



CEPC: Higgs Measurement & detector

Manqi

Remark

Higgs measurement is **NOT** the only motivation for CEPC

SM Lagrangian

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{L} = & -\frac{1}{4}B_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8}tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu}\mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2}tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu}\mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) && (\text{U(1), SU(2) and SU(3) gauge terms}) \\
& +(\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L)\tilde{\sigma}^\mu iD_\mu \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_R \sigma^\mu iD_\mu e_R + \bar{\nu}_R \sigma^\mu iD_\mu \nu_R + (\text{h.c.}) && (\text{lepton dynamical term}) \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[(\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \phi M^e e_R + \bar{e}_R \bar{M}^e \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} \right] && (\text{electron, muon, tauon mass term}) \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[(-\bar{e}_L, \bar{\nu}_L) \phi^* M^\nu \nu_R + \bar{\nu}_R \bar{M}^\nu \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -e_L \\ \nu_L \end{pmatrix} \right] && (\text{neutrino mass term}) \\
& +(\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L)\tilde{\sigma}^\mu iD_\mu \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_R \sigma^\mu iD_\mu u_R + \bar{d}_R \sigma^\mu iD_\mu d_R + (\text{h.c.}) && (\text{quark dynamical term}) \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[(\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \phi M^d d_R + \bar{d}_R \bar{M}^d \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \right] && (\text{down, strange, bottom mass term}) \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[(-\bar{d}_L, \bar{u}_L) \phi^* M^u u_R + \bar{u}_R \bar{M}^u \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -d_L \\ u_L \end{pmatrix} \right] && (\text{up, charmed, top mass term}) \\
& +\overline{(D_\mu \phi)} D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2 / 2v^2. && (\text{Higgs dynamical and mass term}) \quad (1)
\end{aligned}$$

Higgs

- ◆ 9 fermion masses (+ 3 m_ν)
- ◆ 3 CKM mixing angles + 1 phase (+ 3+1 for $m_\nu \neq 0$)
- ◆ 1 electromagnetic coupling constant α
- ◆ 1 strong coupling constant α_s
- ◆ 1 weak coupling constant $G_F = 1.16637(1) \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$
- ◆ 1 Z^0 mass $m_Z = 91.1876(21) \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- ◆ 1 Higgs mass

Only scalar particle in SM

Most free SM parameters

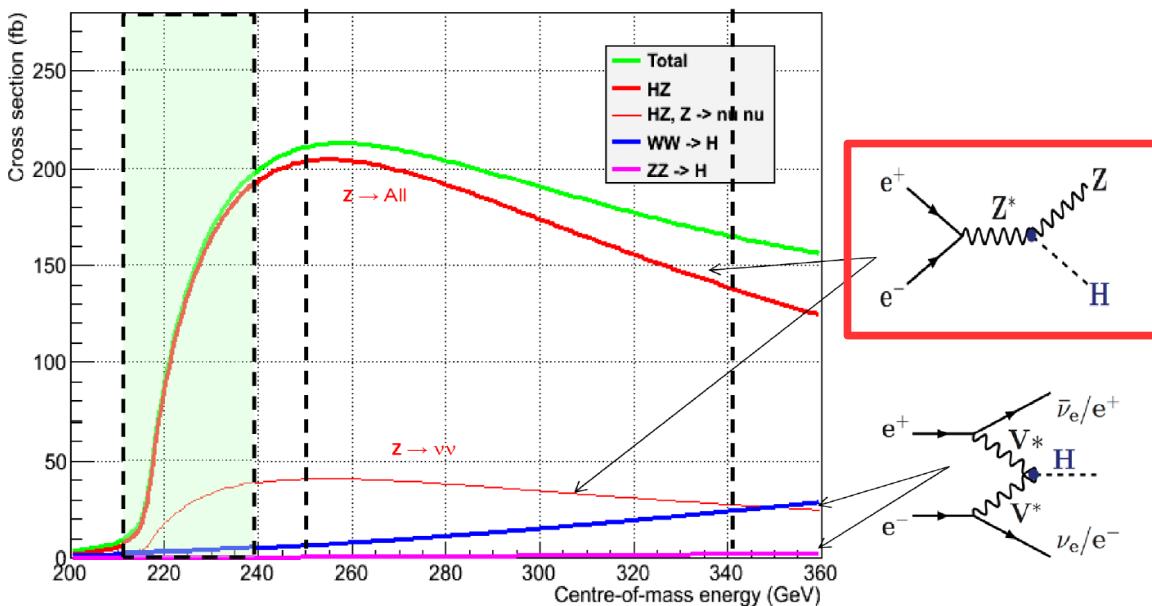
MANY theoretical difficulties

Higgs, the focus, the gate



The key: e^+e^- Higgs factory

$$g/g_{\text{SM}} \sim 1 + \delta(1\text{TeV}/\Lambda_{\text{NP}})^2$$



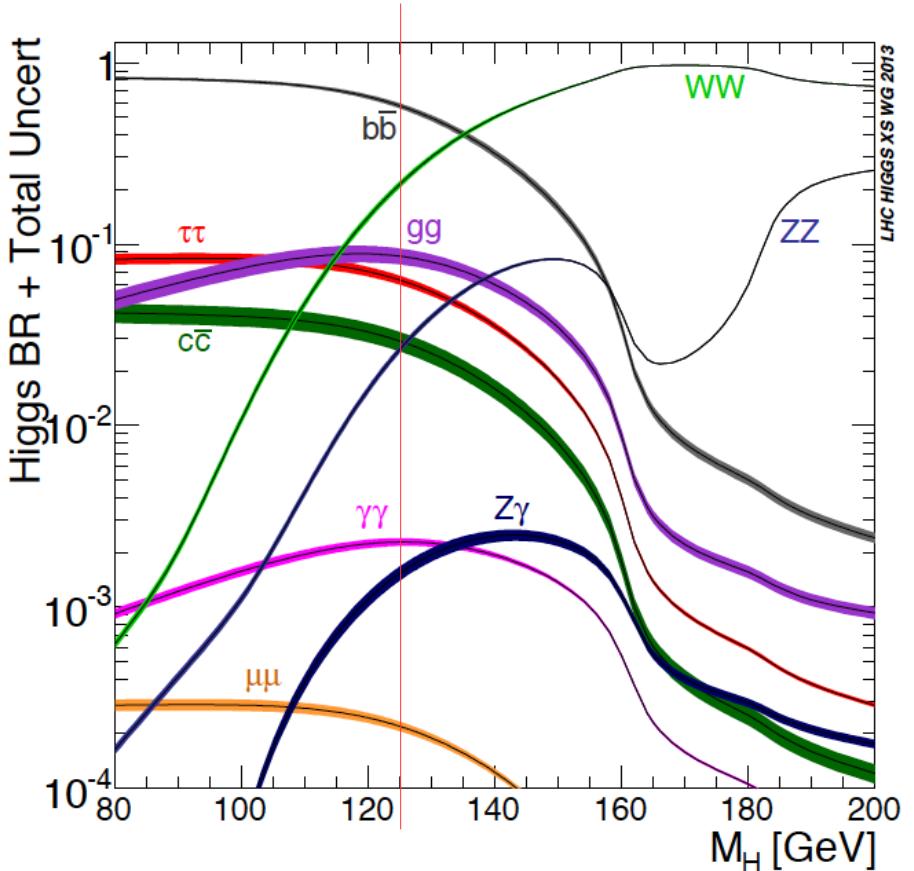
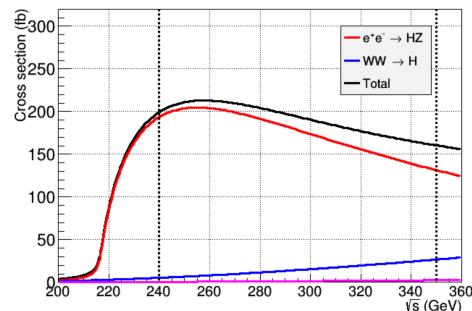
NP model	$\delta(hVV)$	$\delta(htt)$	$\delta(hbb)$
Extra Higgs	<1%	<1%	1.7%
Composite Higgs	8%	$\sim 10\%$	$\sim 10\%$
Mixed in Singlet	6%	6%	6%
MSSM	< 1%	3%	10%-100%
Top partner	0.8 – 2.9%		
...			

ILCTDR, 1310.8361 [hep-ex]...

...Higgs couplings: **absolute** measurements to percentage level...
 ... a vision of New Physics Landscape at TeV era...

SM Higgs observables

- Mass, spin, $\sigma(ZH)$: model independent measurement of $g(HZZ)$
- $\sigma(ZH)/\sigma(vvH) * \text{Br}(H \rightarrow X)$
- Access to the absolute value of Higgs width, $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ and all the couplings

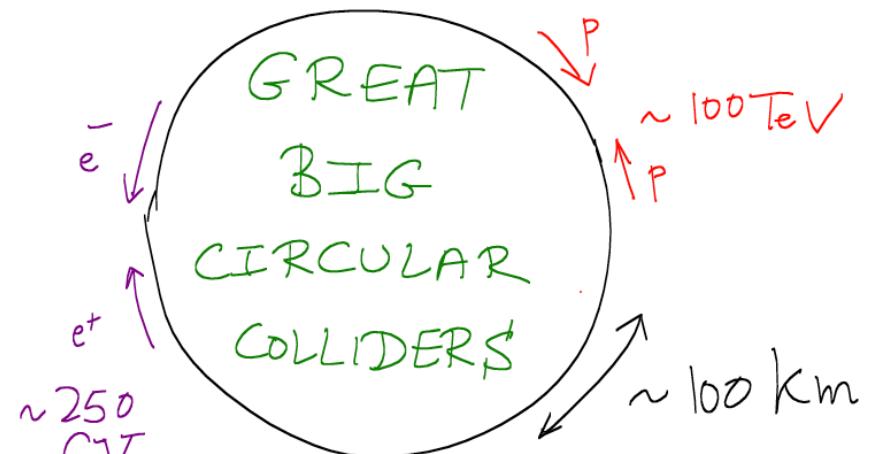
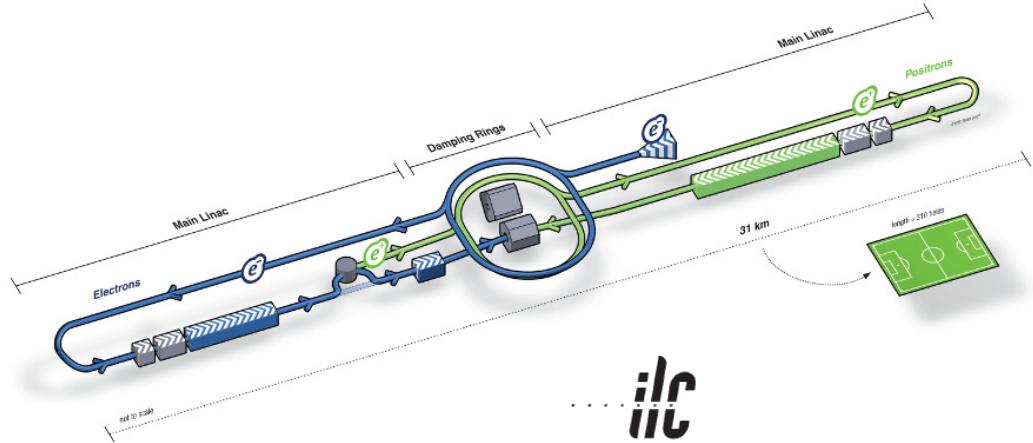


Mode	bb	cc	gg	WW^*	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$\tau^+\tau^-$	ZZ^*	$\gamma\gamma$	$Z\gamma$
BR (%)	57.8	2.7	8.6	21.6	0.02	6.4	2.7	0.23	0.16

$g(Hbb)$, $g(Hcc)$, $g(Htt)$, $g(HWW)/\Gamma_H$, $g(H\mu\mu)$, $g(H\tau\tau)$, $g(HZZ)/\Gamma_H$, $g(HWW)/g(Htt)$

G4-Mokka Training@NanKai U

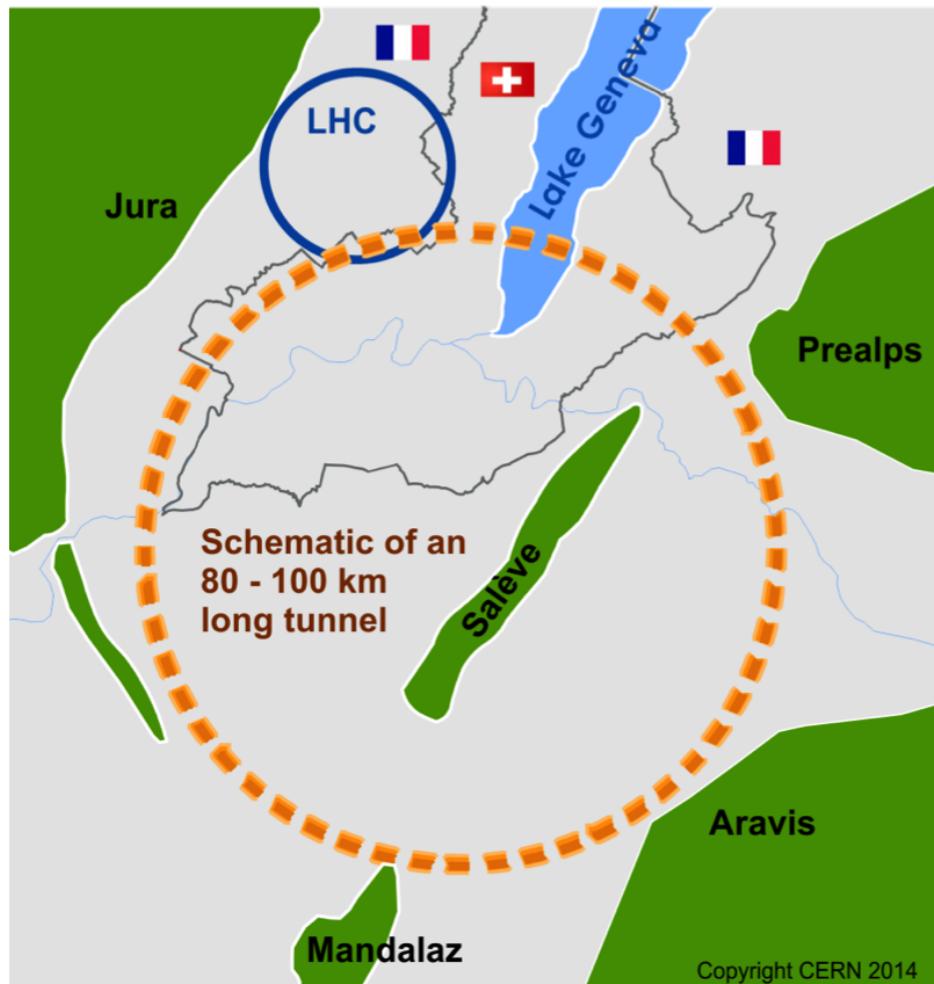
Linear or Circular



	Linear: ILC, CLIC	Circular: CEPC, TLEP
Pro	Center of mass energy can be upgraded to 1-3 TeV Longitudinal polarized beam Power pulsed detector	Cost-efficient, mature technology Multiple interaction point High luminosity & beam quality
Con	Expensive (~ 8 – 10 B euros) Single interaction point, might need push-pull	Center of mass energy limited in e^+e^- phase (but can be upgraded to ~ 100 TeV in pp phase) No beam polarization at high energy No power pulse

Muon & photon colliders are also possible Higgs factories, but...

