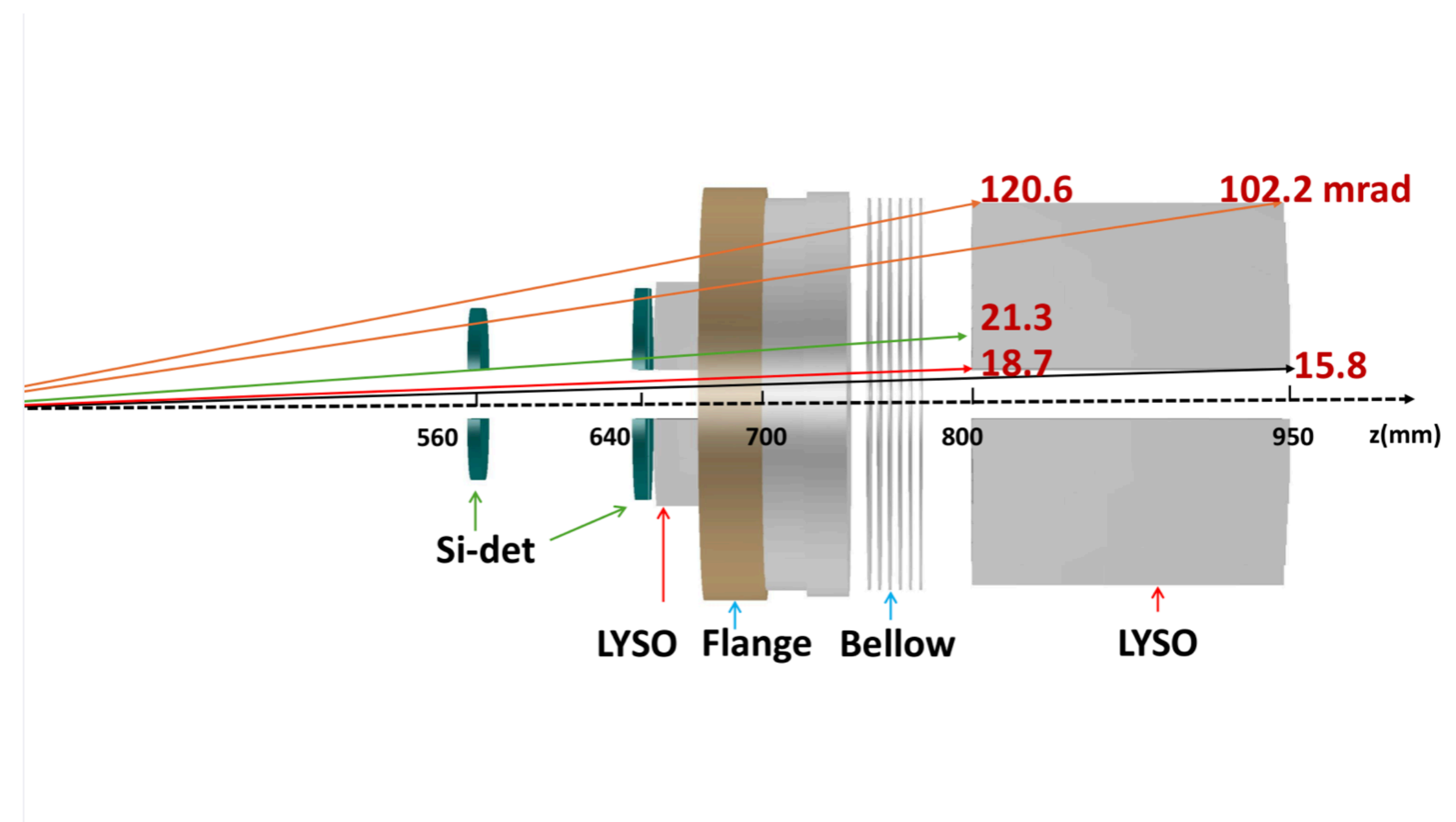


LumiCal Delphes simulation (implementation as Forward Detector)

Egor Vasenin, Lebedev Physical Institute, May 11th, 2026
Supervisor: Prof Li Gang

