The LHeC

Deep Inelastic ep/eA Scattering at the Energy Frontier

Physics Accelerator Design ERL Test Facility Design FCC-he Status+Outlook





Max Klein (University of Liverpool and CERN)

lhec.web.cern.ch

ICFA Meeting at Beijing, 29th of October 2014 - for the LHeC Study Group

Large Hadron Electron Collider for synchronous ep and pp OP @ LHC



60 GeV electron beam energy, L= 10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹, Vs=1.3 TeV: Q²_{max}**= 10⁶ GeV², 10⁻⁶ < x< 1** Recirculating linac (2 * 1km, 2*60 cavity cryo modules, 3 passes, ERL, < 100MW, 1/3 LHC)

Electroweak ep Physics Beyond the Z



QCD is the richest part of the Standard Model

Crucial questions+tasks

AdS/CFT	QCD may break (Quigg DIS13)
Instantons	
Odderons	Breaking of Factorisation
Ouderons	Free Quarks
Non pQCD	
QGP	Uncommed Color
	New kind of coloured matter
N ^k LO	Ouark substructure
Resummation	
Saturation and BFKL	New symmetry embedding QCD
Non-conventional PDFs	

Parton (Quark and Gluon) Distributions

PDF	comment	LHeC	
u valence d valence	after 40 years still do no know d/u at high x	CC free of nuclear effects	
up sea down sea	not distinguished at HERA	NC and CC	
strange	unknown basically (neutrinos, W,Z)	Ws \rightarrow c : CC at high Q ²	
charm	HERA to ~5%, threshold, intrinsic (sea=anti??)	NC	
beauty HERA ~20%. bb \rightarrow A ? HQ treatment in QC		NC	
top takes % of p momentum		CC at LHeC	
gluon low x saturation?, medium x Higgs, high x BSM		df2/dlnQ²	

LHeC: extended kinematic range: low x, high x, high Q² → the ONLY way to unfold all PDFs ep/eA further determine neutron, photon, pomeron, nuclear densities – HUGE potential Max Klein ICFA Beijing 10/2014

Resolving Partonic Structure free of symmetry assumptions

- Usual assumptions for light quark decomposition at low x may not necessary hold.
- Relaxing the assumption at low x that u=d, we observe that uncertainties escalate.



- One can see that for HERA data, if we relax the low x constraint on u and d, the errors are increased tremendously!
- However, when adding the LHeC simulated data, we observe that uncertainties are visibly improved even without this assumption.
- Further important cross check comes from the deuteron measurements, with tagged spectator and controlling shadowing with diffraction...

Voica Radescu

Constraints on PDFs from LHC – Strange Quark



FIG. 2. Predictions for the ratio $r_s = 0.5(s + \bar{s})/\bar{d}$, at $Q^2 = 1.9 \,\text{GeV}^2$, x = 0.023. Points: global fit results using the PDF uncertainties as quoted; bands: this analysis; inner band, experimental uncertainty; outer band, total uncertainty.

 $r_s = 0.5(s + \bar{s})/\bar{d}$ $r_s = 1.00 \pm 0.20 \exp \pm 0.07 \mod_{-0.15}^{+0.10} \exp_{-0.07}^{+0.06} \alpha_s \pm 0.08 \text{th}.$



FIG. 3. Distribution of the light sea quarks, $x\Sigma = 2x(\bar{u} + \bar{d} + \bar{s})$, in the NNLO analysis of HERA and ATLAS data with a fixed fraction of strangeness (lower, green curve) and with a fitted fraction of about unity (upper blue curve). The bands represent the experimental uncertainties.