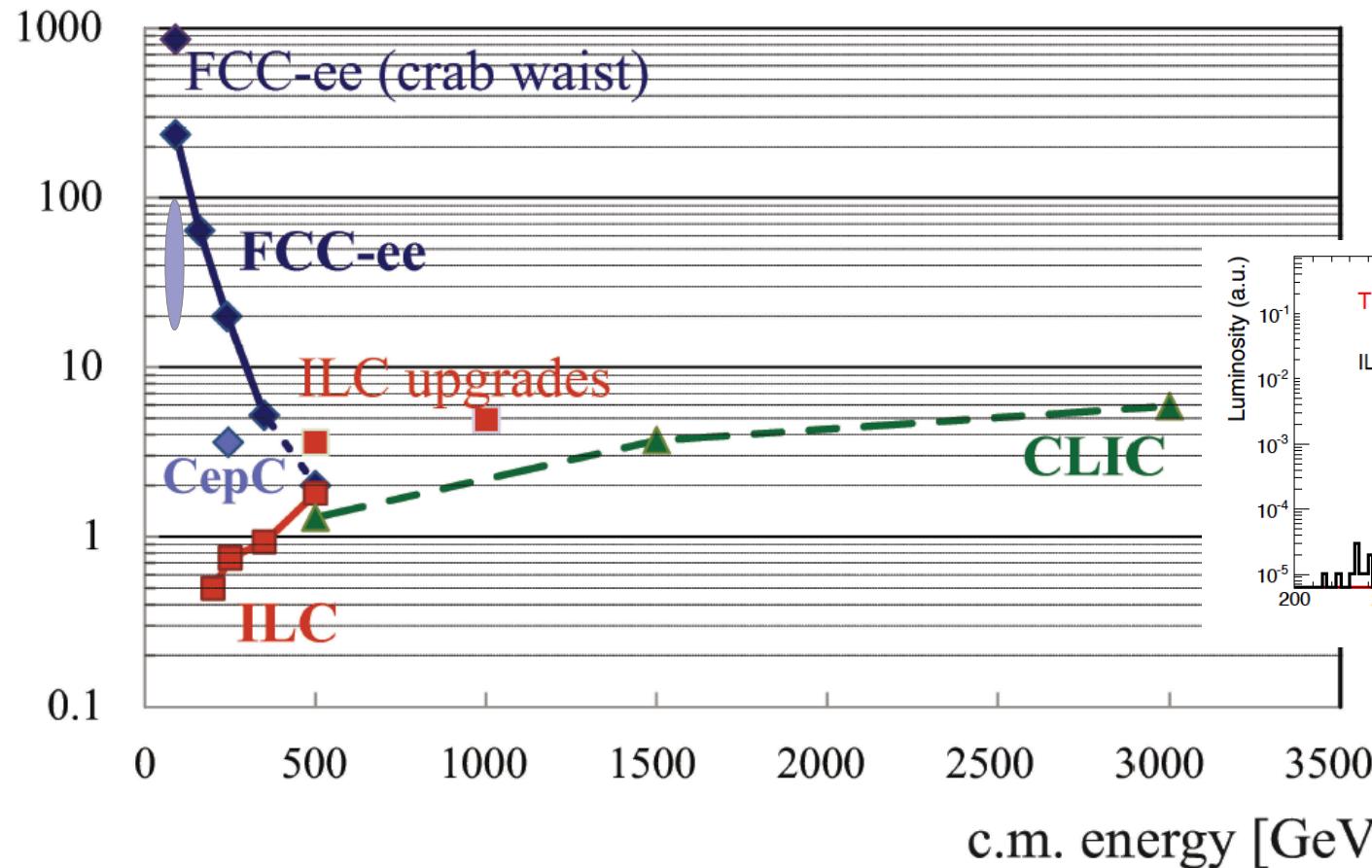
FCCee & CEPC



e^+e^- luminosity vs energy

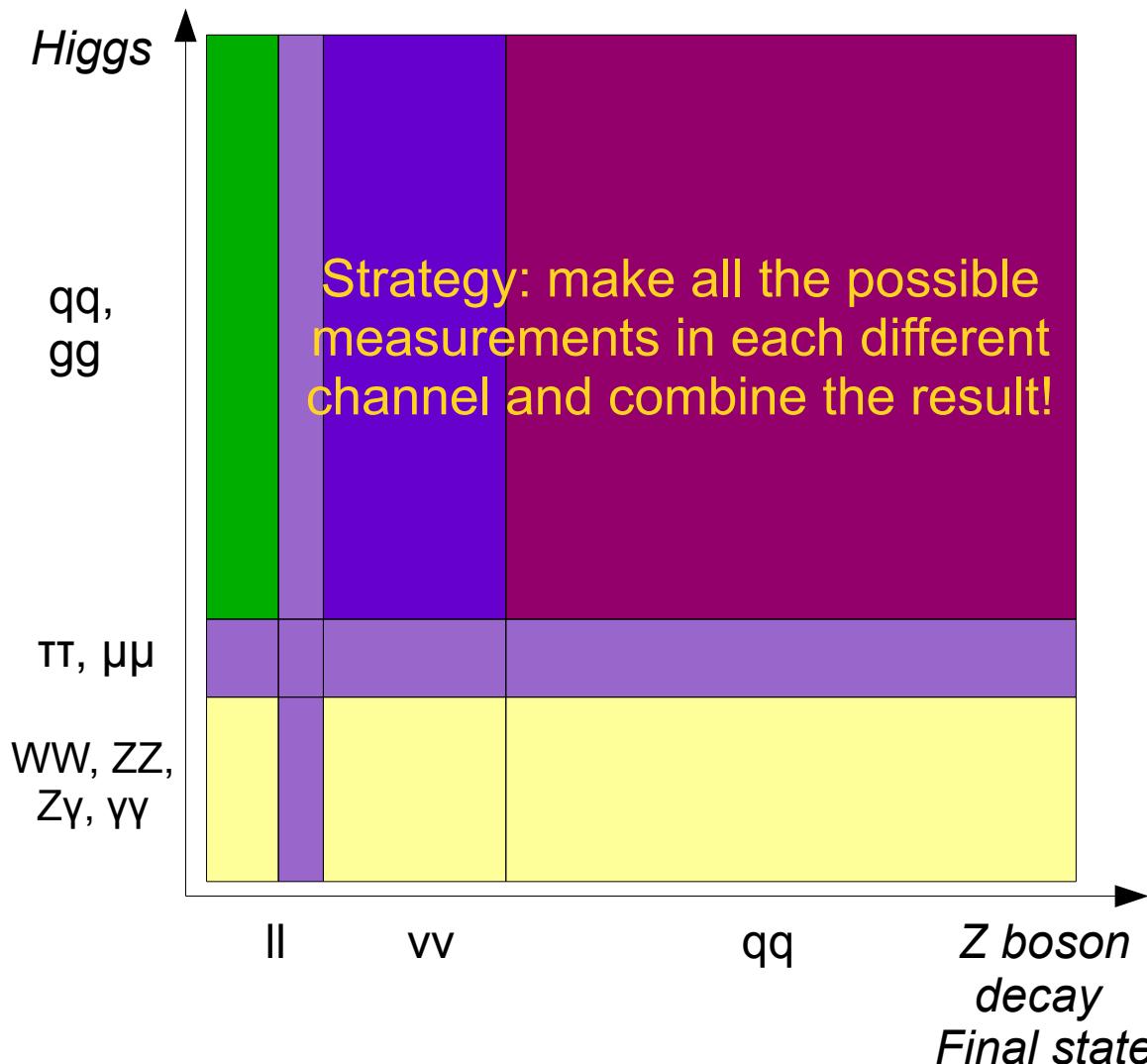
luminosity [$10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]

F. Zimmermann



	FCCee 240 (10 ab^{-1})	FCCee 350 (2.6 ab^{-1})	CEPC 250 (5 ab^{-1})
Higgs from HZ	500 k/IP * 4 IP	85 k/IP * 4 IP	500 k/IP * 2 IP
Higgs from fusion	12.5 k/IP * 4 IP	17.5 k/IP * 4 IP	18.7 k/IP * 2 IP

ZH event: requirement on detector and critical algorithms



Vertex: Flavor tagging, tau tagging;

Tracker: momentum measurement of charged particle;

Calorimeter:
Particle Flow Algorithm(PFA): separation/reconstruction of particle showers,
PID – lepton tagging,
Jet/Missing energy measurements;

Critical algorithms:

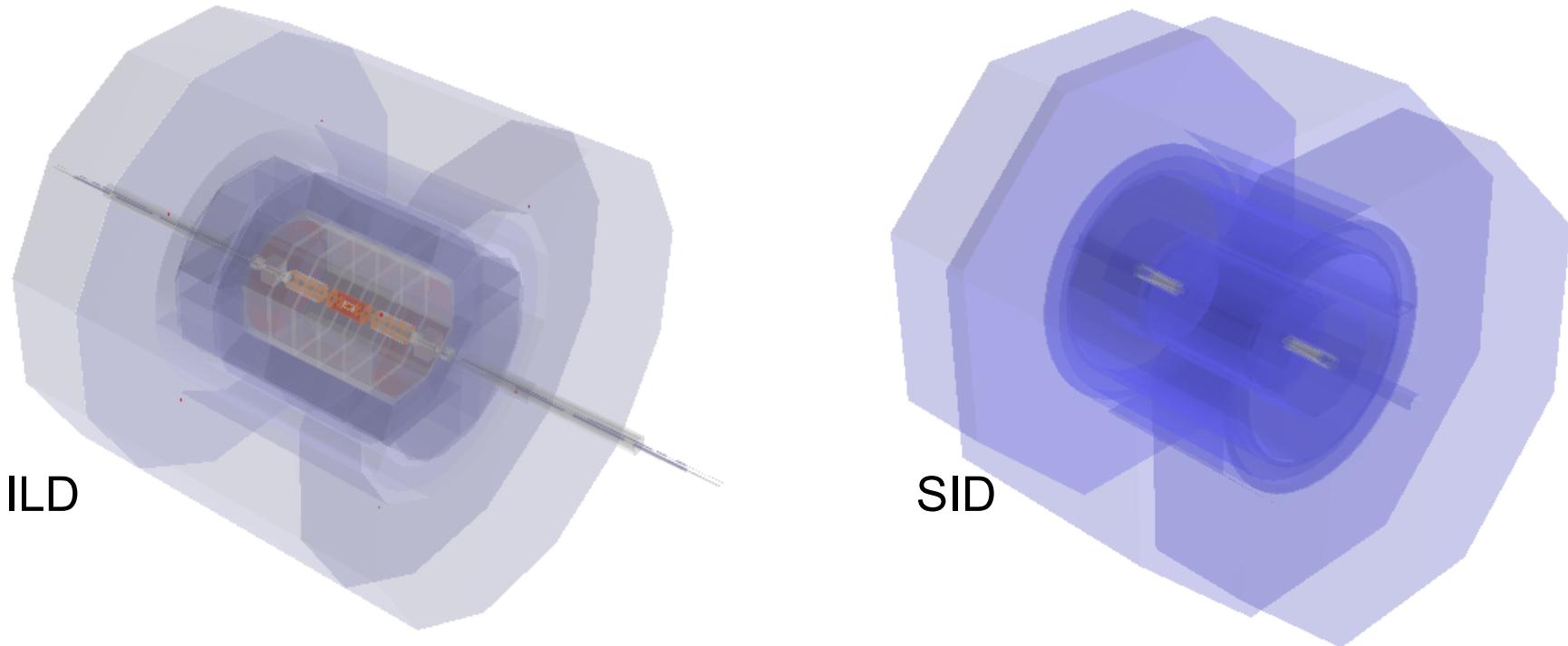
$H \rightarrow 2$ jets: Flavor tagging

$H \rightarrow 2$ taus: Tau tagging

$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$, WW^* : VV * events tagging

Reference detectors: ILD, CMS,...

PFA Oriented LC detectors

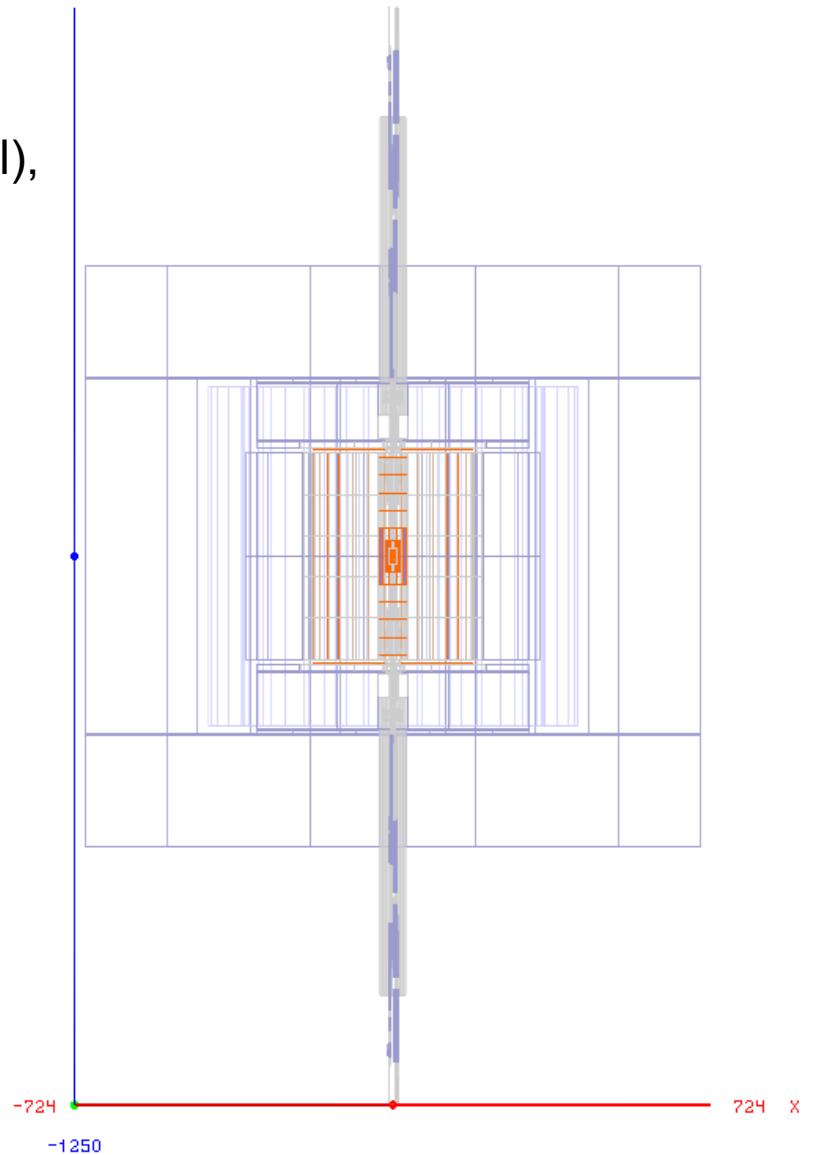
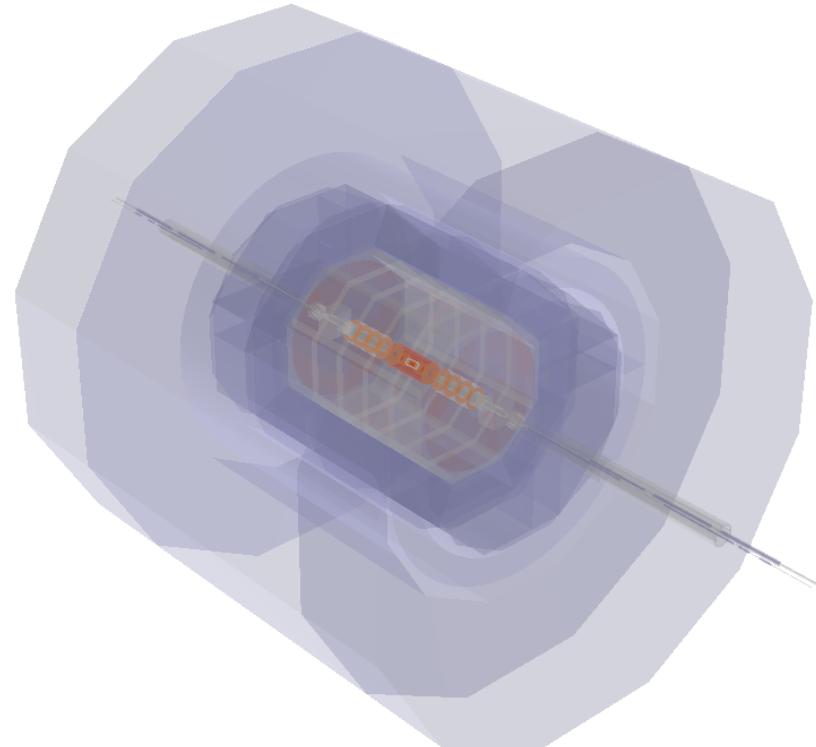


- PFA: Jet energy resolution
less confusion ~ good separation ~ high granularity
Granularity > Energy Resolution for the Calorimetry...
- PFA Oriented detector (both have ILC/CLIC Versions):
 - ILD (European + Asia, International Large Detector): TPC (+ Silicon inner detectors) tracking with $B = 3.5T$
 - SiD (US, Silicon Detector): Silicon tracking with $B = 5T$

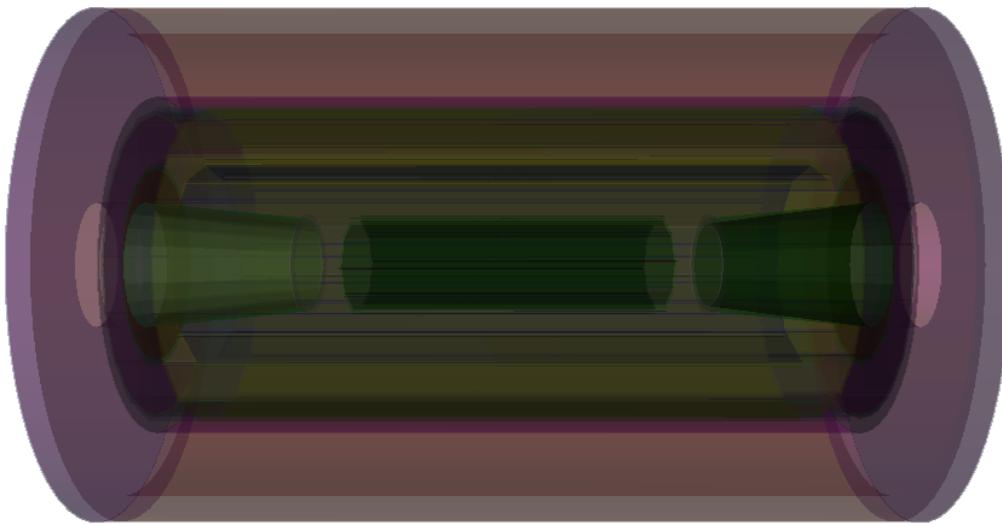
Reference detector for CEPC: ILD

Scale: half_Z: 12.5/6.62 meter, radius 7.24 meter

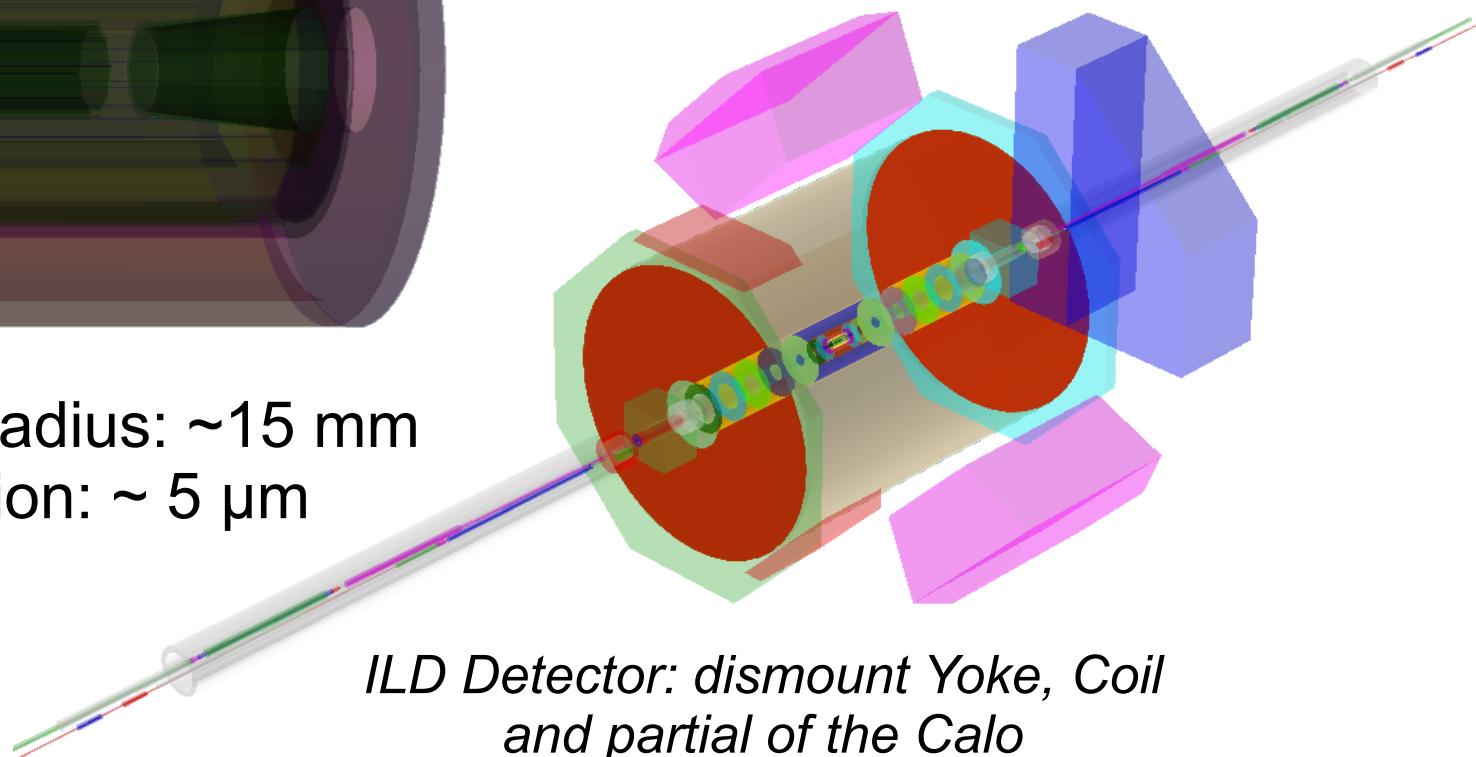
Sub detectors: VTX, SIT, FTD, TPC, SET/ETD(optional),
Ecal, Hcal, Coil, Muon