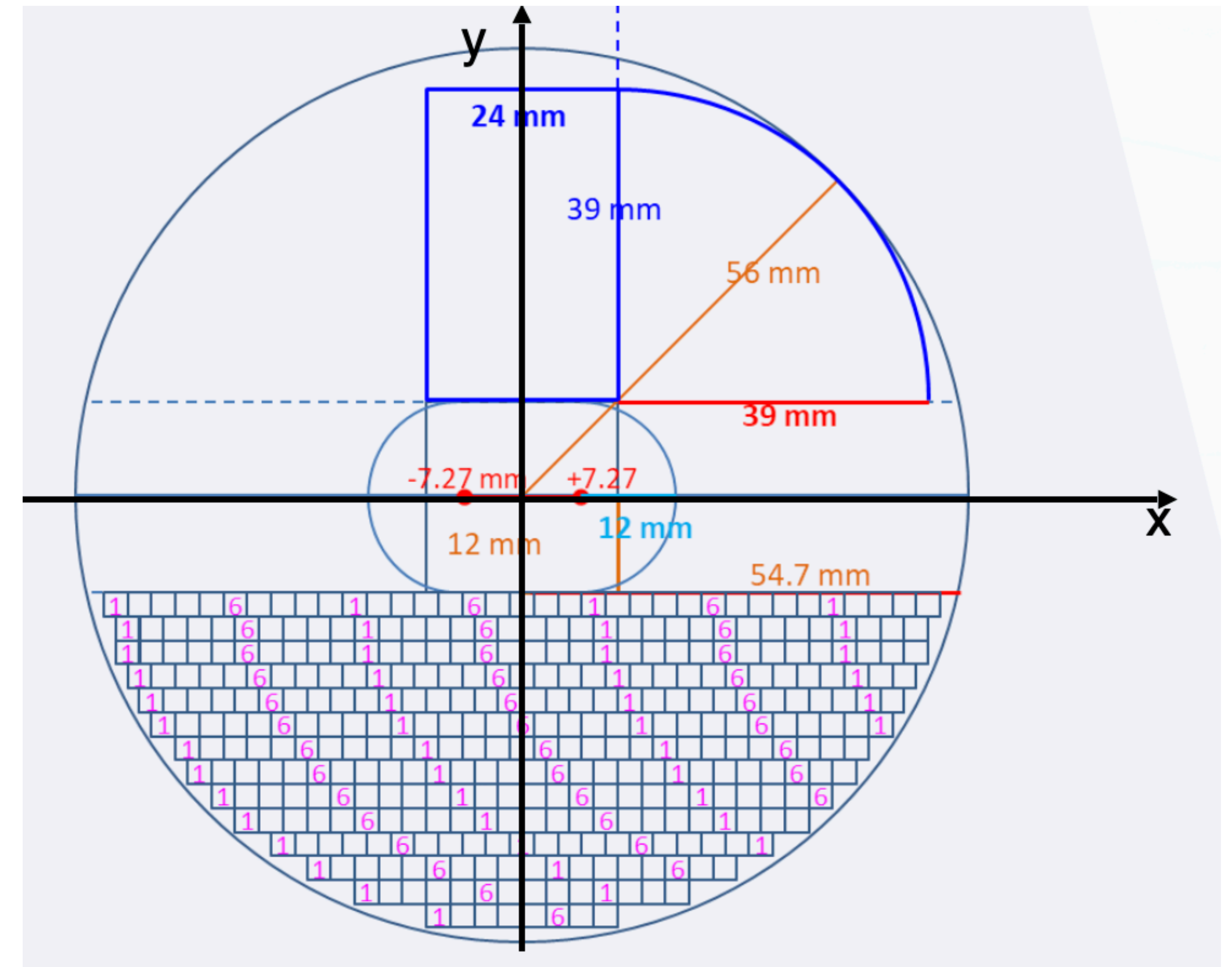
Motivation

- LumiCal can be used in Forward region to detect the photons and electrons in the forward region
 $3.2 < \eta < 4.6$
- First layer Si-det distinguishes photons and electrons
- LYSO crystals measure the energy



