

格点QCD强子谱学研究进展



Liuming Liu(刘柳明)
Institute of Modern Physics, CAS
中国科学院近代物理研究所



In collaboration with

Qu-Zhi Li, Chuan Liu, Hang Liu, Peng Sun, Wei Wang, Zheng-Li Wang, Jia-Jun Wu,
Hanyang Xing, Hao-Bo Yan, De-Liang Yao, Jing-Yu Yi, Kuan Zhang, Rui-Lin Zhu

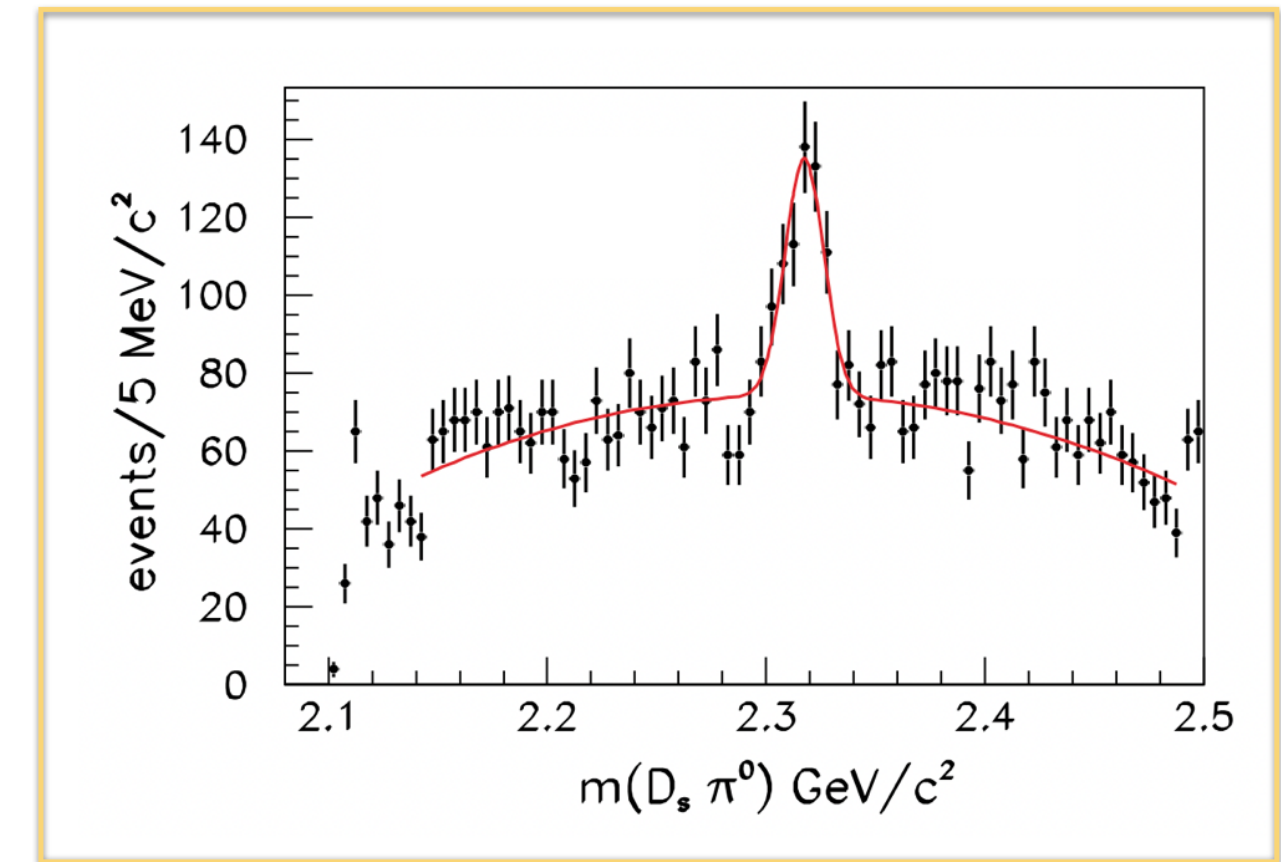