Vertex detector

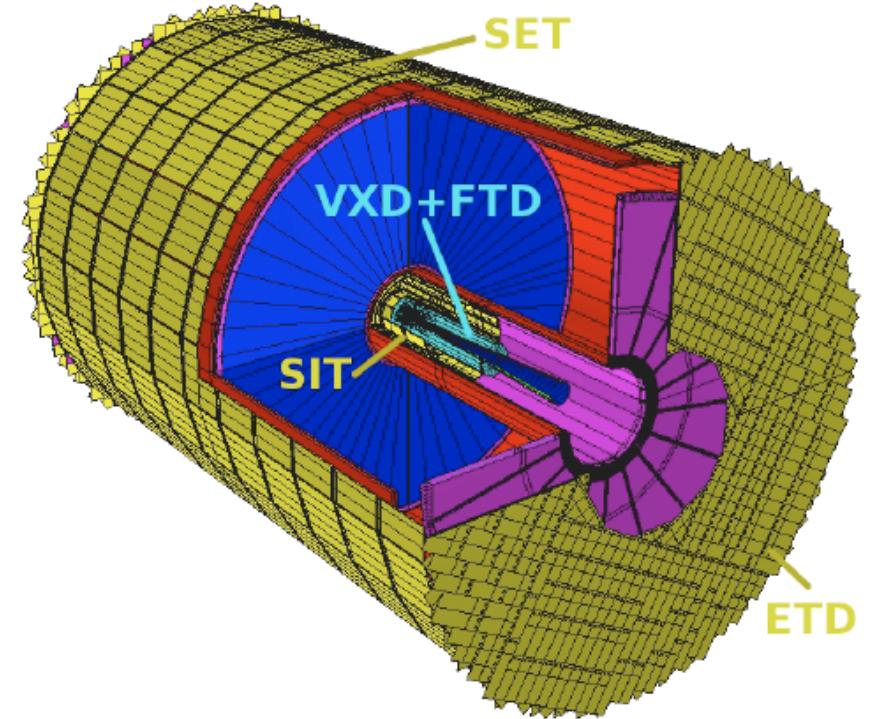
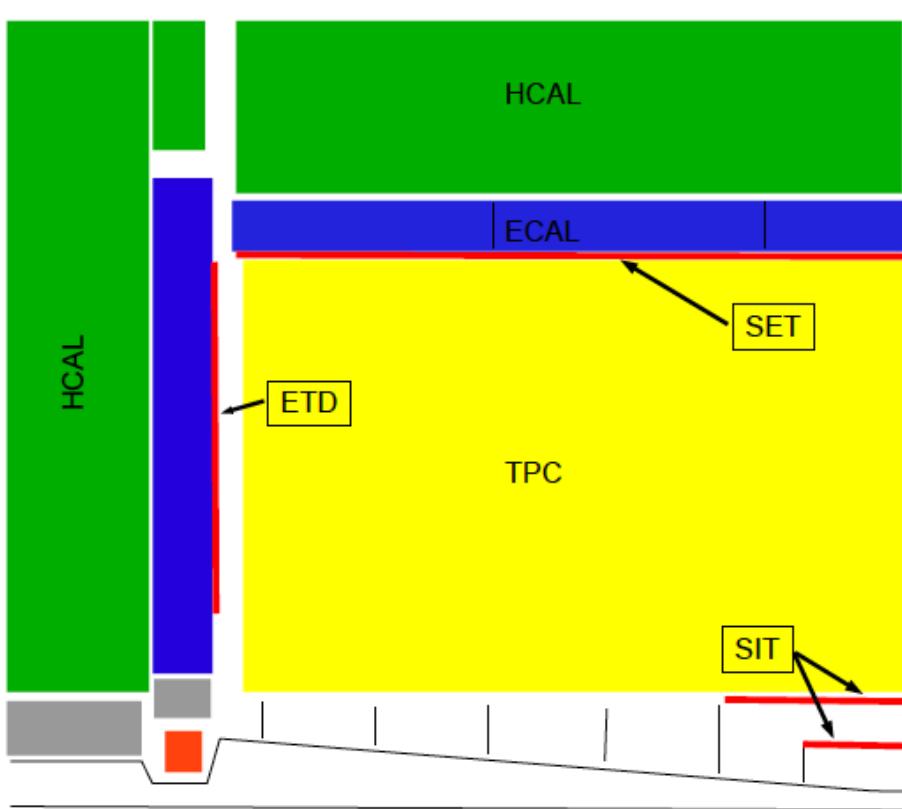


Inner most layer Radius: ~15 mm
Spatial resolution: ~ 5 μm



*ILD Detector: dismount Yoke, Coil
and partial of the Calo*

Silicon Tracking at ILD



- Massive usage of silicon pixel/strips in the tracking system & VTX: ensures good accuracy in Impact parameter & momentum measurement

ILD Main Tracker: TPC

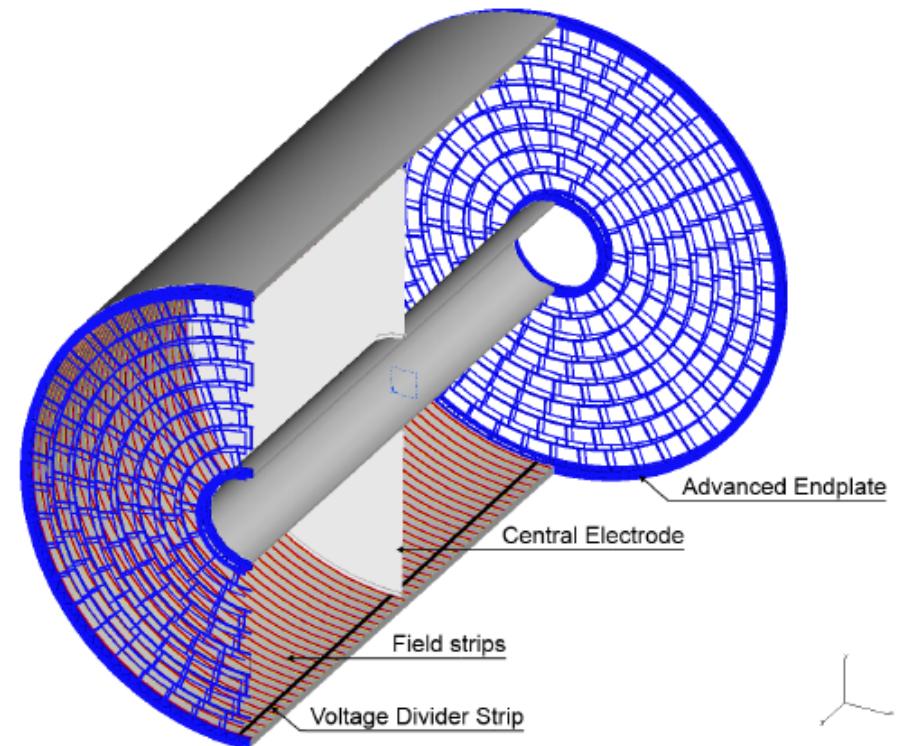
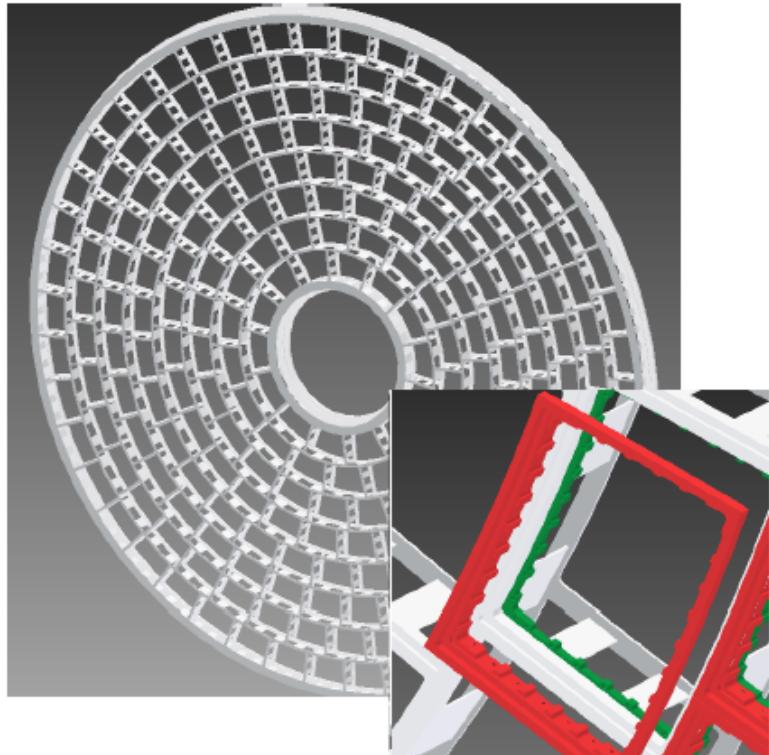


Figure III-2.11. Left: Drawing of the proposed end-plate for the TPC. In the insert a backframe which is supporting the actual readout module, is shown. Right: Conceptual sketch of the TPC system showing the main parts of the TPC (not to scale).

PFA Oriented Calorimeter

Development of micro electronics: ultra-high granularity!

#channels, 10^4 - 10^5 (CMS) $\rightarrow 10^8$ channels (ILC calorimeters)

Imaging calorimeter in 3-D (or even 5-D) in a high DAQ rate...

Role of calorimeter

Measure the incident energy

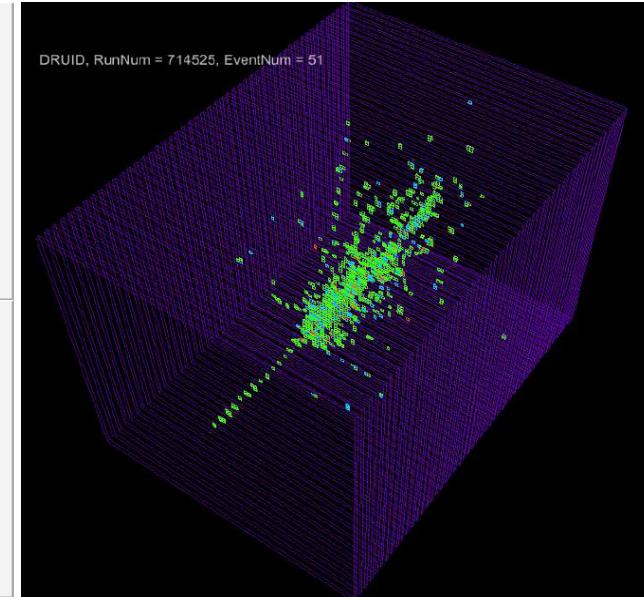
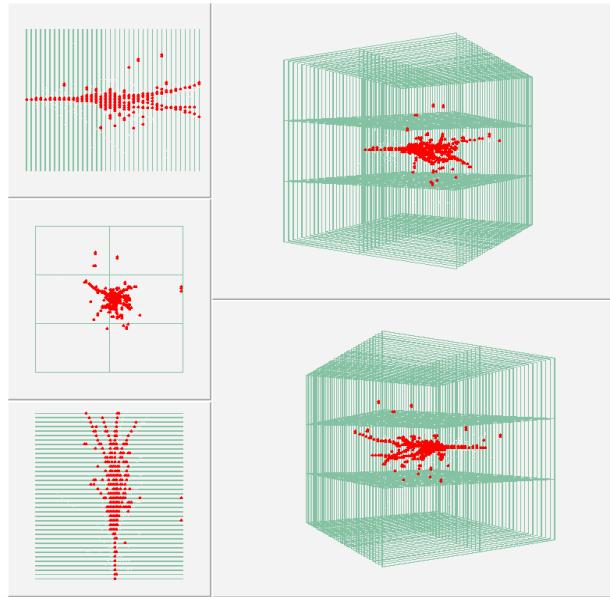
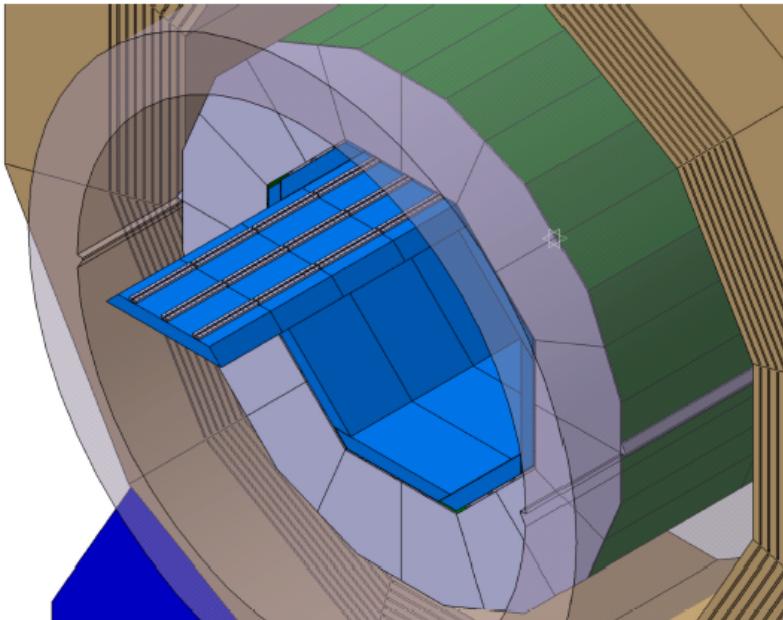
Identify and measure each incident particles with sufficient energy

DRUID, RunNum = 0, EventNum = 23

20 GeV Klong reconstructed @ ILD Calo

10cm

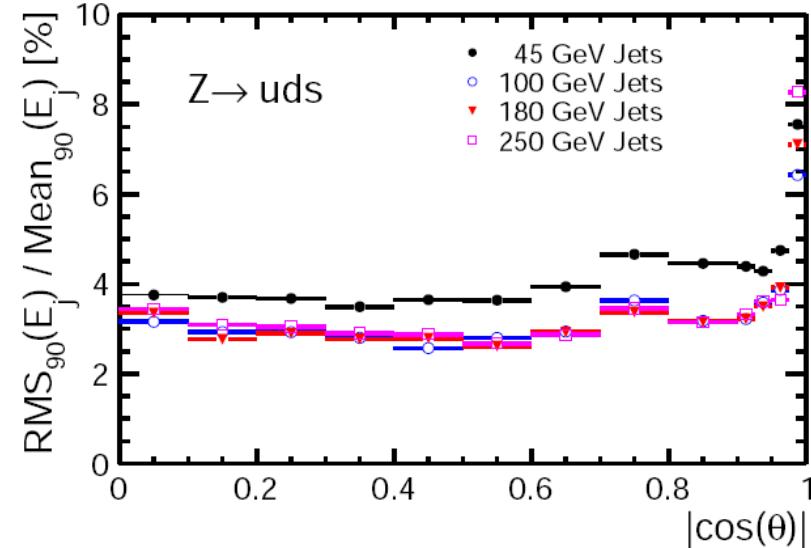
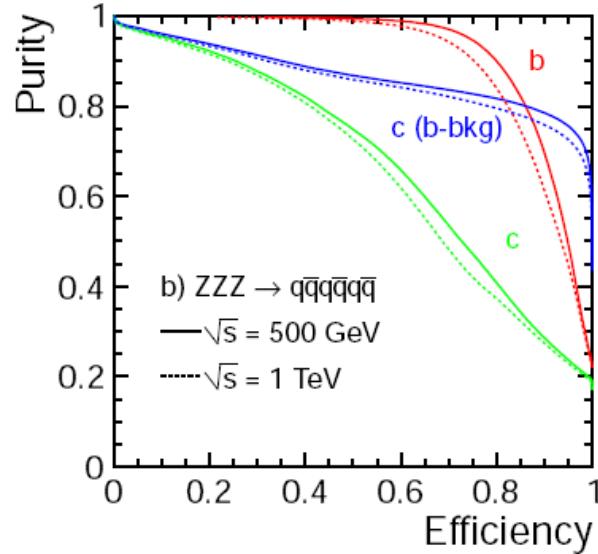
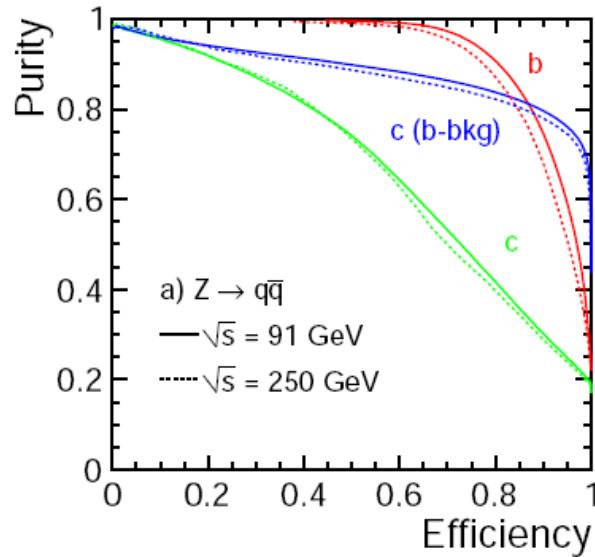
Calorimeter R&D for ILD



Ultra high granularity ~ 1 channel cm⁻³. 3d, 4d or 5d image...

