l]_{ts} (3C_{\bar{e}LLH}^{(S),stpr} + 2C_{\bar{e}LLH}^{(M),stpr}) - 3[Y_d]_{ts} C_{\bar{d}LQLH1}^{sptr} + 6[Y_u^\dagger]_{st} C_{\bar{Q}uLLH}^{tspr} \} + p \leftrightarrow r .
 \end{aligned}$$

D7RGESolver — a python package for solving dim5&7 RGEs

<https://github.com/ZhaoXiang210/D7RGESolver>

Solve the complete RGEs of dim-5&7 operators

Yi Liao, XDM, Hao-Lin Wang, Xiang Zhao, 2505.06499



Functions to solve RGEs

Store the RGEs

All independent WCs

The SM inputs

Study the $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

Example to use

An external tool to study the $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

```
for p, r in indices:
    Beta[f"LH5_{p}{r}"] = (
        ##### dim-5 contribution to LH5
        1/2*(-3*g**2 + 4*Lambda + 2*WH)*C_LH5[p-1,r-1]
        +1/2*(-3*g**2 + 4*Lambda + 2*WH)*C_LH5[r-1,p-1]
        -3/2*(C_LH5 @ Y1 @ Y1.conj().T)[p-1,r-1]
        -3/2*(C_LH5 @ Y1 @ Y1.conj().T)[r-1,p-1]
```

```
"LH5_11": 0,
"LH5_12": 0,
"LH5_13": 0,
"LH5_22": 0,
"LH5_23": 0,
"LH5_33": 0,
```

Oliver Scholer et al., 2304.05415

The structure of the D7RGESolver package.

D7RGESolver — a python package for solving dim5&7 RGEs

- SM inputs at **electroweak** scale
- The RGEs of the SM parameters:
one loop + two loop
- Dim-5&7 operators: only focus on independent flavors
- **Two choices of quark flavor basis:**

Input notation in the code

Class	2F	2FS	2FA	4F3S	4F3A	4F2S
#	9	6	3	30	3	54
WC in the code	LeDH_pr LHW_pr	LH5_pr LH_pr DLDH1_pr DLDH2_pr	LHB_pr	eLLHS_prst edDd_prst	eLLHA_prst	duLDL_prst LQdDd_prst
sym.	\	pr = rp	pr = -rp	prst = prts = ptsr	prst = -prts = -ptsr	prst = prts
Adopted flavors	{p, r}	{1, 1} {1, 2} {1, 3} {2, 2} {2, 3} {3, 3}	{1, 2} {1, 3} {2, 3}	{p, 1, 1, 1} {p, 1, 1, 2} {p, 1, 1, 3} {p, 1, 2, 2} {p, 1, 2, 3} {p, 1, 3, 3} {p, 2, 2, 2} {p, 2, 2, 3} {p, 2, 3, 3} {p, 3, 3, 3}	{p, 1, 2, 3}	{p, r, 1, 1} {p, r, 1, 2} {p, r, 1, 3} {p, r, 2, 2} {p, r, 2, 3} {p, r, 3, 3}

Up-quark flavor basis: $Y_u = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} M_u, \quad Y_d = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} V_{\text{CKM}} M_d.$

Down-quark flavor basis: $Y_u = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} V_{\text{CKM}}^\dagger M_u, \quad Y_d = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} M_d.$
 $Y_l = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} M_e$

Diagonal at the electroweak scale \Rightarrow become non-diagonal at other scales

D7RGESolver — Example for its basic usage

Run \mathcal{O}_{LH5}^{11} and \mathcal{O}_{DLDH1}^{11} from 10 TeV to 80 GeV

```
from RGE_dim7 import solve_rge, print_WCs
C_in = {"LH5_11": 1e-15+0j, "DLDH1_11": 1e-15+0j} # Input the WCs
scale_in = 1e4 # Input energy scale in units of GeV
scale_out = 80 # Output energy scale in units of GeV
```

```
C_out = solve_rge(scale_in, scale_out, C_in, basis="down", method="integrate")
```

```
print_WCs(C_out)
```

```
## Wilson coefficients
```

```
**EFT:** 'SMEFT'
```

```
| WC name | Value |
```

```
|-----|-----|
```

```
| 'LH5_11' | (5.51729127984111e-13-1.1697182471147425e-28j) |
```

```
| 'LH_11' | (-2.7271477267102585e-18+1.9639321856872016e-33j) |
```

```
| 'DLDH1_11' | (8.183376576714679e-16+1.539722194653356e-39j) |
```

```
| 'DLDH2_11' | (8.253541710427263e-17-3.157387110573996e-39j) |
```

```
| 'QuLLH_3311' | (-2.976790814412032e-17+6.616906663619594e-33j) |
```

```
| 'LHW_11' | (-3.399190512252408e-18-1.1024467172929897e-33j) |
```

```
| ... | ... |
```

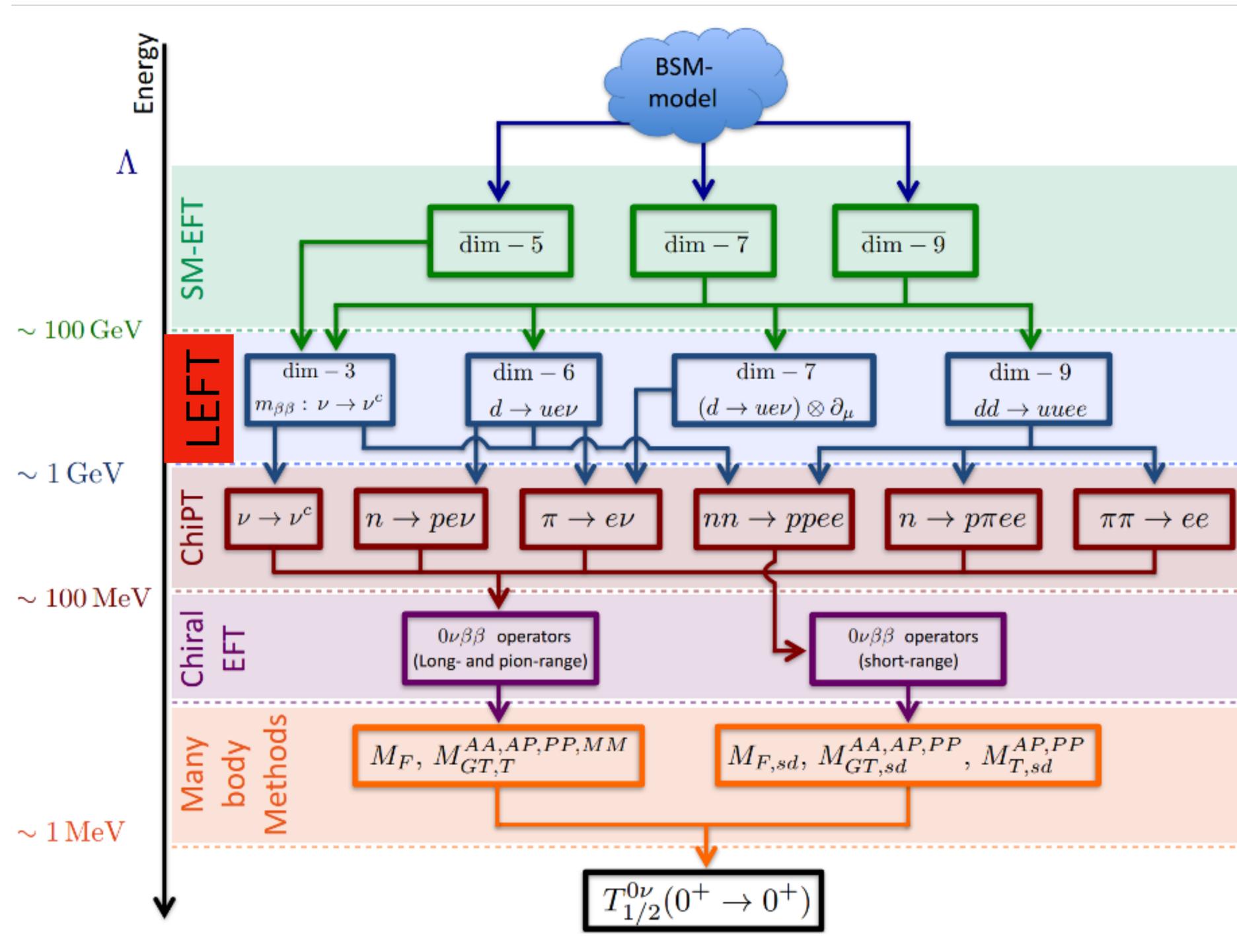
Enhanced due to mixing from \mathcal{O}_{DLDH1}^{11}

Main function

method="leadinglog" for fast calculation

- Dim-5 and -7 Weinberg operators on top
- Other dim-7 ones are in descending order of absolute values