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LHC W,Z data (ATLAS, 2010 data, arXiv:1203.4051 suggest flavour symmetric light sea ?
Due to 4U+D constraint from HERA an enlarged strange must enhance the light sea
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Much disputed in PDF fits relying on neutrino data. Better W,Z data to come. Also Ws-c

Strange Quark Distribution from LHeC



Initial study (CDR): Charm tagging efficiency of 10% and 1% light quark background in impact parameter

Gluon-Gluon Luminosity with LHeC



arXiv:1211.5102

LHeC PDFset on LHAPDF V.Radescu, MK

Full detector simulation (CDR of LHeC) reveals high precision on gluon from LHeC alone. With the LHC moving to high luminosity we conquer the few TeV mass region and need to know the partons at high x in order to take advantage of the luminosity upgrade. [M.D'Onofrio yesterday]

Sensitivity of PDFs to LHC - Gluon



With LHC NNPDF3.0 (Oct. 2014) S.Forte et al

Large uncertainties at high mass

- yy induced proc.s
- k factors
- eweak corrections

U.Klein LesHouches arXiv:1405.1063

LHC: W+c, $P_{\tau}(W)$, top, double differential W,Z data + previous input to NNPDF

New physics appearing as contact interaction would be confused with PDFs Long range onset effects of new resonances: new physics or PDFs ?? High luminosity, high mass searches requires independent, precise PDFs ep--pp

Precision PDFs for Higgs at the LHC



LHeC:

Exp uncertainty of predicted H cross section is 0.25% (sys+sta), using LHeC only.

Leads to H mass sensitivity.

Strong coupling underlying parameter (0.005 → 10%). LHeC: 0.0002 !

Needs N³LO

HQ treatment important ...

O.Brüning and M.K. arXiv:1305.2090, MPLA 2013

Strong Coupling Constant

 α_s least known of coupling constants Grand Unification predictions suffer from $\delta \alpha_s$

Is DIS lower than world average (?)

LHeC: per mille - indep. of BCDMS.

Challenge to experiment and to h.o. QCD \rightarrow A genuine DIS research programme rather than one outstanding measurement only.

More or as accurate as lattice QCD

(cf Les Houches 2013)

	case	cut $[Q^2 \text{ in GeV}^2]$	relative precision in $\%$
	HERA only (14p)	$Q^{2} > 3.5$	1.94
	HERA+jets (14p)	$Q^{2} > 3.5$	0.82
$\langle \rangle$	LHeC only (14p)	$Q^{2} > 3.5$	0.15
	LHeC only $(10p)$	$Q^2 > 3.5$	0.17
	LHeC only (14p)	$Q^2 > 20.$	0.25
	LHeC+HERA $(10p)$	$Q^2 > 3.5$	0.11
	LHeC+HERA $(10p)$	$Q^{2} > 7.0$	0.20
	LHeC+HERA $(10p)$	$Q^2 > 10.$	0.26

Two independent QCD analyses using LHeC+HERA/BCDMS Max Klein ICFA Beijing 10/2014



(1) γ_h>5°

(1) +BCDMS

(2) +BCDMS

a) stat. *= 2

0.36% := (2)

0.22%

0.22%

0.35%

LHeC as an Electron Ion Collider



3-4 orders of magnitude extension of IA kinematic range \rightarrow LHeC has huge discovery potential for new HI physics will put nPDFs on completely new ground - Deuterons

LHeC is part of NuPECCs long range plan since 2010

R^{Pb}_{u.}(x,1.69 GeV 1.2 0.8 0.6EPS09 0.4 FGS10 nDS (Q²=4 GeV²) 0. **-IKN07** 10-4 10^{-3} 10⁻¹ х gluon 1.6 R^{PD}_g(x,1.69 GeV 1.4 1.2 0.0 0.6 0.4 0.2 10⁻³ 10⁻¹ 10⁻⁴ Х unmeasured known?

up valence

Saturation

of the gluon density at low x



At small x the gluon density is large and it should be damped (saturate) due to non-linear gg interactions, and the (linear) DGLAP equations should be replaced by "BFKL". This is crucial for QCD, for FCC rates, for UHE neutrino physics and may affect SUSY (Lipatov et al)

This has NOT been seen at HERA. $xg(x,Q^2)$ is very small at small Q² and x and any saturation effect to be established must be observed for Q²=O(10)GeV². It therefore can hardly be seen at EIC's - the ep/A machines with energies much lower than HERA - as A^{1/3} won't help for $xg \sim 0$.