ILD Performance

b Vs udsc; c Vs b; c Vs udsb



Flavor tagging: eff = 80%, purity > 90% for b-tagging (Impact parameter resolution $\sim 5 \mu\text{m}$)
 Algorithm: LCFIPlus, Tokyo University (Tomohiko Tanabe)

Tracking: $\delta(1/P_T) \sim 2-5 \cdot 10^{-5}(1/\text{GeV})$

Algorithm: Clupatra, DESY (Frank Gaede); KalTest, KEK (Keisuke Fujii), etc

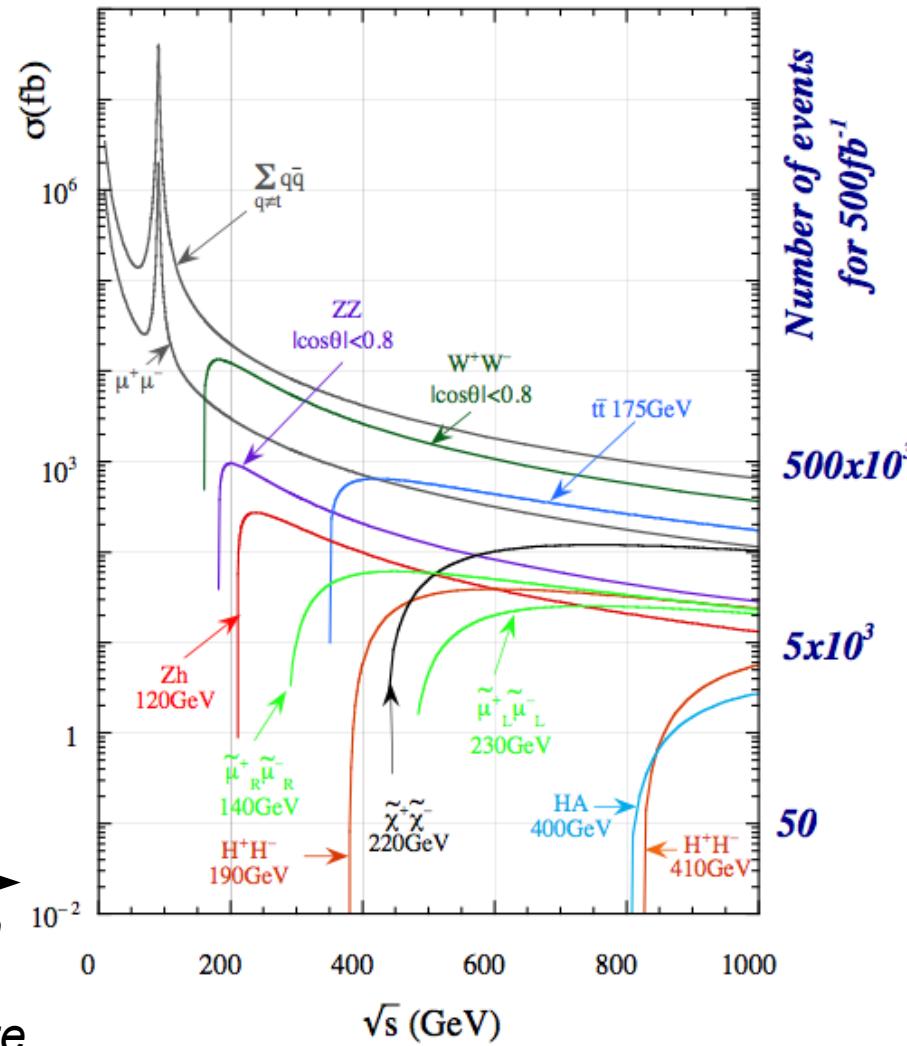
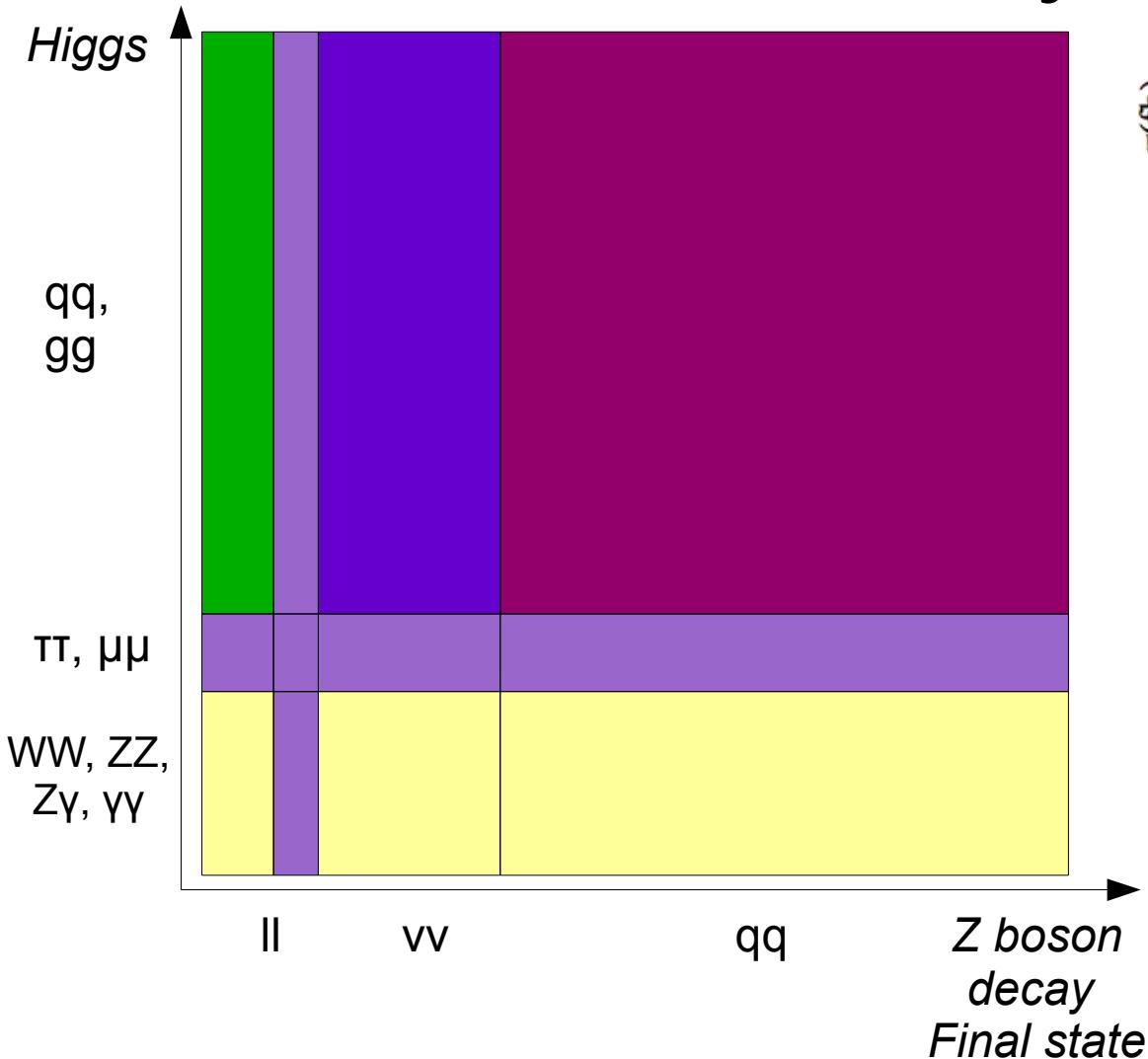
PFA : $\delta E_j/E = 3 - 4\%$

Algorithm: PandoraPFA, Cambridge (Mark Thomson); Arbor, LLR & IHEP (Manqi, Henri)

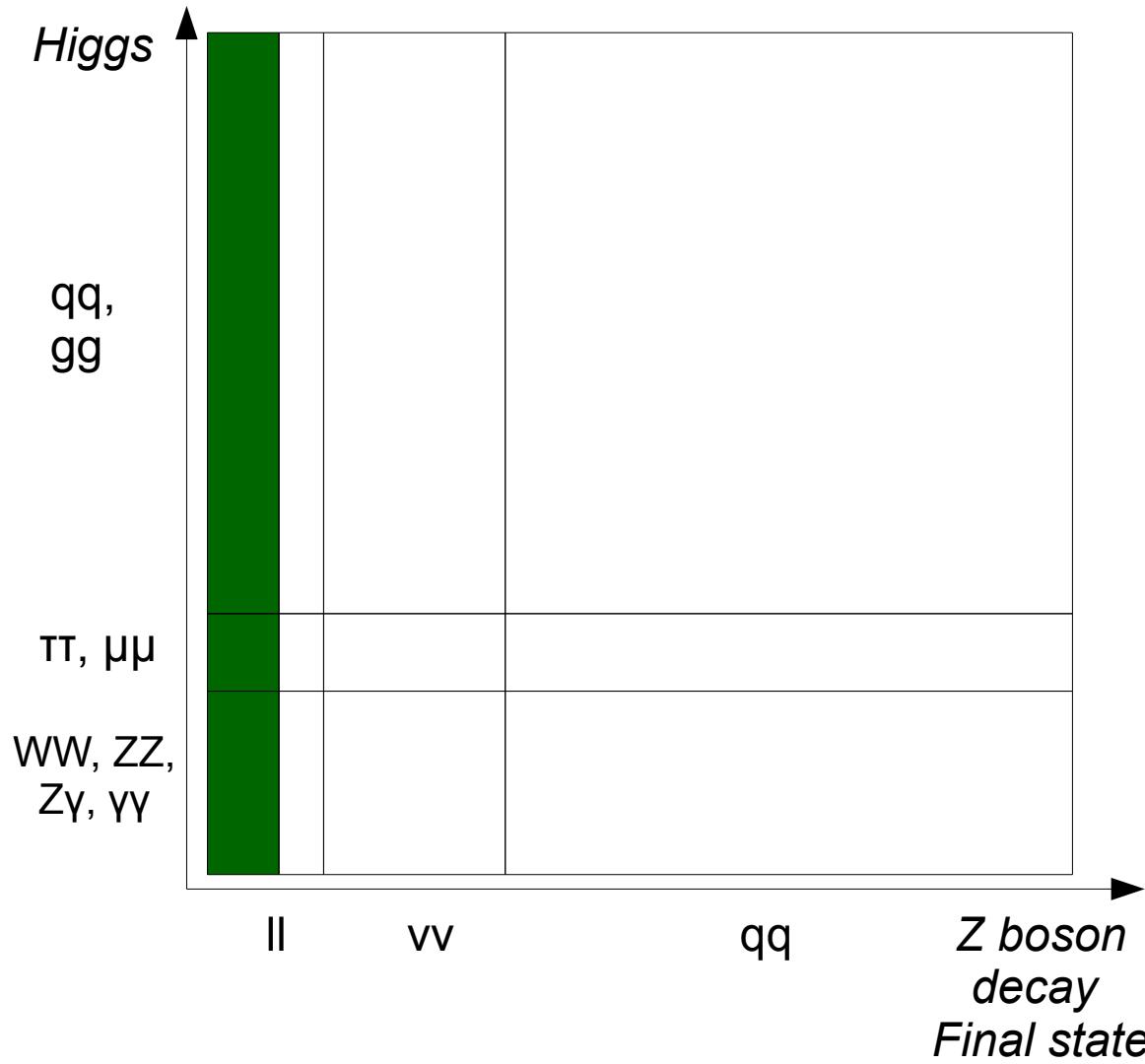
How detector works:

Take a snapshot of the physic event!

Higgs Measurement: Physics Analysis



$ZH, Z \rightarrow 2l$ ($l = ee, \mu\mu$), $H \rightarrow X$



Model independent tagging of ZH events from recoil mass spectrum to di-lepton system. Statistic $\sim 6.7k$ evts

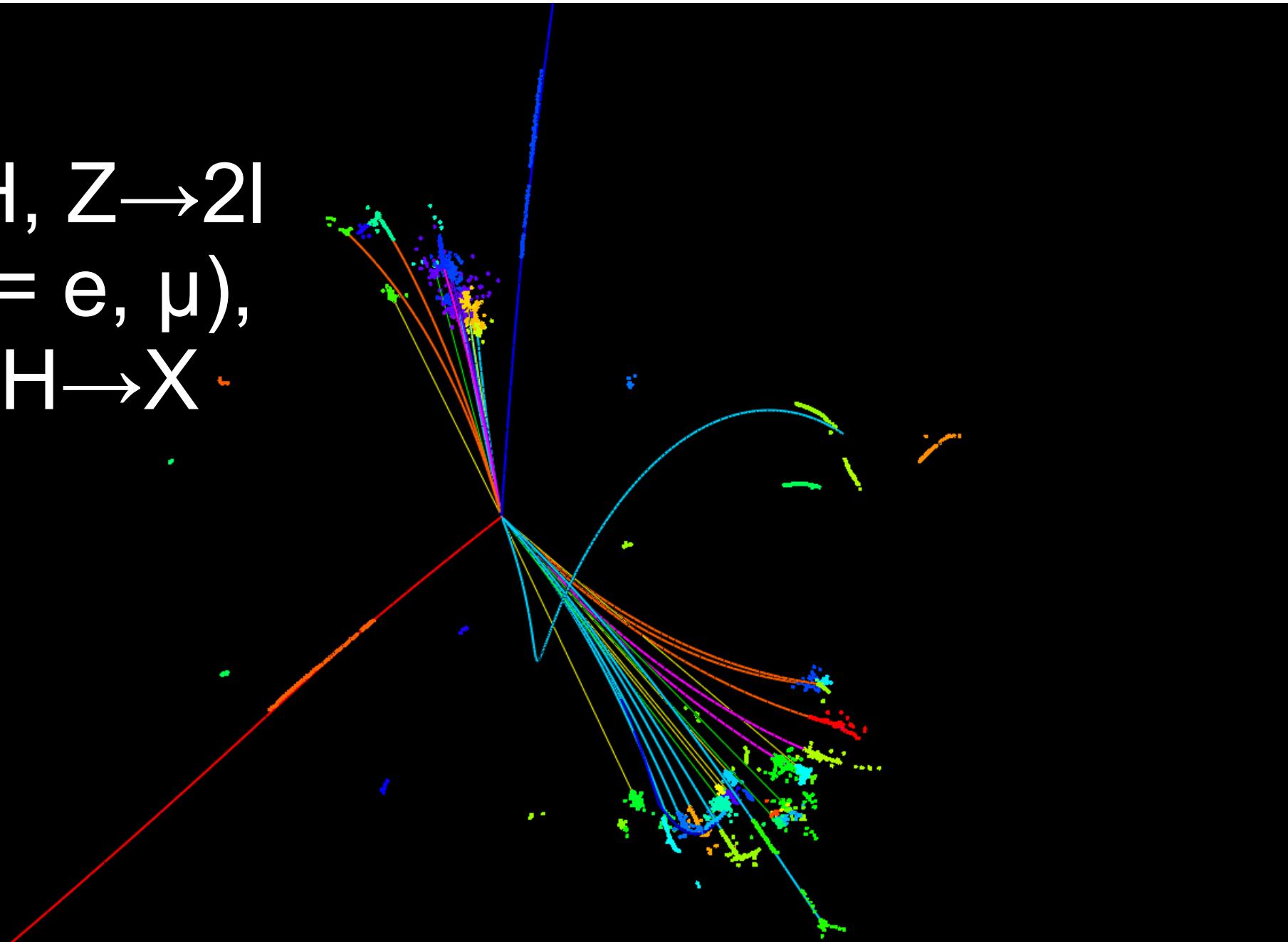
Objective Observables:

Recoil mass spectrum:
Higgs mass, $\sigma(HZ)$

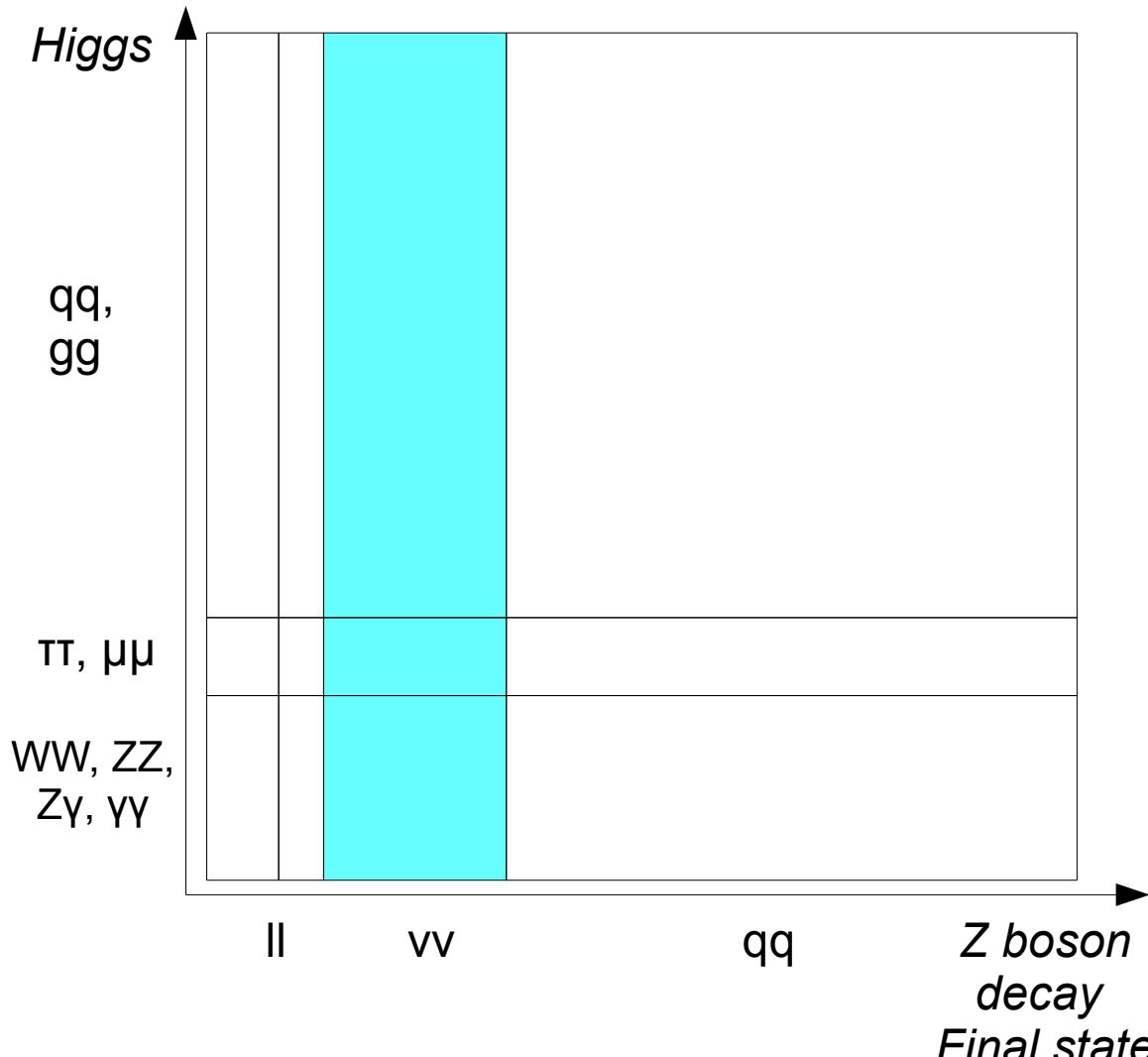
Tagged ZH events + Higgs final states classification:
 $Br(H \rightarrow X)^*\sigma(HZ)$