Application to $0\nu\beta\beta$



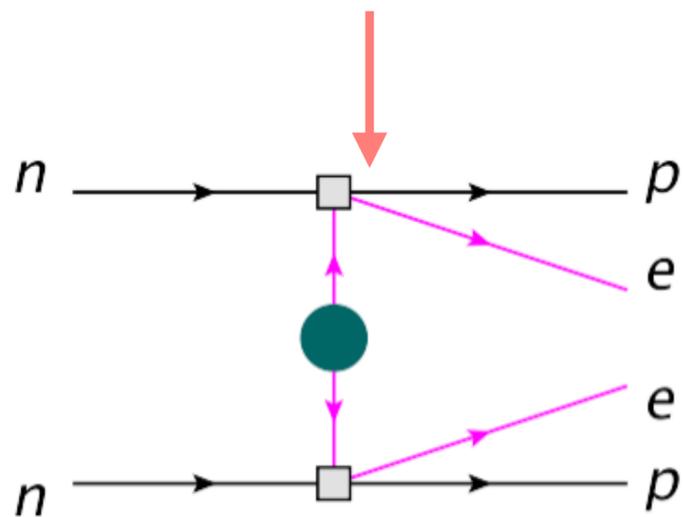
V. Cirigliano et al., 1806.02780

Low-energy EFT (LEFT) below electroweak scale

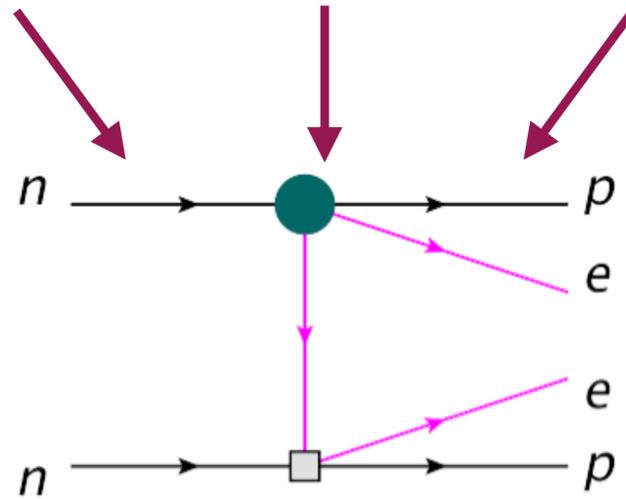
$$u, d, s, c, b; e, \mu, \tau; \nu_e, \nu_\mu, \nu_\tau$$

$$SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \rightarrow SU(3)_c \times U(1)_{em}$$

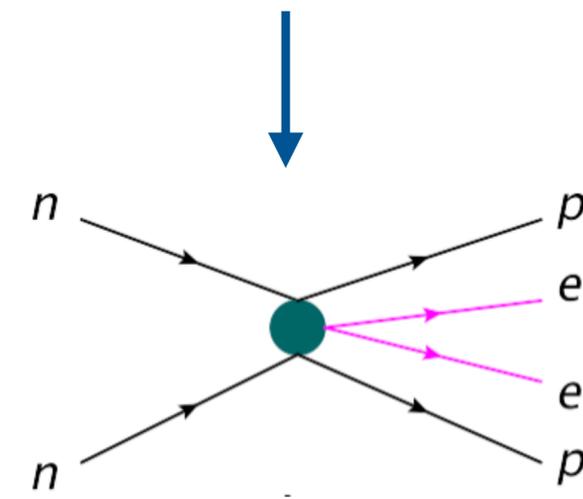
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{LEFT}}^{0\nu\beta\beta} = \mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(3)} + \mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(6)} + \mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(7)} + \mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(8)} + \mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(9)} + \dots,$$



Mass mechanism



Long-distance



Short-distance

LEFT description of $0\nu\beta\beta$ process due to dim-7 operators

V. Cirigliano et al., 1806.02780 Yi Liao, XDM, Quan-Yu Wang, 2020

$$\mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(3)} = -\frac{1}{2}m_{\beta\beta}\overline{\nu_{L,e}^c}\nu_{L,e} + \text{h.c.}, \quad 1$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F \left[C_{\text{VL}}^{(6)}(\overline{u}_L\gamma^\mu d_L)(\overline{e}_R\gamma_\mu\nu_{L,e}^c) + C_{\text{VR}}^{(6)}(\overline{u}_R\gamma^\mu d_R)(\overline{e}_R\gamma_\mu\nu_{L,e}^c) \right. \\ \left. + C_{\text{SR}}^{(6)}(\overline{u}_L d_R)(\overline{e}_L\nu_{L,e}^c) + C_{\text{SL}}^{(6)}(\overline{u}_R d_L)(\overline{e}_L\nu_{L,e}^c) + C_{\text{T}}^{(6)}(\overline{u}_L\sigma^{\mu\nu}d_R)(\overline{e}_L\sigma_{\mu\nu}\nu_{L,e}^c) \right] + \text{h.c.}, \quad 6$$

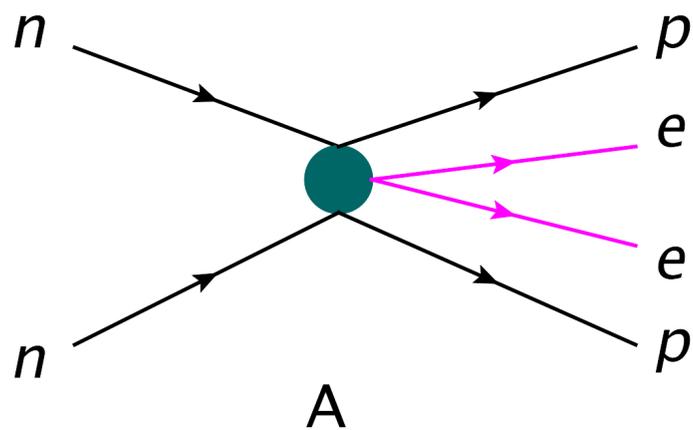
$$\mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(7)} = \frac{\sqrt{2}G_F}{v} \left[C_{\text{VL}}^{(7)}(\overline{u}_L\gamma^\mu d_L)(\overline{e}_L i\overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu\nu_{L,e}^c) + C_{\text{VR}}^{(7)}(\overline{u}_R\gamma^\mu d_R)(\overline{e}_L i\overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu\nu_{L,e}^c) \right] + \text{h.c.}, \quad 2$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\Delta L=2}^{(9)} = \frac{1}{v^5} \left[C_{1\text{L}}^{(9)}(\overline{u}_L\gamma_\mu d_L)(\overline{u}_L\gamma^\mu d_L)(\overline{e}_L e_L^c) + C_{4\text{L}}^{(9)}(\overline{u}_L\gamma_\mu d_L)(\overline{u}_R\gamma^\mu d_R)(\overline{e}_L e_L^c) \right] + \text{h.c.}, \quad 2$$

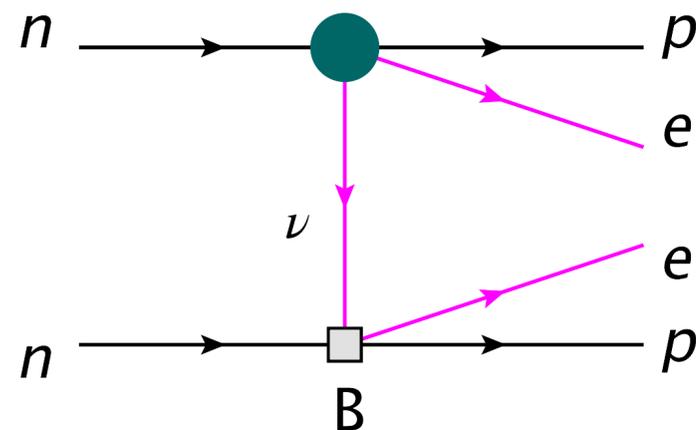
SMEFT @dim 7



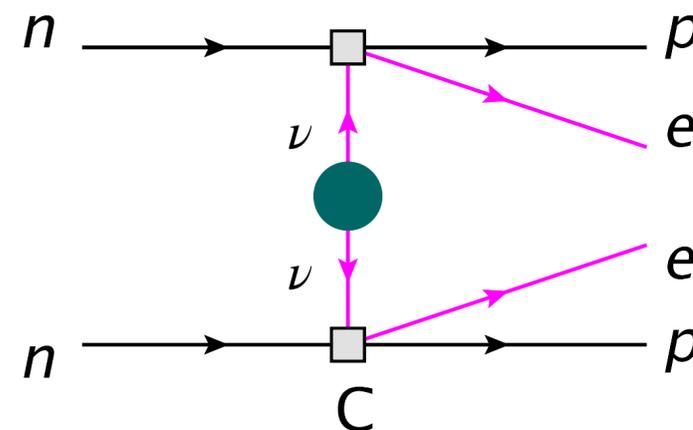
A limited number of LEFT operators are required.



Short-distance



Long-distance



Mass mechanism

Matching onto the LEFT

Tree-level matching: 1 dim-5 and 11 dim-7 operators $\Rightarrow 0\nu\beta\beta$

Basis	LEFT operators	Matching results at electroweak scale Λ_{EW}
Up flavor basis	$\mathcal{O}_{SL}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_R d_L)(\bar{e}_L \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_{SL}^{(6)} = v^3 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} V_{w1} C_{QuLLH}^{w111*} + \frac{1}{2v} m_u V_{ud} C_{DLDH2}^{11*} \right)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{SR}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_L d_R)(\bar{e}_L \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_{SR}^{(6)} = v^3 \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} C_{dLQLH1}^{1111*} - \frac{1}{2v} m_d V_{ud} C_{DLDH2}^{11*} \right)$
	$\mathcal{O}_T^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_R)(\bar{e}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_T^{(6)} = v^3 \left(\frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}} C_{dLQLH1}^{1111*} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} C_{dLQLH2}^{1111*} \right)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{m\beta\beta} = -\frac{1}{2} m_{\beta\beta} \bar{\nu}_{L,e}^c \nu_{L,e}$	$m_{\beta\beta} = -v^2 C_{LH5}^{11} - \frac{1}{2} v^4 C_{LH}^{11}$
	$\mathcal{O}_{VL}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)(\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_{VL}^{(6)} = v^3 V_{ud} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} C_{LeDH}^{11*} + 4 \frac{m_e}{v} g^{-1} C_{LHW}^{11*} \right)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{VR}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)(\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_{VR}^{(6)} = \frac{v^3}{2\sqrt{2}} C_{dLueH}^{1111*}$
	$\mathcal{O}_{VL}^{(7)} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} G_F(\bar{u}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)(\bar{e}_L \overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_{VL}^{(7)} = -v^3 V_{ud} \left(C_{DLDH1}^{11*} + \frac{1}{2} C_{DLDH2}^{11*} + 4g^{-1} C_{LHW}^{11*} \right)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{VR}^{(7)} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} G_F(\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)(\bar{e}_L \overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu \nu_{L,e}^c)$	$C_{VR}^{(7)} = -v^3 C_{duLDL}^{1111*}$
	$\mathcal{O}_{1L}^{(9)} = \frac{1}{v^5} (\bar{u}_L \gamma_\mu d_L)(\bar{u}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)(\bar{e}_L e_L^c)$	$C_{1L}^{(9)} = -v^3 V_{ud}^2 (2C_{DLDH1}^{11*} + 8g^{-1} C_{LHW}^{11*})$
	$\mathcal{O}_{4L}^{(9)} = \frac{1}{v^5} (\bar{u}_L \gamma_\mu d_L)(\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)(\bar{e}_L e_L^c)$	$C_{4L}^{(9)} = -2v^3 V_{ud} C_{duLDL}^{1111*}$
	Down flavor basis	$\mathcal{O}_{SL}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_R d_L)(\bar{e}_L \nu_{L,e}^c)$
$\mathcal{O}_{SR}^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_L d_R)(\bar{e}_L \nu_{L,e}^c)$		$C_{SR}^{(6)} = v^3 \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} V_{1w} C_{dLQLH1}^{11w1*} - \frac{1}{2v} m_d V_{ud} C_{DLDH2}^{11*} \right)$
$\mathcal{O}_T^{(6)} = \sqrt{2}G_F(\bar{u}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_R)(\bar{e}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{L,e}^c)$		$C_T^{(6)} = v^3 V_{1w} \left(\frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}} C_{dLQLH1}^{11w1*} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} C_{dLQLH2}^{11w1*} \right)$