Saturation must be demonstrated in ep and eA to disentangle gg and nuclear effects \rightarrow LHeC/FCC Max Klein ICFA Beijing 10/2014

VBF Higgs Production at the LH(e)C



Higgs production in ep comes uniquely from either CC or NC

Cross section at LHeC ~200fb (about as at the e^+e^- colliders).

Pile-up in ep at 10³⁴ is 0.1, 25ns

Clean(er) bb final state, S/B ~ 1

e-h Cross Calibration ightarrow Precision

Higgs production in pp comes predominantly from $gg \rightarrow H$

VBFC cross section about 200fb (about as at the LHeC).

Pile-up in pp at 5 10³⁴ is 150, 25ns

S/B very small for bb



Higgs in ep

Simulation of H \rightarrow bb Measurement at the LHeC, 100fb⁻¹



This reconstructs 60% of H in ep with very comfortable S/B ~1 , in CC and NC
 → Enables BSM Higgs (tensor structure of HVV, CP, dark H?) , QCD(H)
 → O(1)% precision on H-bb couplings with small thy uncertainty. H-cc imminent

Higgs Physics in DIS at the LHeC and FCC-he

Higgs in e^-p)	CC - LHeC	NC - LHeC	CC - FHeC
Polarisation		-0.8	-0.8	-0.8
Luminosity [ab ⁻¹]		1	1	5
Cross Section [fb]		196	25	850
Decay Br	Fraction	N_{CC}^{H}	N_{NC}^{H}	N_{CC}^{H}
$H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$	0.577	113 100	13 900	$2\ 450\ 000$
$H \to c \overline{c}$	0.029	5 700	700	123 000
$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$	0.063	12 350	1 600	270 000
$H ightarrow \mu \mu$	0.00022	50	5	1 000
$H \rightarrow 4l$	0.00013	30	3	550
$H\to 2l2\nu$	0.0106	2 080	250	45 000
$H \rightarrow gg$	0.086	16 850	2050	365 000
$H \rightarrow WW$	0.215	42 100	$5\ 150$	915 000
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	0.0264	5 200	600	110 000
$H ightarrow \gamma \gamma$	0.00228	450	60	10 000
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	0.00154	300	40	6 500

Cross section at FCC-he 1pb ep→ vHX

Luminosity O(10^{34}) is crucial for H \rightarrow HH [0.5 fb] and rare H decays

Event rates for $1ab^{-1}$. Note the LHeC WW-H cross section is as large as the $Z^* \rightarrow ZH$ cross section at the ILC or FCC- or CEPC, but it is much larger at the FCC-he

Higgs Parameter List "H-LHeC"

10 ³⁴ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹ Luminosity reach	PROTONS	ELECTRONS
Beam Energy [GeV]	7000	60
Luminosity [10 ³³ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	16	16
Normalized emittance γε _{x,y} [μm]	2.5	20
Beta Function $\beta_{x,y}^{*}$ [m]	0.05	0.10
rms Beam size σ [*] _{x,y} [μm]	4	4
rms Beam divergence σ΄ _{x,y} [μrad]	80	40
Beam Current [mA]	1112	25
Bunch Spacing [ns]	25	25
Bunch Population	2.2*10 ¹¹	4*10 ⁹
Bunch charge [nC]	35	0.64

HL-LHC proton beam parameters

1000 times HERA Luminosity and 4 times cms Energy

Next Steps

Physics in its Relation to the LHC Programme

Verification of 10³⁴ Luminosity in synchronous ep-pp Operation

Further Design of the Interaction Region (SC Magnets, syn.radiation)

Detector Optimisation (Software, IR, Fwd Tracking, Installation Sequence)

Energy-Cost Balance (depends on RUN 2 of the LHC)

Design of ERL Test Facility (multi-pass high current SCRF)

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...