Critical performance/algorithms:
Tracking & final states
Classification (Tagging of Tau, WW*/ZZ*, jet flavor):

ZH , $Z \rightarrow 2l$
 $(l = e, \mu)$,
 $H \rightarrow X^{\pm}$



ZH , $Z \rightarrow 2\nu$, $H \rightarrow X$



Tag the ZH events from di-jet Invariant mass. Statistic $\sim 20k$ evts

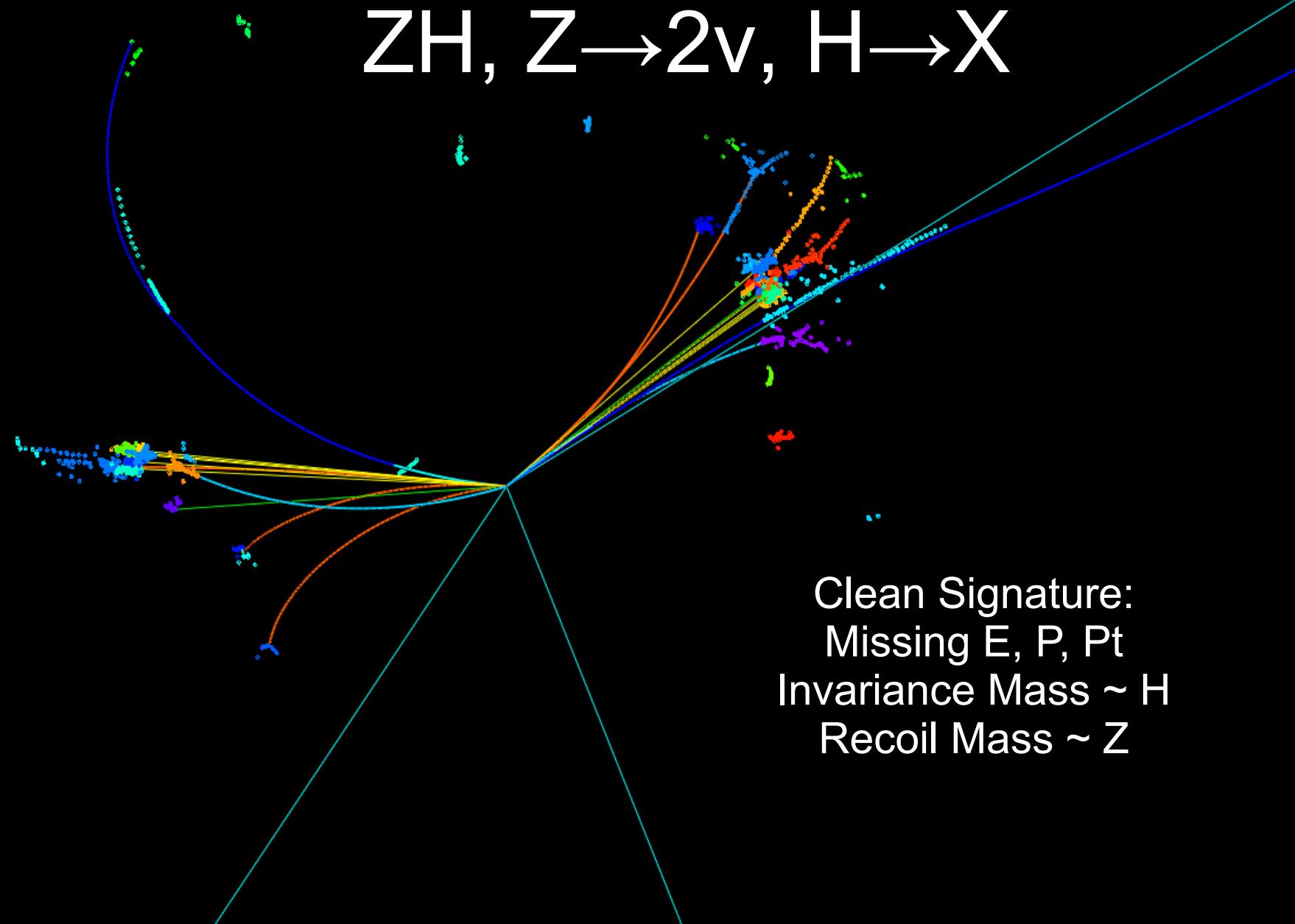
Objective Observables:

Higgs mass, $\sigma(HZ)^*\text{Br}(H \rightarrow X)$

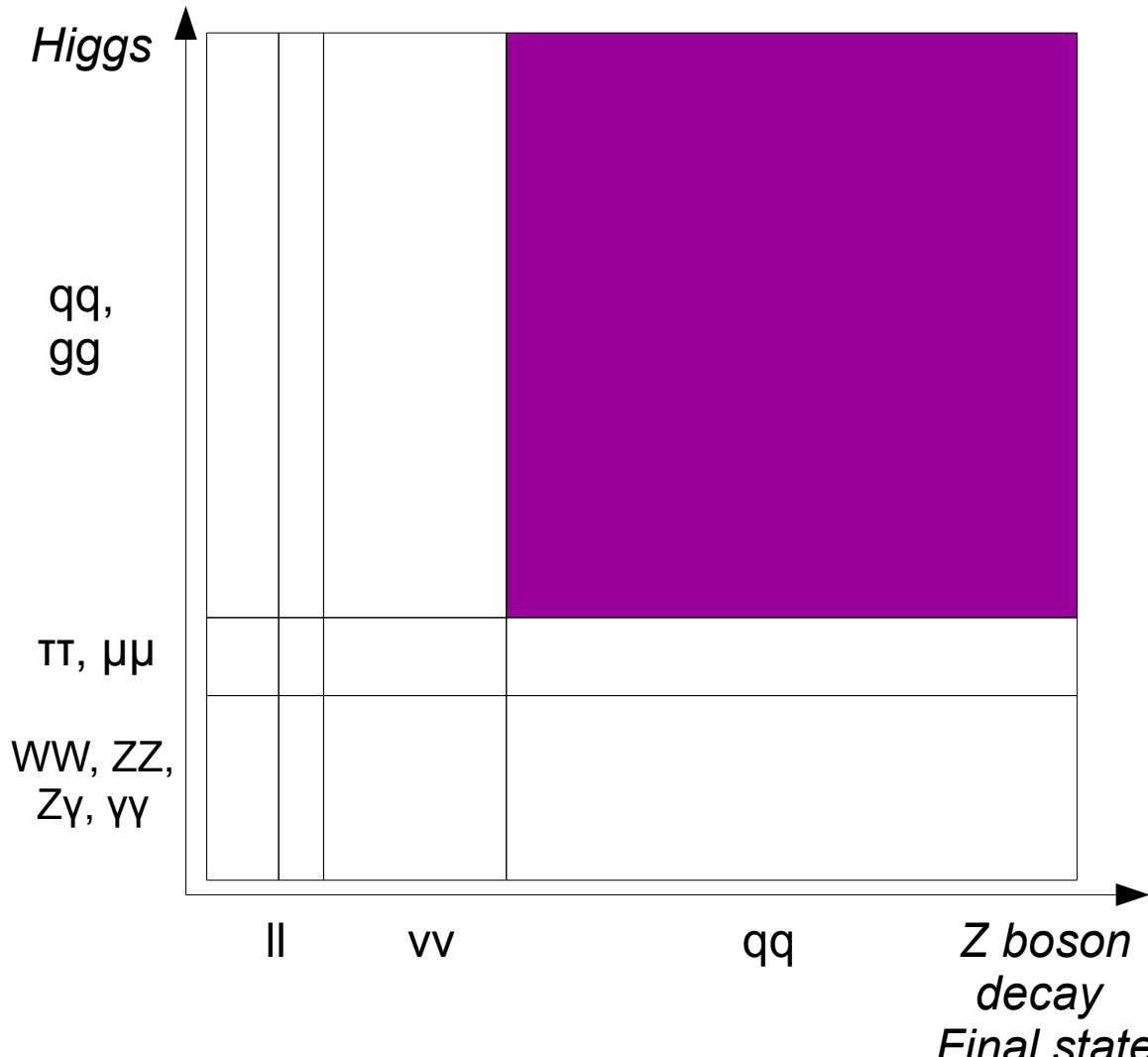
Critical performances/algorithms:

Jet clustering,
PFA (Jet energy resolution,
Missing energy reconstruction)
Final states classification

ZH, Z \rightarrow 2v, H \rightarrow X



ZH , $Z \rightarrow 2q$, $H \rightarrow 2q$



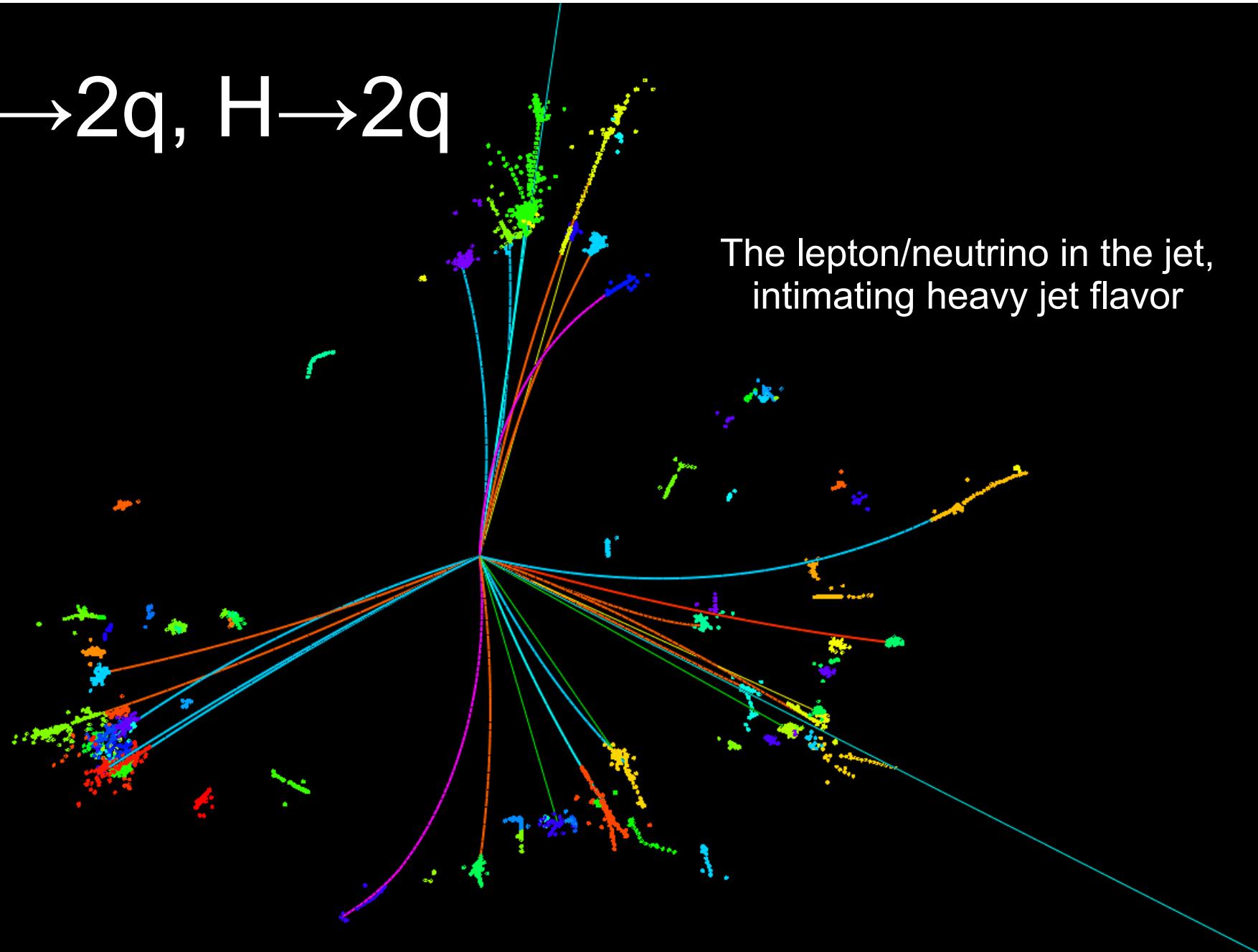
Tag the ZH events from invariant Mass of all 2-jets combinations.
Statistics $\sim 50k$ evts

Objective Observables:

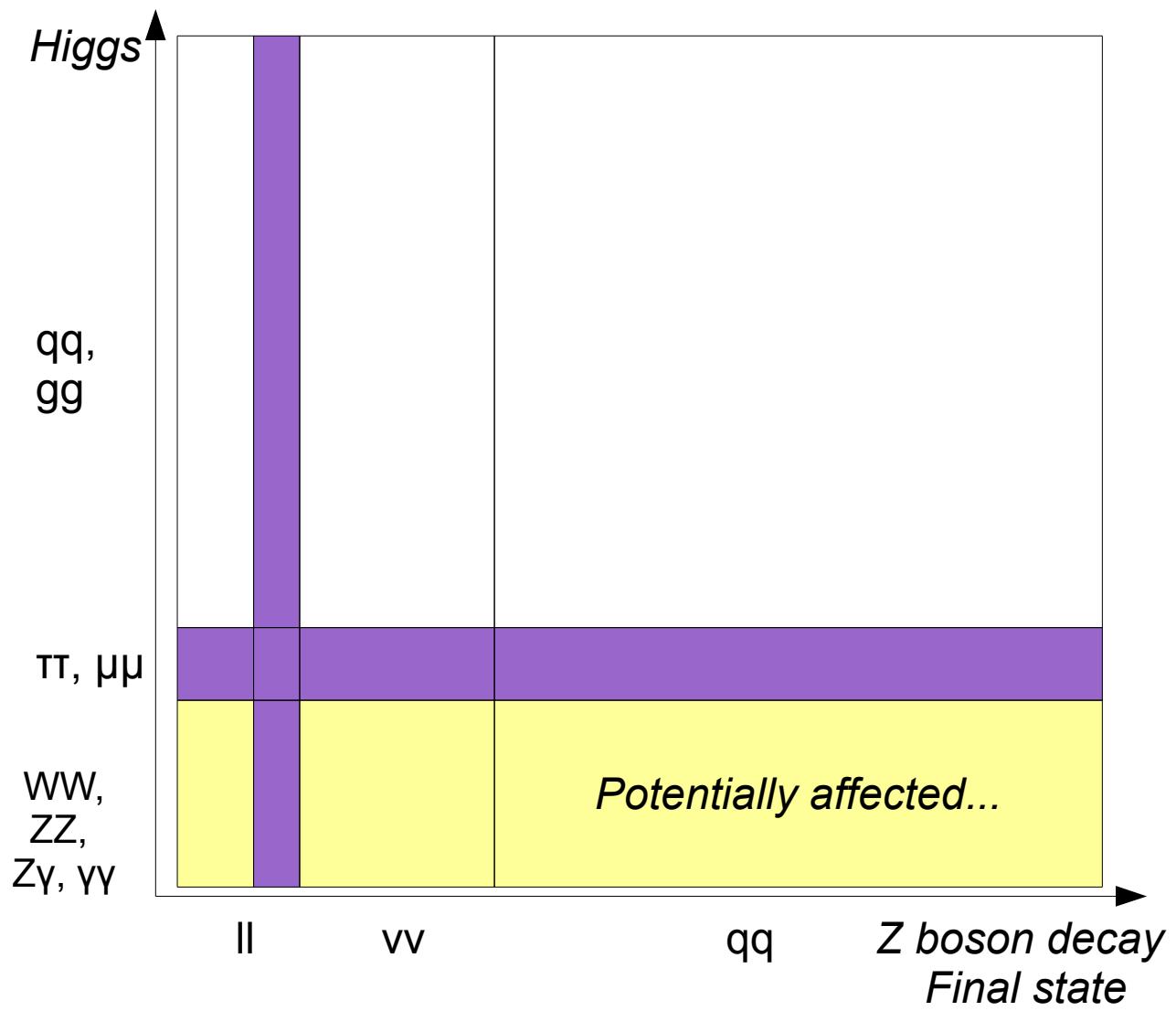
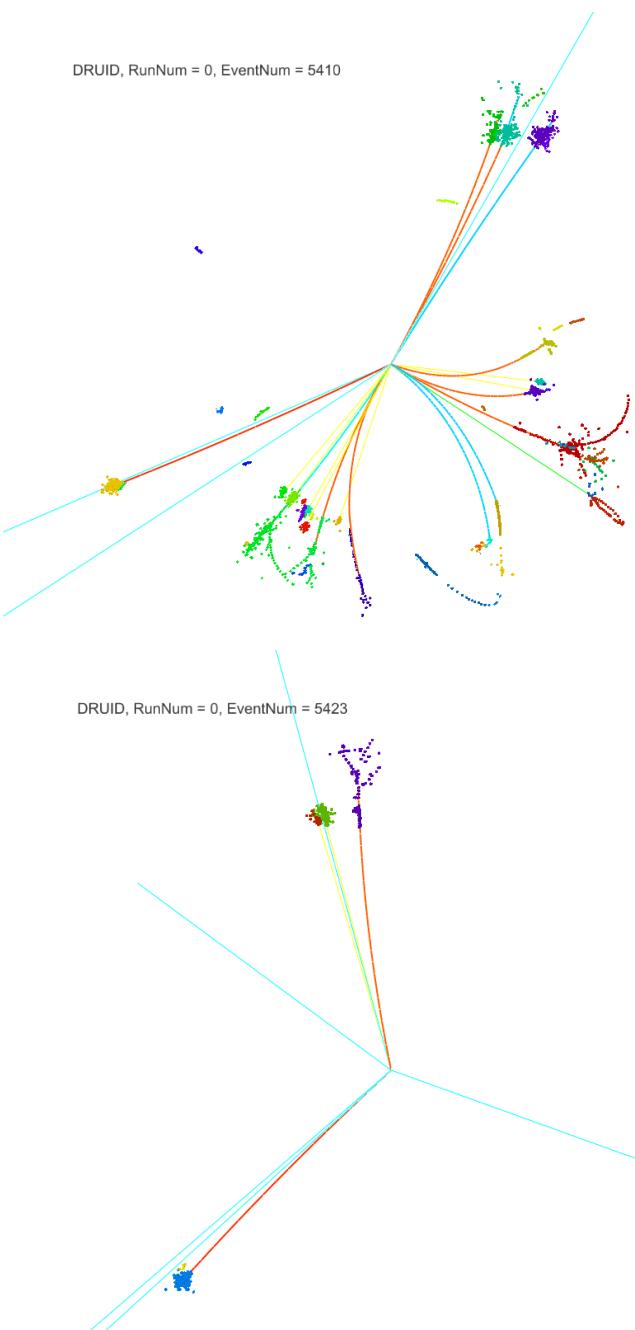
Higgs mass, $\sigma(HZ) * Br(H \rightarrow 2j)$,
 $\sigma(HZ) * Br(H \rightarrow 2b, 2c, 2g)$,