第十一届手征有效场论研讨会

2026年8月11日-8月16日，兰州

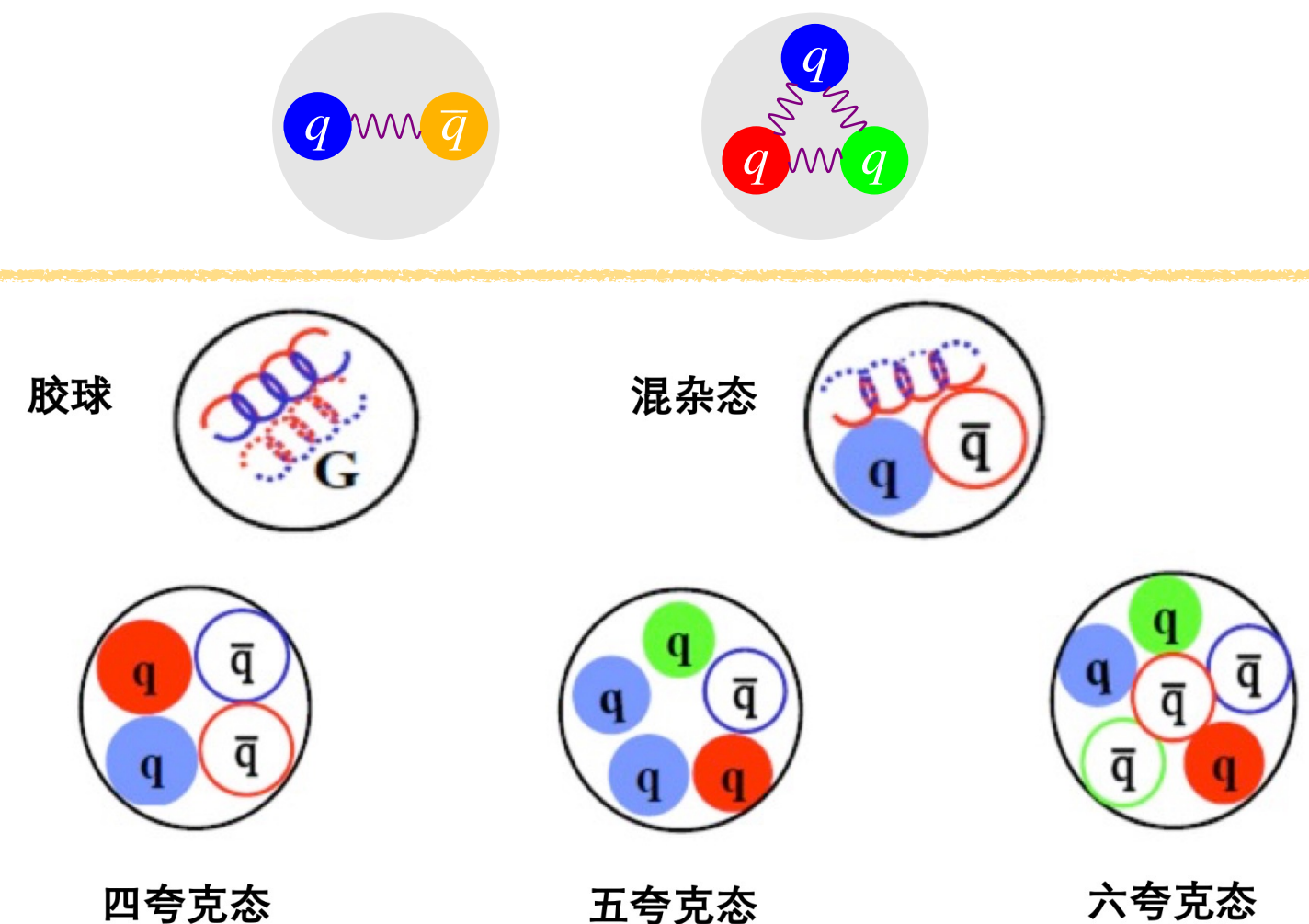
◆ Spectroscopy:

- Most of the hadrons observed in experiments are unstable.
- Understand how hadrons are built from quarks and gluons.

◆ New experimental discoveries provide opportunities and challenges for lattice studies.