Areas of Study Post-CDR *)

More realistic with dedicated or new tools and evaluation of high luminosity prospect

Choice of RF Frequency – 802 MHz Optimisation of IR Design [L*(e) < L*(p), inner triplet half? quad...] Integration of p optics into HL-LHC Integration of e optics into HL-LHC Beam-beam effects (phase space deformation) Multi-bunch beam break up Wakefield effects on multi-bunch instability at IP Emittance growth Coherent synchrotron radiation Fast beam-ion instability (1/3 gap compensated by 1.3 from pinch effect) Arc optics FODO vs FMC (flexible momentum compaction) Lattice design Spreader and combiner **Civil engineering**

•••

So far no showstopper found for O(10³⁴)cm⁻² s⁻¹: it requires further serious study and the development of SCRF within a Testfacility

*) Recent presentations by A.Bogacz, O.Bruening, E.Cruz, E.Jensen, D.Schulte, A.Valloni – see Webpage Work by E.Cruz, M.Korostelev, E.Nissen, J.Osborne, D.Pellegrini, A.Letina, A.Milanese, A.Valloni and others

Interaction Regions for ep with Synchronous pp Operation



Likely one IR. Matching e and p beams Limit synchrotron radiation Design of inner magnets Beam-beam effects





60 GeV * 50 TeV

LHeC Detector Overview



Detector option 1 for LR and full acceptance coverage

Forward/backward asymmetry in energy deposited and thus in geometry and technology Present dimensions: LxD =14x9m² [CMS 21 x 15m², ATLAS 45 x 25 m²] Taggers at -62m (e),100m (γ,LR), -22.4m (γ,RR), +100m (n), +420m (p)



LHeC Detector Installation







Superconducting RF and ERL Test Facility Design at CERN



Arc optics, Multipass linac optics, Lattice, Magnet specification, ... first passes done

Max Klein ICFA Beijing 10/2014

A. Bogazc, A.Valloni, A.Milanese et al.

Future Circular Collider (FCC) study ; goals: CDR and cost review for the next European Strategy Update (2018)

International collaboration :

- *pp*-collider (*FCC-hh*)
 → defining infrastructure requirements
- **~16 T ⇒ 100 TeV in 100 km** ~20 T ⇒ 100 TeV in 80 km
- including *HE-LHC* option: 16-20 T in LHC tunnel
- e⁺e⁻ collider (FCCee/TLEP) as potential intermediate step
- p-e (FCC-he) option
- 100 km infrastructure in Geneva area M. Benedikt



collider parameters	FCC ERL	FCC-e	e ring	protons
species	<i>e</i> ⁻ (<i>e</i> +?)	e [±]	e [±]	р
beam energy [GeV]	60	60	120	50000
bunches / beam	-	10600	1360	10600
bunch intensity [10 ¹¹]	0.05	0.94	0.46	1.0
beam current [mA]	25.6	480	30	500
rms bunch length [cm]	0.02	0.15	0.12	8
rms emittance [nm]	0.17	1.9 (<i>x</i>)	0.94 (<i>x</i>)	0.04 [0.02 <i>y</i>]
β _{x,y} *[mm]	94	8, 4	17 <i>,</i> 8.5	400 [200 <i>y</i>]
σ _{x,y} * [μm]	4.0	4.0,	2.0	equal
beam-b. parameter ξ	(<i>D</i> =2)	0.13	0.13	0.022 (0.0002)
hourglass reduction	0.92 (<i>H_D</i> =1.35)	~0.21	~0.39	F.Zimmermann
CM energy [TeV]	3.5	3.5	4.9	ICHEP14, JUNE
luminosity[10 ³⁴ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	1.0	6.2	0.7	PRELIMINARY L is 1000*HERA

FCC-he Physics



Huge extension of reach for new physics Leptoquark reach to $\sqrt{s} \approx 4$ TeV Very low x - close to UHEv region, BFKL?