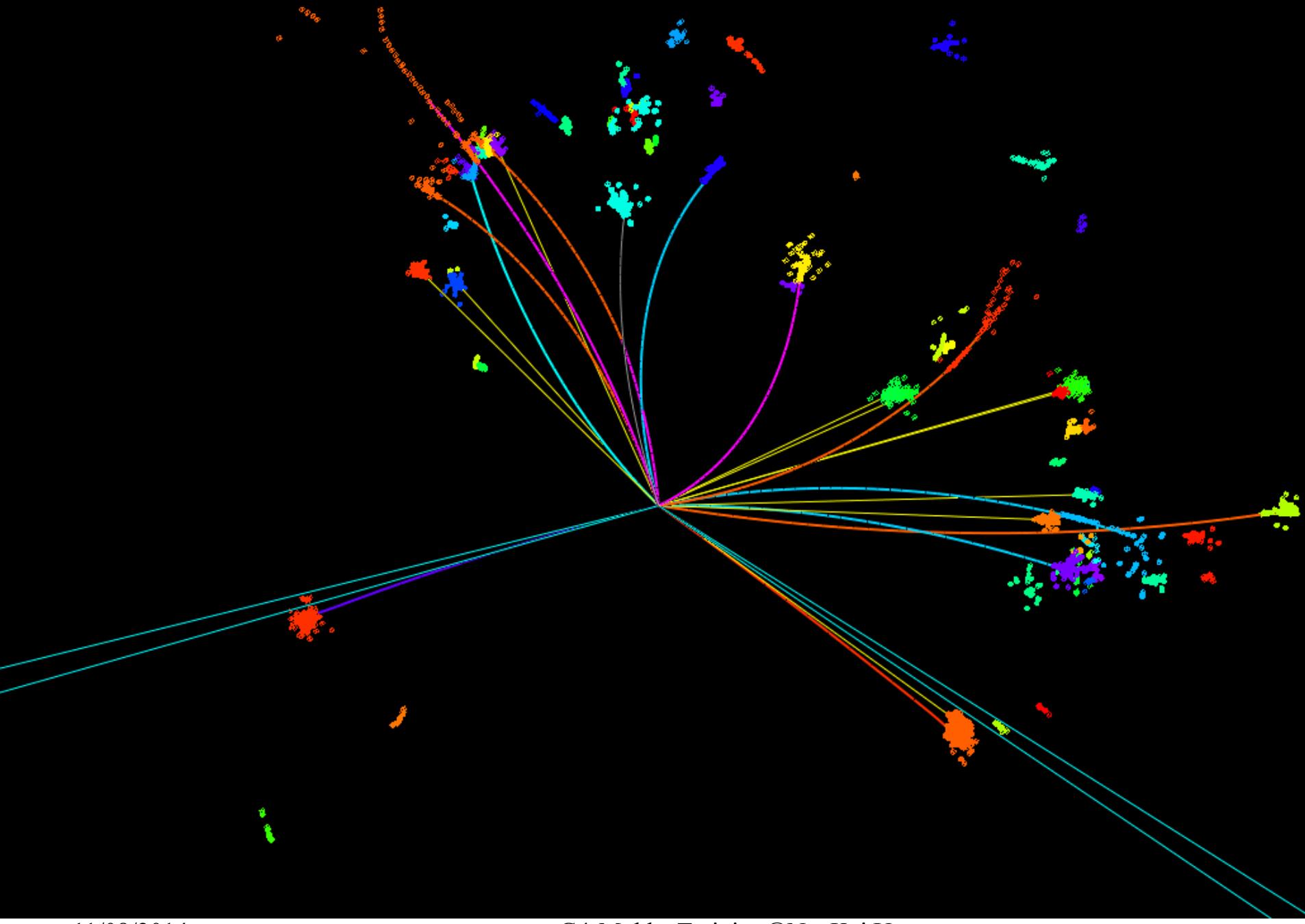
Critical performances:
Jet clustering,
Jet energy resolution (PFA),
Flavor tagging

$ZH, Z \rightarrow 2q, H \rightarrow 2q$



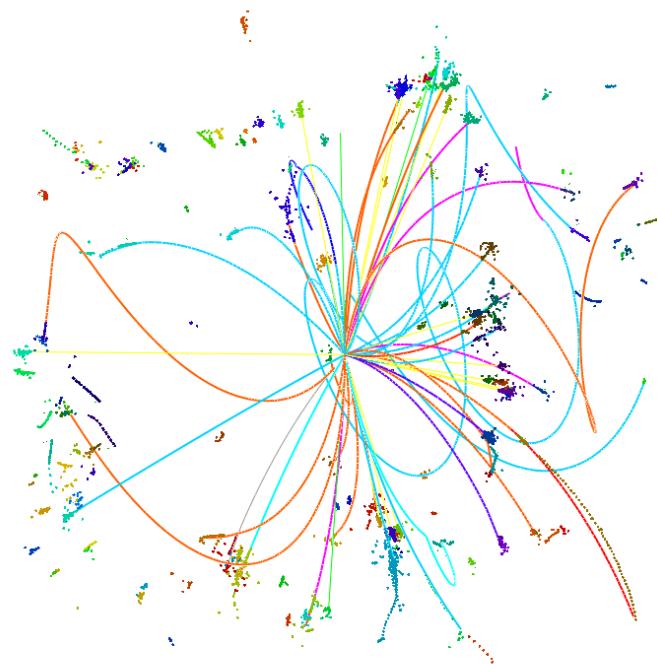
Taus...



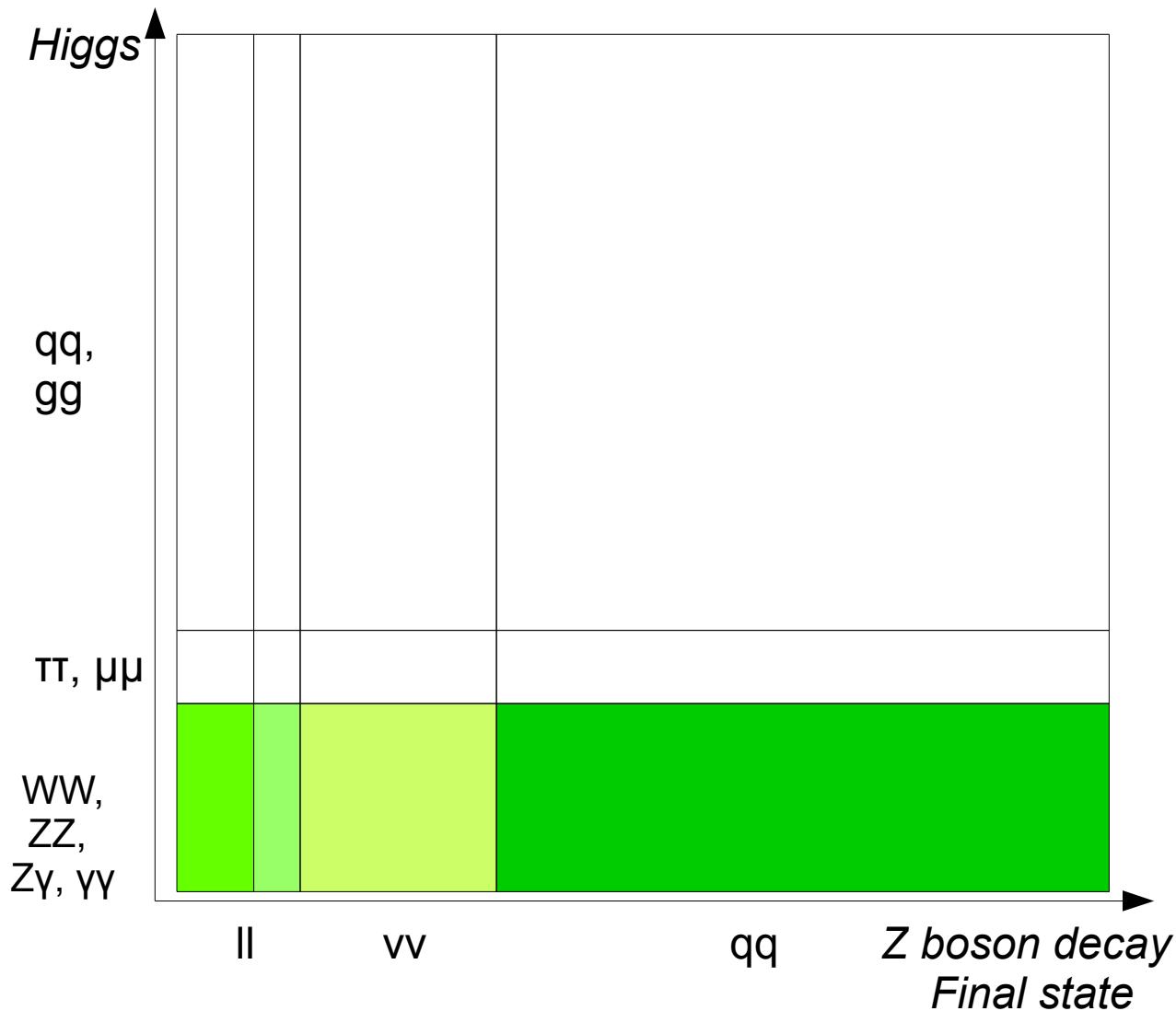


$\text{Br}(\text{H} \rightarrow \text{WW}, \text{ZZ}) \sim \text{Width}$ Measurement

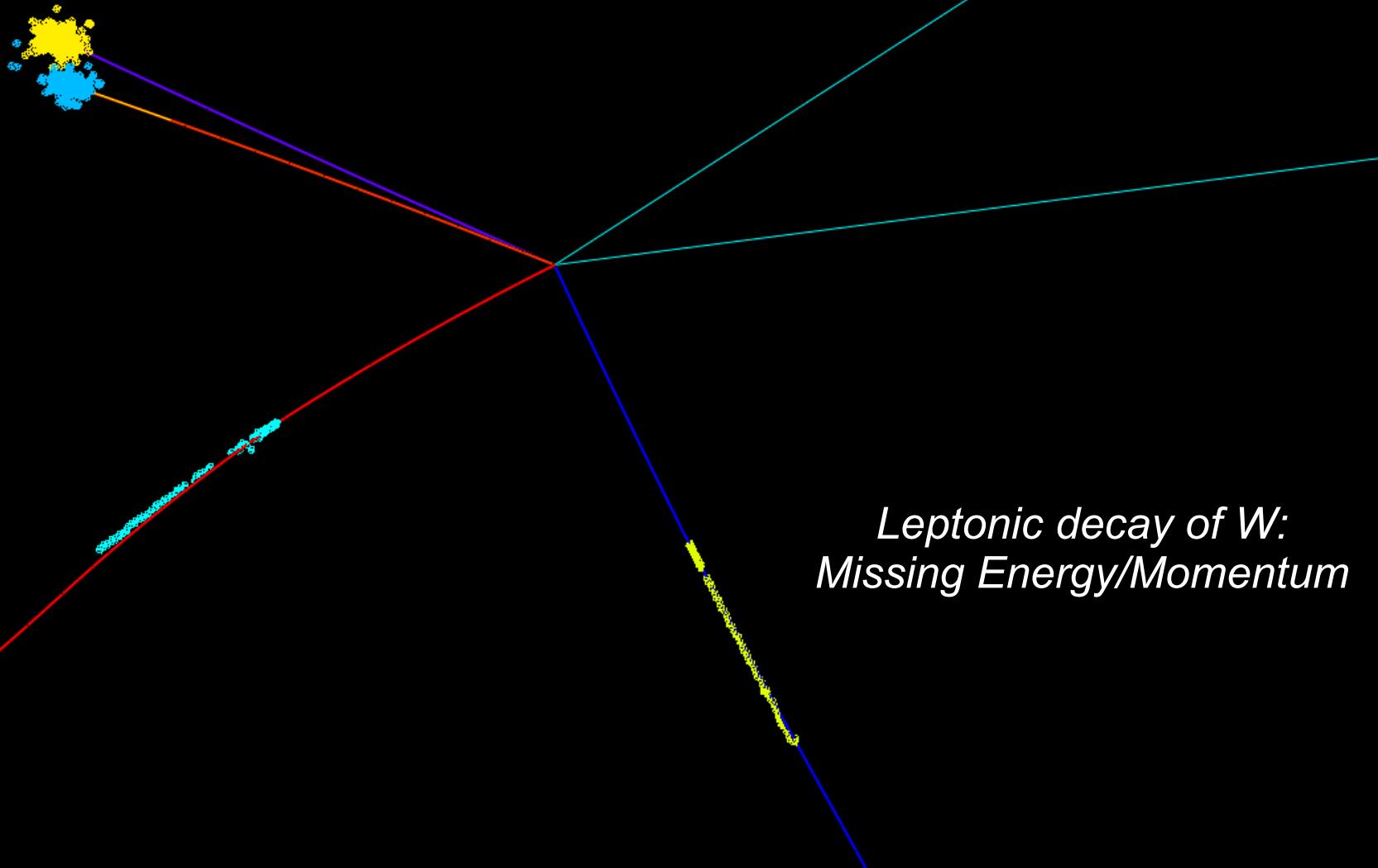
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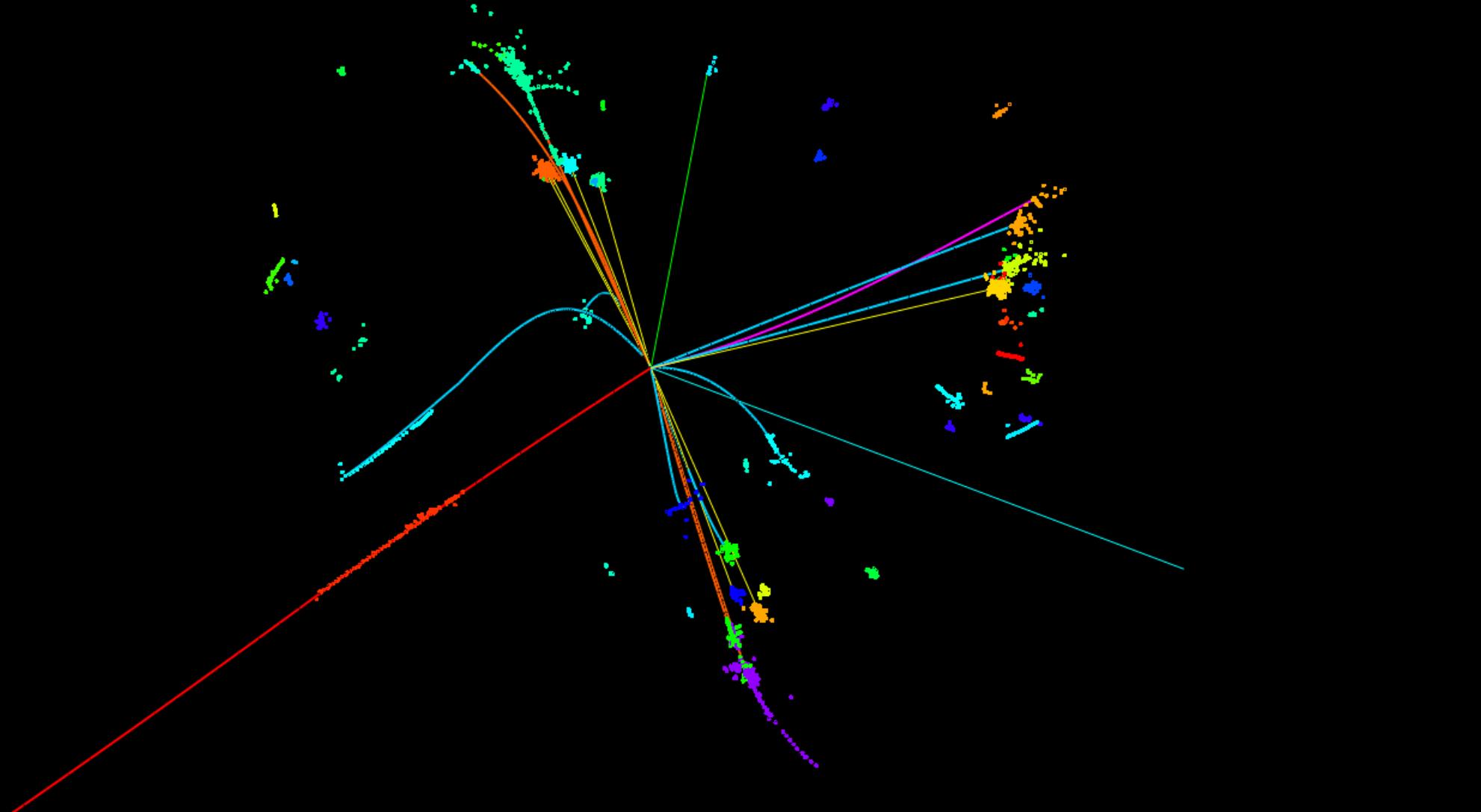
Important,
challenging,
Exciting.