Depending on the convention of the relationship between mass vs flavor eigenstates

Up-quark flavor basis

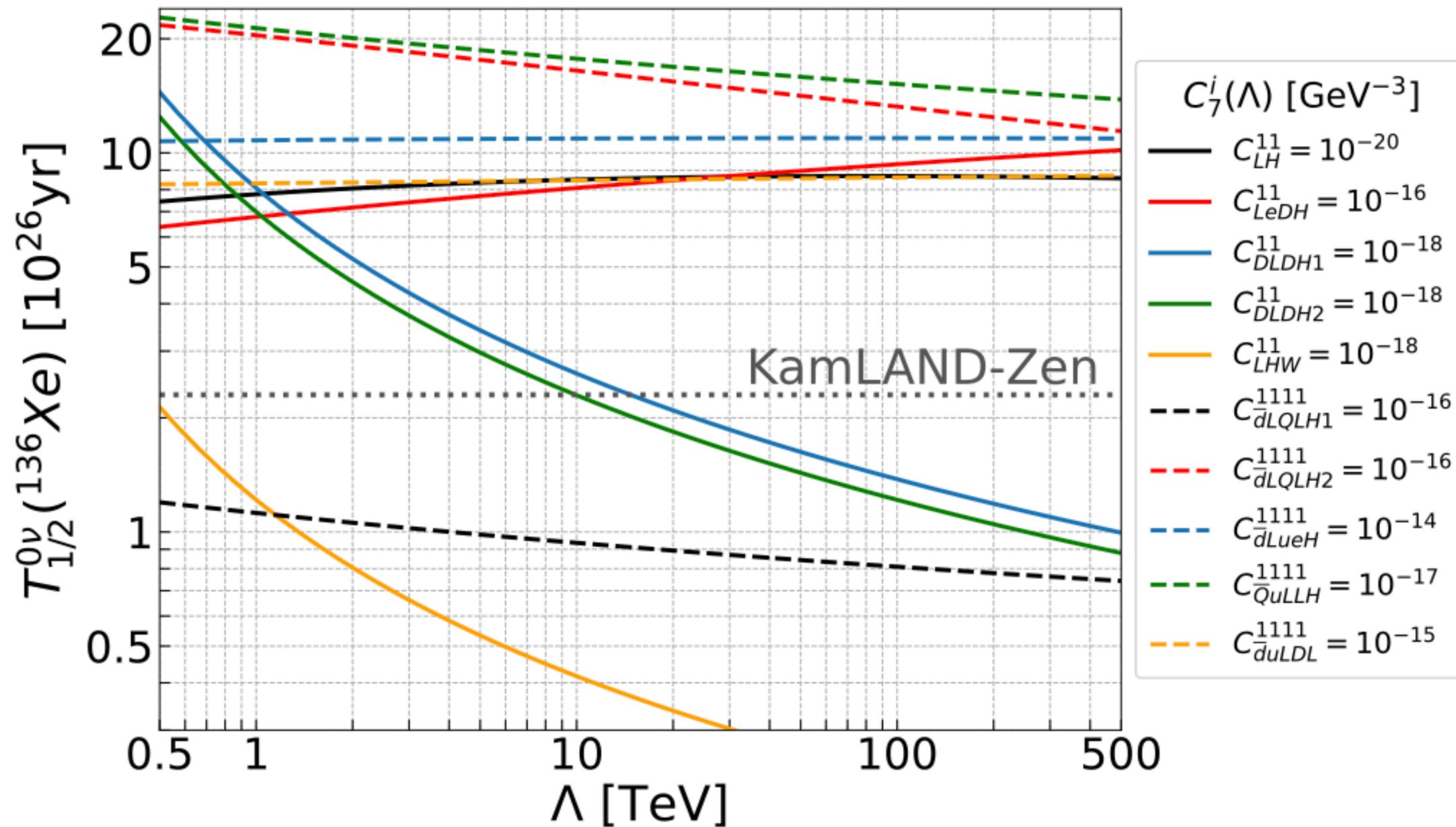
$$Y_u = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} M_u, \quad Y_d = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} V_{CKM} M_d.$$

Down-quark flavor basis

$$Y_u = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} V_{CKM}^\dagger M_u, \quad Y_d = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} M_d.$$

RG effects on the half lifetime of ^{136}Xe $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

Yi Liao, XDM, Hao-Lin Wang, Xiang Zhao, 2505.06499



Large impact from

$$\mathcal{O}_{DLDH1,2}^{11}, \mathcal{O}_{LHW}^{11}$$



Mixing into $\mathcal{O}_{LH(5)}$ operator

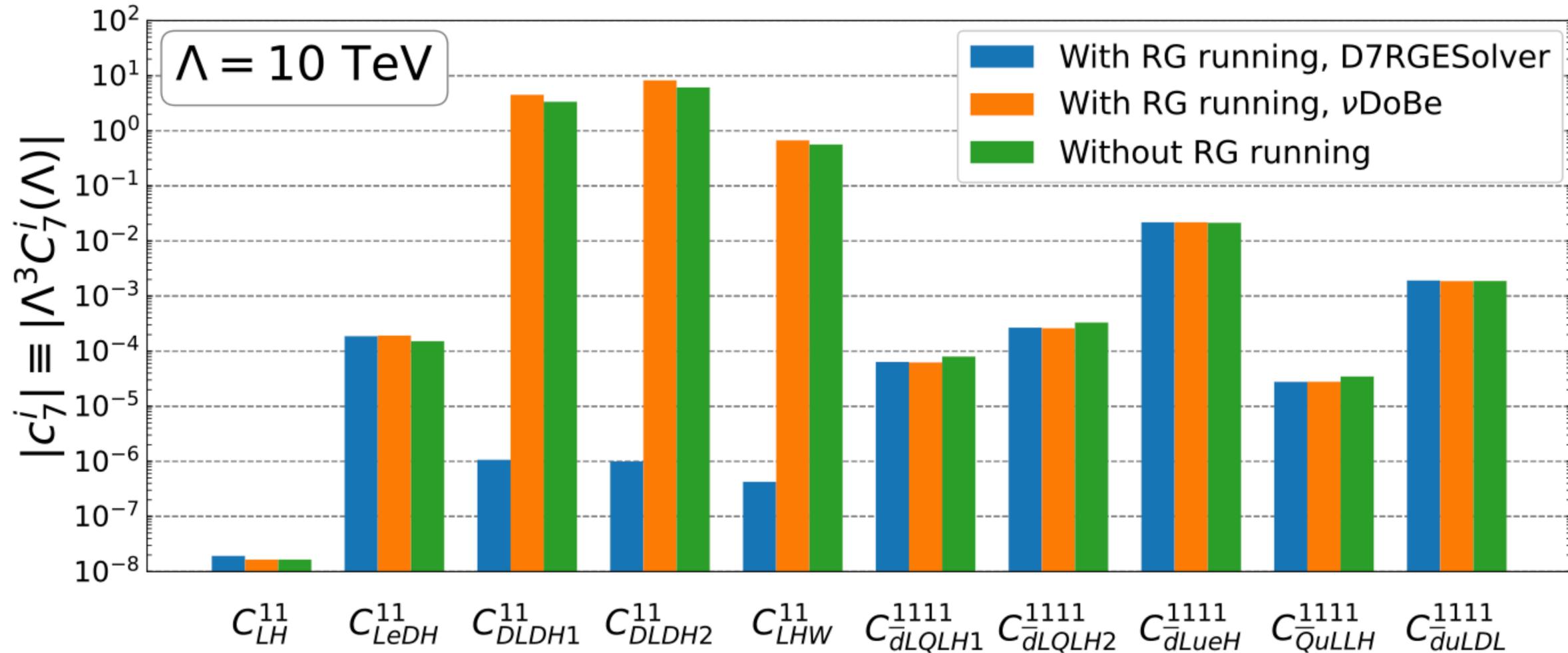
RGE effect plays a significant role in predicting the $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay half lifetime