Geometry

- Geometry is obtained from LumiCal .xml file
- 2 layers of Si-dets, 2 LYSO crystals, flange and below
- The positions of cells is recalculated into φ and η for Delphes fast simulation



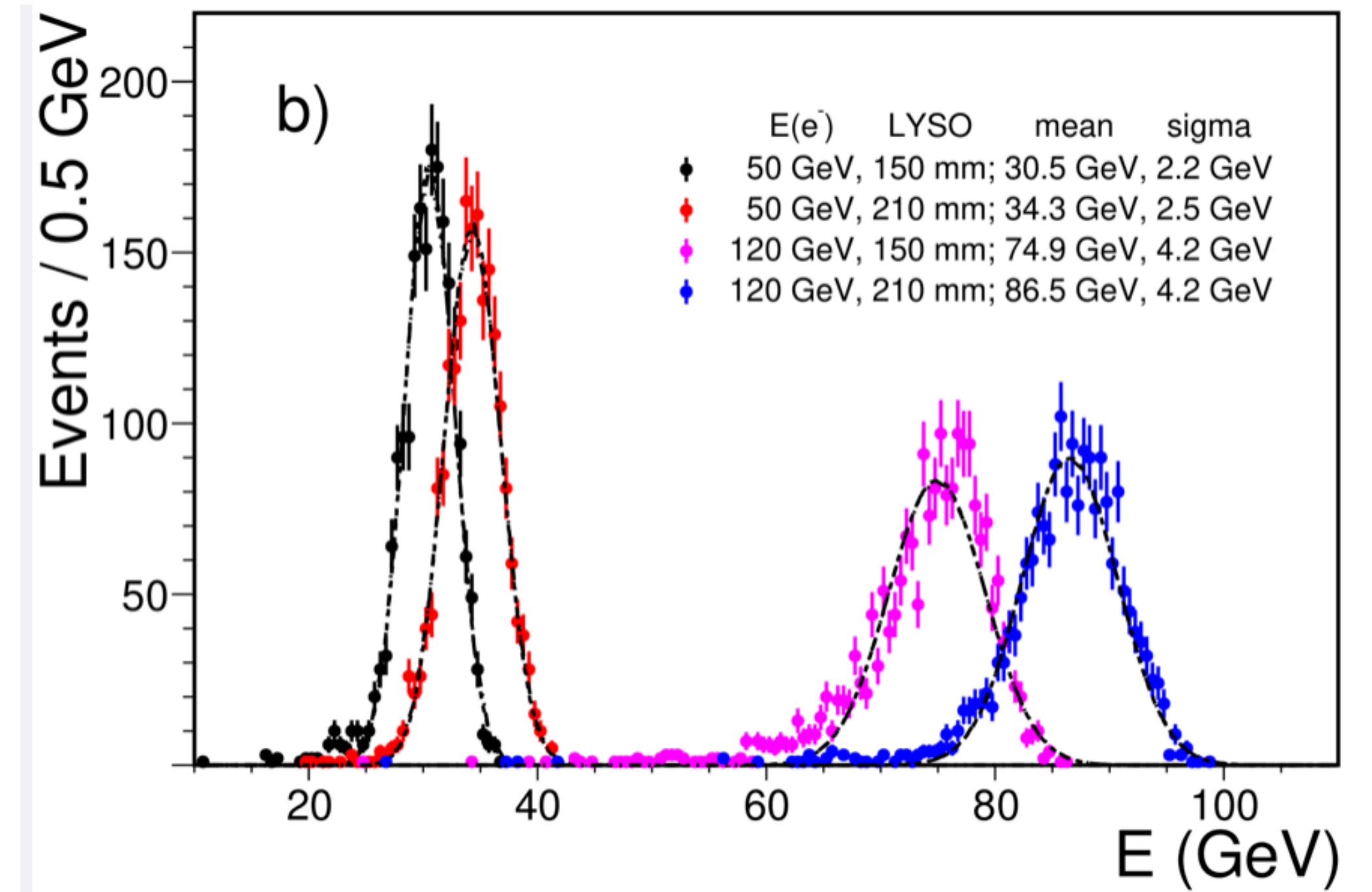
Energy resolution

- Energy resolution is obtained from LYSO 210mm crystals simulation provided from LumiCal group