Tag H \rightarrow WW* event



$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2q\ell\nu$



Higgs analysis at CEPC

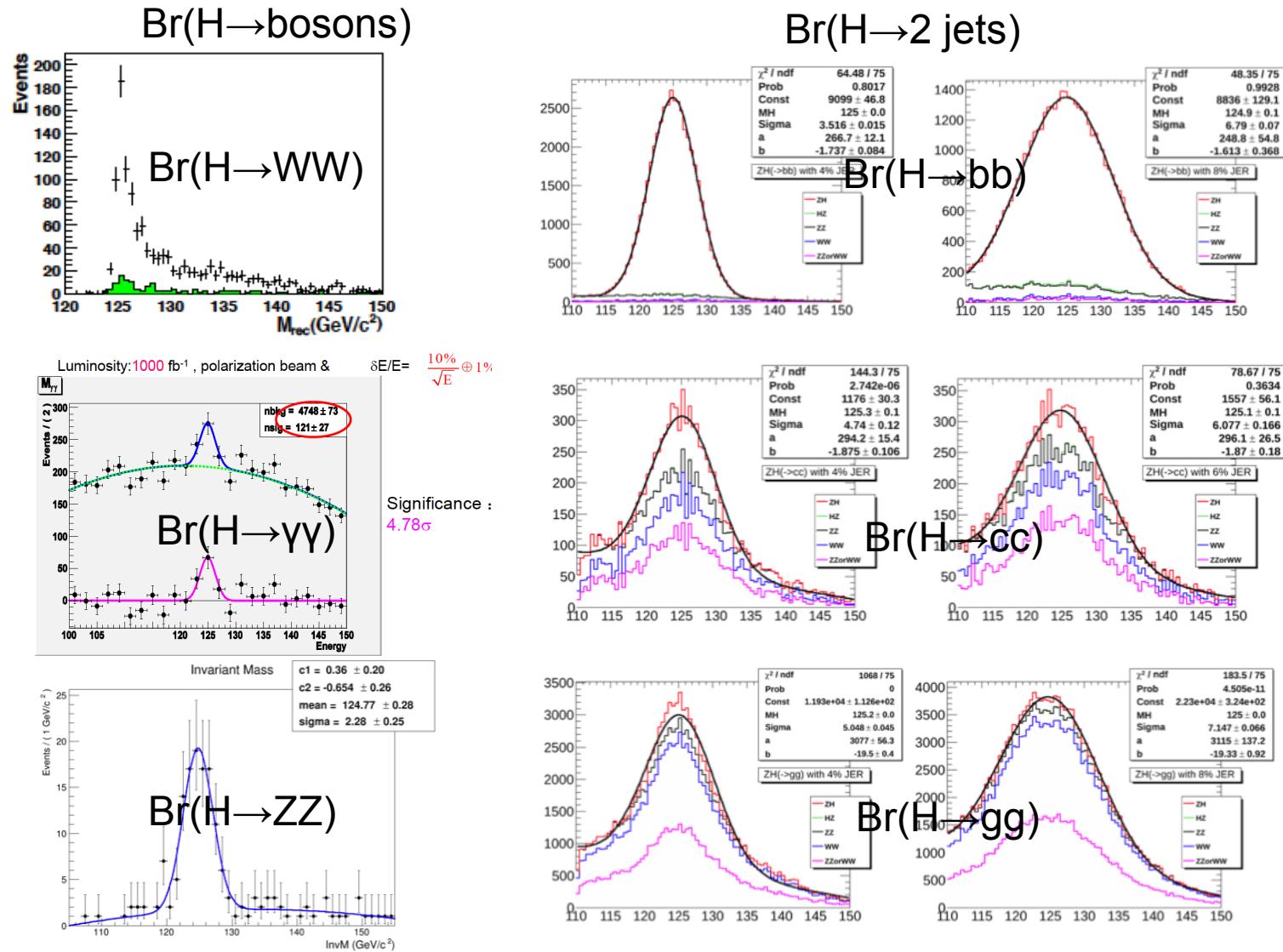
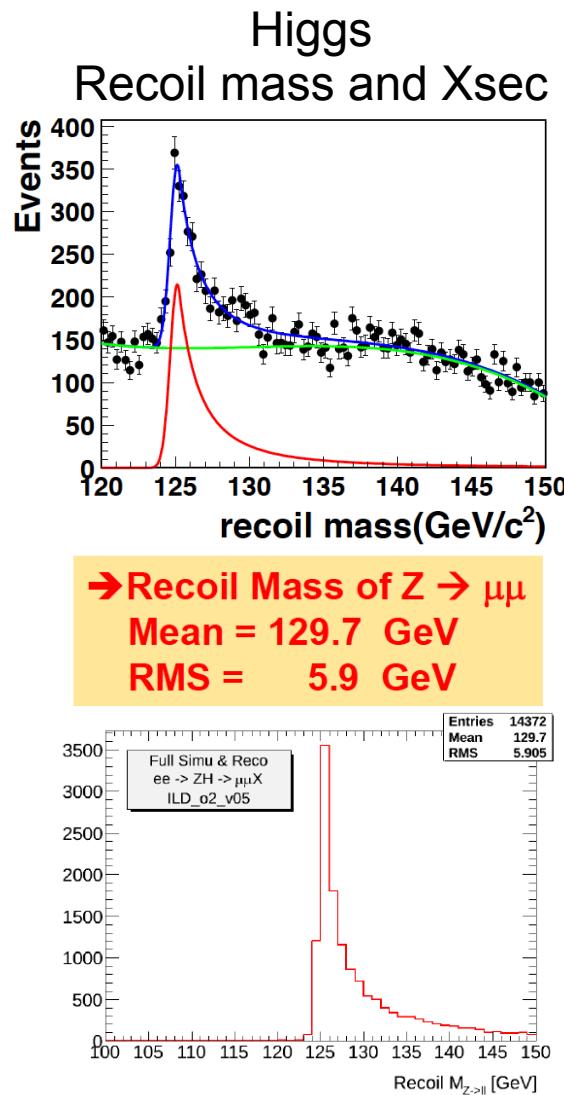
	CEPC @ 5 ab ⁻¹	Current Status	Responsible & perspective
mH (MI)	8 MeV	12 MeV ($\mu\mu H$)	IHEP, CCNU
$\sigma(ZH)$	0.7 %	1.2 %	IHEP, CCNU
Higgs CP		Theoretically Investigated	THU, HKUST
$\Delta(\sigma^* Br)/(\sigma^* Br)$			
ZH, H \rightarrow bb	1.0%	0.22% (qqH channel)	SJTU, IHEP
H \rightarrow cc	2.1%	2.2 – 2.8%	SJTU, IHEP
H \rightarrow gg	1.8%	1.8 – 2.4%	SJTU, IHEP
H \rightarrow WW*	1.3%		IHEP, PKU
H \rightarrow tt	1.2%	Efforts initialized	IHEP, USTC
H \rightarrow ZZ*	5.1%		SDU
H \rightarrow vv	8%	$\sim 12\%$ (vvH)	WhU, IHEP
H \rightarrow $\mu\mu$?		UCAS
H \rightarrow Inv.	0.3%		IHEP, HKUST
vvH, H \rightarrow bb	3.8%		PKU, IHEP

Optimistic Perspective
By the end of 2014

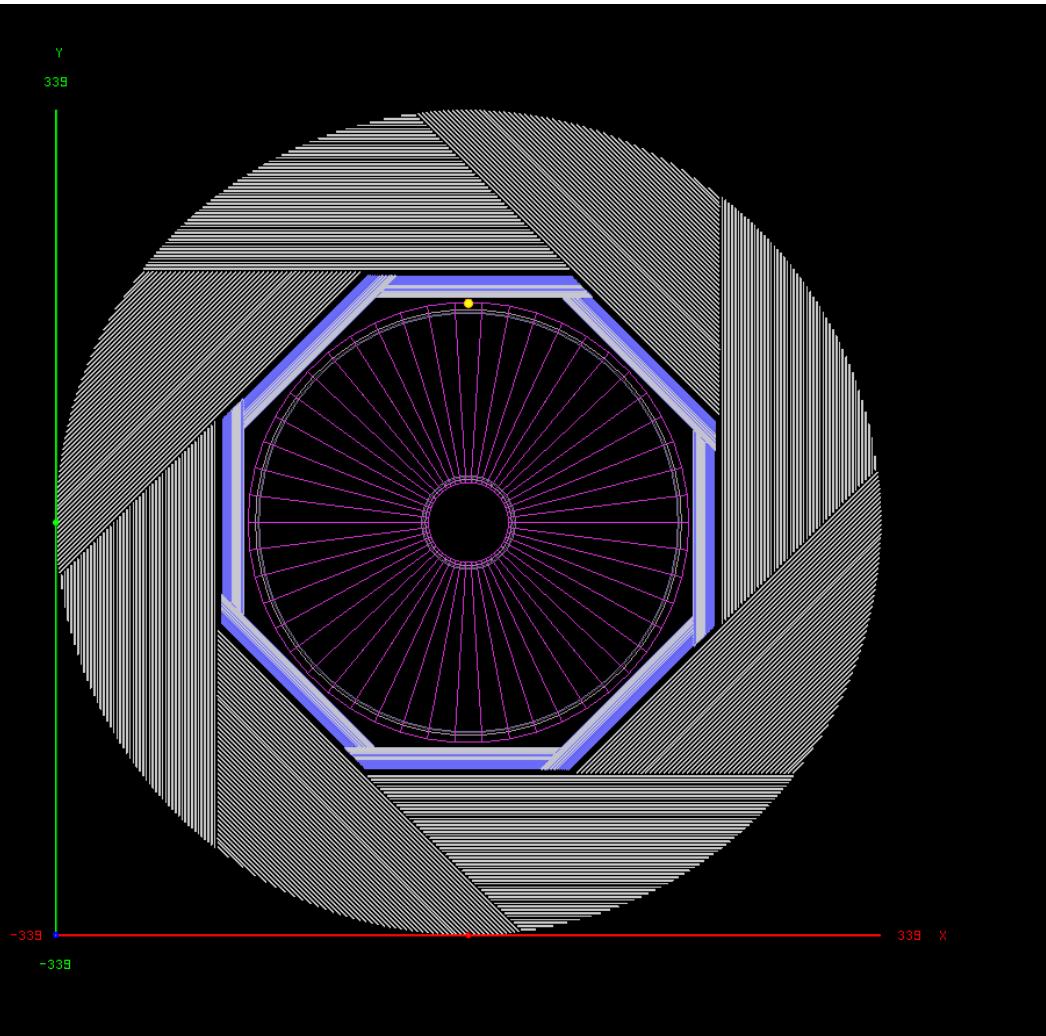
To be validated by Full Simulation

Stat at Fast Simulation Level

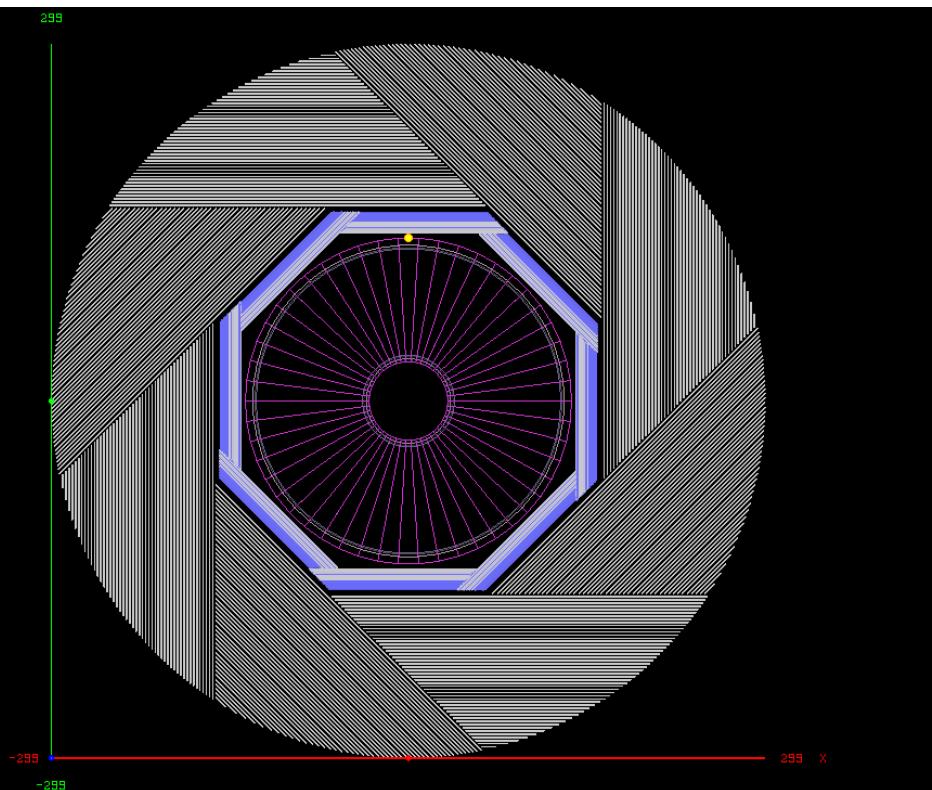
Some analysis on Higgs measurements



From ILD to ILD_v2

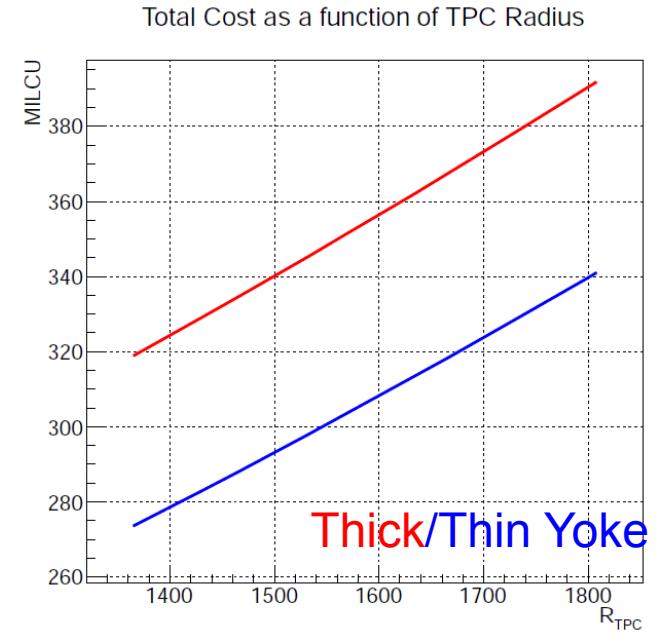
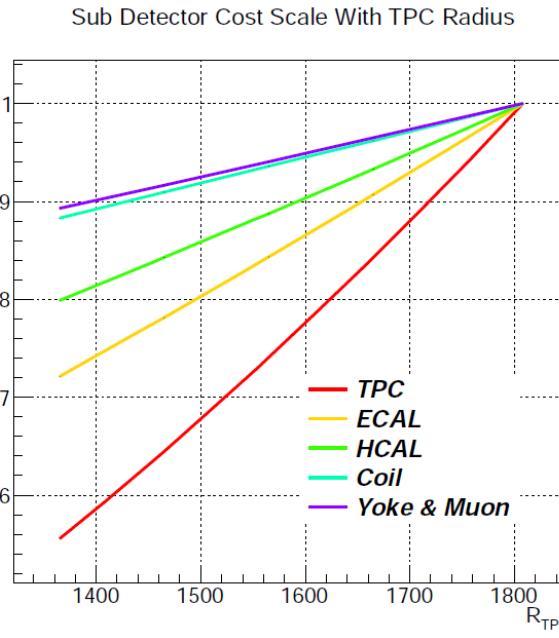


Scaled (~ 75%) length & radius of TPC
Reduced #Calo Layer



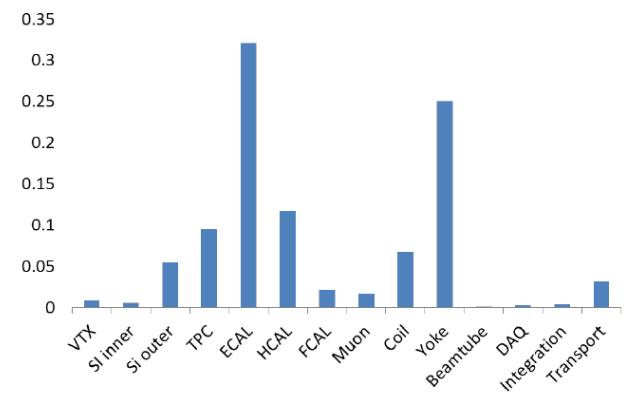
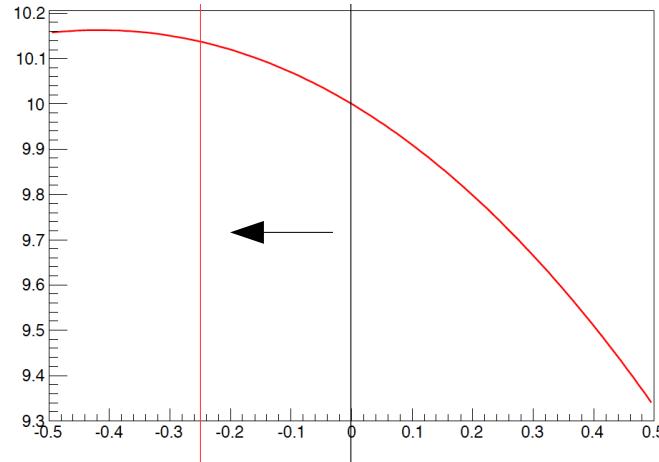
Geometry optimization and cost

- Optimized geometry with ILD as reference: reduce the total radius by 25%
- Assumption: 5 yr/1 detector & 10 yr/2 detector
- Total efficiency will be increased by $\sim 1\%$



*ILD Cost ~ 400 MILCU (PPP)
CEPC detector ~ 270 MILCU
 ~ 1.6 Billion CNY
 ~ 3 B CNY for 2 detectors;*

Without manpower



From ILD to CEPC detector

- Many new designs
 - Changed granularity (no power pulsing)
 - **Changed L* & MDI**
 - **Changed VTX inner radius**
 - Changed TPC outer Radius
 - Changed Detector Half Z
 - Changed Yoke/Muon thickness
 - **Changed Sub detector design**
 - ...
- All Changes need to be implemented into **simulation**, develop/adjust adequate **reconstruction**, iterate with physics **analysis** and **cost estimation**

We need

- Through understanding of detector system
 - Physics requirement, performance & cost... to sub detector level
- Correct implementation of detector geometry into the central simulation framework
 - G4 coding
 - Central Standard, Plugin-Communication
 - Validation
- Adequate Reconstruction Algorithms: Calibration, Alignments & Performance Estimation
 - Tracking (Kalman)
 - Calorimeter (Particle Flow)
 - Vertex: Jet Clustering & Flavor tagging
- Future trends to software framework...
 - Generic, transparent, efficient, flexibility...