O. Scholer, J. de Vries and L. Gráf, vDoBe, 2306.08709

Di Zhang, 2310.11055

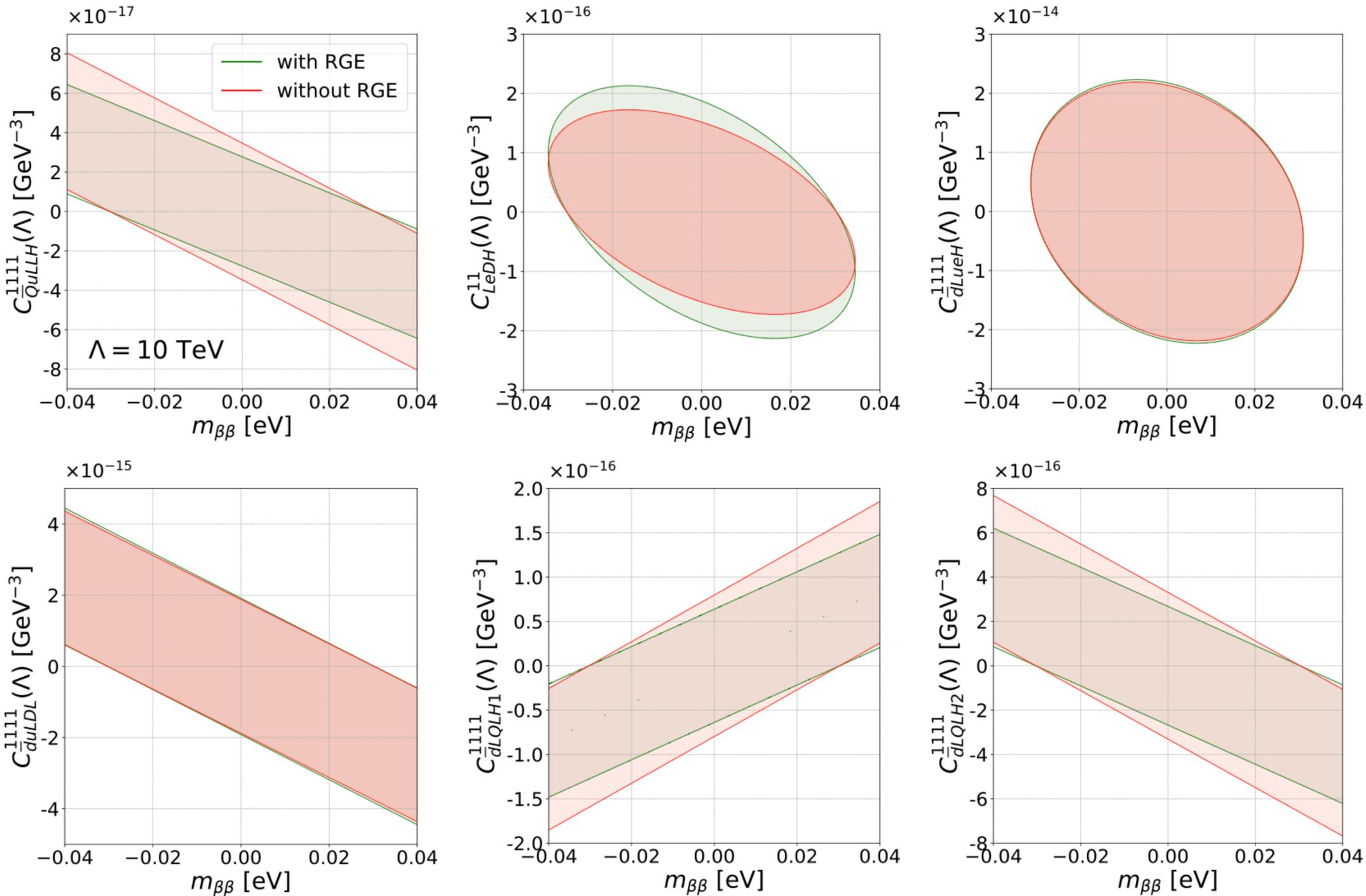
L. Gráf, C. Hati, A. Martín-Galán and O. Scholer, 2504.00081

Constraints on 10 1st generation operators



- KamLAND-Zen experimental limit $[T_{1/2}^{0\nu}]_{\text{SMEFT}}(c_i) \gtrsim [T_{1/2}^{0\nu}]_{\text{KamLAND}}^{90\%} = 2.3 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr.}$
- The full and precise RGE evolution of these operators has a significant impact on their numerical constraints
- Mainly from their contributions to the $\mathcal{O}_{LH(5)}$ through RGE mixing

2D constraints in the plane $m_{\beta\beta} - C_7^i$



- KamLAND-Zen experimental limit

$$[T_{1/2}^{0\nu}]_{\text{SMEFT}}(c_i) \gtrsim [T_{1/2}^{0\nu}]_{\text{KamLAND}}^{90\%} = 2.3 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr.}$$

- RG effect is negligible— $\mathcal{O}_{\bar{d}LueH, \bar{d}uLDL}^{11}$

- Ellipse: $\Gamma^{-1} \propto m_{\beta\beta}^2 + c |C_7^i|^2$

- Band: $\Gamma^{-1} \propto |m_{\beta\beta} + c C_7^i|^2$

The mixing of these operators and the neutrino mass operators from RGE evolution is negligible

RGE improved constraints

RGE-improved constraints on the dimensionless WCs c_7^i at $\Lambda = 10$ TeV				
Operator	$ c_7^i \equiv \Lambda^3 C_7^i(\Lambda) $	Operator	$ c_7^i \equiv \Lambda^3 C_7^i(\Lambda) $	
	Same in both bases		Up-quark flavor basis	Down-quark flavor basis
\mathcal{O}_{LH}^{11}	1.92×10^{-8}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{1111}$	2.85×10^{-5}	2.78×10^{-5}
\mathcal{O}_{LeDH}^{11}	1.88×10^{-4}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{1211}$	8.58×10^5	4.48×10^{-4}
$\mathcal{O}_{DL DH1}^{11}$	1.07×10^{-6}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{1311}$	3.51	6.50×10^{-6}
$\mathcal{O}_{DL DH2}^{11}$	9.99×10^{-7}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{2111}$	1.24×10^{-4}	2.65×10^{-1}
\mathcal{O}_{LHW}^{11}	4.26×10^{-7}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{2211}$	1.00×10^{-4}	1.03×10^{-4}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{e}LLLH}^{(M),2112}$	1.76×10^{-3}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{2311}$	3.01×10^{-1}	1.43×10^{-6}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{e}LLLH}^{(M),3113}$	1.05×10^{-4}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{3111}$	3.24×10^{-3}	5.38×10^{-2}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{e}LLLH}^{(S),1111}$	2.59×10^{-1}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{3211}$	5.65×10^1	2.38×10^{-3}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{e}LLLH}^{(S),2112}$	1.25×10^{-3}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{Q}uLLH}^{3311}$	5.90×10^{-8}	5.90×10^{-8}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{e}LLLH}^{(S),3113}$	7.44×10^{-5}			
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{1111}$	1.92×10^{-3}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{1111}$	6.22×10^{-5}	6.38×10^{-5}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{1211}$	3.58×10^2	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{1121}$	2.17×10^{-1}	2.77×10^{-4}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{1311}$	1.54×10^1	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{1131}$	4.69	1.72×10^{-2}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{2111}$	9.21×10^3	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{2111}$	1.06×10^{-2}	4.50×10^1
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{2211}$	4.04	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{2121}$	2.45×10^{-3}	2.39×10^{-3}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{2311}$	1.66×10^{-1}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{2131}$	5.05×10^{-2}	4.09×10^{-1}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{3111}$	1.34×10^2	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{3111}$	1.27×10^{-2}	3.61×10^{-2}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{3211}$	1.80	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{3121}$	1.09×10^{-3}	7.91×10^{-3}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}uL DL}^{3311}$	1.33×10^{-4}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH1}^{3131}$	4.04×10^{-5}	4.04×10^{-5}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{1111}$	2.18×10^{-2}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{1111}$	2.61×10^{-4}	2.68×10^{-4}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{1121}$	9.27×10^4	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{1121}$	3.57	1.16×10^{-3}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{1131}$	8.92×10^3	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{1131}$	8.56×10^1	7.20×10^{-2}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{2111}$	2.27×10^6	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{2111}$	1.75×10^{-1}	2.94×10^3
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{2121}$	1.05×10^3	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{2121}$	4.03×10^{-2}	3.93×10^{-2}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{2131}$	9.58×10^1	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{2131}$	9.16×10^{-1}	2.66×10^1
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{3111}$	2.72×10^6	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{3111}$	2.09×10^{-1}	2.35
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{3121}$	4.67×10^2	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{3121}$	1.80×10^{-2}	5.14×10^{-1}
$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LueH}^{3131}$	7.67×10^{-2}	$\mathcal{O}_{\overline{d}LQLH2}^{3131}$	7.33×10^{-4}	7.32×10^{-4}

RG mixing effects are important to constrain operators that cannot directly contribute to $0\nu\beta\beta$, especially the operators involving **3rd or 2nd generation quarks**

55 dim-7 SMEFT operators are constrained vs **10** operators through tree-level contributions