Higgs selfcoupling (4b final state – under study, cross section 5 times higher than LHeC) Program being further investigated, Collaboration with hh and ee, Joint Software Group

New LHeC International Advisory Committee

Guido Altarelli (Rome) Sergio Bertolucci (CERN) Nichola Bianchi (Frascati) Frederick Bordry (CERN) Stan Brodsky (SLAC) Hesheng Chen (IHEP Beijing) Andrew Hutton (Jefferson Lab) Young-Kee Kim (Chicago) Victor A Matveev (JINR Dubna) Shin-Ichi Kurokawa (Tsukuba) Leandro Nisati (Rome) Leonid Rivkin (Lausanne) Herwig Schopper (CERN) – Chair Jurgen Schukraft (CERN) Achille Stocchi (LAL Orsay) John Womersley (STFC)

IAC Composition June 2014, plus Oliver Brüning Max Klein ex officio

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The IAC was invited in 12/13 by the DG with the following

Mandate 2014-2017

Advice to the LHeC Coordination Group and the CERN directorate by following the development of options of an ep/eA collider at the LHC and at FCC, especially with:

Provision of scientific and technical direction for the physics potential of the ep/eA collider, both at LHC and at FCC, as a function of the machine parameters and of a realistic detector design, as well as for the design and possible approval of an ERL test facility at CERN.

Assistance in building the international case for the accelerator and detector developments as well as guidance to the resource, infrastructure and science policy aspects of the ep/eA collider.





Clarification and Tradition

Herwig Schopper at Chavannes 1/14 in the Panel Discussion with the CERN Directorate

My clarifying remark:

Any ep/eA project cannot be a major CERN flagship project Essentially only one experiment, cannot satisfy > 8000 users

not in competition with main projects (HL-LHC, HE-LHC, CLIC, FCC) complementary (in time, resources)

International collaboration will be essential

- for experiments (detectors, intersections)
- accelerator design (parameters, optimisation)
- preparing necessary technology (SC rf cavities, possibly ERL test facility)

As in the tradition of CERN



Outlook

ep/eA's Big Questions

- Structure of the Visible Matter
- Lepton-Quark Symmetry
- BSM (Higgs+, Cl's, RPV SUSY..)
- BSM (Free colour, low x QCD)

ep/eA's Prominent Contributions

- Resolving the Proton PDFs
- Photon, Pomeron, GPDs, Neutron, A
- Higgs in WW and ZZ
- QCD of HI physics (NPDFs)
- Electroweak Physics beyond Z and H
 - Future of DIS must be maintained:

It is rich, from low to medium and highest energies, and the outcome cannot be fully simulated/predicted. It assists to sustain our field..

http://cern.ch/lhec



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LHeC Study group and CDR authors [May13]

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The LHeC design has been a strong community effort

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CDR: arXiv:1206.2913

The LHeC design has been a strong community effort

Lepton–Proton Scattering Facilities



Goals of a CERN ERL-Test Facility

- Main goal: Study real SRF Cavities with beam not interfering with HEP!
 - citing W. Funk ("Jefferson Lab: Lessons Learned from SNS Production", ILC Workshop 2004 <u>http://ilc.kek.jp/ILCWS/</u>):
 - All problems will not be experienced until the complete subsystem is tested under realistic conditions. Be prepared to test, <u>with full rf power systems and beam</u>, all of the preproduction prototypes.
- In addition, it would allow to study beam dynamics & operational aspects of the advanced concept ERL (recovery of otherwise wasted beam energy)!
- Exploration of the ERL concept with multiple re-circulations and high beam current operation
- Additional goals:
 - Gun and injector studies
 - Test beams for detector R&D,
 - Beam induced quench test of SC magnets
 - > ... later possibly user facility: e^{\uparrow} test beams, CW FEL, Compton γ -ray source ...
- At the same time, it will be fostering international collaboration (JG|U Mainz and TJNAF collaborations being formalized)







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Low x



For x < 10^{-3} no (average) energy deposition exceeding the electron beam energy

HH and tHt in ep



Polarisation, max lumi, tuning cuts, bb and WW decays may provide O(10%) precision - tentative

Requires time for reliable result (detector, analysis, backgrounds..)

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