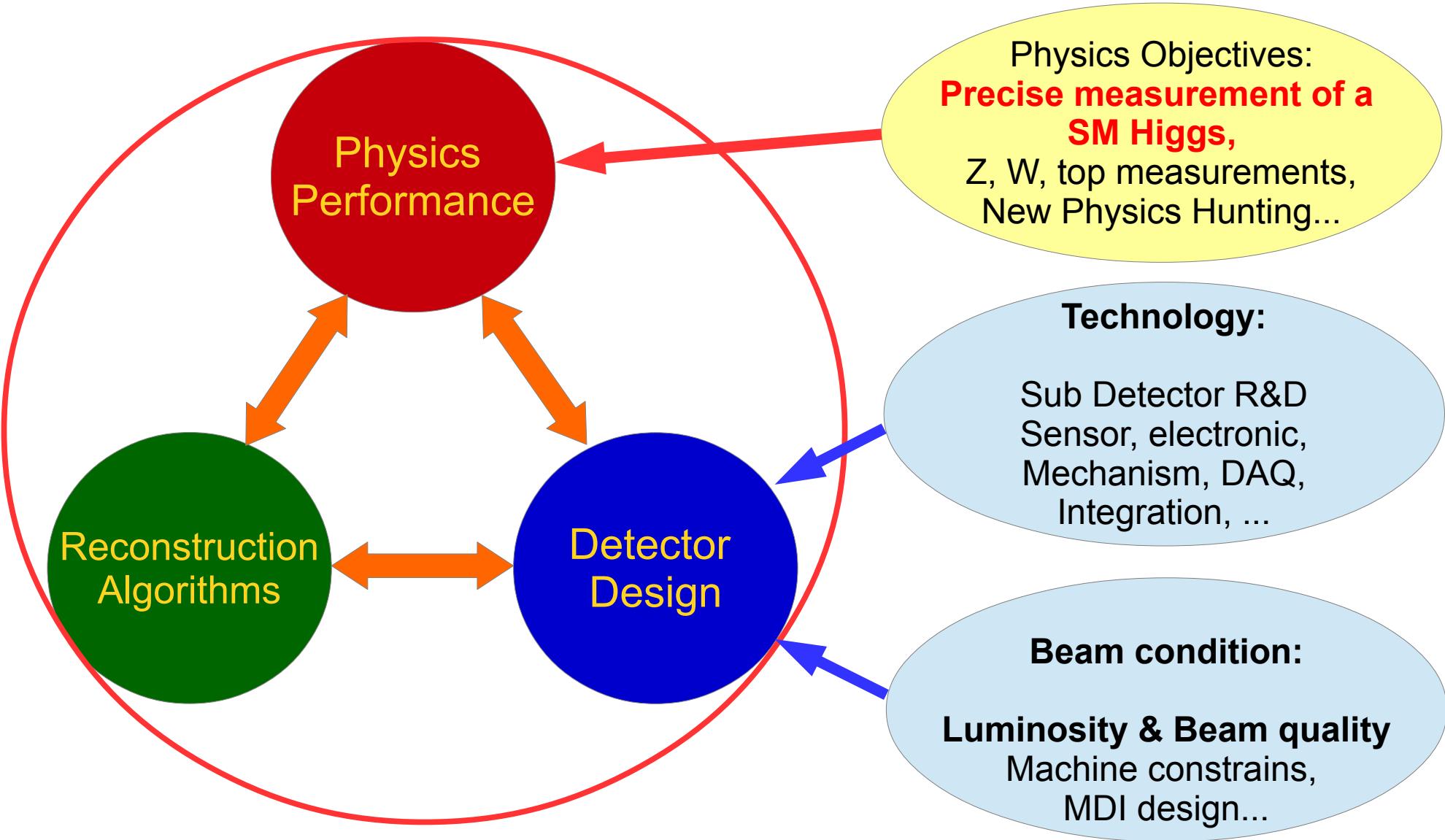


NEED
~~**WE WANT**~~ **YOU!**



Spared

Detector optimization: Basic ingredients

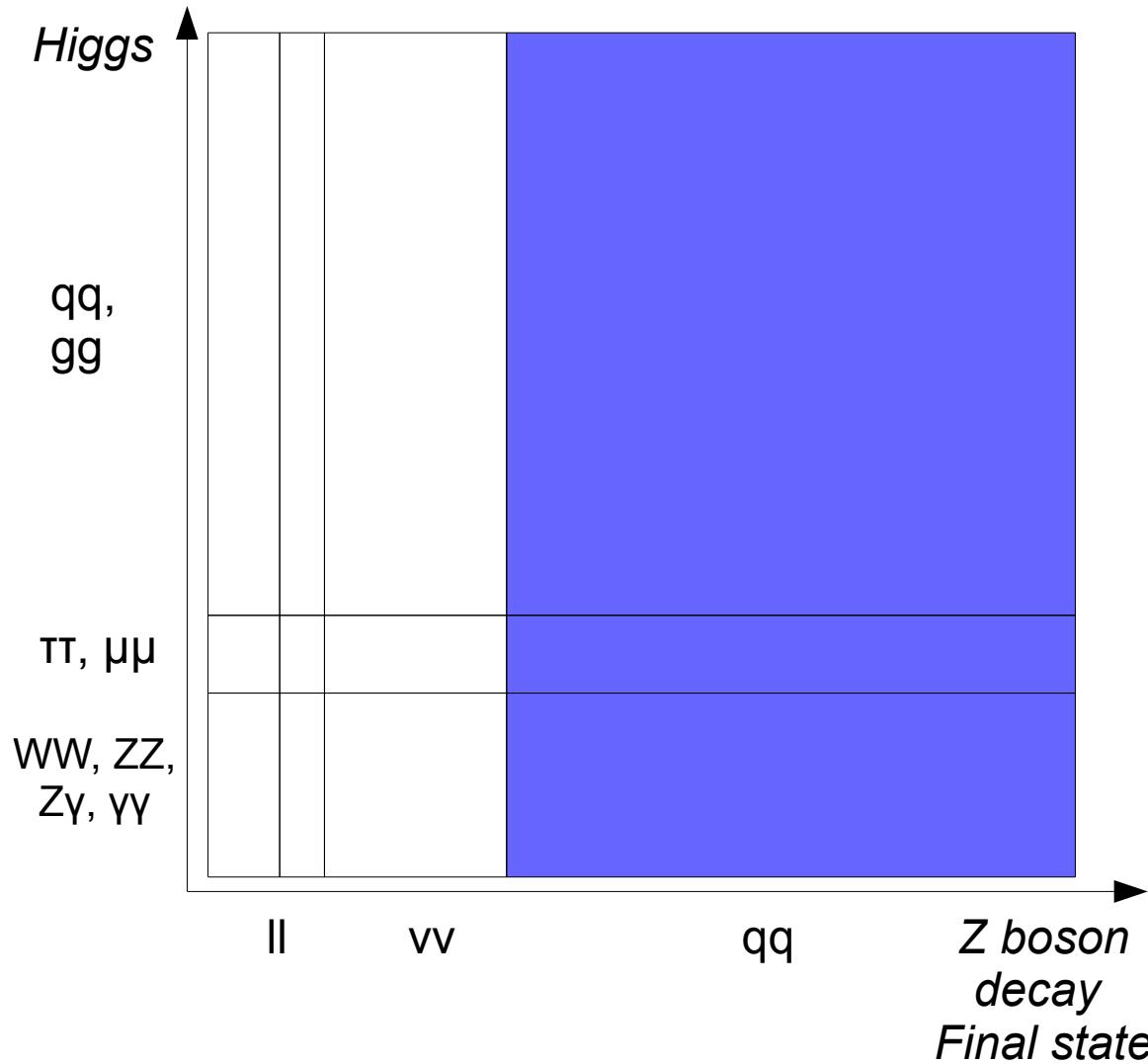


A close-up photograph of a violin and bow resting on a dark red, textured cushion. The violin is positioned diagonally, with its neck pointing towards the top left. A bow lies across the strings. In the bottom left corner, several dried, colorful petals (red, yellow, and orange) are scattered on a light-colored surface. The lighting is dramatic, highlighting the wood grain of the violin and the texture of the cushion.

Higgs, the focus,
the gate

CEPC, the KEY

$ZH, Z \rightarrow 2q, H \rightarrow X$



Model independent tagging of ZH events from recoil mass spectrum to di-jet system. Statistic $\sim 70k$ evts

Objective Observables:

Recoil mass spectrum:
Higgs mass, $\sigma(HZ)$

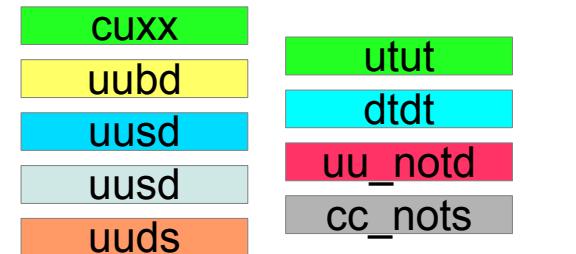
Tagged ZH events + Higgs final states classification:
 $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow X) * \sigma(HZ)$

Critical performance/algorithms:
PFA (jet energy resolution),
Jet clustering & final states classification:

All 4-fermion back grounds

Type	ID	LL (n)	LR $(n+1)$	RL $(n+3)$	RR $(n+2)$	non-pol	Final states
sw_l	6585-88	40	3335	29.1	40	861	$\nu_e \bar{\nu}_l (l:\mu,\tau)$
sw_sl	6563-66	119.7	10000	85.6	119.3	2581.2	$\nu_e e U D$
sze_l	6555-58	1009.6	1084.1	1019.5	1008.4	1030.4	$e e l l (l:\mu,\tau)$ $e e \bar{v}_l \bar{v}_l$
sze_sl	6559-62	259.8	459.1	316.5	259.0	323.6	$e e U U, D D$
szeorsw_l	6567-70	27.7	922.1	21.6	27.6	249.8	$e e \bar{v}_e v_e$
sznu_l	6589 _(LR) -90		192.8	39.3		58.0	$\nu_e \bar{\nu}_e l l, (l:\mu,\tau)$
sznu_sl	6571-72		456.8	130.8		146.9	$\nu_e \bar{\nu}_e U U, D D$
ww_h	6551-52		14874.3	136.4		3752.7	
ww_l	6581-82		1564.2	14.7		394.7	$\nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\tau \nu_\tau$
ww_sl	6577-78		18781.0	172.7		4738.4	$U D \bar{v}_l (l:\mu,\tau)$
zz_h	6573-74		1402.1	605.0		501.8	
zz_l	6579-80		158.0	99.5		64.4	$2 l 2 l (l:\mu,\tau)$ $2 l' 2 \bar{v}_l,$
zz_sl	6575-76		1422.1	713.5		533.9	
zzorww_h	6553-54		12383.3	224.8		3152.0	
zzorww_l	6721-22		1636.0	54.0		422.5	$2 l 2 \bar{v}_l (l:\mu,\tau)$

Background: WW & ZZ, hadronic



Single W:

V	Br
$Ud \sim 0.974$	~ 0.475
$Us \sim 0.225$	~ 0.025
$Ub \sim 0.004$	~ 0
$Cd \sim 0.23$	~ 0.025
$Cs \sim 1.006$	~ 0.475
$Cb \sim 0.04$	$\sim 7e-4$

Single Z:

$Uu \sim 15\%$
$Dd \sim 12\%$

WW	Ud	Us	Ub	Cd	Cs	Cb
uD						
uS						
uB						
cD						
cS						
cB						

ZZ	Dd	Ss	Bb	Uu	Cc
Dd					
Ss					
Bb					
Uu					
Cc					

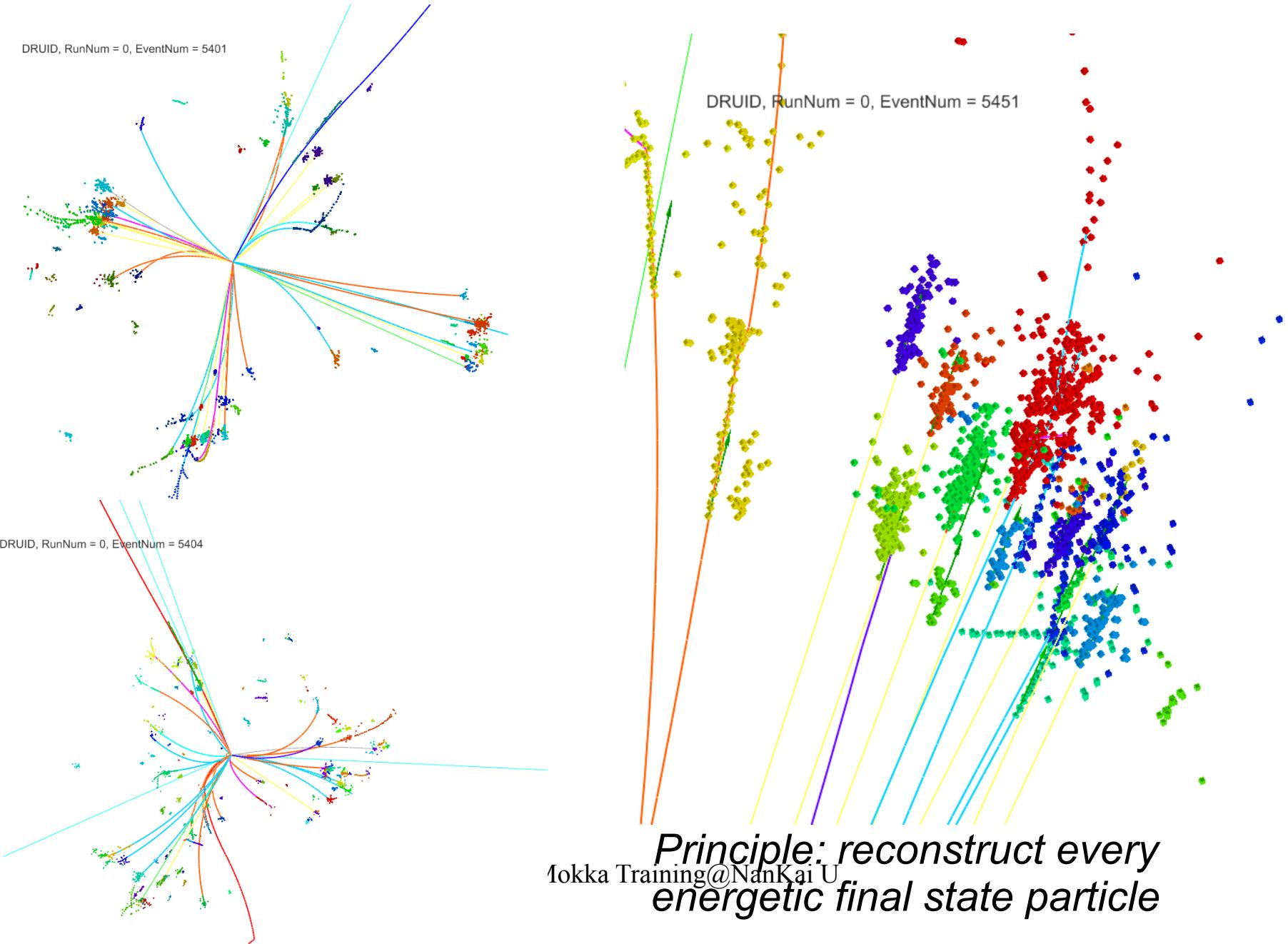
Xsec/fb	LL	LR	RL	RR	Non-pola/evts at 500 fb ⁻¹
ww_h		14874	136.4		3752 fb ~ 1.87 M
zz_h		1402	604		502 fb ~ 250 k
zzorww_h		12383	225		3152 fb ~ 1.58 M

Signal, ZH with Z to qq and Higgs to qq or gg ~ 48.6 k

Background & Analysis: general remark

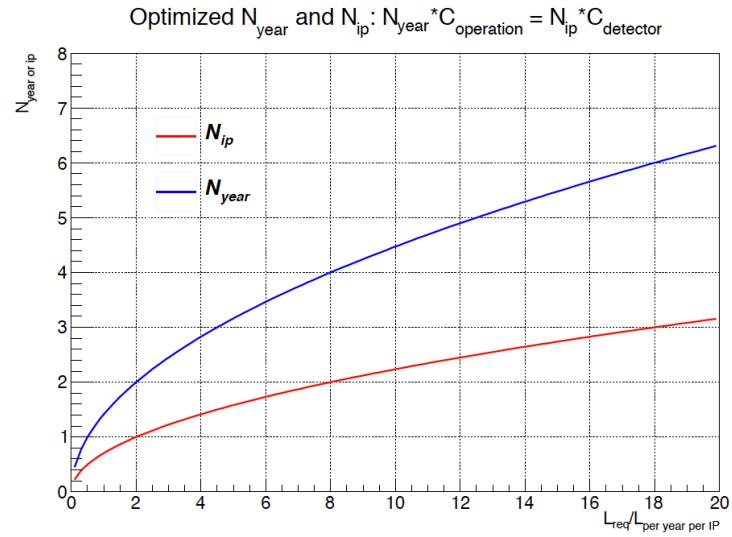
- Without any selection, the statistic total background is roughly 2 orders higher than Signal
 - Dominated by WW
 - ZZ, irreducible background ~ 5 times larger than ZH
- Event Selection should reduce the background to the same order of magnitude as the Signal
 - Tagging different final state: lepton ID & Flavor tagging
 - Kinematic selection: rely on PFA
- Good statistic:
 - Detector should be efficiency oriented

Reconstruction with Arbor



Open discussing

- Operation program: 100 k Higgs, or more?
 - Electricity cost $\sim 10^9$ CNY/y (half a detector)
 - Site power 200 MW, 2×10^7 s/y, 0.5 CNY/kwh
 - Objective: 100k Higgs, or more?
 - $200 - 400 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ per IP per year?
 - ILC: $250 \text{ fb}^{-1}/5 \text{ year}$;
 - LEP3: $100 \text{ fb}^{-1}/(\text{year} * \text{IP})$, 2 ab^{-1} with 4 IP.
 - TLEP: 10 ab^{-1}
- Detector: as precise as possible
 - hardware + reconstruction
- Detector geometry: tell me your concern!
- Logo & Name?



	ILC-250	TLEP-240
σ_{HZ}	2.5%	0.4%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow bb)$	1.0%	0.1%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow cc)$	6.9%	1.3%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow gg)$	8.5%	1.4%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow WW^*)$	8.0%	0.9%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow \tau\tau)$	5.0%	0.9%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow ZZ^*)$	28%	3.1%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$	27%	3.0%
$\sigma_{\text{HZ}} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow \mu\mu)$	—	13%
$\Gamma_{\text{INV}} / \Gamma_H$	< 1.5%	< 0.3%
m_H	40 MeV	8 MeV
	ILC-350	TLEP-350
$\sigma_{WW \rightarrow H}$	3%	0.5%
Γ_H	5.5%	1.1%