BNV nucleon decays

JUNO sensitivity to nucleon or dinucleon decays

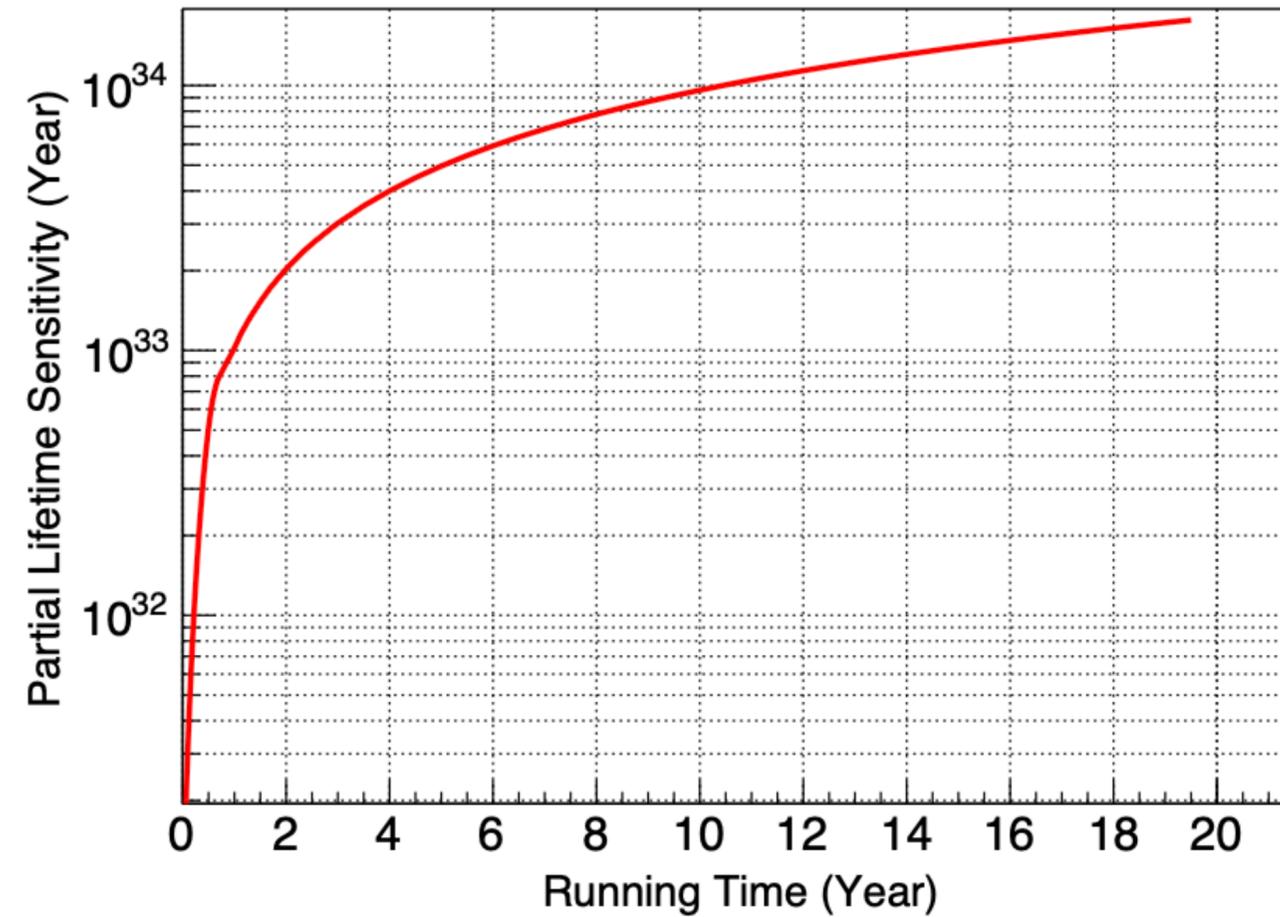
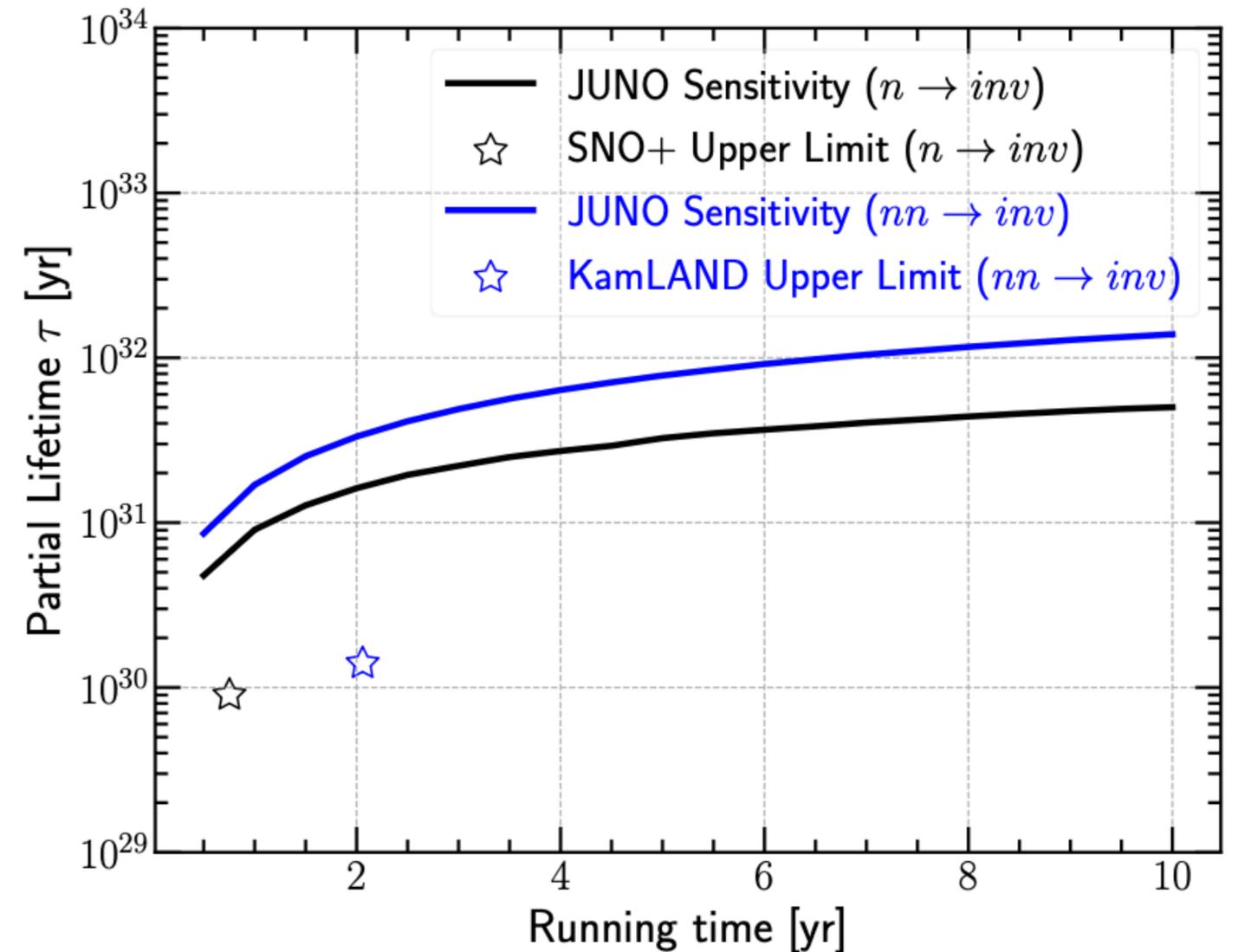


FIG. 12. JUNO sensitivity for $p \rightarrow \bar{\nu}K^+$ as a function of running time.

arXiv:2212.08502



arXiv:2405.17792

Expanding searches for exotic decay modes

DUNE, THEIA, Super-K, Hyper-K, ESSnuNB

Exotic nucleon decay modes

- Triple leptons: $p \rightarrow e^+ e^- \mu^+, p \rightarrow e^+ e^- \mu^+ K^0 \dots$
- Sterile neutrino (N): $p \rightarrow N \pi^+, n \rightarrow N \pi^0, \dots$

$$(\overline{N}_R d_L^\alpha)(\overline{u}_L^{\beta C} d_L^\gamma) \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}, \dots$$

- ALP (a): $p \rightarrow e^+ a, n \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- a, \dots$

$$(\partial_\mu a)(\overline{e}_L^C u_L^\alpha)(\overline{u}_L^{\beta C} \gamma^\mu d_R^\gamma) \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}, \dots$$

- Dark photon (X): $p \rightarrow e^+ X, n \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- X, \dots$

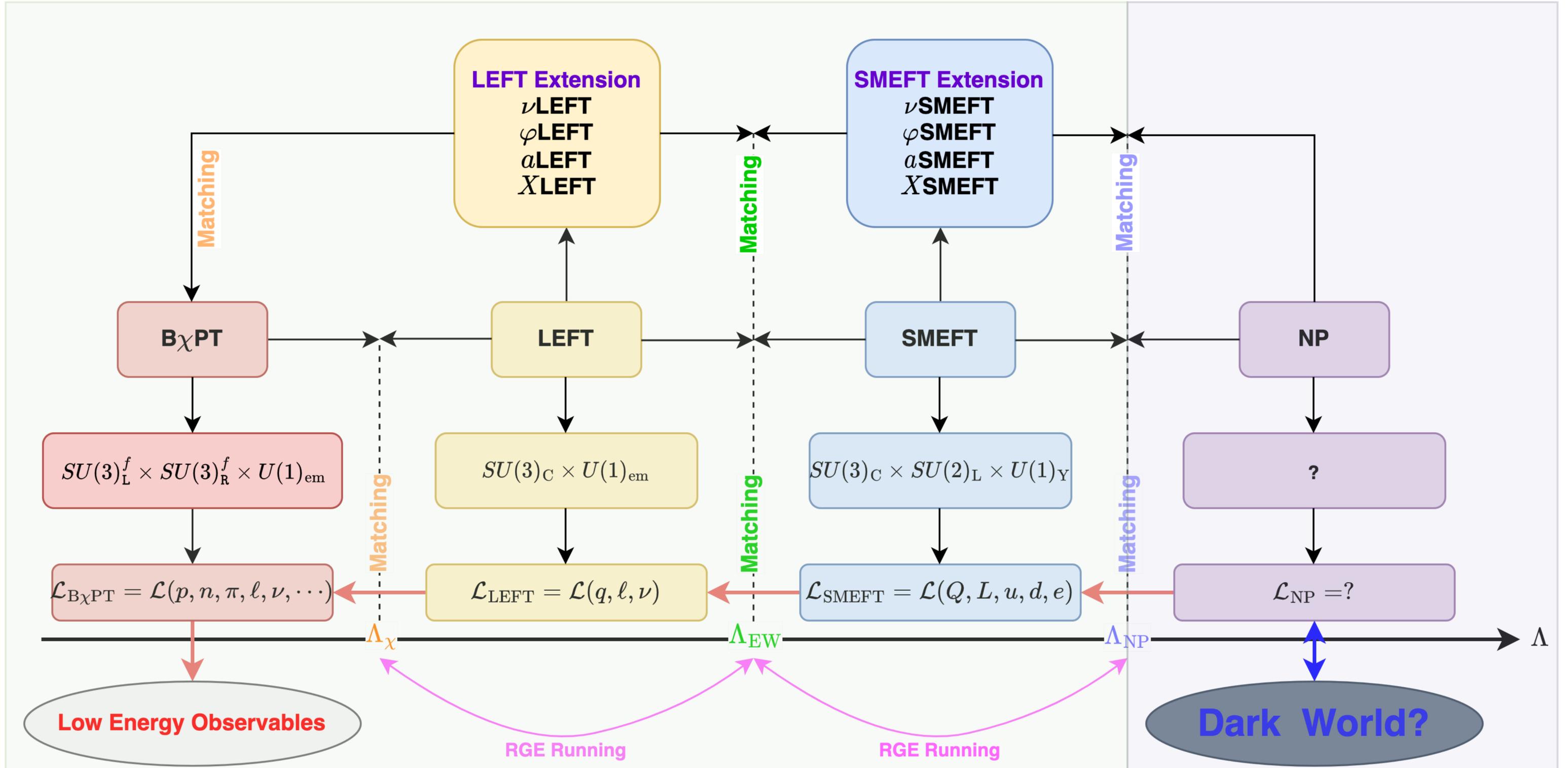
$$X_{\mu\nu}(\overline{\ell}_R d_L^\alpha)(\overline{d}_L^{\beta C} \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_L^\gamma) \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}, \dots$$