Quark model and beyond



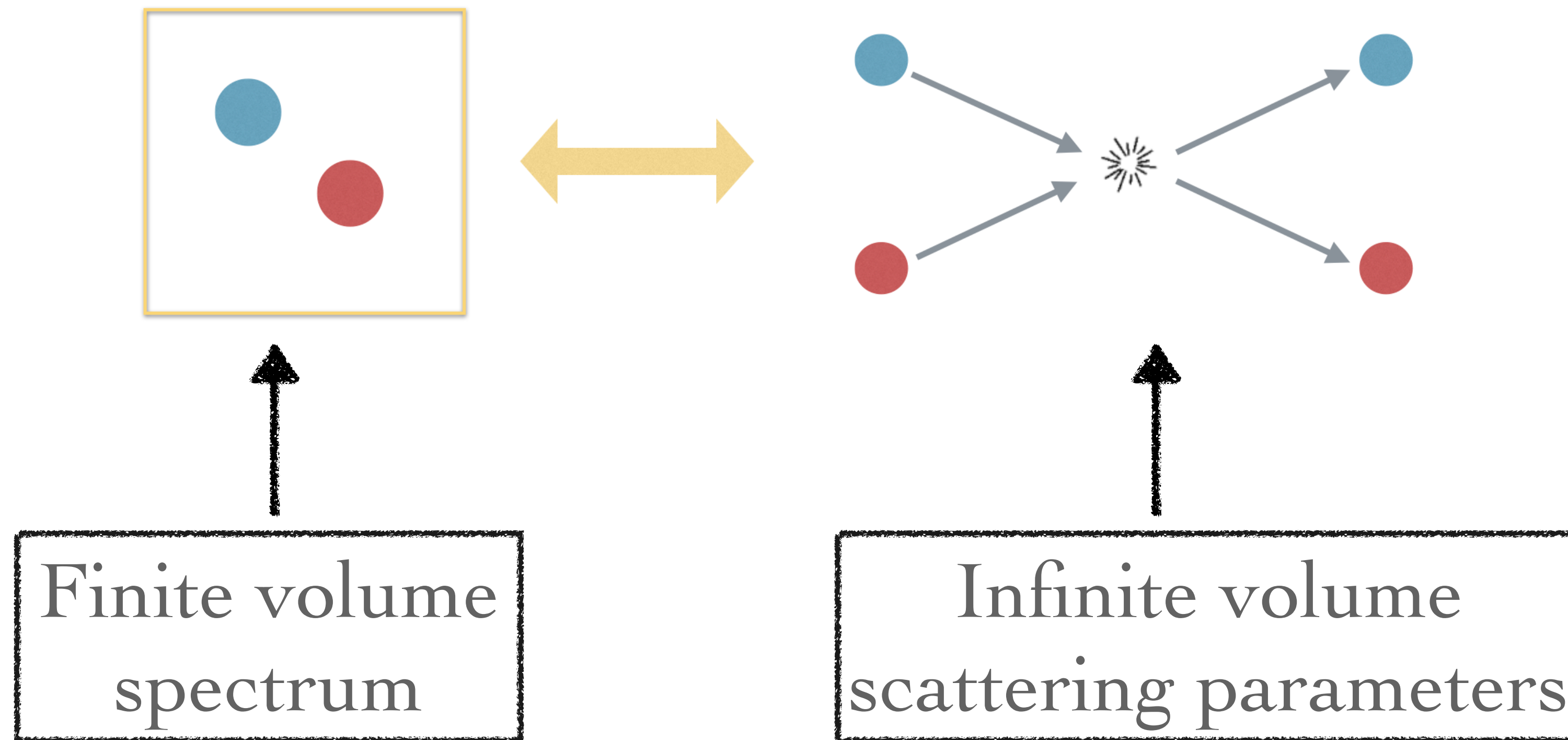


Outline



- ◆ Hadron scattering on Lattice
- ◆ Results
 - ◆ Meson-meson scattering: $\rho, K^*, D_0^*(2300)$
 - ◆ Meson-baryon scattering: pentaquarks
 - ◆ Baryon-baryon scattering: NN
 - ◆ Three-body scattering: $\pi\pi\pi$ $I = 0, 1$
- ◆ Summary and discussions

Lüscher's finite volume method: M. Lüscher, Nucl. Phys. B354, 531(1991)





Scattering on lattice



Excited states:

- ◆ build large basis of operators $\{\mathcal{O}_1, \mathcal{O}_2, \dots\}$ with desired quantum numbers, construct the matrix of correlation function:

$$C_{ij} = \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger | 0 \rangle = \sum_n Z_i^n Z_j^{n*} e^{-E_n t}$$

- ◆ Solve the generalized eigenvalue problem(GEVP):

$$C_{ij} v_j^n(t) = \lambda_n(t) C_{ij}^0 v_j^n(t)$$

- ◆ Eigenvalues: $\lambda_n(t) \sim e^{-E_n t} (1 + e^{-\Delta E t})$
- ◆ Optimal linear combinations of the operators to overlap on the n'th state:

$$\Omega_n = \sum_i v_i^n \mathcal{O}_i$$

- ♦ General Lüscher's formula for two-body scattering:

$$\det[\mathbf{1} + i\rho \cdot \mathbf{t} \cdot (1 + i\mathbf{M})] = 0$$

Diagonal matrix of
phase-space factors

$$\rho_{ij} = \delta_{ij} \frac{2k_i}{E_{cm}}$$

Infinite-volume
scattering matrix

Finite volume
information

$$M(E_{cm}, L)$$

- ♦ Resonances/bound states are formally defined as poles in scattering amplitudes.

Meson-meson scattering

- $\pi\pi$ P-wave scattering and the ρ resonance
- $K\pi$ P-wave scattering and the K^* resonance
- $D\pi$ scattering and $D_0^*(2300)$

Meson-baryon scattering

- Double-charm pentaquarks: $(\Xi_{cc}, \Omega_{cc}) - (\pi, K)$ scattering

Three body scattering

- ω meson: $\pi\pi\pi$ $I = 0$ scattering
- $\pi(1300)$: $\pi\pi\pi$ $I = 1$ scattering

Thanks!