- $$\frac{\sigma}{E} = a^2 + \left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{E}} \right)^2$$

- $a = 0.016$ and $b = 0.50$ is obtained

- $25X_0$ energy deposits in the LumiCal

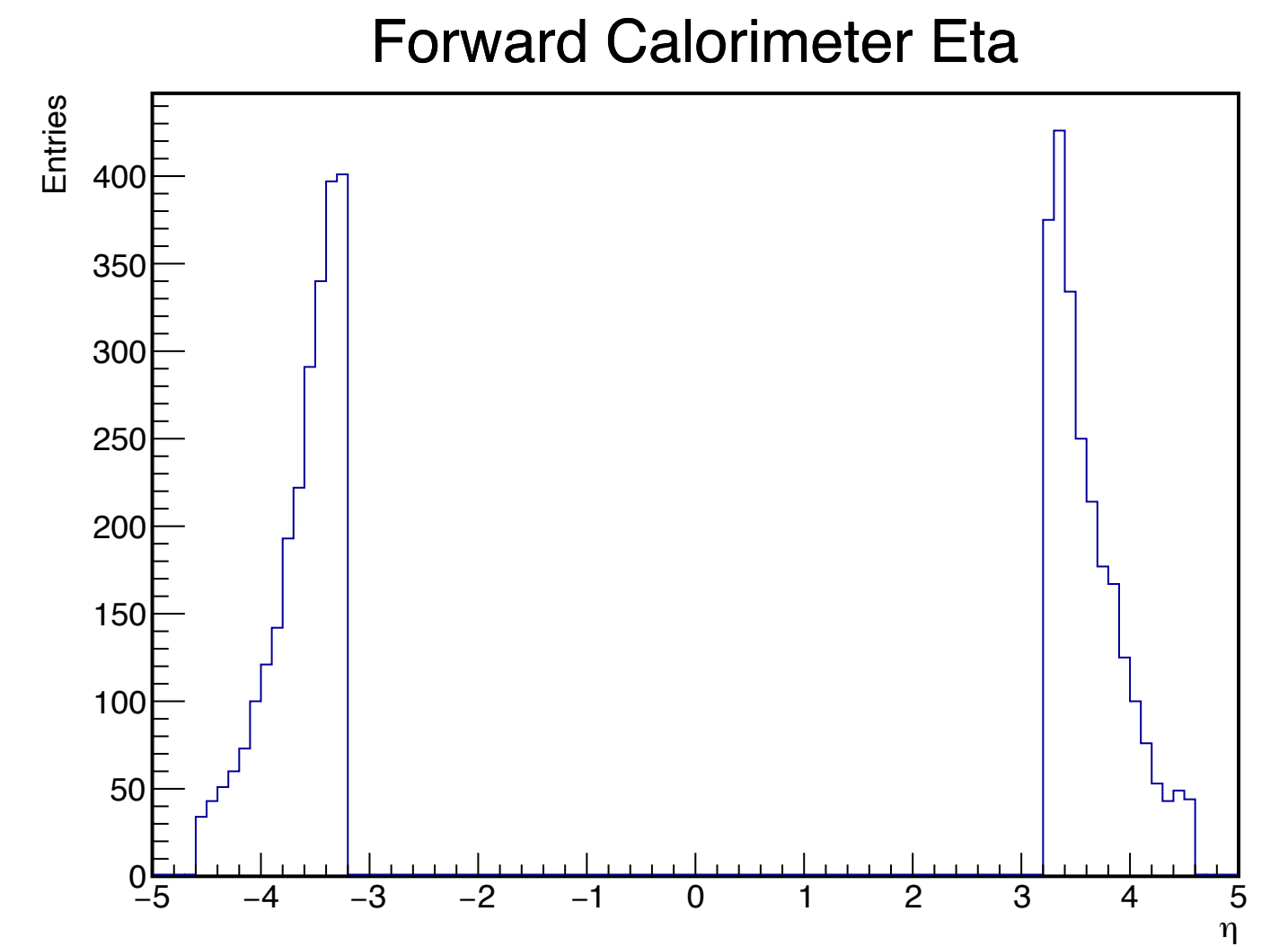
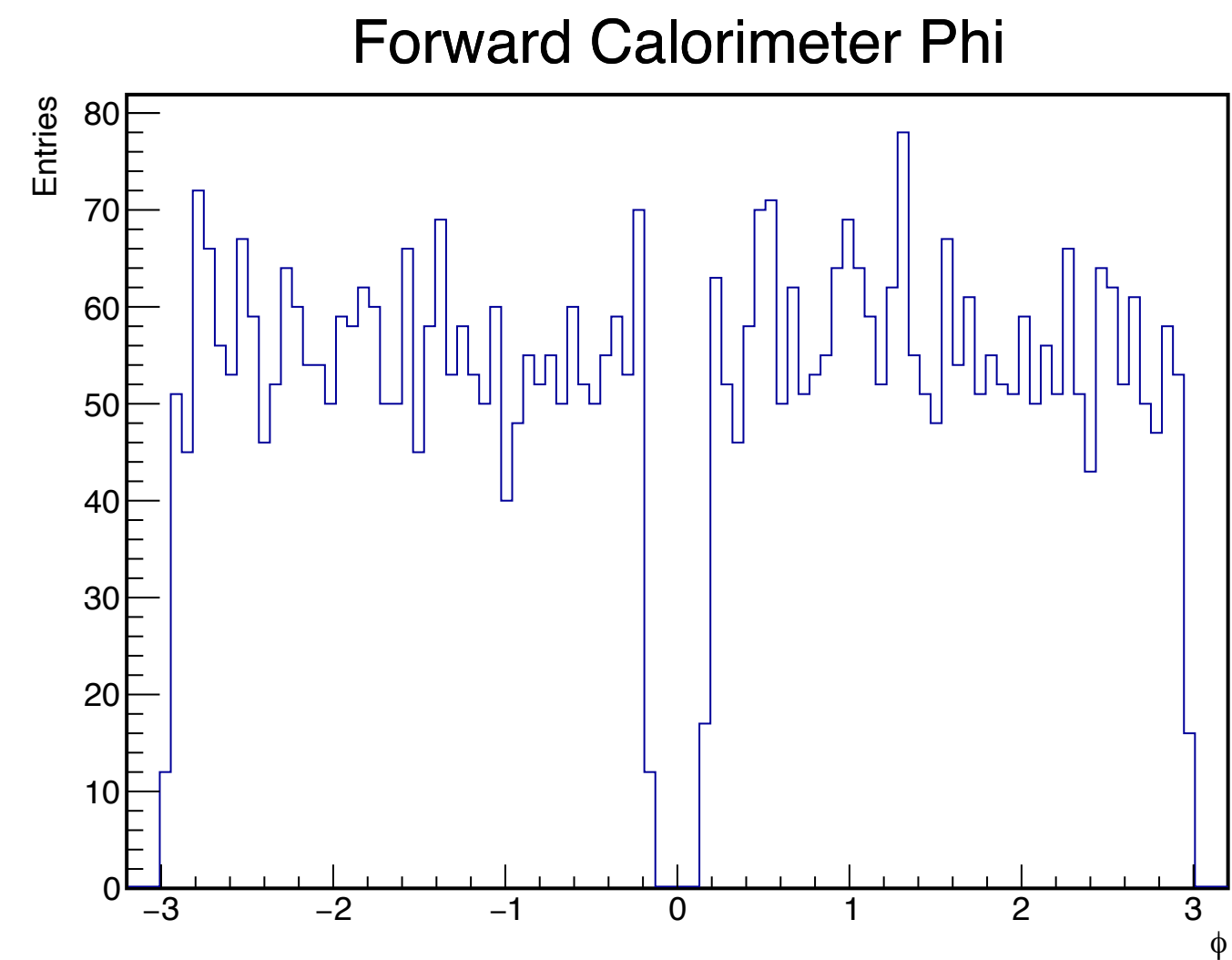