- Scalar (φ): $p \rightarrow e^+ \varphi, n \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \varphi, \dots$

$$\varphi(\overline{\nu}_L^C d_L^\alpha)(\overline{u}_L^{\beta C} d_L^\gamma) \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}, \dots$$



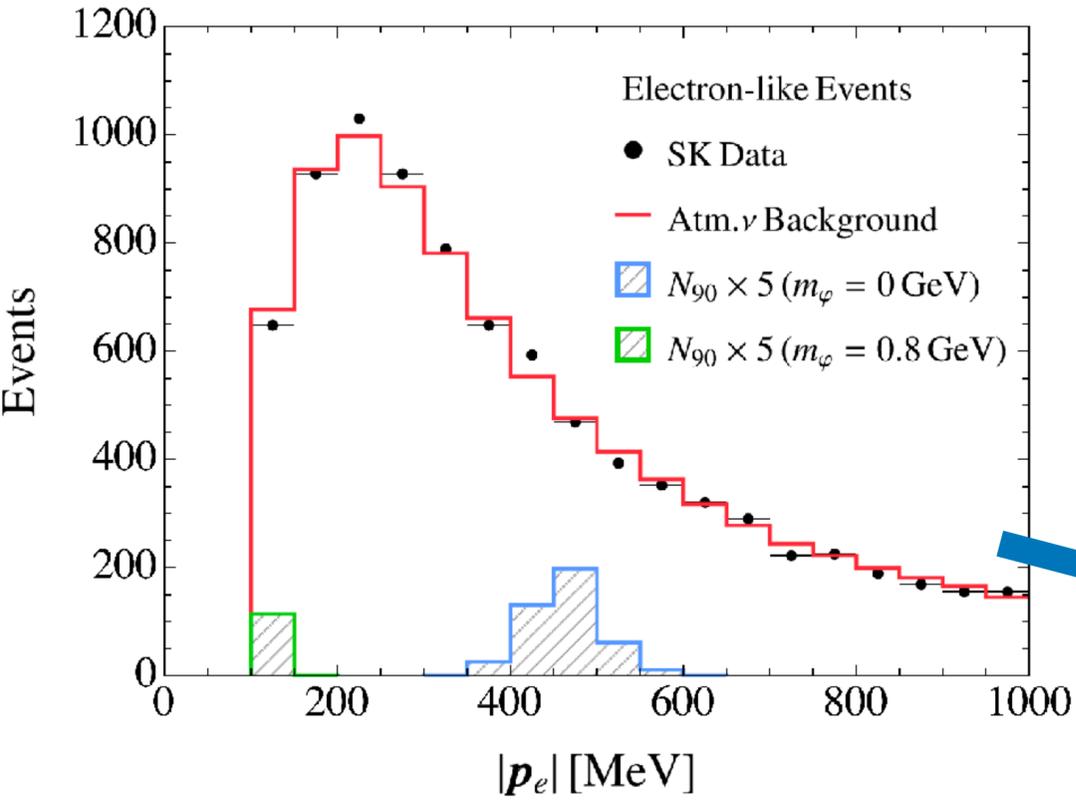
Nucleon decays in the EFT landscape



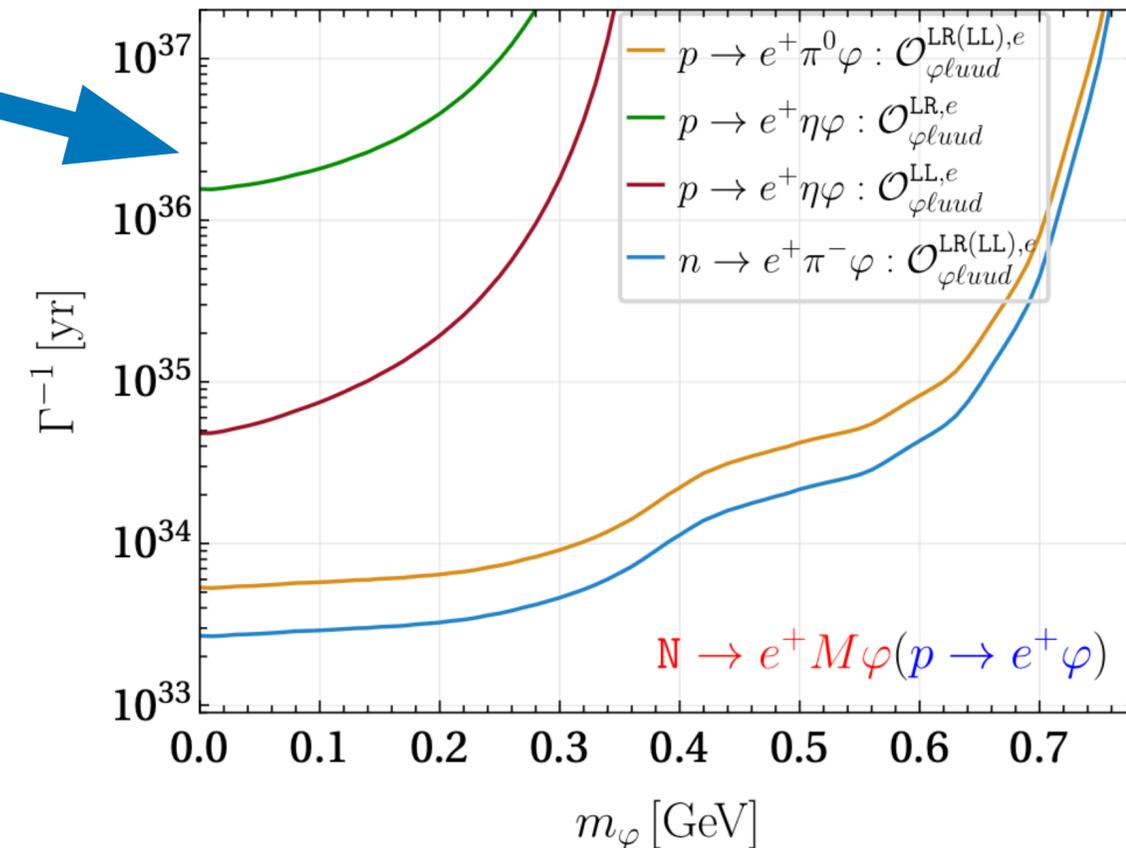
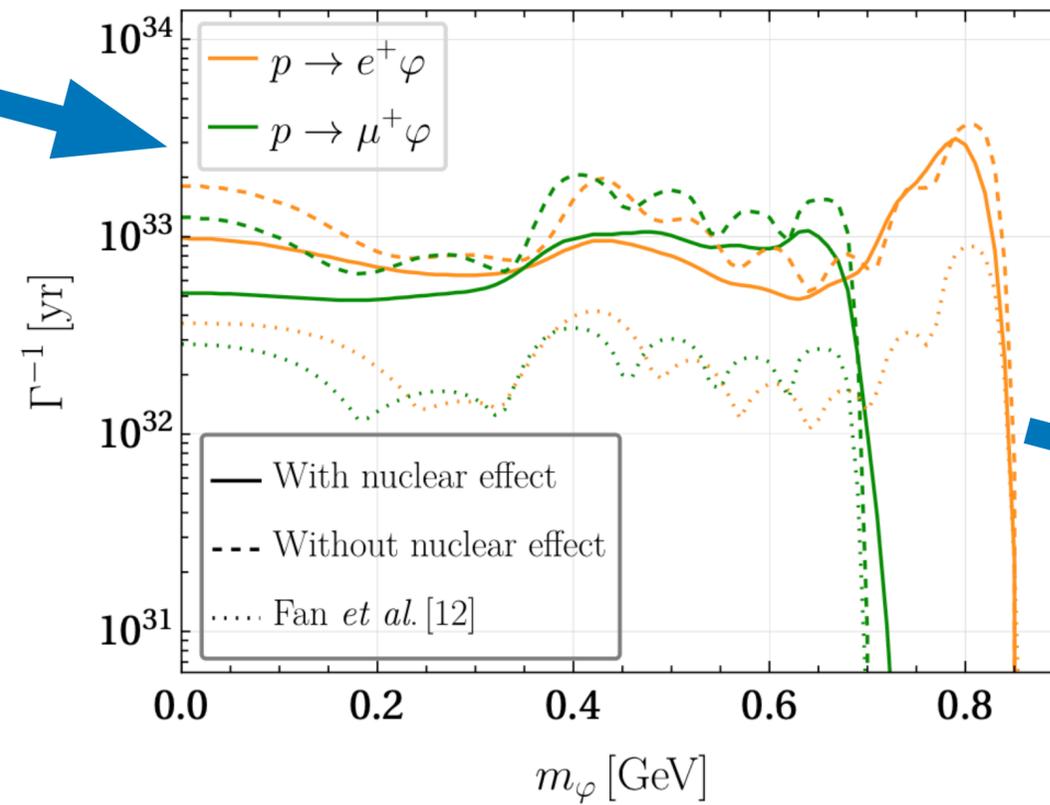
More on nucleon decays can be found in our recent works

- * Xiao-Gang He, **XDM**, arXiv:2102.02562 (JHEP) **Dinucleon decay**
 - * Wei-Qi Fan, Yi Liao, **XDM**, Hao-Lin Wang, arXiv: 2412.20774 (PLB) **BNV Hydrogen**
 - * Yi Liao, **XDM**, Hao-Lin Wang, arXiv: 2504.14855 (PRL) **General nucleon decay structure**
 - * Yi Liao, **XDM**, Hao-Lin Wang, arXiv: 2506.05052 (PRD L) **N decay w/ an vector meson**
 - * Wei-Qi Fan, Yi Liao, **XDM**, Hao-Lin Wang, arXiv:2507.11844 (CPC-a) **N decay w/ an ALP**
 - * **XDM**, Michael Schmidt, Wei-Hang Zhang, arXiv:2511.02169 (JHEP-a) **N decay w/ a scalar**
 - * Jing Chen, Yi Liao, **XDM** and Hao-Lin Wang, arXiv:2512.02692 **N decay w/ triple leptons**
 - * Yi Liao, **XDM** and Xiang Zhao, arXiv:2512.09287 **N decay w/ triple leptons**
- + ongoing works

Nucleon decay with a light scalar: $N \rightarrow l + \varphi + \dots$



Reinterpret the existing Super-K data



Bound on some modes are quite weak and worth of experimental search.

Common in UV-complete models

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \left[R_1^\dagger (y_{Lpr} \overline{Q}_p^{iC} \epsilon_{ij} L_r^j + y_{Rpr} \overline{u}_p^C e_r) + S_1^\alpha (z_{Lpr} \overline{Q}_p^{i\beta C} \epsilon_{ij} Q_r^{j\gamma} + z_{Rpr} \overline{u}_p^{\beta C} d_r^\gamma) \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} - \kappa R_1^\dagger S_1 \varphi + \text{h.c.} \right], \quad \text{Leptoquark model}$$

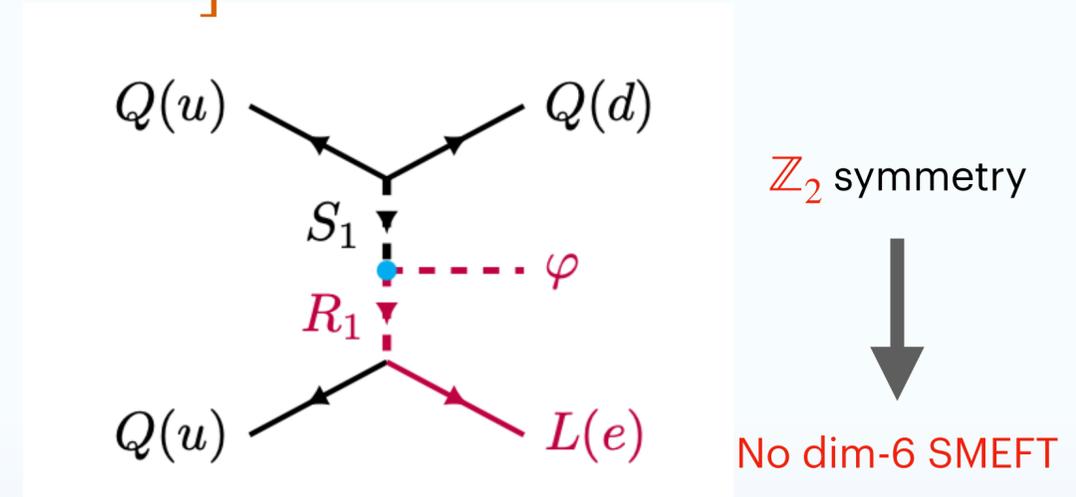
Dim-7 in φ SMEFT

$$C_{LQdu\varphi}^{prst} = -\frac{\kappa^* [y_L]_{rp} [z_R]_{ts}}{m_S^2 m_R^2},$$

$$C_{LQQQ\varphi}^{prst} = \frac{2\kappa^* [y_L]_{rp} [z_L]_{st}}{m_S^2 m_R^2},$$

$$C_{euQQ\varphi}^{prst} = -\frac{\kappa^* [y_R]_{rp} [z_L]_{st}}{m_S^2 m_R^2},$$

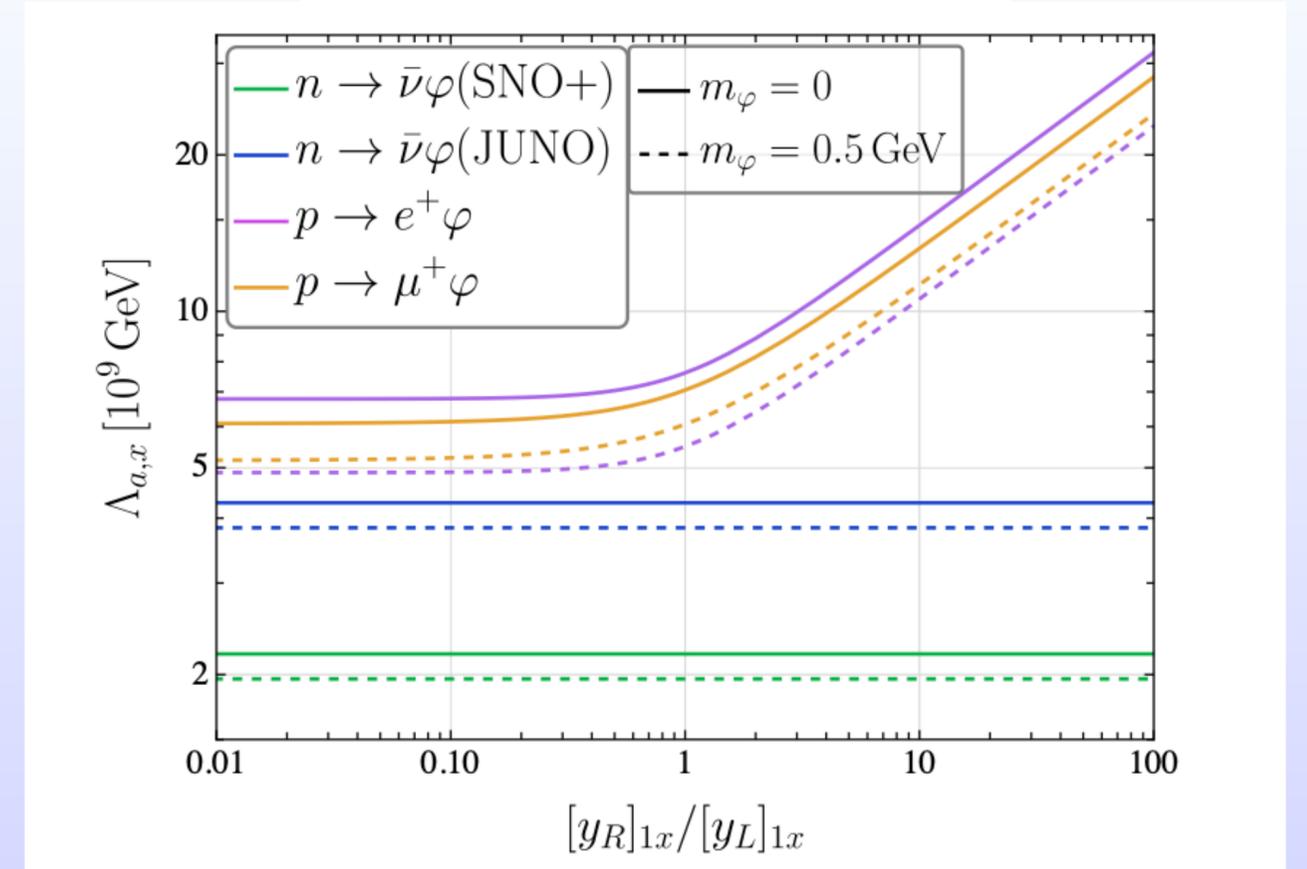
$$C_{eudu\varphi}^{prst} = \frac{\kappa^* [y_R]_{rp} [z_R]_{ts}}{m_S^2 m_R^2}.$$



Dim-7 in φ LEFT

$$C_{\varphi\nu dud}^{\text{LR},x} = 1.32 \frac{\kappa^* [y_L]_{1x} [z_R]_{11}}{m_S^2 m_R^2}, \quad C_{\varphi luud}^{\text{LR},x} = -C_{\varphi\nu dud}^{\text{LR},x}, \quad C_{\varphi luud}^{\text{RL},x} = -1.32 \frac{2\kappa^* [y_R]_{1x} [z_L]_{11}}{m_S^2 m_R^2},$$

$$C_{\varphi\nu dud}^{\text{LL},x} = 1.32 \frac{2\kappa^* [y_L]_{1x} [z_L]_{11}}{m_S^2 m_R^2}, \quad C_{\varphi luud}^{\text{LL},x} = -C_{\varphi\nu dud}^{\text{LL},x}, \quad C_{\varphi luud}^{\text{RR},x} = -1.32 \frac{\kappa^* [y_R]_{1x} [z_R]_{11}}{m_S^2 m_R^2},$$



$$\Lambda_{a,x} \equiv (m_S^2 m_R^2 / |\kappa^* [y_L]_{1x} ([z_R]_{11} - 2[z_L]_{11})|)^{1/3}$$