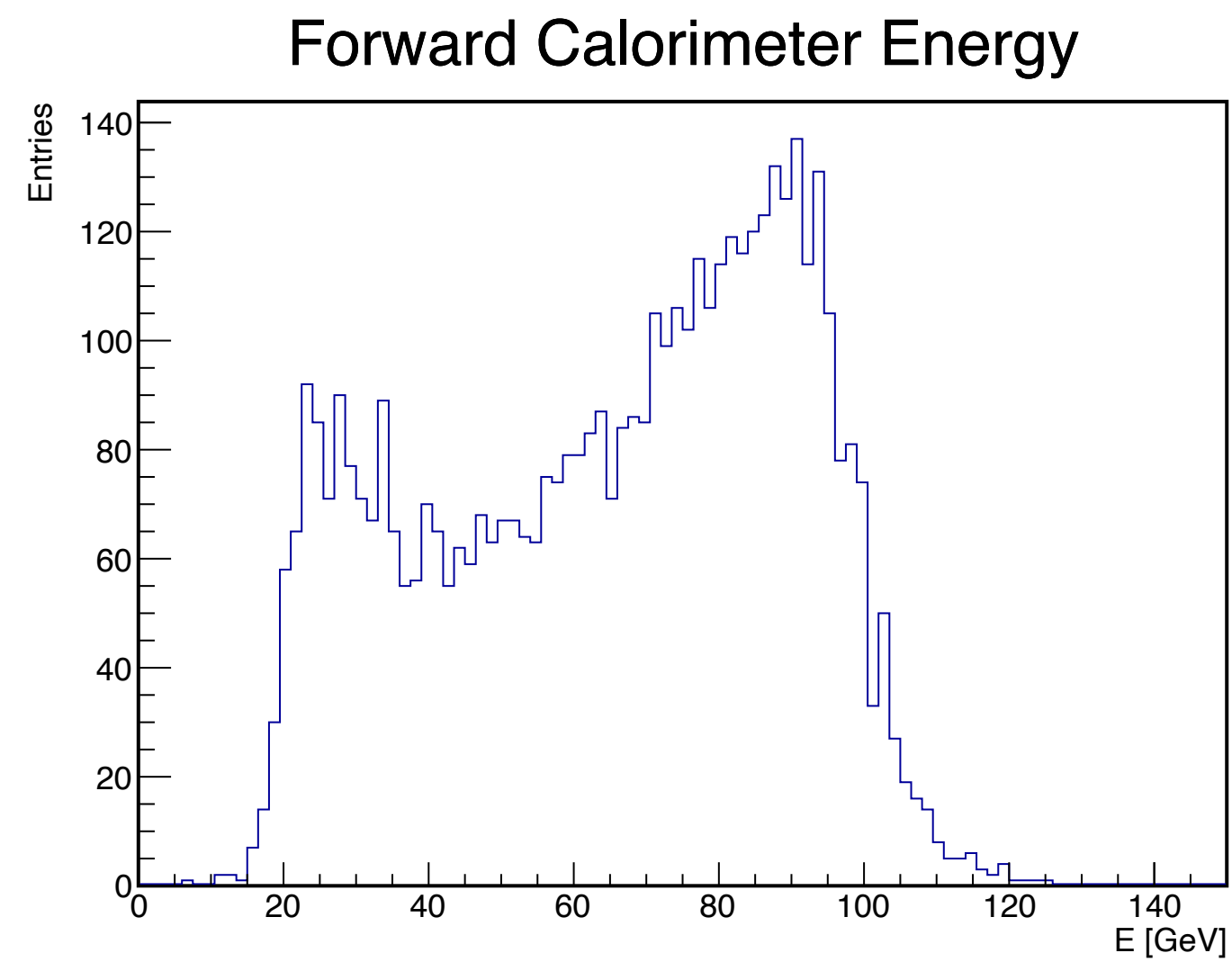


Delphes implementation

- Added new DelphesClass which stores only Energy of the particle (no momentum)
- Added new DelphesModule — ForwardCalorimeter. It distinguishes photons and electrons, uses geometry of the Forward Calorimeter, smears energies and writes 2 branches — Photon_forward and Electron_forward to the final TTree
- Added ForwardCalorimeter module to delphes_card_CEPC.tcl card

Results

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\nu^e\bar{\nu}^e$$



Results

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