Spurion fields

$$\mathcal{N}_{yzw}^{\text{LL}} \text{ and } \mathcal{N}_{yzw}^{\text{RL}} + \text{L} \leftrightarrow \text{R}$$

Nucleon decay involving three leptons

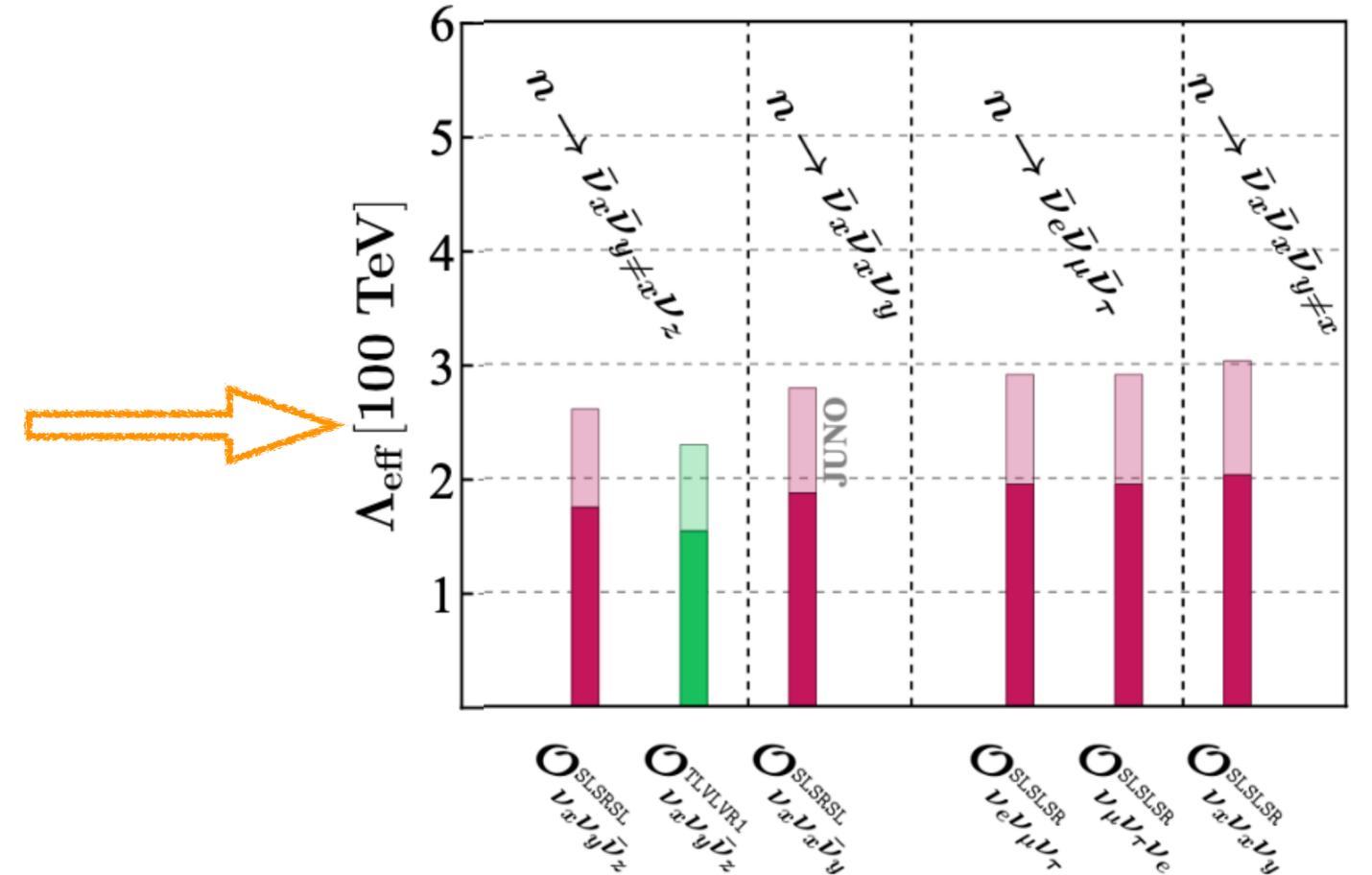
Yi Liao, **XDM**, Xiang Zhao, 2512.09287

Process	Exp. bound Γ^{-1} [yr]	Process	Exp. bound Γ^{-1} [yr]
$n \rightarrow e^- e^+ \hat{\nu}$	2.57×10^{32} [15]	$p \rightarrow e^+ \hat{\nu} \hat{\nu}$	1.7×10^{32} [16]
$n \rightarrow e^- \mu^+ \hat{\nu}$	8.3×10^{31} [15]	$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \hat{\nu} \hat{\nu}$	2.2×10^{32} [16]
$n \rightarrow \mu^- e^+ \hat{\nu}$	0.6×10^{30} [15]	$n \rightarrow \hat{\nu} \hat{\nu} \hat{\nu}$	0.9×10^{30} [17]
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+ \hat{\nu}$	7.9×10^{31} [15]		(5×10^{31}) [18])

JUNO: 2405.17792

$\Delta L = -1$	$\Delta L = +1$	$\Delta L = -3$	$\Delta L = +3$
$p \rightarrow \ell_x^+ \ell_y^+ \ell_z^- (z = x, y)$	$n \rightarrow \ell_x^- \ell_y^+ \nu_z (y = x, z)$	$p \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_x \bar{\nu}_y \ell_z^+$	$n \rightarrow \nu_x \nu_y \nu_z$
$n \rightarrow \ell_x^- \ell_y^+ \bar{\nu}_z (x = y, z)$	$p \rightarrow \nu_x \nu_y \ell_z^+ (z = y, z)$	$n \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_x \bar{\nu}_y \bar{\nu}_z$	
$p \rightarrow \nu_x \bar{\nu}_y \ell_z^+ (x = y, z)$	$n \rightarrow \nu_x \nu_y \bar{\nu}_z (z = x, y)$		
$n \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_x \bar{\nu}_y \nu_z (z = x, y)$			

	Notation	Operator	Chiral Irrep.	# of operators	Process
$\Delta L = -3$	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{SLSRSR}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Rz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{RR}})$	$\mathbf{1}_L \otimes \mathbf{8}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu + 1)$ [18]	$p \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_x \bar{\nu}_y \ell_z^+$
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{SLSLSL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{LL}})$	$\mathbf{8}_L \otimes \mathbf{1}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu + 1)$ [18]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{TLTSL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Lz}^C} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{LL}})$	$\mathbf{8}_L \otimes \mathbf{1}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu - 1)$ [9]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{TLSLTL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{LL},\mu\nu})$	$\mathbf{10}_L \otimes \mathbf{1}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu - 1)$ [9]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{SLSRSL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Rz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{RL}})$	$\mathbf{3}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu + 1)$ [18]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{TLVLR1}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Rz}^C} \gamma^\mu \mathcal{N}_{udu}^{\text{LR},\nu})$	$\mathbf{6}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu - 1)$ [9]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{TLVLR2}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Rz}^C} \gamma^\mu \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{LR},\nu})$	$\mathbf{6}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu - 1)$ [9]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{SLSLSR}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{LR}})$	$\mathbf{3}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu + 1)$ [18]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\ell,xyz}^{\text{TLTSLR}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\ell_{Lz}^C} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{N}_{ud}^{\text{LR}})$	$\mathbf{3}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{2} n_\ell n_\nu (n_\nu - 1)$ [9]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\nu,xyz}^{\text{SLSLSL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\nu_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{dud}^{\text{LL}})$	$\mathbf{8}_L \otimes \mathbf{1}_R$	$\frac{1}{3} n_\nu (n_\nu^2 - 1)$ [8]	
$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\nu,xyz}^{\text{TLSLTL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{L[x}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\nu_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{udd}^{\text{LL},\mu\nu})$	$\mathbf{10}_L \otimes \mathbf{1}_R$	$\frac{1}{6} n_\nu (n_\nu - 2)(n_\nu - 1)$ [1]		
$\mathcal{O}_{\nu\nu\nu,xyz}^{\text{SLSLSR}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\nu_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{dud}^{\text{LR}})$	$\mathbf{3}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{3} n_\nu (n_\nu^2 - 1)$ [8]		
$\Delta L = +3$	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu},xyz}^{\text{SRSRSR}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\nu_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{dud}^{\text{RR}})$	$\mathbf{1}_L \otimes \mathbf{8}_R$	$\frac{1}{3} n_\nu (n_\nu^2 - 1)$ [8]	$n \rightarrow \nu \nu \nu$
	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu},xyz}^{\text{TRSRTR}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{L[x}^C} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\nu_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{udd}^{\text{RR},\mu\nu})$	$\mathbf{1}_L \otimes \mathbf{10}_R$	$\frac{1}{6} n_\nu (n_\nu - 2)(n_\nu - 1)$ [1]	
	$\mathcal{O}_{\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu},xyz}^{\text{SRSRSL}}$	$(\overline{\nu_{Lx}^C} \nu_{Ly}) (\overline{\nu_{Lz}^C} \mathcal{N}_{dud}^{\text{RL}})$	$\mathbf{3}_L \otimes \mathbf{3}_R$	$\frac{1}{3} n_\nu (n_\nu^2 - 1)$ [8]	



Summary

- We provide an automatic tool **D7RGESolver** to solve the full one-loop RGEs of dim-5&7 SMEFT operators;
- The running effects of dim-5&7 interactions can significantly affect the $0\nu\beta\beta$ rate;
- Current $0\nu\beta\beta$ half lifetime bound can constrain **55** dim-7 operators due to RGEs;
- The mixing through dim-5&7 Weinberg operators has the leading contribution to $0\nu\beta\beta$ process, and the mixing via Yukawa couplings involving 3rd generation quarks is also significant.
- Exotic nucleon decay modes are new avenues for test of BNV physics, worthy of experimental searches.

Thank you for your time!